The J1030 deep field: an INAF legacy field

Roberto Gilli (INAF – OAS Bologna)

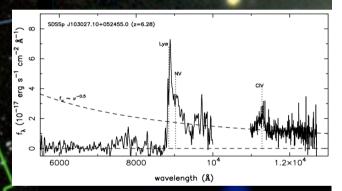
M. Mignoli, R. Nanni, B. Balmaverde, M. Brusa, F. Calura, G.B. Caminha, N. Cappelluti, M. Cappi, M. Chiaberge, A. Comastri, T. Costa, Q. D'Amato, R. Decarli, K. Iwasawa,

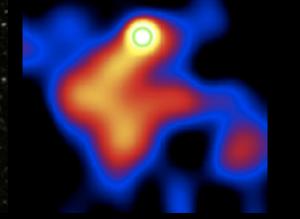
G. Lanzuisi, E. Liuzzo, C. Norman, M. Paolillo, A. Peca,

I. Prandoni, G. Risaliti, P. Rosati, E. Sani, P. Tozzi,

E. Vanzella, C. Vignali, F. Vito, G. Zamorani

SDSSJ1030+0524 at z=6.31

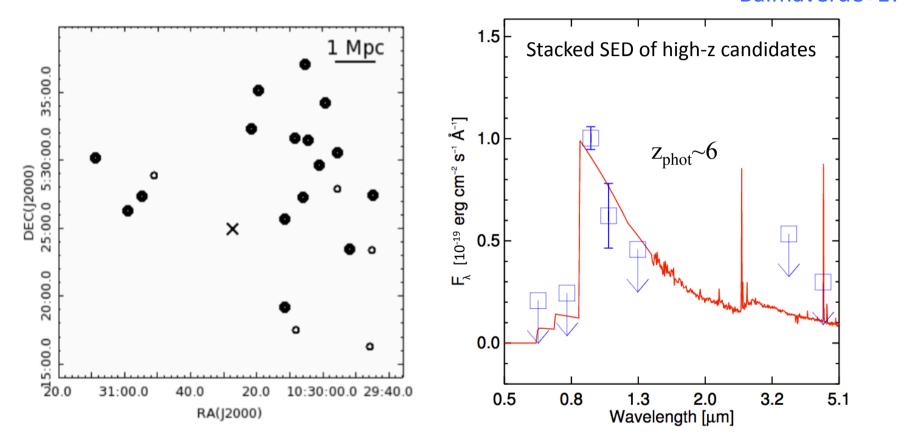




Peculiar field: candidate overdensity around a z=6.3 QSO

LBT/LBC + CFHT/WIRCAM rizYJ: 20 LBG candidates, z_{AB} <25.5

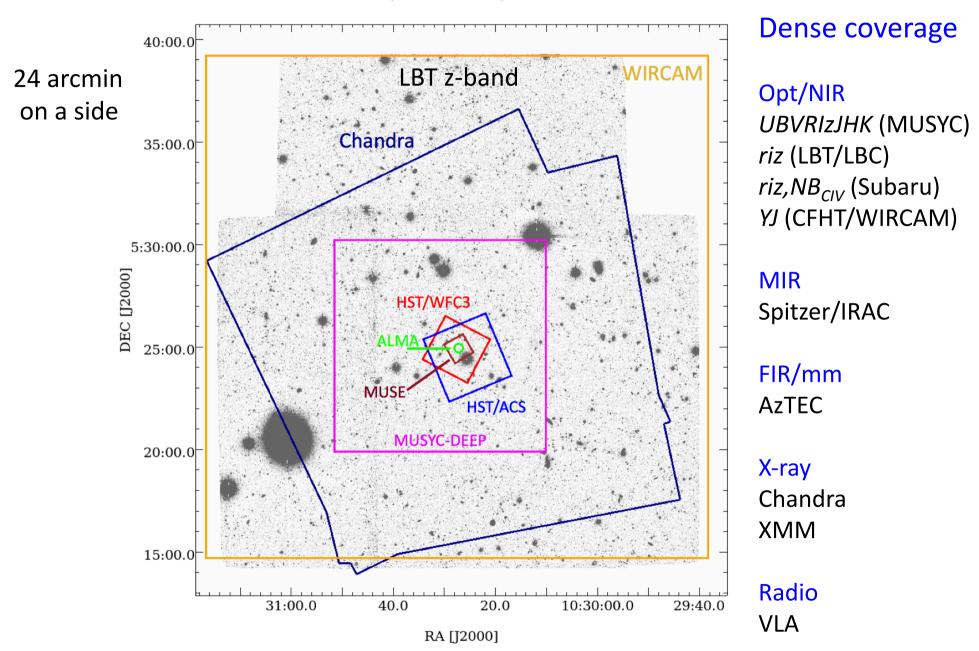
Morselli+14
Balmaverde+17



>4σ overdensity: biased region of the early Universe

 \rightarrow need confirmation: spectroscopy + multi- λ coverage

The multi-λ deep survey in the SDSS J1030 field



Data collected and released at: http://www.oabo.inaf.it/~LBTz6/1030/

J1030	Multi-band data				
- Home	Band	Survey/Instrument	Area	Depth(5σ)	Status/Refs/Notes
- Team	X-ray 0.5-7 keV	Chandra/ACIS-I	17' x 17'	1.7 x 10 ⁻¹⁶ erg/cm ² /s	Nanni+18
- Publications	X-ray 0.3-10 keV	XMM	30' diameter	1.0 x 10 ⁻¹⁵ erg/cm ² /s	Farrah+04 - reanalyzed data
	Opt - U B V R i z	MUSYC Wide	30' x 30'	m _{AB} = 25-26	Blanc+08
