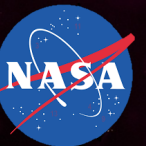


# Gamma-Ray Bursts in the multi-messenger era

Eleonora Troja

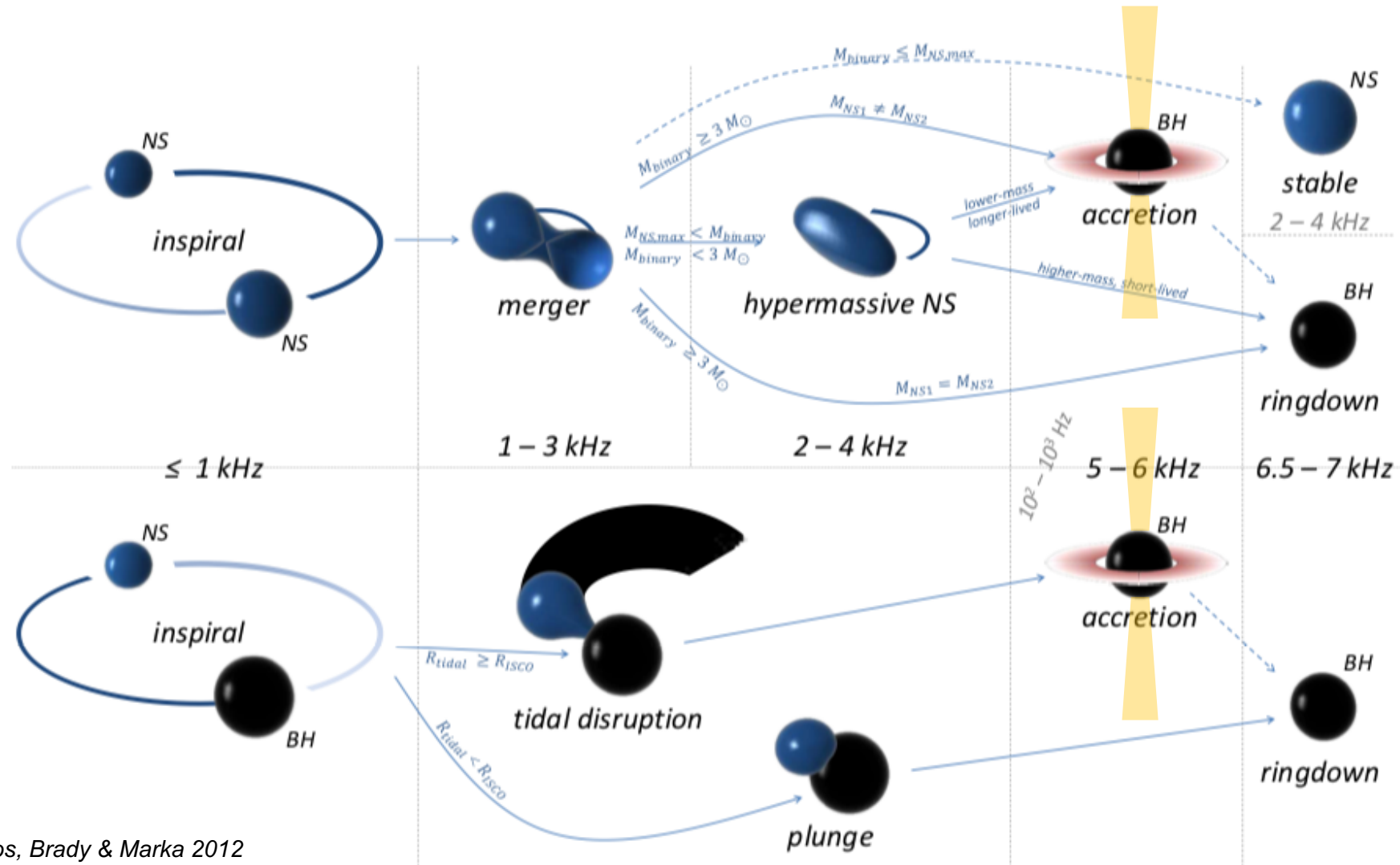
University of Maryland, College Park

NASA Goddard Space Flight Center



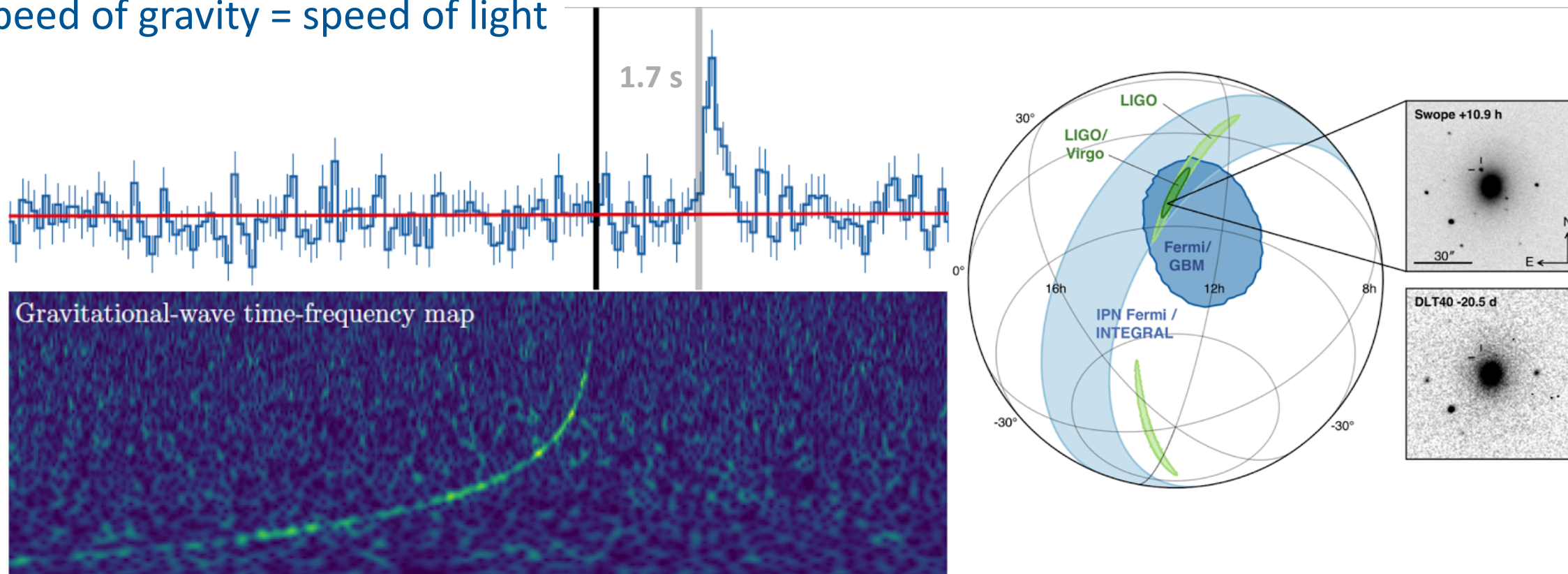


# Connection with compact binary mergers



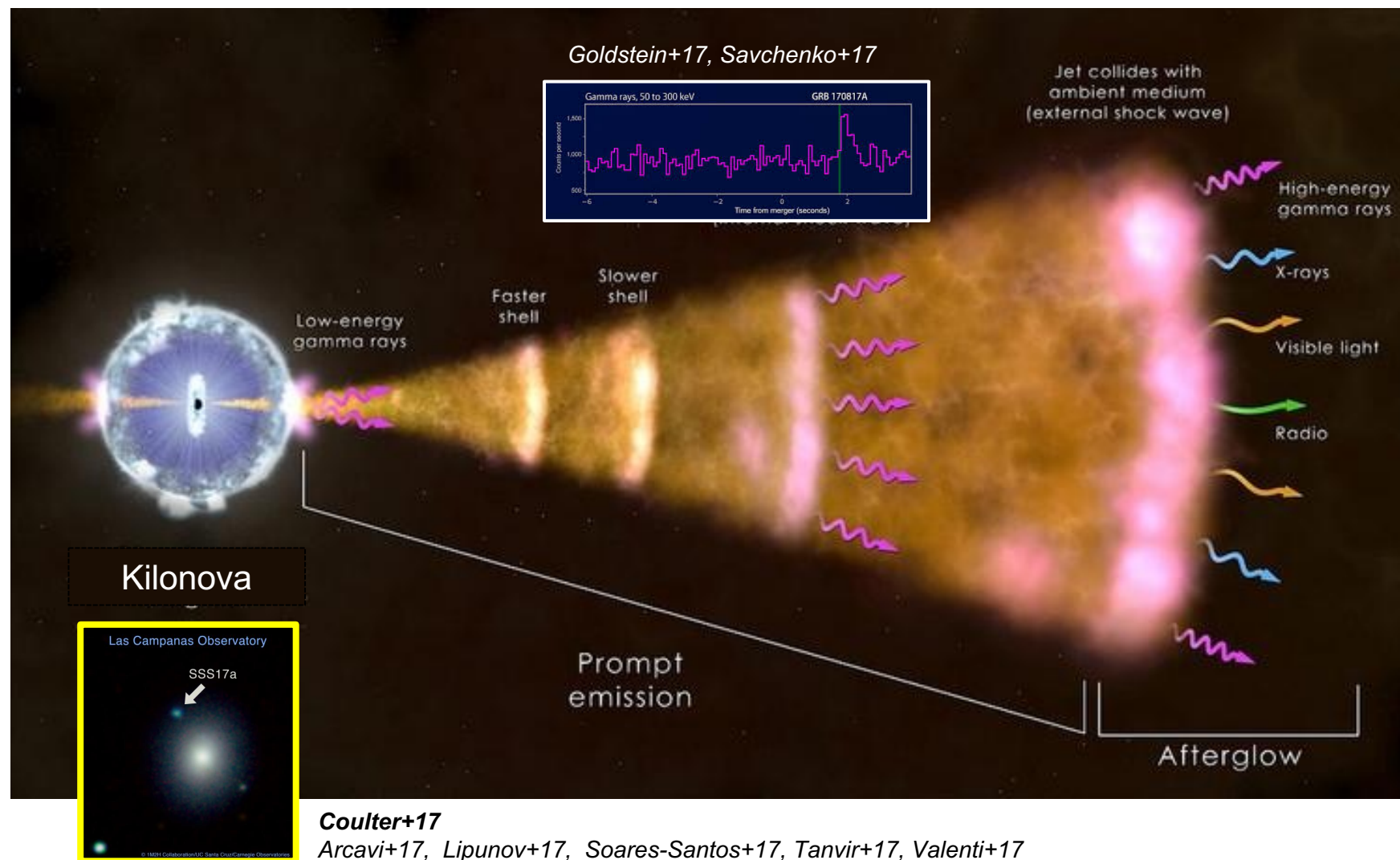
# A short GRB following GW170817

speed of gravity = speed of light

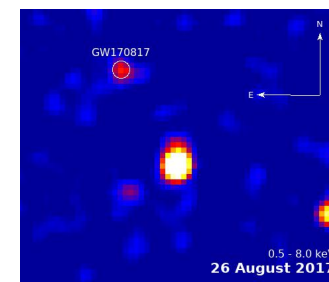


Abbott *et al.* (LIGO Scientific Collaboration and Virgo Collaboration)  
2017, Phys. Rev. Lett. **119**, 161101

