

# ***The accretion flow in black hole X-ray binaries through the “lens” of X-ray spectral-timing***

***Barbara De Marco***

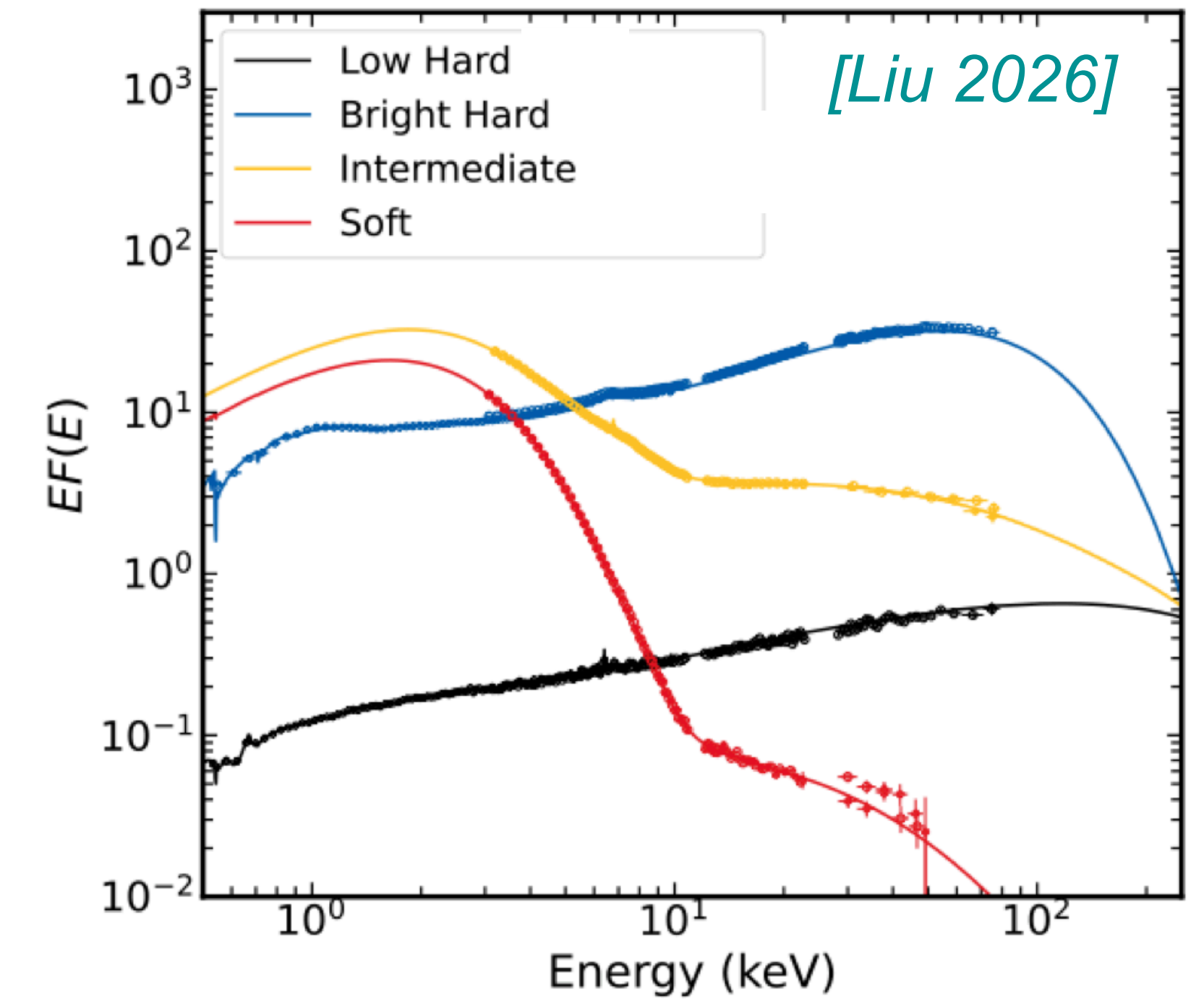
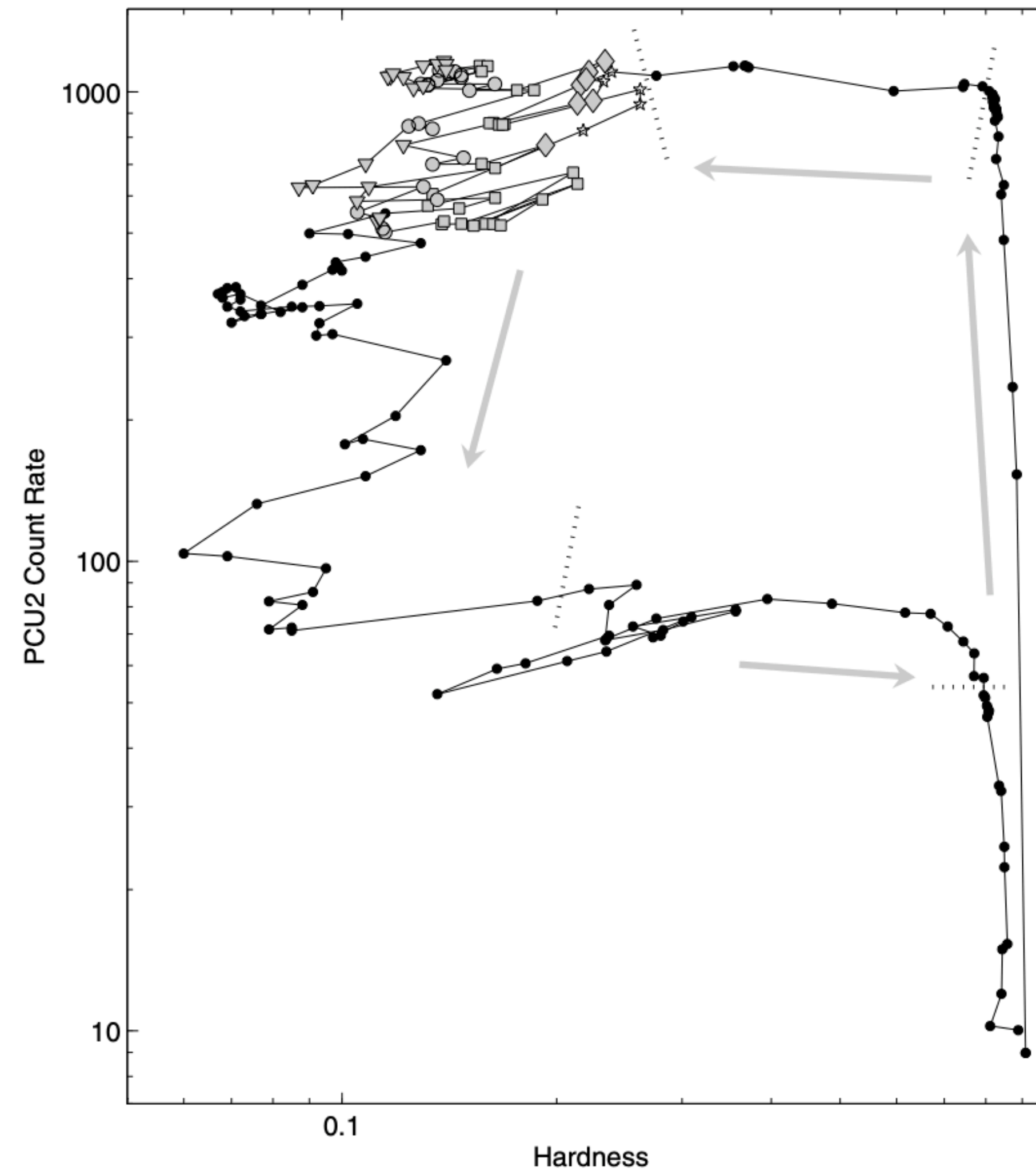
*Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya*



*“Out to the stars” by T. Belloni  
[Museu Blau, Barcelona]*

# *The canonical map*

*A common language  
to describe  
accretion states*

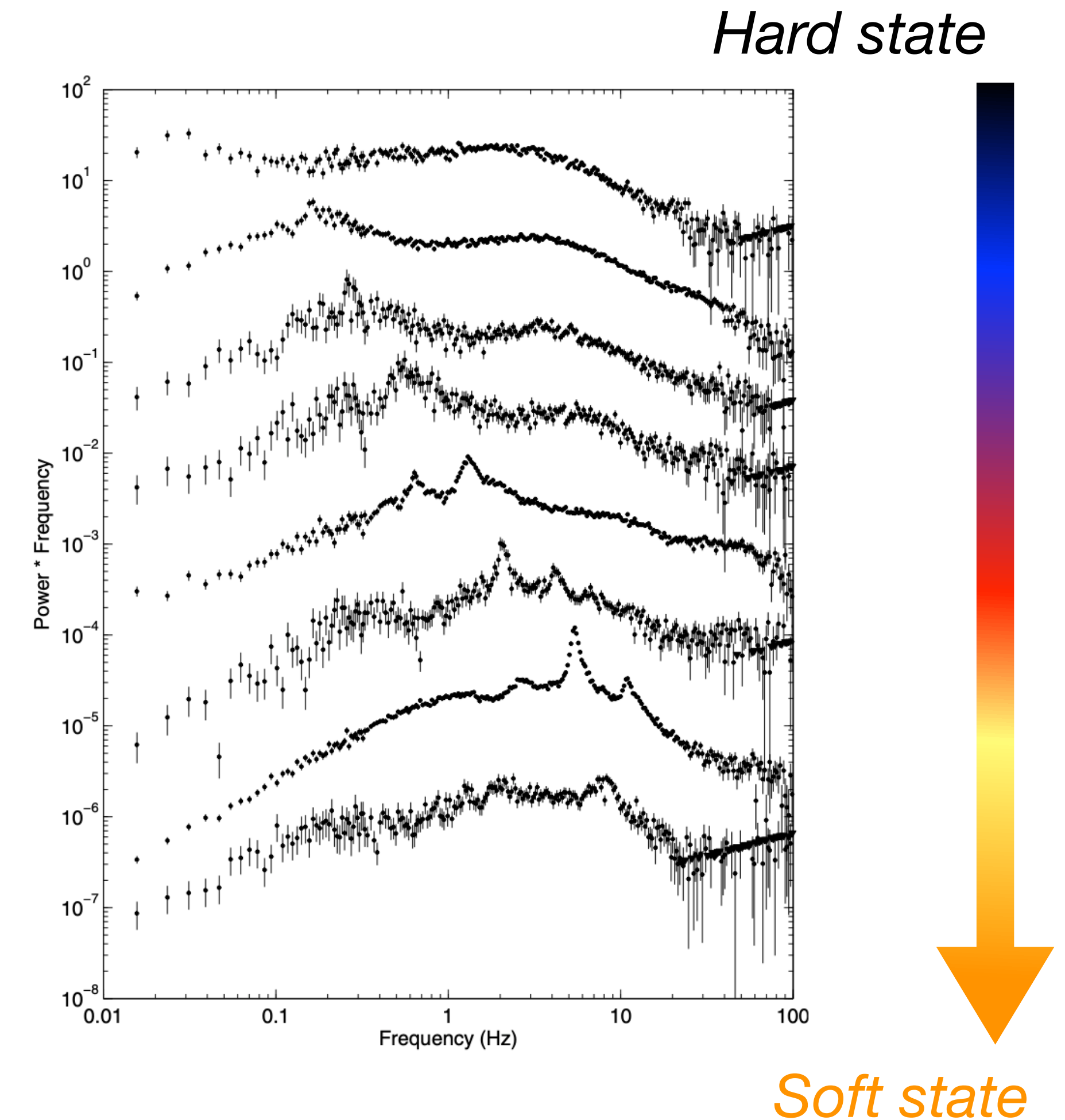
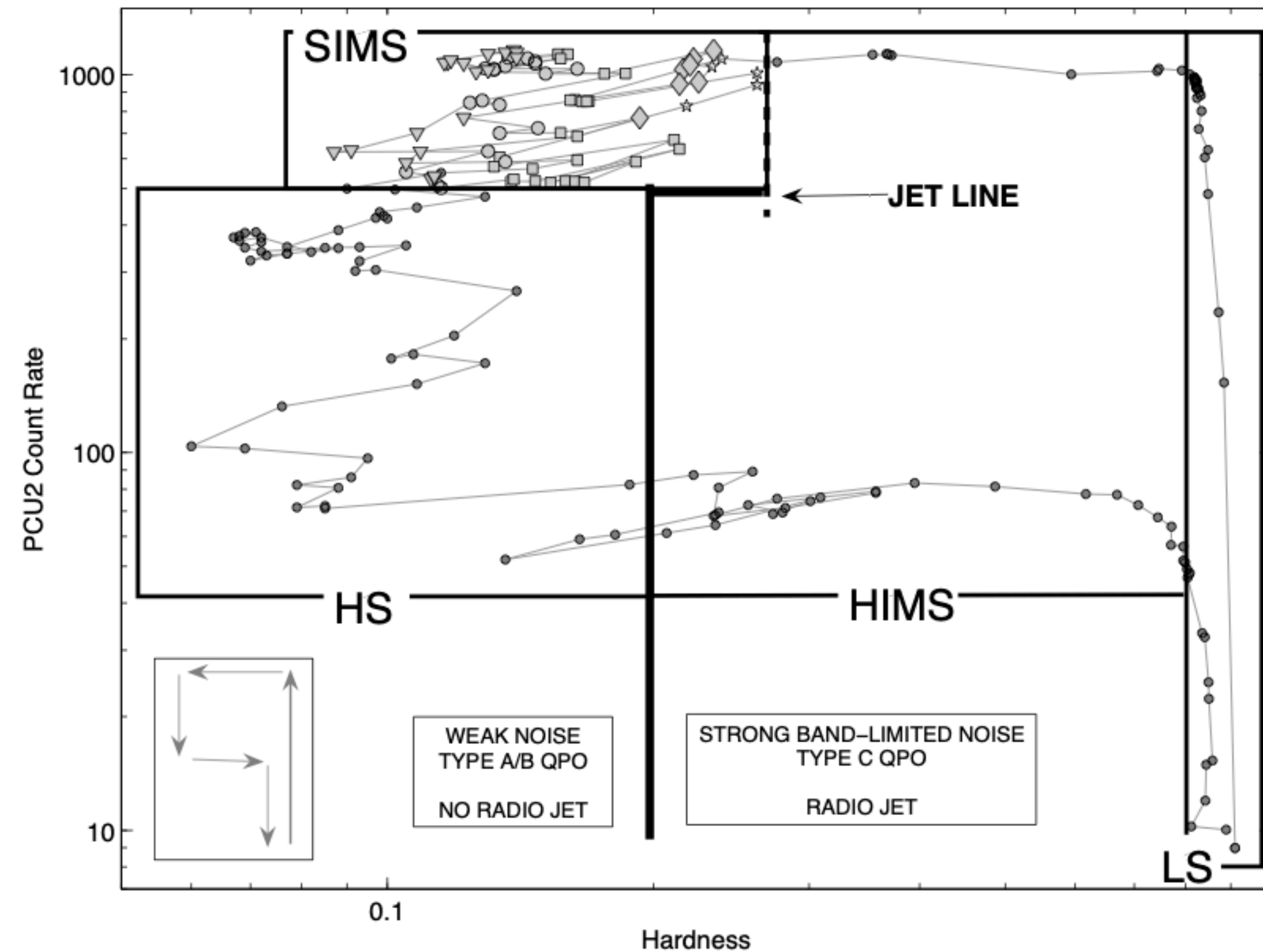


*[Belloni et al. 2005; Homan & Belloni 2005; Remillard & McClintock 2006]*



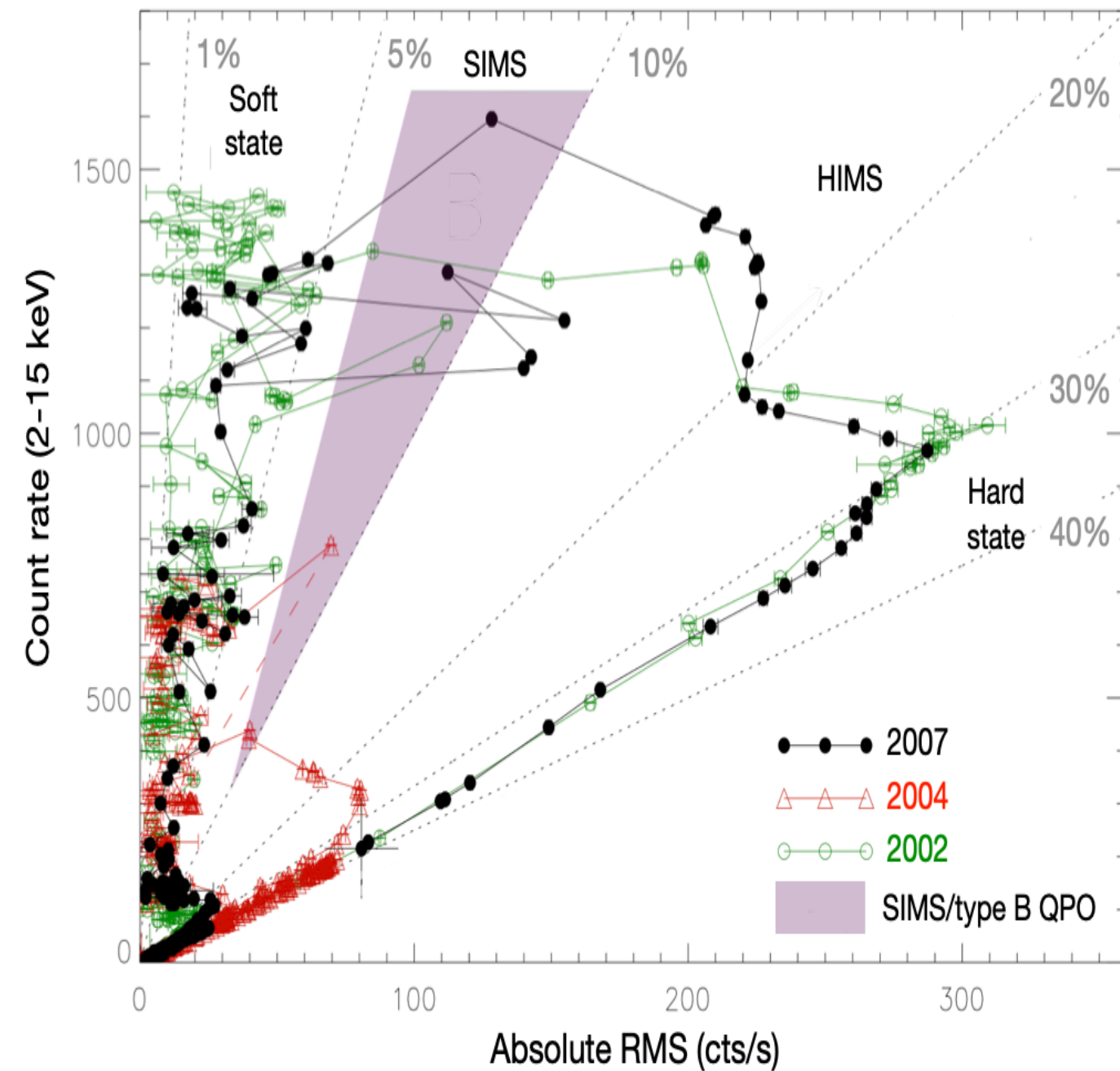
# Fast X-ray variability

*“It is now clear that fast timing variations are a key ingredient which needs to be considered in order to have a complete view of the states and state transitions” [Belloni et al. 2005]*

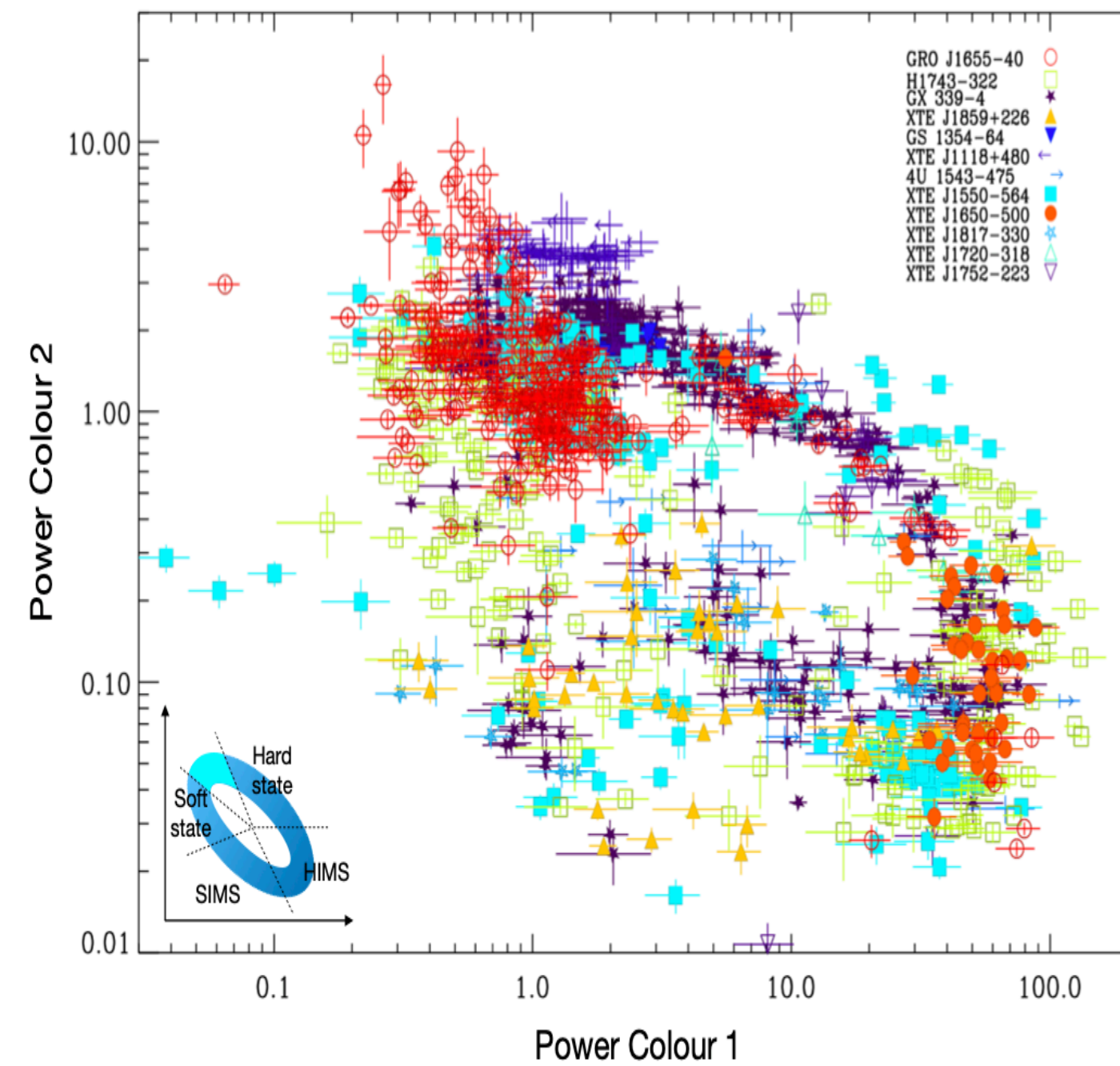


[Belloni & Hasinger 1990; Belloni et al. 2002; Belloni et al. 2005]

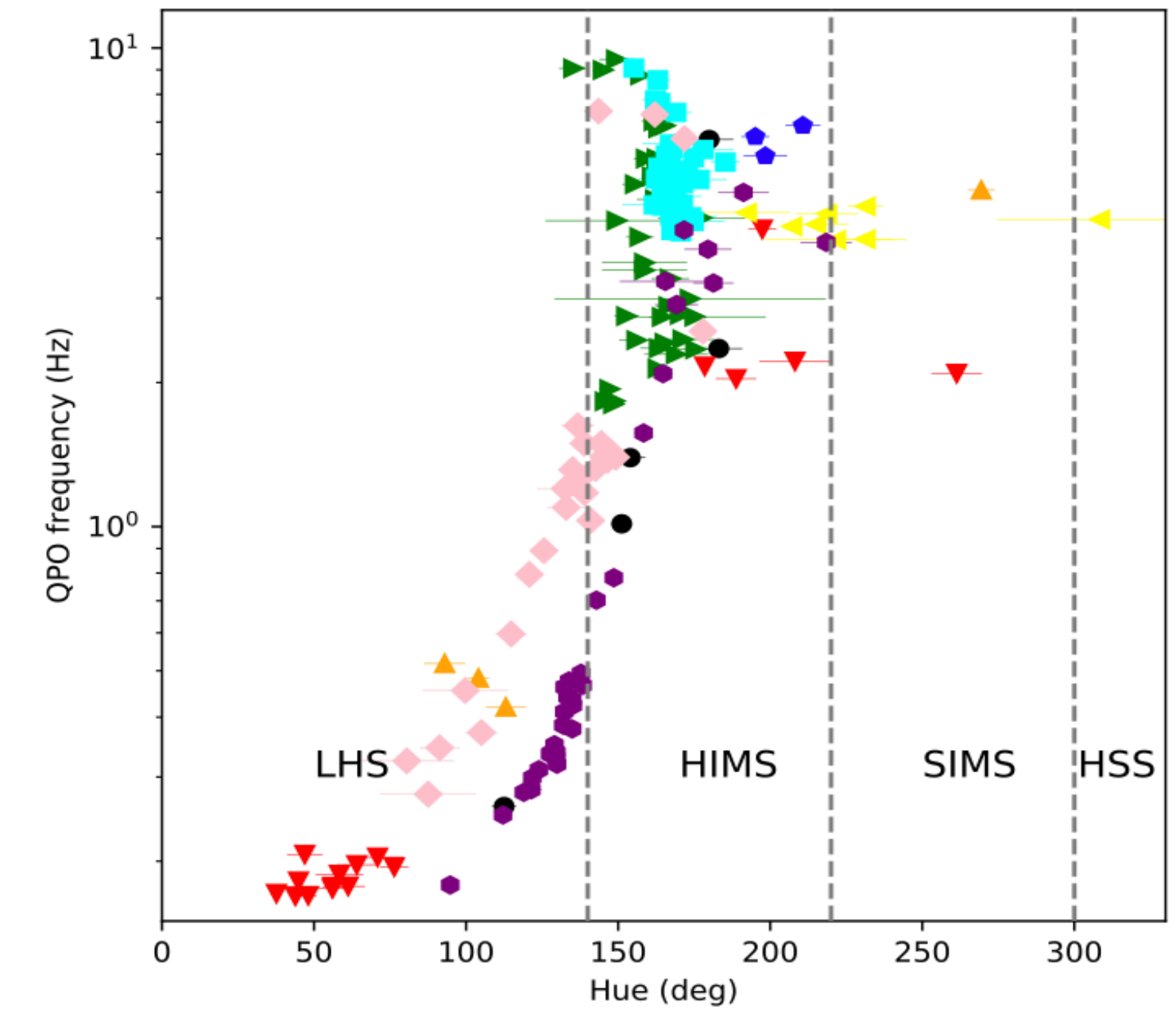
# Fast X-ray variability maps



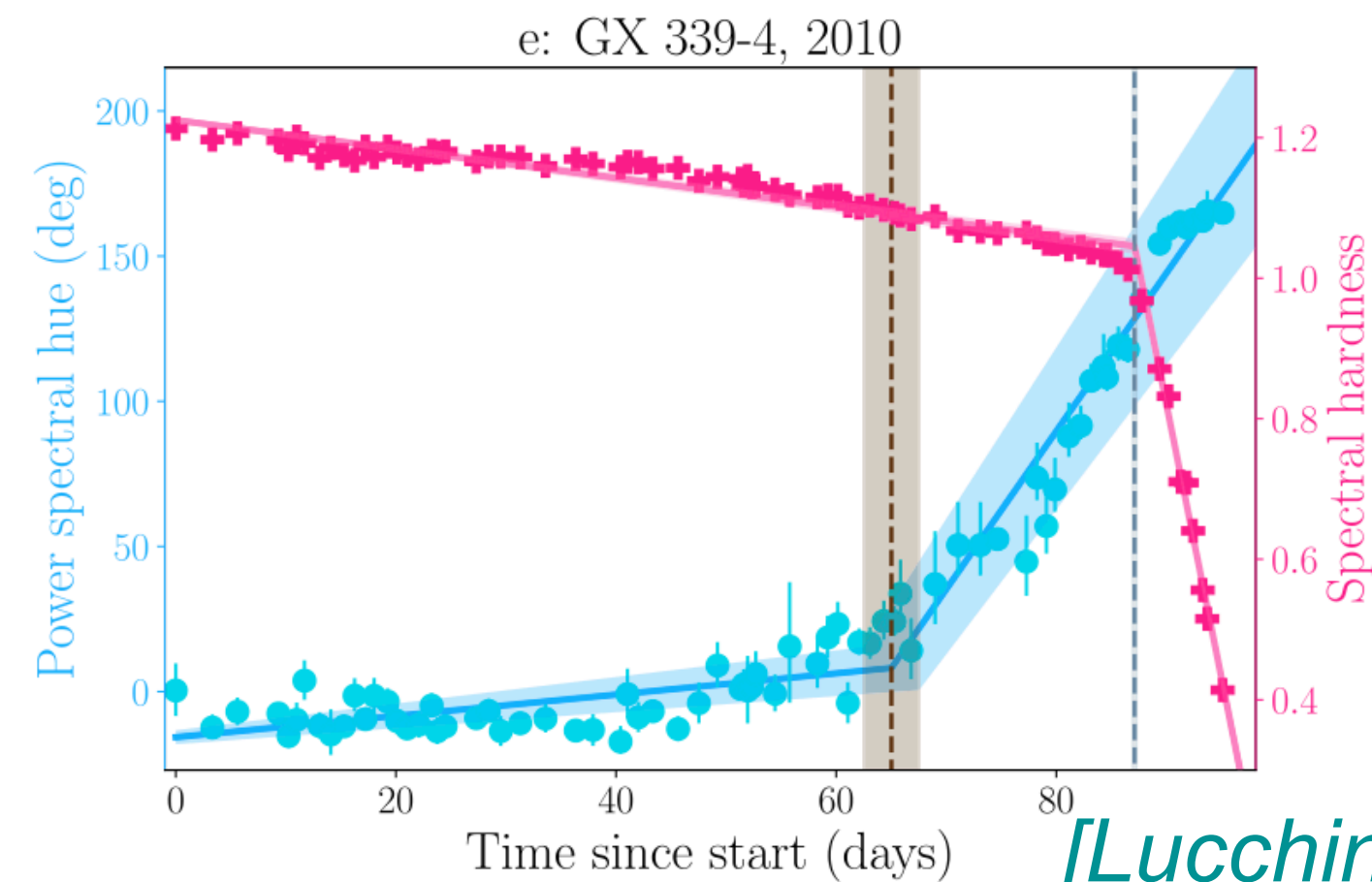
[Muñoz-Darias et al. 2011; Heil et al. 2012]



[Heil et al. 2015]



[Zhang et al. 2026]