- Data	Opt-riz	LBT/LBC	23' x 25'	m _{AB} = 25, 26, 27.5	Morselli+14
- LBT z~6 QSOs	Opt - r i z	Subaru/Suprime-Cam	27' x 34'	m _{AB} = 26-28	Diaz+14
- Internal	Opt - F775W F850LP	HST/ACS	3.3' x 3.3'	m _{AB} = 27.5	Stiavelli+05, Kim+09
	NIR - Y J	WIRCAM/CFHT	24' x 24'	m _{AB} = 24	Balmaverde+17
	NIR - J H K	MUSYC Deep	10' x 10'	m _{AB} = 23	Quadri+07
	NIR - K	MUSYC Wide	30' x 30'	m _{AB} = 21	Blanc+08
	NIR - F160W	HST/WFC3	2' x 2'	m _{AB} = 27.5	HST archive
	MIR 3.4-8.0 μm	Spitzer/IRAC	~35' x 35'	[3.4] = 22.7	IRSA archive
	MIR 24 µm	Spitzer/MIPS	~10' x 16'	[24] = 19.5	IRSA archive
	FIR - 1.2 mm	ALMA	0.4' FWHM	250 µЈу	Decarli+17
	FIR - 3.5 mm	ALMA	1.1' x 2.2'	33 µЈу	Priority B, Cycle6 - Pl Gilli
	Radio - 1.4 GHz	VLA	30' FWHM	75 µЈу	Petric+03 - reanalyzed data
	Radio - 1.4 GHz	JVLA	30' FWHM	7.5 µJy	Observed June 2018, PI Prandoni

Many imaging and spectroscopy programs with INAF PI-ship (LBT, CFHT, ALMA, PdBI). The largest are:

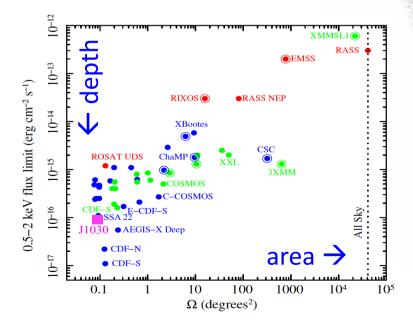
- 500ks Chandra Large Program
- 52hrs LBT strategic program
- 36hrs JVLA program (PI Prandoni, INAF-IRA)
- 36hrs VLT/FORS2 (PI Mignoli, INAF-OAS)

Chandra large program

500ks with ACIS-I, obs. Jan-May 2017

FoV~17'x17' >250 X-ray sources $F_{soft} > 9x10^{-17} \text{ erg/cm}^2/\text{s}$ Nanni+ in prep.

