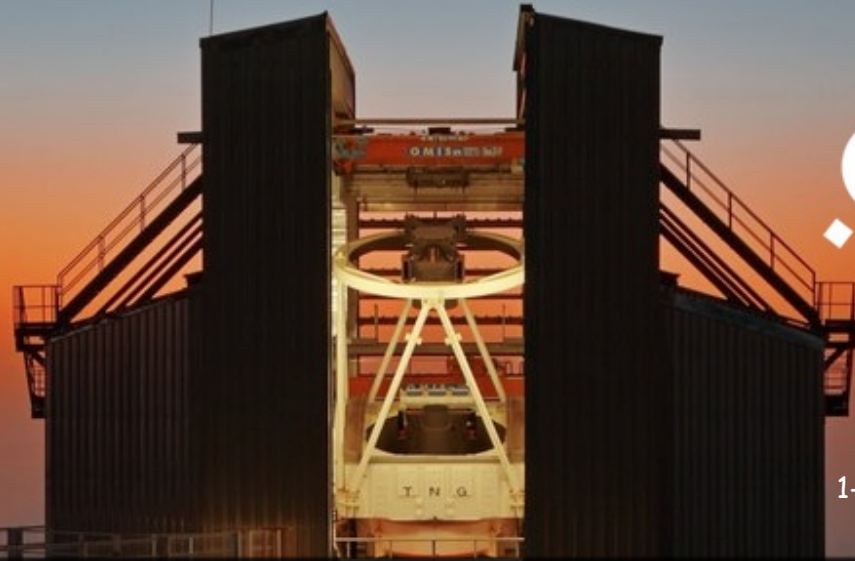


La missione e le prospettive scientifiche di TNG nell'astrofisica del 2020



1-3 March 2017, Museo Diocesano di Padova

GIANO science

Livia Origlia

INAF - Bologna Observatory, livia.origlia@oabo.inaf.it



GIANO science

GIANO is the near infrared **echelle spectrograph** of the **TNG**, which can yield, in a single exposure, 0.95-2.45 micron (i.e **YJHK** simultaneously) spectra at **R~50,000**

cross-dispersed echelle spectrographs in the near IR

spectrograph	telescope	spectral range	M_{ax} res
NIRSPEC	Keck	Y,J,H,K	37,000
GIANO	TNG3.6m	YJHK single exp	50,000
IGRINS	McDonald2.7m	HK single exp	40,000
Carmenes	CalarAlto3.5m	YJH(<50%) single exp	82,000
IRCS	Subaru	zY,J,H,K	20,000
XShooter	VLT	JHK single exp	8,000
CRIRES+	VLT	YJ,H,K	100,000
SPIRou	CFHT	YJHK	70,000
HPF	HET	ZYJ	50,000
I-Locater	2 LBT	YJ	170,000
NIRPS	ESO 3.6m	YJH	100,000
WINERED	visitor	Y,J	80,000

GIANO science

GIANO is the near infrared **echelle spectrograph** of the **TNG**, which can yield, in a single exposure, 0.95-2.45 micron (i.e **YJHK** simultaneously) spectra at **R~50,000**

Commissioning 2013

some sky tests during 1 night in July, 2 nights in October

Science Verification 2014

7-16 September, allocated 9 nights, 2 lost for bad weather

AOT since 2015

AOT	schedule - assigned nights	nights GAPS	nights stars comets YSOs	nights CAT OPT NOT
31	$5 + 8 \times 0.5 + 3 + 2 + 2 \times 0.5 + 1 \times 0.5 + 3$	8.5	5.0	5.0
32	$2 \times 0.5 + 4 \times 0.5 + 2 \times 0.5 + 2 + 5 + 3 \times 0.5$	-	4.5	8.0
33	$4 \times 0.5 + 8 \times 0.5 + 3 + 1 + 1 \times 0.5$	2.0	3.25	5.0

GIANO cookbook for proposers

prepared by L. Origlia & E. Oliva

September 2014

Table 3: Spectral accuracy and sensitivities

Wavelength calibration ¹ accuracy with U-Ne lamp	300 m/s (r.m.s)
Radial velocity ² accuracy with telluric lines	7 m/s (r.m.s)
Maximum S/N ³ on flatfield (about photon-noise limited)	~1000 (Y,J), ~300 (H,K)
Maximum S/N ³ on stars (limited by fiber modal noise)	~70 (Y,J), ~50 (H,K)
Zero point (J-band, Vega mag for 1 ADU/s)	10.1
Zero point (H-band, Vega mag for 1 ADU/s)	10.3
Zero point (K-band, Vega mag for 1 ADU/s)	10.2
Limiting magnitude (z-band, Vega mag) of the guiding camera ⁴	15

Table 4: Recommended on-source integration times

Target Vega magnitudes	On source integration times (seeing <1 arcsec)
JHK < 3	200 sec = 1AB cycle with 100sec on A and 100sec on B
3 <= JHK < 6	600 sec = 1AB cycle with 300sec on A and 300sec on B
6 =< JHK < 7	1200 sec = 2AB cycles with 300sec on A and 300sec on B
7 =< JHK < 8	1800 sec = 3AB cycles with 300sec on A and 300sec on B
8 =< JHK < 9	2400 sec = 4AB cycles with 300sec on A and 300sec on B
9 =< JHK < 10	3600 sec = 6AB cycles with 300sec on A and 300sec on B

GIANO science

high resolution near-IR spectroscopy at 4m-class telescopes

powerful/unique capability to study the **IR-bright** Universe

[exo]-planetary science

- to search for **exo-planets** around **late type M-dwarfs**
- to characterize **hot Jupiter's atmospheres**
- to characterize the chemistry of **comets**

stellar evolution and stellar populations

- to measure velocities, chemical abundances, magnetic fields etc. of a large variety of **cool stars and stellar populations**, which are **bright in the IR** and do not require a larger collective area to be observed with sufficiently high signal to noise
- to measure the chemical composition and dynamical mass of **extra-galactic star clusters** in integrated light (dominated by cool giants/supergiants), and trace the properties of their host galaxies

GIANO: publications

first high resolution NIR spectrograph with full spectral coverage

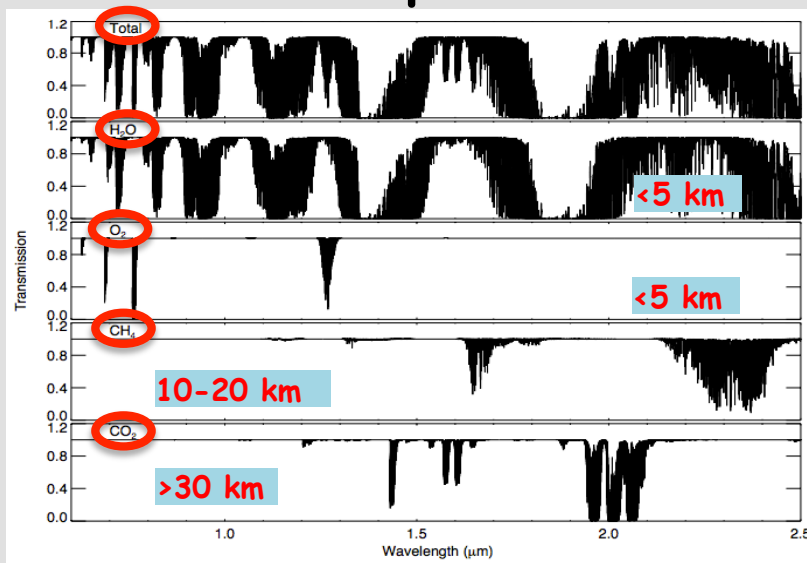
- a new, wide space of parameters & diagnostics to explore & calibrate for scientific use
- a lot of pioneering work