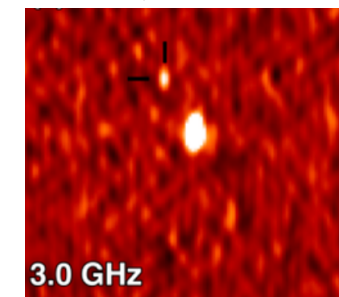
# The aftermath of a NS merger



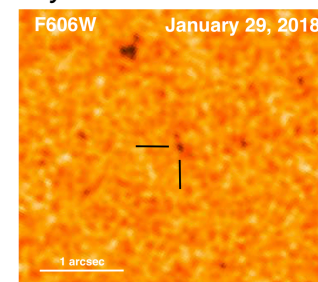
*Troja+17*



*Hallinan, Corsi+17*

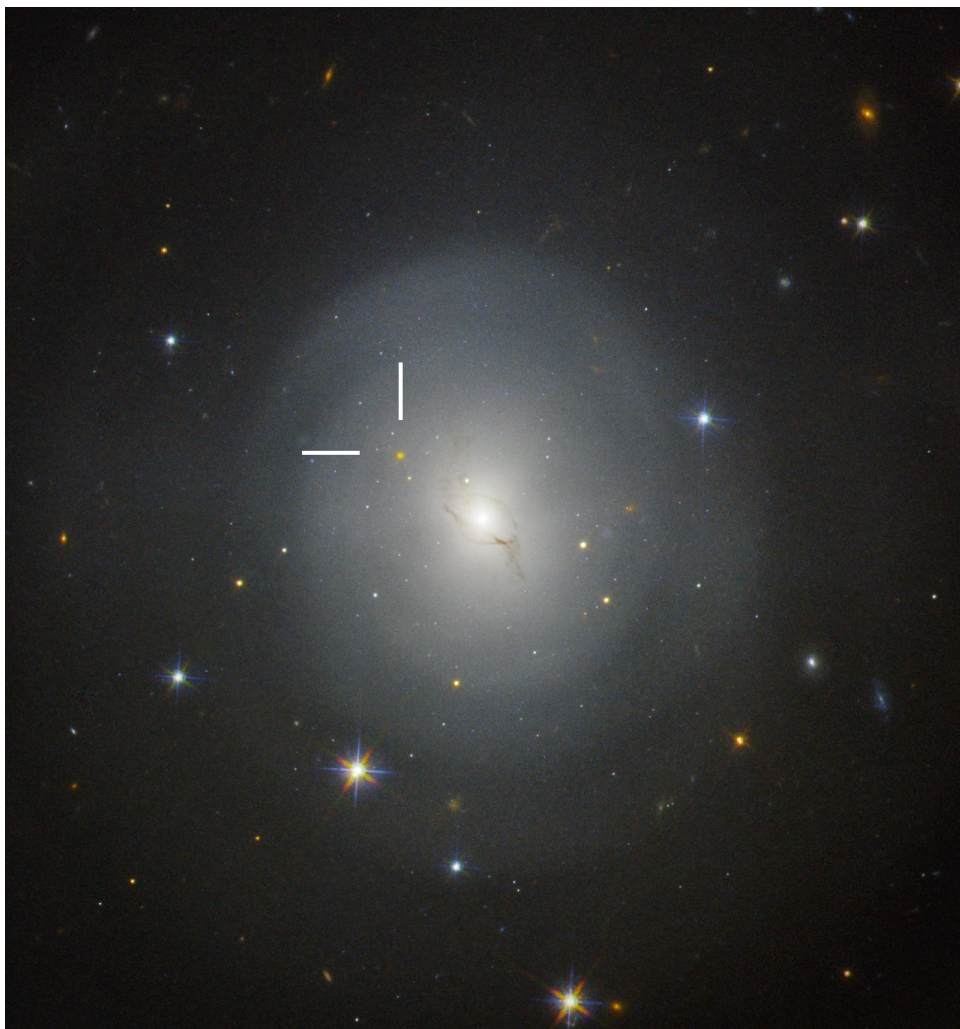


*Lyman+18*

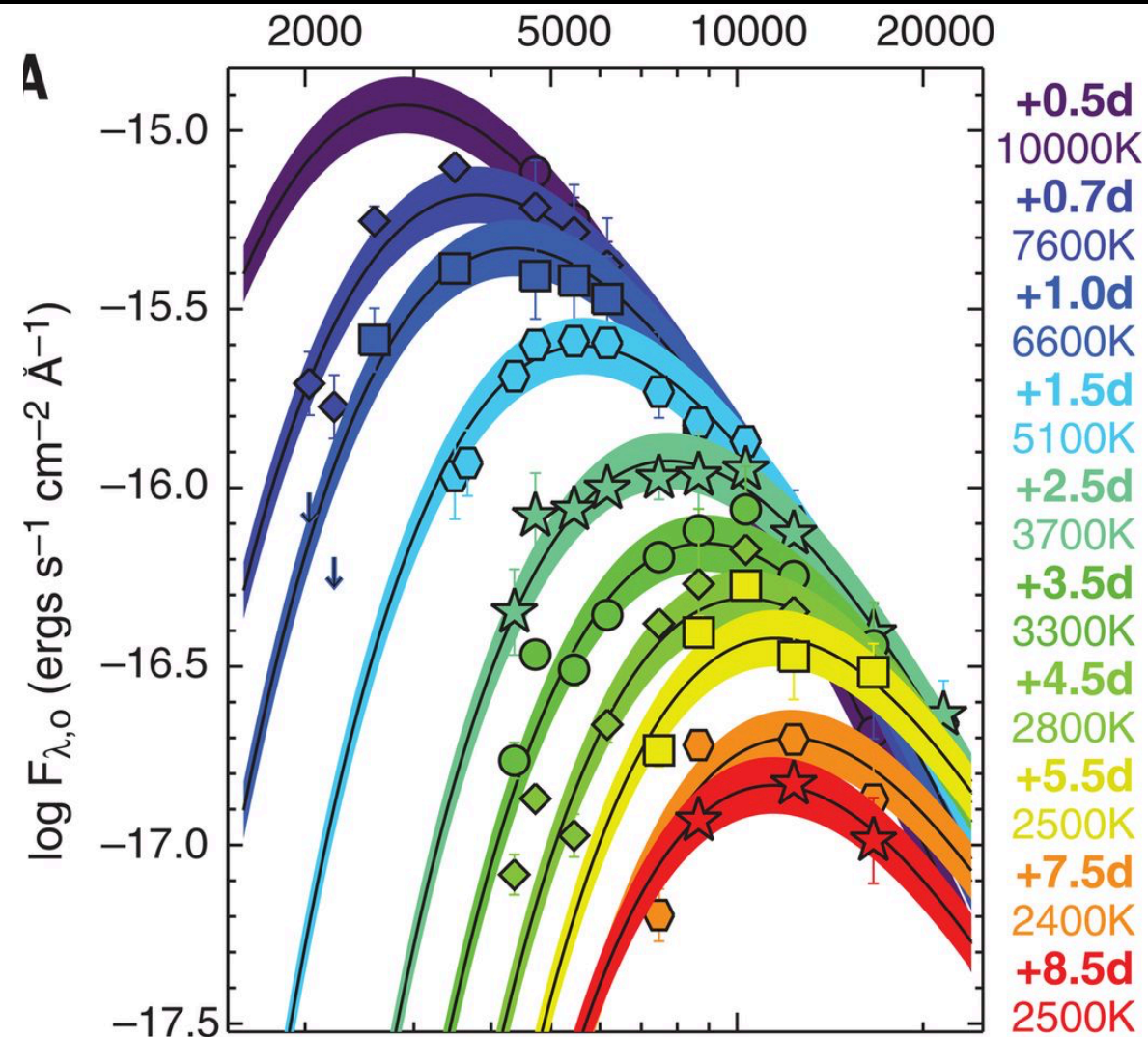