4th deepest X-ray survey only one in a high-z biased region



SDSSJ1030+0524 PhD project of R. Nanni + pre-doc fellow A. Peca (both INAF-OAS)

LBT strategic program, opt/NIR follow-up spectroscopy

52hrs approved in 2017:

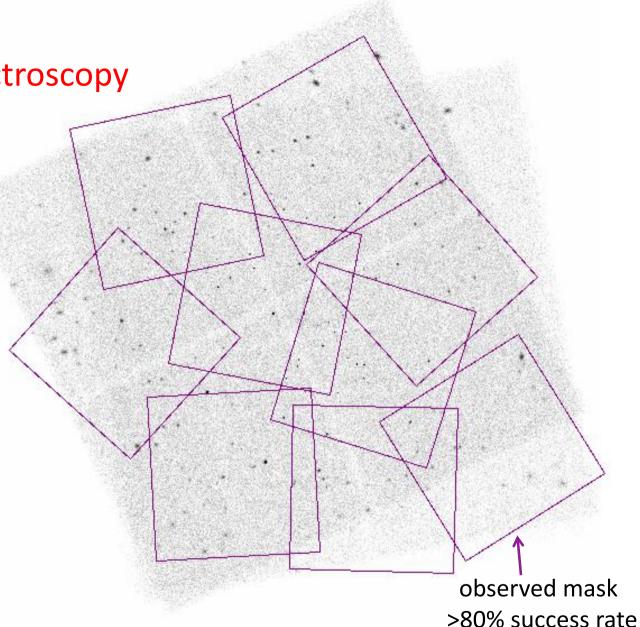
9 MODS masks, 4hr each 4 long slit LUCI, 4hr each

targets: ~200 X-ray sources + high-z and radio fillers

As of Dec 2018:

1/9 MODS masks observed2/4 LUCI slits(fully reduced and analyzed)

program has been carried over, new obs. from now to Apr 2018



LBT strategic program, opt/NIR follow-up spectroscopy

52hrs approved in 2017:

9 MODS masks, 4hr each 4 long slit LUCI, 4hr each

targets: ~200 X-ray sources + high-z and radio fillers

As of Dec 2018:

1/9 MODS masks observed2/4 LUCI slits(fully reduced and analyzed)

program has been carried over, new obs. from now to Apr 2018

observed mask

>80% success rate

spectroscopy is the bottle-neck

JVLA deep µJy field

PI I. Prandoni Obs. June 2018, 36hr, A-array 1.4GHz, 1.5" res., 30' FWHM FoV

expected rms 1.7-1.8 µJy:

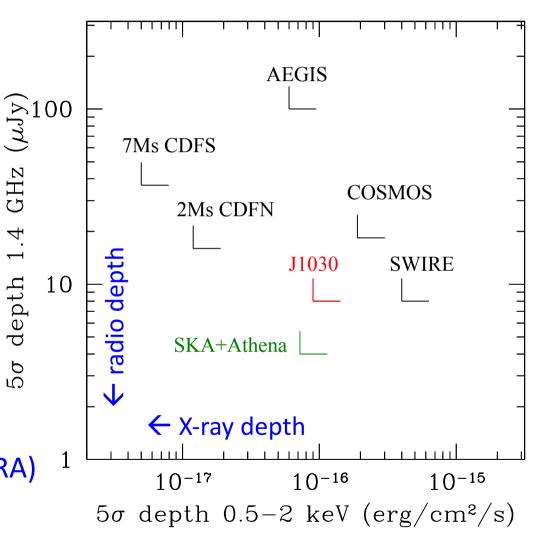
i) 10x better rms than existing data $_{
m GHz}$

