

Gas & Dust

IN PROTOPLANETARY DISKS



Anna Miotello
ESO Fellow

ESO : L. Testi
C. F. Manara
Hsi-Wei Yen

MPE : S. Facchini
P. Cazzoletti
S. Bruderer

INAF : J. M. Alcalá
G. Guidi
C. Codella

Leiden: E. F. van Dishoeck
L. Trapman
S. van Terwisga
M. Hogerheijde

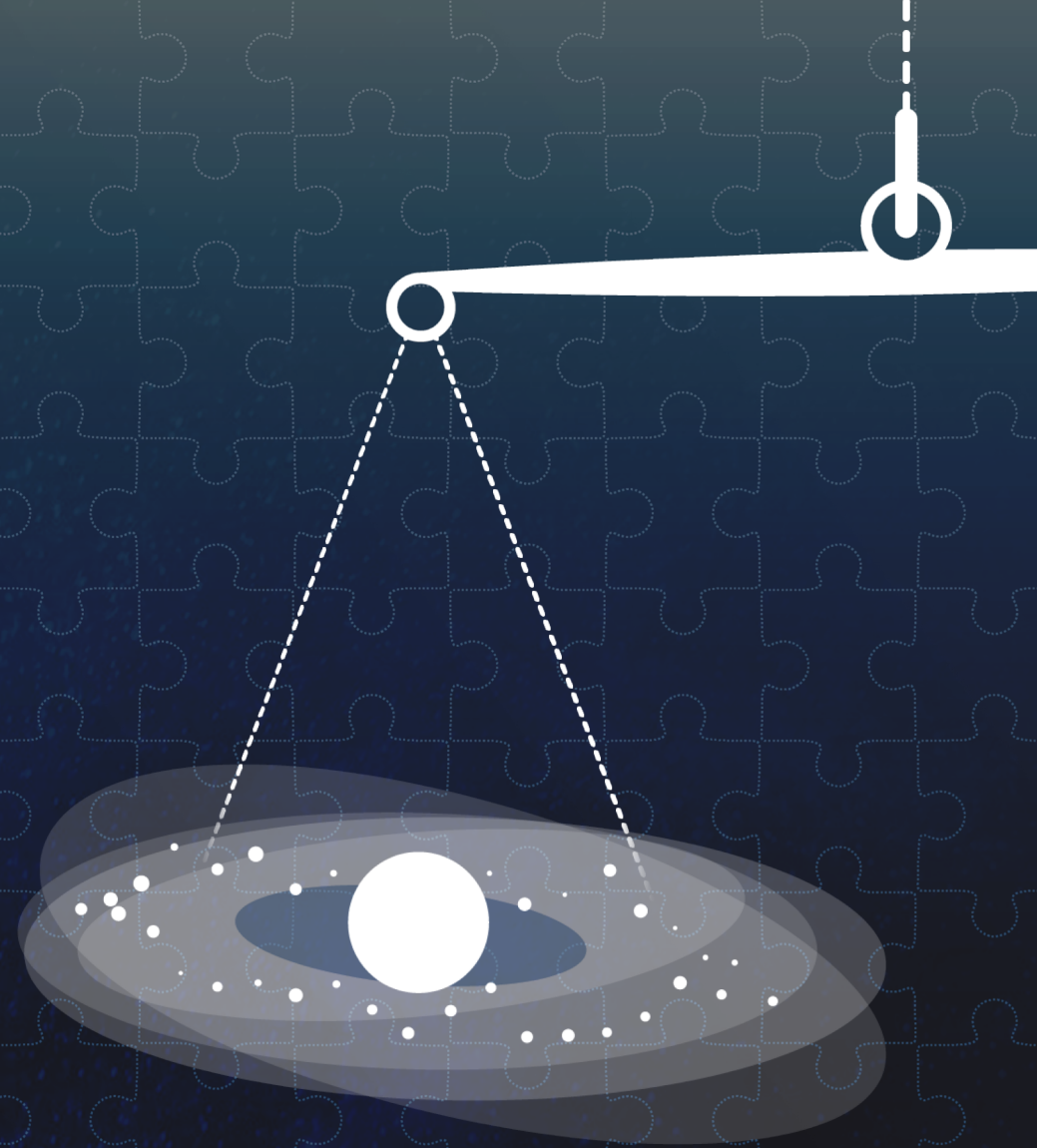
IfA : J. P. Williams

UCB: M. Ansdell

IoA : M. Tazzari

IPAG: M. De Simone

DIAS : A. Natta



Gas

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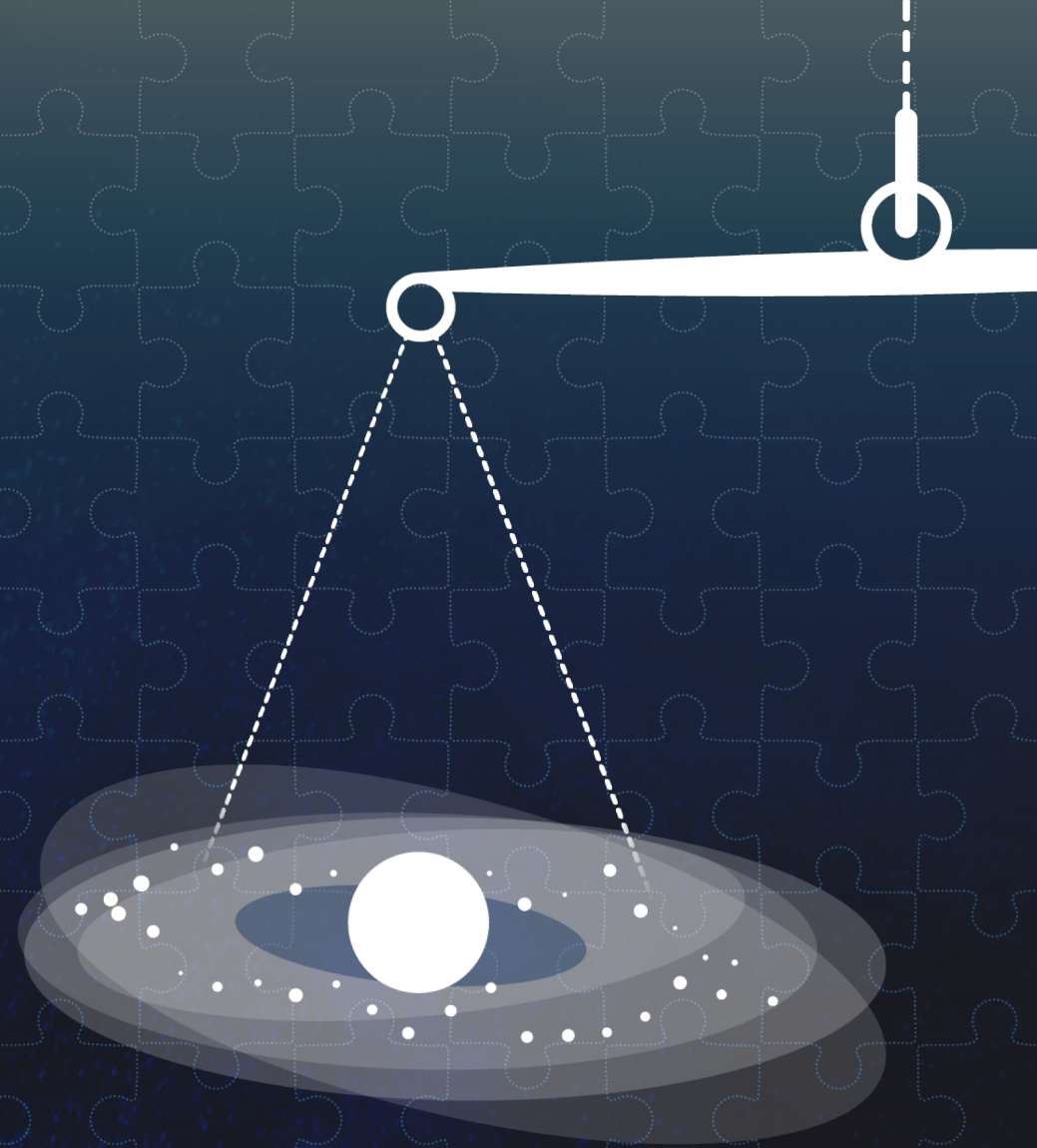
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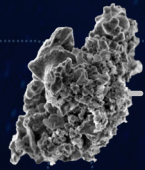
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PROTOPLANETARY DISK



