Genesis - SKA

The Cradle of Life

From protostellar disks to planetary atmospheres with SKA: Back to cm-wavelengths with new perspectives

C. Codella (INAF, OA Arcetri)





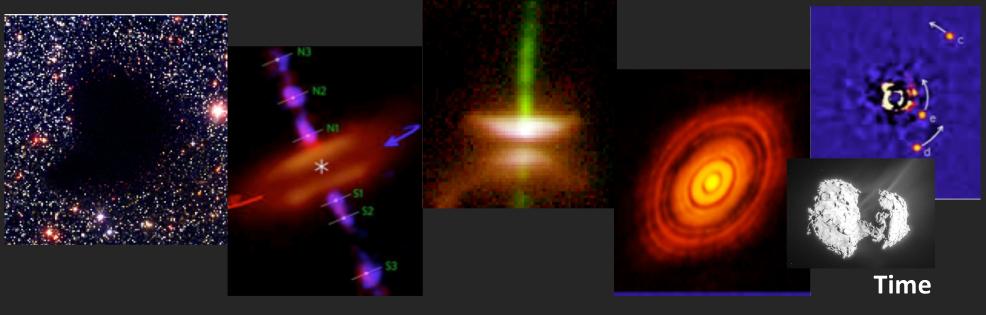


The Origin of the Solar System About 4.6 billions years ago, a small dense cloud of our Galaxy became the Solar System

What happened to that primordial cloud?



The formation of a Sun-like star

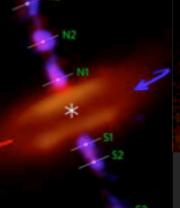




The formation of a Sun-like star The formation of a Solar System The emergency of life

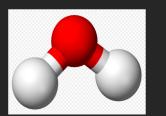
Planetary composition: disk chemical **reset** or **inheritance** ?

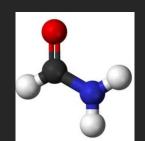


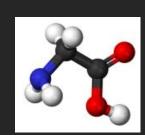


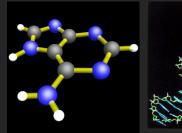


Time









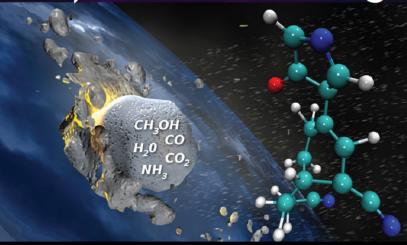


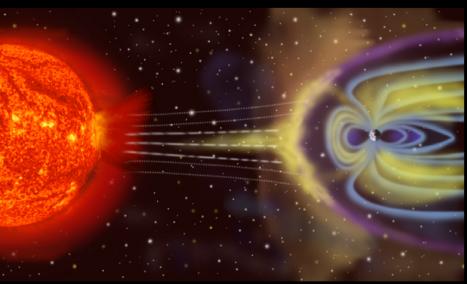
Cradle of Life Science Themes

1) How do rocky planets form?

2) How did life originate?







3) What are exoplanets like?

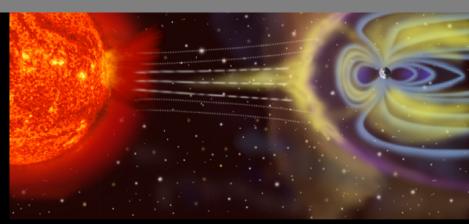
4) SETI project



ONTACT

Cradle of Life Science Themes 1) How do rocky planets form? 2) How did life originate? Co-chair: I. Jiménez-Serra (CAB, Spain) D. Johnstone (HIA, Canada) ~ 40 WG members Tl project