# The kilonova AT2017gfo



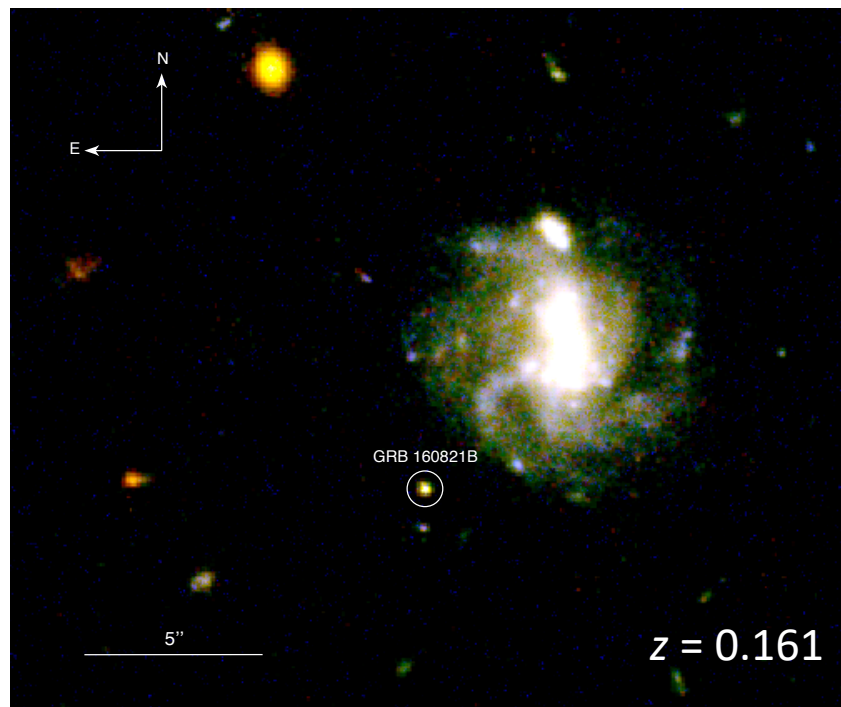
Troja+17, Levan+17, Tanvir+17



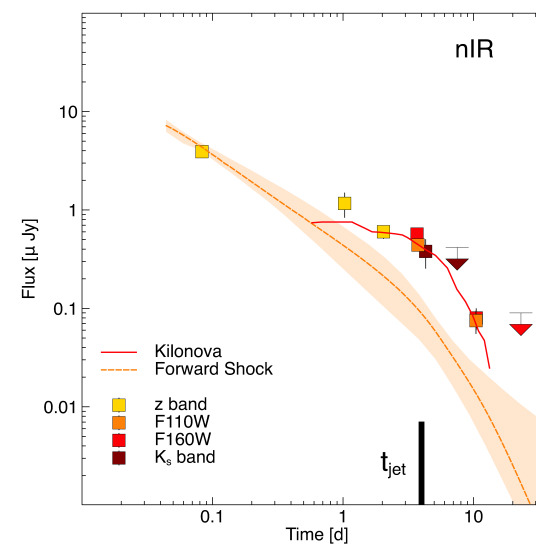
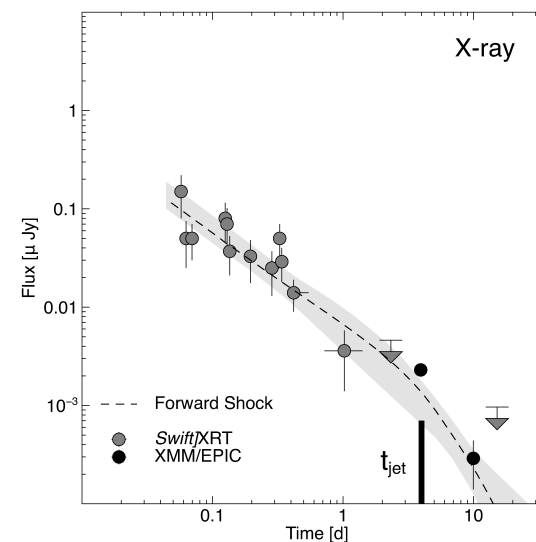
Drout+17, Pian+17, Smartt+17