Referred papers: calibration

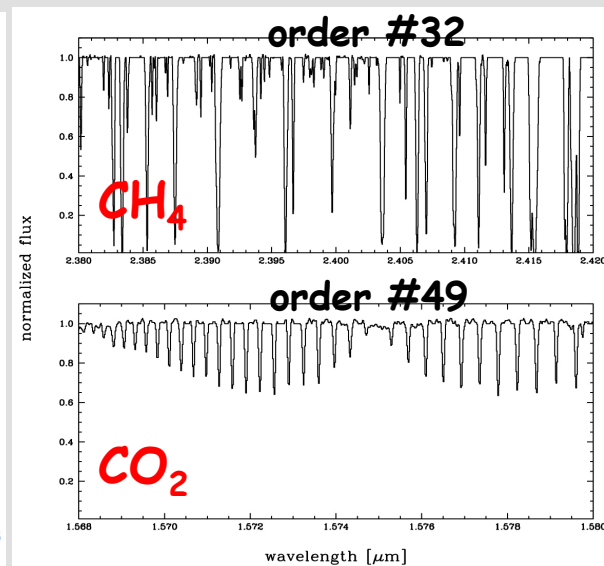
- ✓ Oliva+ *A GIANO-TNG high-resolution IR spectrum of the airglow emission*, 2013, *A&A*, 555, 78 Com.
- ✓ Oliva+ *Lines and continuum sky emission in the near IR: observational constraints from deep high spectral resolution spectra with GIANO-TNG*, 2015, *A&A*, 581, 47 SV
- ✓ Carleo+ *High precision radial velocities with GIANO spectra*, 2016, *ExA*, 42, 99 SV

calibration - in preparation

telluric spectrum



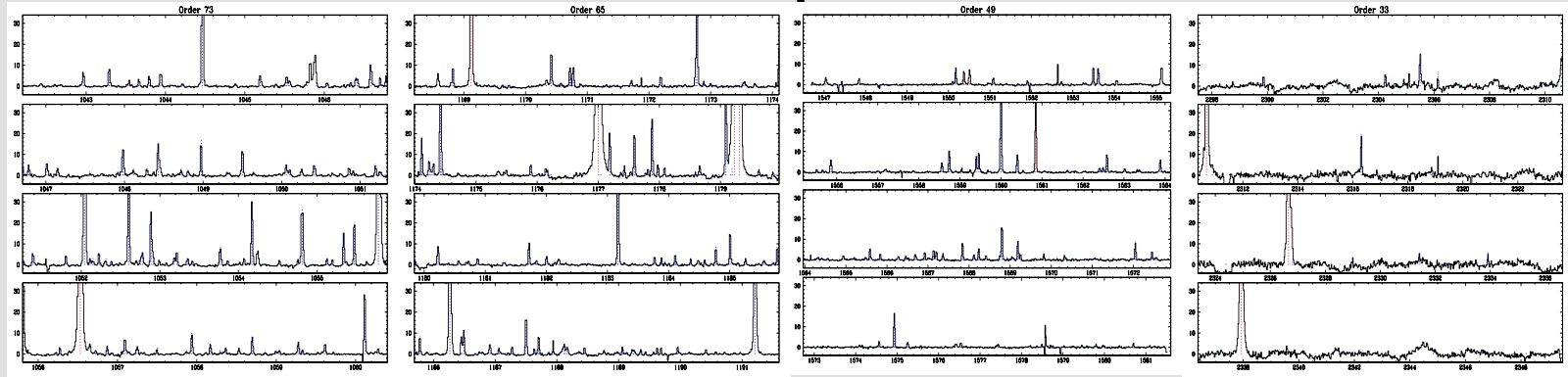
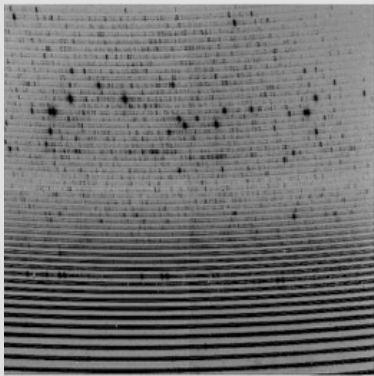
O star - GIANO



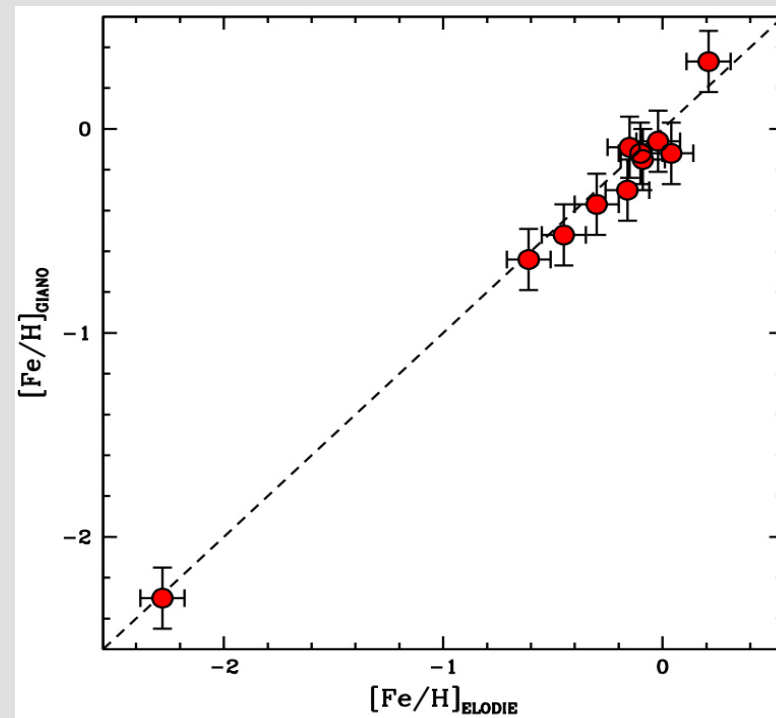
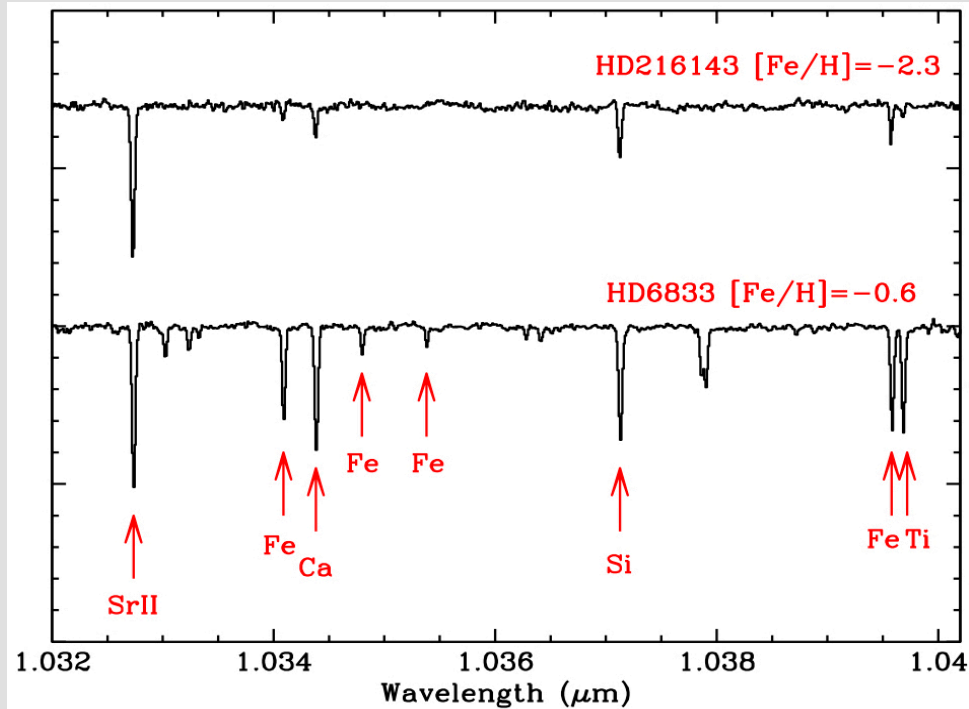
GIANO: publications