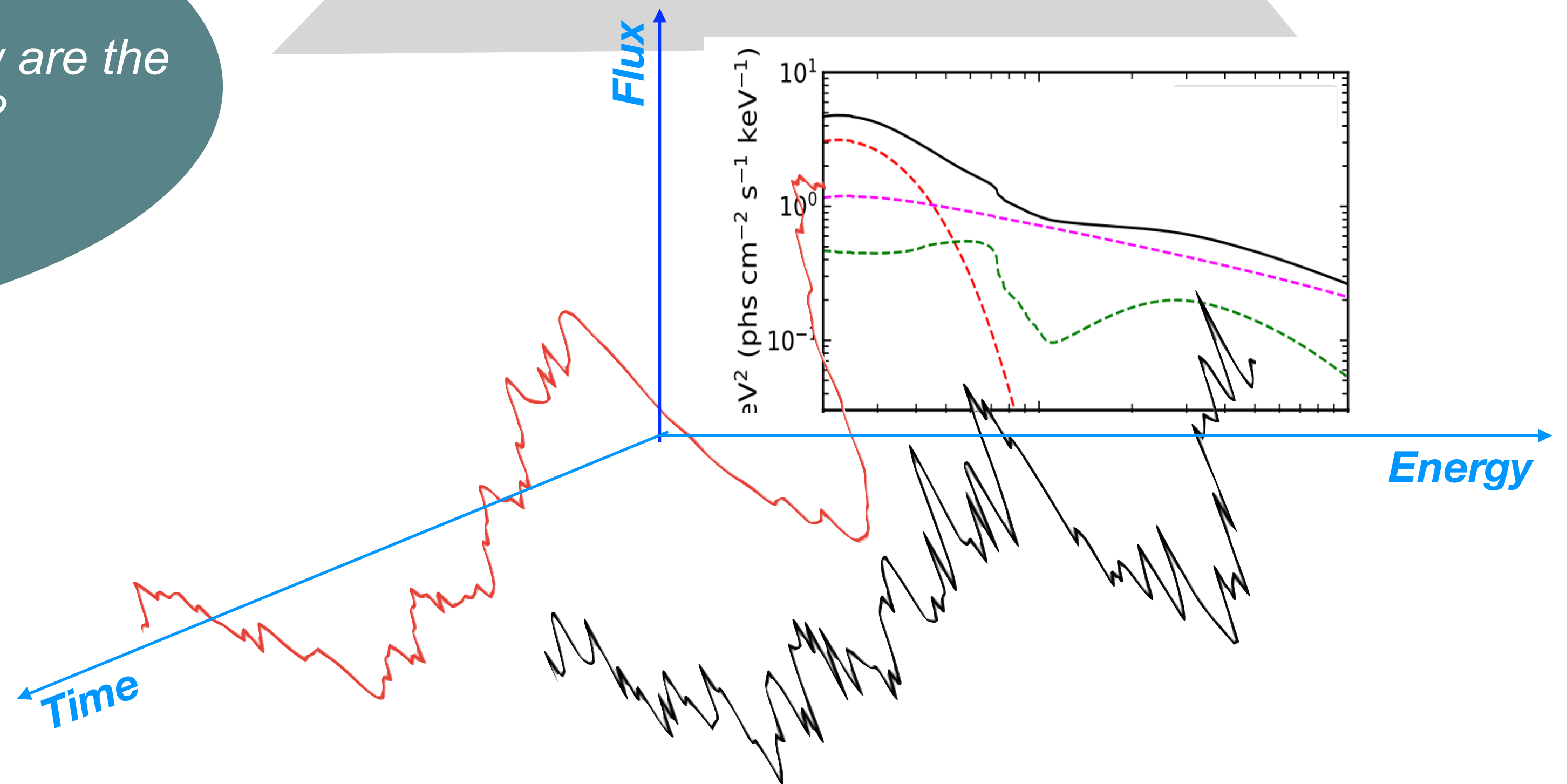
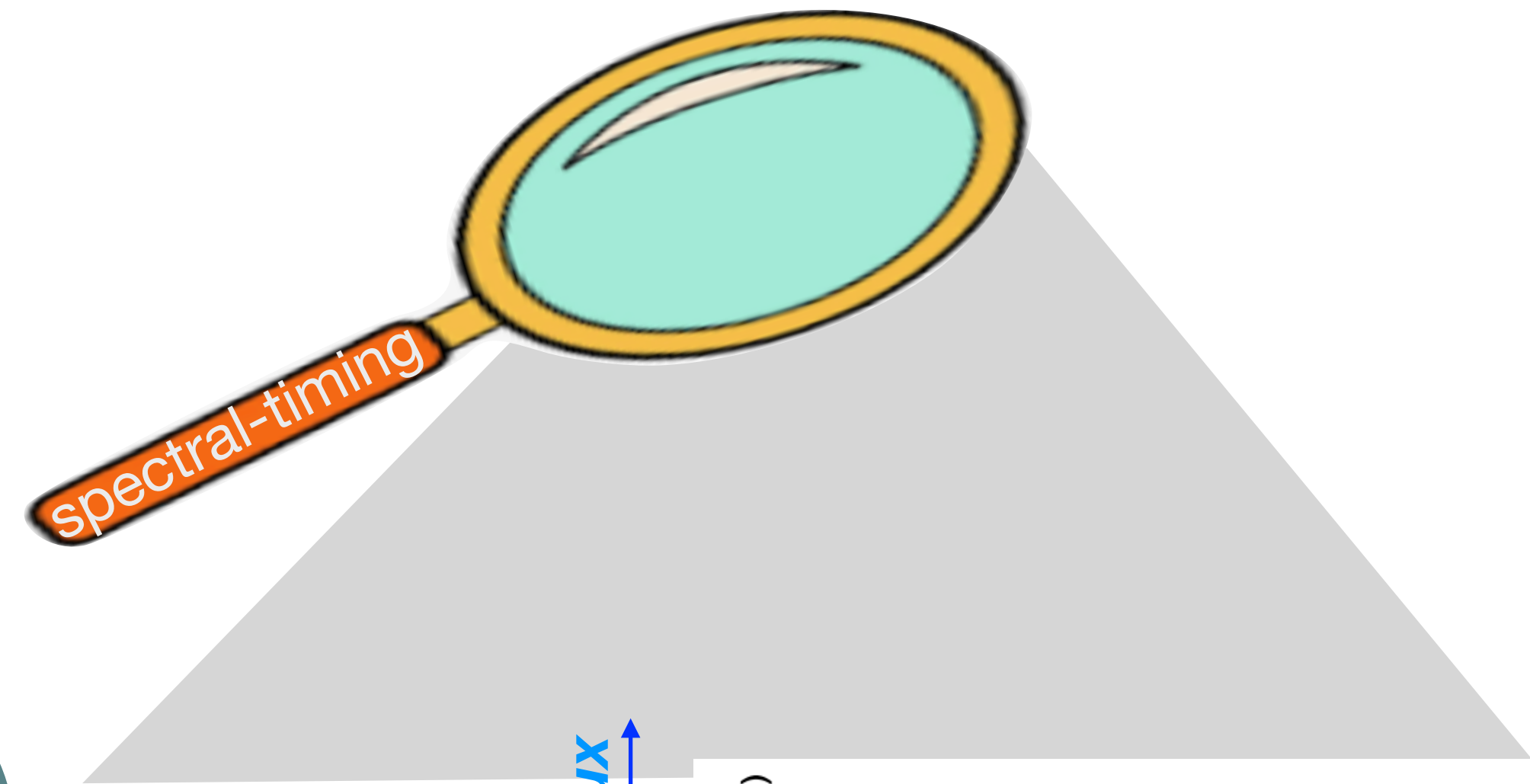
[Lucchini et al. 2023]

*Rms, power colours, QPOs,  
hue evolution...identify states  
and state transitions*



# *From state classification to physical diagnosis*

*Where does this variability come from and how are the different spectral components coupled?*



[see E. Lai and F. Garcia talks]

## ***Three fundamental questions:***

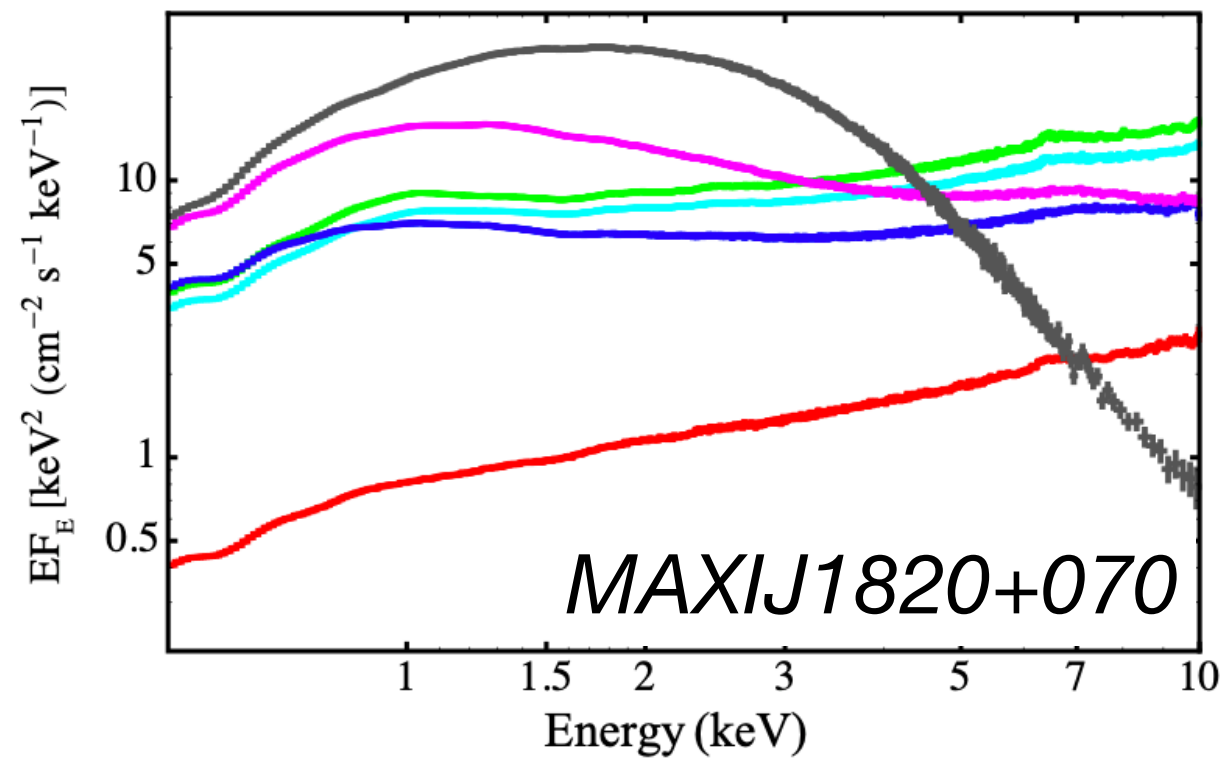
***Where does the X-ray variability come from?***

***What is the geometry of the inner accretion flow?***

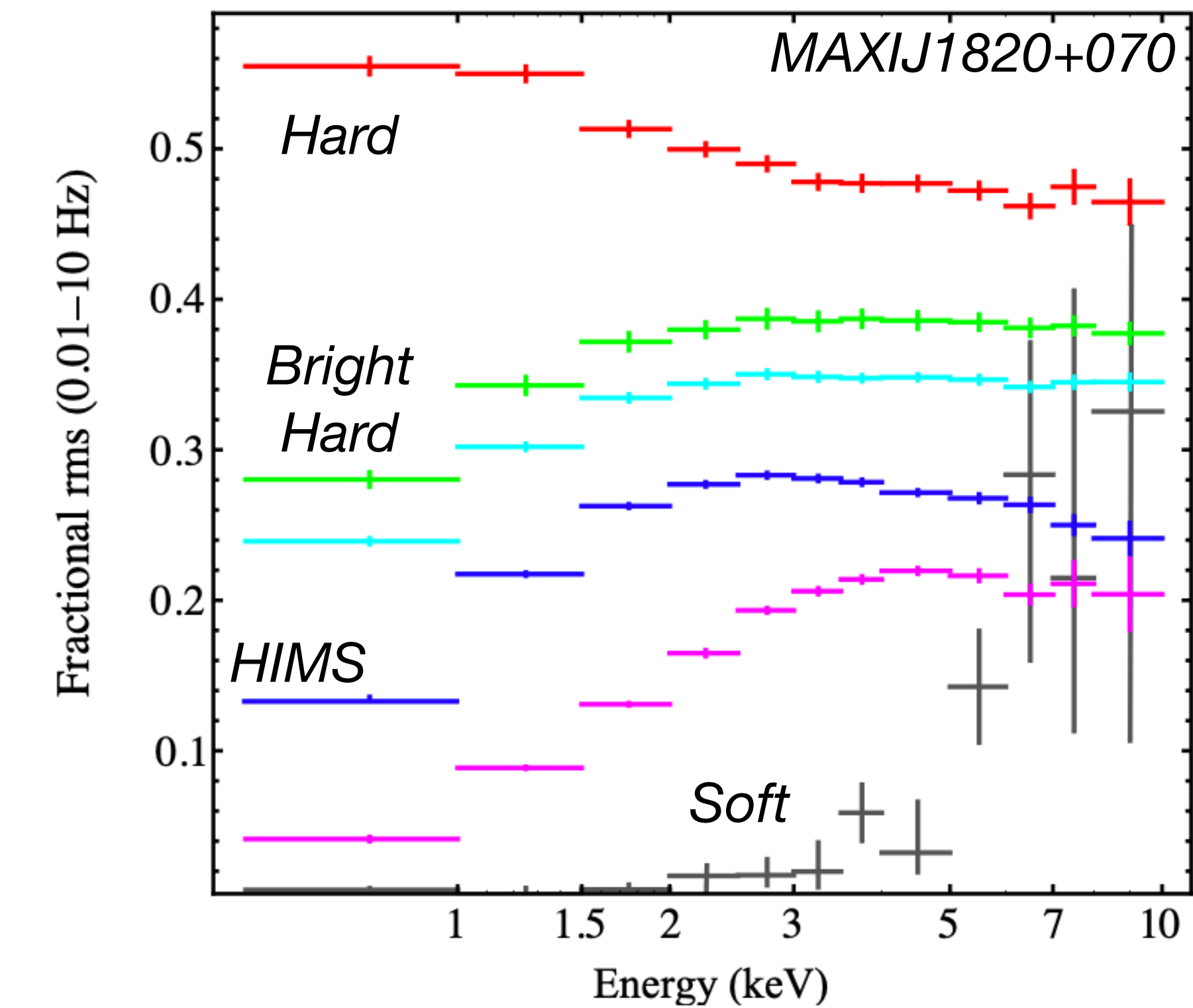
***What happens at the hard-to-soft state transition?***



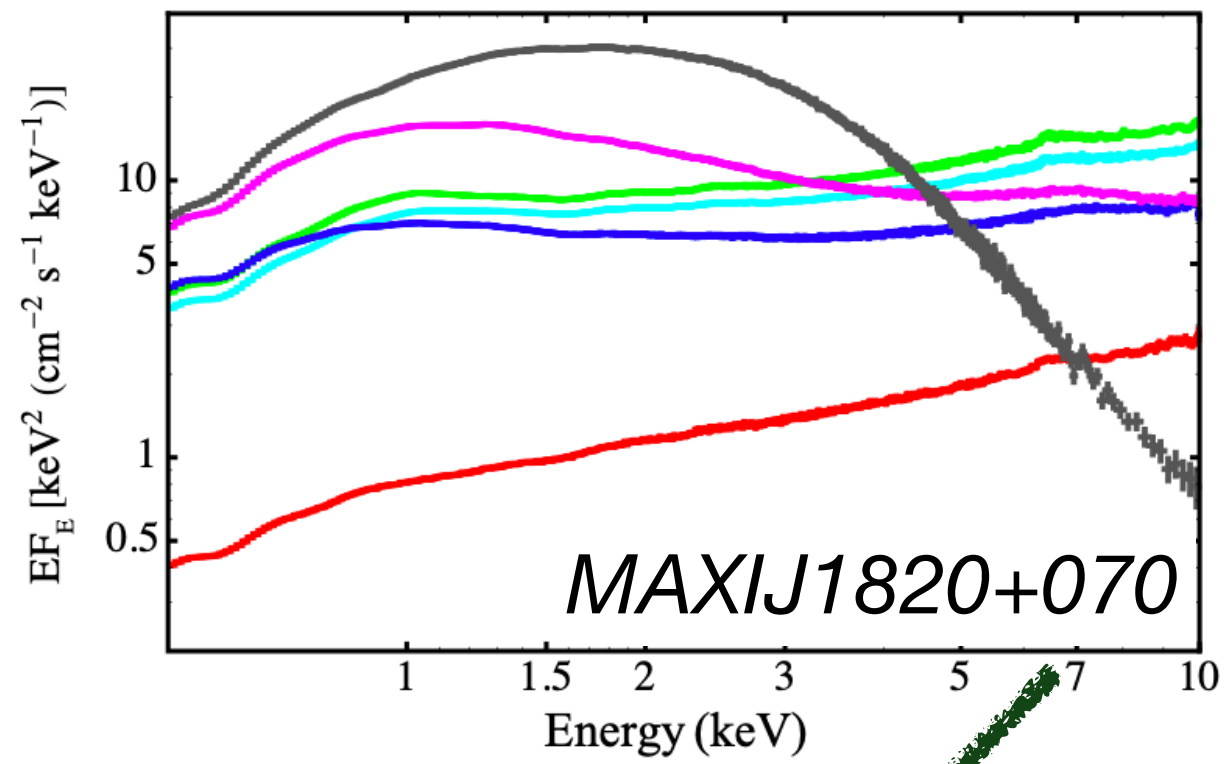
# Where does the X-ray variability come from?



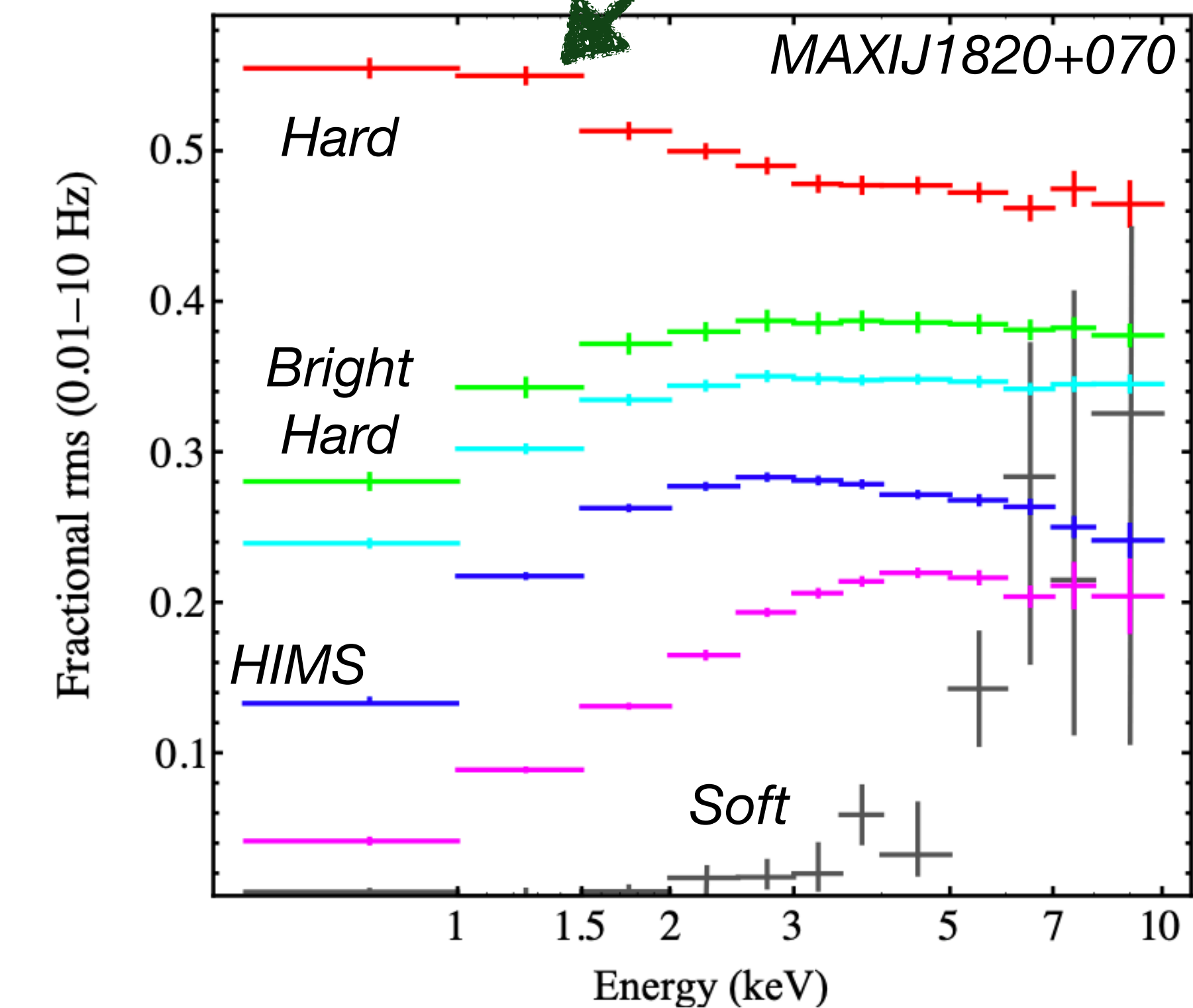
*Stable disc plus  
variable corona?*



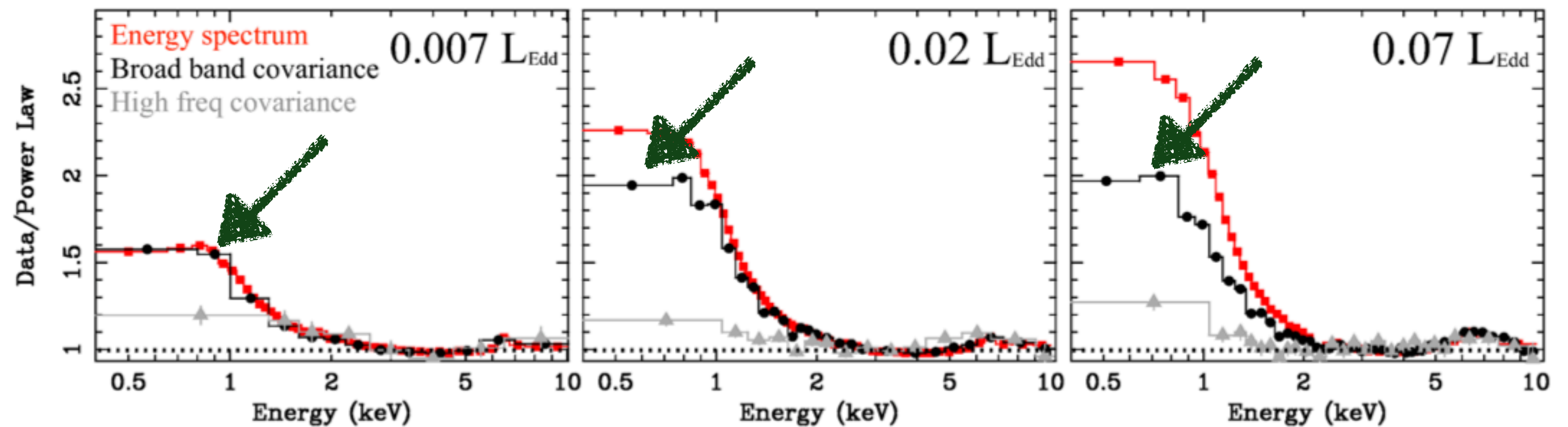
# Where does the X-ray variability come from?



*Stable disc plus  
variable corona?*



*GX 339-4 (Hard state)*

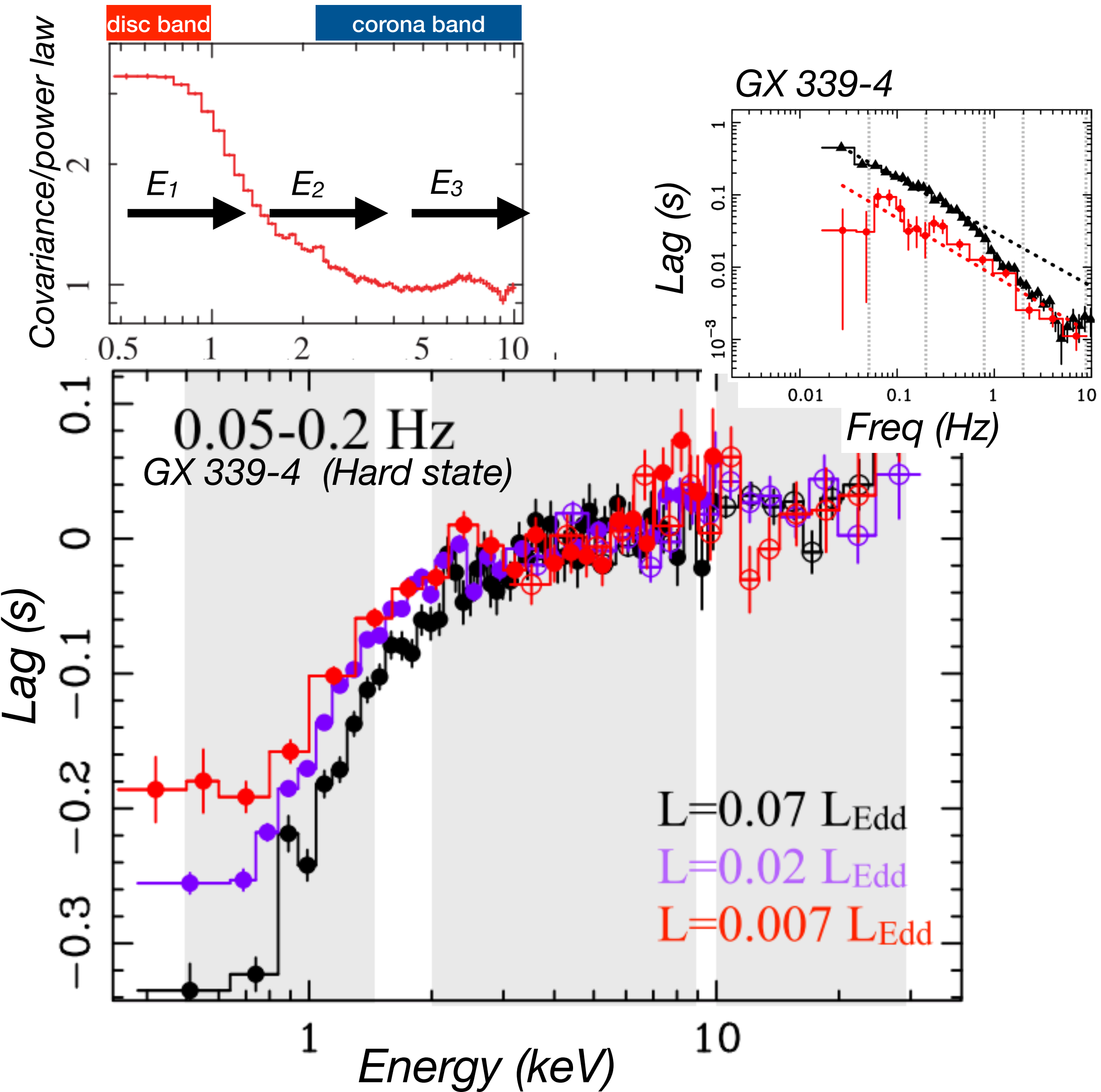


*[De Marco et al. 2015a; Wilkinson & Uttley 2009; De Marco, Motta, Belloni 2022]*

*[Axelsson & Veledina 2021; Churazov et al. 2001; Gierlinski & Zdziarski 2005]*

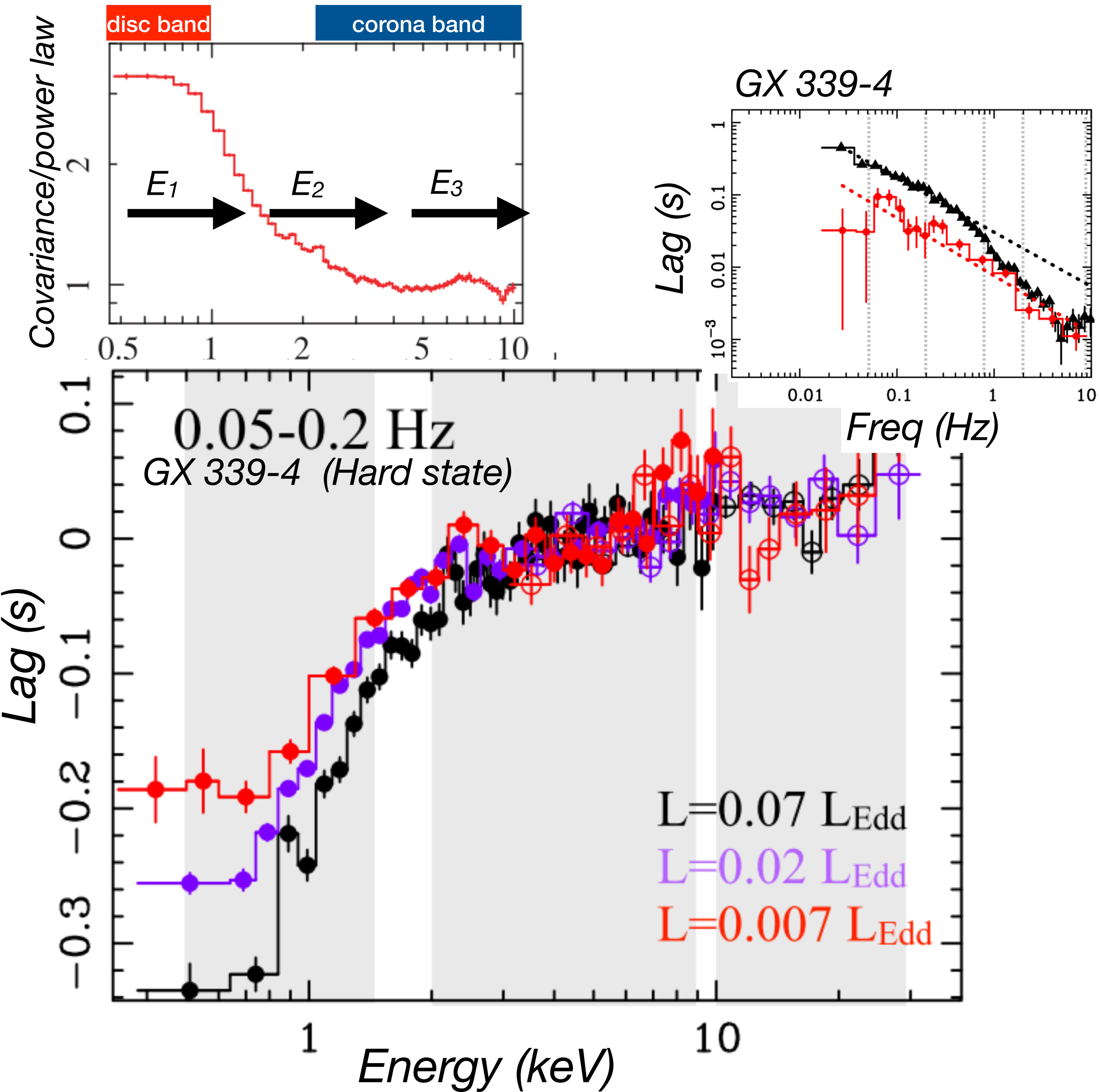


# Where does the X-ray variability come from?

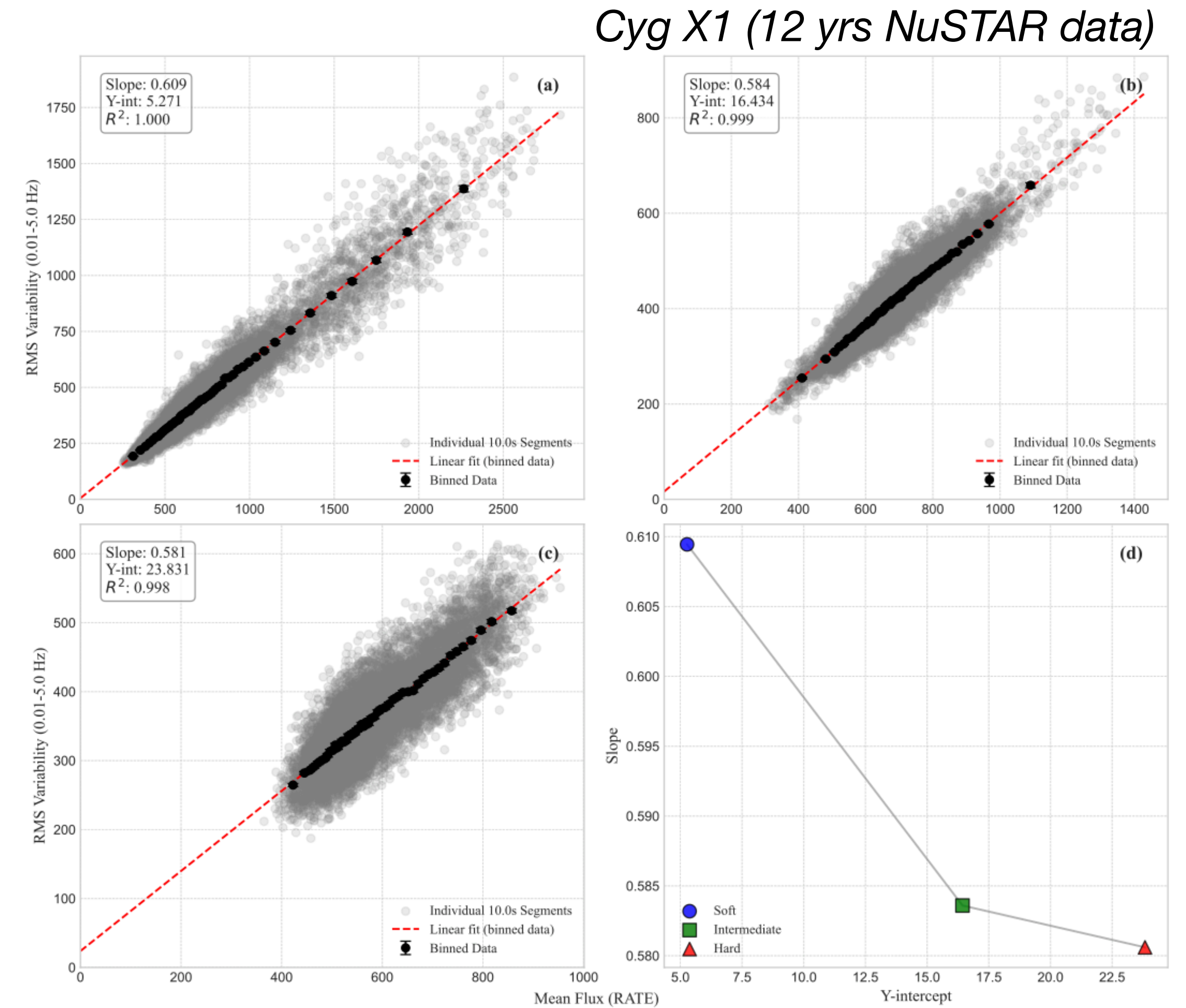


[De Marco et al. 2015b]