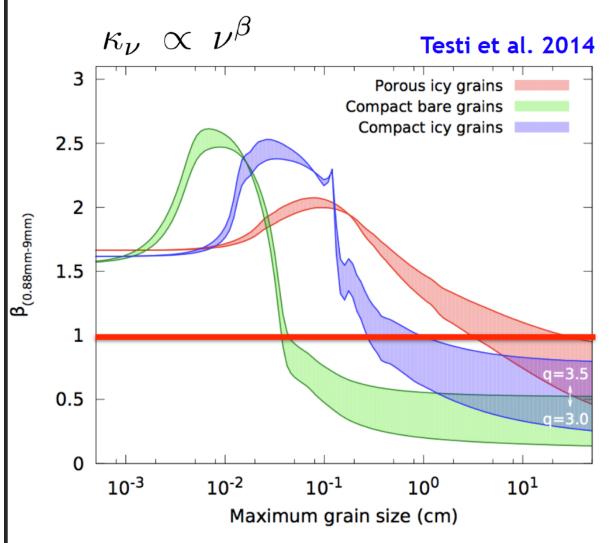
A message from deep space. Who will be the first to go? A journey to the heart of the universe.



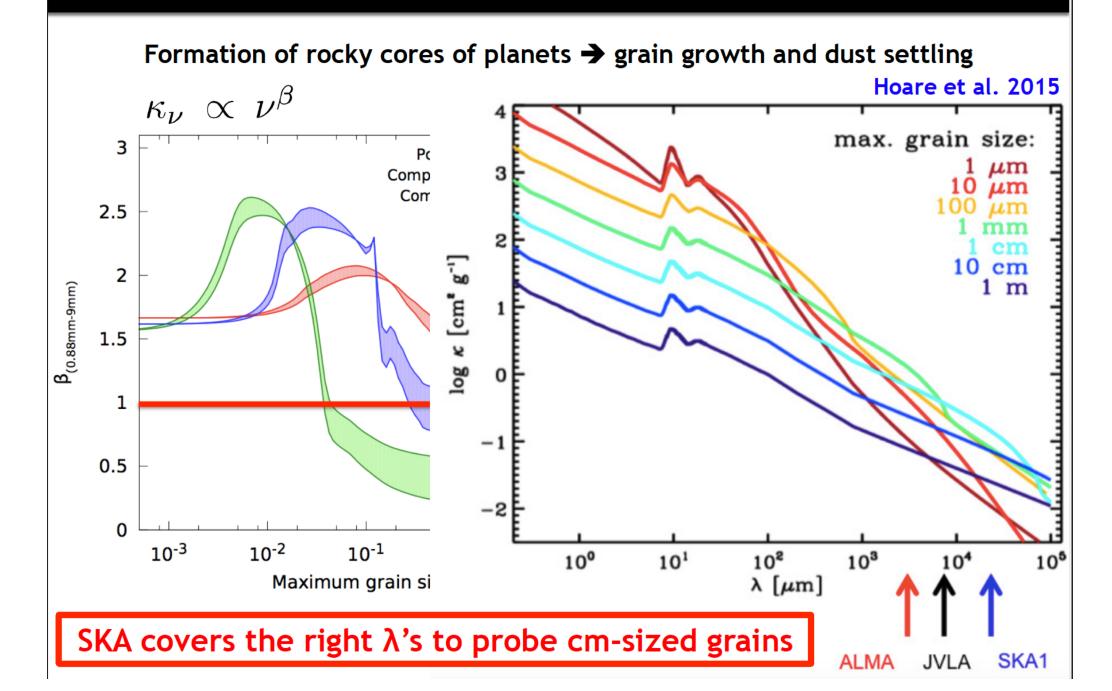
3) What are exoplanets like?

How do rocky planets form ?

