

Time travel in Timeless Universes

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Motivation

* Merging the "block universe" of relativity with quantum dynamics

* Reconciling relativistic causality with the uncertainty principle

Quantum Gravity?

Backward in time?

$$|\psi_{100}^c\rangle \rightarrow |\psi_{99}^c\rangle$$

$$|\phi_{100}^R\rangle \rightarrow |\phi_{99}^R\rangle$$

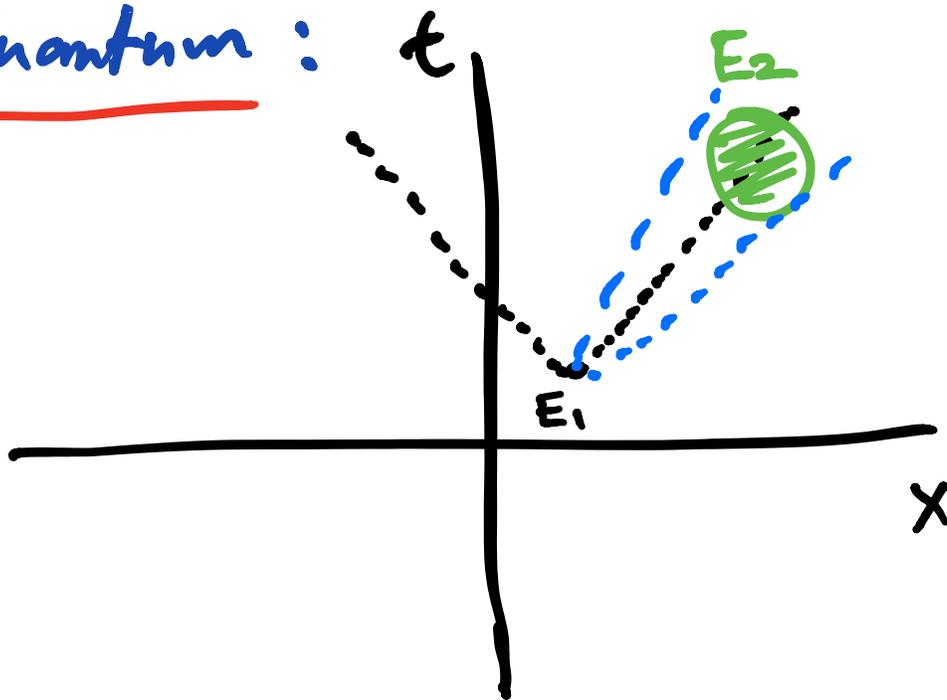
but ϕ_n contain "memory" of
"times" only up to n .

\therefore no inconsistency!

Quantum Causality

Relativity: two events either spacelike, timelike or null.

Quantum:

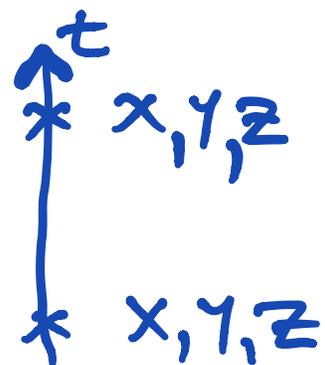


But wavefunction encodes information about simultaneous events and is then evolved in time.

Why not encode quantum states into the same object irrespective of whether they reflect space like or time like correlations?

Pseudo-density Matrix

e.g. $\rho = \frac{I}{2}$



A diagram showing a vertical axis labeled t with an upward-pointing arrow. To the right of this axis, there are two horizontal axes labeled x, y, z . The top axis is marked with an asterisk $*$ and the bottom axis is also marked with an asterisk $*$.

Different times are assigned
different Hilbert Spaces.

$$\rho_{12} = \frac{1}{4} (I \otimes I + X \otimes X + Y \otimes Y + Z \otimes Z)$$