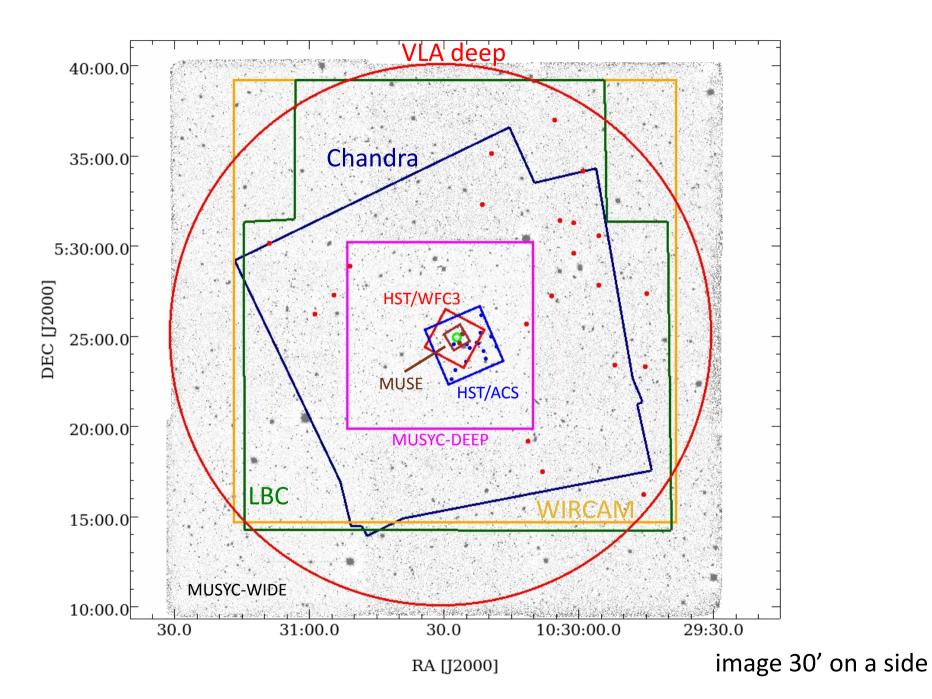
depth

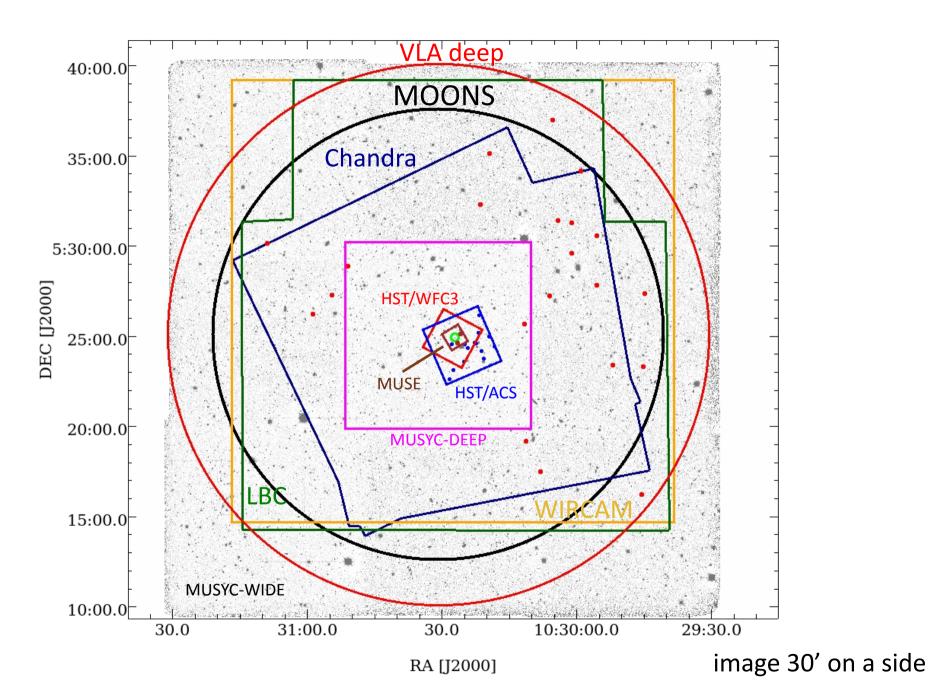
- ii) one of few µJy radio surveys
- iii) test field for SKA/Athena synergies