# Where does the X-ray variability come from?

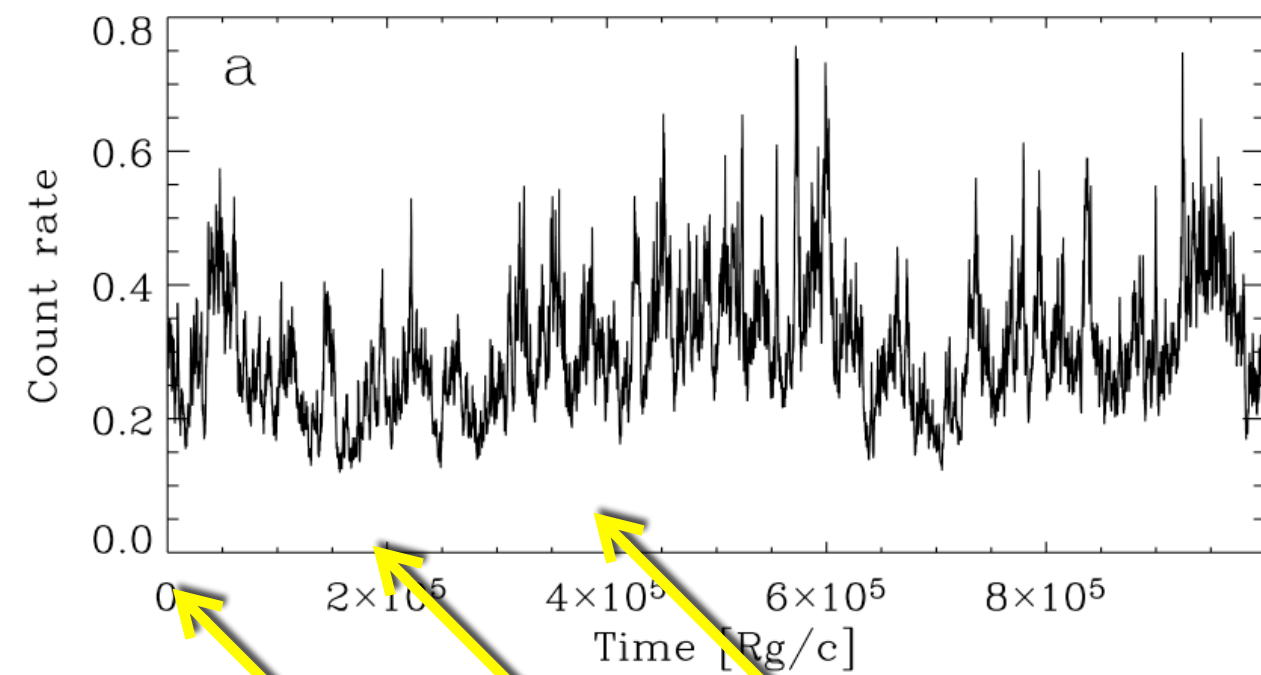


[De Marco et al. 2015b]

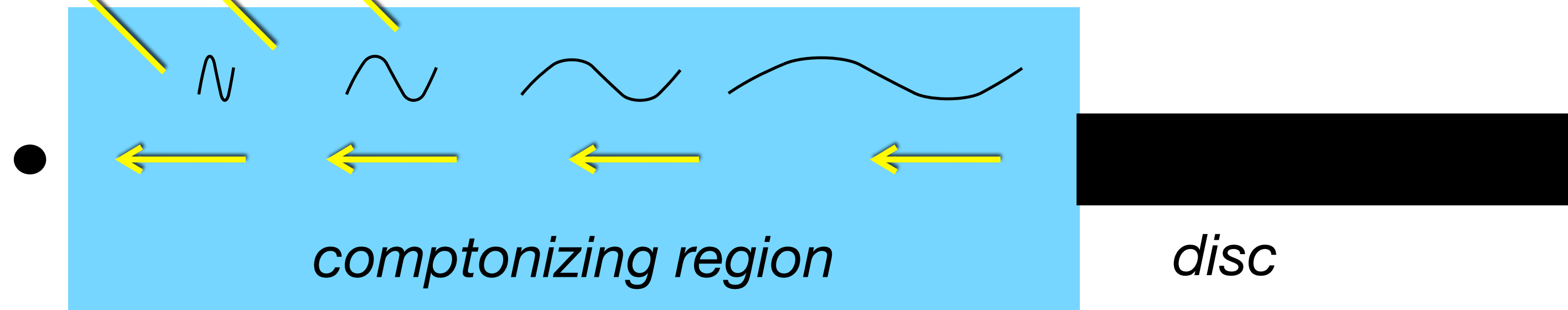


[Duraphe et al. 2026; Uttley et al. 2005; Heil et al. 2012;  
but see Scargle 2022]

# Where does the X-ray variability come from?



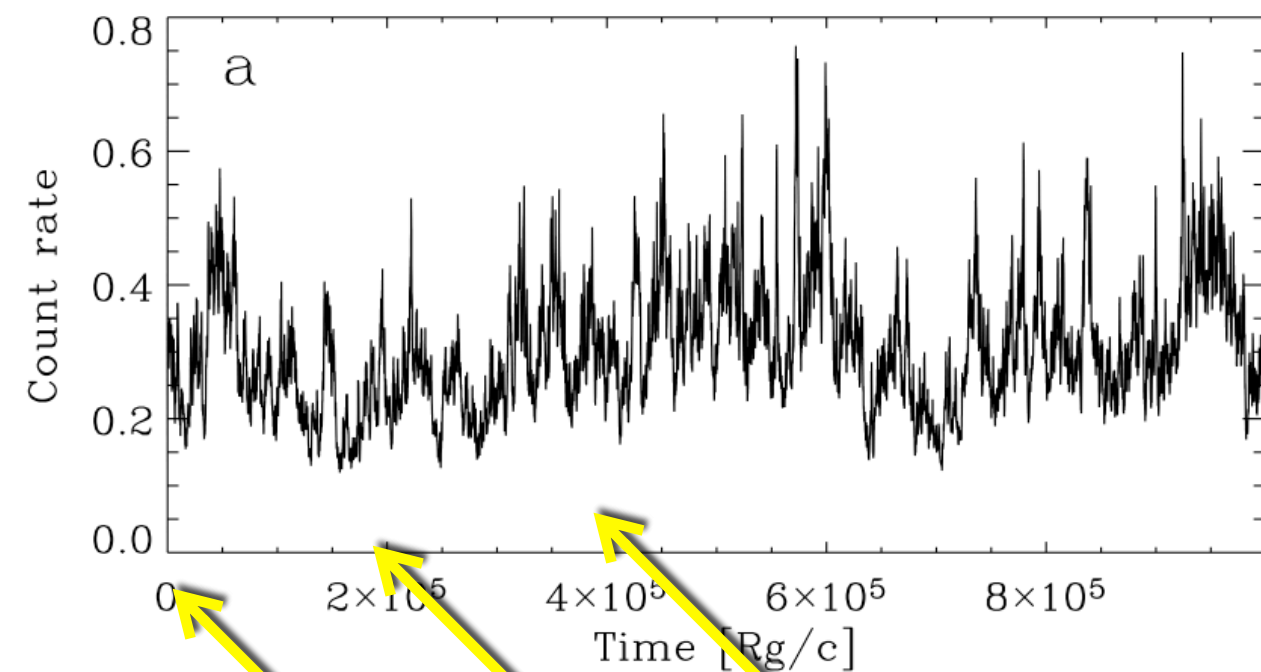
*Propagating mass  
accretion rate fluctuations*



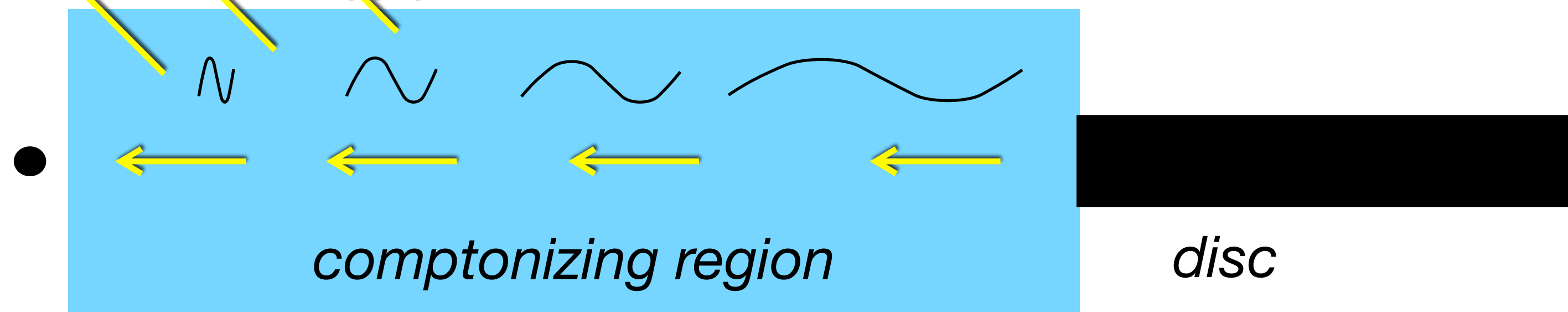
*[Lyubarskii 1997; Kotov et al.  
2001; Hogg & Reynolds 2016;  
Mushtukov et al. 2018;  
Bollimpalli et al. 2020; Turner &  
Reynolds 2021; Mummery  
2023...]*



# Where does the X-ray variability come from?

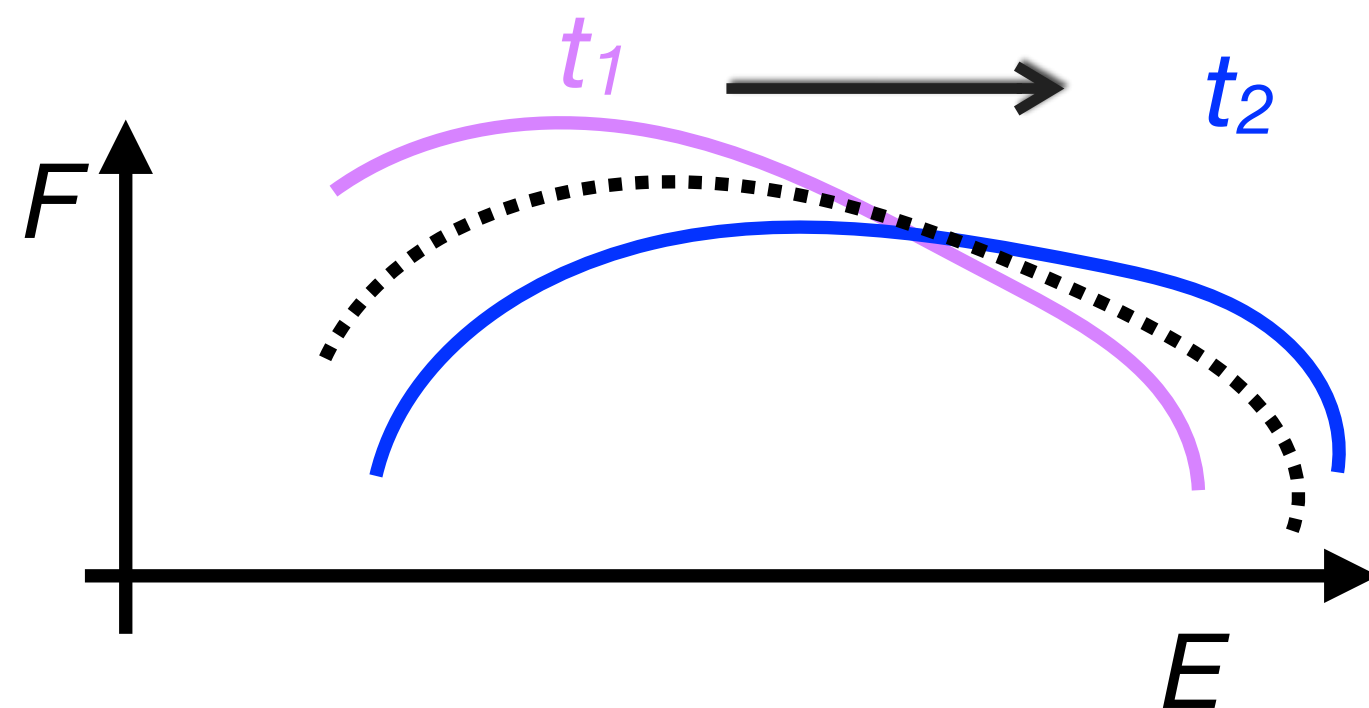


*Propagating mass  
accretion rate fluctuations*

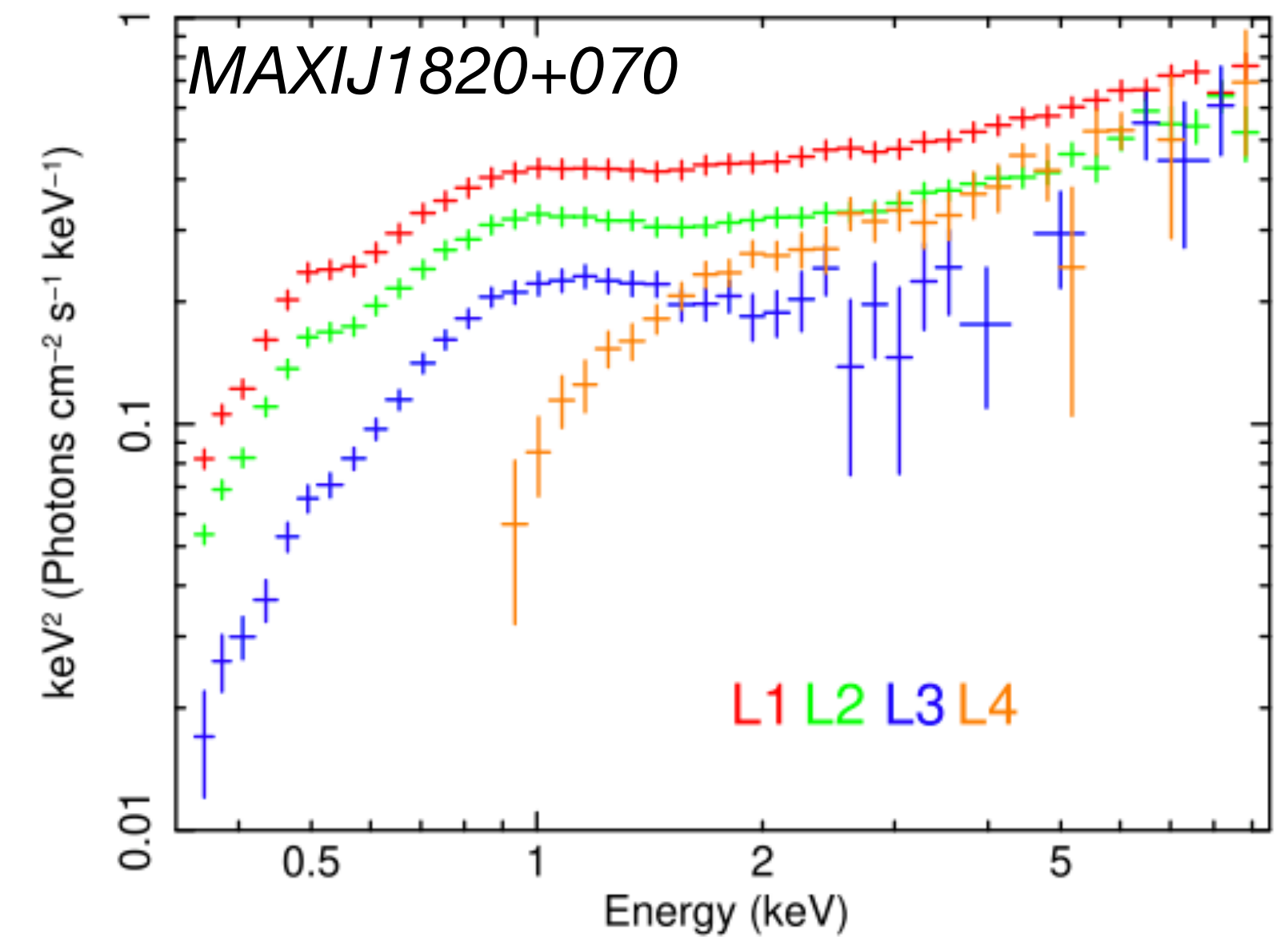


**Harder**

**Softer**

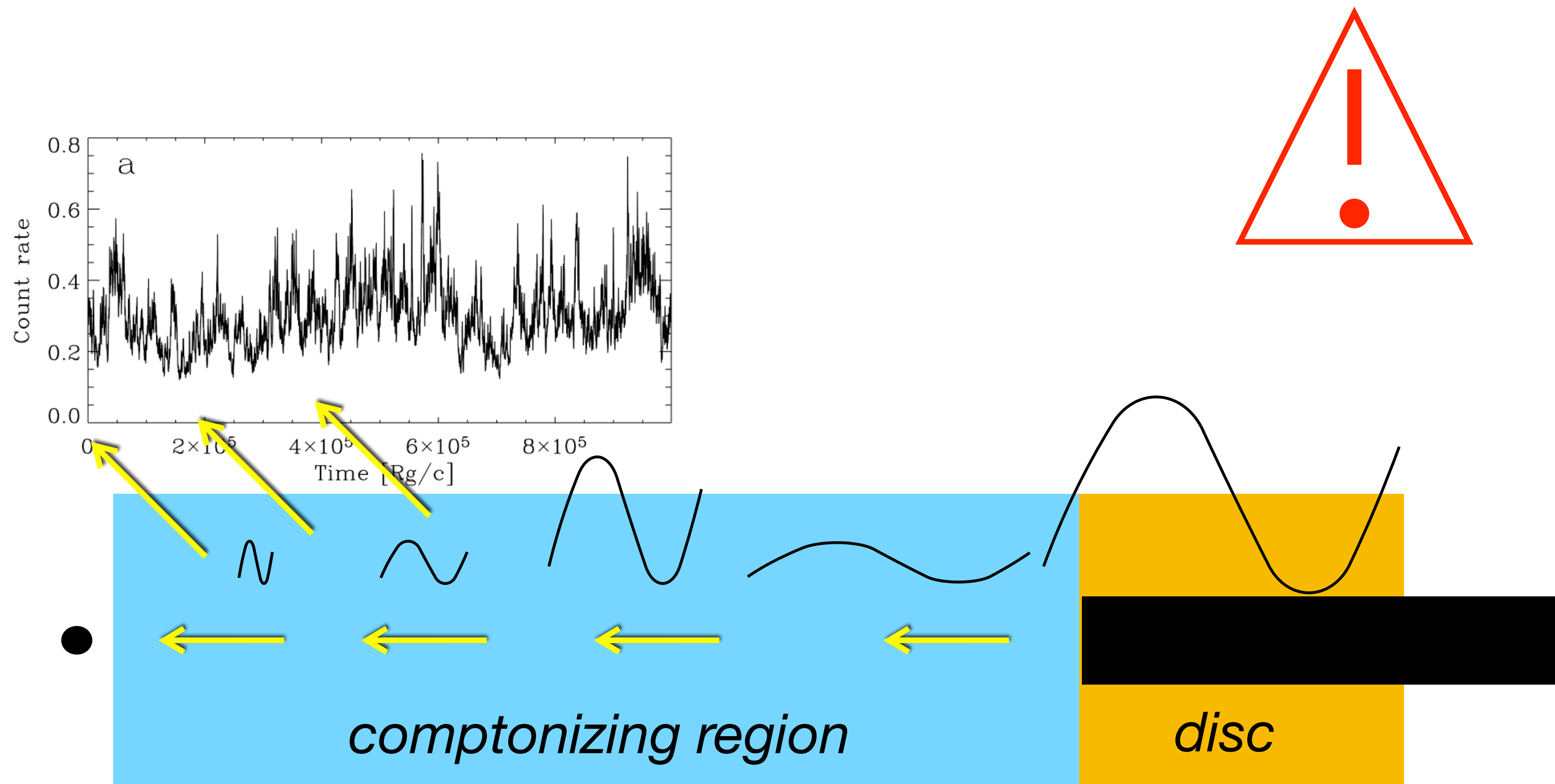


[Lyubarskii 1997; Kotov et al. 2001; Hogg & Reynolds 2016; Mushtukov et al. 2018; Bollimpalli et al. 2020; Turner & Reynolds 2021; Mummery 2023...]

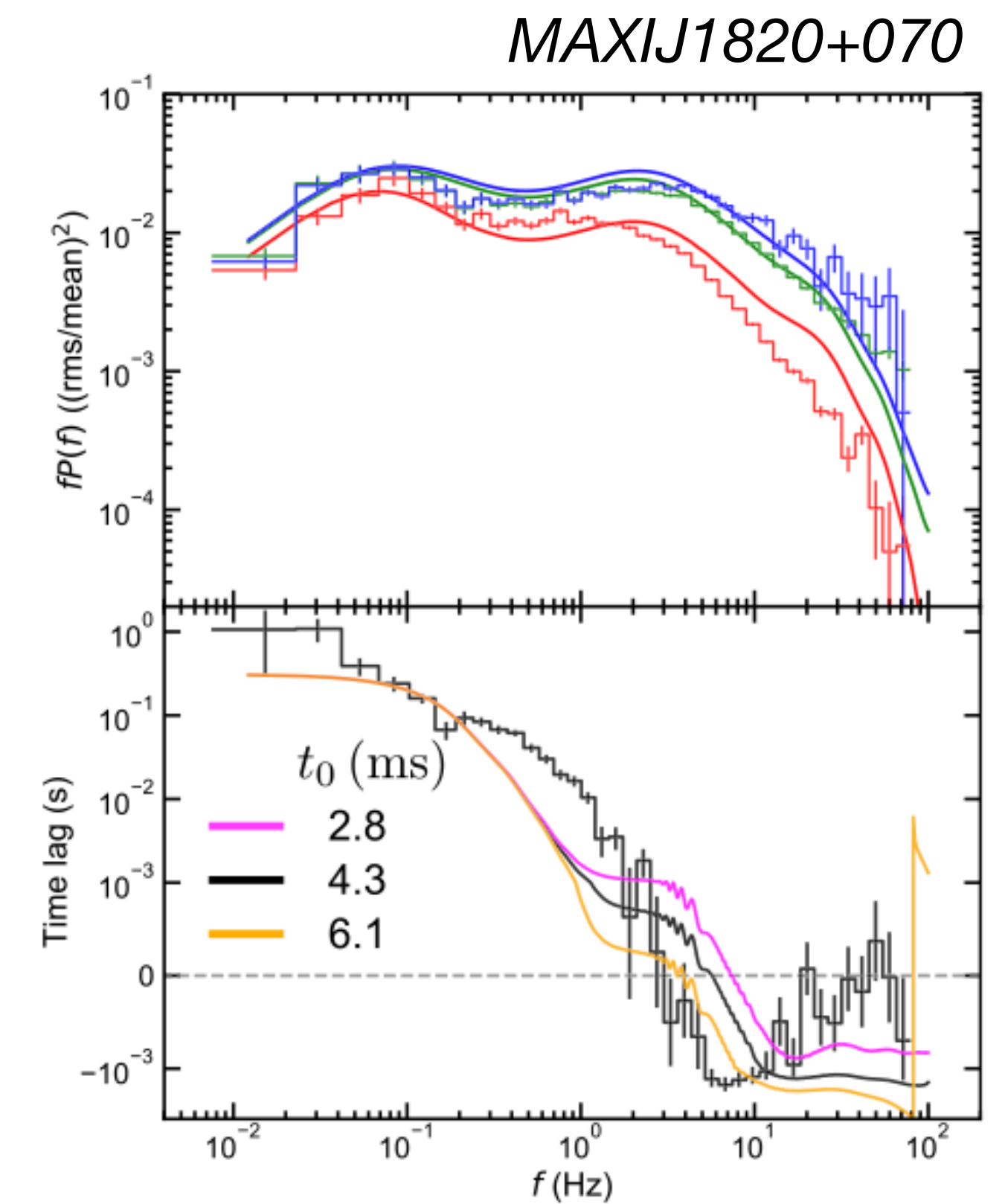


[Dzielałak, De Marco, Zdziarski 2021]

# Where does the X-ray variability come from?



- I. Region of turbulent disc emission
- II. Enhanced variability/emissivity at certain radii

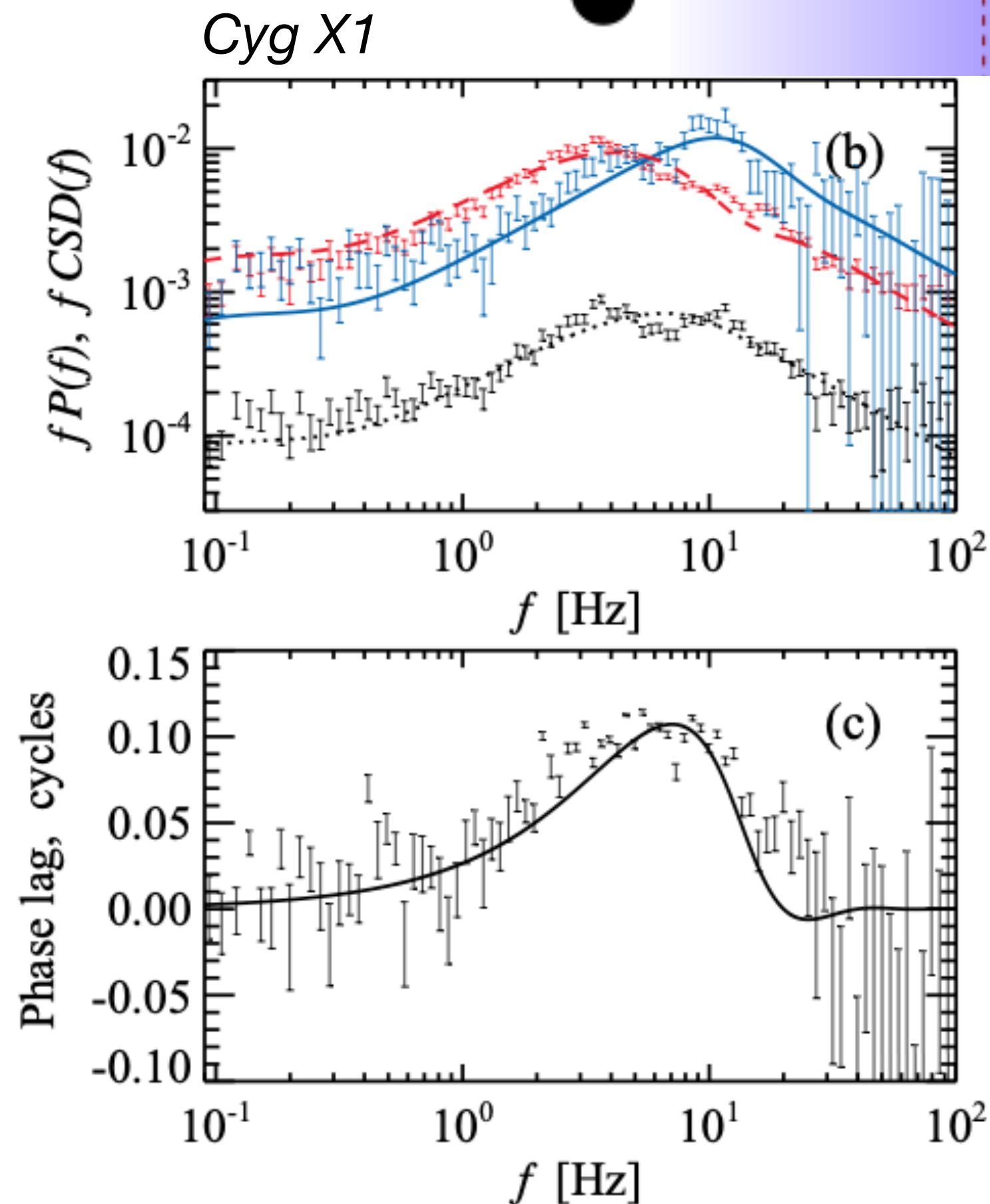
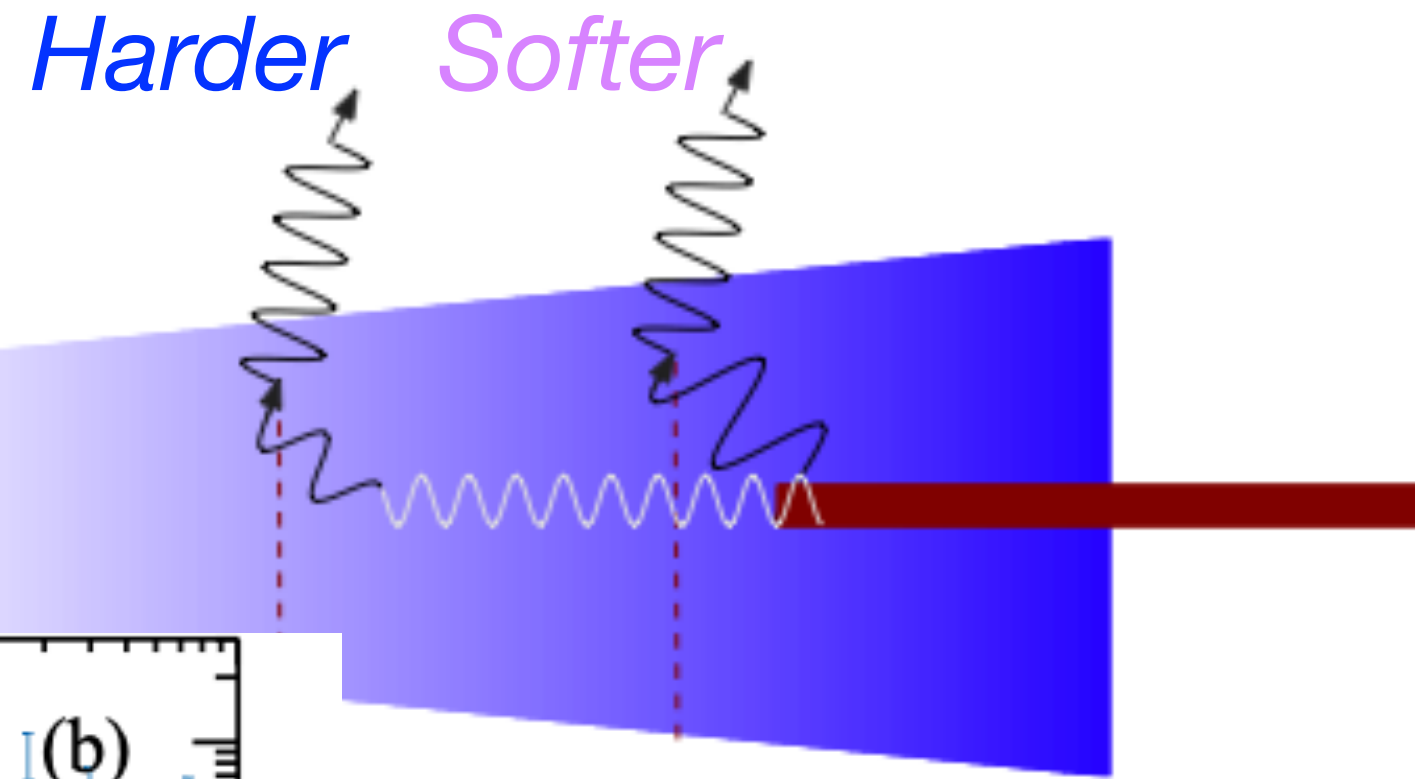