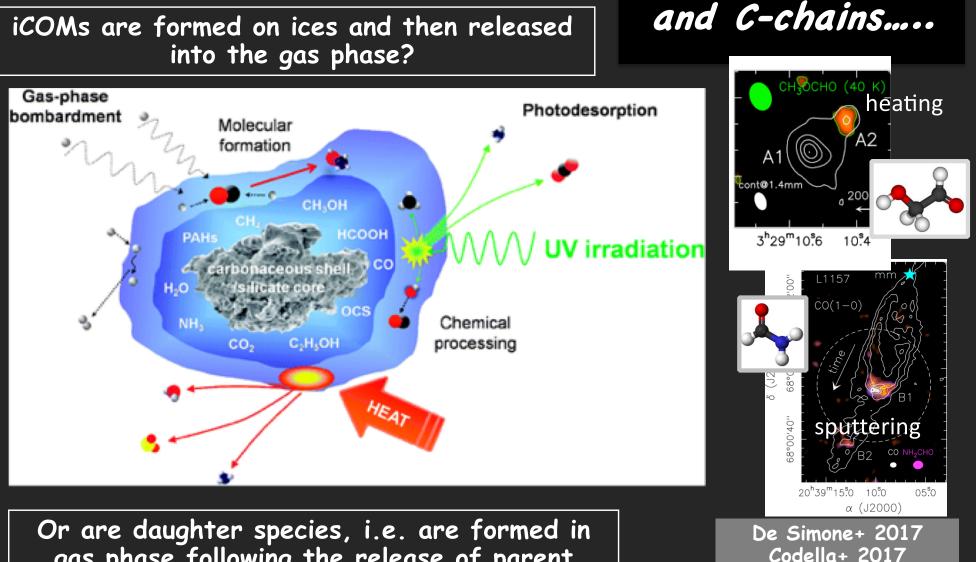
Formation of rocky cores of planets \rightarrow grain growth and dust settling



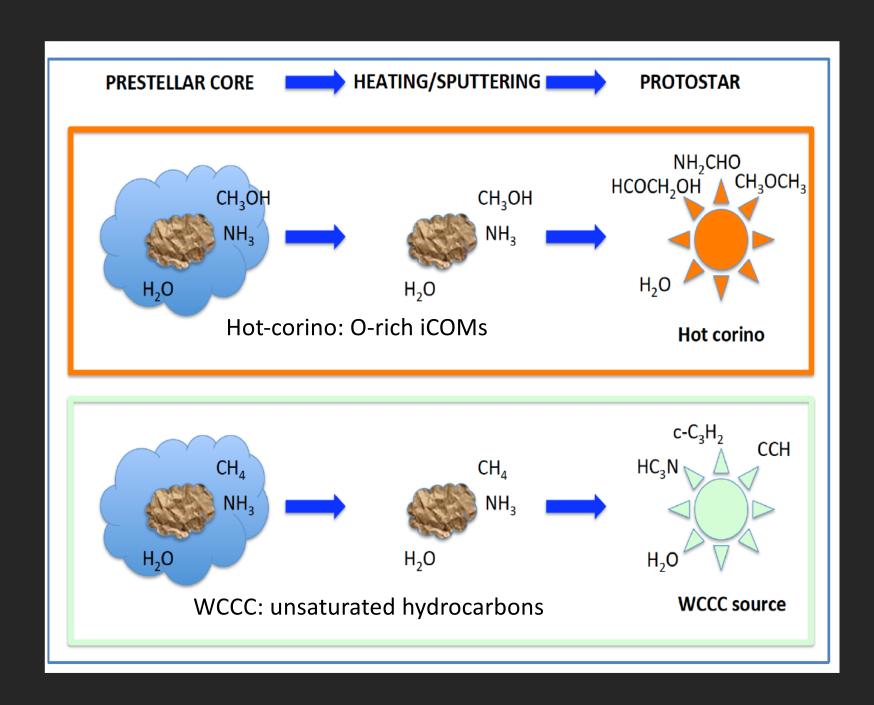
How do rocky planets form ?