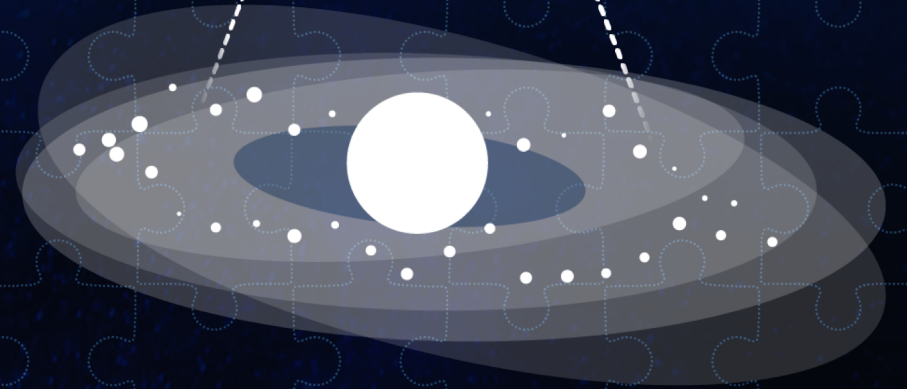
DUST

1%



GAS

99%



DUST DISTRIBUTION

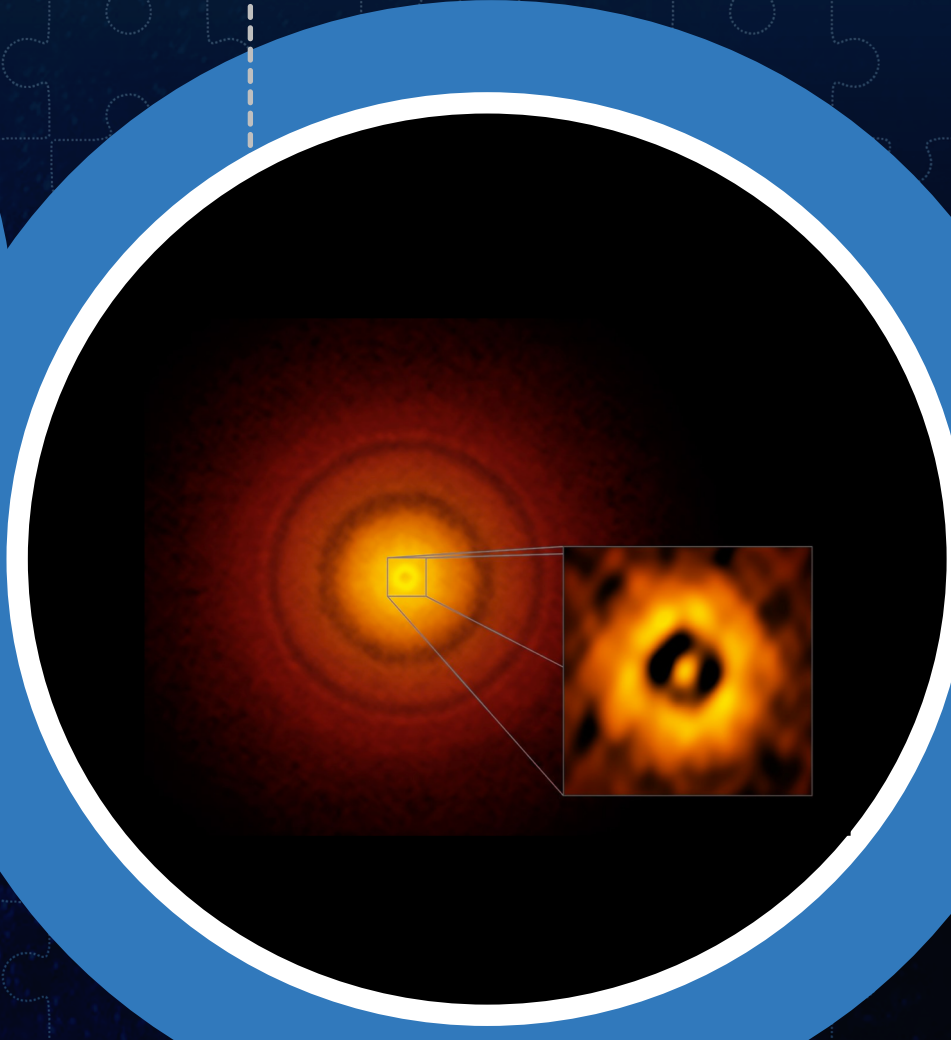
HL Tau

Credit: ALMA(ESO,NAOJ,NRAO)



TW Hya

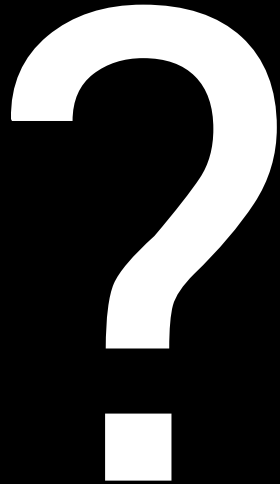
Credit: S. Andrews (CfA)
ALMA(ESO,NAOJ,NRAO)