[Kawamura et al. 2022; see also Rapisarda et al. 2016, Mahmoud & Done 2018]

# Where does the X-ray variability come from?

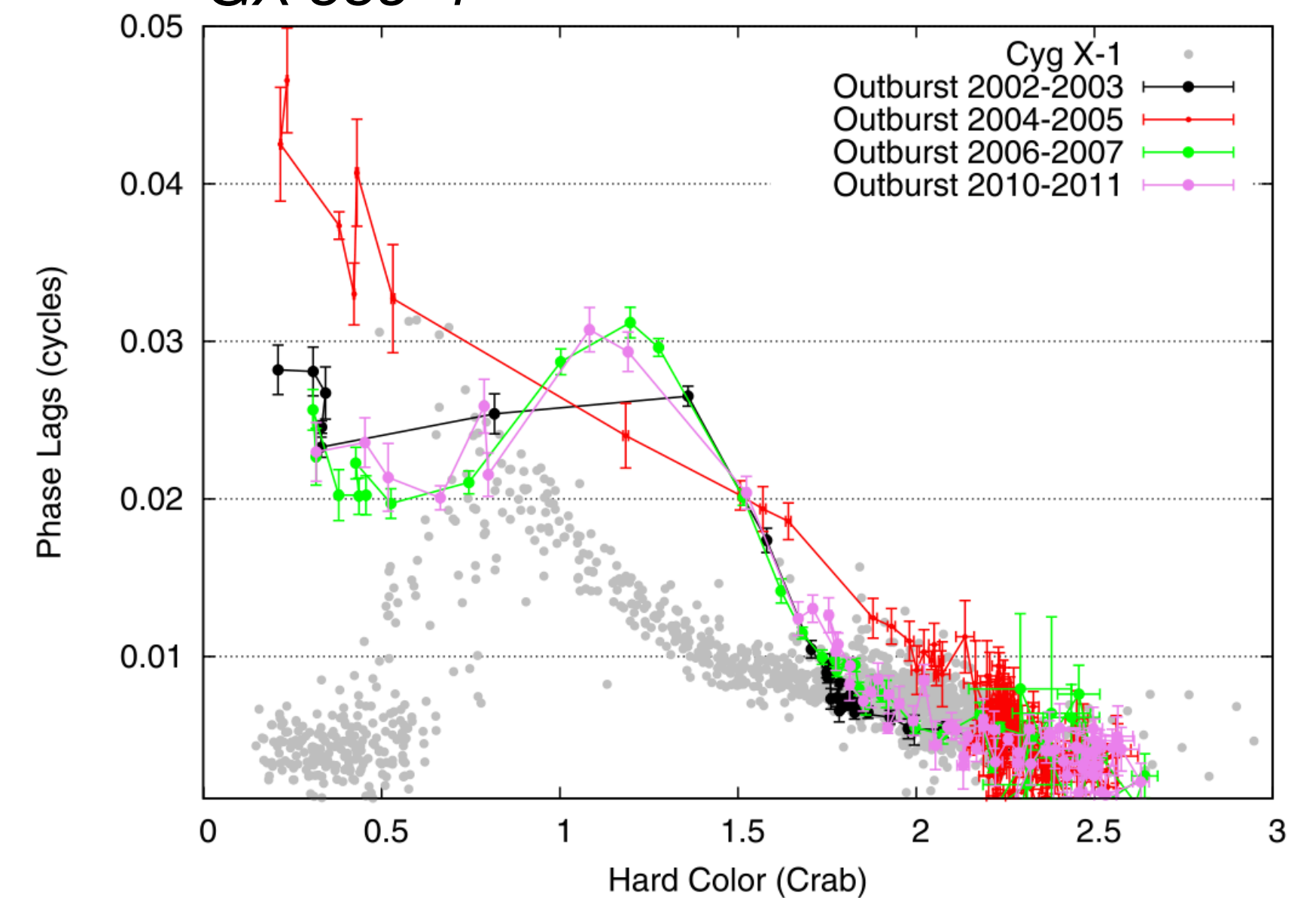
## III. Interference of continuum variability

[Veledina 2016; 2018]



## IV. Comptonization

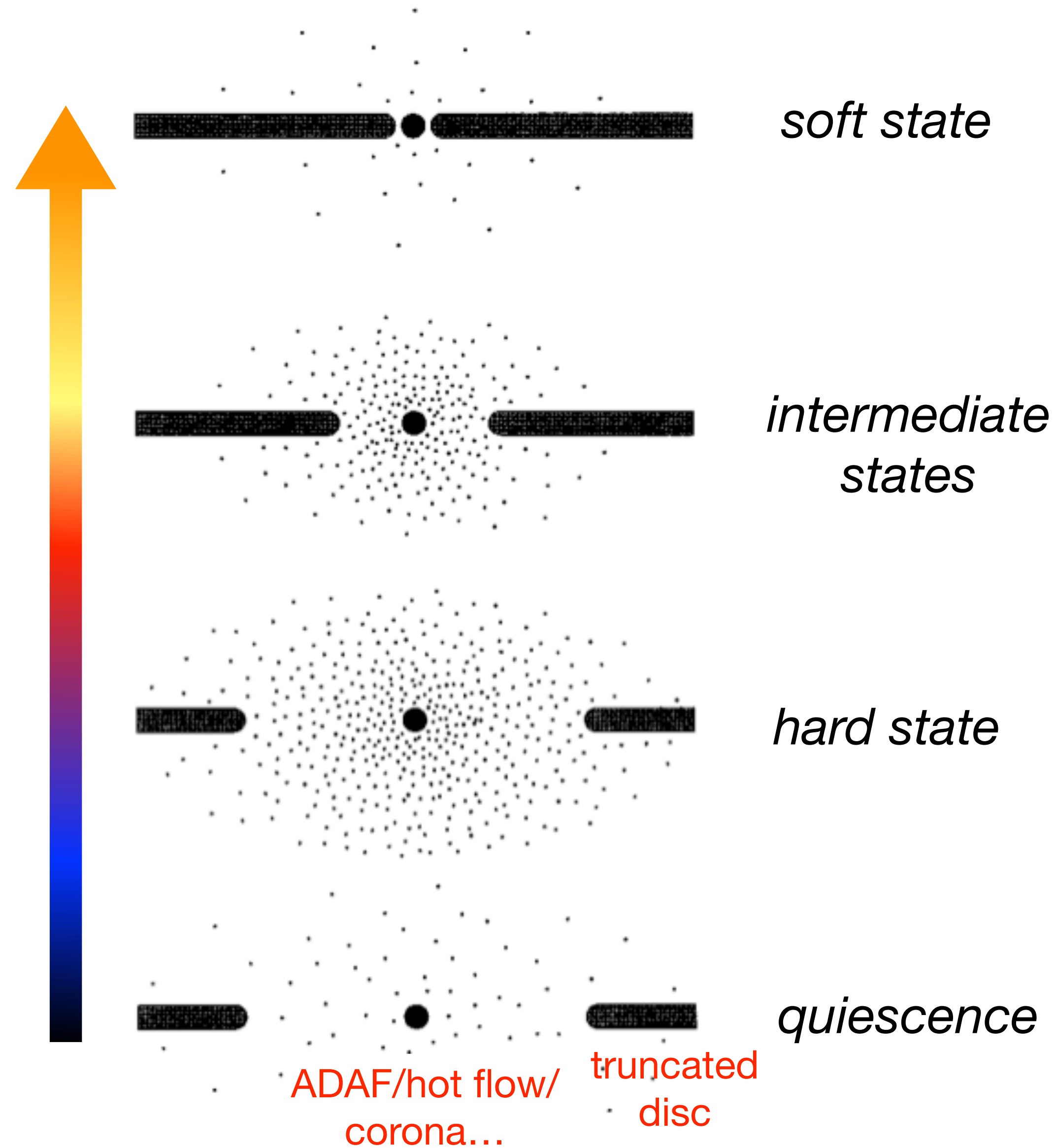
GX 339-4



[Altamirano & Mendez 2015; Grinberg et al. 2014; Reig et al. 2018]

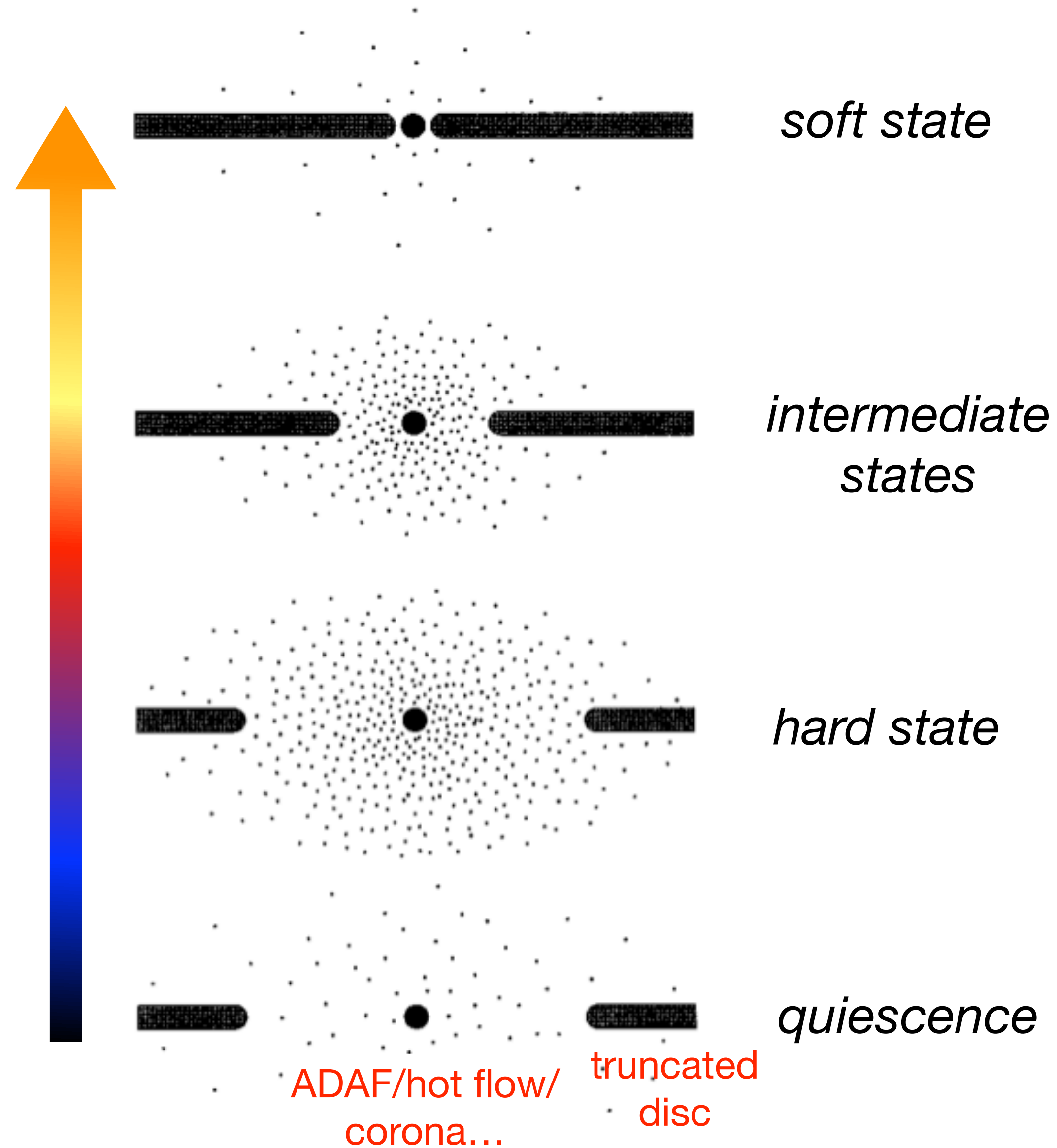


# *What is the geometry of the inner accretion flow?*

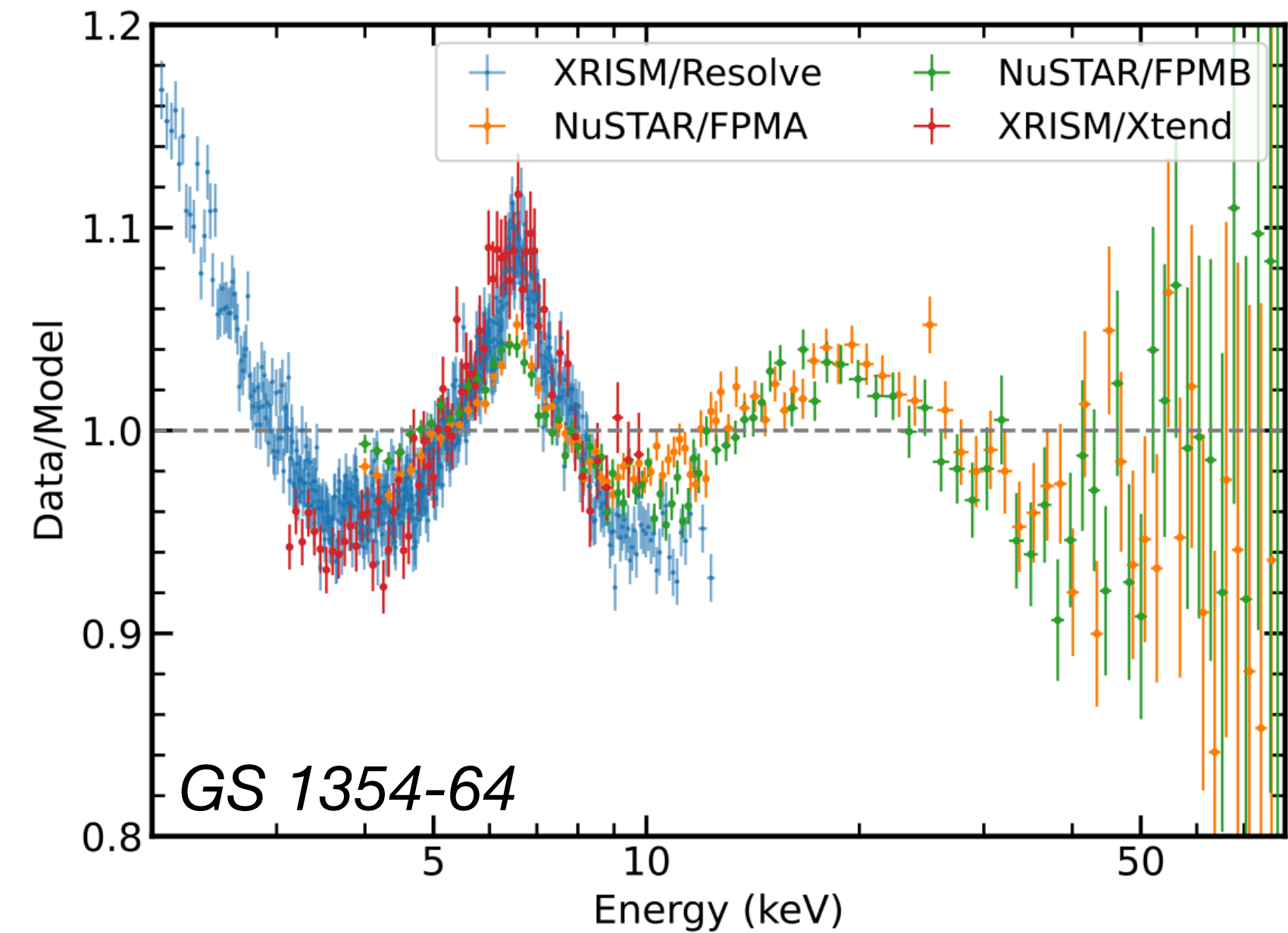


[e.g. Esin+'97; Poutanen +'97; Meyer+'00; Narayan & Yi '94; Narayan & McClintock '08]

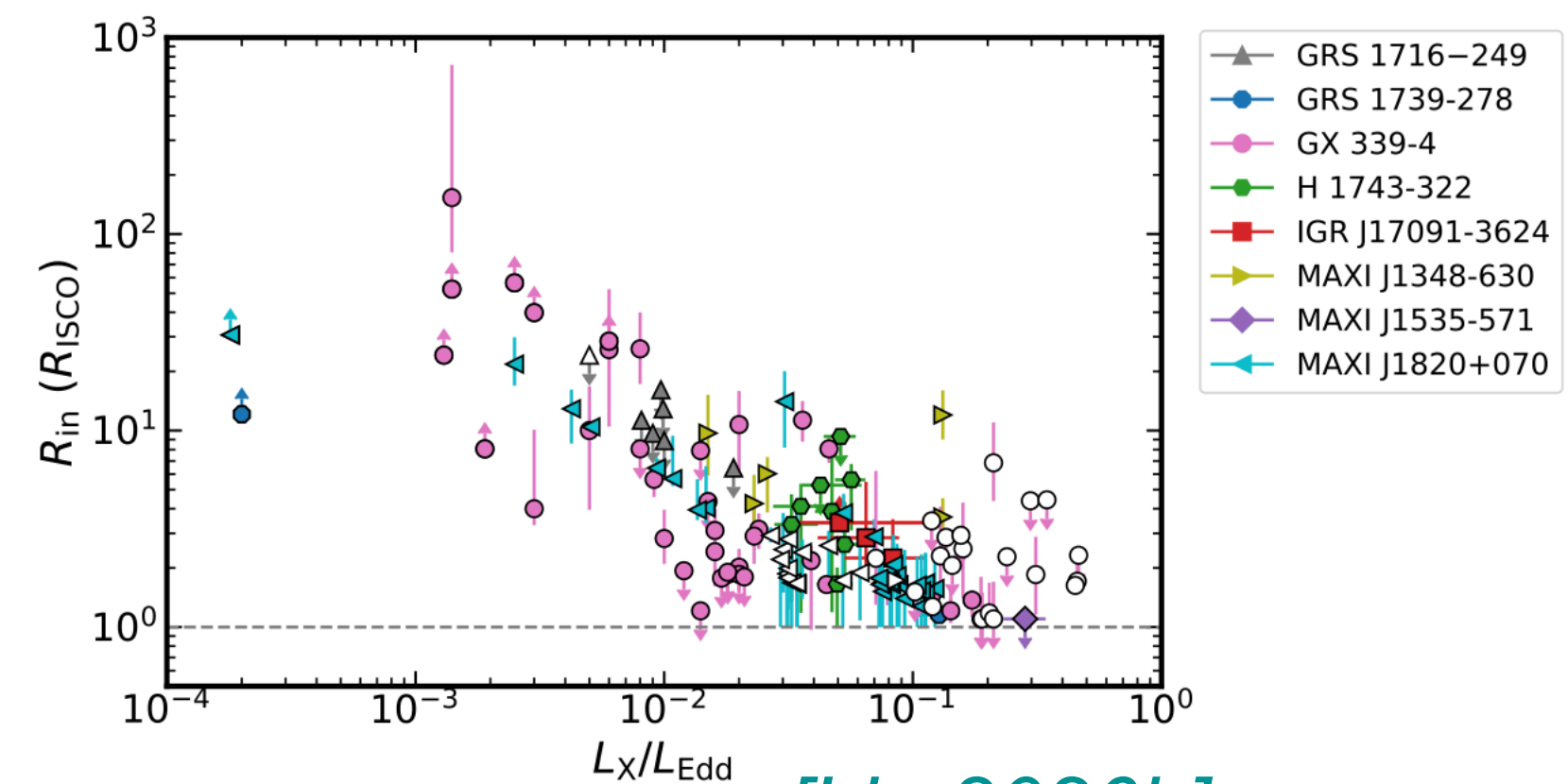
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[e.g. Esin+'97; Poutanen +'97; Meyer+'00; Narayan & Yi '94; Narayan & McClintock '08]



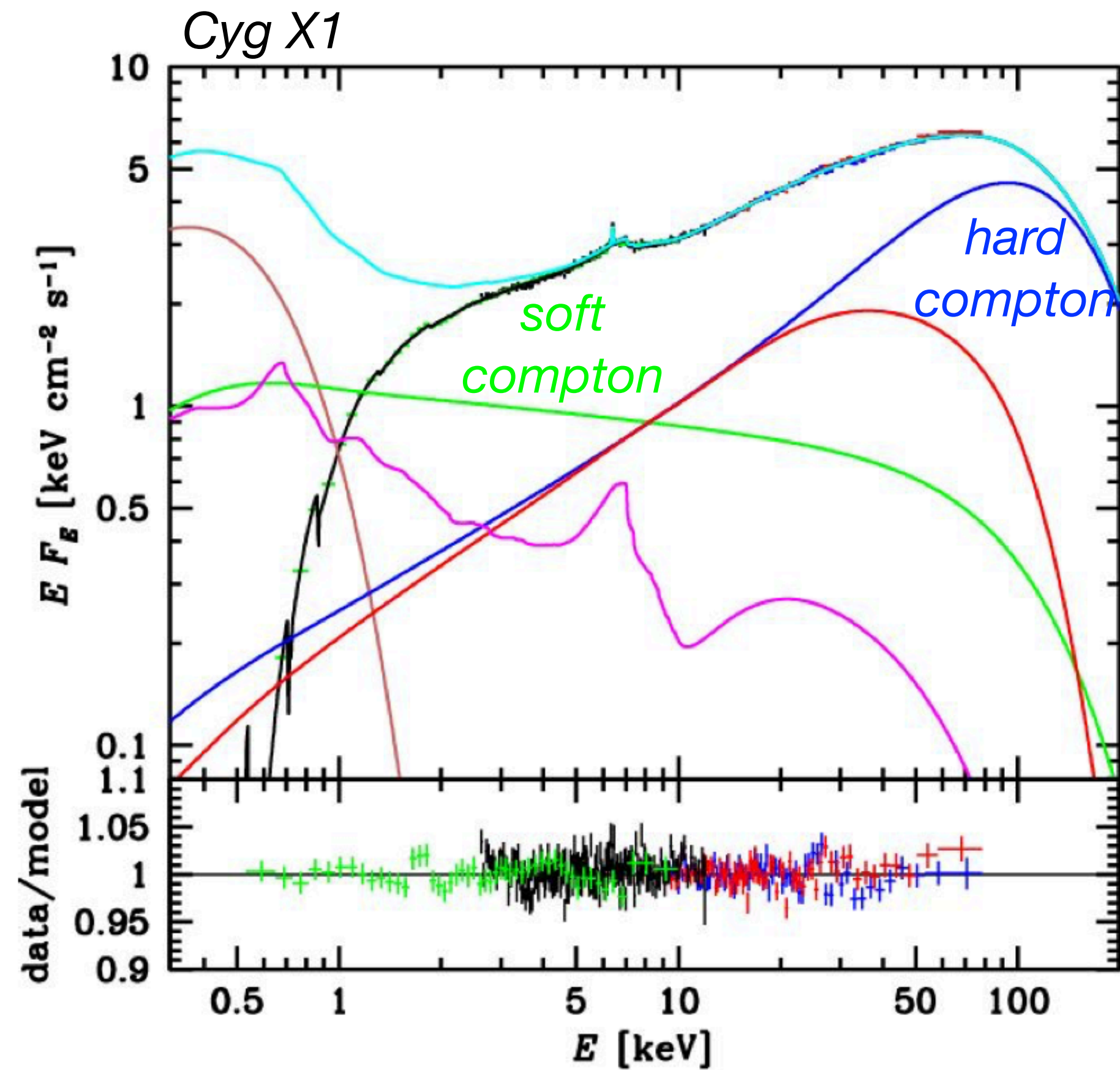
[Liu et al. 2026a; Garcia et al. 2015; 2018]



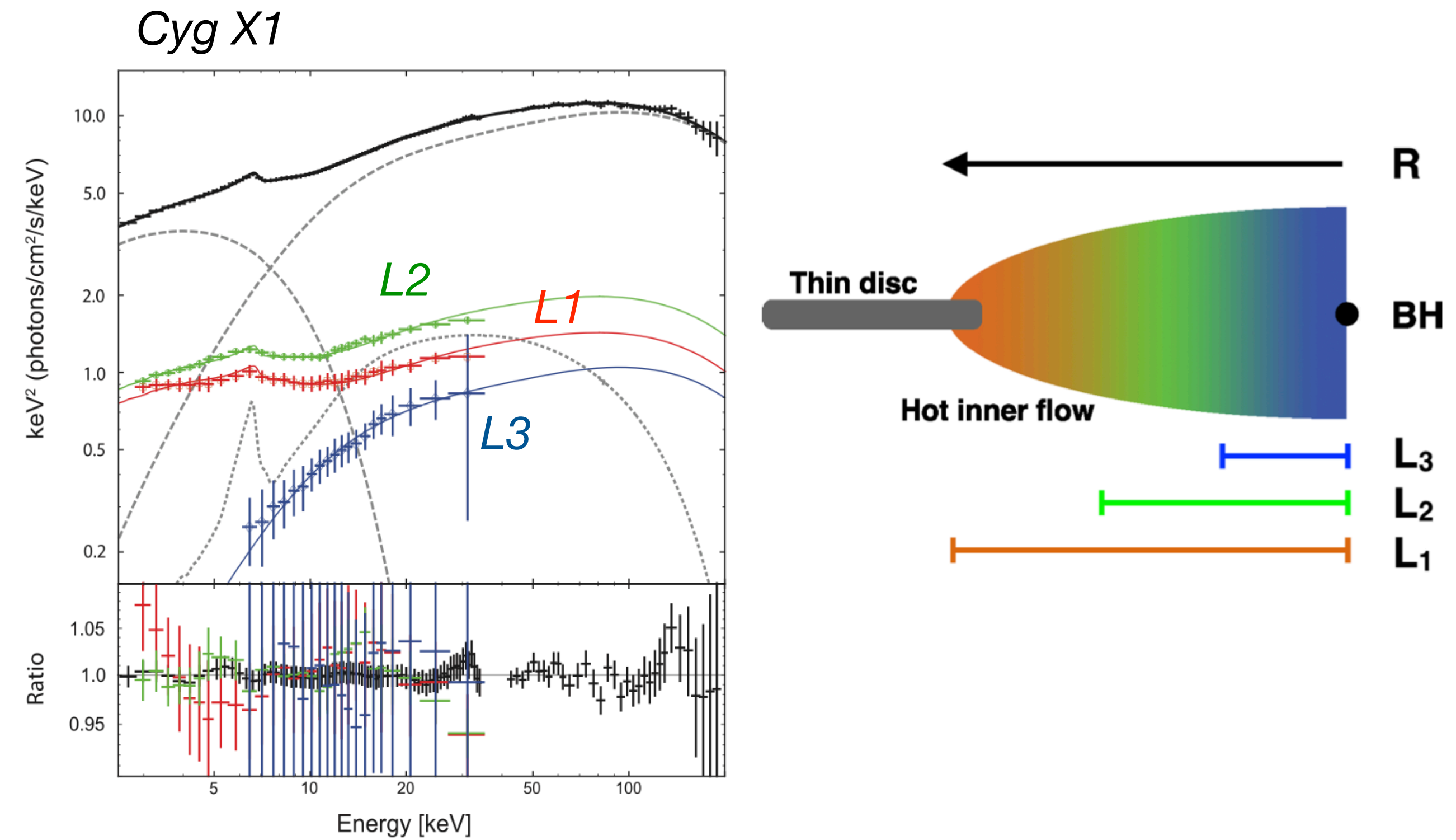
[Liu 2026b]



# What is the geometry of the inner accretion flow?



[Zdziarski et al. 2026]

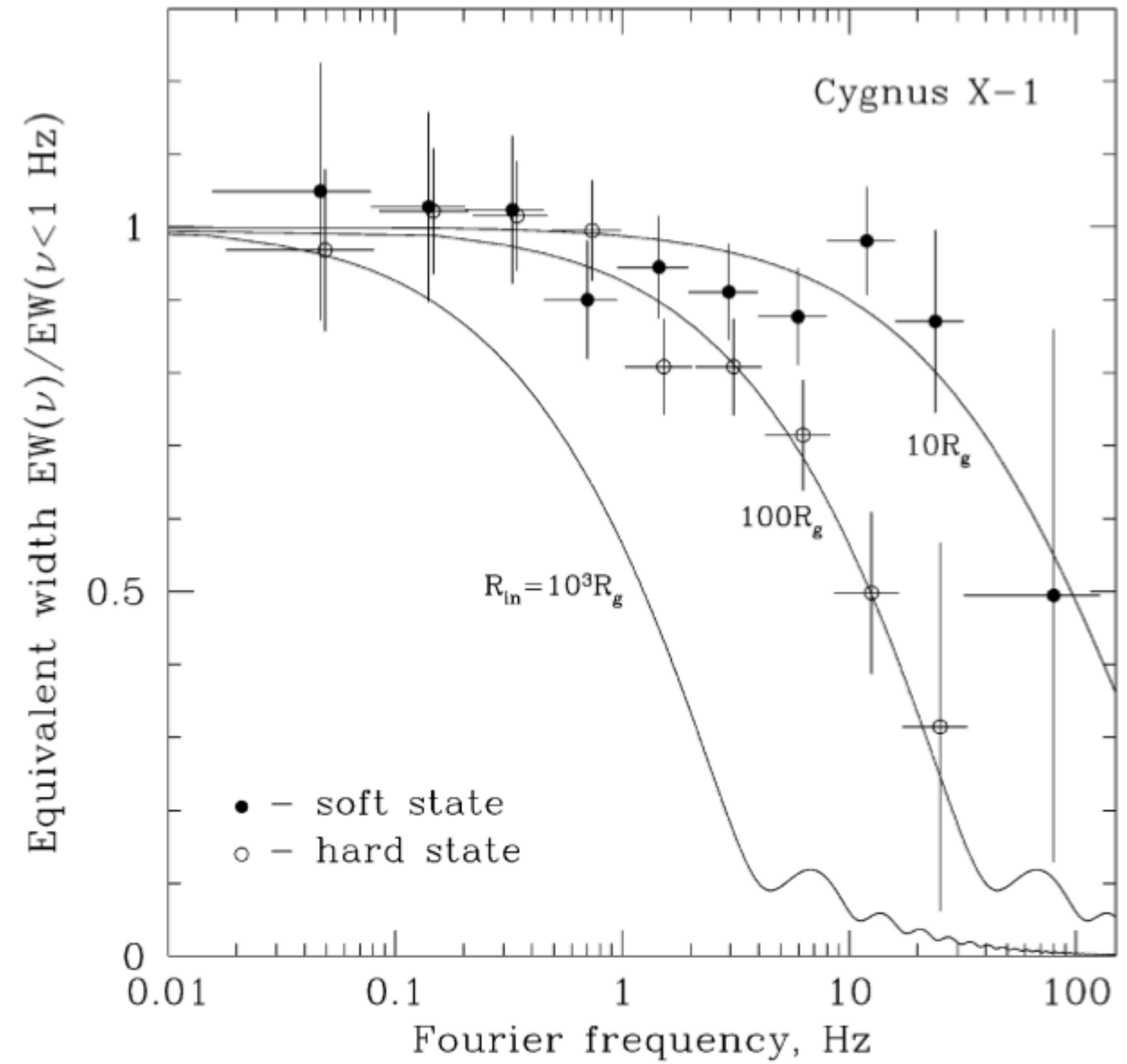
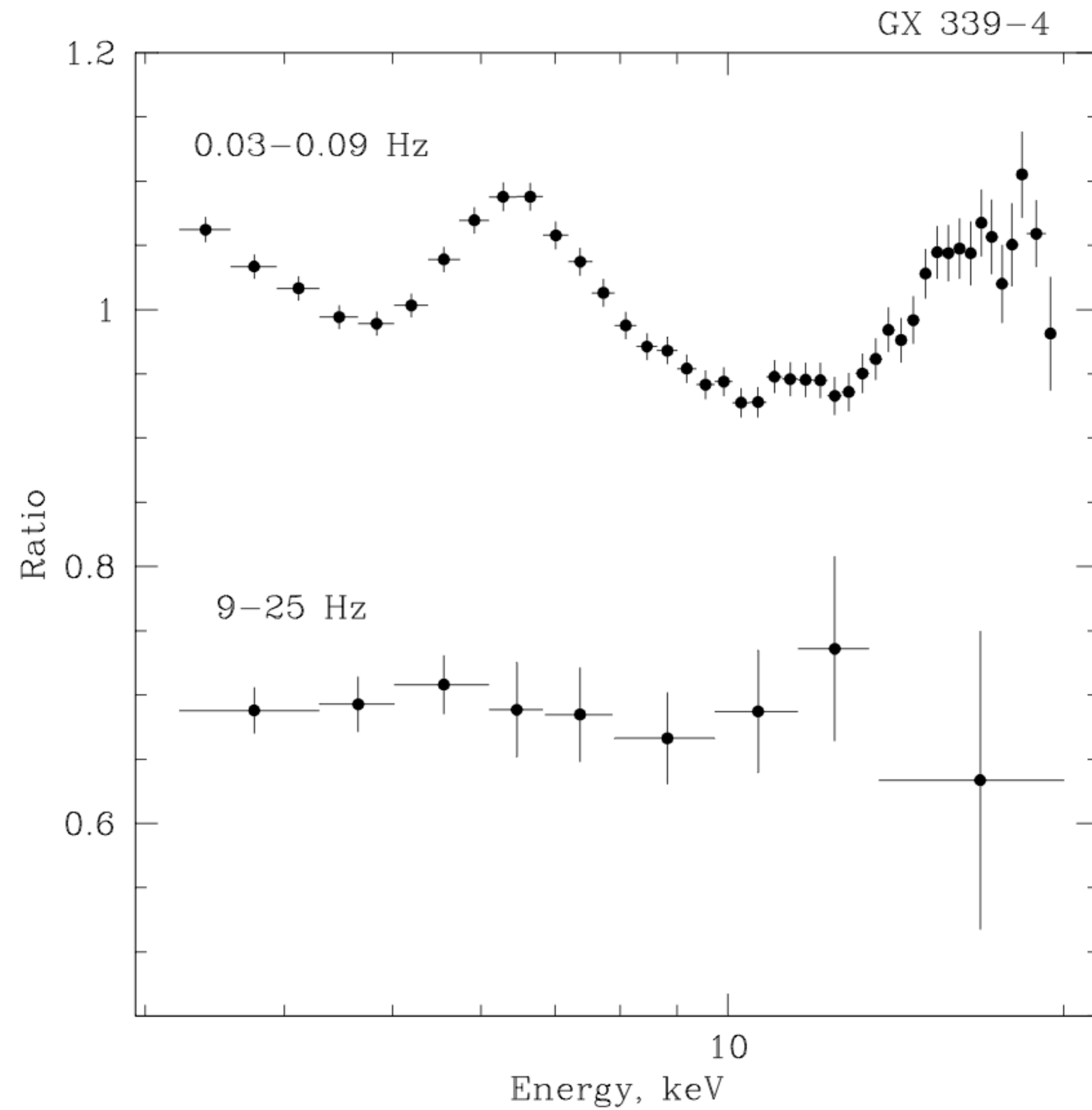


