



Statistical study of Stream Interaction Regions at 1 and 1.5 AU

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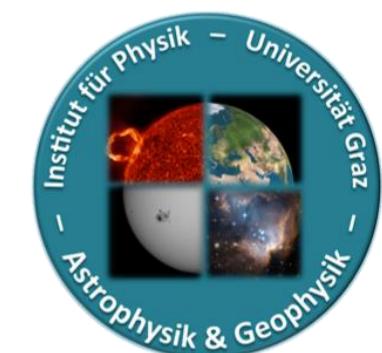


FWF

Der Wissenschaftsfonds.

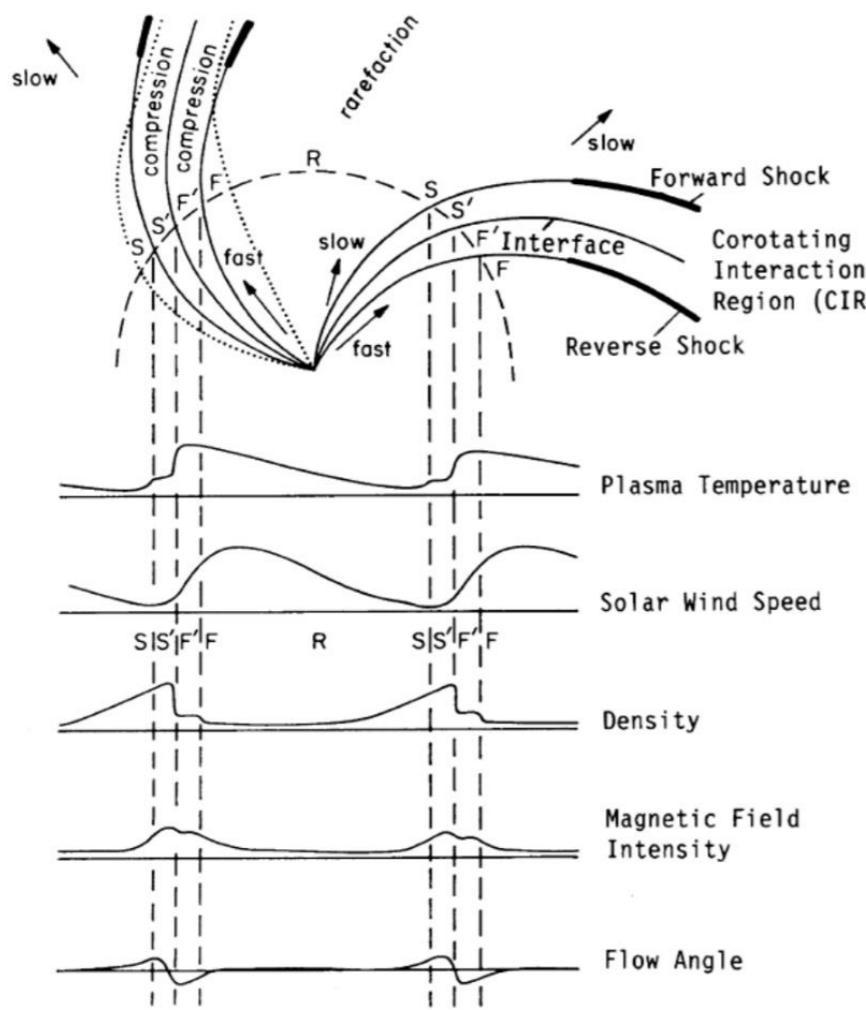