~4700 SFG expected ~1500 AGN

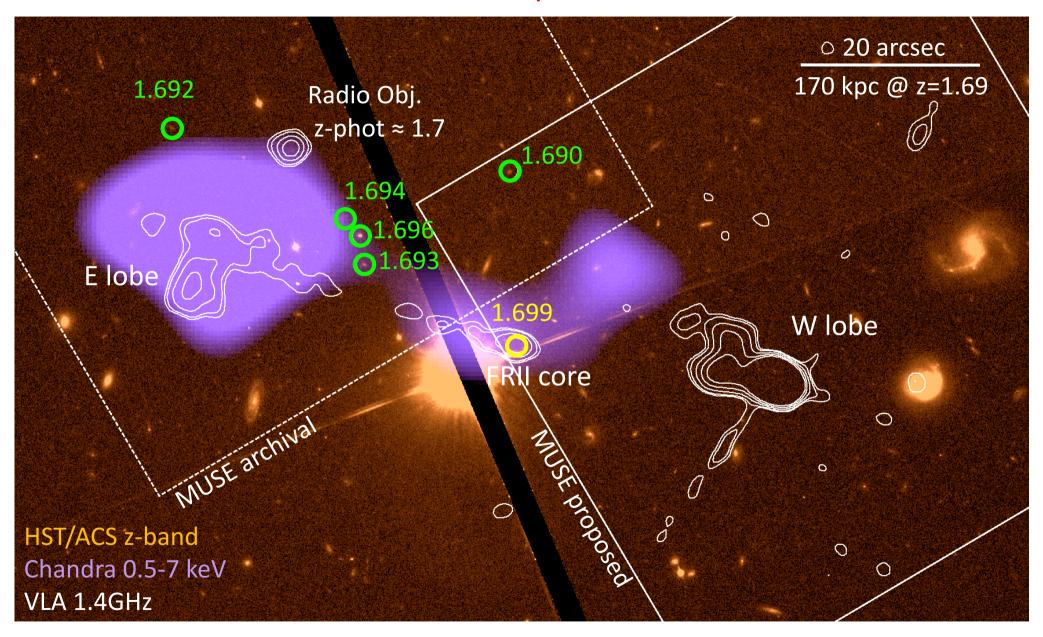
PhD project of Q. D'Amato (INAF-IRA)