See talk by Marco Tazzari

GAS DISTRIBUTION

disk dynamics
and evolution

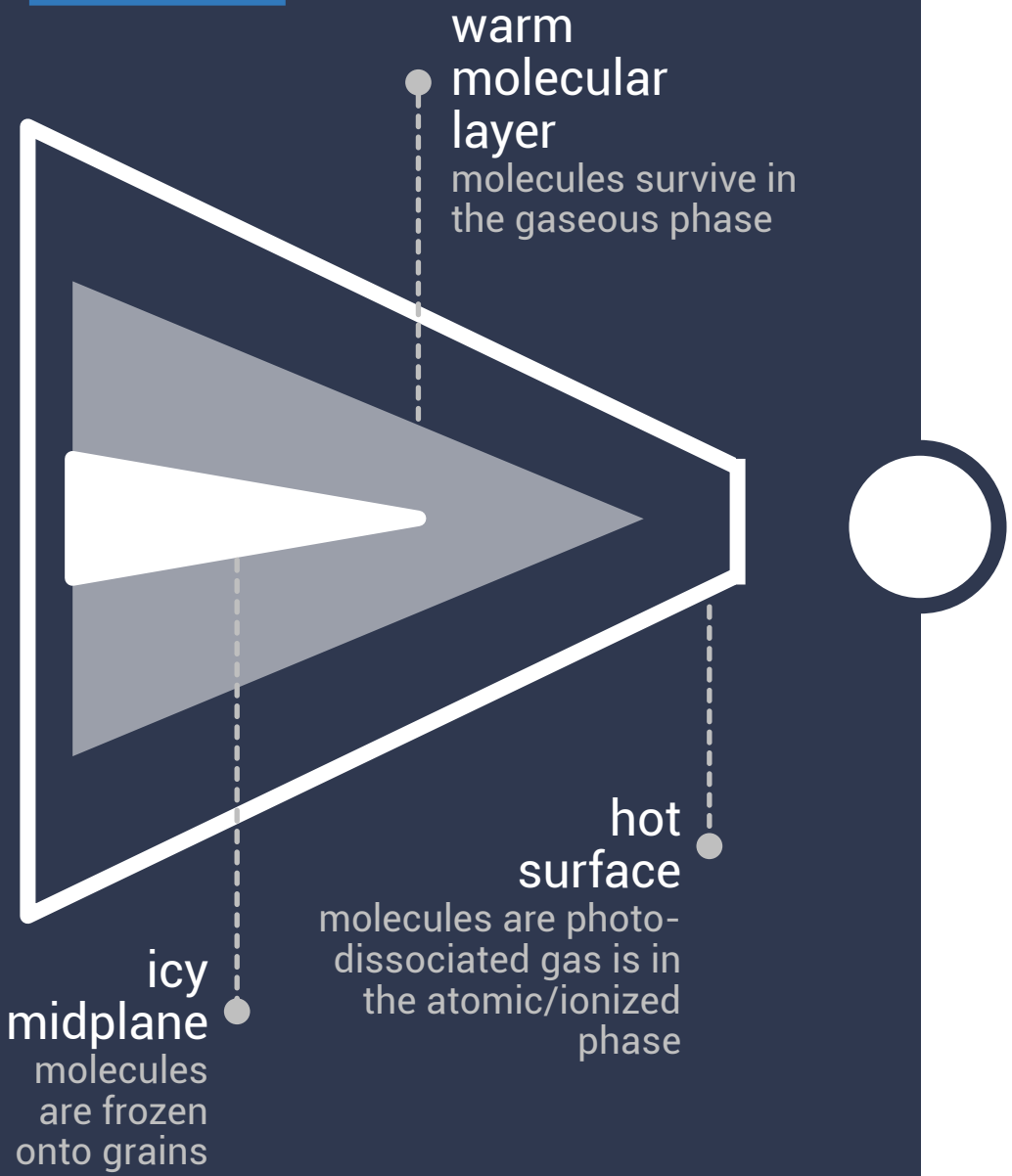


GAS MASS

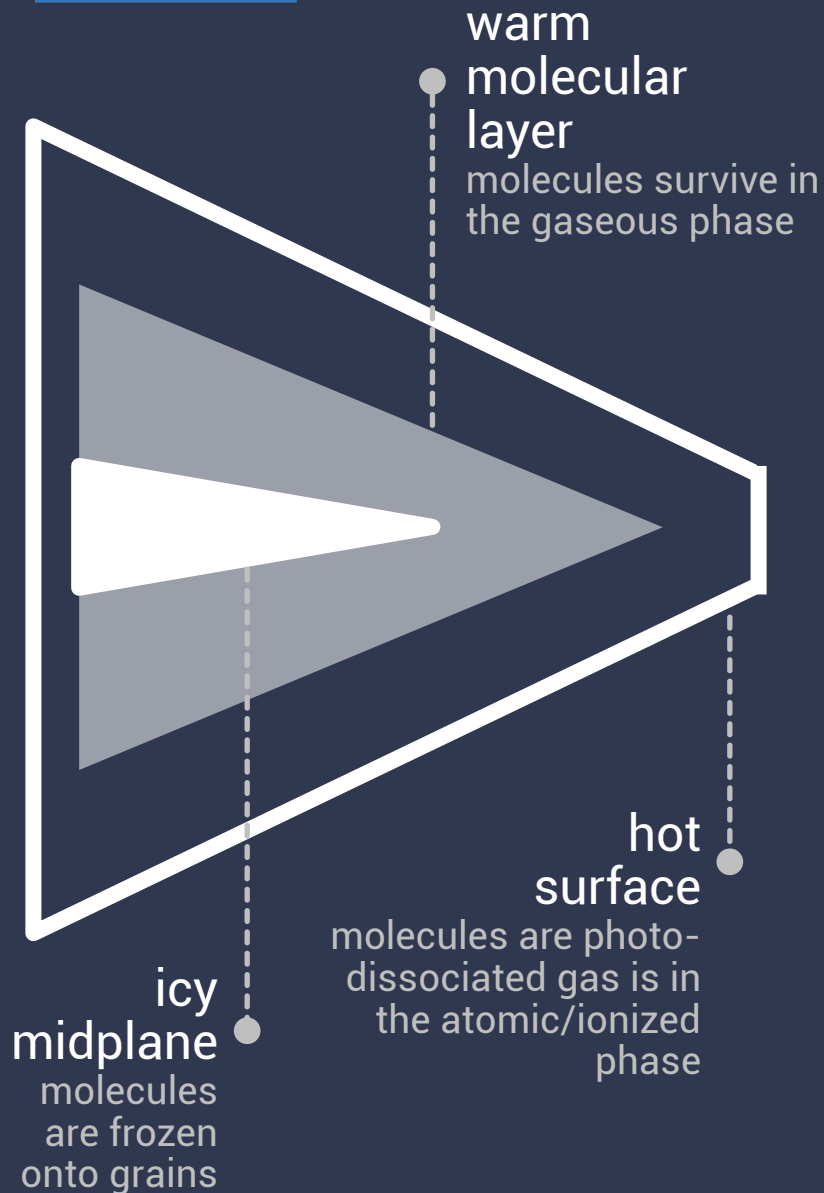
gaseous
planet
formation



BULK GAS

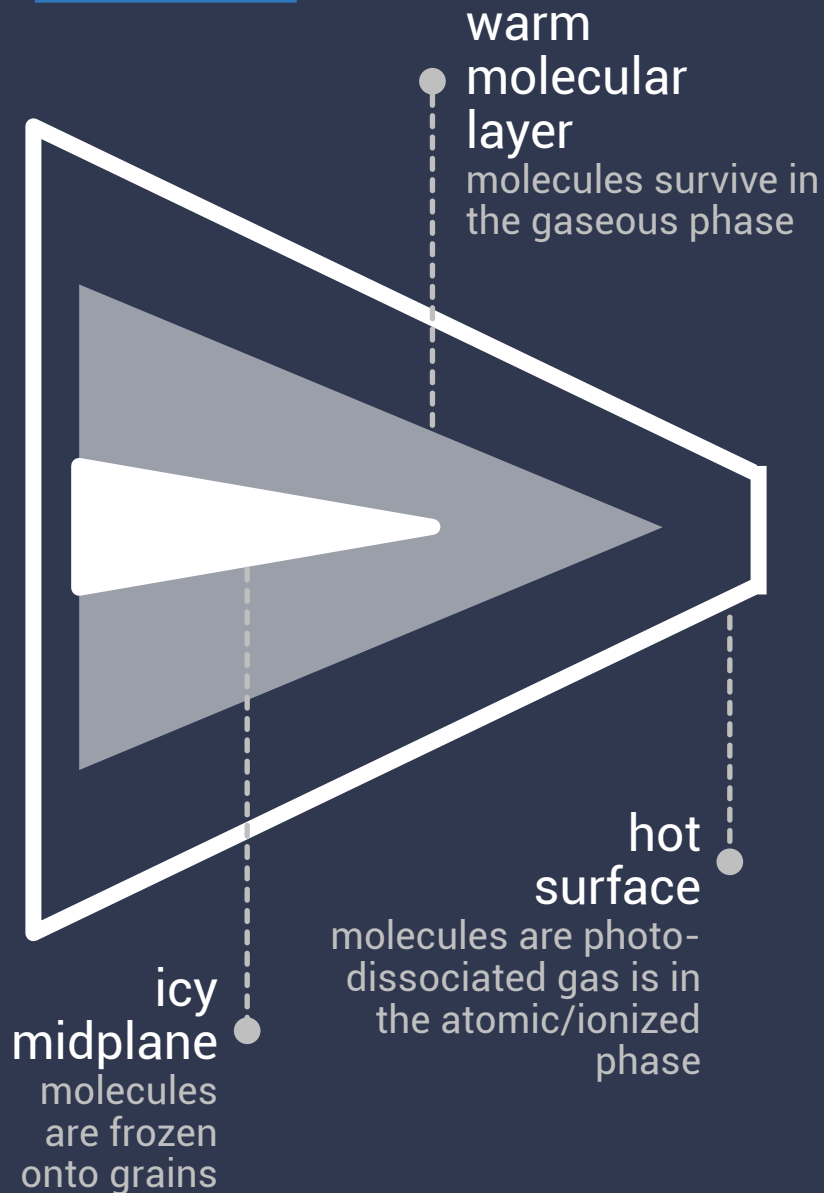


BULK GAS



- most abundant constituent
- no permanent electric dipole moment:
very weak rotational and vibrational lines

BULK GAS



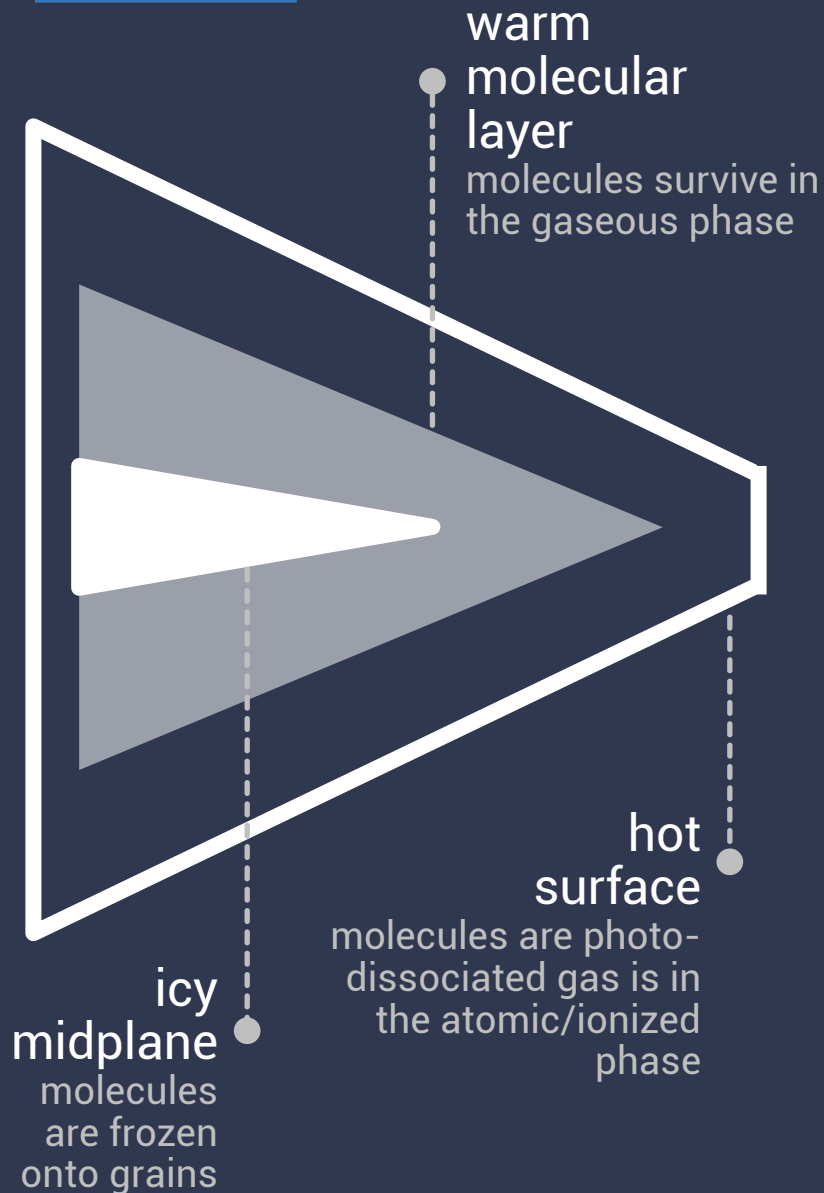
HD

- Less abundant isotopologue of molecular hydrogen rotational transition $J(1-0)$ detectable with *Herschel Space Observatory* PACS instrument

only 3 detections in disks

Bergin et al. (2013); Favre et al. (2013); McClure et al. (2016)

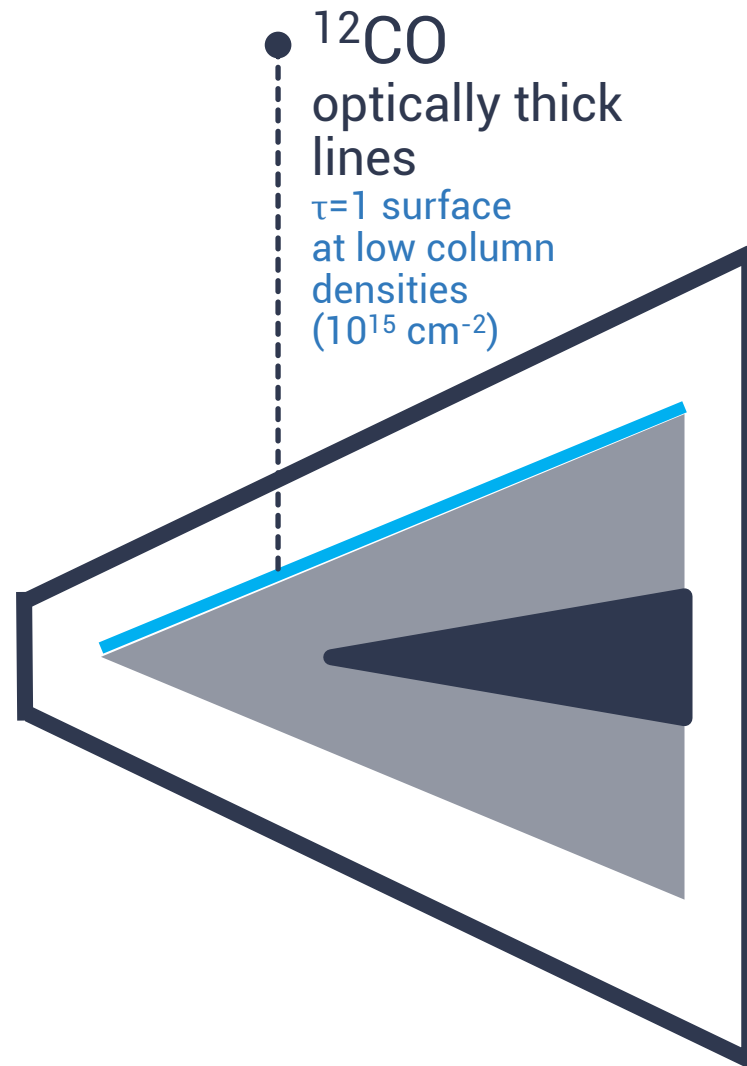
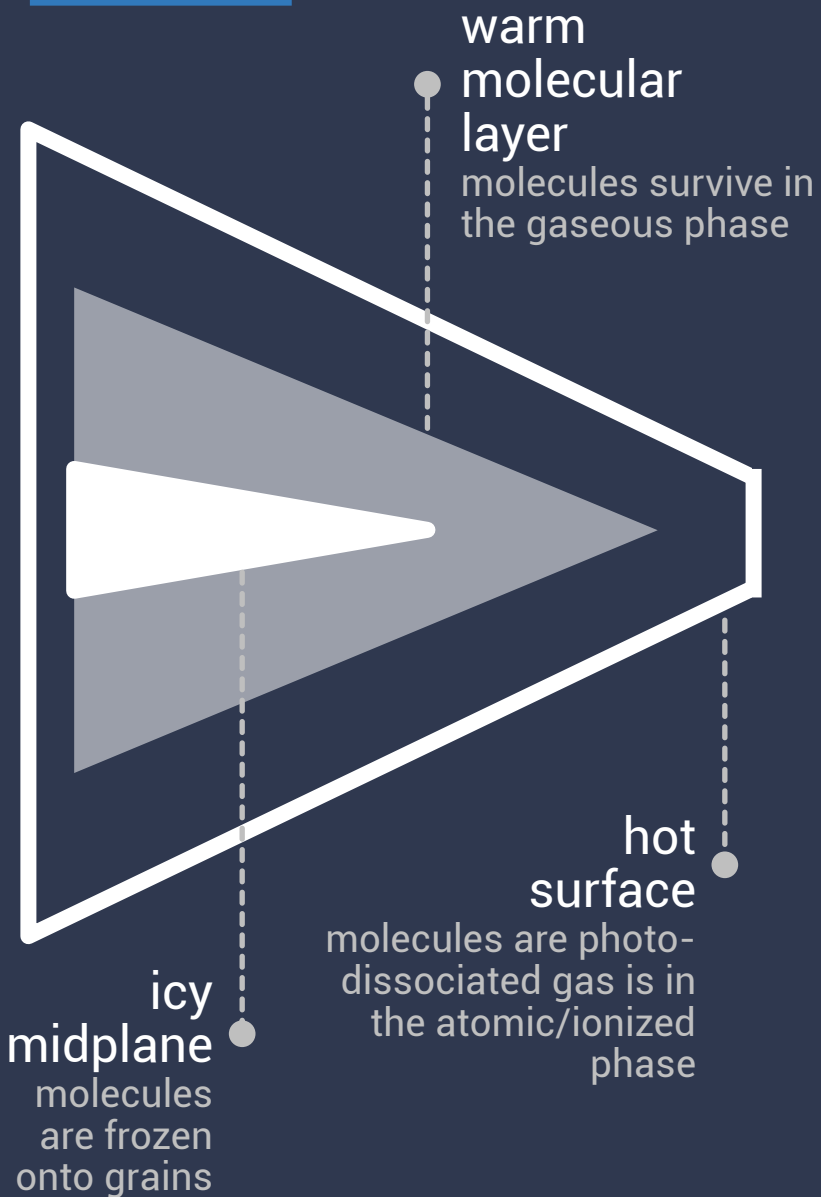
BULK GAS