[Axelsson & Done 2018;  
Dzietałak, De Marco, Zdziarski 2021]

*A structured comptonizing flow?*

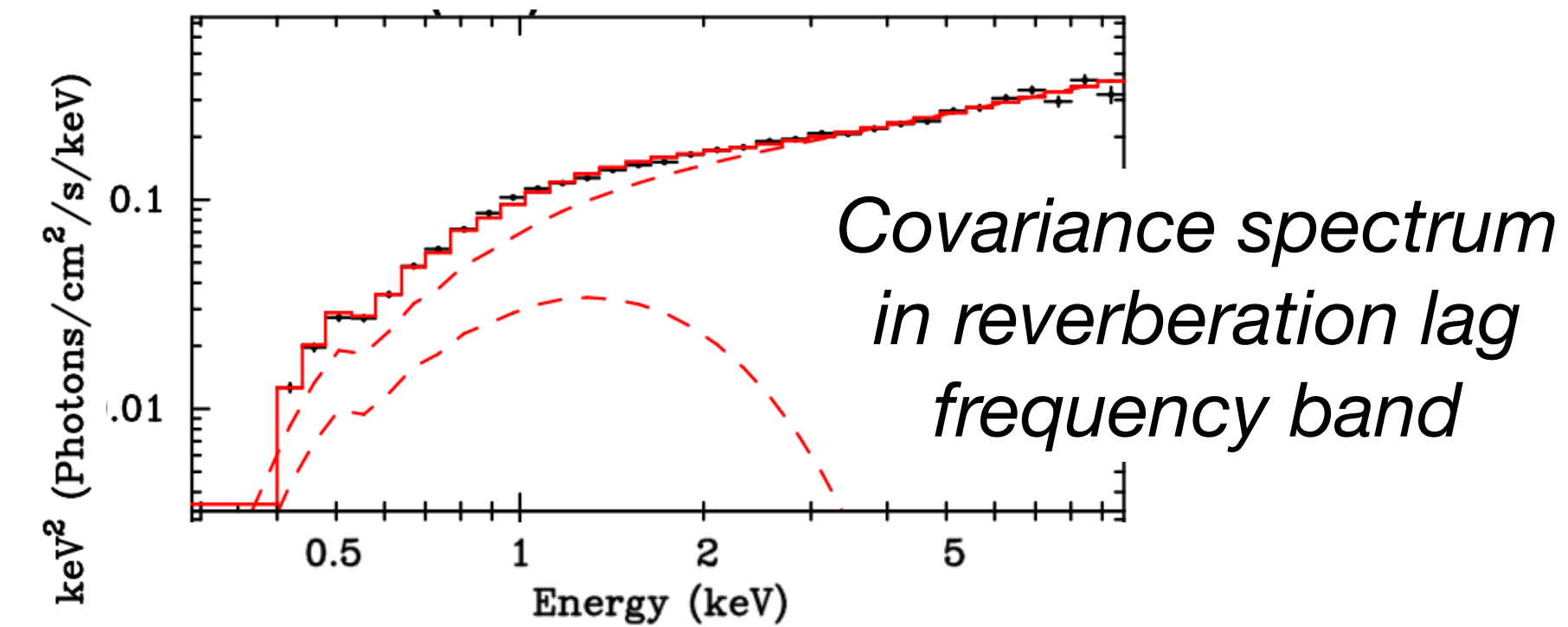
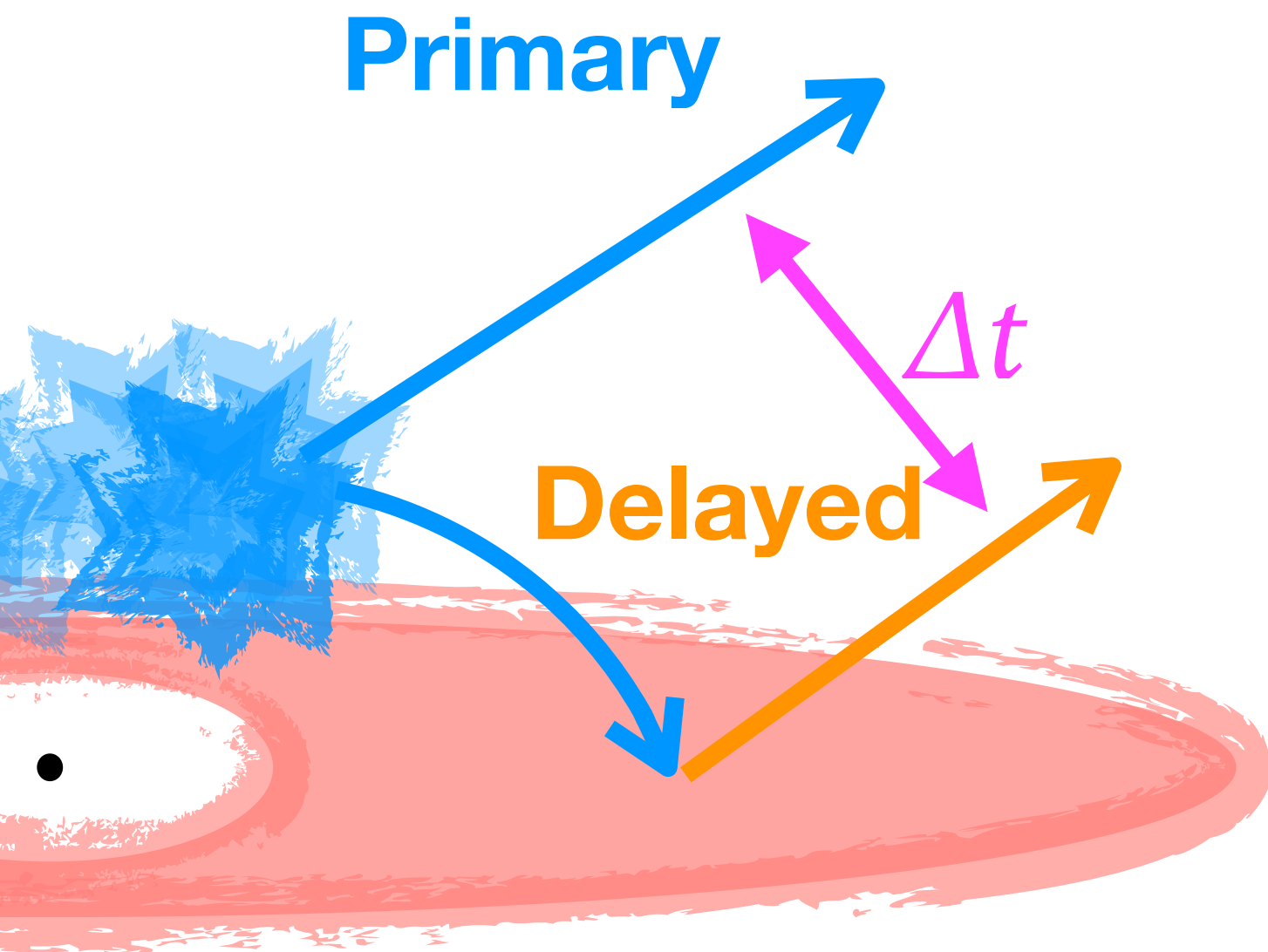


# What is the geometry of the inner accretion flow?

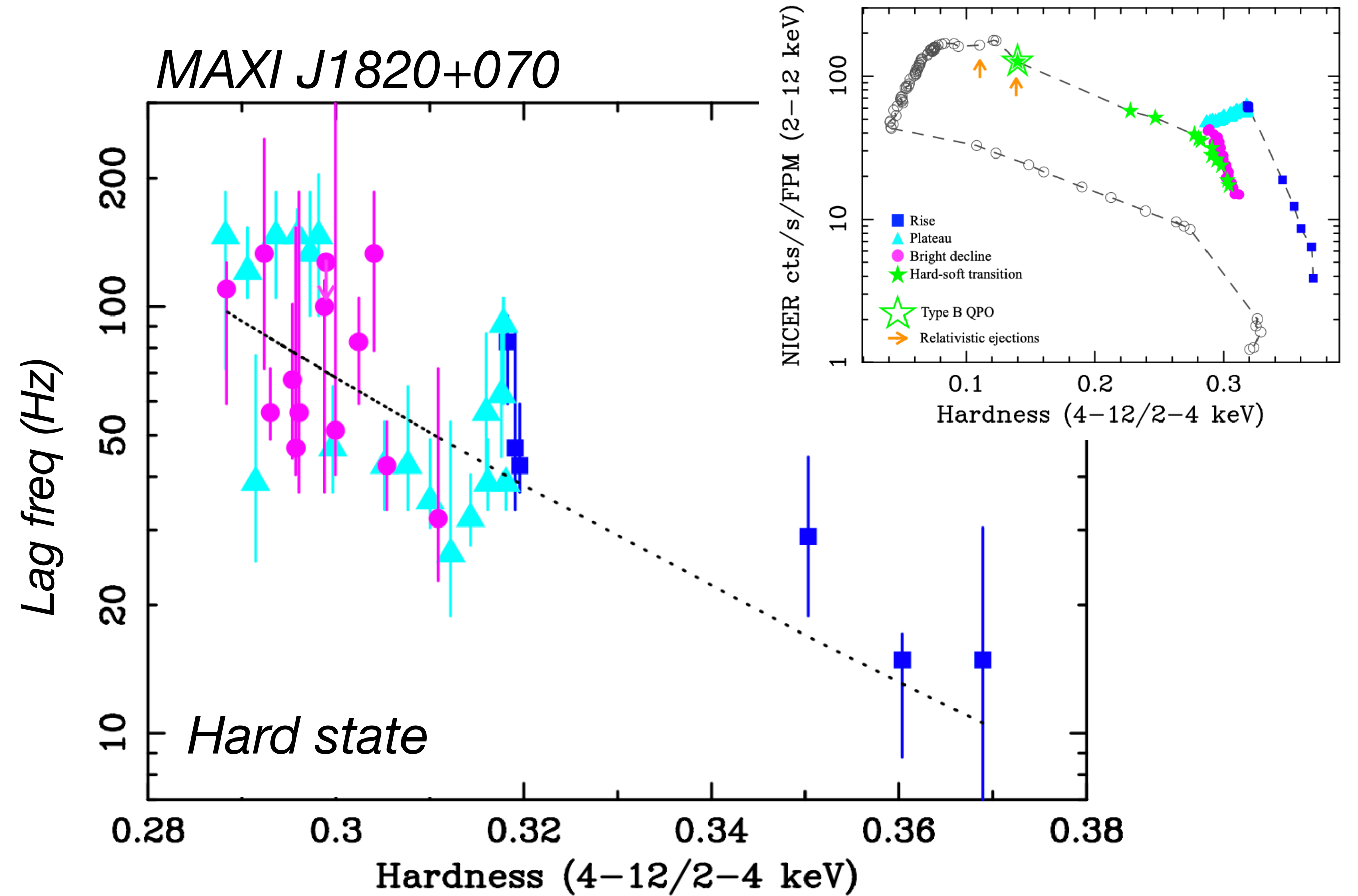


[Gilfanov et al. 2000; Revnivtsev et al. 1999; 2001; Axelsson & Veledina 2021]

# What is the geometry of the inner accretion flow?



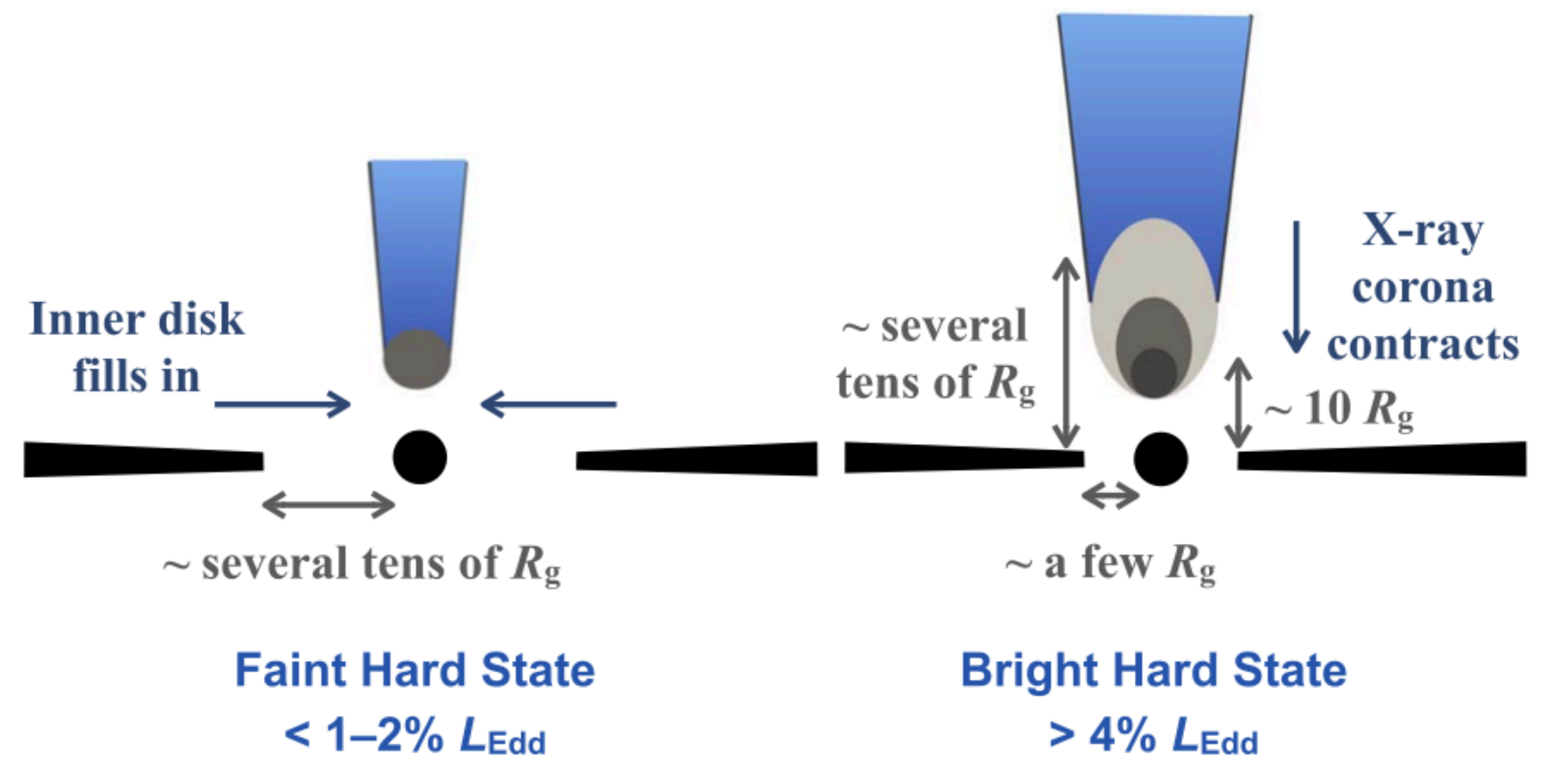
lag shorter



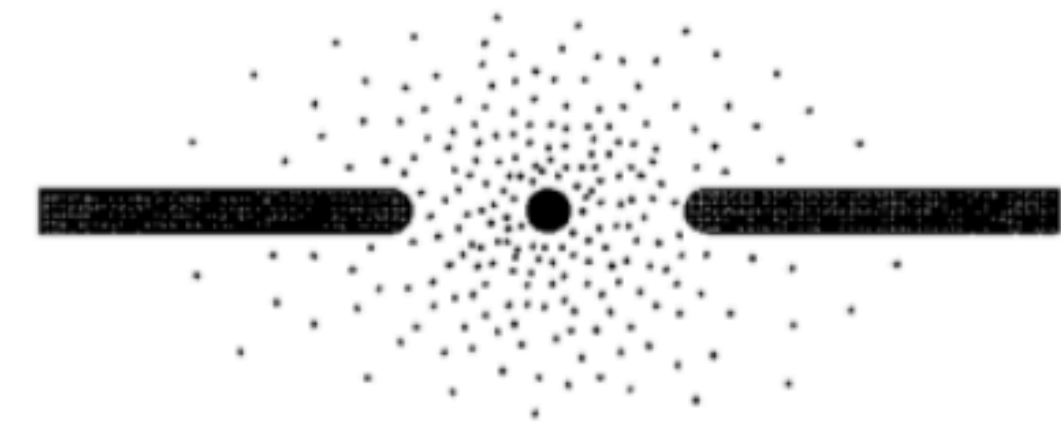
source softens

[De Marco et al. 2015, 2017, 2021; Kara et al. 2019; Wang et al. 2022]

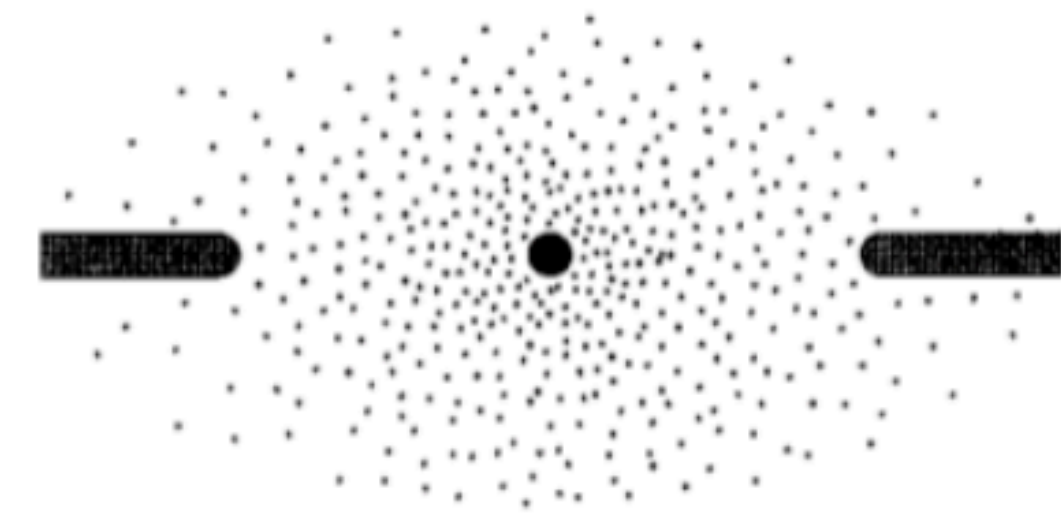
# What is the geometry of the inner accretion flow?



VS.



*Bright  
Hard state*

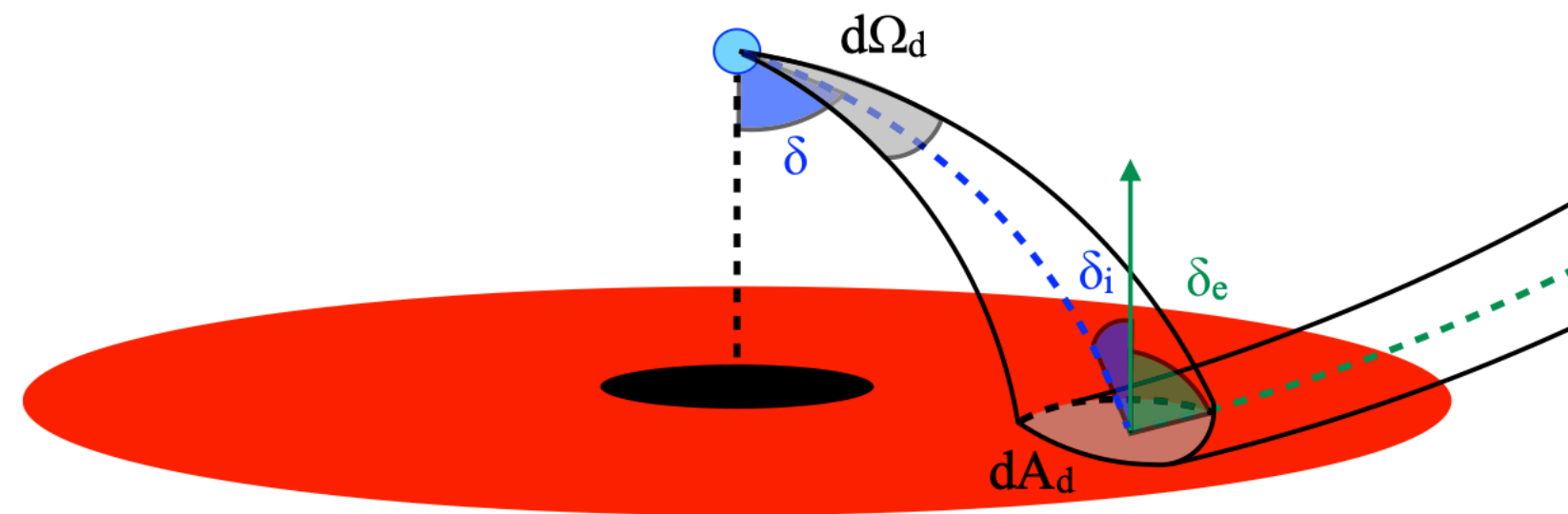


*Hard state*

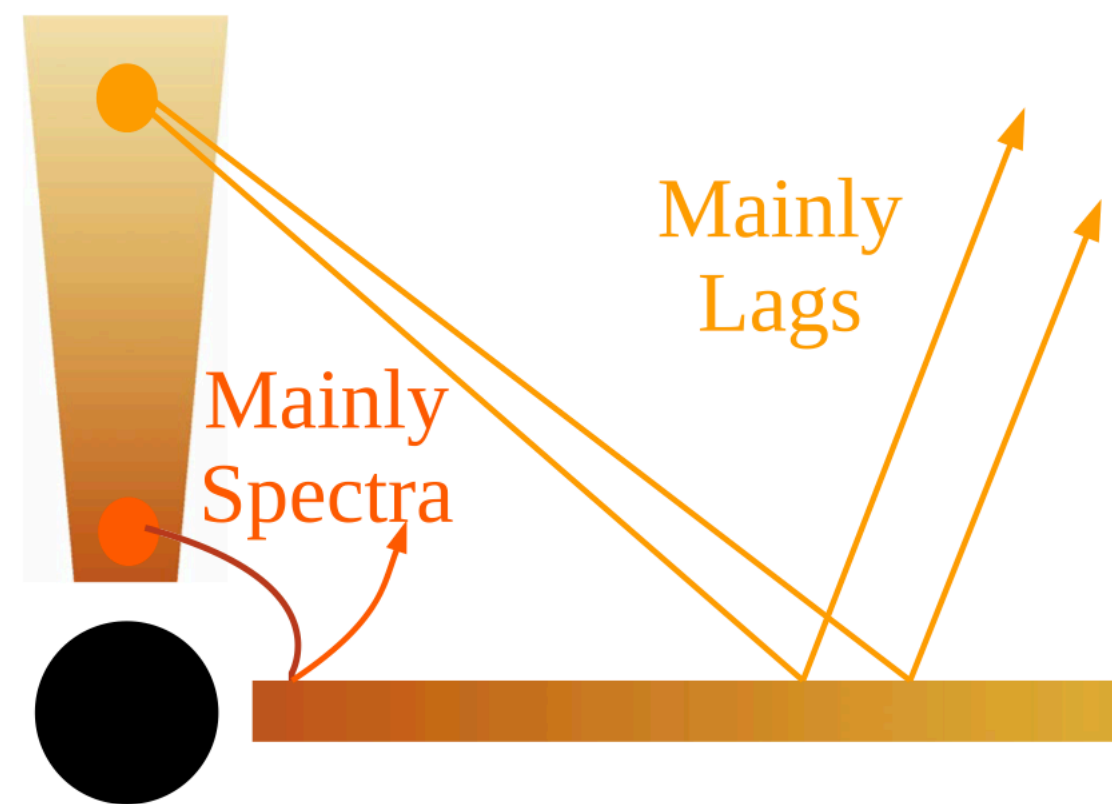


# *What is the geometry of the inner accretion flow?*

*e.g. RELTRANS model*



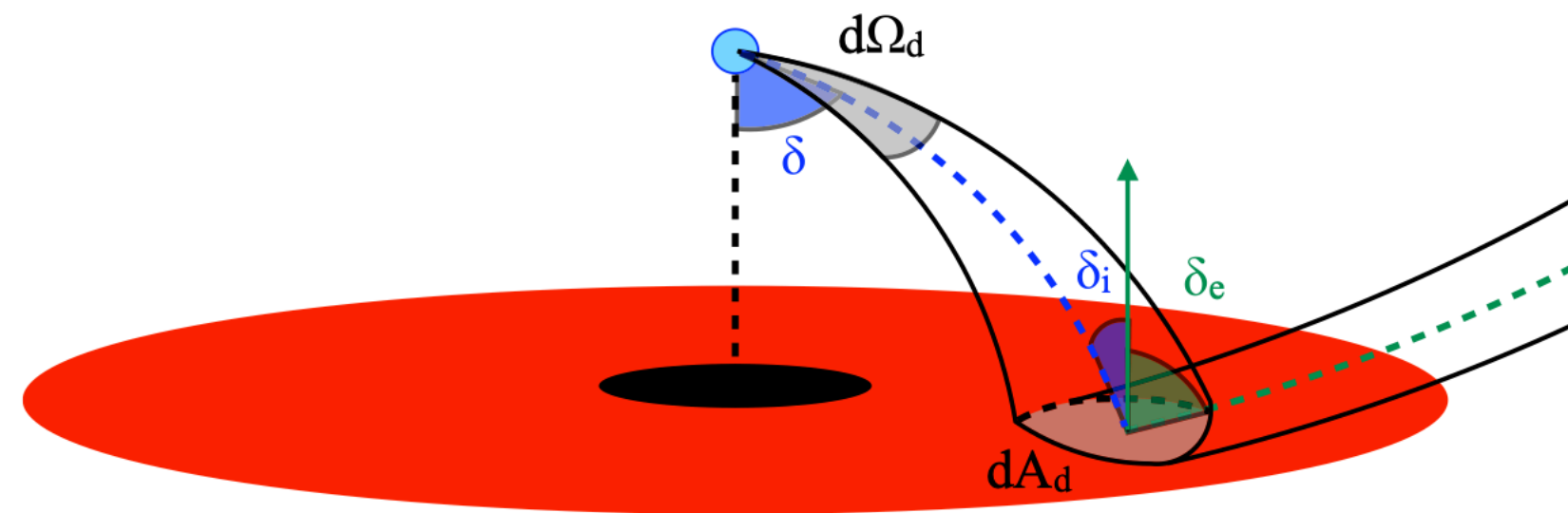
*[Ingram et al. 2019; Mastroserio et al. 2018; 2019; 2021]*