FFG

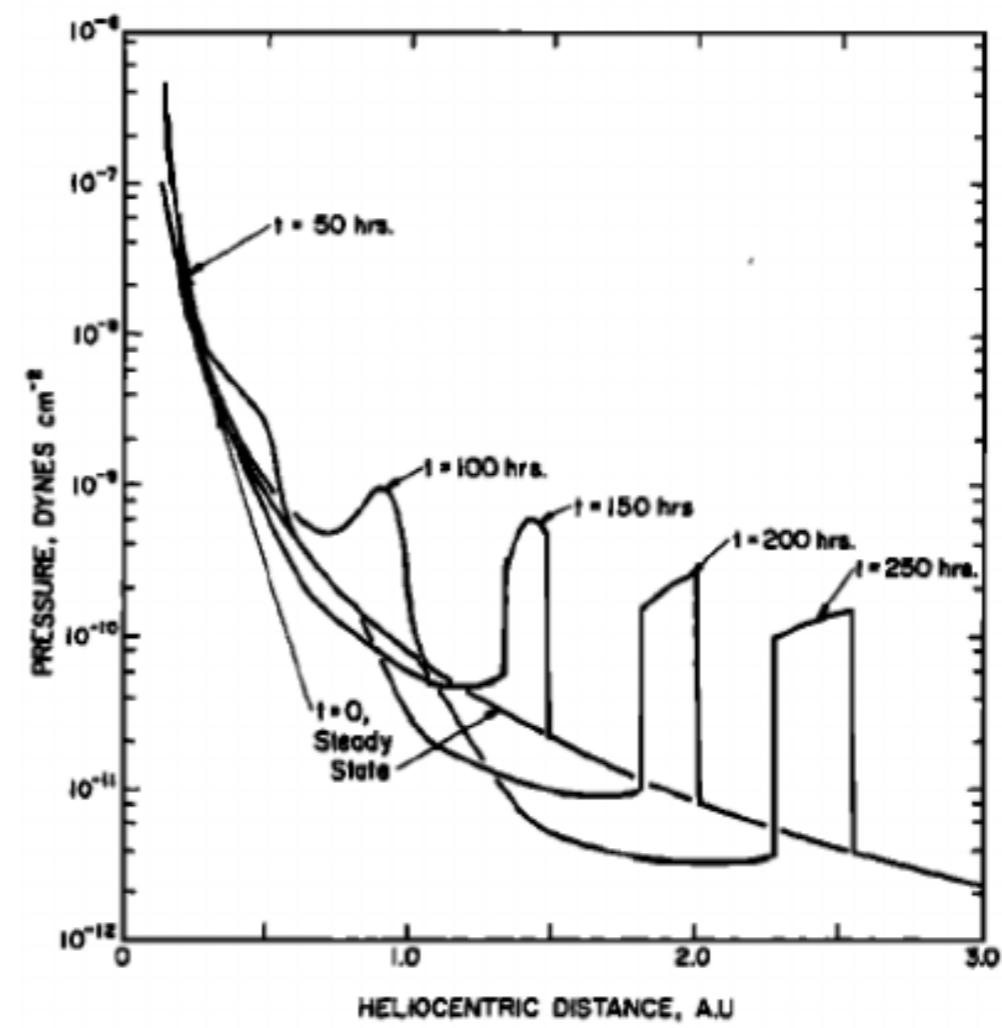


State of the Art

- Stream expansion of SIRs at the interface and shock formation predicted by models:
 - Hundhausen 1973
 - Gosling and Pizzo 1999
 - Cranmer+ 2007