calibration - in preparation

U-Ne spectrum courtesy of E. Oliva



suitable line lists for chemical analysis of giants and dwarfs



courtesy of A. Mucciarelli

GIANO: publications

Referred papers: science

- ✓ **Origlia+** *GIANO-TNG spectroscopy of red supergiants in the young star cluster RSGC2*, **2013**, A&A, 560, 46 **Com.**
- ✓ **Origlia+** *GIANO-TNG spectroscopy of red supergiants in the young star cluster RSGC3*, **2016**, A&A, 585, 14 **SV**
- ✓ **Caffau+** *GIANO Y-band spectroscopy of dwarf stars: P, S, and Sr Abundances*, **2016**, A&A, 585, 16 **SV**
- ✓ **Pecchioli+** *Deriving the Extinction to Young Stellar Objects using [Fe II] Near-infrared Emission Lines: Prescriptions from GIANO High-resolution Spectra*, **2016**, PASP, 128, 073001 **Com./SV**
- ✓ **Faggi+** *Detailed Analysis of Near-IR Water (H₂O) Emission in Comet C/2014 Q2 (Lovejoy) with the GIANO/TNG Spectrograph*, **2016**, ApJ, 830, 157 **A31**
- ✓ **Antoniucci+** *High-resolution TNG spectra of T Tauri stars: near-IR GIANO observations of the EXor variables XZ Tau and DR Tau*, **2017**, A&A, submitted **SV**

a few more from SV + those from AOT31-33 runs

Other publications

- ✓ 21 SPIE papers 2004 → 2016
- ✓ 1 ESO Proc. (2005), 2 MnSAI (2015), 2 DPS (2015, 2016)

a special thanks to F. Massi for the provisional pipeline and to N. Sanna, who has reduced most of the data

stellar pops with GIANO/GIARPS in the surveys era

MOS spectroscopy for surveys

- medium spectral resolution $\rightarrow R \sim 20\text{-}30,000$
- limited spectral coverage in a single exposure $\rightarrow \sim \lambda/5\text{-}10$
- high multiplexing $\rightarrow 100\text{-}1000$
- astrophysical information \rightarrow RVs and some chemistry

ongoing/near future Galactic surveys

optical: Gaia-ESO survey, Hermes, WEAVE, 4MOST

main targets: warm, red clump giants and young pre-MS in the low reddening MW

near IR: APOGEE N+S, MOONS

main targets: giants in the reddened bulge/disk and in the MCs

echelle spectroscopy of selected/representative targets

- high spectral resolution $\rightarrow R > 30,000$
- wide spectral coverage in a single exposure $\rightarrow \sim \lambda_{\min}$
- single object
- astrophysical information \rightarrow detailed chemistry & kinematics

echelle vs MOS \rightarrow complementary information

stellar pops with GIANO/GIARPS

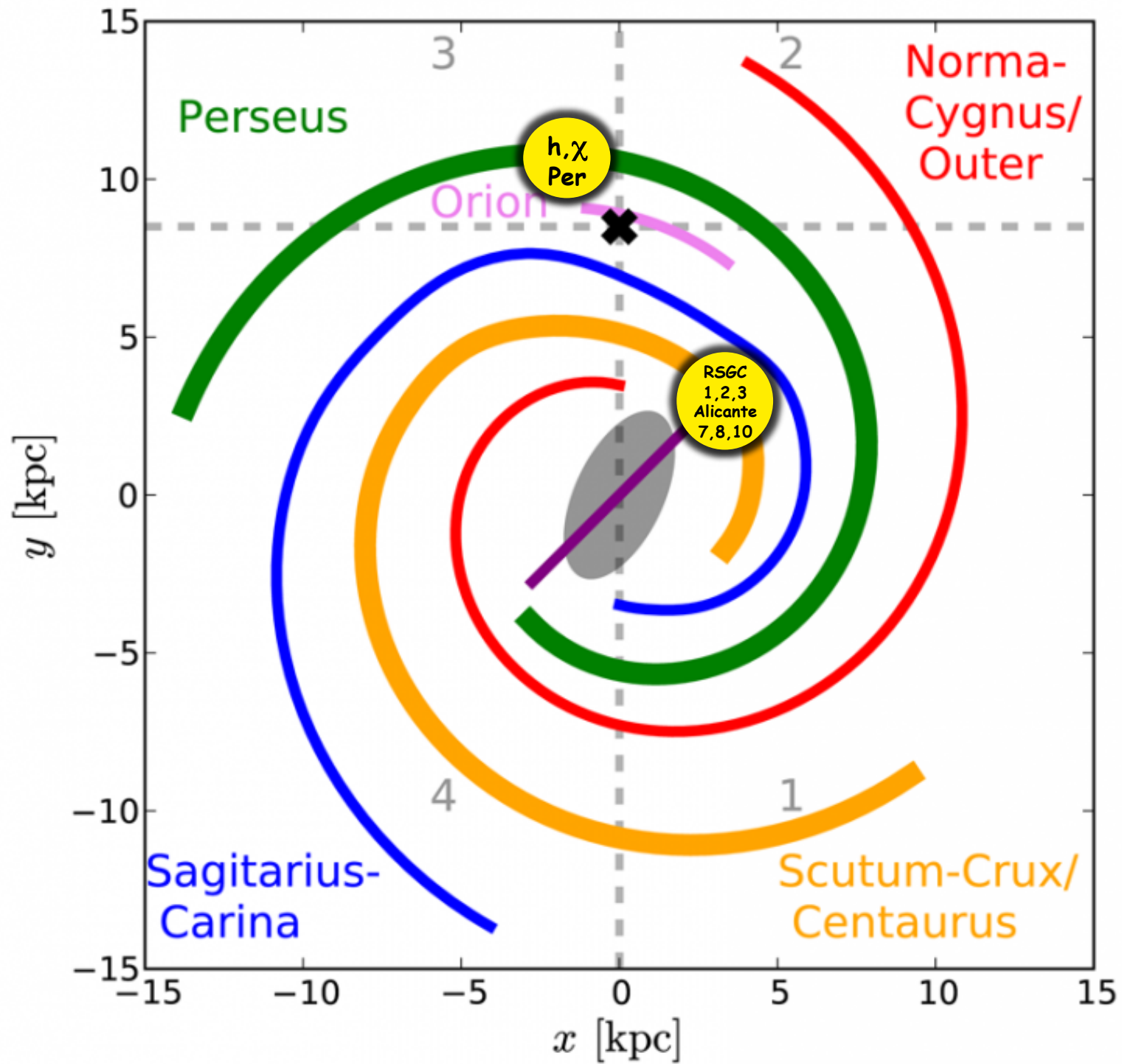
- young red supergiants, Cepheids, old cool giants in the Galaxy
- warm giants and young MS stars within ~1 kpc (Bragaglia talk)
- star forming regions: T-Tauri stars, YSOs (Antoniucci, Massi talks)