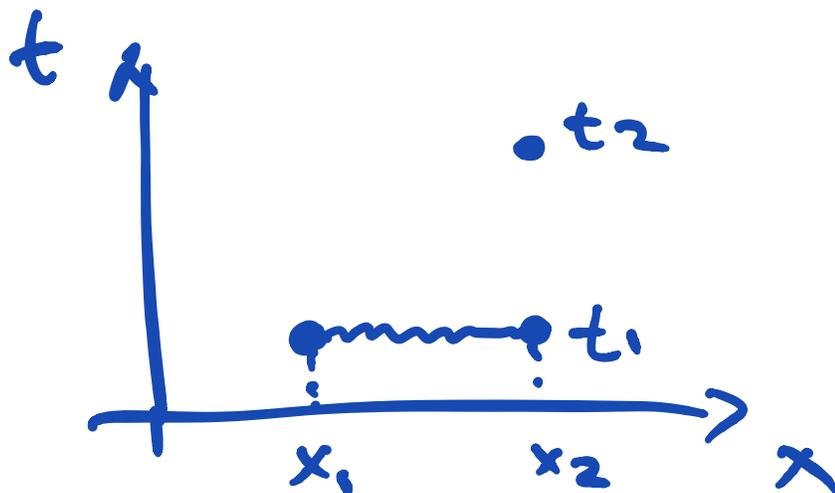
n.b. not a physical state

Anti-singlet and anti-triplet

	XX	YY	ZZ
R^1	+ 1	+ 1	+ 1
R^2	+ 1	- 1	- 1
R^3	- 1	+ 1	- 1
R^4	- 1	- 1	+ 1

Maximally entangled
temporal states are
partial transposes of
the Bell states.

Can combine space and time



3-qubit pseudo density

$$R_{23} = \frac{1}{8} \left(I - X_1 \otimes X_2 - Y_1 \otimes Y_2 - Z_1 \otimes Z_2 \right. \\ \left. + X_2 \otimes X_3 + Y_2 \otimes Y_3 + Z_2 \otimes Z_3 \right. \\ \left. + X_1 \otimes X_3 + Y_1 \otimes Y_3 + Z_1 \otimes Z_3 \right. \\ \left. - X_1 \otimes X_2 \otimes X_3 - Y_1 \otimes Y_2 \otimes Y_3 - Z_1 \otimes Z_2 \otimes Z_3 \right)$$

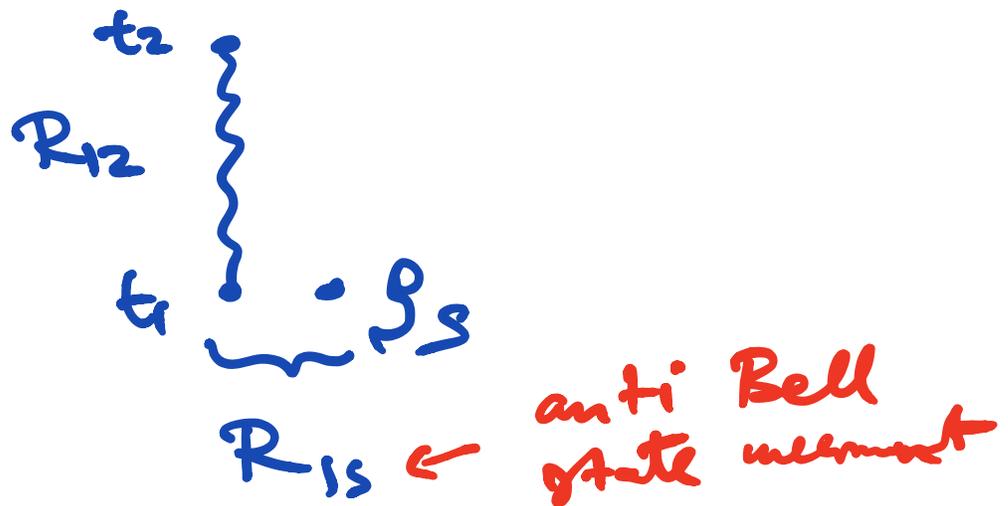
Tracing out works just as well

$$\begin{aligned}\langle A_2 \rangle &= \text{Tr}_{123} (I \otimes A_2 \otimes I) R_{123} \\ &= \text{Tr} A_2 \cdot R_2\end{aligned}$$

where $R_2 = \text{tr}_{13} R_{123}$.

Generalizes to any number of
space-time points +
any dimensionality of systems.

Dynamics As Temporal Teleportation



$\rho \rightarrow \mathcal{F}(\rho)$ as teleportation.

$$\rho_2 = \text{Tr}_{1s}(\rho_S \otimes \rho_{12}) \cdot \rho_{1s}$$

e.g. $\frac{1}{2}(I + r_x X + r_y Y + r_z Z)$

$\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(I + \eta_x r_x X + \eta_y r_y Y + \eta_z r_z Z)$

need

$R_{12} = \frac{1}{4}(I + \eta_x X X + \eta_y Y Y + \eta_z Z Z)$

n.b. analogy with Lorentz

$$\begin{pmatrix} t+z & x+iy \\ x-iy & t-z \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} t'+z' & x'+iy' \\ x'-iy' & t'-z' \end{pmatrix}$$

Bohm \rightarrow Penrose \rightarrow Weizsäcker

\rightarrow Wheeler

Lorentz transformations
are analogous to teleportation
in time.