# A kilonova in GRB160821B

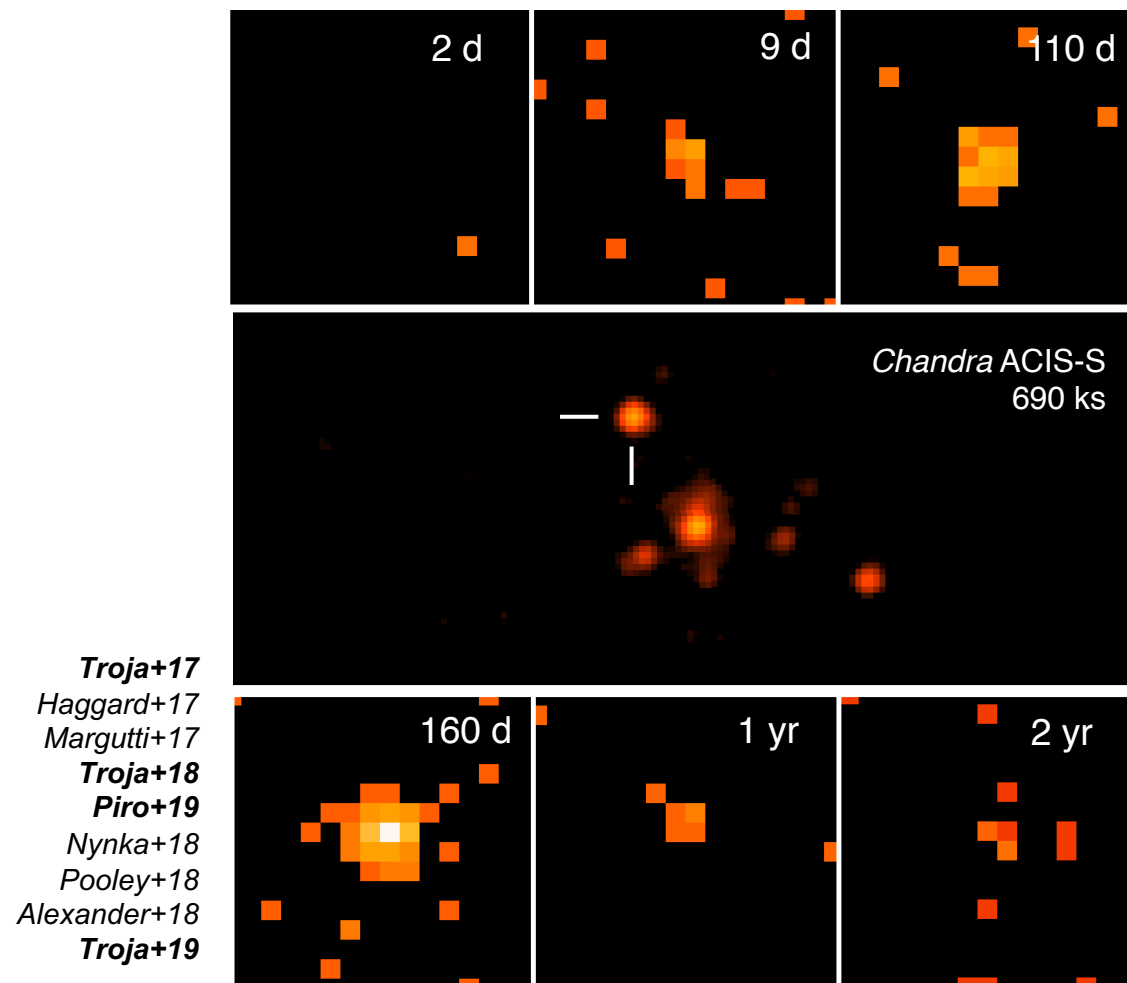


**Troja, Castro-Tirado et al. 19**  
See also Gompertz+18, Rossi+19, Lamb+19





# The X-ray afterglow

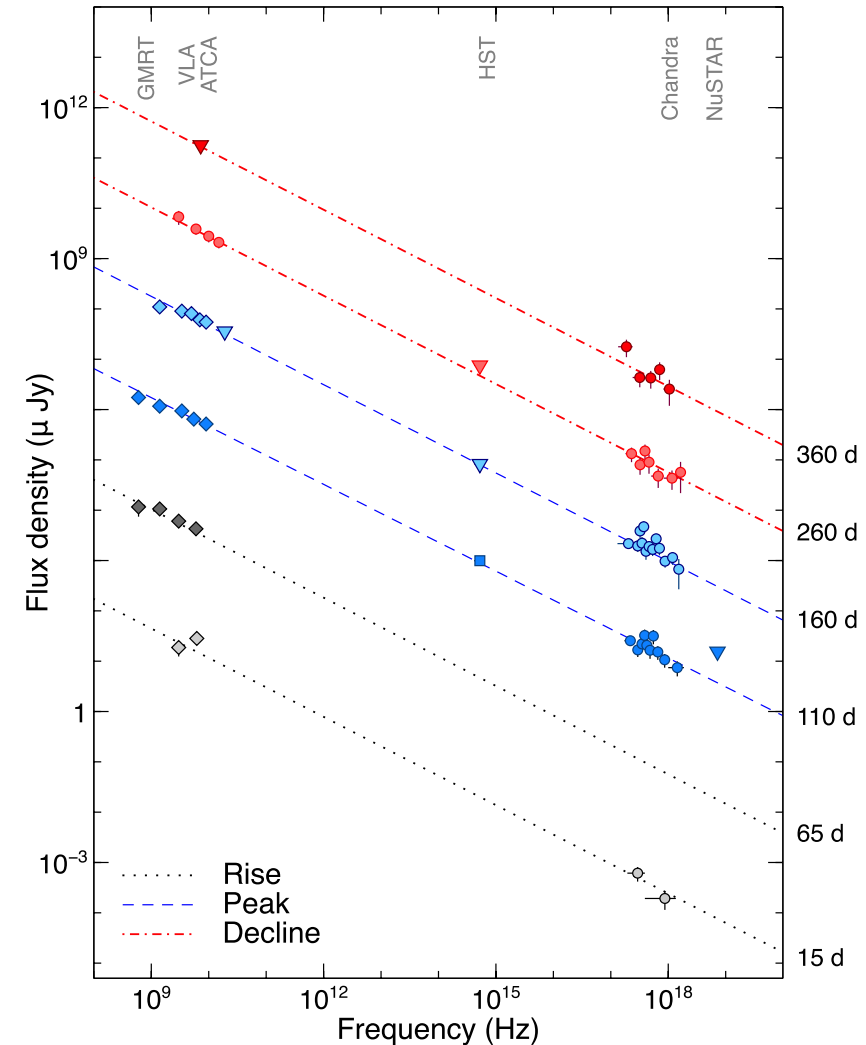
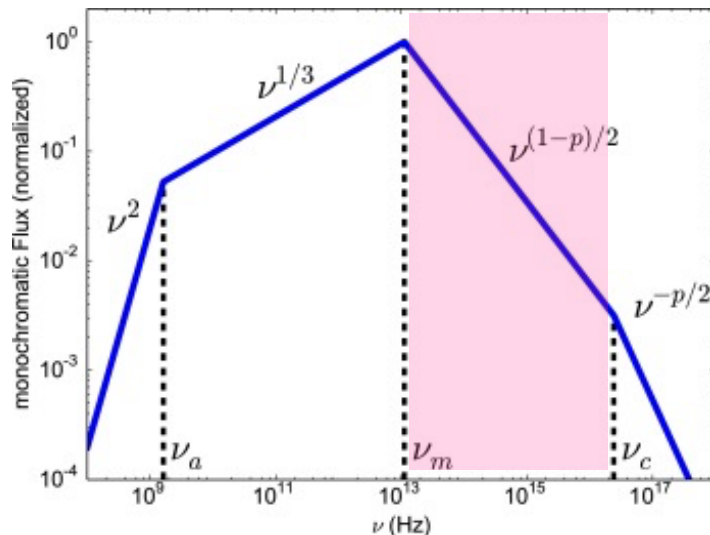