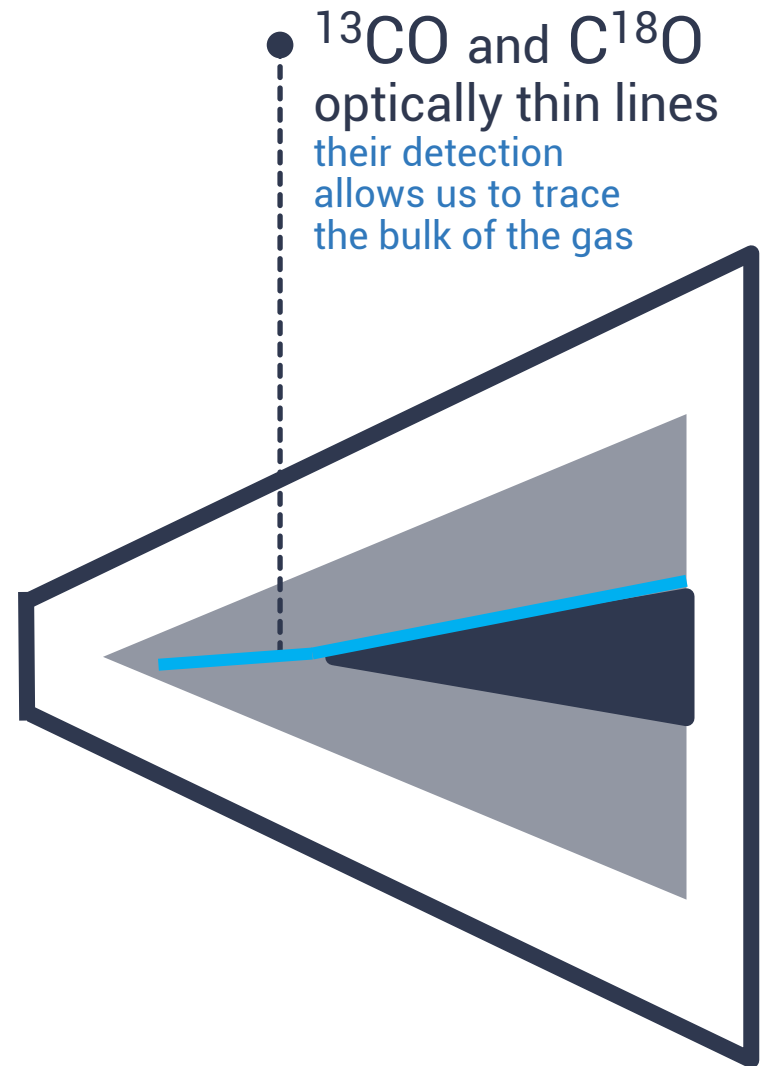
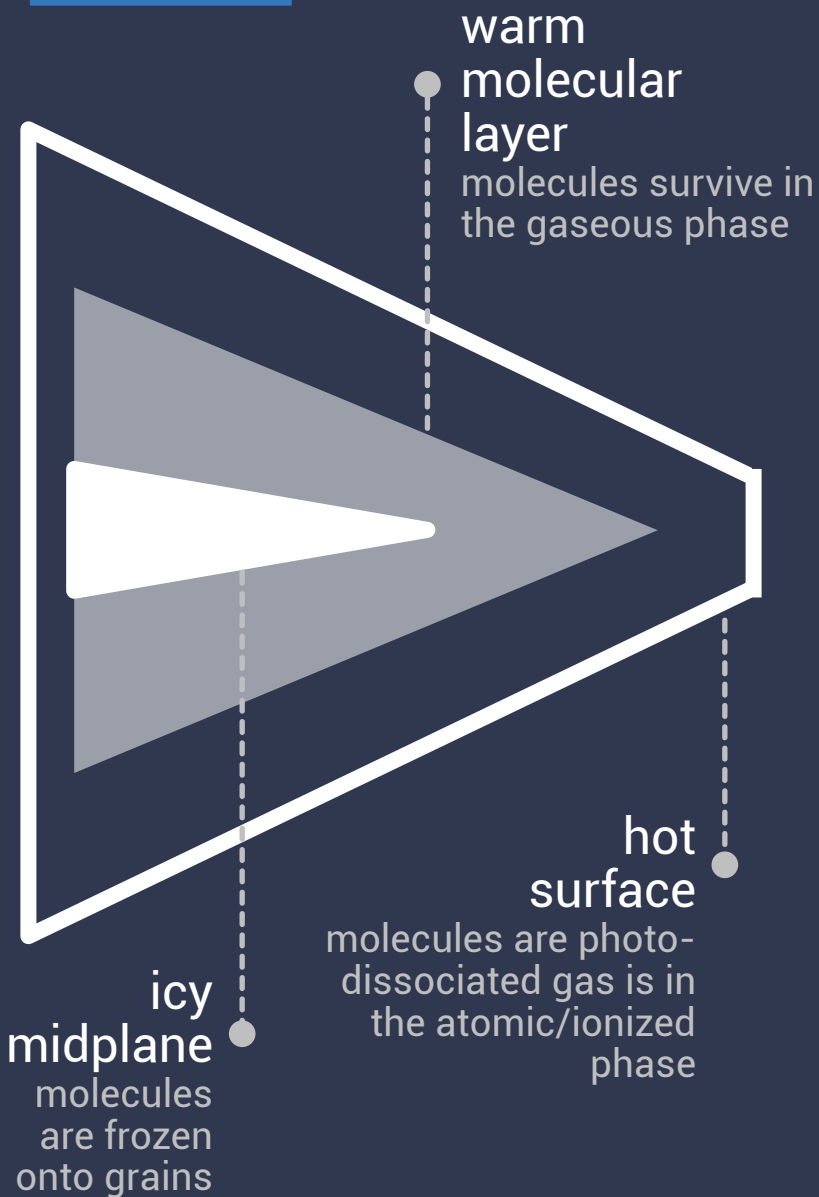
CO

- second in abundance to H₂
 - very well studied chemistry
- readily detectable
pure rotational lines
at mm wavelengths

BULK GAS



BULK GAS



CAVEATS



CAVEATS



isotope
selective
processes
taken into account with
physical-chemical
disk modeling

DALI, Bruderer et al. 2012
Miotello et al., 2014b; 2016

CAVEATS



isotope
selective
processes

taken into account with
physical-chemical
disk modeling

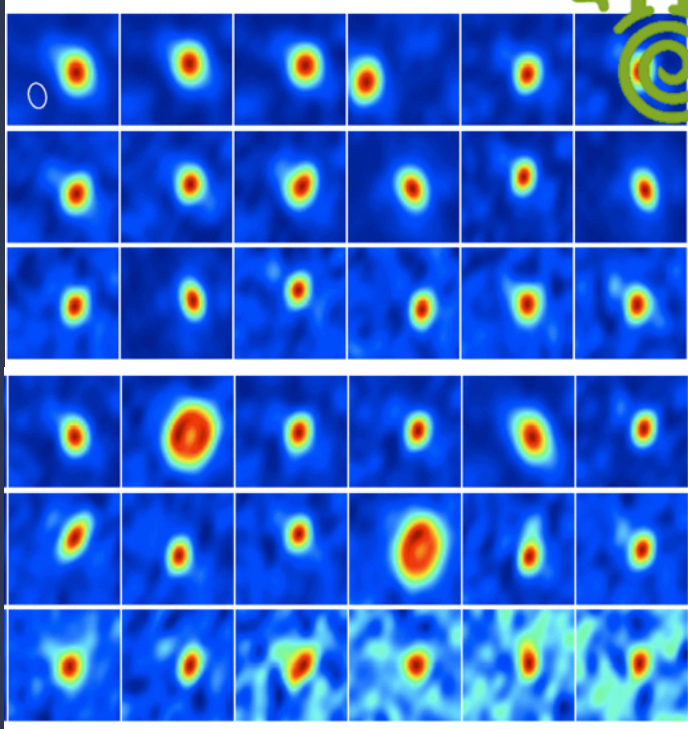
DALI, Bruderer et al. 2012
Miotello et al., 2014b; 2016

carbon
abundance
relative to H₂
difficult to quantify

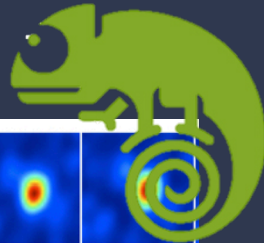
TW Hya
Favre et al., 2013
Kama et al., 2016
Schwarz et al., 2016