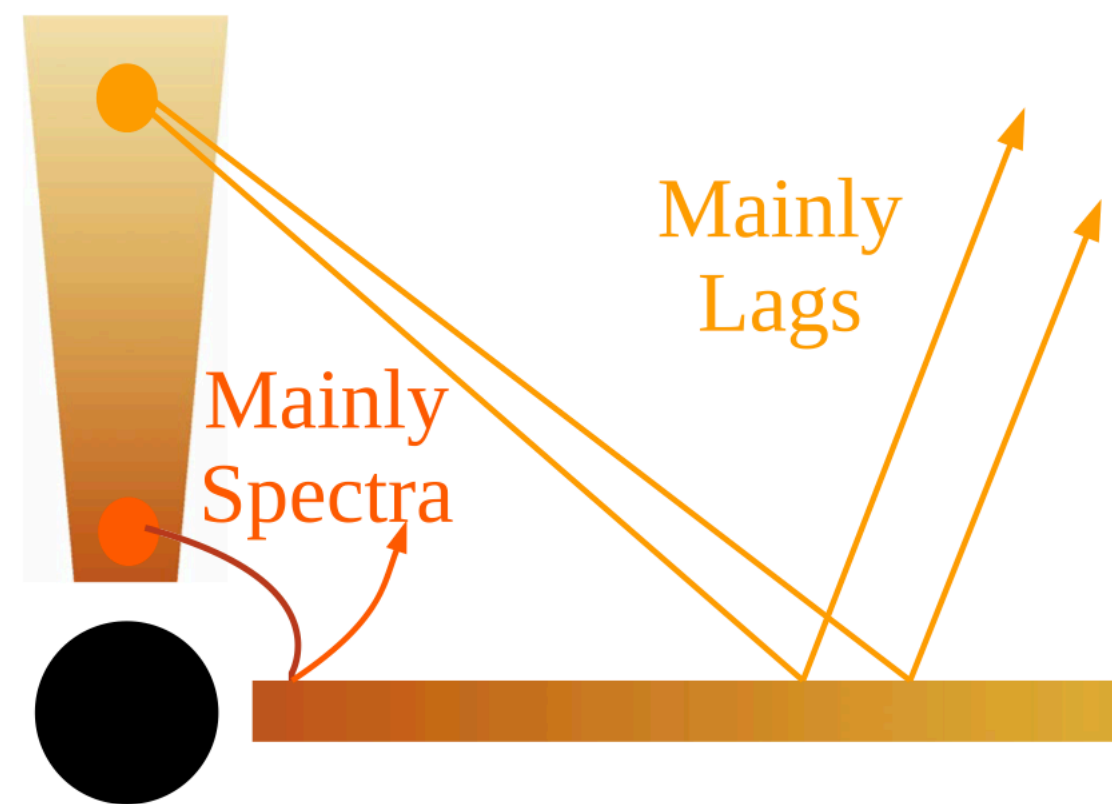
*[Lucchini et al. 2023]*

# What is the geometry of the inner accretion flow?

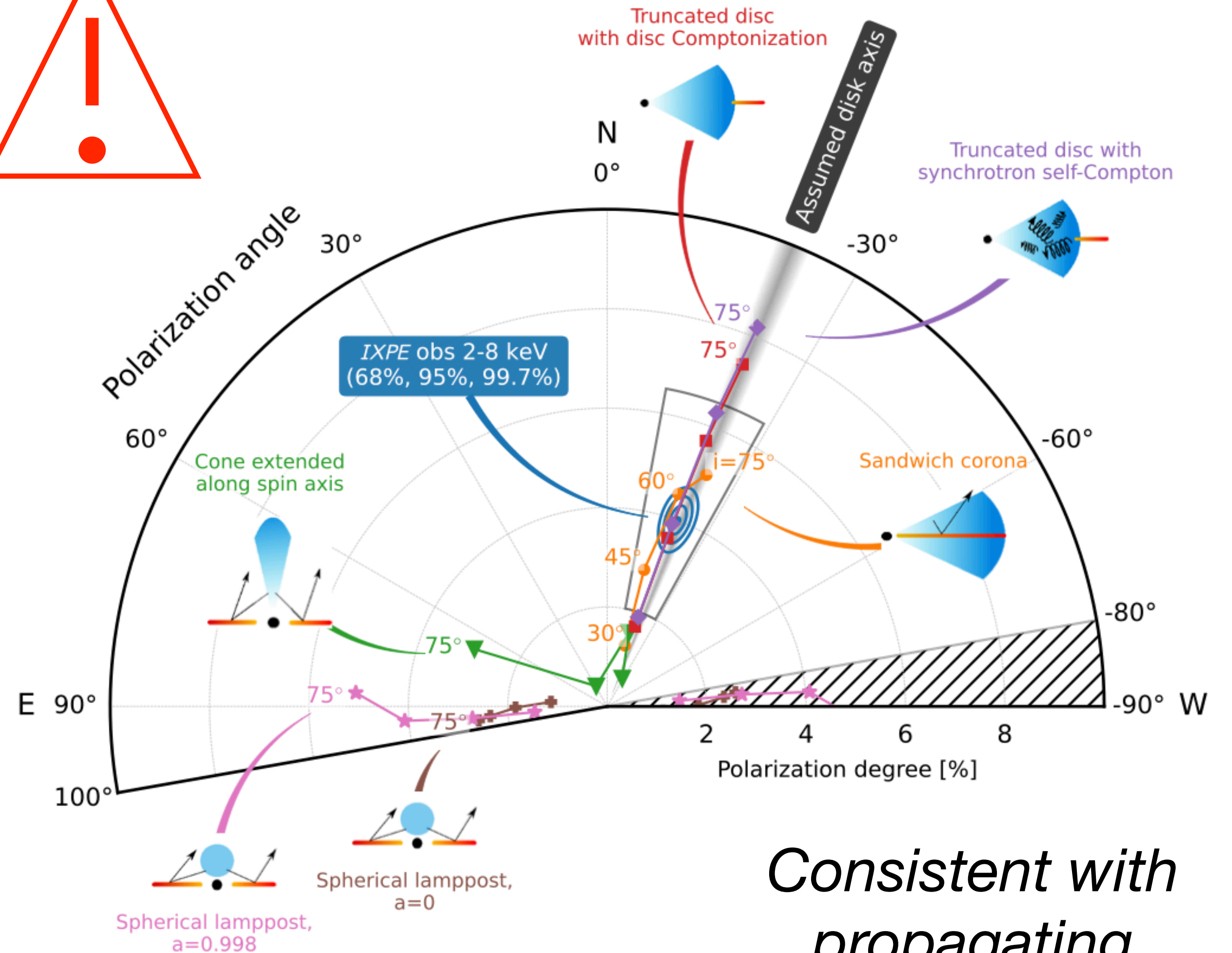
e.g. RELTRANS model



[Ingram et al. 2019; Mastroserio et al. 2018; 2019; 2020]



[Lucchini et al. 2023]

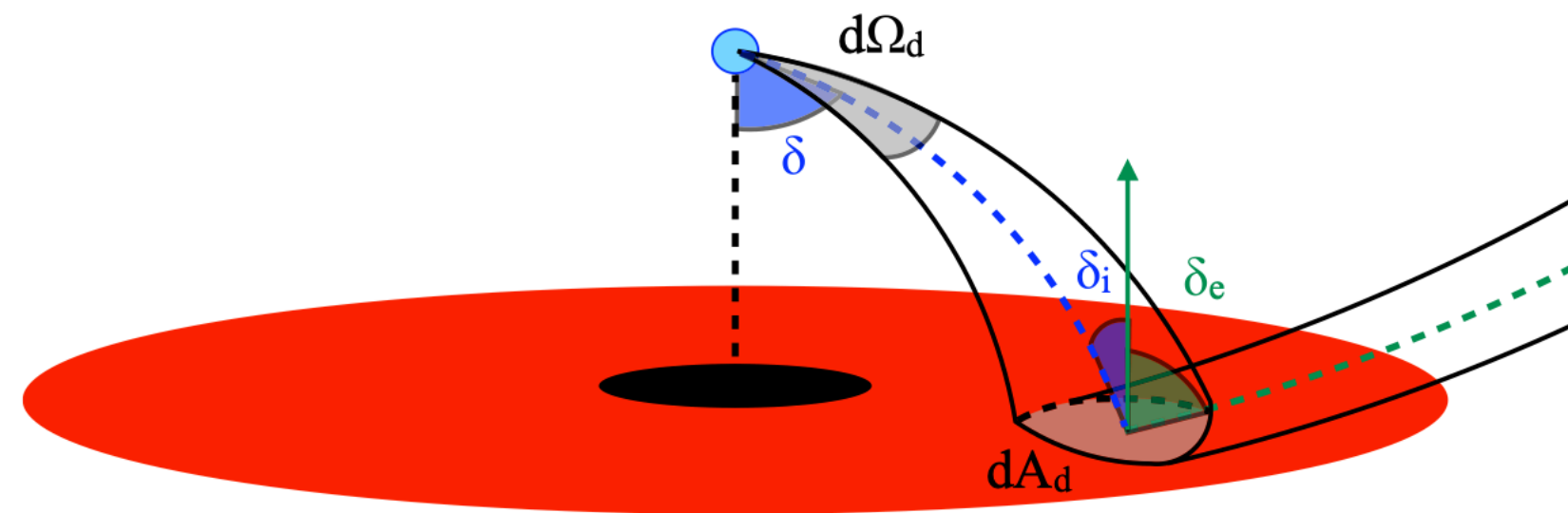


[Krawczynski et al. 2022]

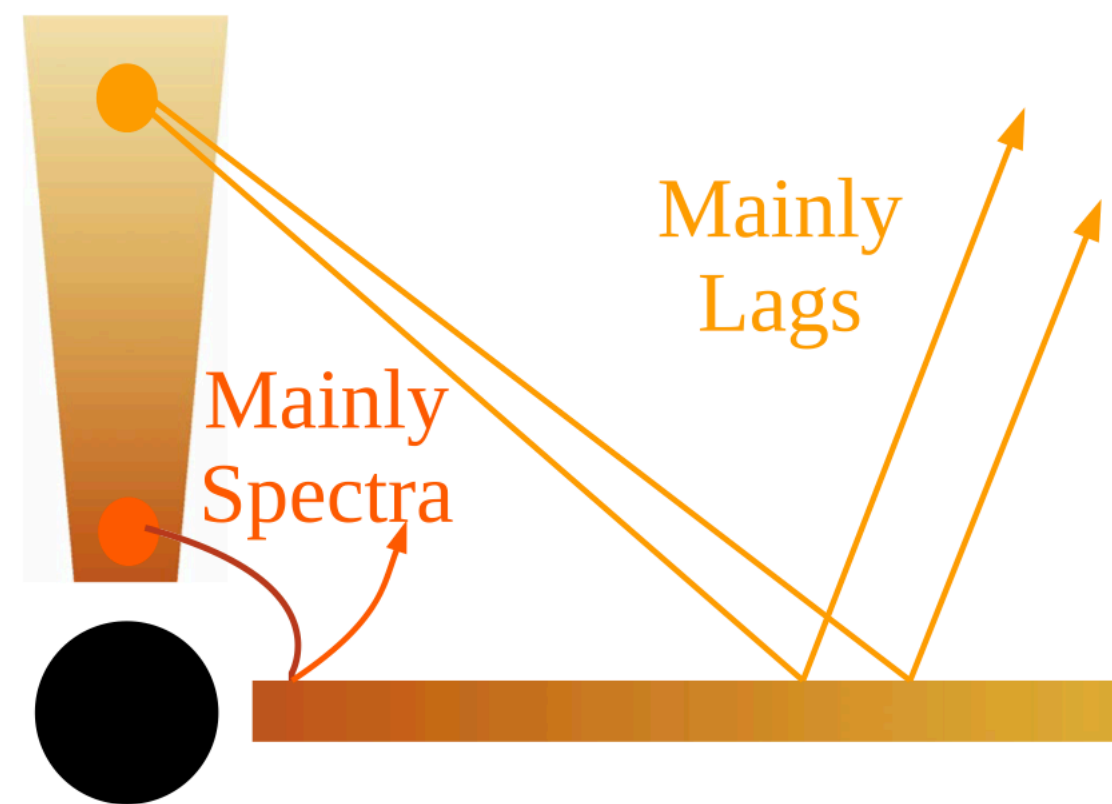
Consistent with  
propagating  
fluctuations models  
and truncated discs

# What is the geometry of the inner accretion flow?

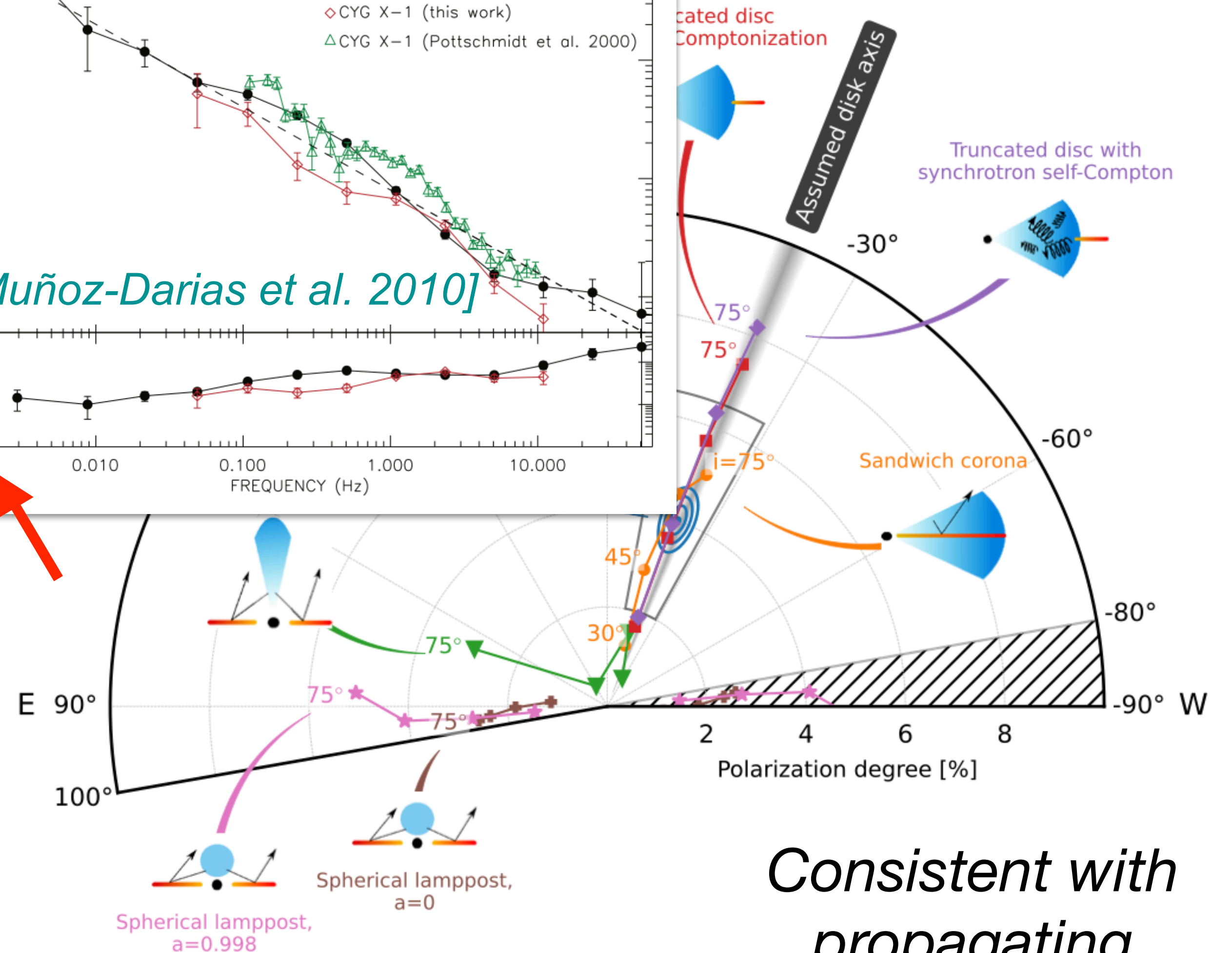
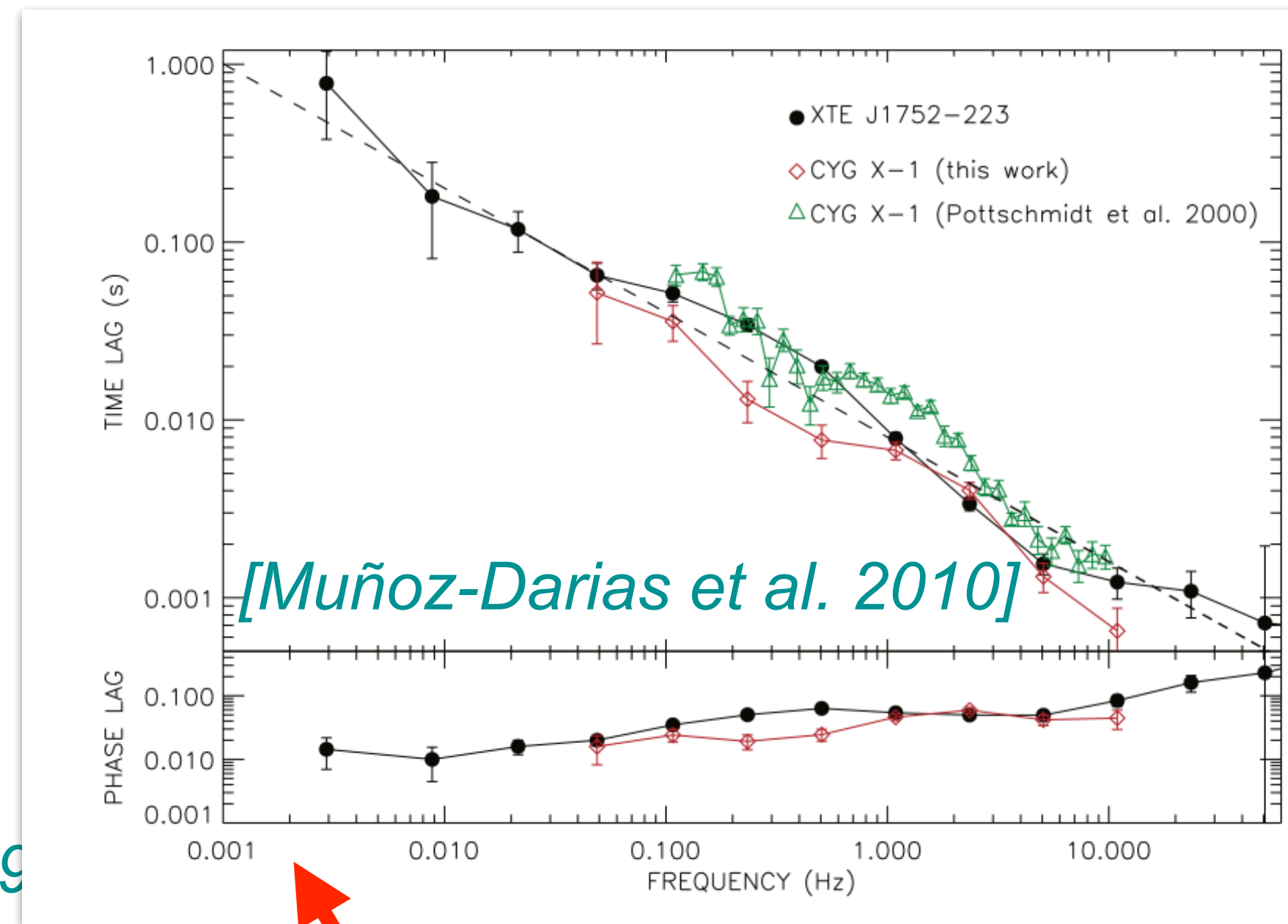
e.g. RELTRANS model



[Ingram et al. 2019; Mastroserio et al. 2018; 2019]



[Lucchini et al. 2023]

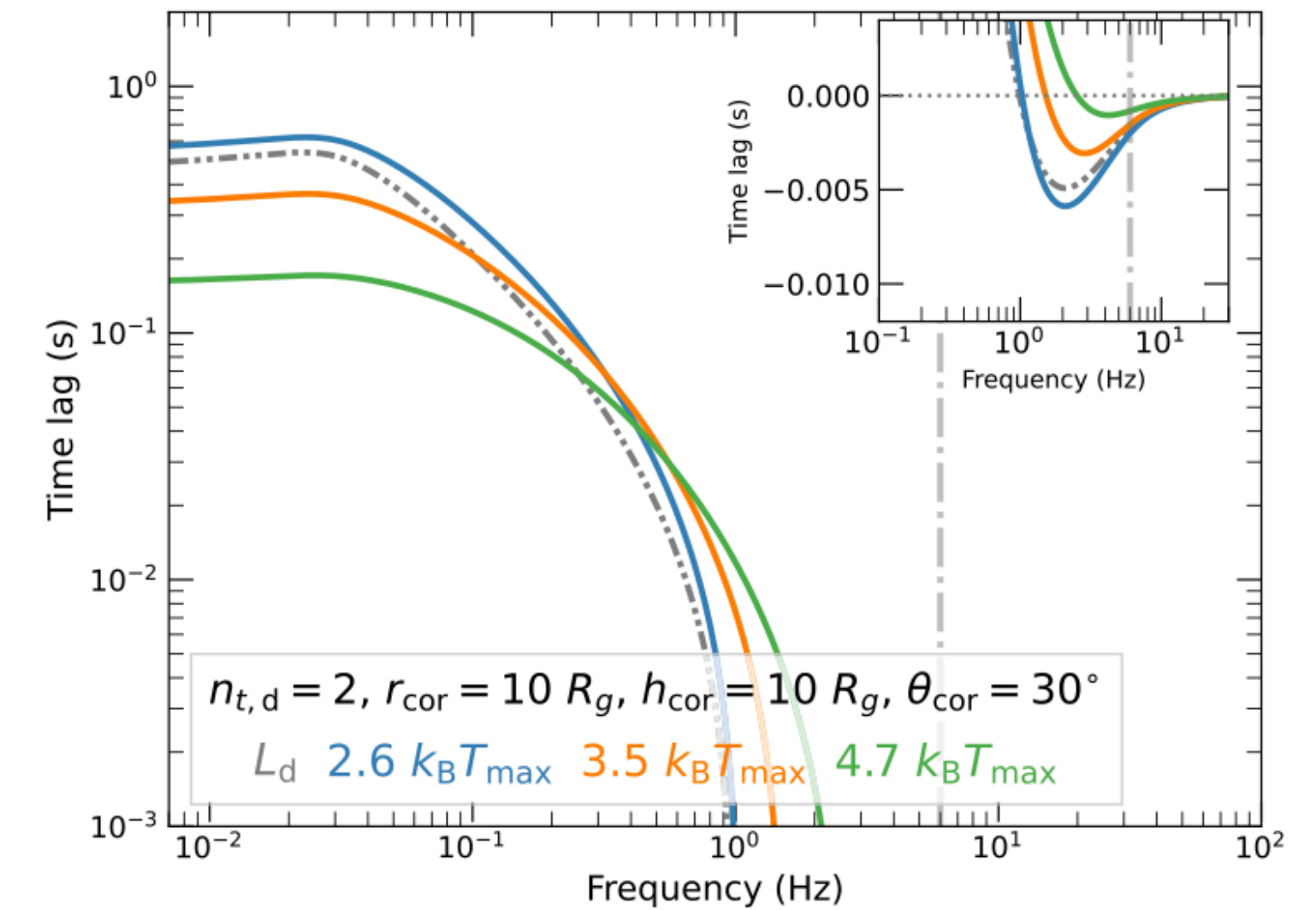
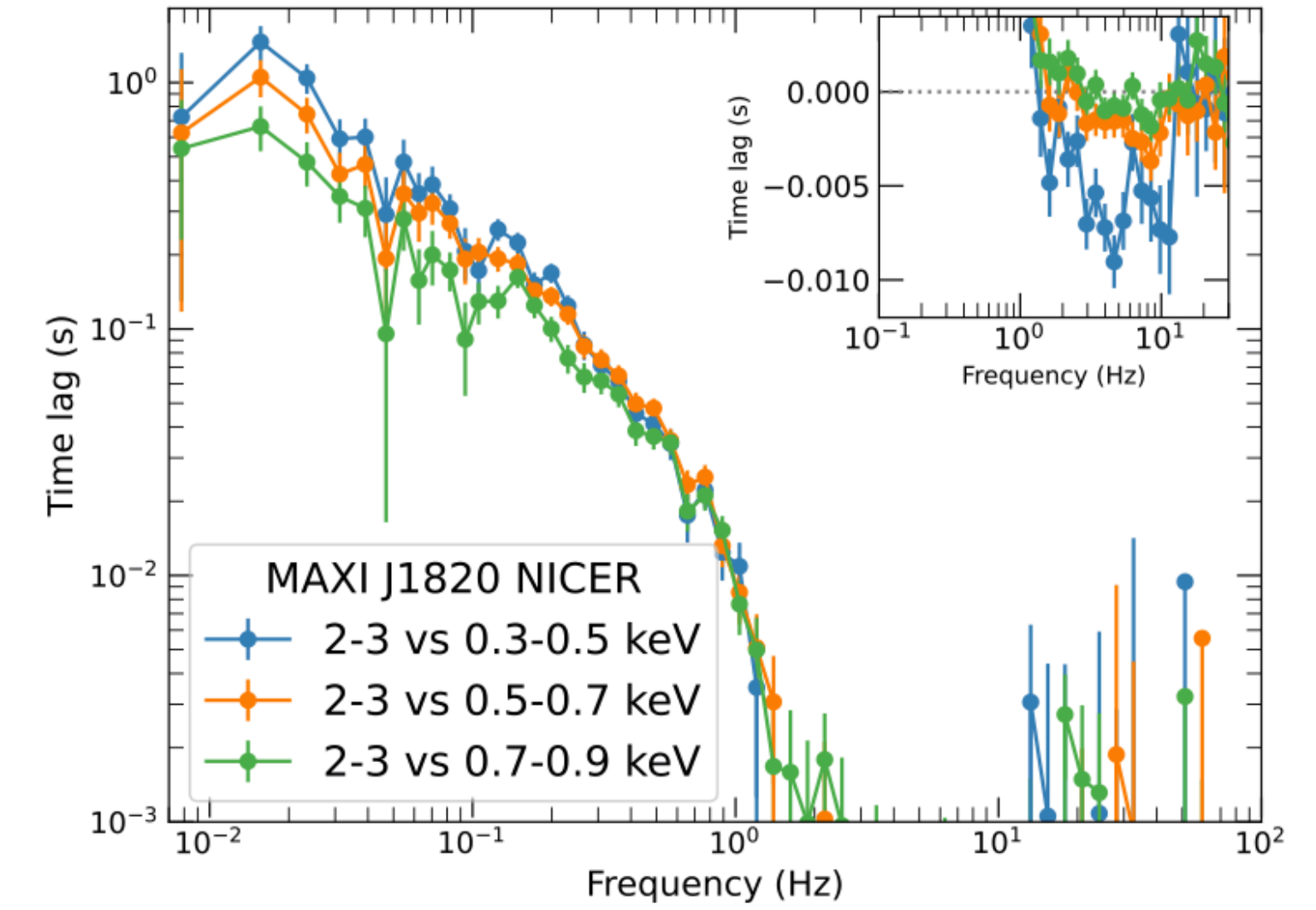
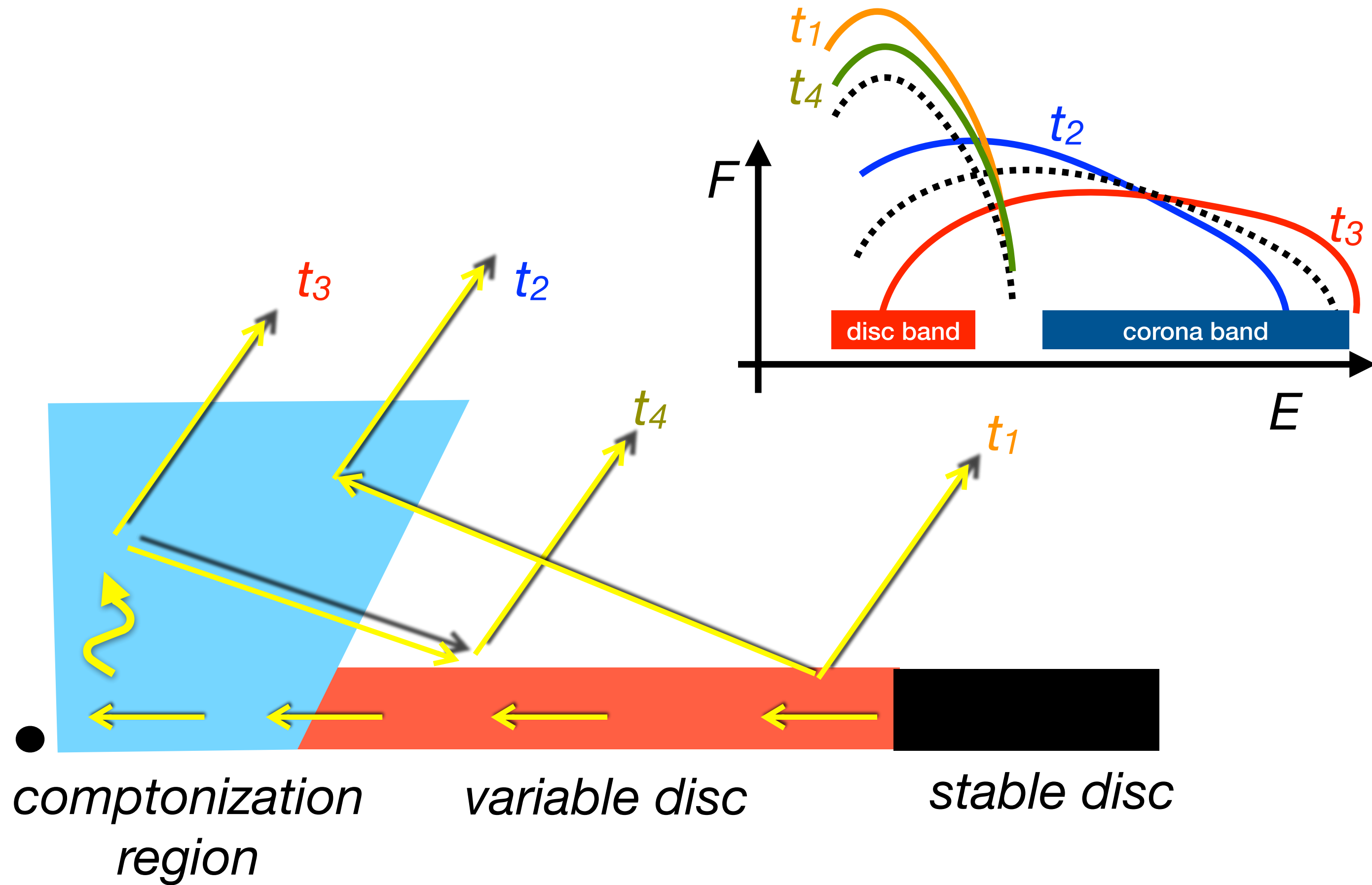


[Krawczynski et al. 2022]

Consistent with  
propagating  
fluctuations models  
and truncated discs

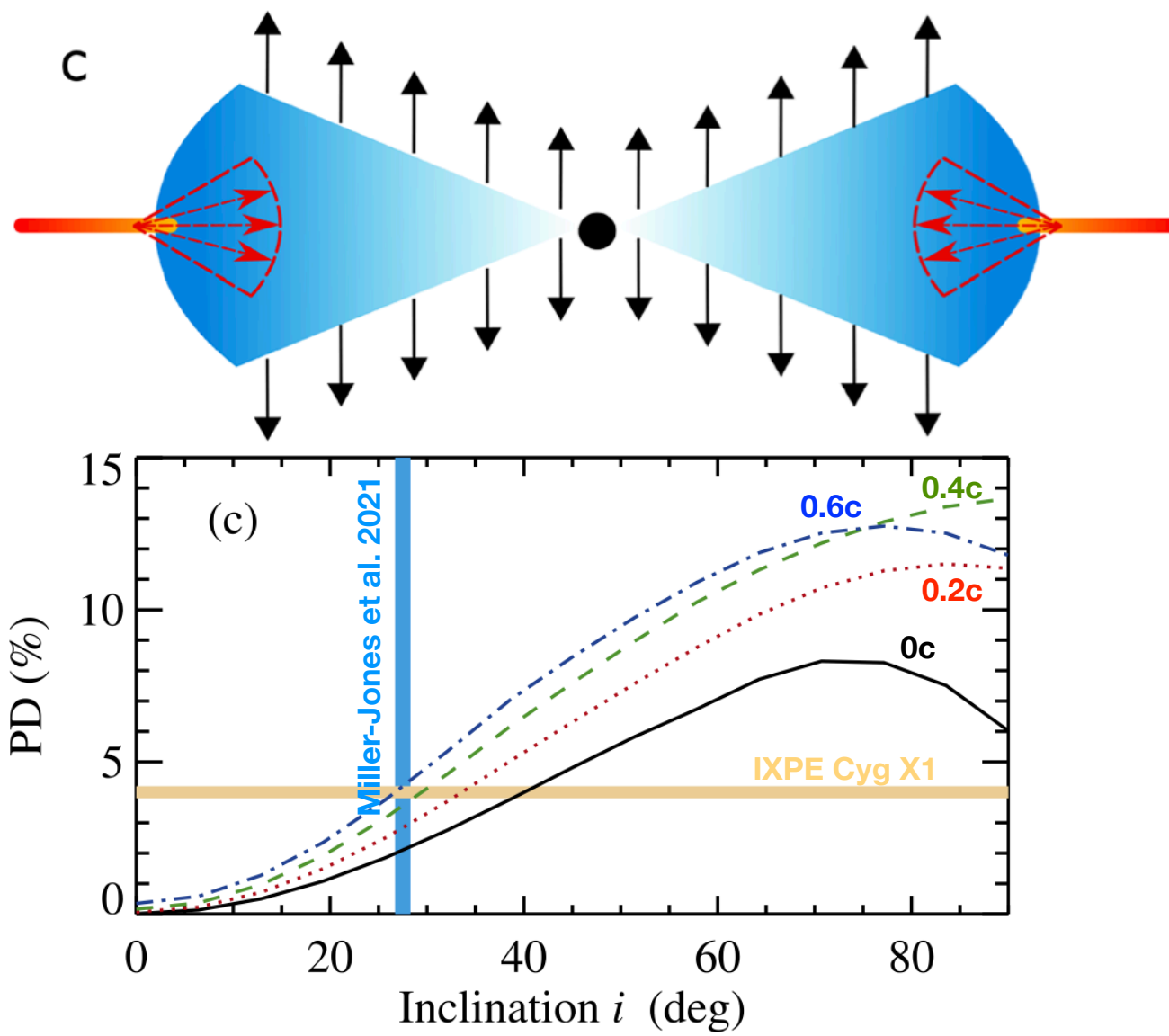


# What is the geometry of the inner accretion flow?

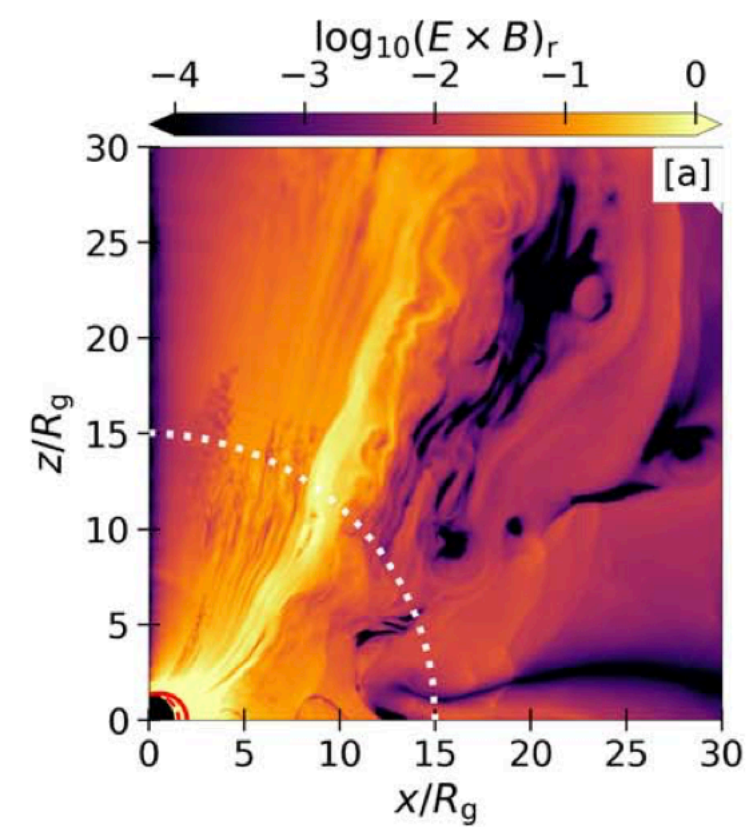


[Uttley & Malzac 2025;  
see also Kotov et al. 2001; Körding & Falcke 2004; Mastroserio et al. 2018]