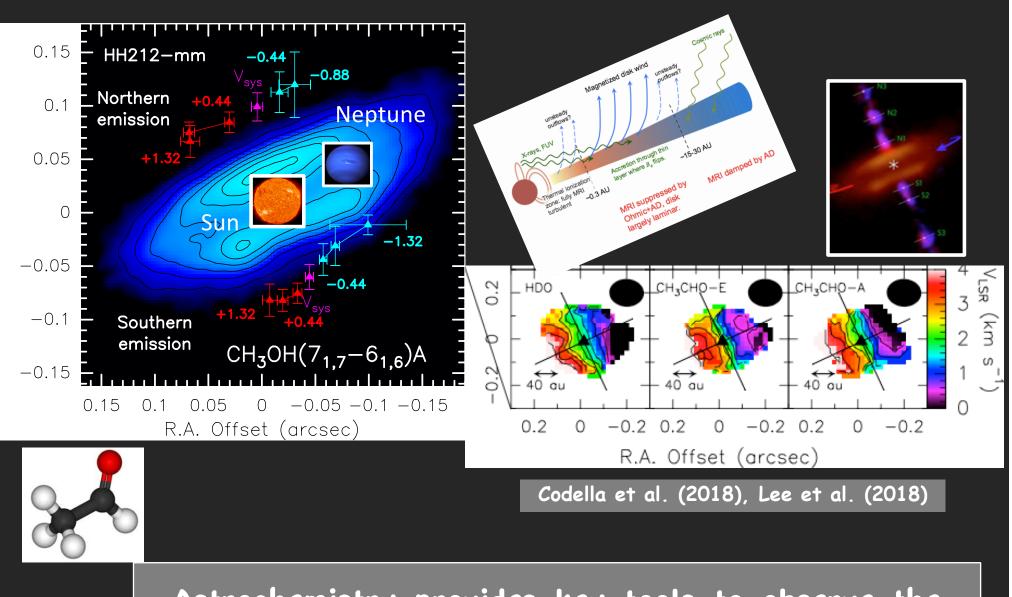


The formation of iCOMs (interstellar Complex Organic Molecules)

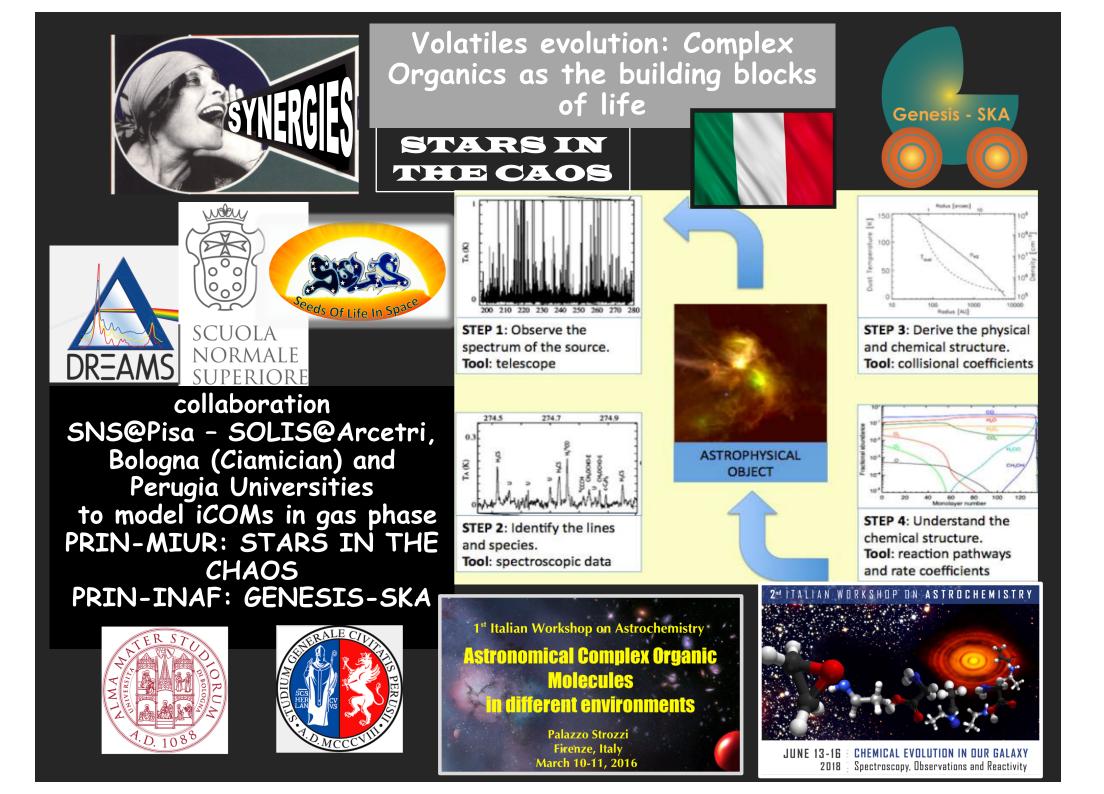


or are daughter species, i.e. are formed in gas phase following the release of parent species such as methanol?