chemistry of cool giants and supergiants → a recent field of investigation

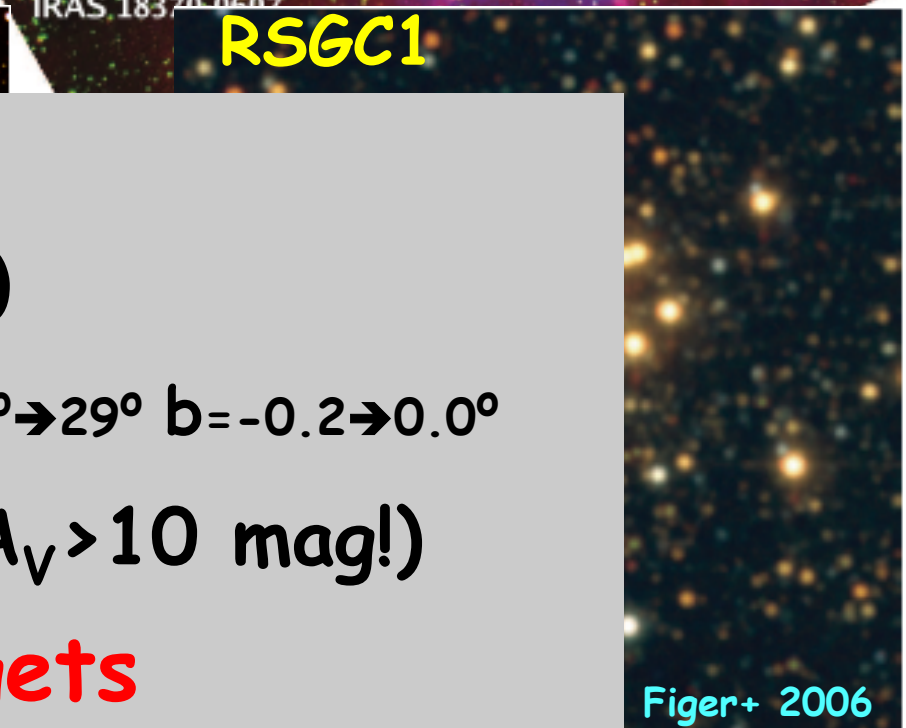
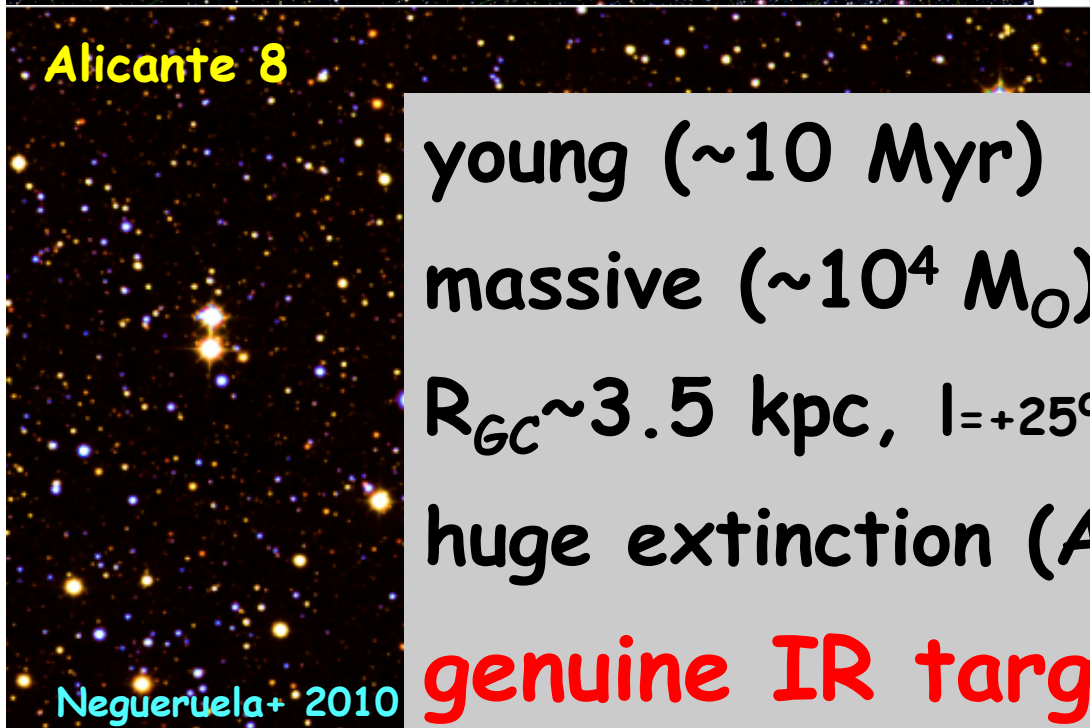
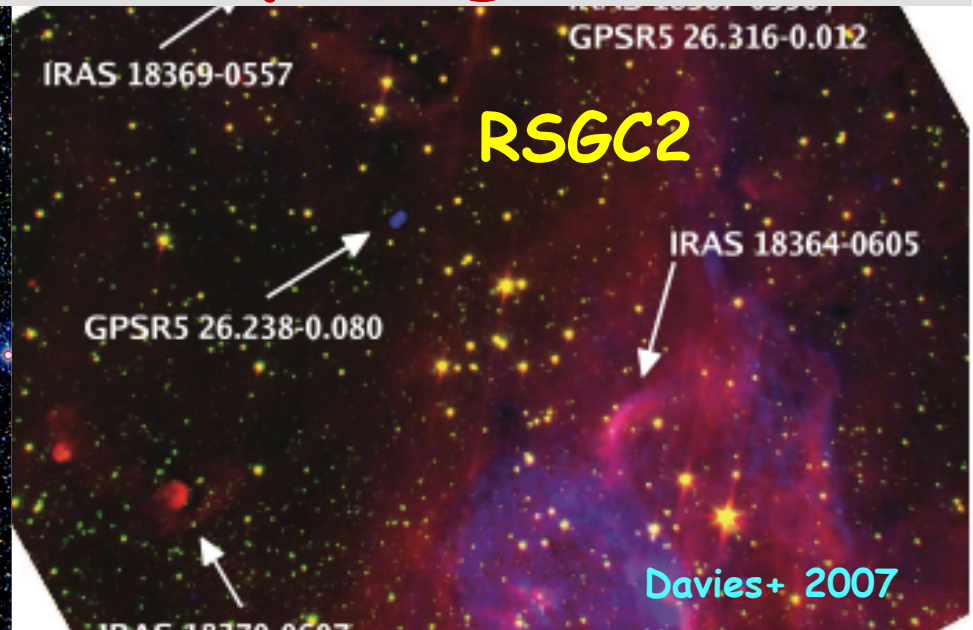
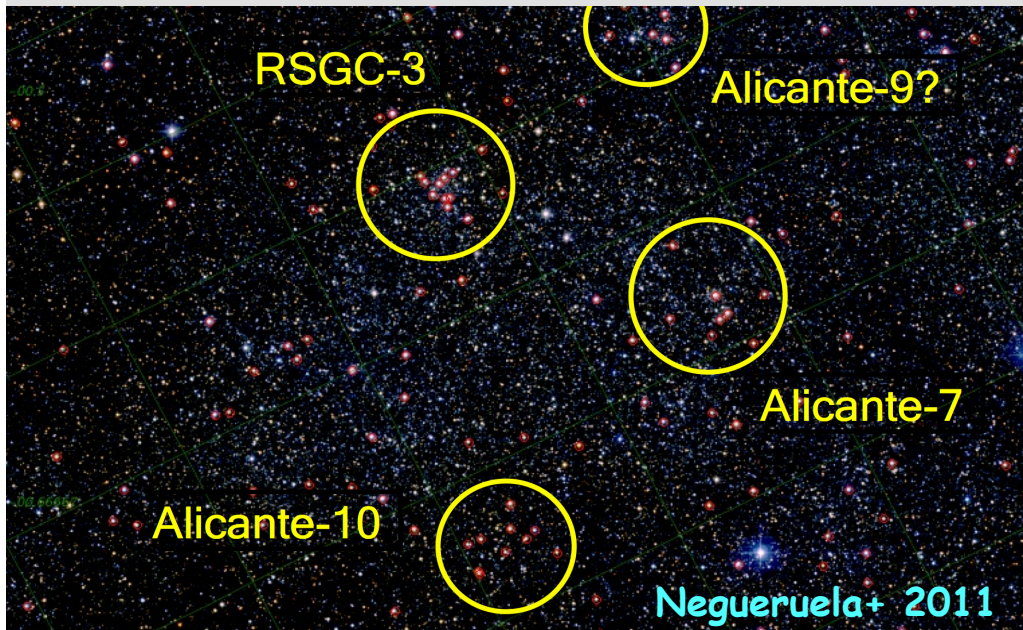
IR spectroscopy often needed because of the low temperatures & high reddening