# No Spectral Evolution

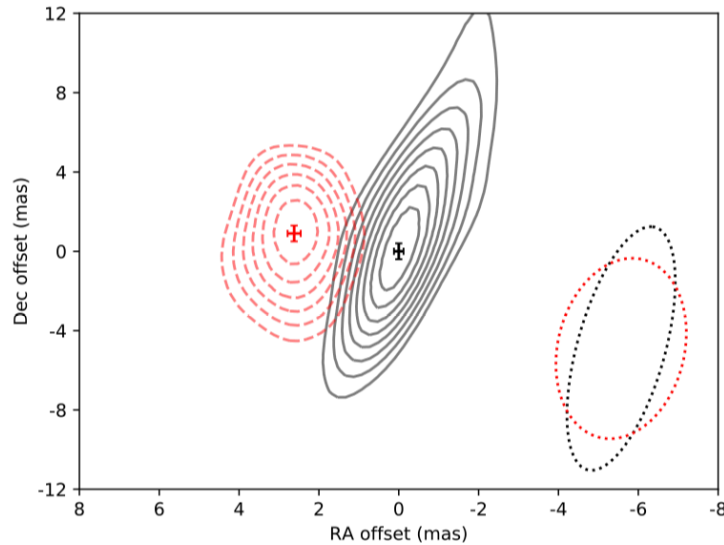
Simple power-law spectrum  
over 10 decades in energy

Consistent with synchrotron emission  
regime  $\nu_m < \nu_r < \nu_X < \nu_c$

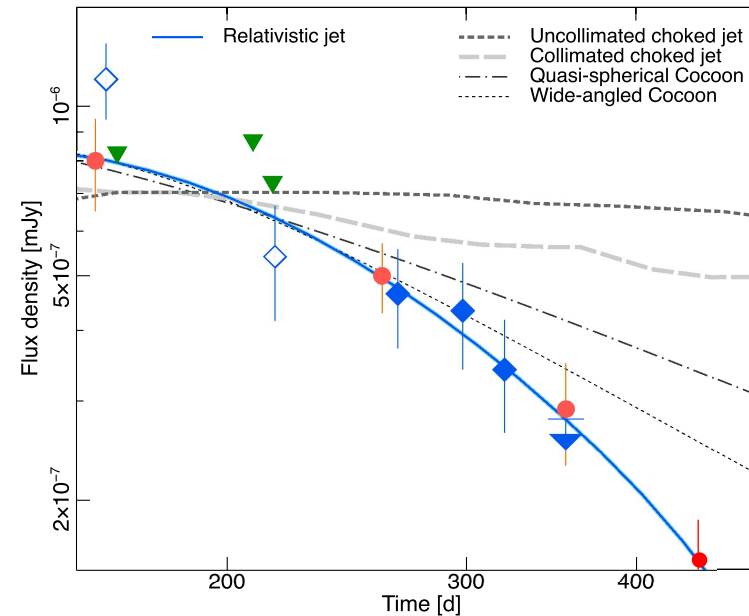




# Evidence for a relativistic jet



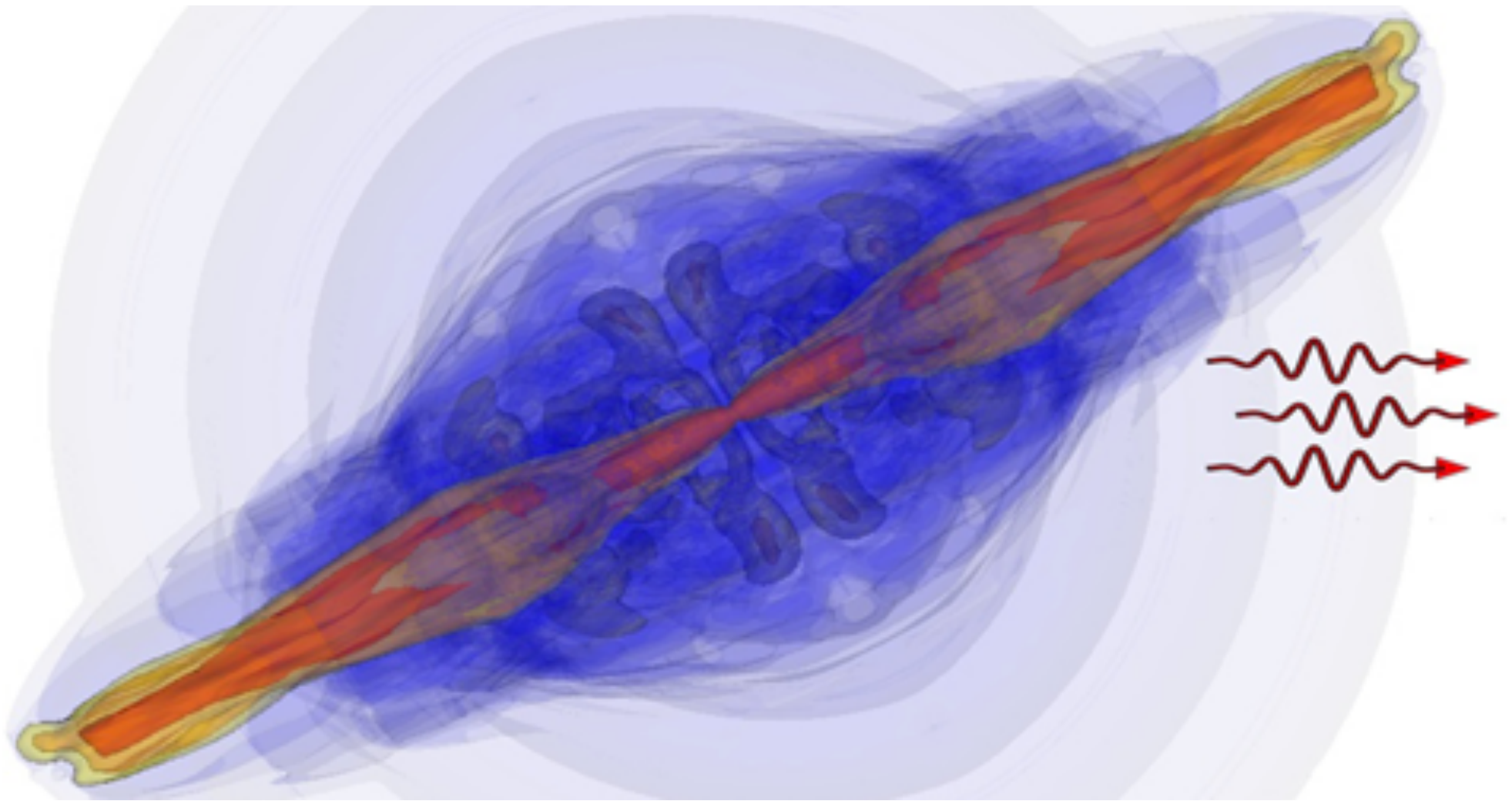
*Mooley et al., 2018*  
*Ghirlanda et al., 2019*