GAS IN DISKS WITH ALMA

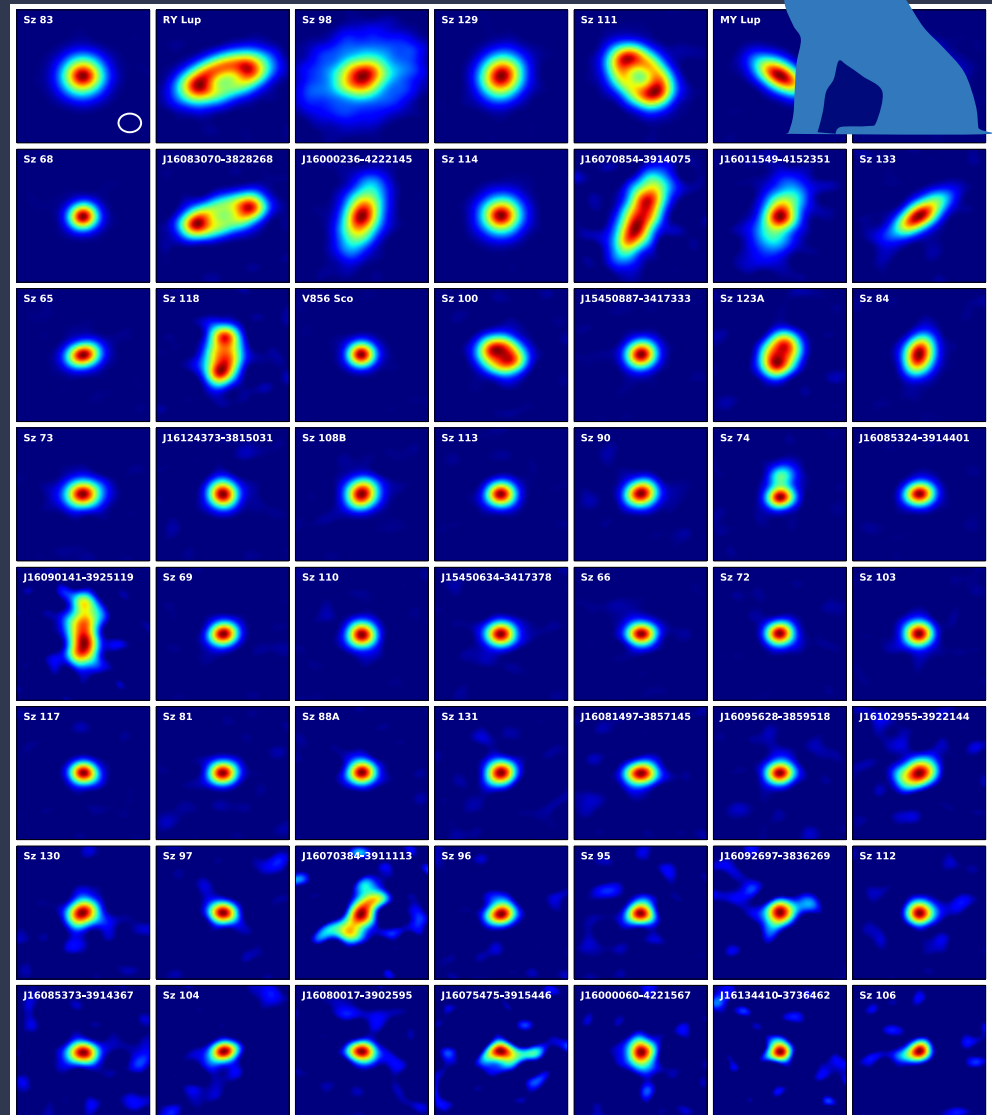
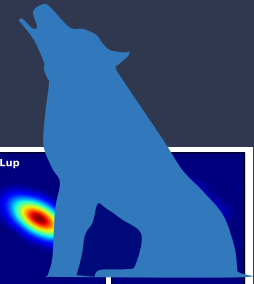
Cha I



PI Ilaria Pascucci. 2017 - Pascucci et al. 2016;
Long et al. 2016, ...



Lupus



PI Jonathan Williams - Ansdell et al., 2016;2018; Miotello et al. 2016,
Manara et al.2016; Tazzari et al. 2017 ...



ALMA LUPUS DISK SURVEY

Ansdell et al., 2016;2018

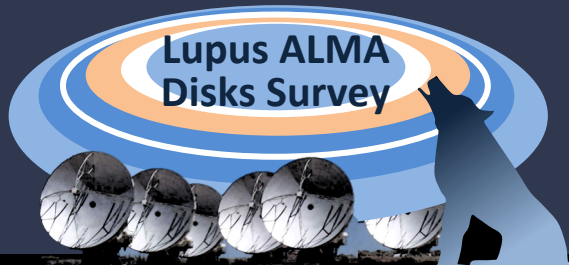
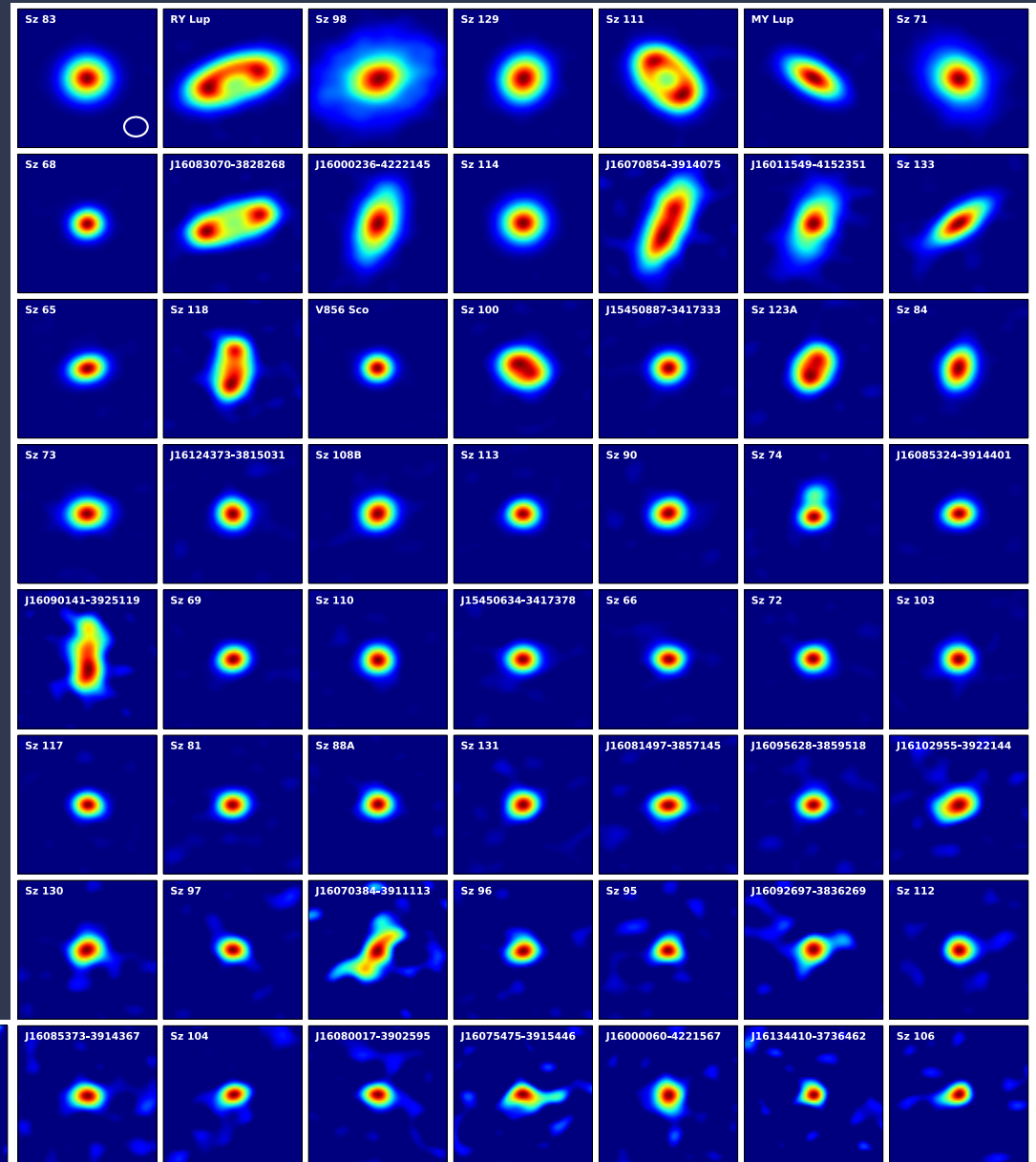
PI: J. P. Williams
cycle 2/3, band 6/7
0.2"- 0.3" →
15-20 au radius @150 pc

88 sources

61 detected in the
continuum (890 μm)

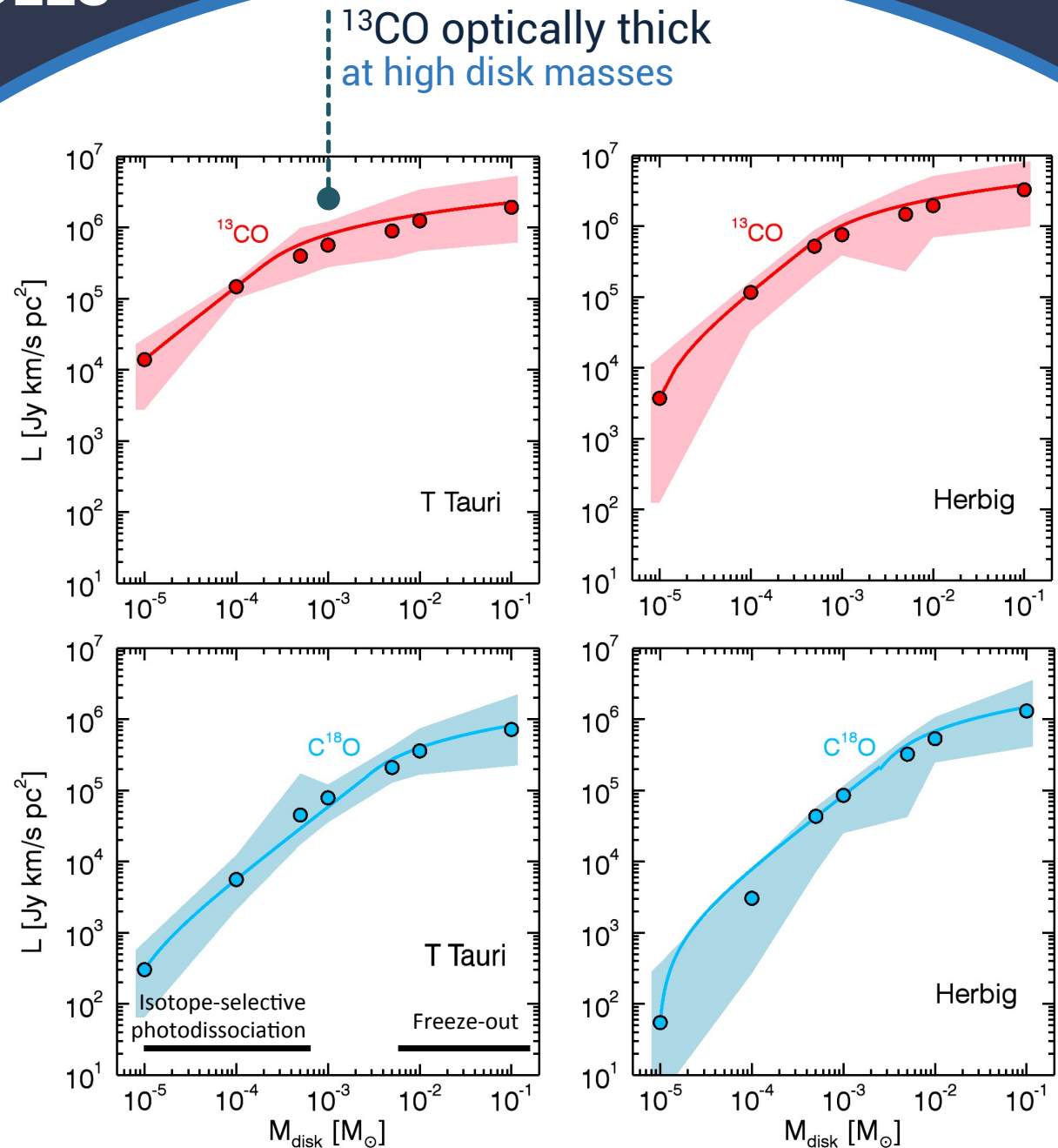
35 in ^{13}CO (3-2)