state-of-the-art chemical analysis

- CNO and F abundances from molecular (CO, CN, OH, HF) lines, all the other metal abundances from atomic (mostly neutral) lines
- mostly based on 1D or spherical model atmospheres
- abundances with random errors of <0.1 dex, systematic errors ~0.2 dex (stellar parameters & degeneracy, log(gf), model atmospheres etc.)



RSGs in the Scutum arm young clusters



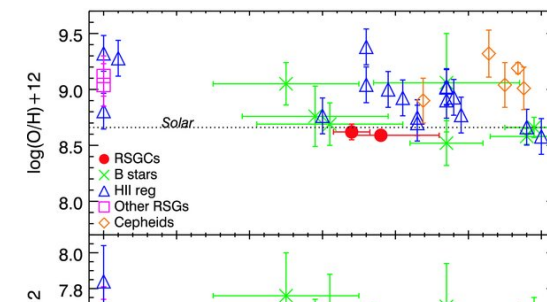
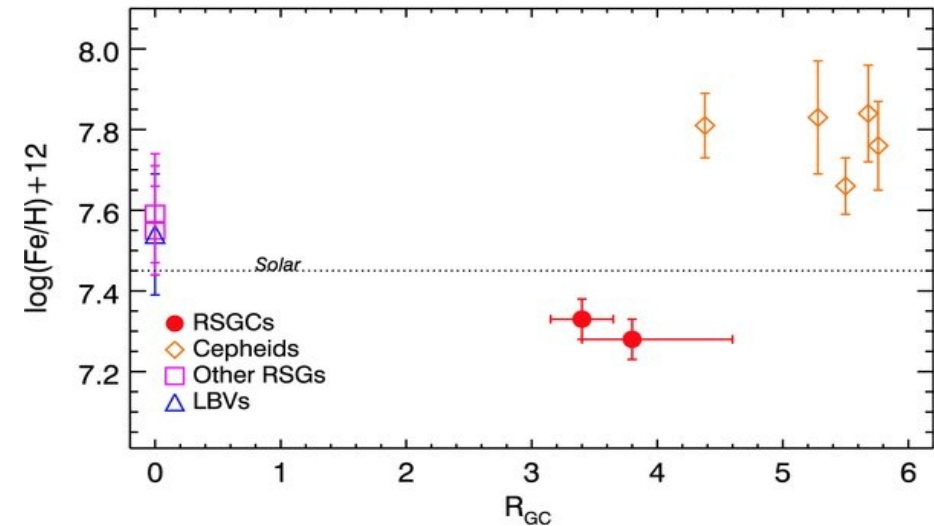
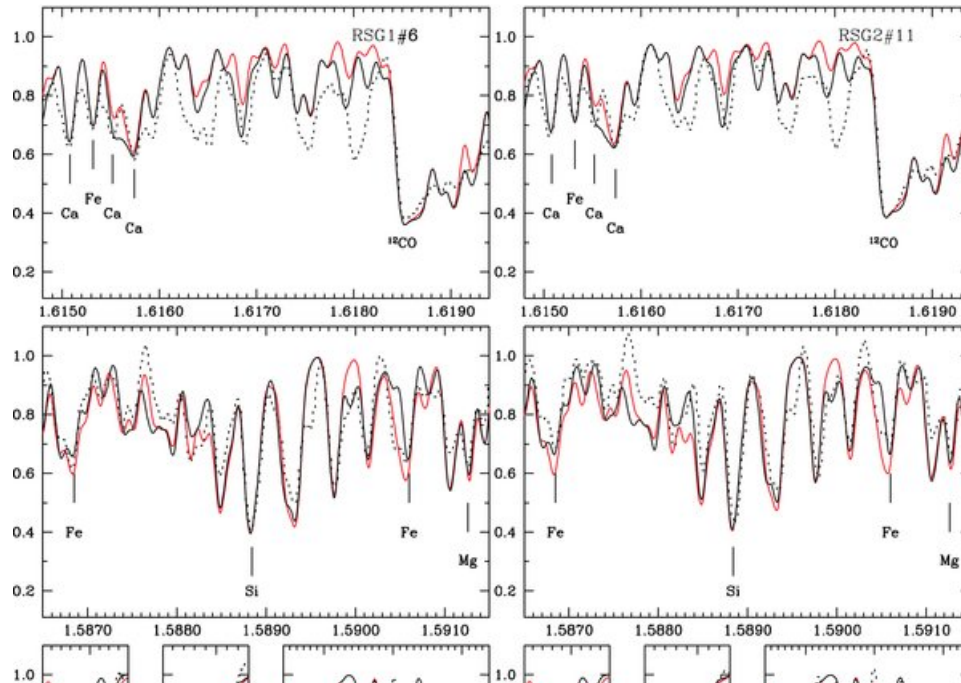
young (~ 10 Myr)
massive ($\sim 10^4 M_{\odot}$)
 $R_{GC} \sim 3.5$ kpc, $l = +25^{\circ} \rightarrow 29^{\circ}$ $b = -0.2 \rightarrow 0.0^{\circ}$
huge extinction ($A_V > 10$ mag!)
genuine IR targets