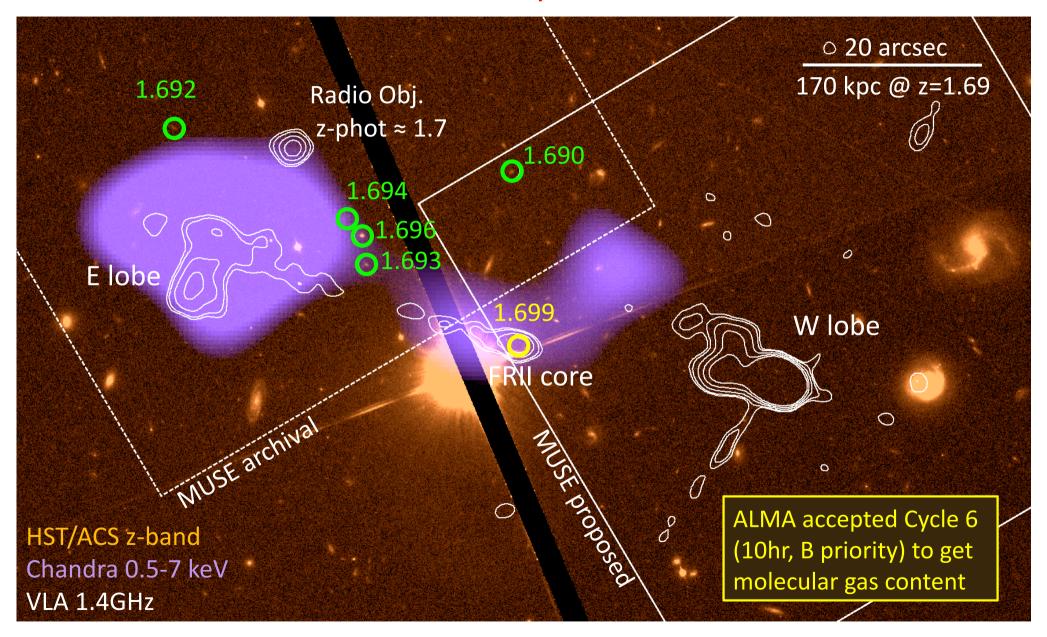




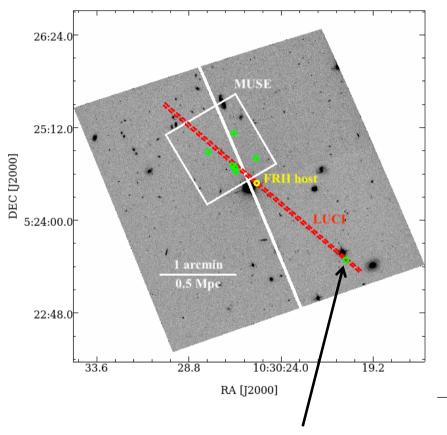
Proto-cluster around a Compton-thick FRII at z=1.7



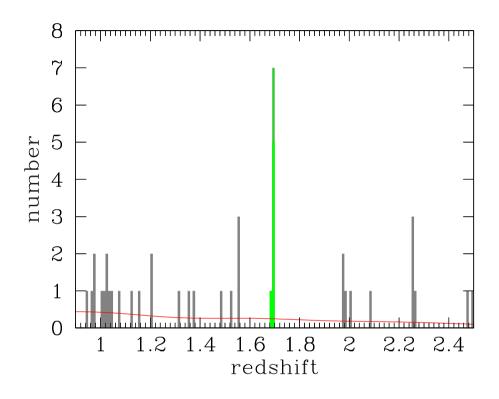
Proto-cluster around a Compton-thick FRII at z=1.7



Proto-cluster around a FRII radio-galaxy at z=1.7

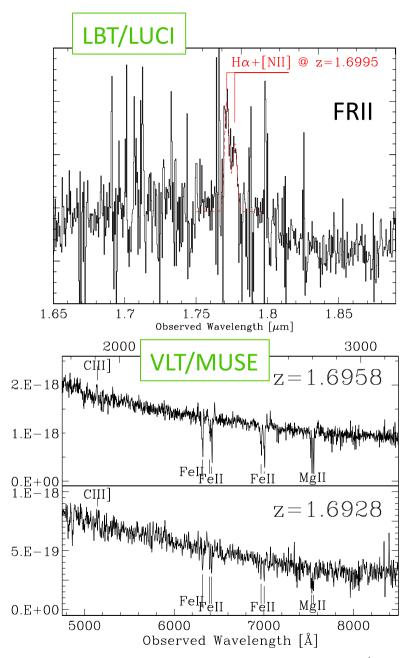


serendipitous galaxy at z=1.696 $f_{H\alpha} = 2.4x10^{-17} \, erg/cm^2/s$ SFR = 5 M_{sun}/yr