10 in C^{18}O (3-2)



LARGE GRID OF MODELS

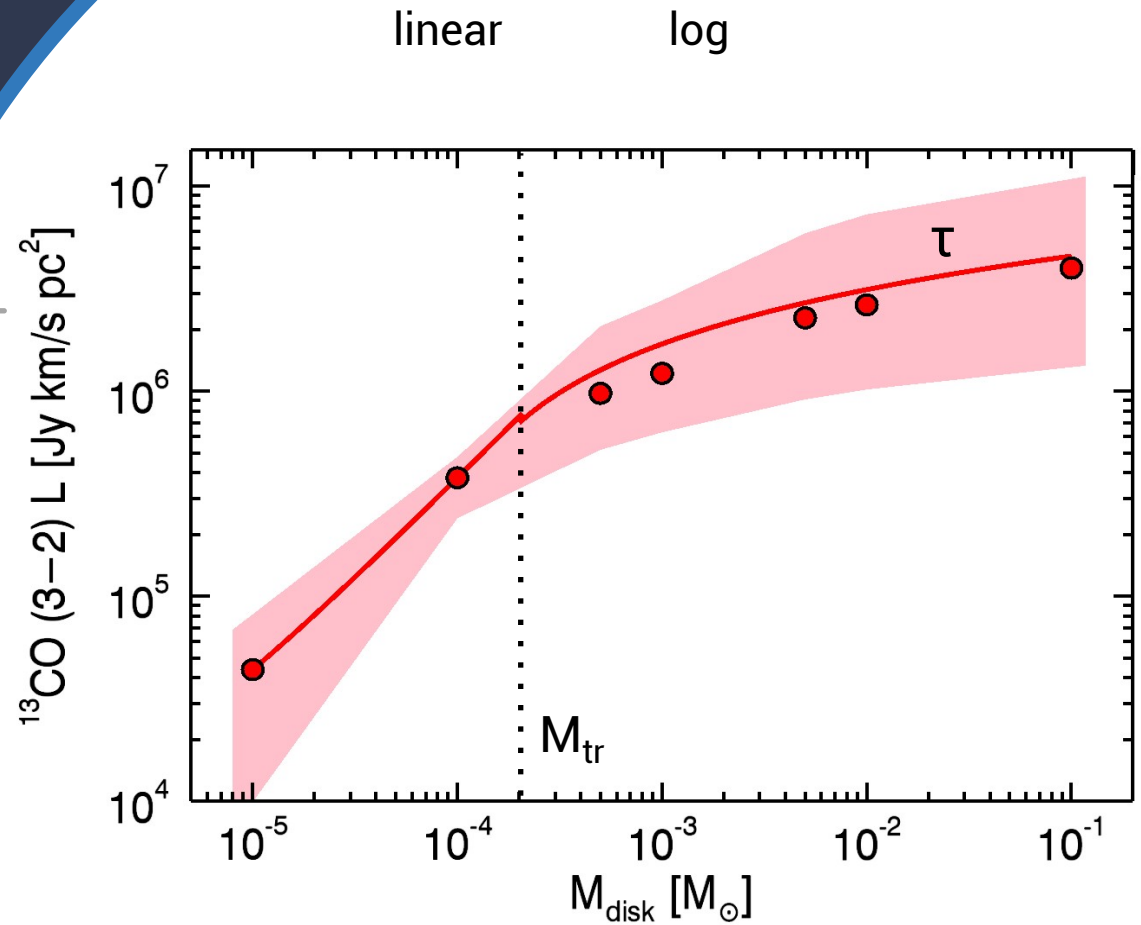
Analytic expressions
of the line emission
as function of the
disk mass