<u>Astrochemistry</u> provides key tools to observe the fundamental processes (accretion, ejection) sculpting the cradle of a star (and its planetary system)





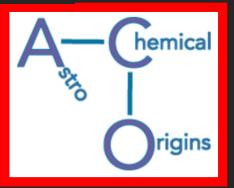
EU-ITN ACO: AstroChemical Origins

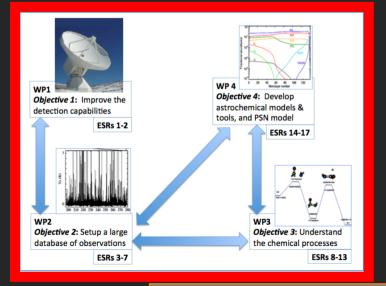


Marie Skłodowska-Curie Innovative Training Networks

GOAL: to unveil the early history of the Solar System by studying the chemical composition of young Solar analogs

METHODOLOGY: synergy between observers, chemists & laboratory experiments





C. Ceccarelli (Université Grenoble) C. Codella (INAF-Arcetri, I) S. Viti (UCL, UK) P. Ugliengo (UniTo, I) A. Rimola (UBA, ES) N. Balucani (UniPg, I) L. Piccirillo (Manchester, UK) C. Vastel (Touluse, FR) P. Theulé (AMU, FR) D. Ascenzi (UniTn, I)

INAF: 2 PhD students + 400 kEuro

GENESIS-SKA: GEneral conNditions in Early planetary Systems for the rISe of life with SKA

PRIN-SKA INAF 2016 (480 kEuro 2 TD, 6 AR)

synergy between the following INAF nodes:

Arcetri Palermo Catania Capodimonte IAPS Monteporzio Padova Brera C. Codella (INAF – OAA)



The Cradle of Life

www.genesis.inaf.it



GENESIS - SKA 4 columns





1. PLANET FORMATION: Models, simulations, & observations

2. VOLATILES EVOLUTION: Complex Organics as the building blocks of life

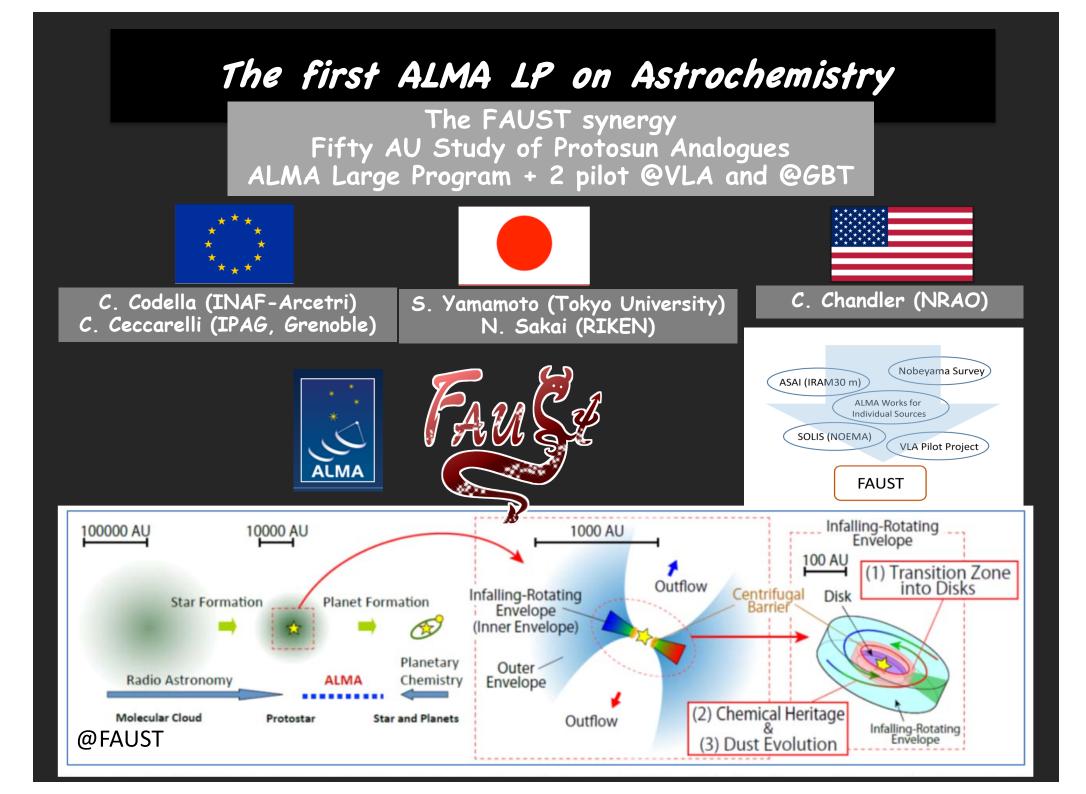
3. LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS