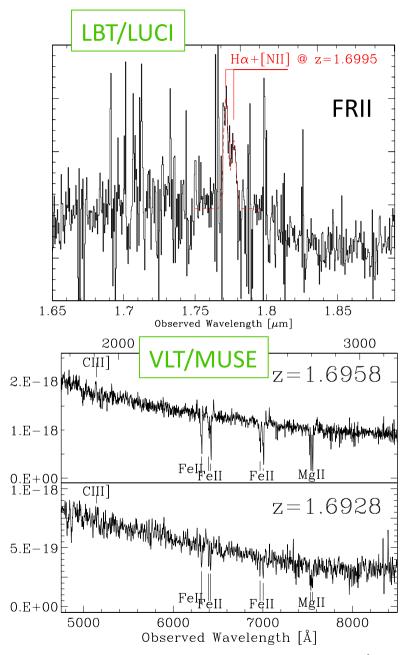


 $\sigma_v \sim 500$ km/s: likely progenitor of a >10¹⁴ M_{sun} local galaxy cluster (but structure likely not virialized)

likely extended for several arcmin

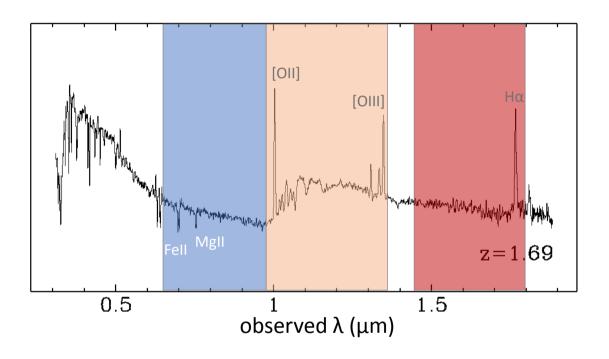


blue galaxies, SFR 8 -70 M_{sun}/yr



blue galaxies, SFR~8-70 M_{sun}/yr

VLT/MOONS



 $H\alpha$, [OIII], [OII], MgII, FeII at z=1.69

e.g. down to 10^{-17} erg/cm²/s in 4 hrs (S/N=3)

Conclusions

J1030 competitive with other major multi-λ deep surveys:

- 4th deepest in the X-rays, ~2nd in the radio
- equatorial field

INAF-led survey (http://www.oabo.inaf.it/~LBTz6/1030/): INAF legacy field?

Added value

- only deep survey in a highly biased region of the early Universe
- deepest field on a protocluster