chemical abundances of RSGs in the Scutum young clusters

14 RSGs in RSGC1 and 13 RSGs in RSGC2

NIRSPEC-Keck, H-band, $R \sim 17,000$

Davies+ 2009



Fe, C, O, Ca, Si, Mg, Ti

half-solar metallicity, solar-scaled alpha

lower envelope of the metallicity distribution in the inner disk

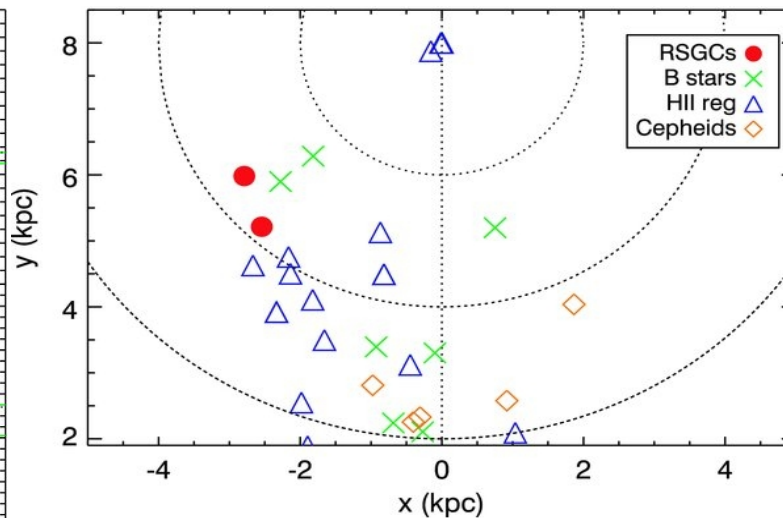
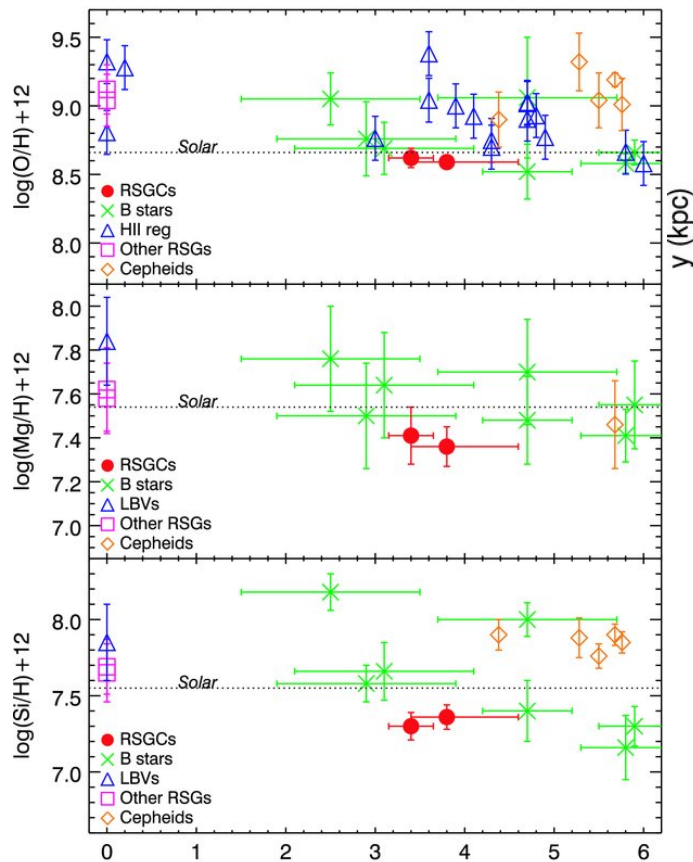
C-depletion consistent with extra-mixing (rotational)

chemical abundances of RSGs in the Scutum young clusters

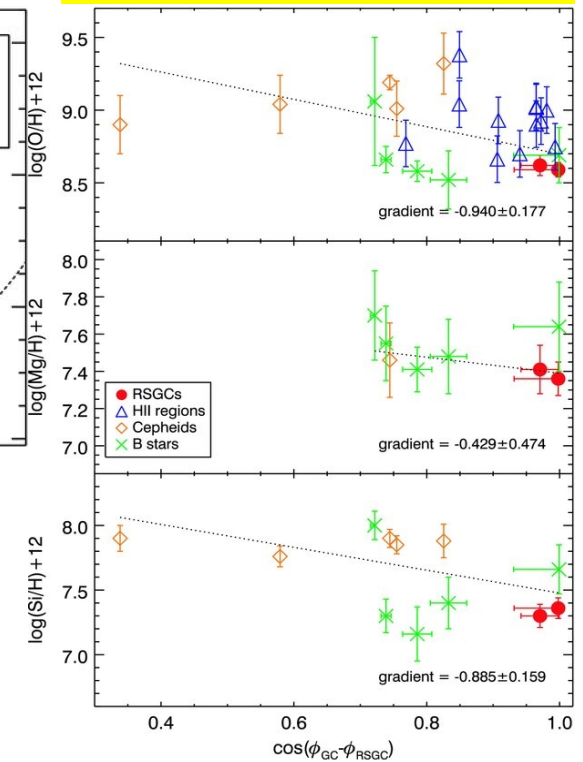
14 RSGs in RSGC1 and 13 RSGs in RSGC2

NIRSPEC-Keck, H-band, $R \sim 17,000$

Davies+ 2009



Azimuthal gradient

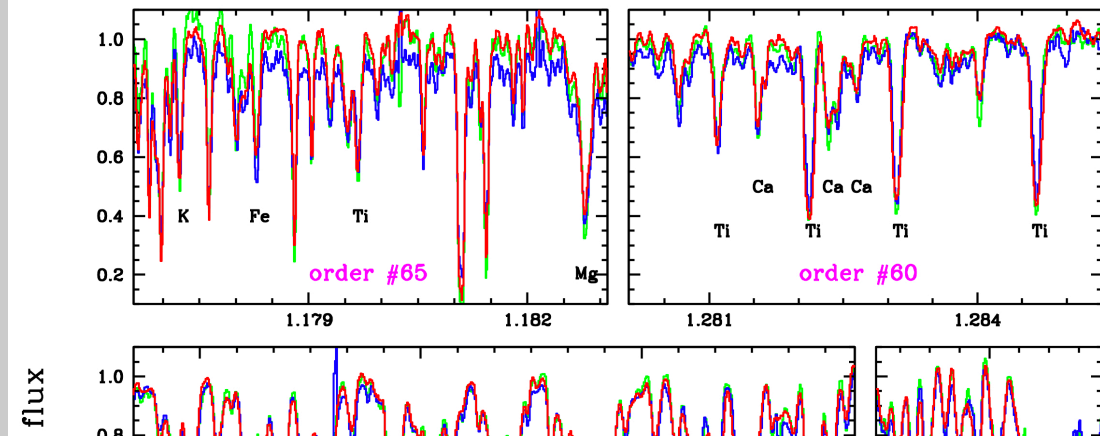
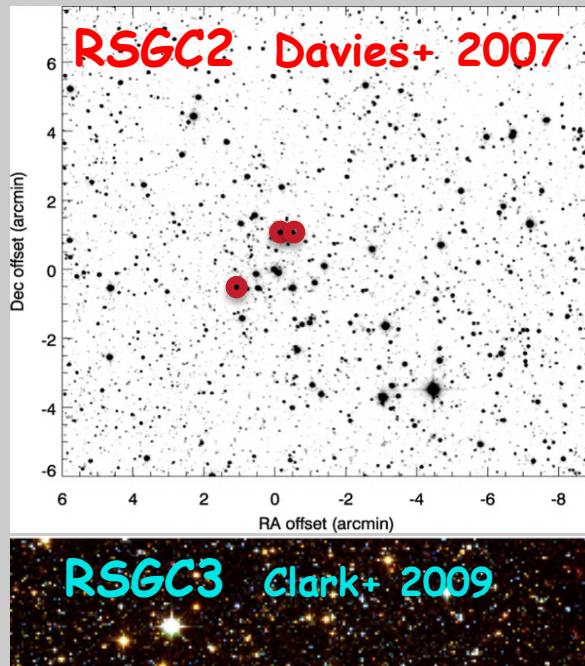