How much of quantum physics
is just relativity?

Maybe Bohr \rightarrow finiteness.

Back in time evolution
can be phrased as
teleportation from
 t_2 to t_1 , using R_{12} .

But what does that
mean?

Even more ...

Pseudo-densities are developed in non-relativistic quantum mechanics.

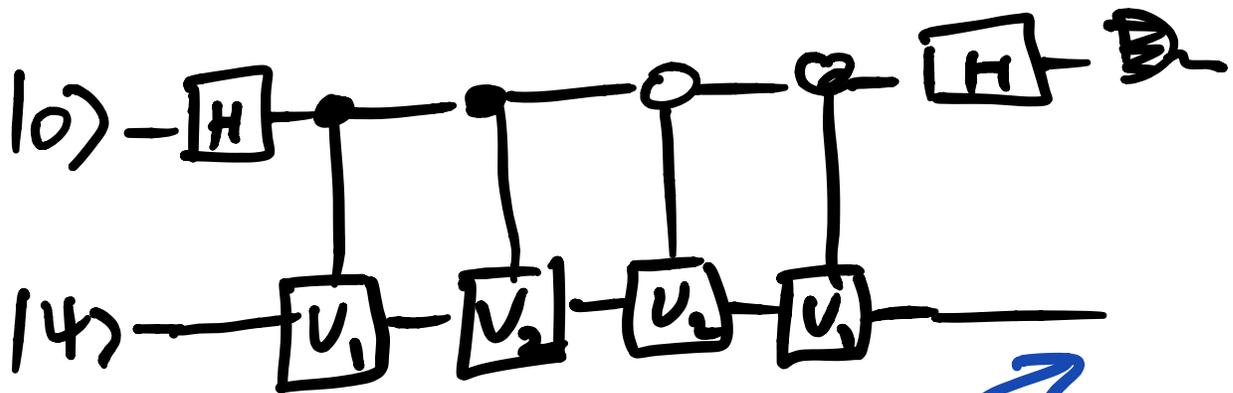
They need to be "relativised" but relativity also needs to be quantized!

Superposition of causal
orders?

$$\underline{(U_2 U_1 + U_1 U_2) / 4 >}$$

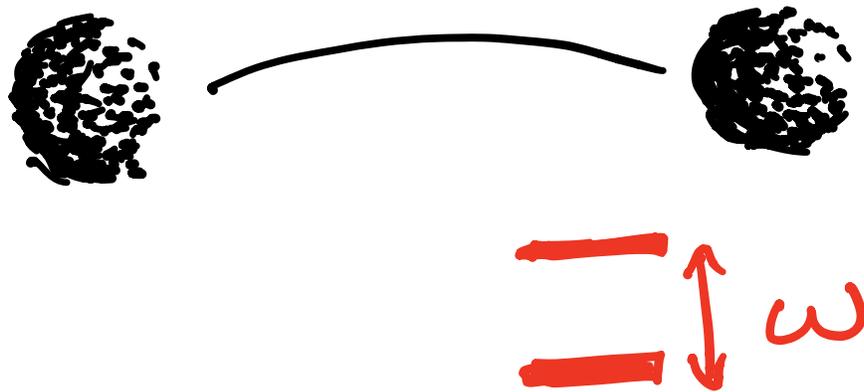
Could this reflect
some underlying
superposition of
different spacetimes?

Quantum Switch



$$(U_1 U_2 \pm U_2 U_1) |\psi\rangle$$

Massive superposition?



$$\begin{aligned} & (|x_1\rangle + |x_2\rangle) (|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \\ \rightarrow & |x_1\rangle (|0\rangle + e^{i\omega t_1} |1\rangle) + \\ & |x_2\rangle (|0\rangle + e^{i\omega t_2} |1\rangle) \end{aligned}$$

All this could be
described both in
Page-Woollers and
with Pseudo-densities.

But can all orders
be superposed?

c. f. Merletto + Vedral

Relativistic Chronology

Robb 1914

Given n spacelike events can we always find inertial frames in which observers perceive them in any chronological order?