4. COMMUNICATION AND DISSEMINATION

Vind Protoplanetary Disk Pro

See Boccato's talk

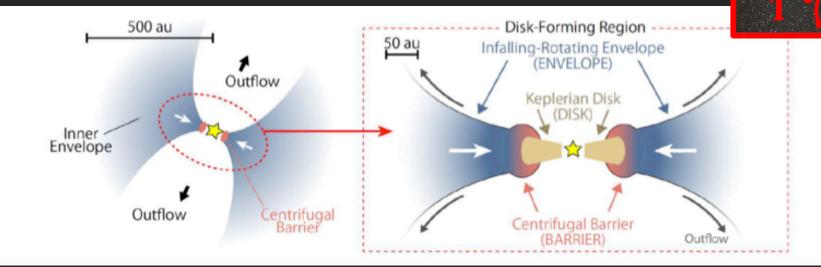




GOALS:

Is the chemical diversity at a 1000 au scale also present in the inner envelope/disk system (50 au) ?

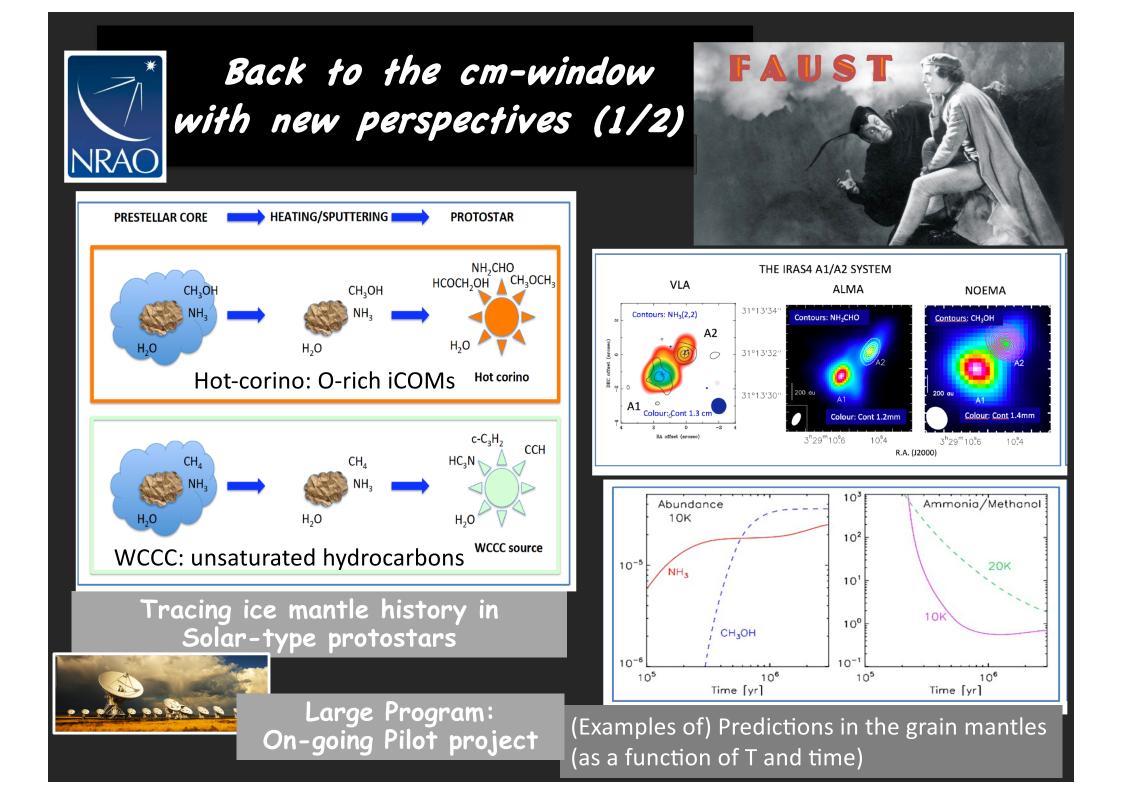
What molecules are passed from the envelope to the disk in which planets, asteroids, and comets form