# What is the geometry of the inner accretion flow?

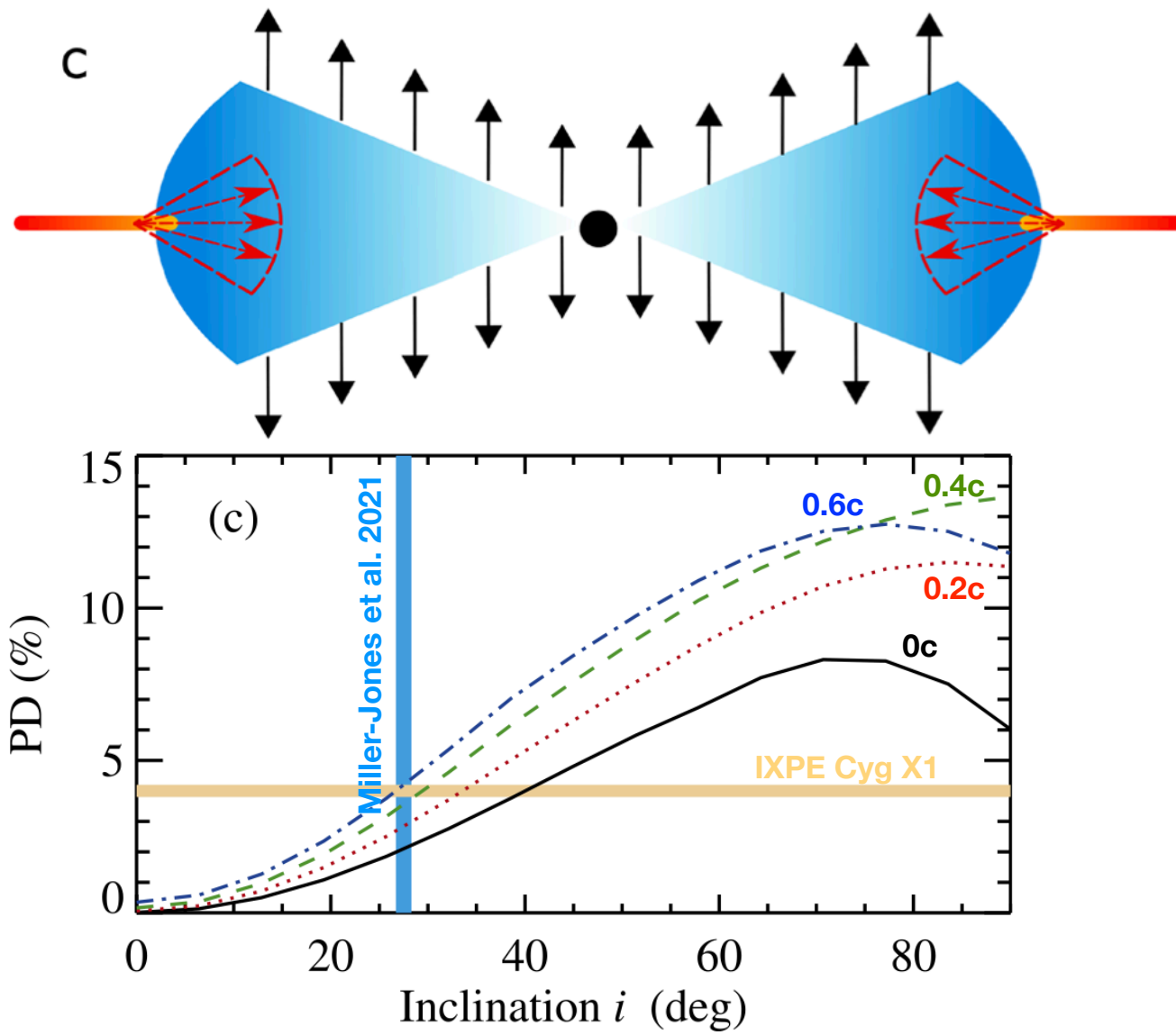


[Poutanen et al. 2023]

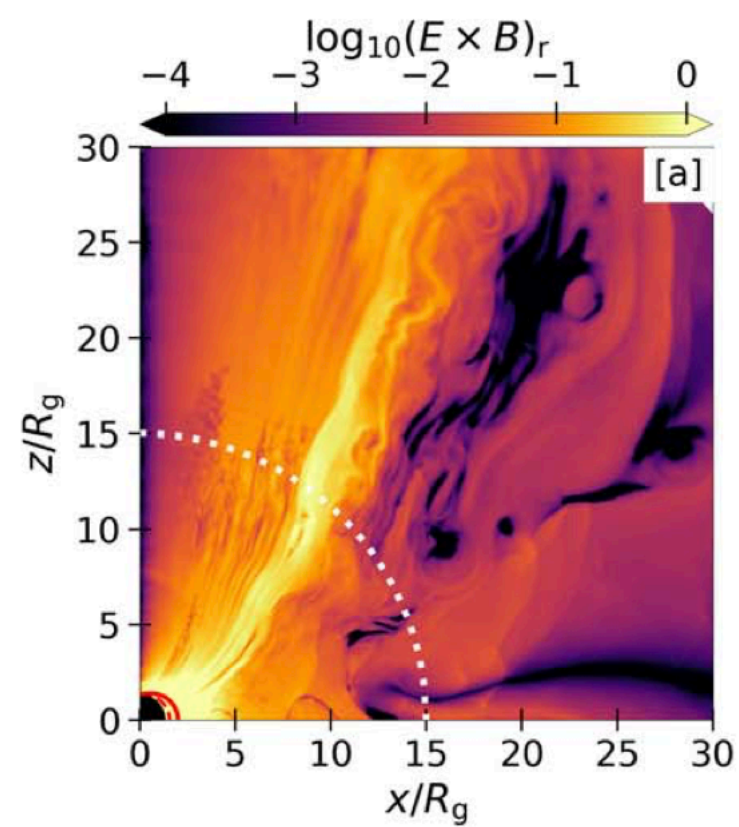


[Sridhar et al. 2025]

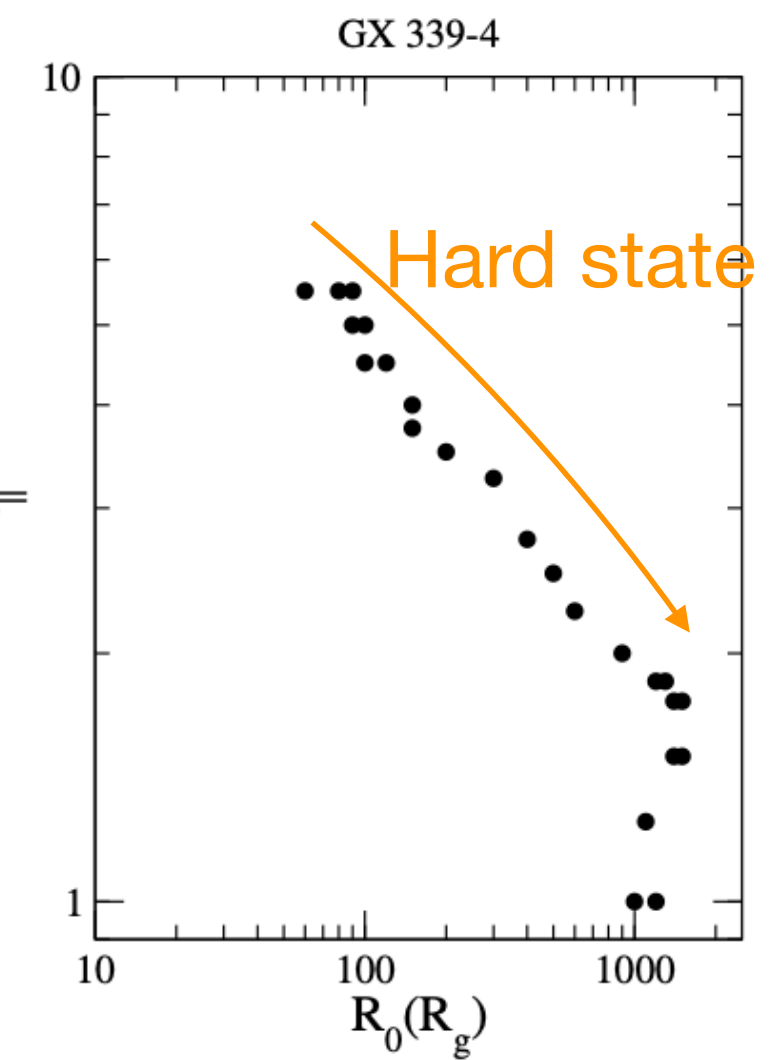
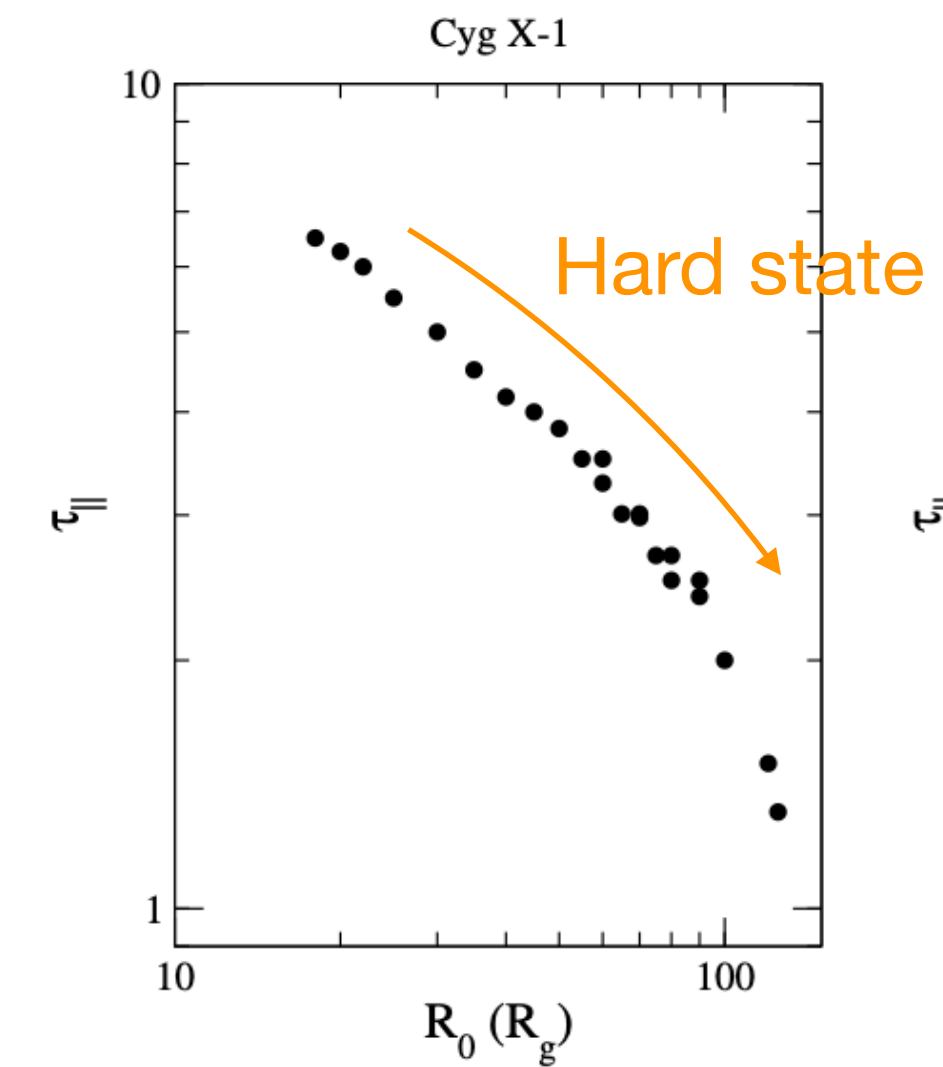
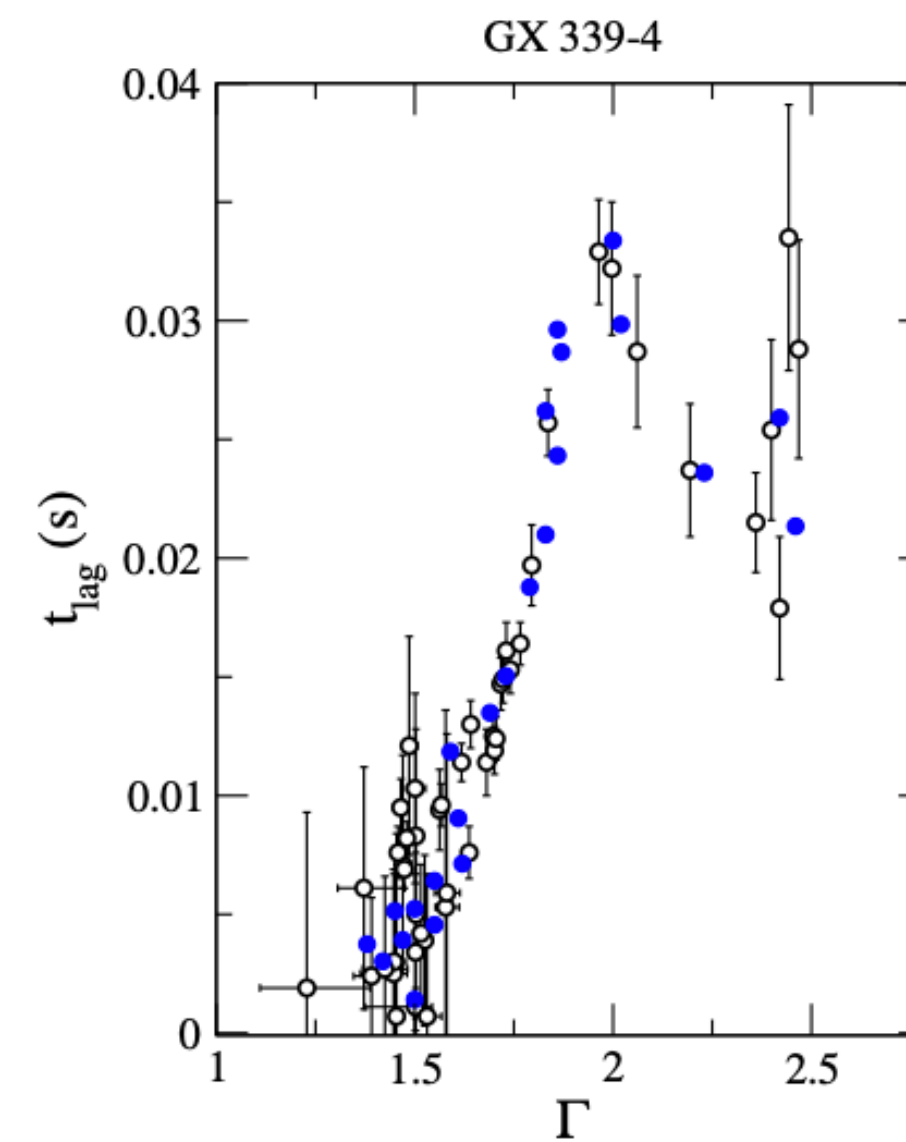
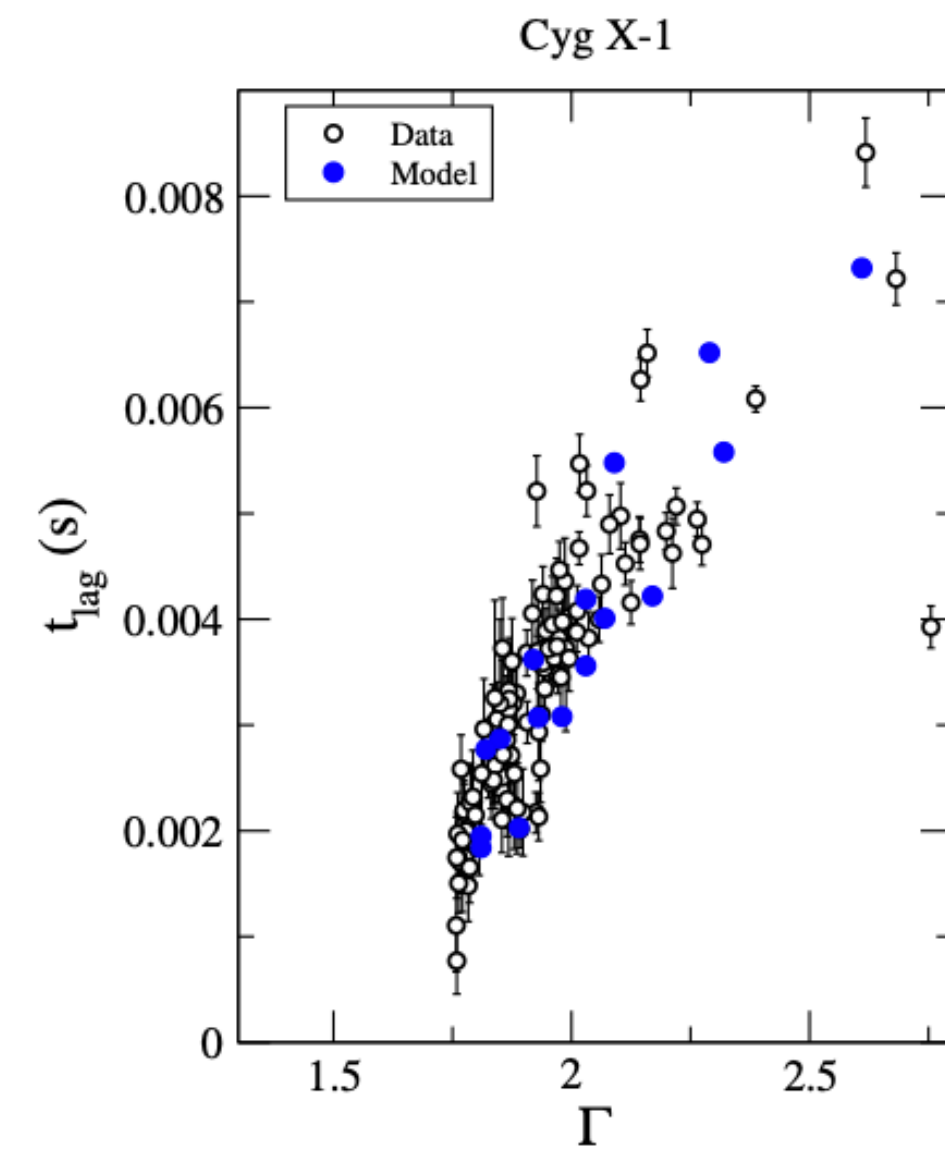
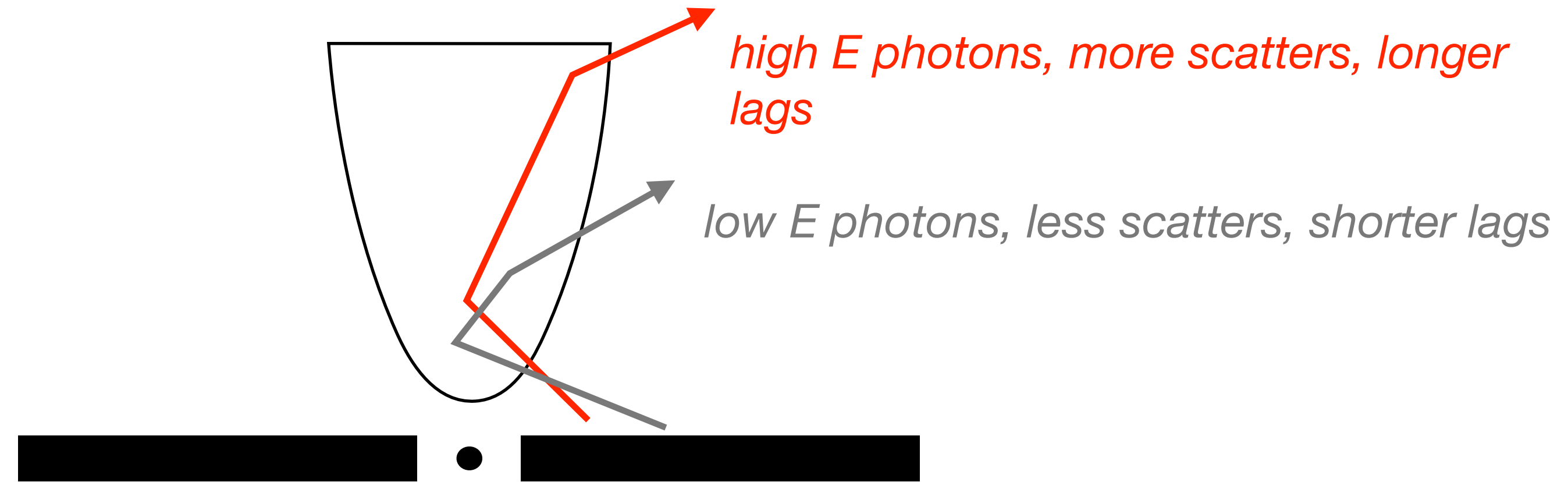
# What is the geometry of the inner accretion flow?



[Poutanen et al. 2023]



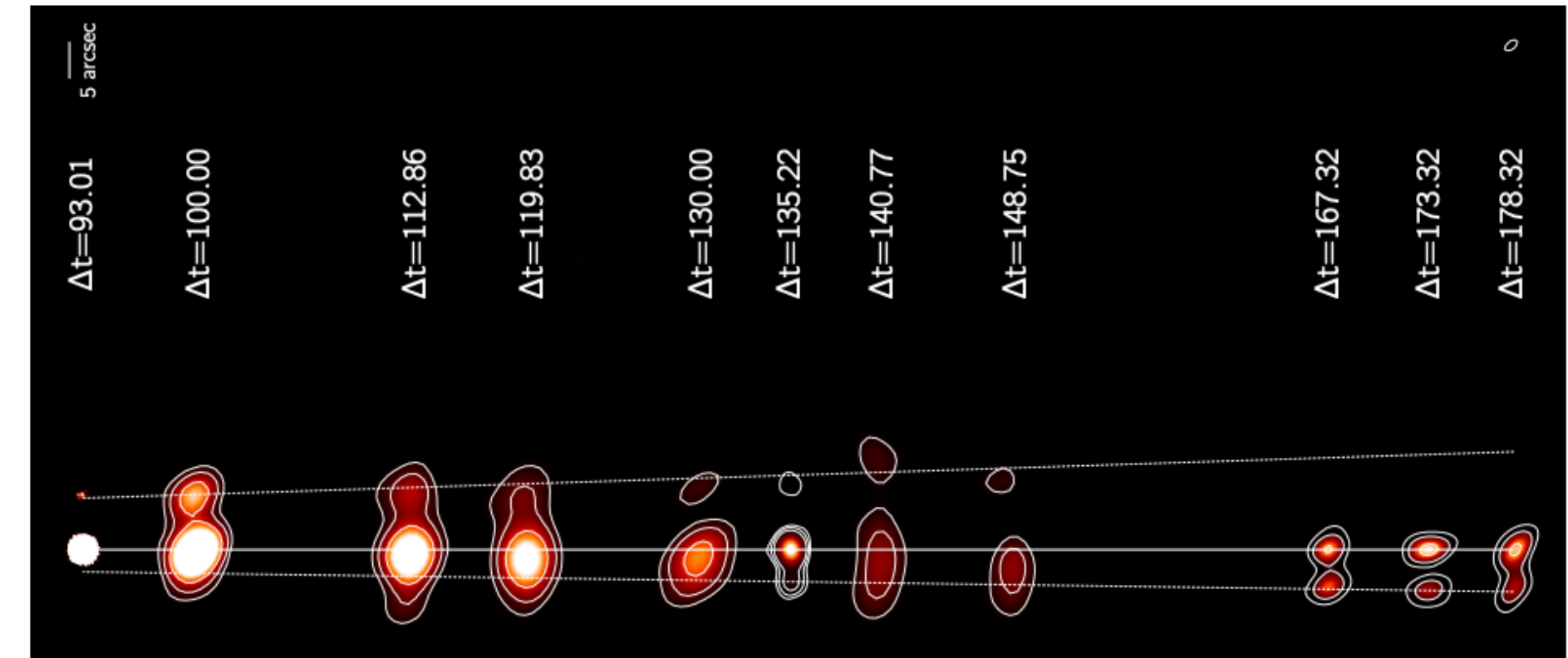
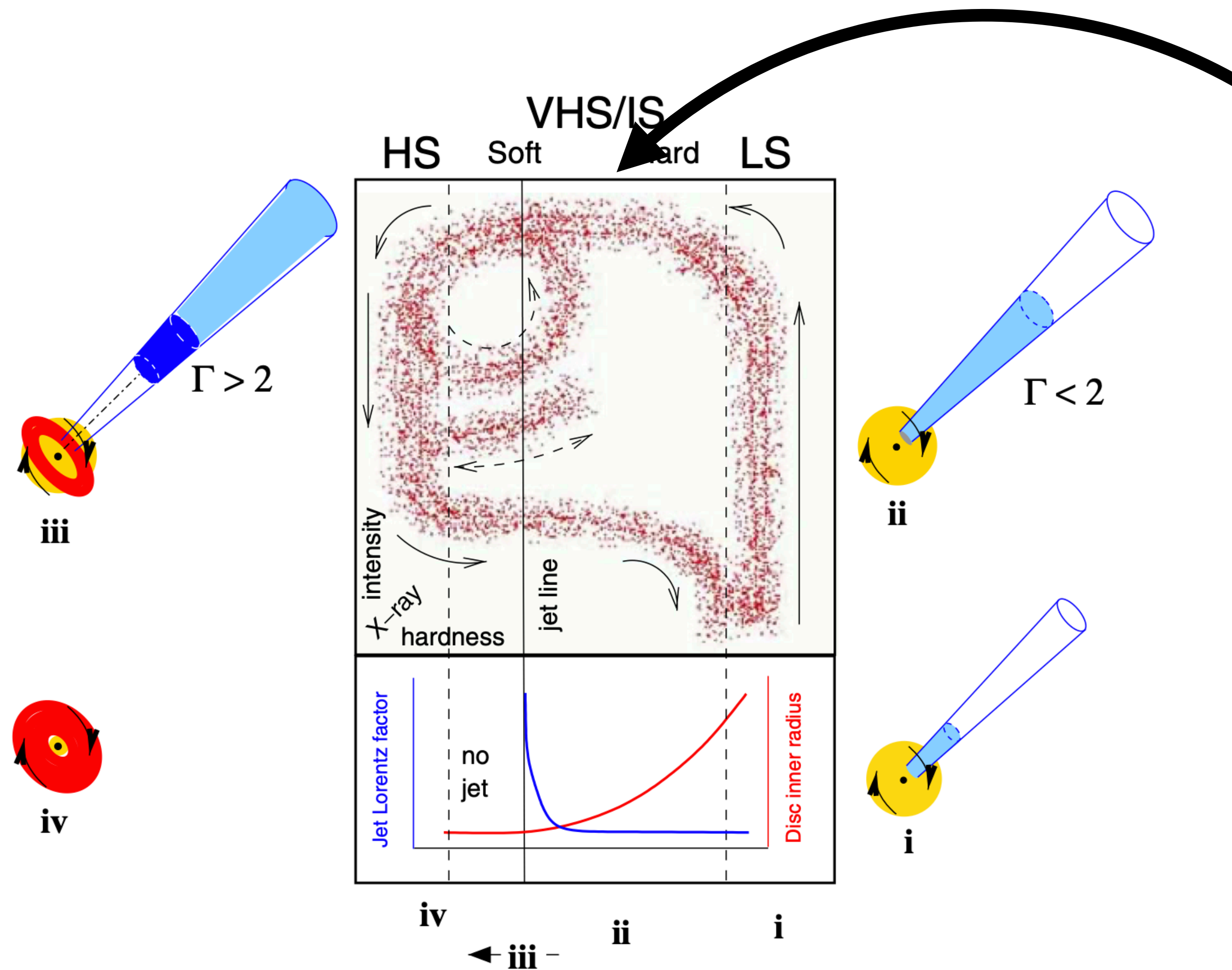
[Sridhar et al. 2025]



[Kylafis et al. 2008; Reig et al. 2018, 2019; Kylafis et al. 2024; see next talk]



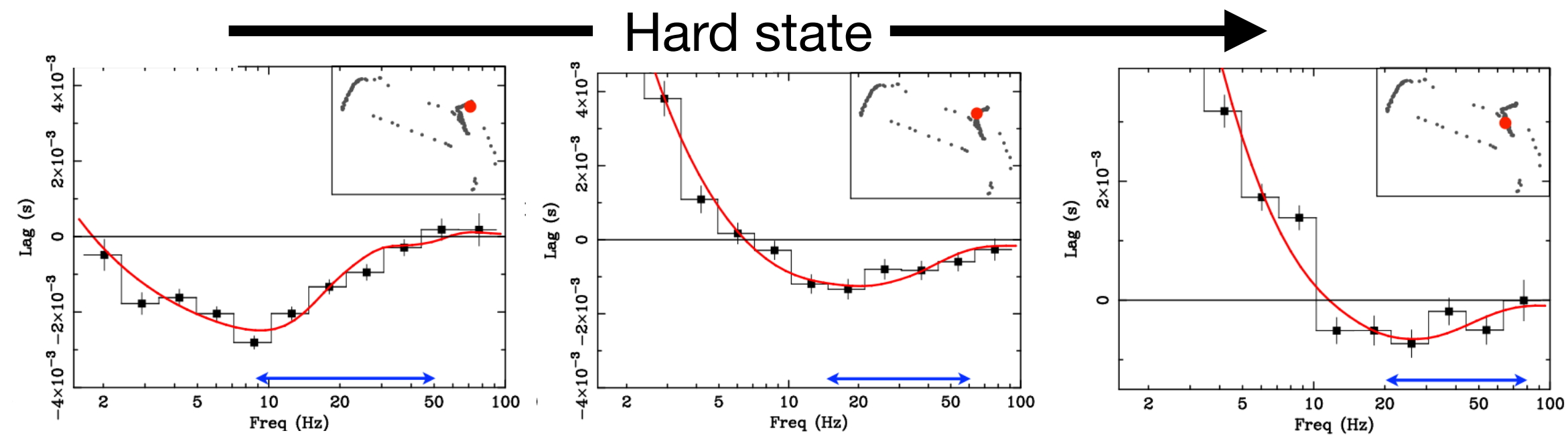
# What happens at the hard-to-soft state transition?