*Troja, van Eerten et al., 2019*

- **High-resolution radio imaging:** compact unresolved radio source  
superluminal motion
- **Temporal monitoring:** rapid afterglow decline

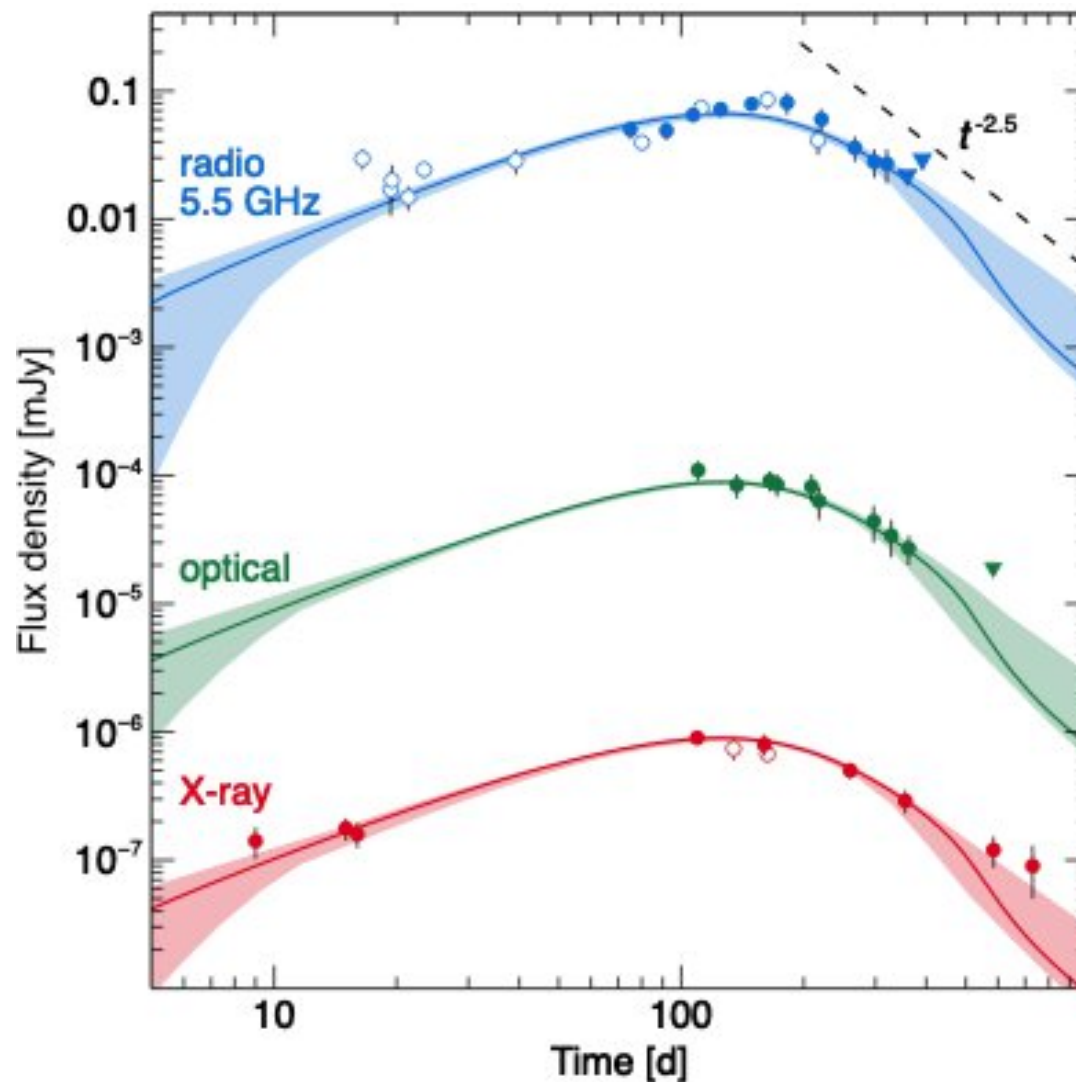
# A structured jet seen off-axis



Zhang & Meszaros 02  
Rossi+02  
Aloy+05  
Janka+05  
**Lazzati+18**  
Xu+18  
Kathirmagaraju+18  
**Ryan+19**



# Broadband afterglow modeling

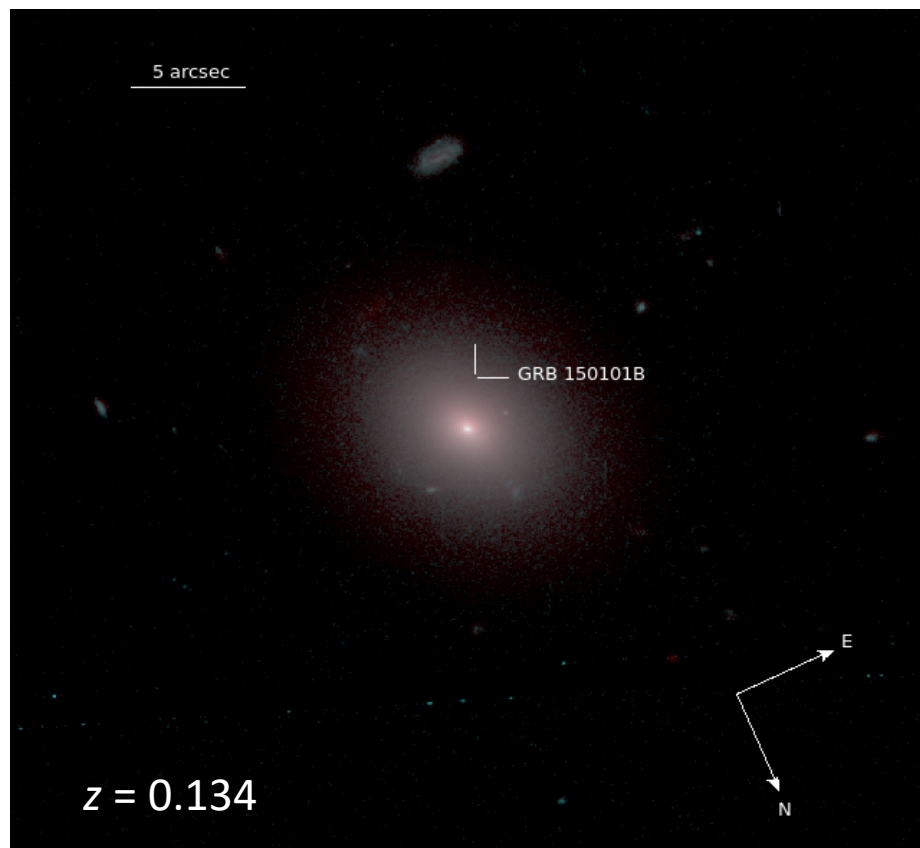


$\theta_{\text{jet}} \sim 5 \text{ deg}$   
 $\theta_{\text{view}} \sim 25 \text{ deg}$   
 $n \sim 10^{-2} - 10^{-4} \text{ cm}^{-3}$   
 $E \sim 10^{50} \text{ erg}$