Zone Probes

Envelope: $c-C_3H_2$, CS, (C_2H, OCS) Barrier: CH_3OH , SO, SiO, $(SO_2, COMs)$ Disk: H_2CO , $C^{18}O$ and HC_3N , (H_2CS)

- Molecular Complexity Probes CH₃OH, NH₂CHO, CH₃CHO, CH₃OCH₃, and HCOOCH₃
- Gas Ionization Probes H¹³CO⁺, DCO⁺ and N₂H⁺
- Deuterium-bearing Species c-C₃HD, N₂D⁺, HDCO, D₂CO and CH₂DOH





Hot-corino: O-rich iCOMs

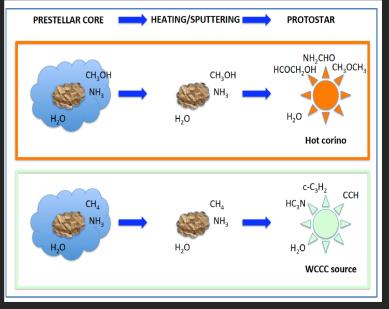
Back to the cm-window with new perspectives (2/2)

The missing information on large carbon chains rs



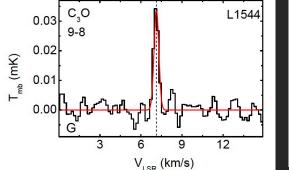
IRAS16293

HC₅N



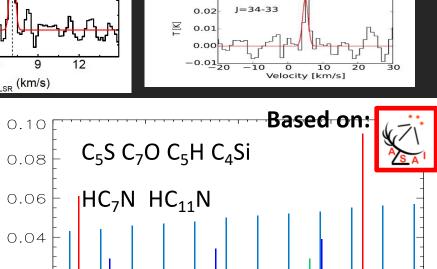
WCCC: unsaturated hydrocarbons

Large Program: On-going Pilot project



 \leq

_^m



I=31-30

0.02 0.00 12 13 14 15 16 Frequency [GHz]