large-scale (\sim kpc) azimuthal variations in abundances at Galactocentric distances of 3-5 kpc from the intense but patchy SF driven by the potential of the central bar

chemical abundances of RSGs in the Scutum young clusters

GIANO pilot project

Origlia+ 2013;2016 SV

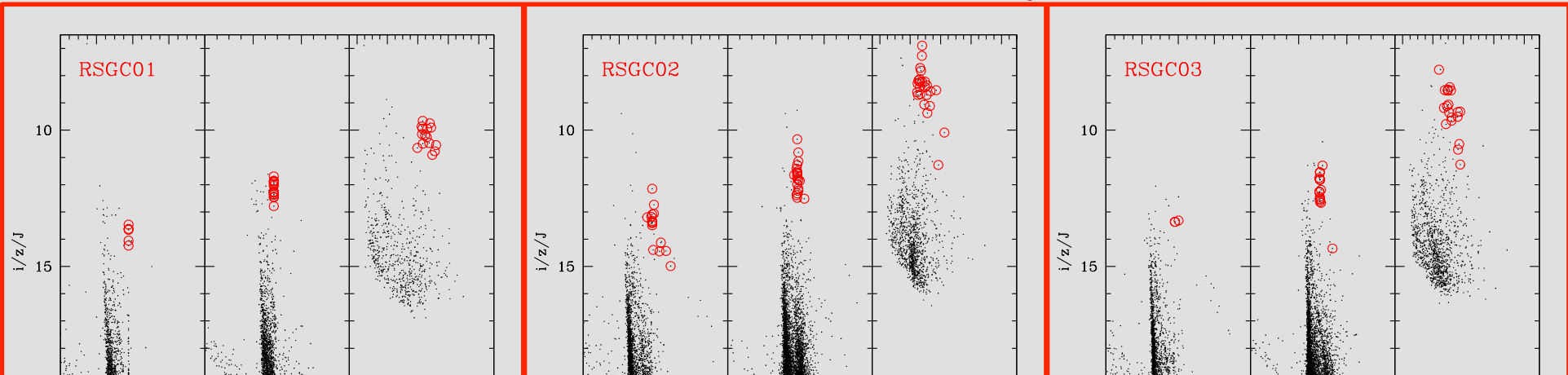


from several to a few tens lines per species

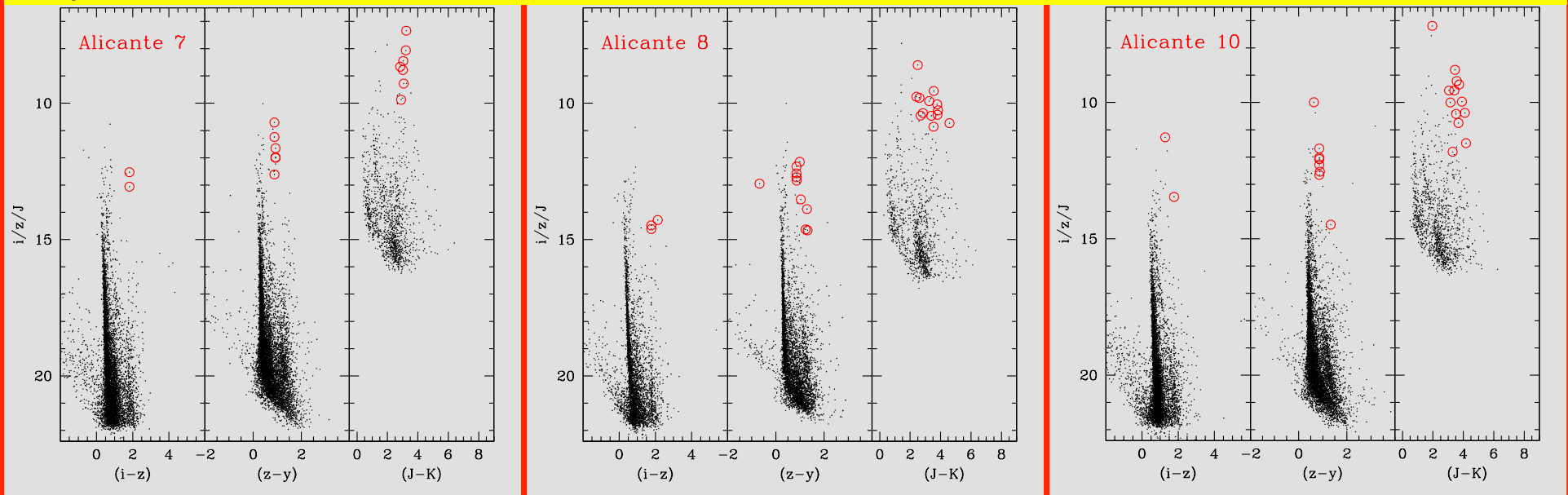
~20 different species: CNO, alpha, some other light, iron-peak, neutron-capture elements

- [Fe/H] and other iron-peak elements (Cr, Ni, V, Cu) ~ half solar
- about solar-scaled α , K, Na, Al, s-process elements (Sr, Y)
- some (if any) enhancement of F, Sc
- depleted (2-3x) C enhanced (2-3x) N $^{12}\text{C}/^{13}\text{C} \sim 10 \pm 1$