[Bright et al. 2020; Wood et al. 2021; Carotenuto et al. 2024]

[Fender & Belloni 2004; Fender, Gallo, Belloni 2004; Corbel et al. 2004]

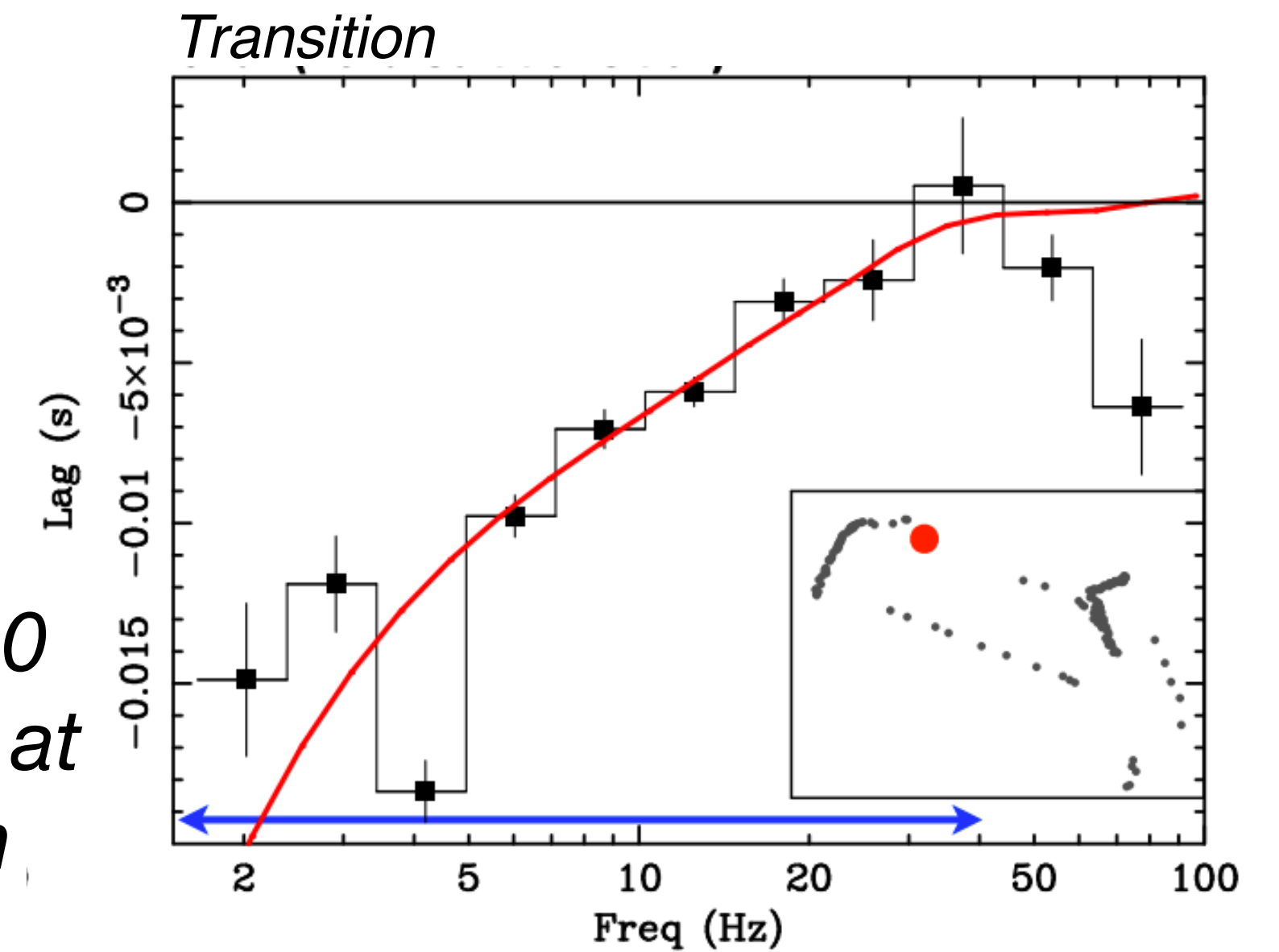
# What happens at the hard-to-soft state transition?



MAXI J1820+070

[De Marco et al. 2021; Wang et al. 2021]

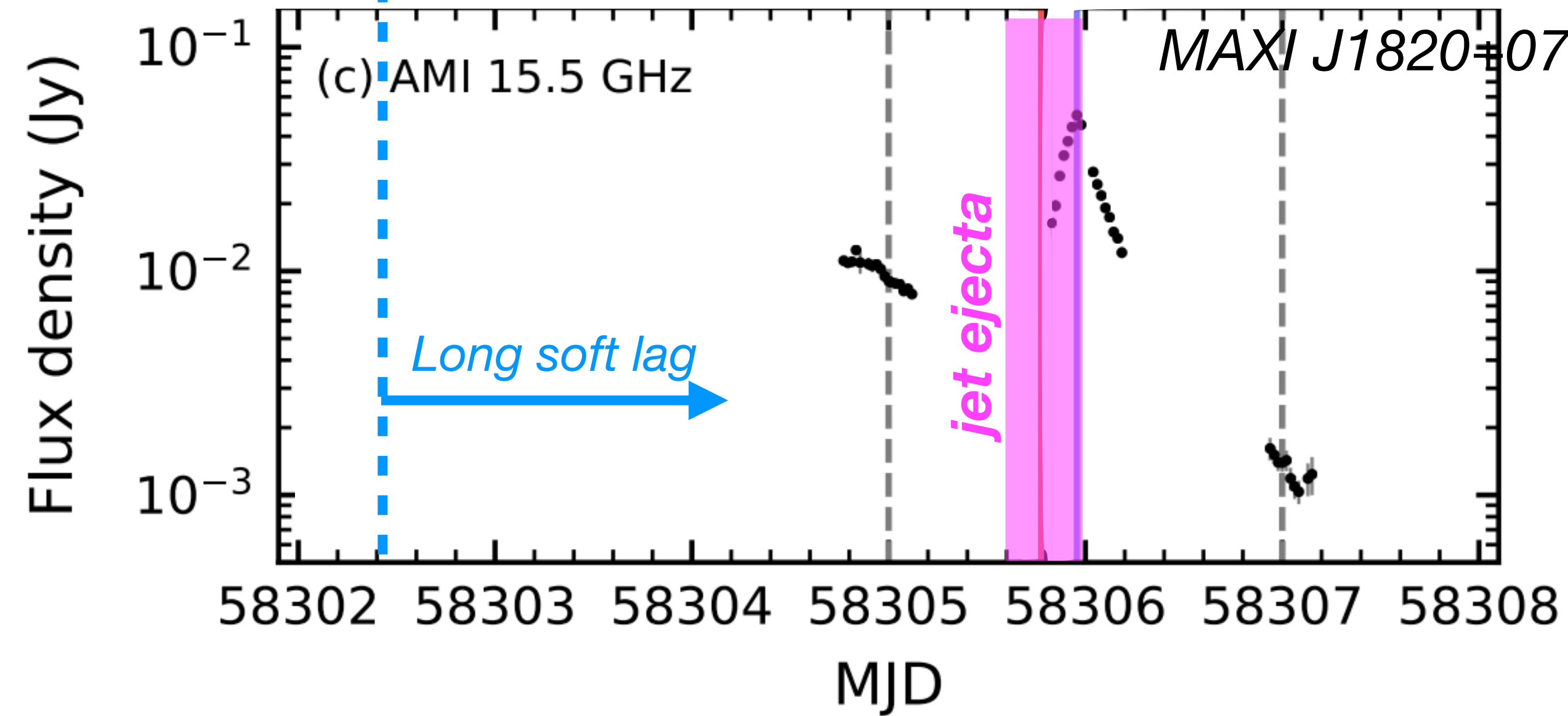
A factor of  $\sim 10$   
longer soft lag at  
the transition



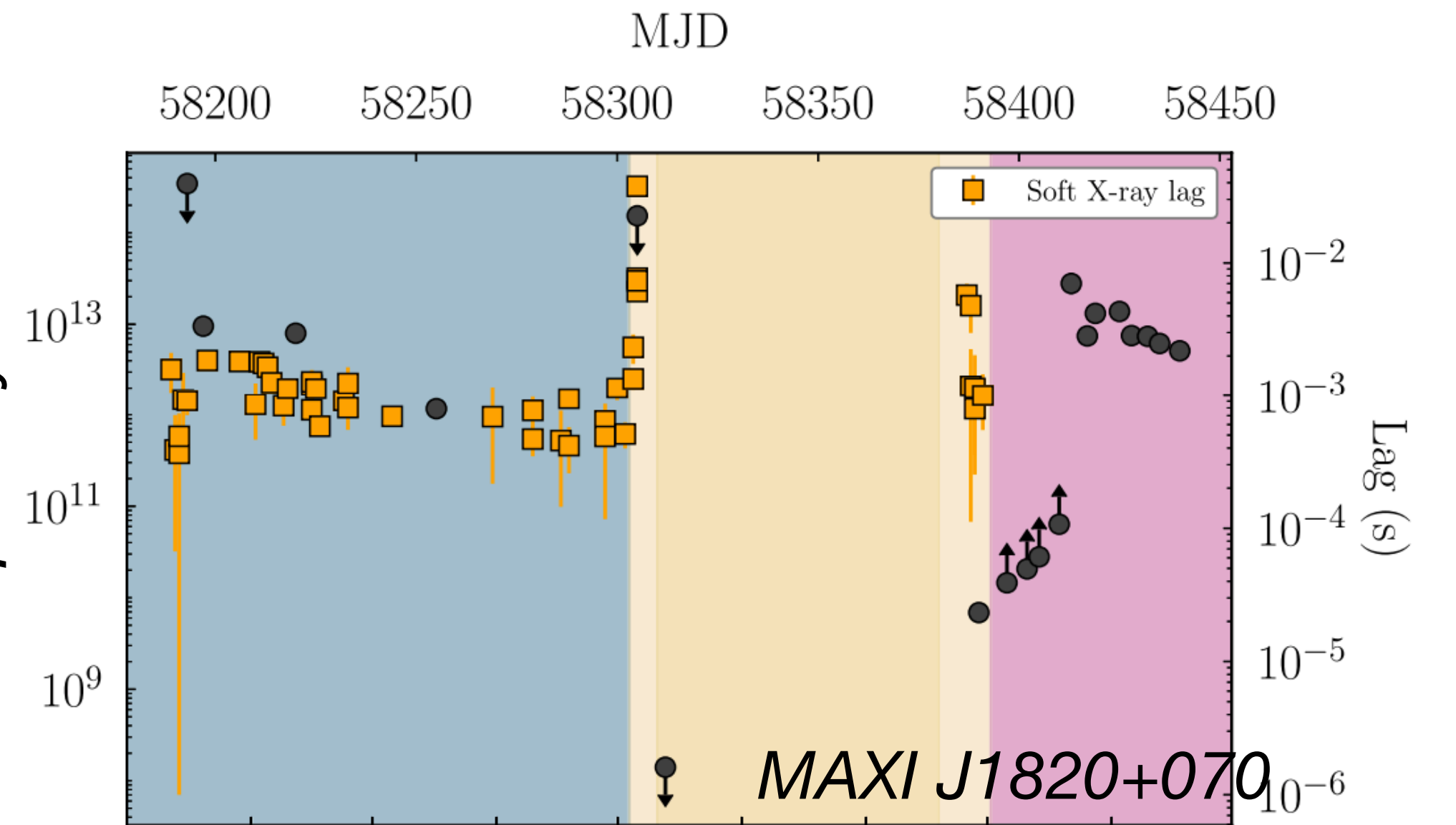
Corona more vertically extended at transition? Corona ejected?  
Dissipation of hard X-rays occurring in shocked region along the jet?

# What happens at the hard-to-soft state transition?

[Homan et al. 2021; Bright et al. 2020; Carotenuto et al. 2024]



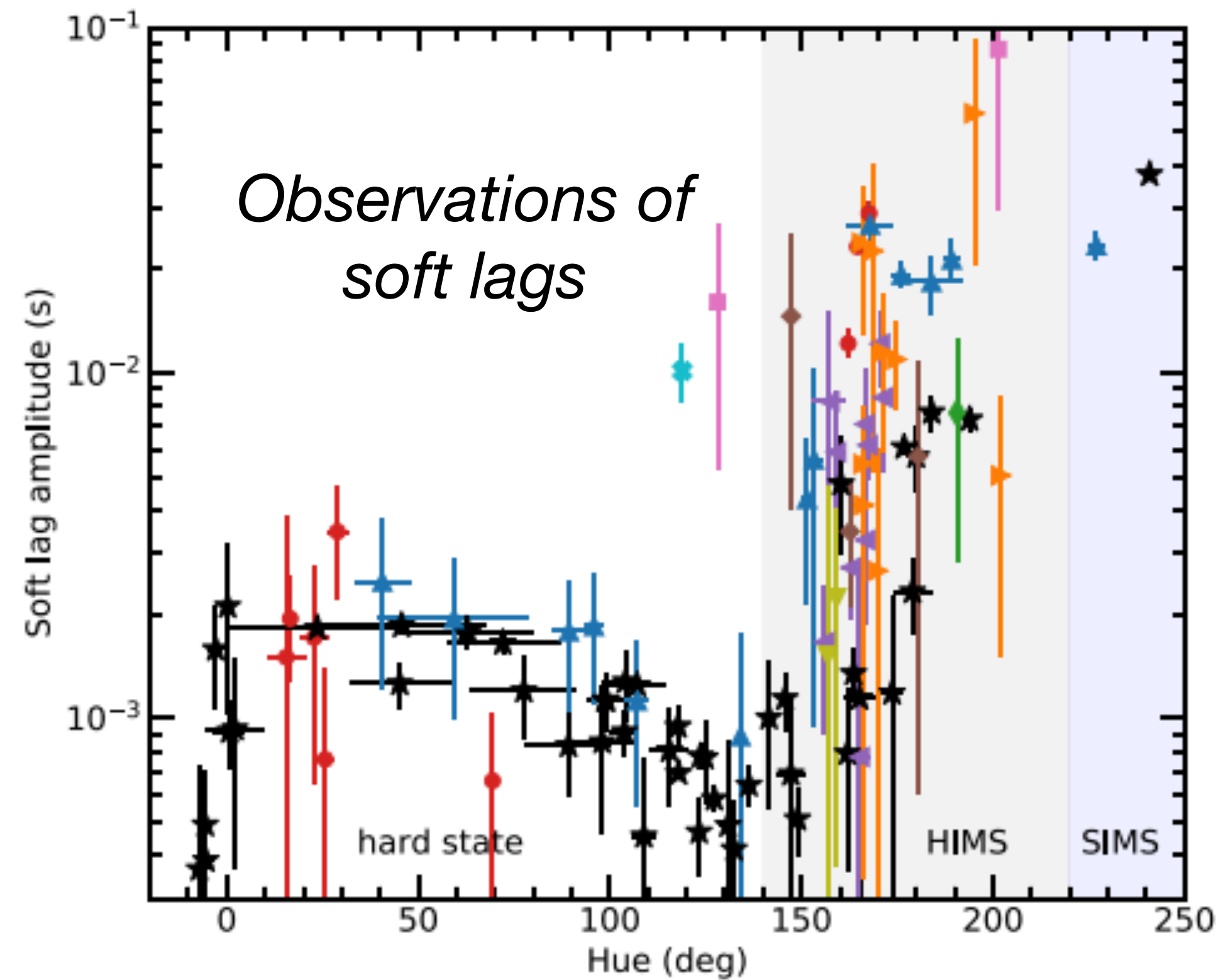
jet spectral break  
frequency



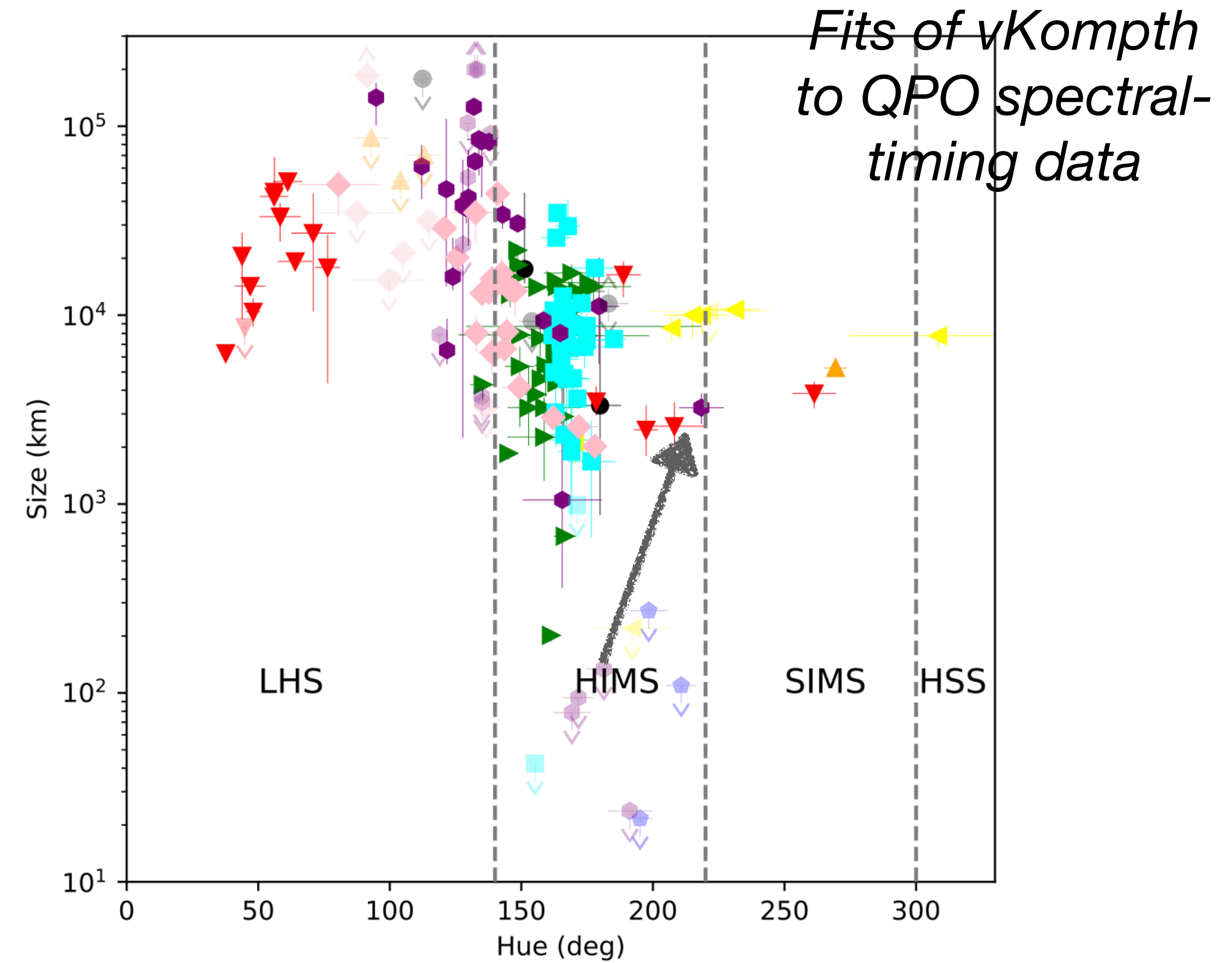
[Echiburú-Trujillo et al. 2024]



# What happens at the hard-to-soft state transition?

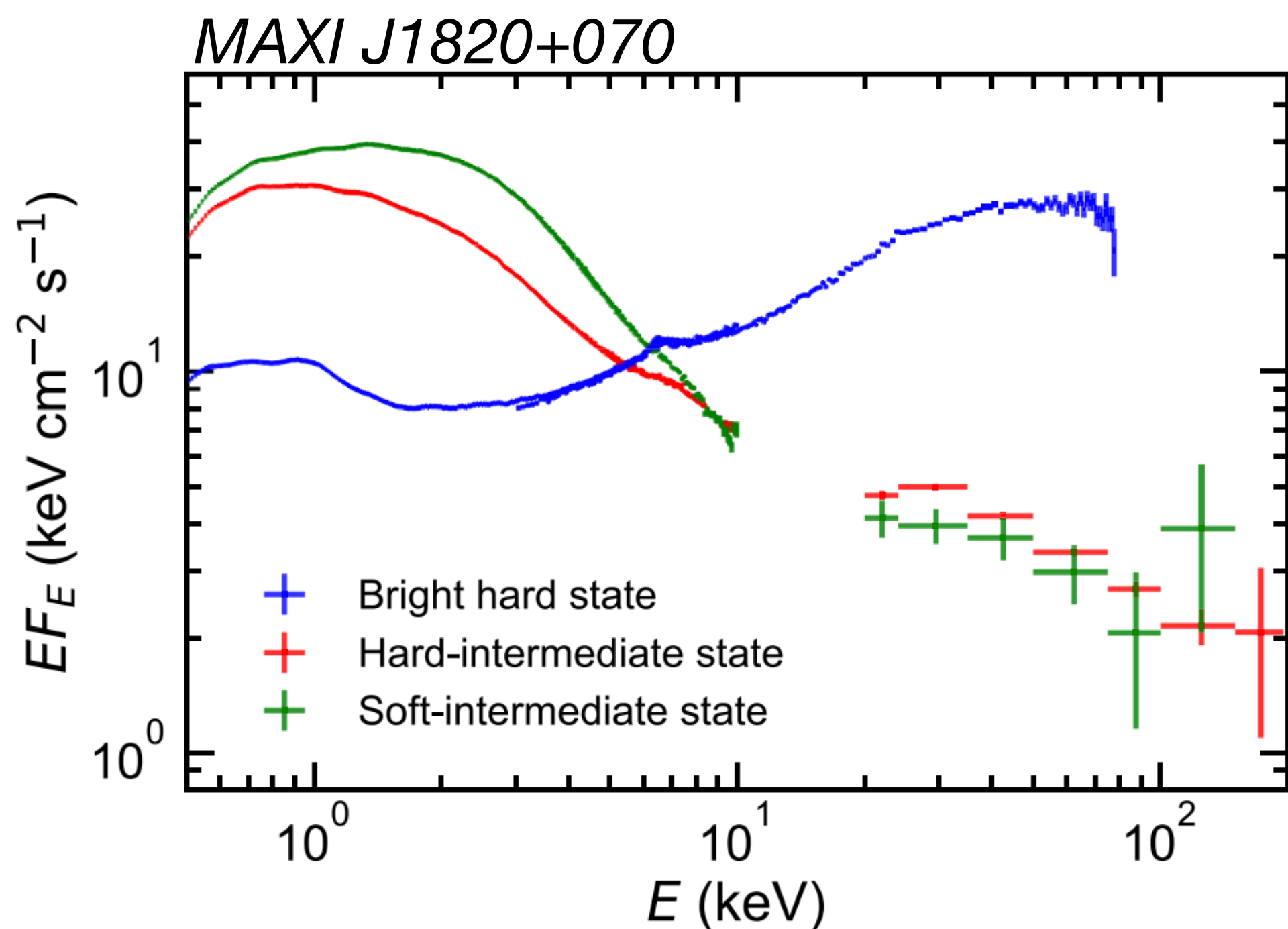


[Wang et al. 2022]

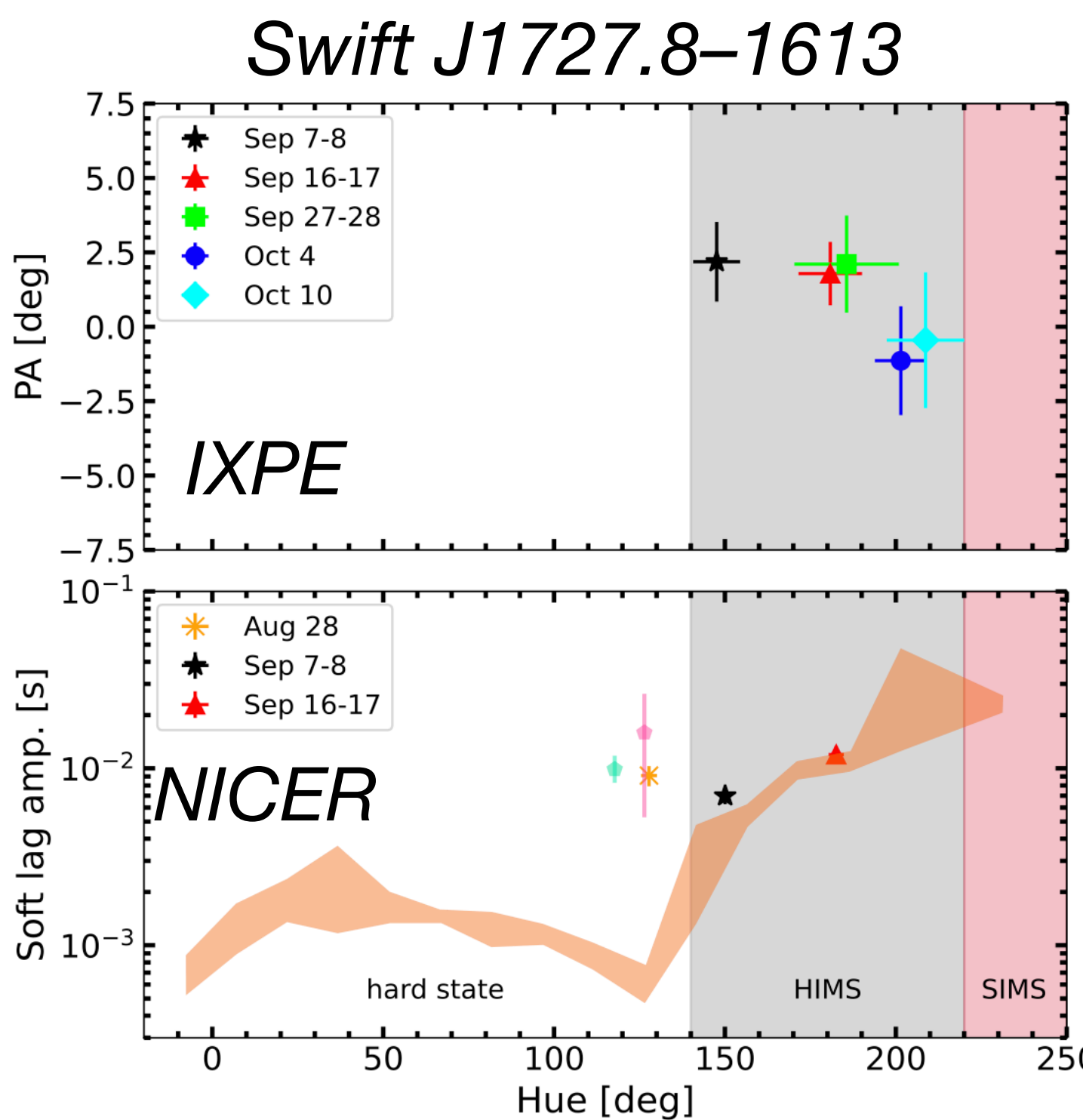


[Zhang et al. 2026; García et al. 2021; Mendez et al. 2022; Peirano et al. 2023; Alabarta et al. 2025]

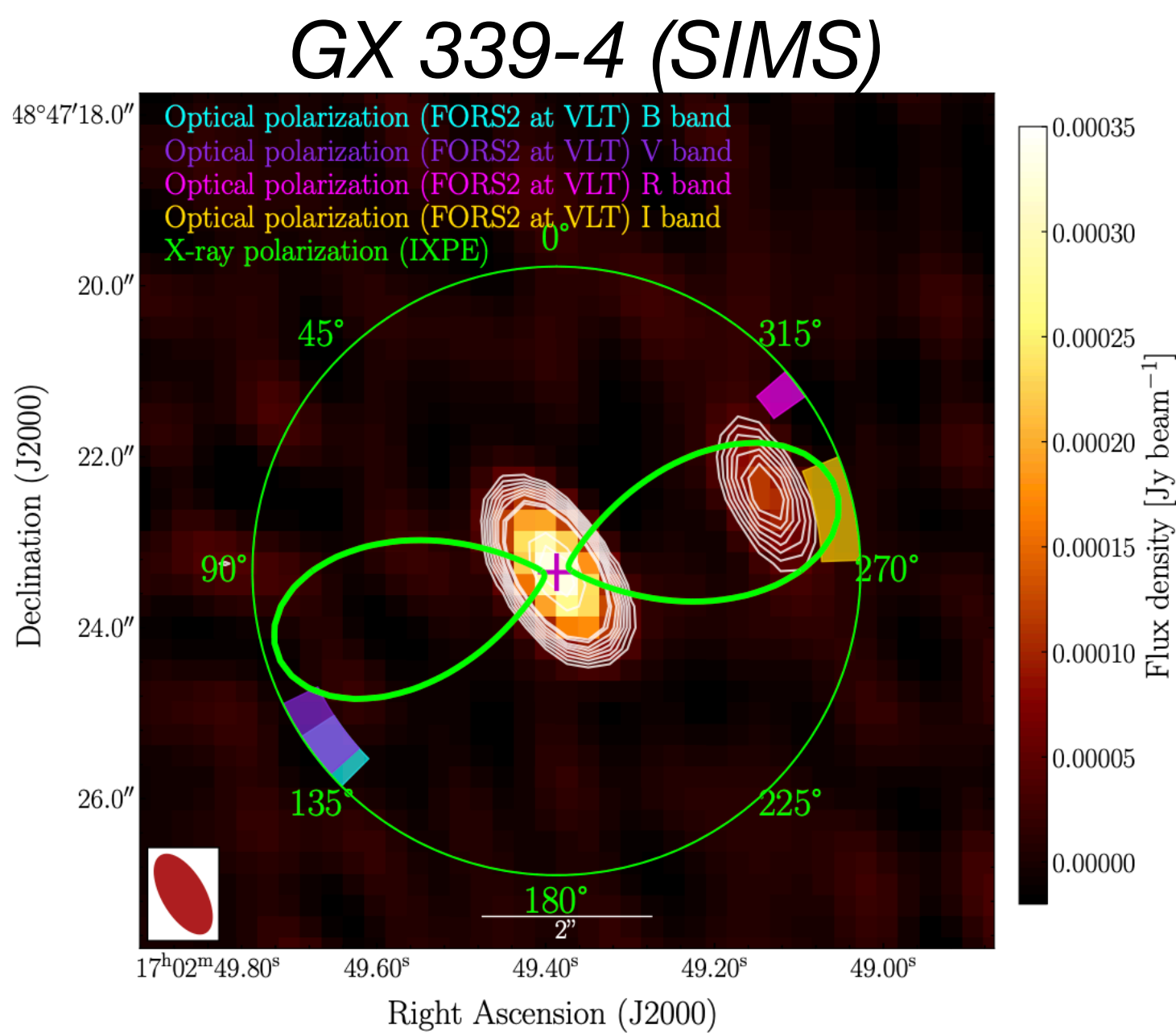
# What happens at the hard-to-soft state transition?



[Kawamura et al. 2023]



[Ingram et al. 2024; Yu et al. 2026]



[Mastroserio, De Marco et al. 2024]

# Conclusions

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*We started with three questions:*

*- Where does the X-ray variability come from?*

*Probably propagating mass accretion rate fluctuations, but model still incomplete*

*- What is the geometry of the inner accretion flow?*

*Spectral-timing results consistent with radially stratified, extended coronae and truncated disc, but polarimetry needed to break degeneracies*

*- What happens at the hard-to-soft state transition?*

*Lags support expanding/ejected coronae, but spectral and polarimetric results disfavour this interpretation*



# ***Conclusions***

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*7 September 2021 Barcelona*



# ***Conclusions***

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*7 September 2021 Barcelona*