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Insights on 3D kinematics of Coronal Mass Ejections in the inner corona. 16th European Solar Physics Meeting





Working Method :

STEP 1 -> 59 CMEs are selected from the CDAW cataloge, which were observed between 2007 to 2012 STEP 2 -> The source regions of all these CMEs were identified, and the identified sources were classified into 3 categories :



Quiescent prominences (PEs)



Active Regions (ARs)

The source regions of all 59 CMEs were identified using back projection. The identified sources were classified into 3

> classes : ARs - 20/59 PEs - 20/59 APs - 19/59



Active Prominences (APs) : PEs with foot-point(s) connected to ARs

STEP 3 -> The CMEs were fitted with the GCS model (Thernesien et al. 2009) in the COR-1 and COR-2 field of view (1.5-14 R) to study their 3D evolution in the inner and outer corona..



STEREO - A / COR - 1



STEREO - B / COR - 1

STEP 4 -> The fitted GCS parameters are recorded for a time sequence of evolution for every event for further study

	GCS Model Parameters of All the CMEs											
Time (hh:mm:ss)	Source Region	Height (h) (R_{\odot})	Longitude (ϕ) (deg)	Latitude (θ) (deg)	Tilt angle (γ) (deg)	Aspect ratio (k)	Half-angle (α) (deg)	V _{CDA} (km s⁻				
02:00:00	AR	3.36	69	3.9	_	0.33	0	264				
19:20:00	AR	3.36	188	-15	69	0.17	12	1103				
10:52:22	AR	3.71	1	-5	2	0.21	4	163				
16:15:00	PE	3.35	258	0	-65	0.13	14	962				
10:45:00	AP	3.22	193	-21	2	0.12	8	650				
	Time (hh:mm:ss) 02:00:00 19:20:00 10:52:22 16:15:00 10:45:00	Time (hh:mm:ss)Source Region02:00:00AR19:20:00AR10:52:22AR16:15:00PE10:45:00AP	Time (hh:mm:ss)Source RegionHeight (h) (R_{\odot}) 02:00:00AR3.3619:20:00AR3.3610:52:22AR3.7116:15:00PE3.3510:45:00AP3.22	Time (hh:mm:ss)Source RegionHeight (h) (R_{\odot})Longitude (ϕ) (deg)02:00:00AR3.366919:20:00AR3.3618810:52:22AR3.71116:15:00PE3.3525810:45:00AP3.22193	Time (hh:mm:ss)Source RegionHeight (h) (R_{\odot})Longitude (ϕ) (deg)Latitude (θ) (deg)02:00:00AR3.36693.919:20:00AR3.36188-1510:52:22AR3.711-516:15:00PE3.35258010:45:00AP3.22193-21	Table 1GCS Model Parameters of All the CMEsTime (hh:mm:ss)Source RegionHeight (h) (R_{\odot})Longitude (ϕ) (deg)Latitude (θ) (deg)Tilt angle (γ) (deg)02:00:00AR3.36693.9-19:20:00AR3.36188-156910:52:22AR3.711-5216:15:00PE3.352580-6510:45:00AP3.22193-212	Table 1GCS Model Parameters of All the CMEsTime (hh:mm:ss)Source RegionHeight (h) (R_{\odot})Longitude (ϕ) (deg)Latitude (θ) (deg)Tilt angle (γ) (deg)Aspect ratio (k)02:00:00AR3.36693.9-0.3319:20:00AR3.36188-15690.1710:52:22AR3.711-520.2116:15:00PE3.352580-650.1310:45:00AP3.22193-2120.12	Table 1GCS Model Parameters of All the CMEsTimeSourceHeight (h)Longitude (ϕ)Latitude (θ)Tilt angle (γ)Aspect ratio (k)Half-angle (α)(hh:mm:ss)Region(R_{\odot})(deg)(deg)(deg)(deg)(deg)(deg)02:00:00AR3.36693.9-0.33019:20:00AR3.36188-15690.171210:52:22AR3.711-520.21416:15:00PE3.352580-650.131410:45:00AP3.22193-2120.128				

Tabla 1







The h-t, v-t, a-t and width-time profiles of an impulsive CME.

Take home message : Width expansion and radial acceleration profiles in 3D are veritable manifestation of the same Lorentz force.

Results: Width and acceleration unification of CMEs in inner corona : Observational evidence of Lorentz <u>force imprints</u>

> The dotted lines in 3rd and 4th panel marks the height at which impulsive acceleration phase and rapid width expansion phase ceases !! These two heights were recorded for different events and they are plotted on the right side. The observational evidence that the imprint of Lorentz force stays dominant till 2.5-3R.



Statistically, both the distributions for most CMEs peak around 2.5-3 R. Thus showing the influence of Lorentz force on 3D kinematics stays dominant till 2.5-3R.





Results : The fine line between study of 2D and 3D deflection of CMEs

STEP 1 : Bi-modal distribution of CME source latitudes and uni-modal distribution of CME position angle equivalent latitudes -> imply equatorward deflections

STEP 2 : Bi-modal distribution of true GCS latitude for both initial and final values do not show deflection signatures !! WHY ??



Take home message : Old method of using latitude - position angle distributions do not provide conclusive evidence on true deflections and thus can be highly misleading !!

STEP 2 : GCS final versus initial latitudes show magnitude of deflections are much smaller and hence their apparent position angles mislead conclusions



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Results : Coupling of knematics in inner and outer corona

50000

5000

500

50

S

 $_{\text{lax}}$ (ms⁻²)

Peak acceleration a_r

Bein et al. 2011



Vrsnak et al. 2004



100 (ms^{-2}) 50 Acceleration a_c 0

Majumdar et al. 2021

Peak acceleration v/s peak velocity



Constant acceleration v/s mean velocity in inner corona



Take Home message : The overall correlation coefficient (CC) fails to communicate the whole story. Individual CCs show conclusive evidence that CMEs from active and quiet Sun regions possibly experience different acceleration phases. Also, the drag interaction also seems different for CMEs associated/not associated with prominence eruptions -> A look back into the models ??

Results : Kinematics in the outer corona is largely coupled with the inner corona

Using the below empirical relation, the linear speed of CME can be estimated from the speed in inner corona -> Use of inner coronal observations for CME arrival time predictions ?? -> Minimisation of lead time of forecast ??



Take home message : A lot of kinematic properties of CMEs in the outer corona can be estimated solely from inner coronal observations -> significance of upcoming missions ADITYA-L1/ISRO !!

The distribution of mean speeds in the inner and outer corona do not overlap !! Is it wise to tag a CME with a single average speed ??







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Thank You So Much ...

References :

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