A 4MOST survey of young stars in the solar neighbourhood: the role of the laboratory

RCW 27

RCW 32

NGC 2660

C 239!

NGC 2670

NGC 2671

RGW 33

NGC 2626

NGC 2477

Zeta Pup

gamma Vel

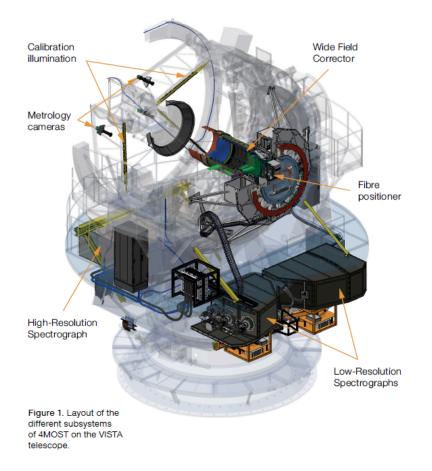
NGC 26.G. Sacco

RCW 41

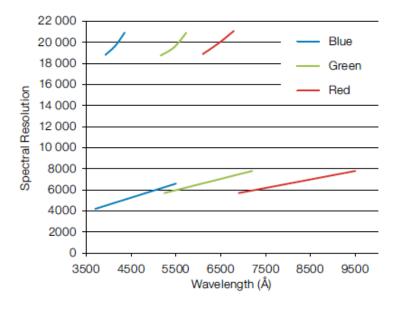
RCW 40

RCW 38

4MOST in a nutshell



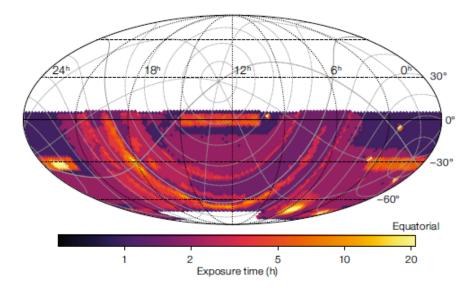
(de Jong et al. 2019)



Telescope: VISTA (4m at Paranal) FoV: 4.2 deg² Low res: R ~6500, fibers =1624 Low res band: 3700-9500 Ang High resolution: R~ 20000, fibers = 812 High res band: 3926-4355, 5160-5730, 6100-6790 Ang Operation: only surveys defined on 5 years basis/shared FoV Starting operations: late 2022

4MOST call for community surveys

70% of fiber-hours on consortium surveys (no surveys on young stars)



Both consortium and community are public surveys

Call for community surveys

<u>Observing time</u>: 30% of fiber-hours (LR = 4.8 x 10⁶ fiber-hours, HR= 2.4 x 10⁶ fiber-hours) <u>Call for LoI</u>: Q4 2019 <u>Call for Proposal</u>: Q2 2020 <u>Survey mode</u>: Participating or non-Participating

Particpating surveys

- Shared FoV
- Common observation preparation
- Sharing 1-d spectra
- Fully integrated approach

First unbiased spectroscopic survey of young stars in the solar neighbourhood

Science goals

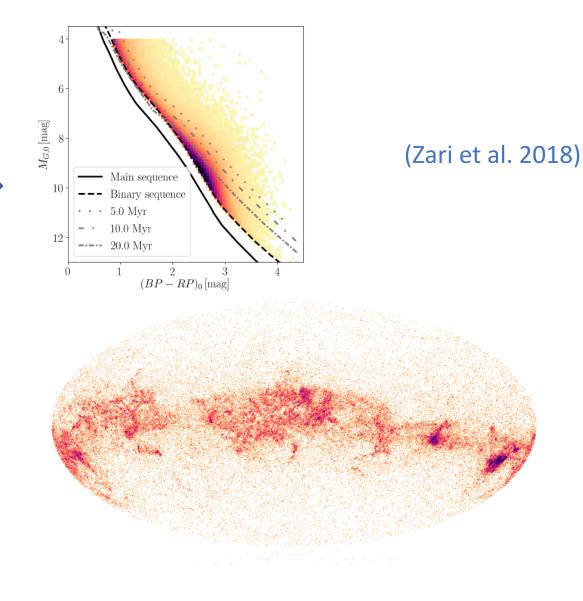
- 1. Reconstructing the star formation history of the solar neighbourhood
- 2. Formation and evolution of star clusters and association
- 3. Origin and properties of nearby associations
- 4. Open questions in Pre-Main sequence stellar evolution