CO ISOTOPOLOGUES

as gas mass tracers

^{13}CO

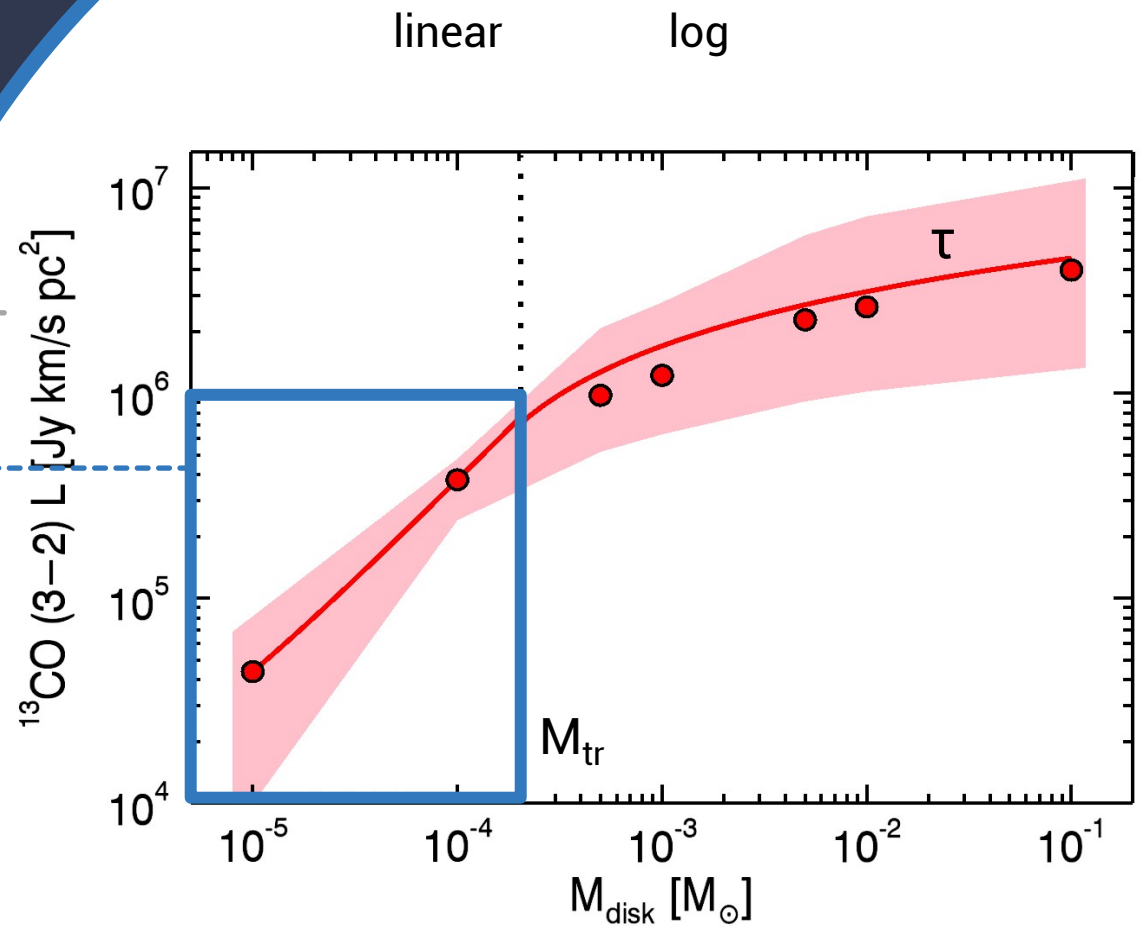


CO ISOTOPOLOGUES

as gas mass tracers

^{13}CO

^{13}CO scales linearly with disk mass

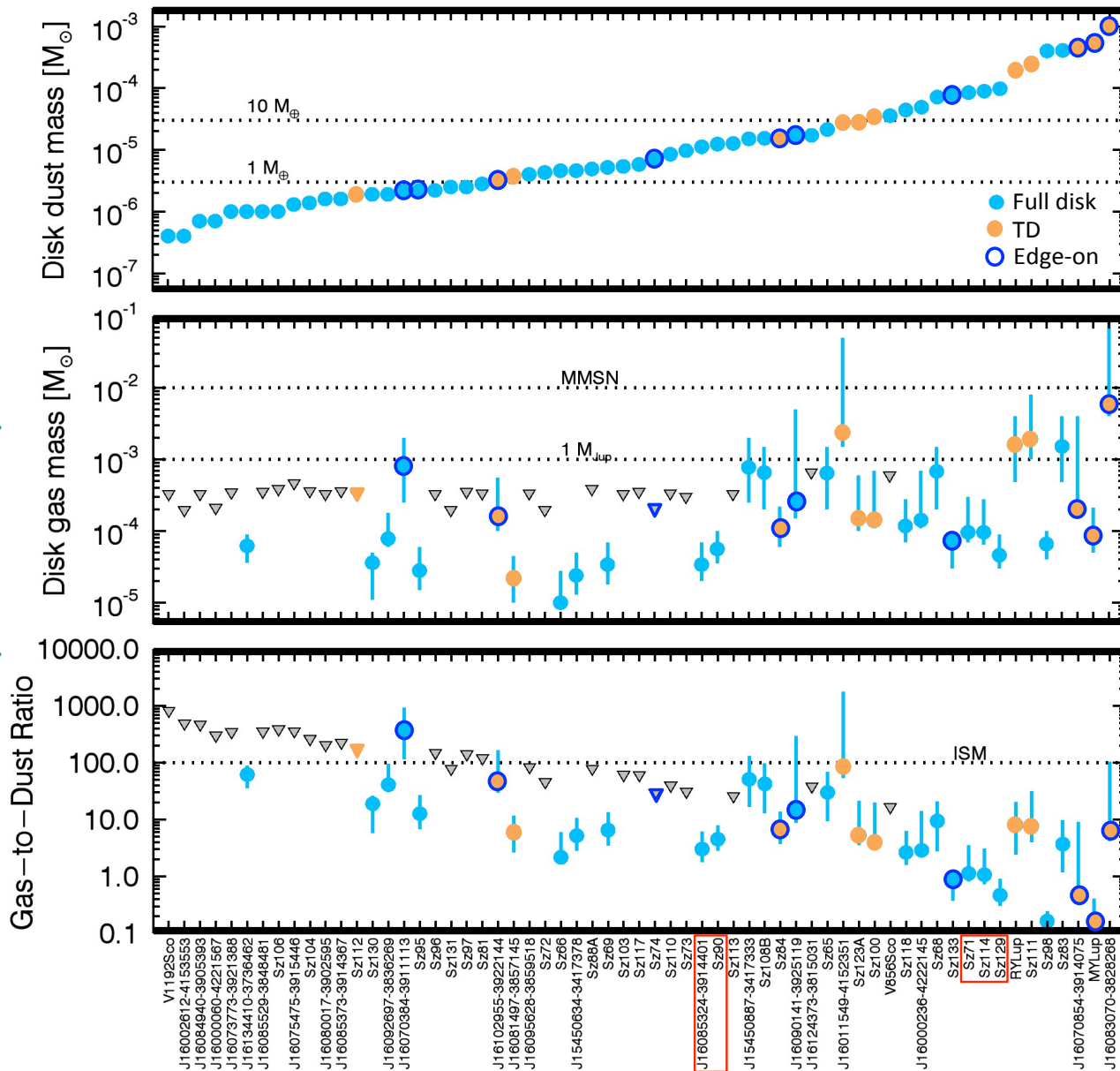


DISK MASSES

dust masses

gas masses

gas/dust ratio



LOW GAS/DUST OR HIGH C DEPLETION?

sign of disk evolution

1

physical
evolution

gas is dissipated

$$M_{\text{gas}} < M_{\text{jup}}$$

giant planet

formation

is quick or rare

chemical
evolution

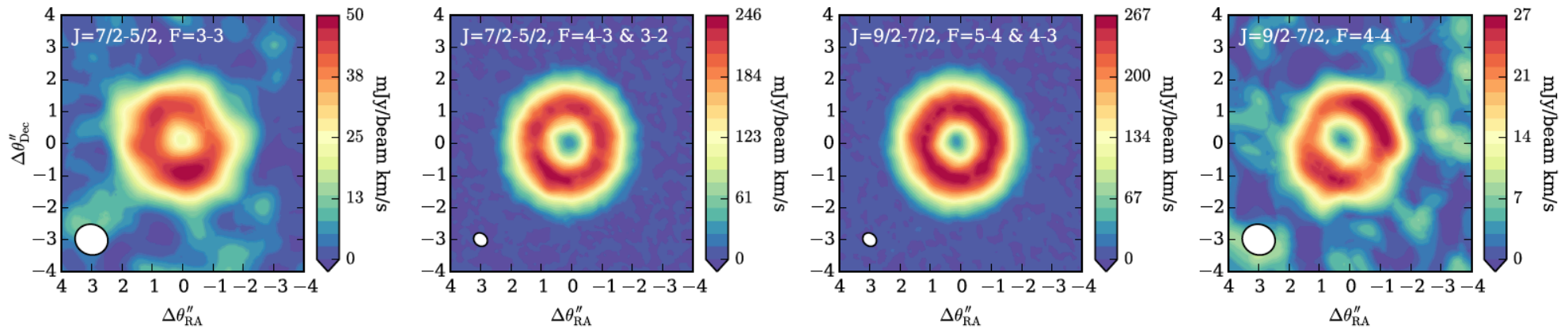
2

volatile carbon
is locked up
in large icy bodies
or turned into
more complex species

Ansdell et al., 2016
Miotello et al., 2017
Manara et al., 2016

C₂H rings

Hydrocarbons in TW Hya



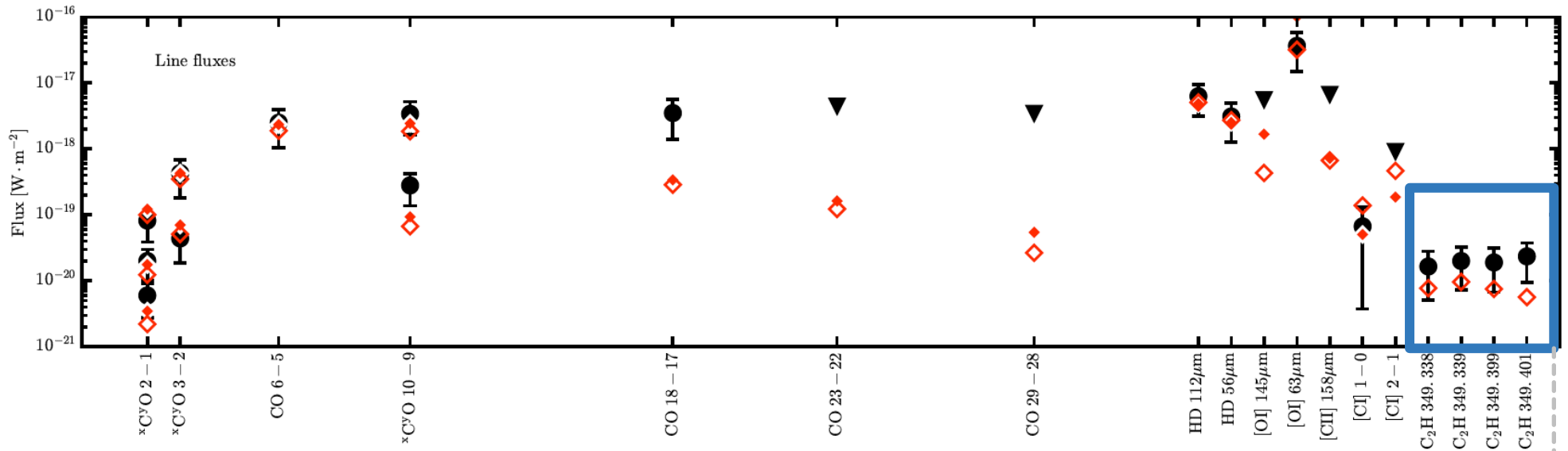
Bergin et al. (2016)
Kastner et al. (2015)

TW Hya

- C₂H strong emission
- CO fainter than expected

C₂H in TW Hya

strong emission lines



Kama et al., 2016
Trapman et al., 2017

consistent
with two orders of
magnitude
carbon depletion
and C/O > 1



settling



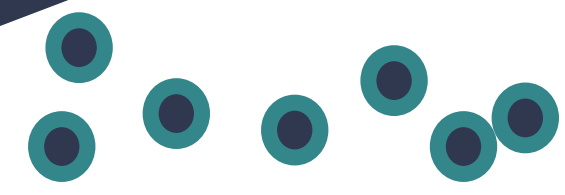
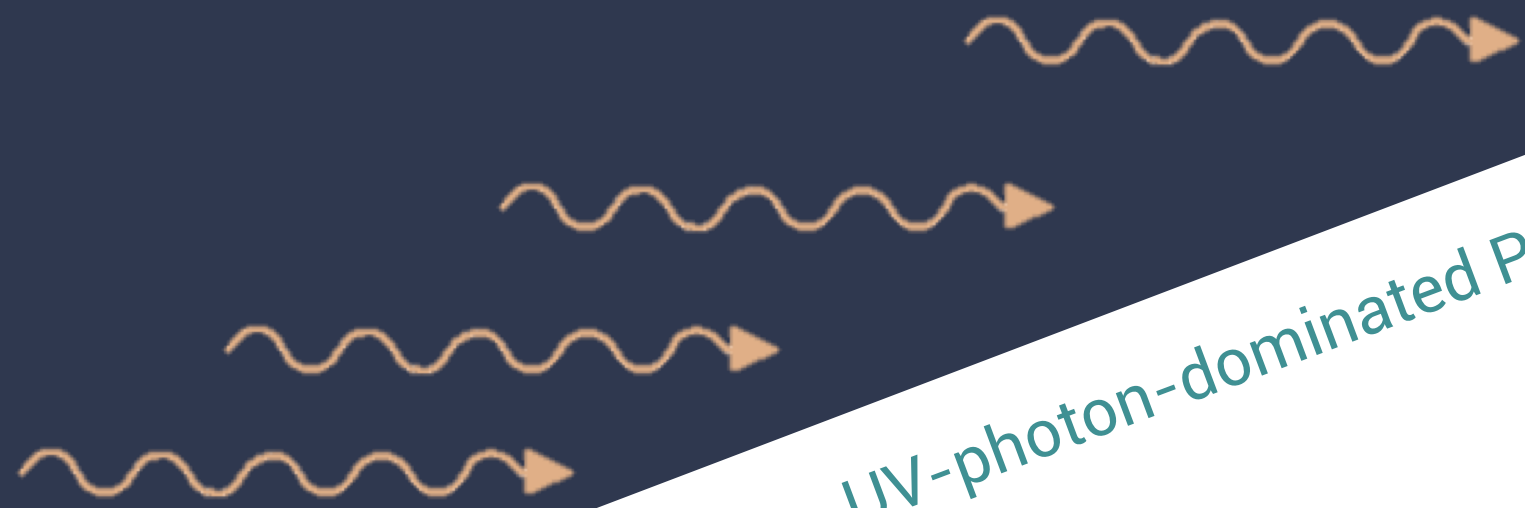
Ice coating