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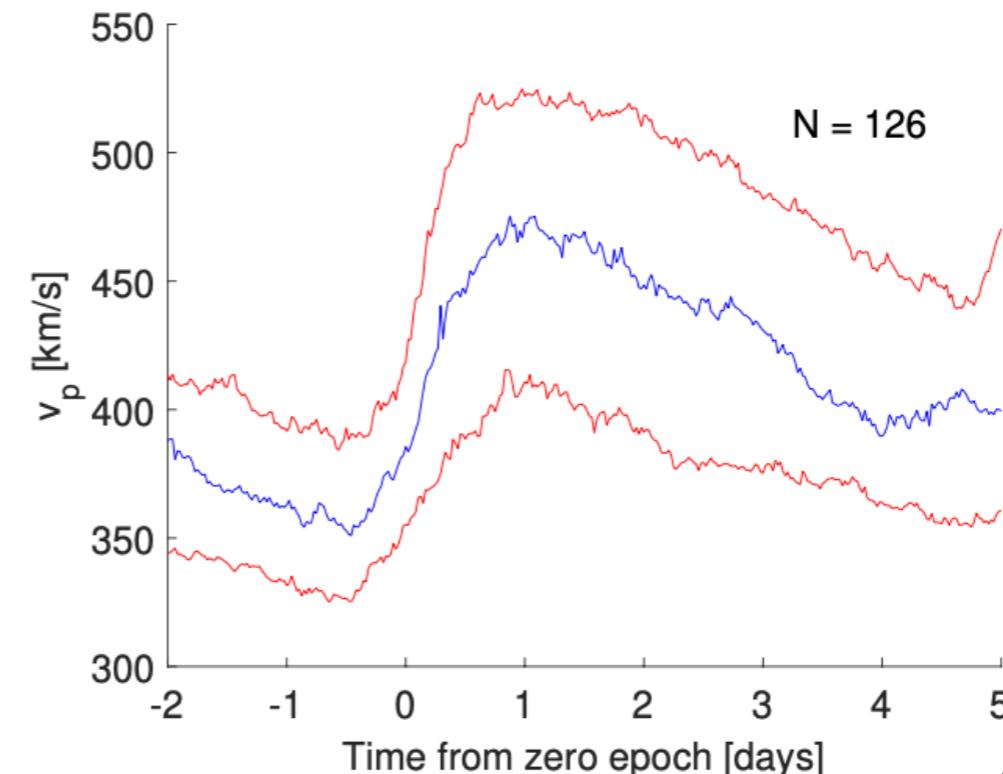
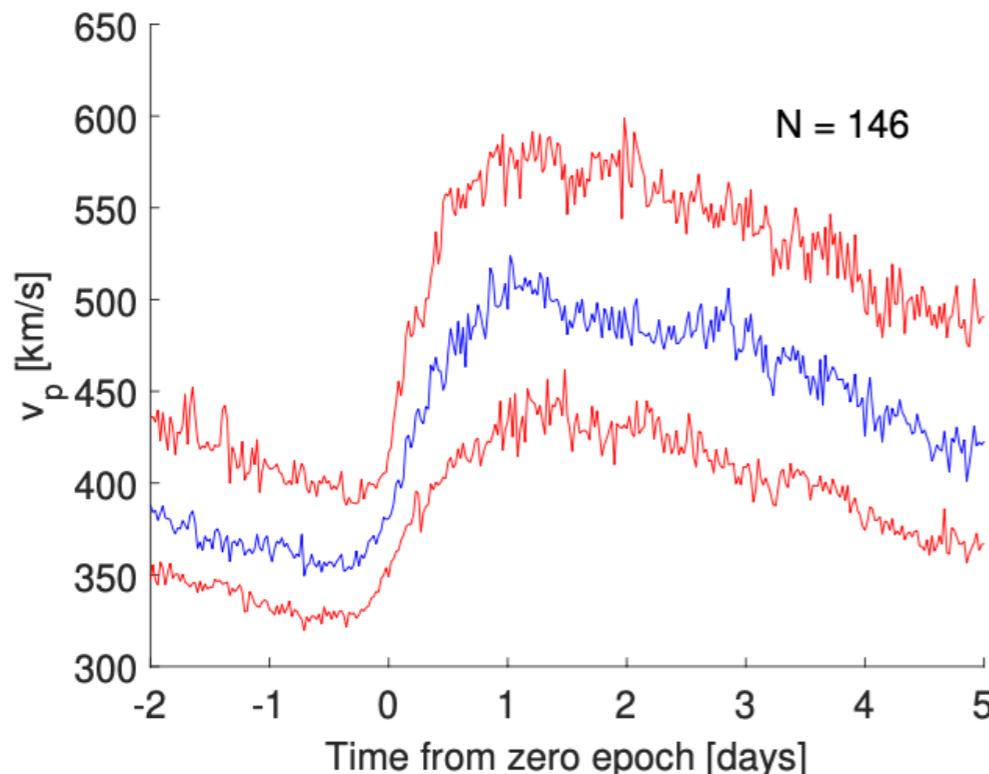
© Hundhausen 1973

Data & Methods I

- OMNI and MAVEN in-situ plasma and magnetic field data,
SDO EUV images
- Catalogs of Grandin+ 2019 and Huang+ 2019
- **Superposed epoch analysis:** Extraction of statistical parameters of events shifted to reference (“epoch”) time
- **Aligned events analysis:** Correlation of CHs extent with SIR plasma properties