Survey Concept and target selection

Optical spectroscopic survey of PMS stars within 500 pc selected by color-absolute magnitude diagrams + e-rosita x-ray fluxes or TESS periods

Astrophysical parameters

RVs, Vsin i, log g, Teff, activity indicators, accretion indicators, abundances



The Team

PI: G. Sacco Co-I: 30+ mostly European



Wide experience in mining Gaia data



Key roles in the managment, target selection, and spectral analysis for the Gaia-ESO survey

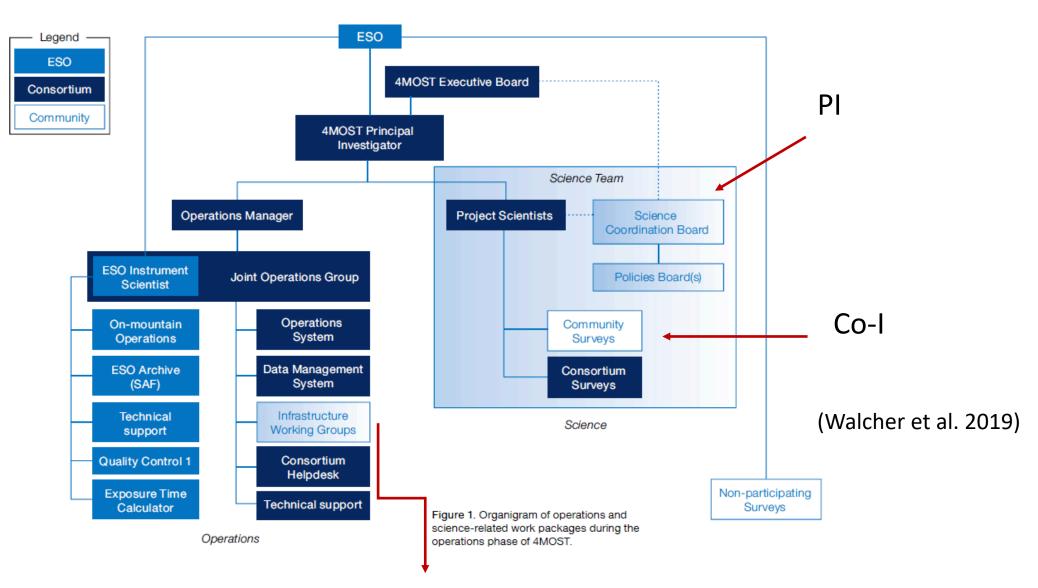


Team members involved in main surveys of PMS stars

INAF Involvement (for the moment)