RSGs in the Scutum arm young clusters

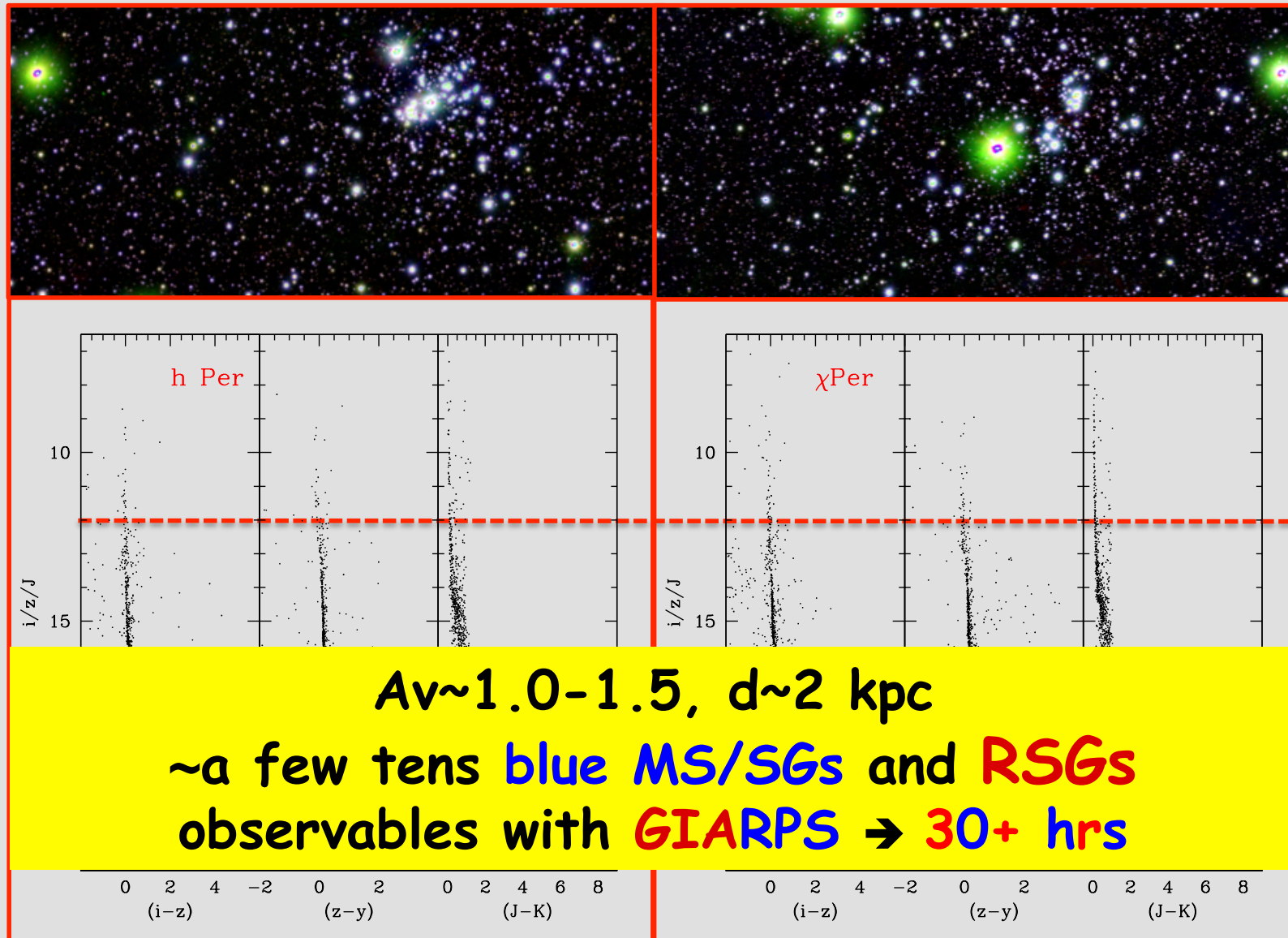


~100 RSGs observables with **GIANO** in the IR
prohibitive extinction ($A_v > 10$) for HARPS-N \rightarrow **70+ hrs**



courtesy of E. Dalessandro

RSGs in the h, χ Persei young clusters



courtesy of E. Dalessandro

CNO in globular cluster cool giants

GIANO pilot project M 71

Lapenna+ AOT33
work in progress...

some literature

chemistry:

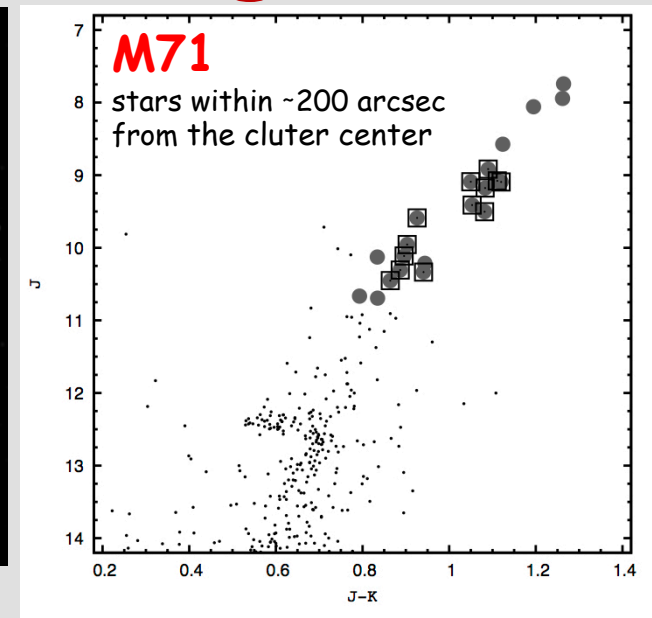
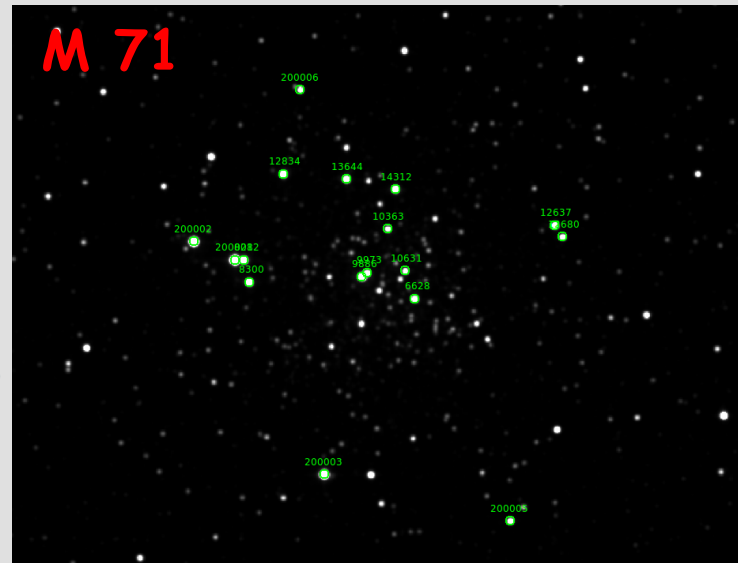
Ramirez&Cohen'02, Alves-Brito+'08,
Melendez&Cohen'09, Carretta+'09a,b

X-ray sources:

Elsner+'08, Huang+'10

PMs and structural parameters:

Cadelano+'17



detailed abundances of ^{12}C , ^{13}C , N & O + iron-peak, alpha, Na, Al, other light, some neutron-capture elements

- abundance spreads and anti-correlations for the full set of CNO, Na, Mg, Al and other light elements, for a detailed chemical characterization of the multiple SPs
- reliable [C+N] and [C+N+O] total abundances to constrain the nature of the polluters
- accurate trends of [C/Fe], [N/Fe] and $^{12}\text{C}/^{13}\text{C}$ with luminosity/temperature, thus quantifying C depletion and N enhancement due to extra-mixing processes along the RGB/AGB
- cross-checking chemical abundances in the optical and near IR ranges

other ~10 GCs observable with GIARPS → 100+ hrs