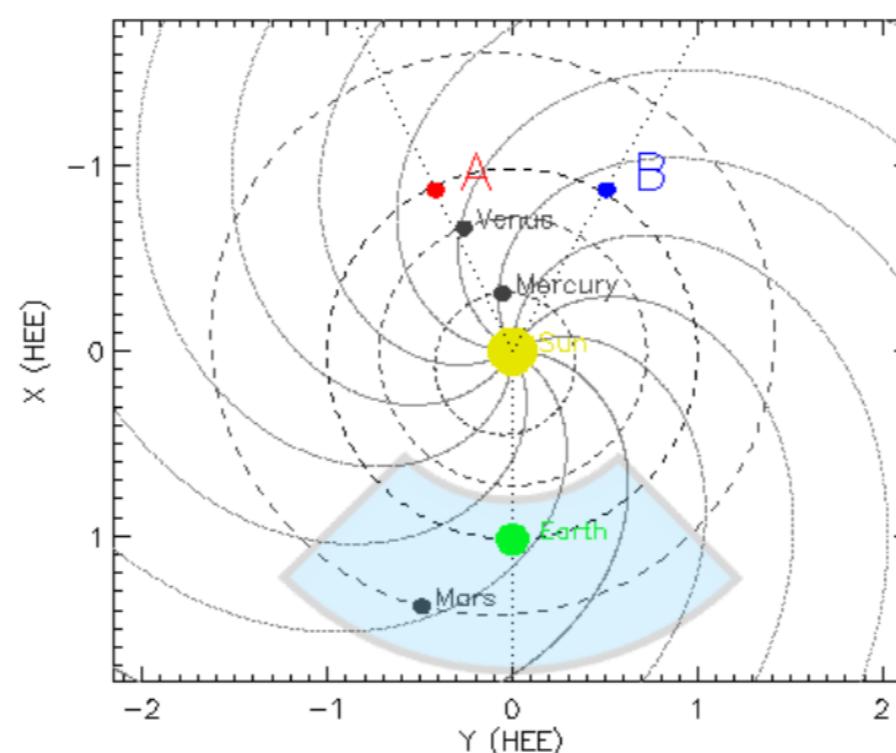
Data & Methods II

SEA example, SW bulk speed (Earth: left; Mars: right)



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Aligned events
constrain:



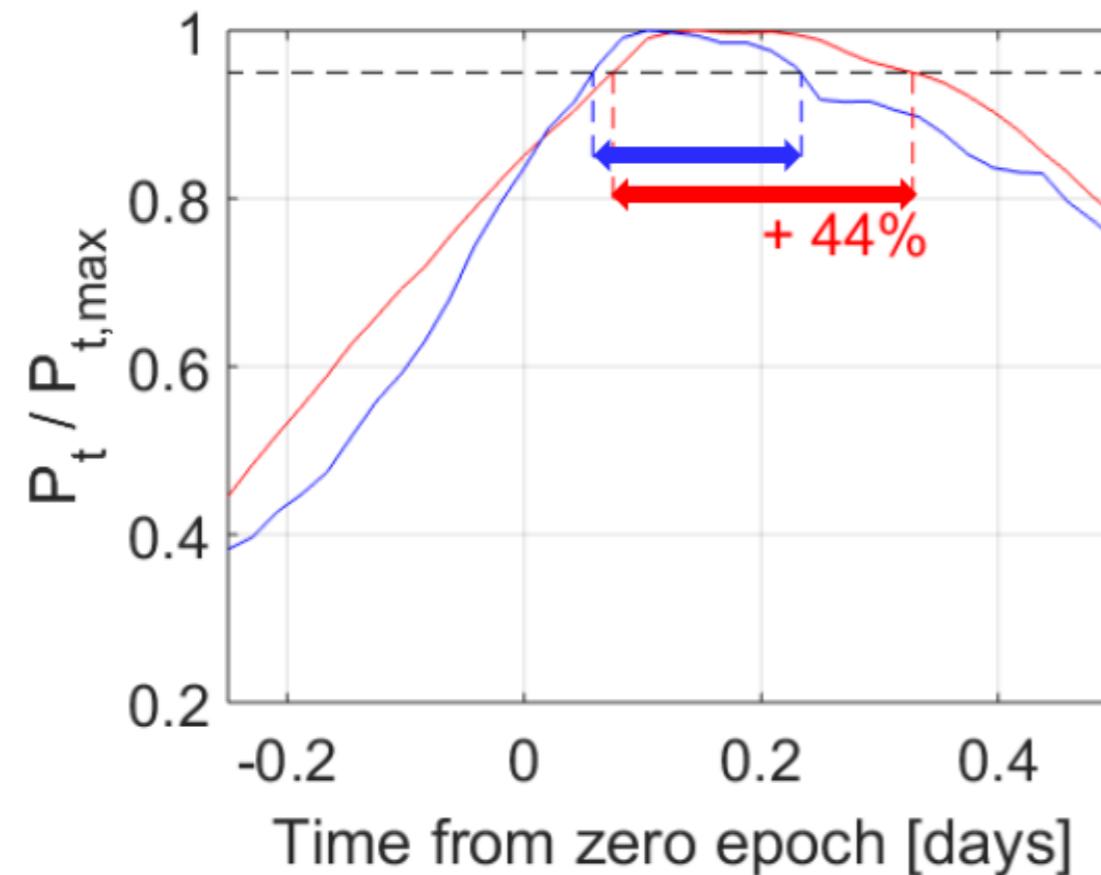
$$\Delta t = t_M - t_E = \frac{\phi_M - \phi_E}{\omega_{\text{sun}}} + \frac{r_M - r_E}{v_{\text{SW}}}$$