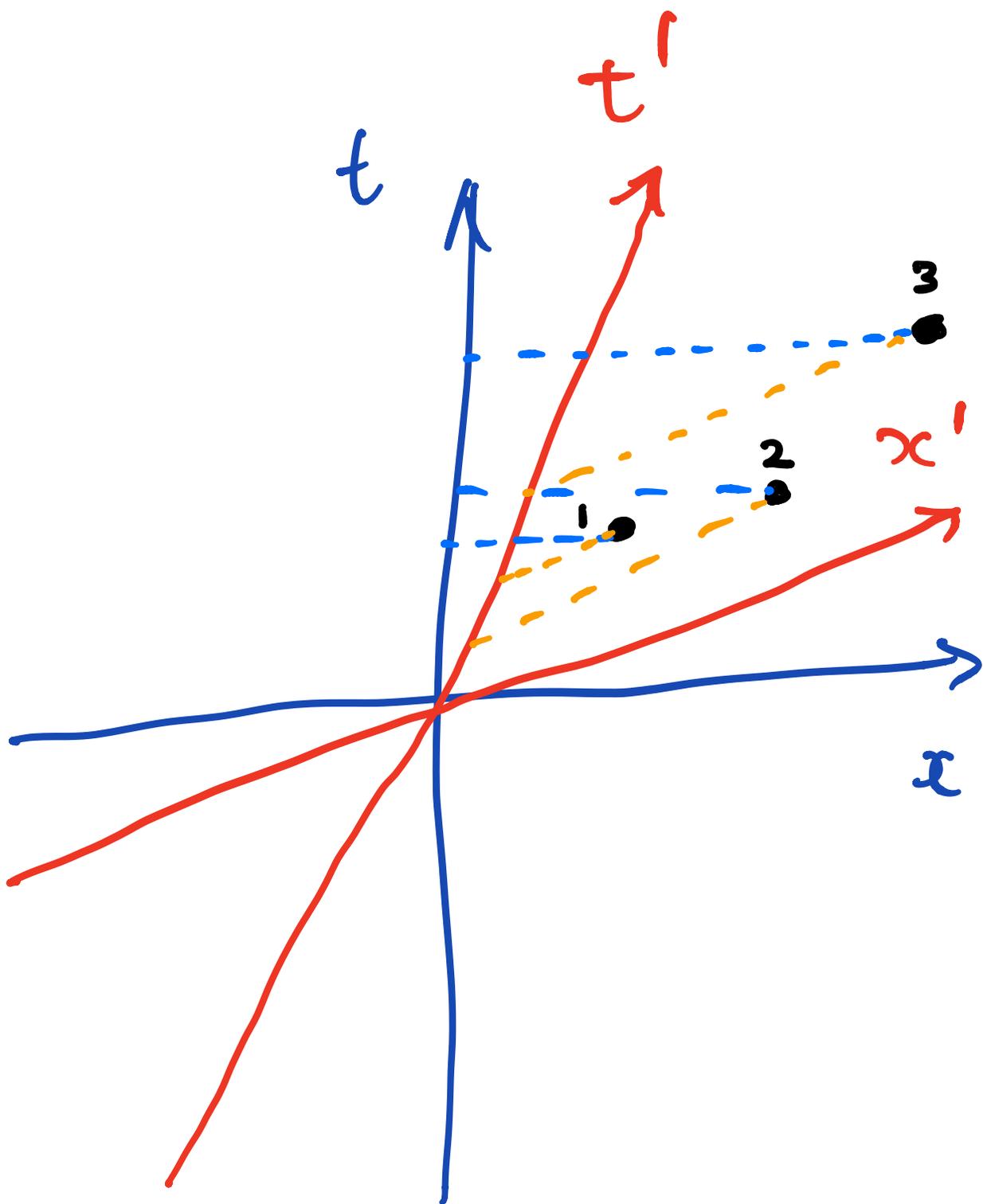
No!

E.g. 1+1 dimensions

$(1,2,3), (2,3,1), (3,1,2)$

is a disallowed set
of permutations.

or one of the observers would
have to travel faster than
light!



Quantum Chromology

$$|(1,2,3)\rangle + |(3,1,2)\rangle + |(2,3,1)\rangle$$

Should this be
disallowed? or

$$|q_1\rangle|p_1\rangle + |q_2\rangle|p_2\rangle + |q_3\rangle|p_3\rangle$$

be disallowed?

GR only makes
it more complicated

...

Still outstanding how to combine:

- * locality (general, c.f. Chirva)
- * unitarity (quantum)
- * causality (special rel.)
- * equivalence (gen. rel.)