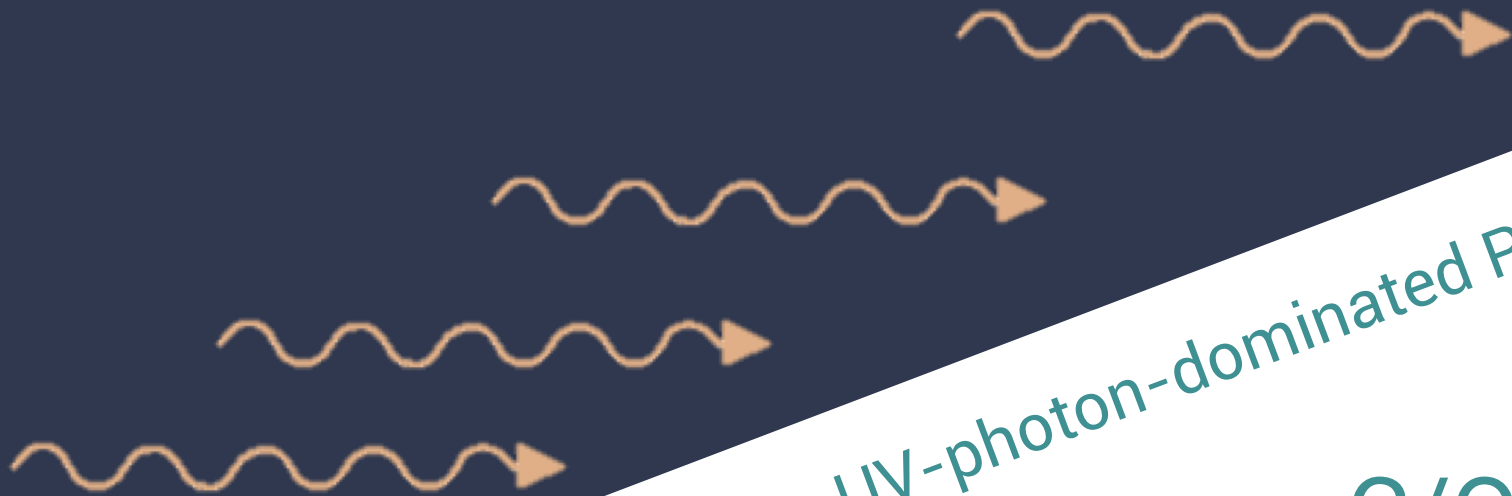


Radial drift



UV-photon-dominated PDR

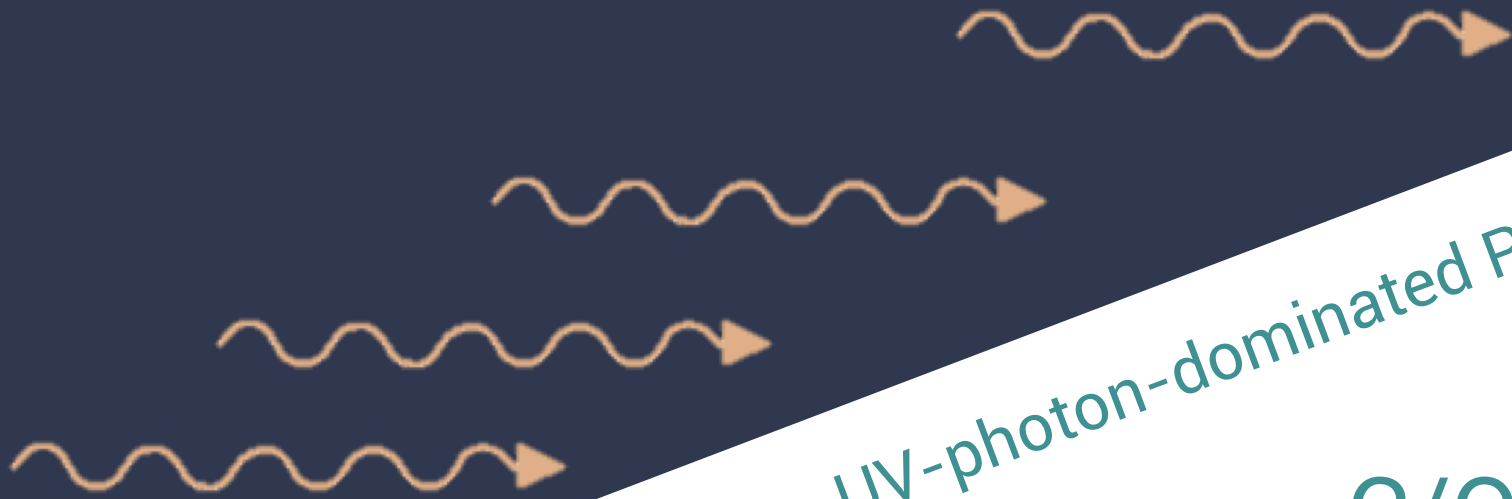




UV-photon-dominated PDR

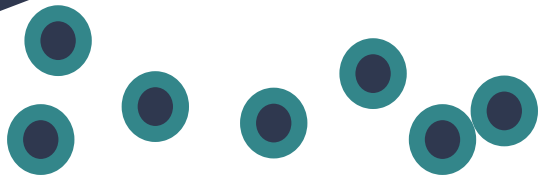
$C/O > 1$





UV-photon-dominated PDR

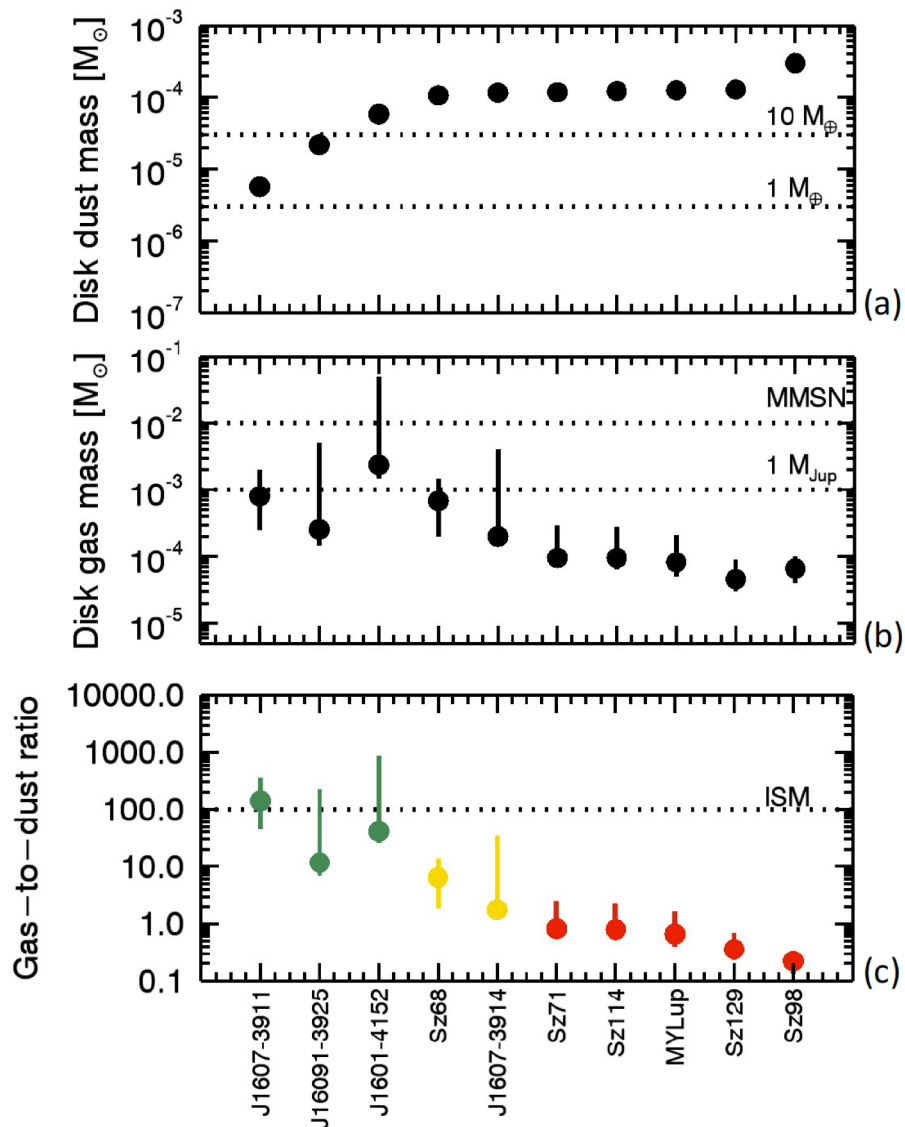
$C/O > 1$



hydrocarbon
emission is boosted

C₂H in Lupus

follow up ALMA Cycle 4 program in Band 6 (PI: Miotello)



search for anti-correlation
of C₂H and ¹³CO line luminosity
in 10 of the brightest in continuum
g/d ratios between 1 and 100

gas/dust ratio

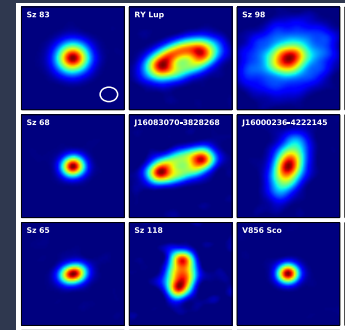
● 100

● 10

● 1

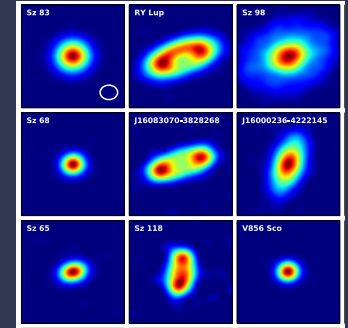


Lupus and Cha disks
CO faint emission
may be explained by
carbon depletion





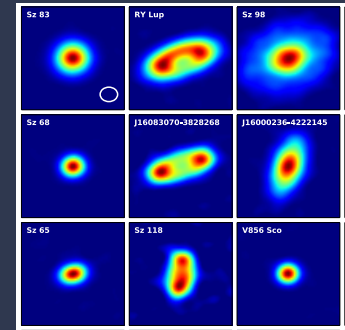
Lupus and Cha disks
CO faint emission
may be explained by
carbon depletion



CO-based masses need
to be calibrated



Lupus and Cha disks CO faint emission may be explained by carbon depletion



C_2H

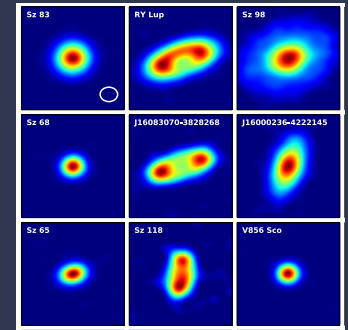
Miotello et al. in prep.



- Larger sample
- Detailed modeling to constrain C abundance and C/O



Lupus and Cha disks
CO faint emission
may be explained by
carbon depletion



CI and HD lines

ALMA and SPICA (?)

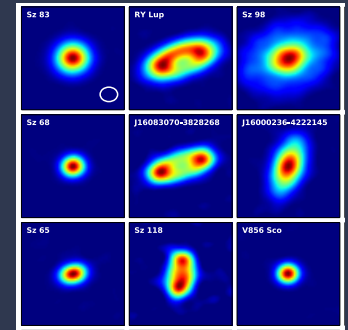


See Trapman et al. (2018)

Kama et al. (2016)



Lupus and Cha disks
CO faint emission
may be explained by
carbon depletion



OUT OF THE BOX IDEAS?



Talk by Benedetta Veronesi