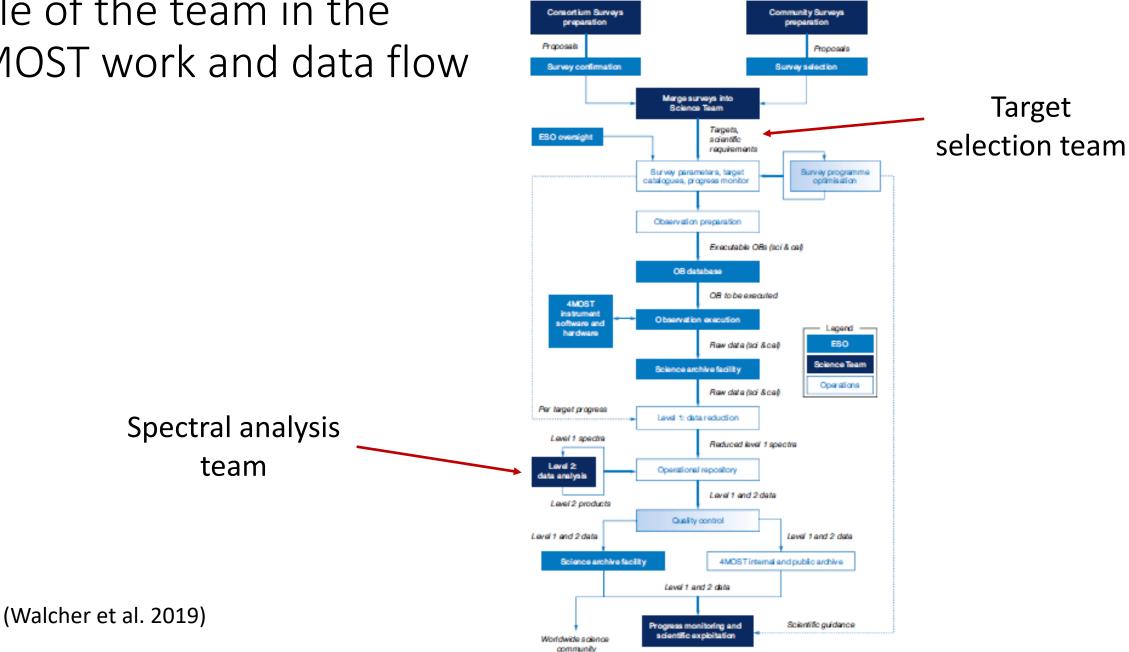
- 10 Co-I based in Arcetri, OAPA, OACT
- Leading role in spectral analysis

Role of the team in the 4MOST consortium



Co-Is involved in target selection and spectral analysis

Role of the team in the 4MOST work and data flow



The role of the laboratory: supporting the spectral analysis

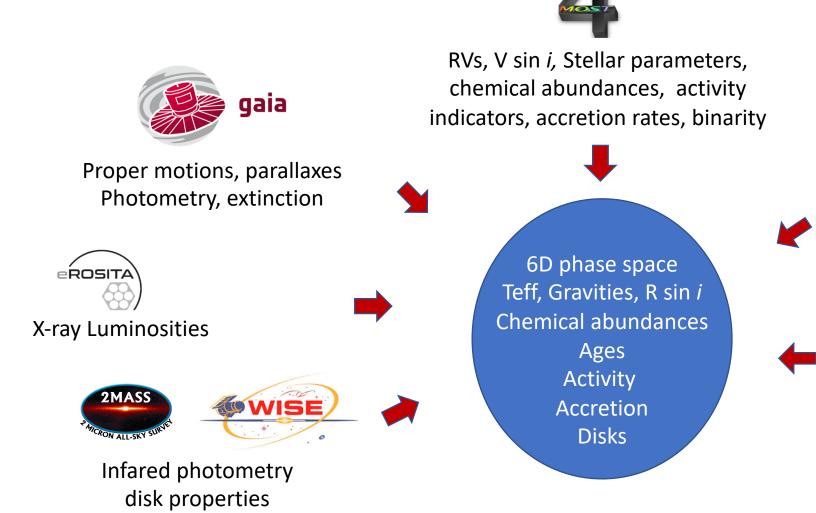
Challenges of the spectral analysis of PMS stars

- Subtracting the diffuse nebular emission
- Decoupling photospheric emission from the emission due to accretion shock
- Automatic measurements of accretion and activity indicators
- Effect of activity on stellar parameters determinations



General issues for spectroscopy of young stars. Solutions to these issue can have a wider impact on the field

The role of the laboratory: a database for young stars in the solar neighbourhood





Photometric periods Asteroseismology Variability



Photometric periods Accretion rates Photometric variability