0.03

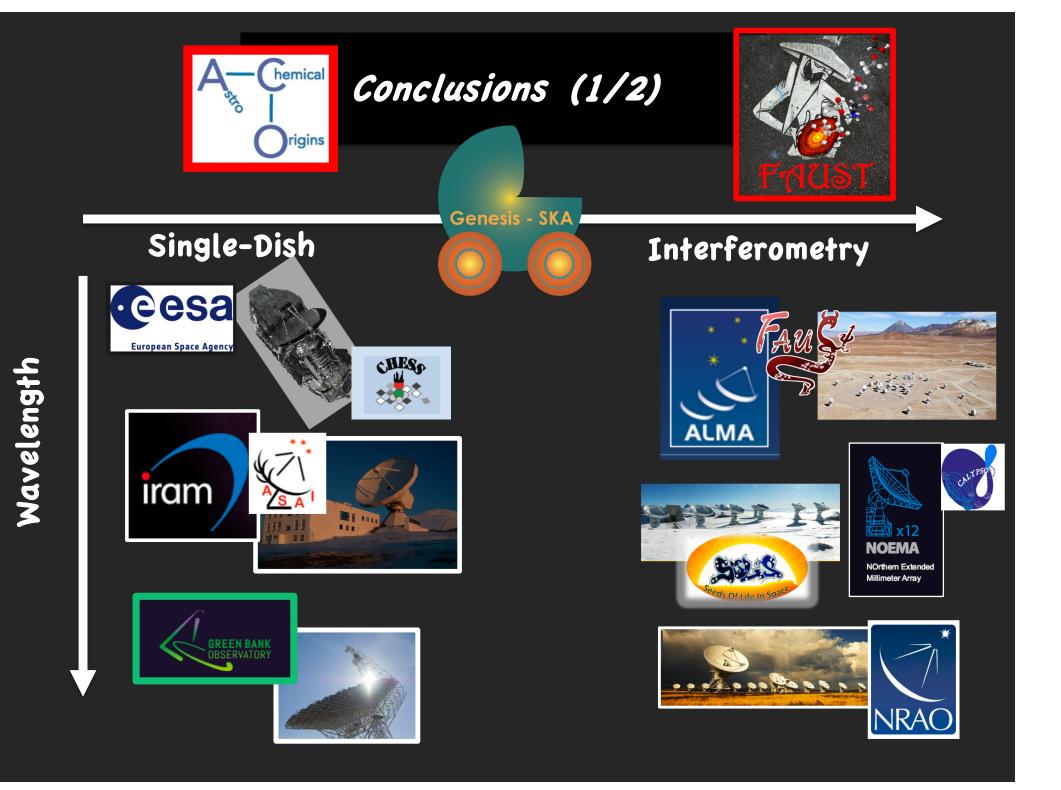
0.02

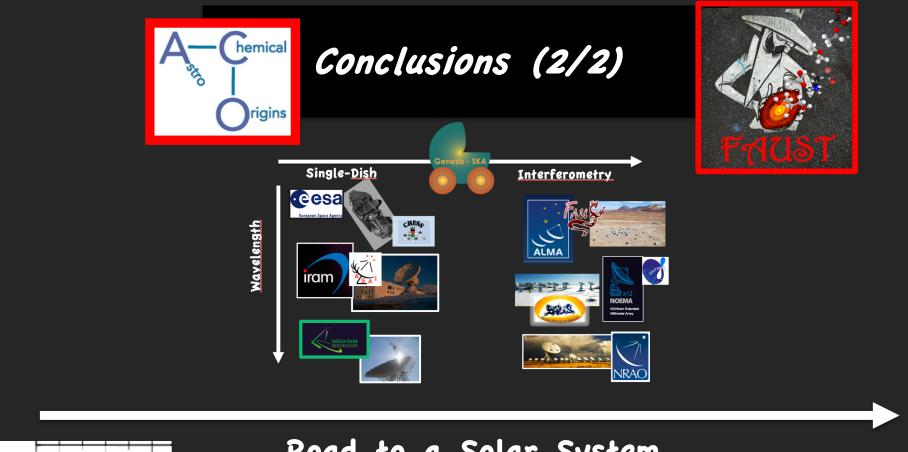
0.01

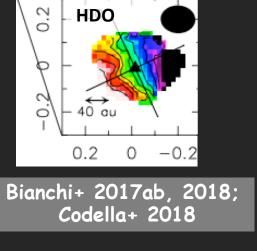
0.0

T [K]

Astrobiological context: cosmic-ray irradiation (Ceccarelli+14; Fontani+17; Favre+18)







Road to a Solar System