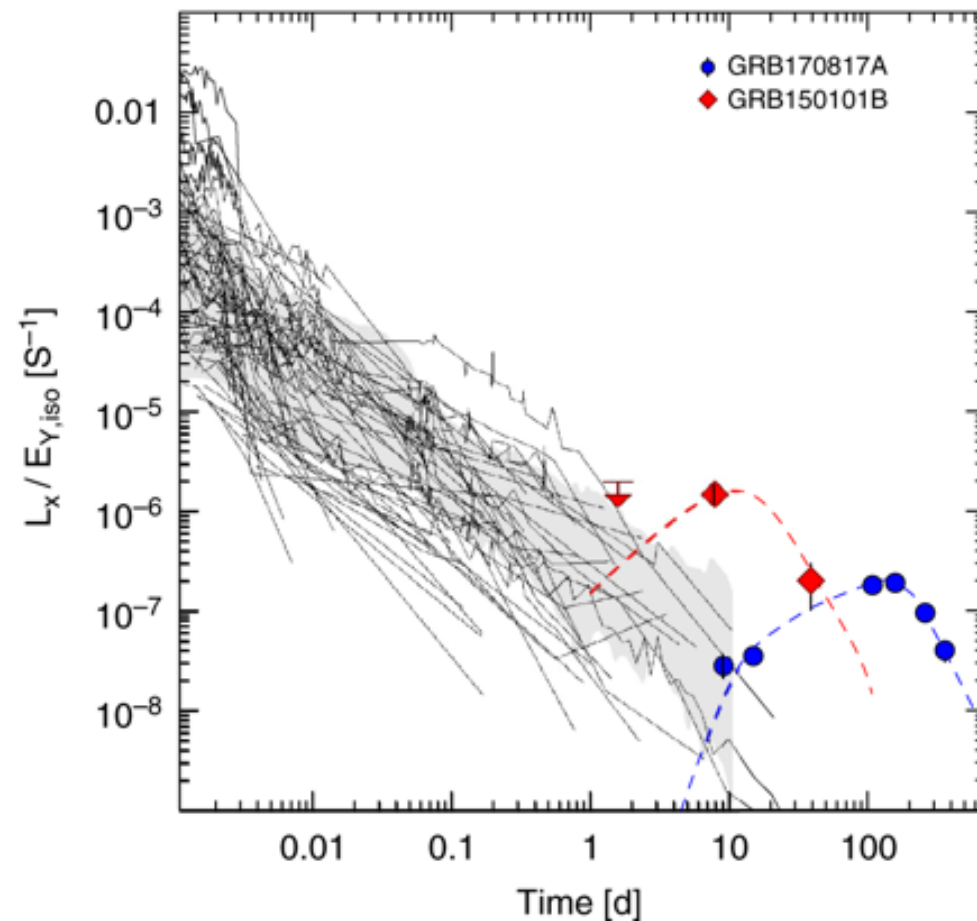
Typical of short GRB afterglows

EM viewing angle consistent  
with the binary inclination from  
GW data

# Analogues in the GRB sample: GRB 150101B

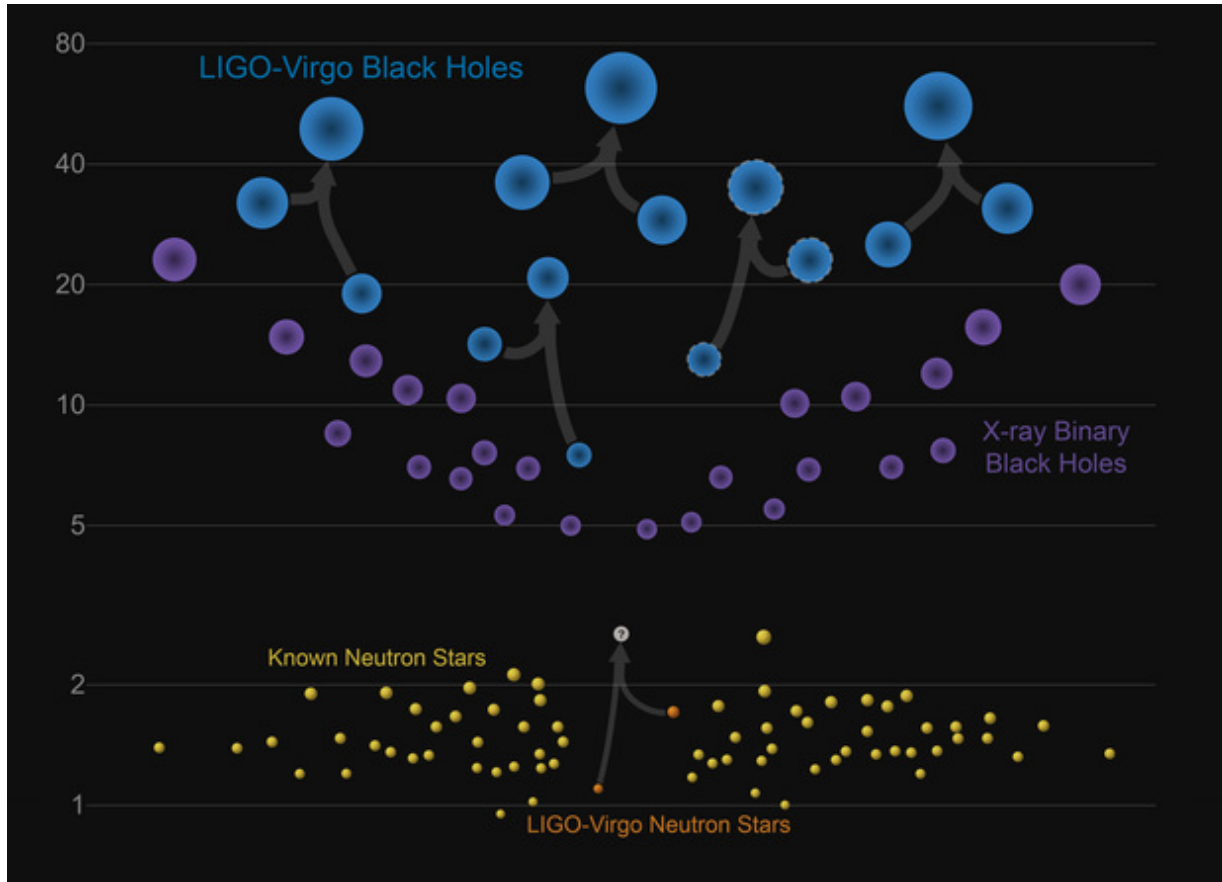


*Troja, Ryan et al. 18*





# Constraints on the remnant: NS or BH?



X-ray emission is very sensitive to the GRB central engine: sporadic emission of energy (flares) or continuous spin-down energy injection (plateaus).