Ideal target for MOONS

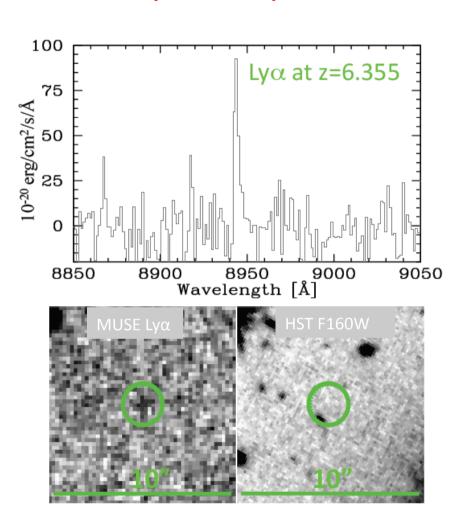
Science

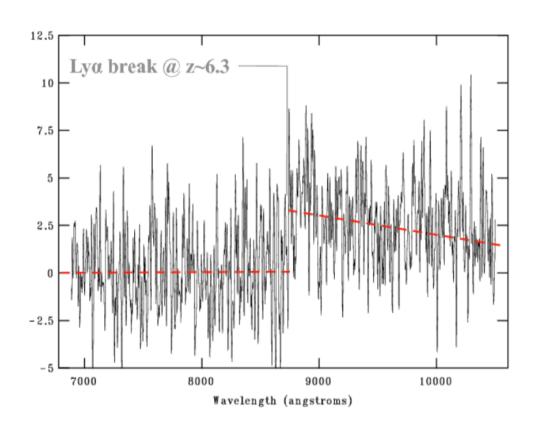
- survey legacy: identification and physics of faint X-ray and radio sources (e.g. obscured, high-z AGN) - pathfinder field for SKA/Athena synergies
- identification and physical characterization of a new protocluster at z=1.69
- spectroscopic confirmation of a LSS around a z=6.3 QSO

back up slides

MUSE Lyman Alpha Emitter

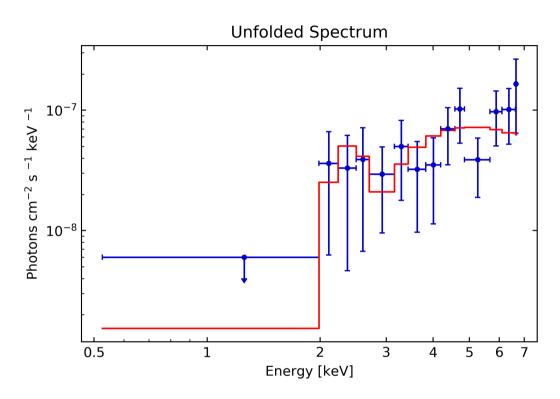
Keck Lyman Break Galaxy





separation from QSO $^{\sim}$ 3-4 pMpc ... ok, but need more spectra to confirm overdensity with high significance

XID189: a Compton-thick FRII at z=1.699



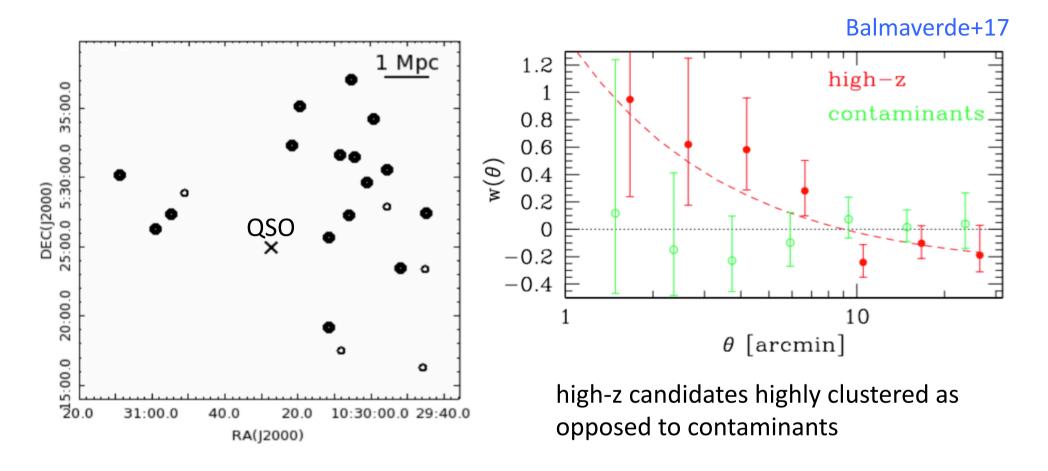
30 counts, hard band only

$$N_H = 1.5 (\pm 0.5) \times 10^{24} \text{ cm}^{-2}$$

 $L_x = 1.8 \times 10^{44} \text{ erg/s}$

→ Compton-thick QSO

LBG candidates are clustered



overdensity reinforced (>4 σ , δ =2.4) – best evidence so far around a z~6 QSO

→ intensive effort to get confirmation: spectroscopy + multi-band coverage

LBT/LBC riz imaging around four z^6 QSOs with $M_{BH}>10^9$ M_{sun}