Opitz+ 2009

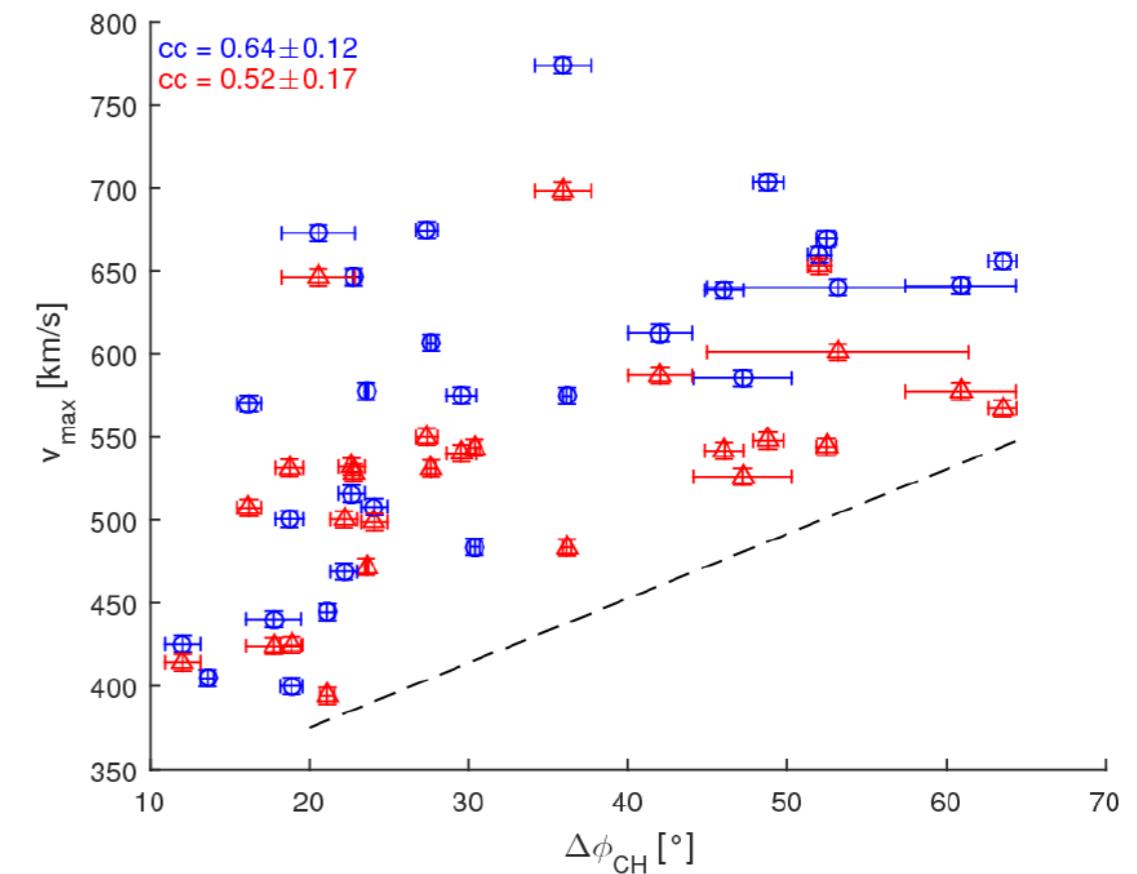
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Results

- Expansion of wave crest from 1 – 1.5 AU:



- Good correlation of maximum SW speed with CH $\Delta\phi$:



- Shock occurrence rate:

Shock type	Earth	Mars
FF only	6.7% (3)	20.0% (9)
FR only	6.7% (3)	6.7% (3)
FF and FR	0 % (0)	8.9% (4)
FF and/or FR	13.3% (6)	35.6% (16)

Discussion & Conclusion

- Most evolution happens on front side of SIRs from 1 – 1.5 AU, as shock occurrence rates imply
- Expansion of streams linked to higher shock occurrence rate (Gosling and Pizzo 1999, Hundhausen 1973)
- Steepening of waves also consistent with amplitude analysis of Richter and Luttrell (1986, 0.35 – 0.95 AU)
- High correlation of HSS maximum speed with latitudinal extent → only valid for small to medium sized CHs? (c.f. Garton+ 2018)

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