$$B < 10^{12} \text{ G}$$

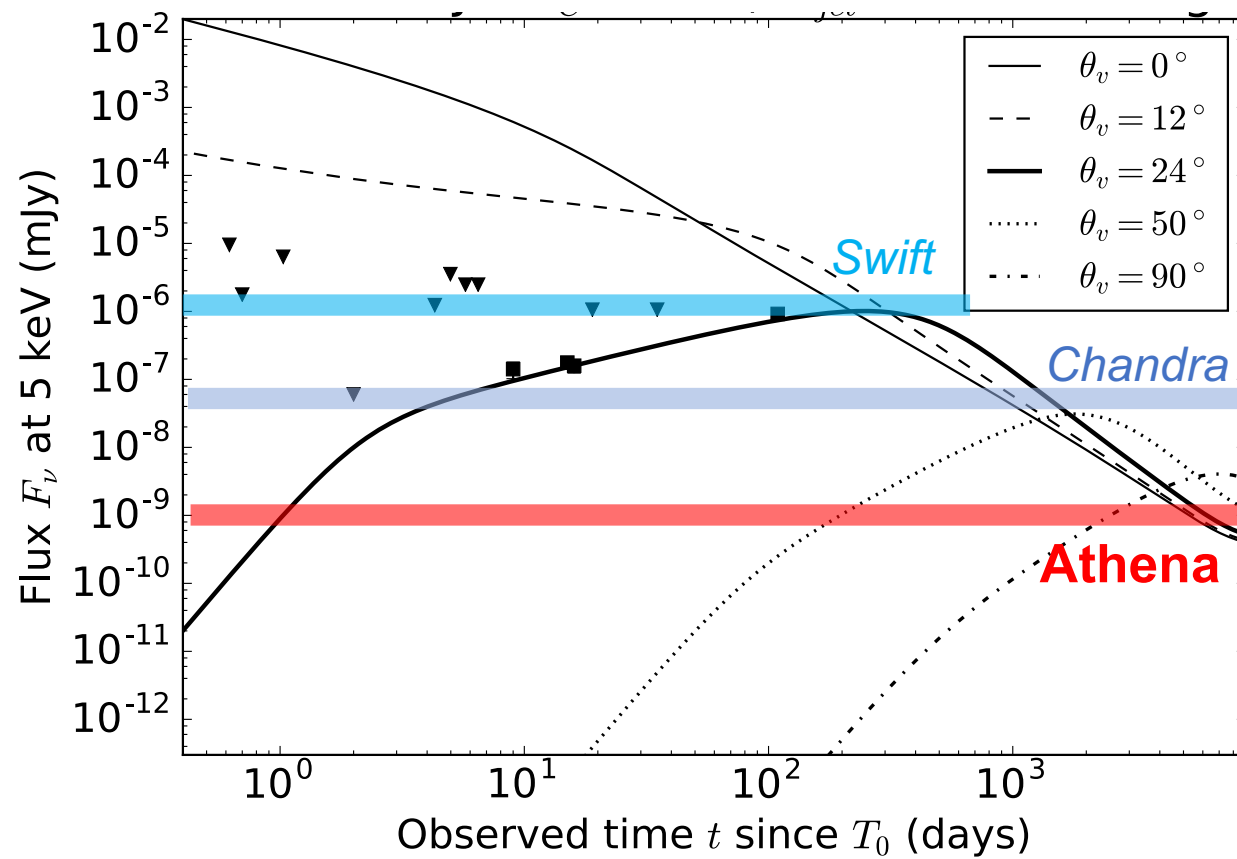
BH

*Pooley+18*

or stable low-B NS

*Piro+19*

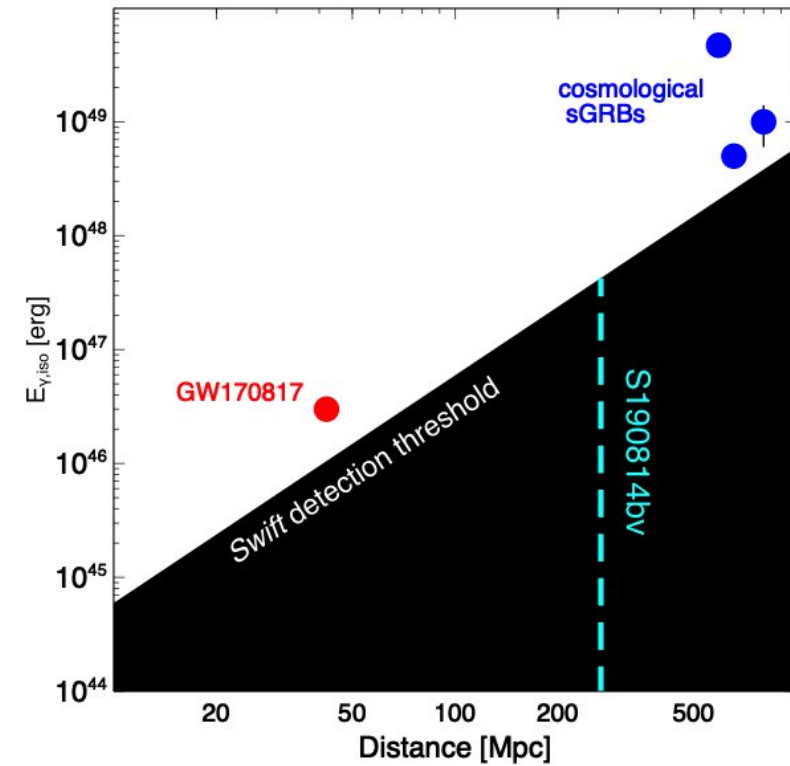
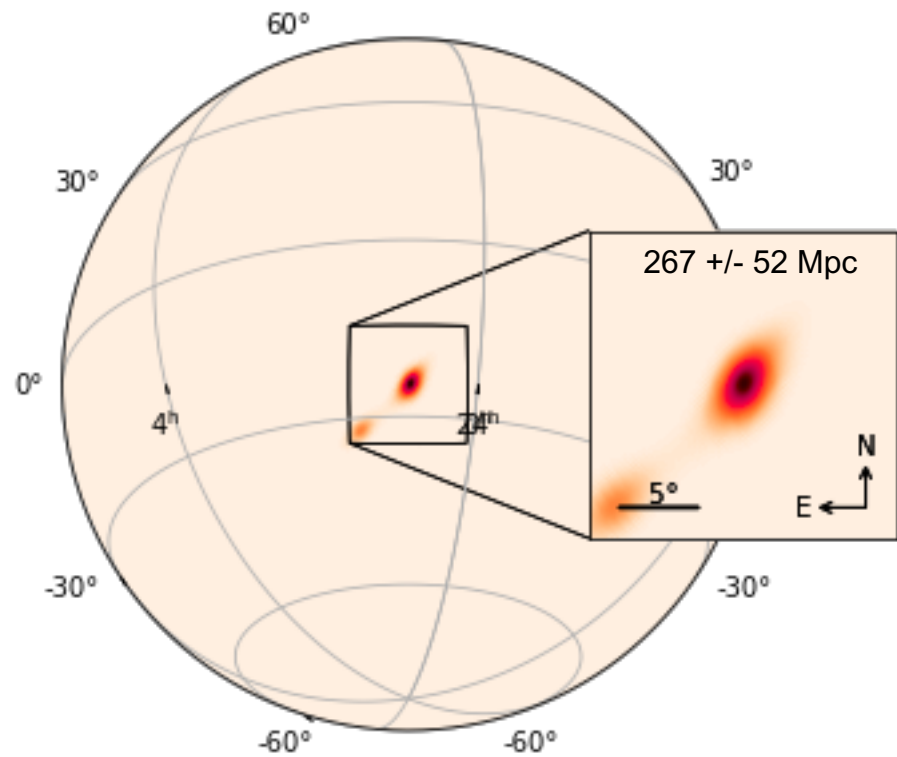
# Future perspectives





# A NS-BH merger?

S190814bv



# Summary

- NS mergers can launch collimated relativistic outflows (jets) powering GRBs
- Viewing angles play an important role:  
Similar explosions might look very different
- GW170817: an extraordinary ordinary short GRB  
A few similar events might have been seen before
- Kilonovae (r-process nucleosynthesis) common in short GRBs
- ATHENA will probe a wider range of explosions