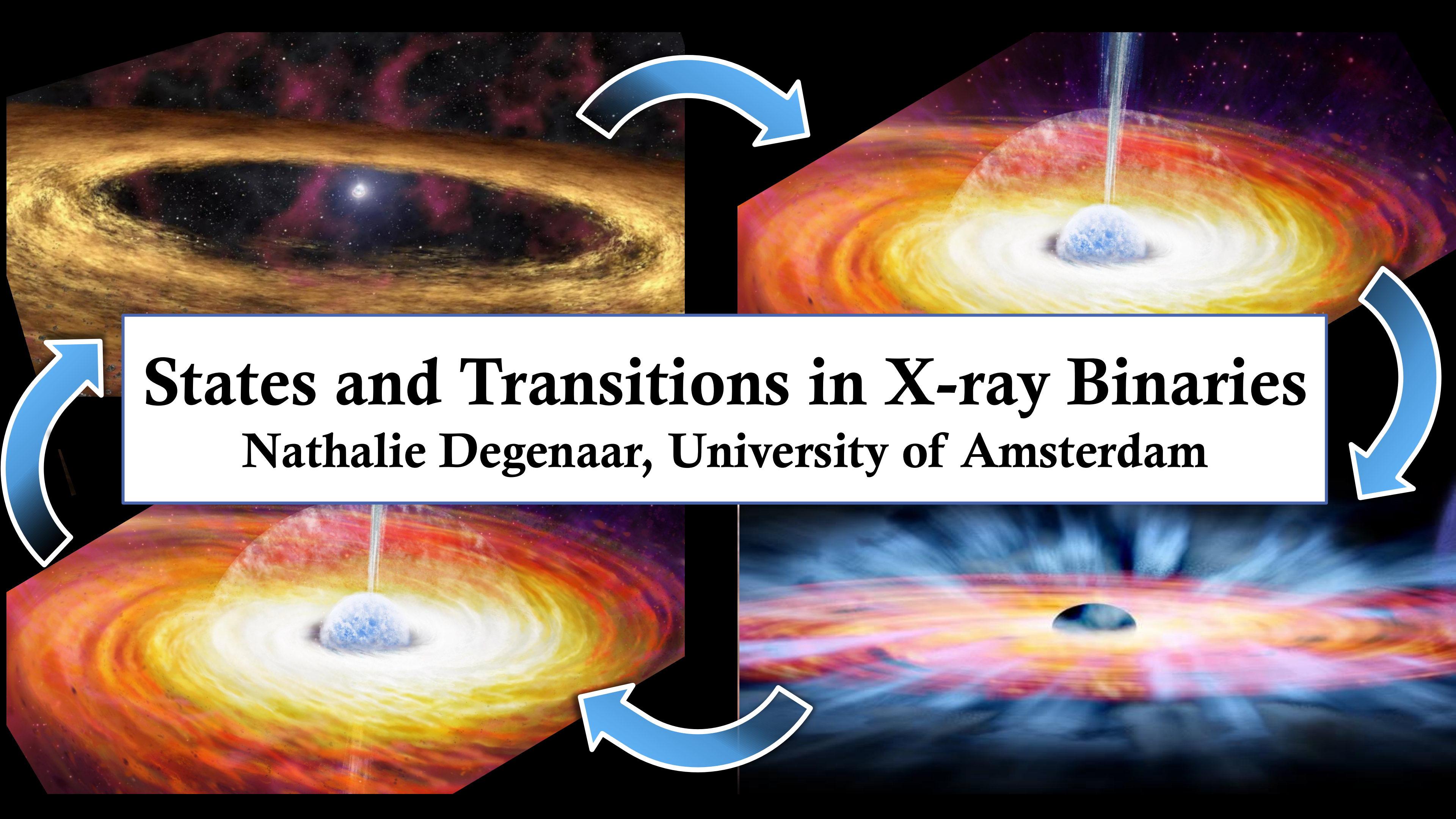
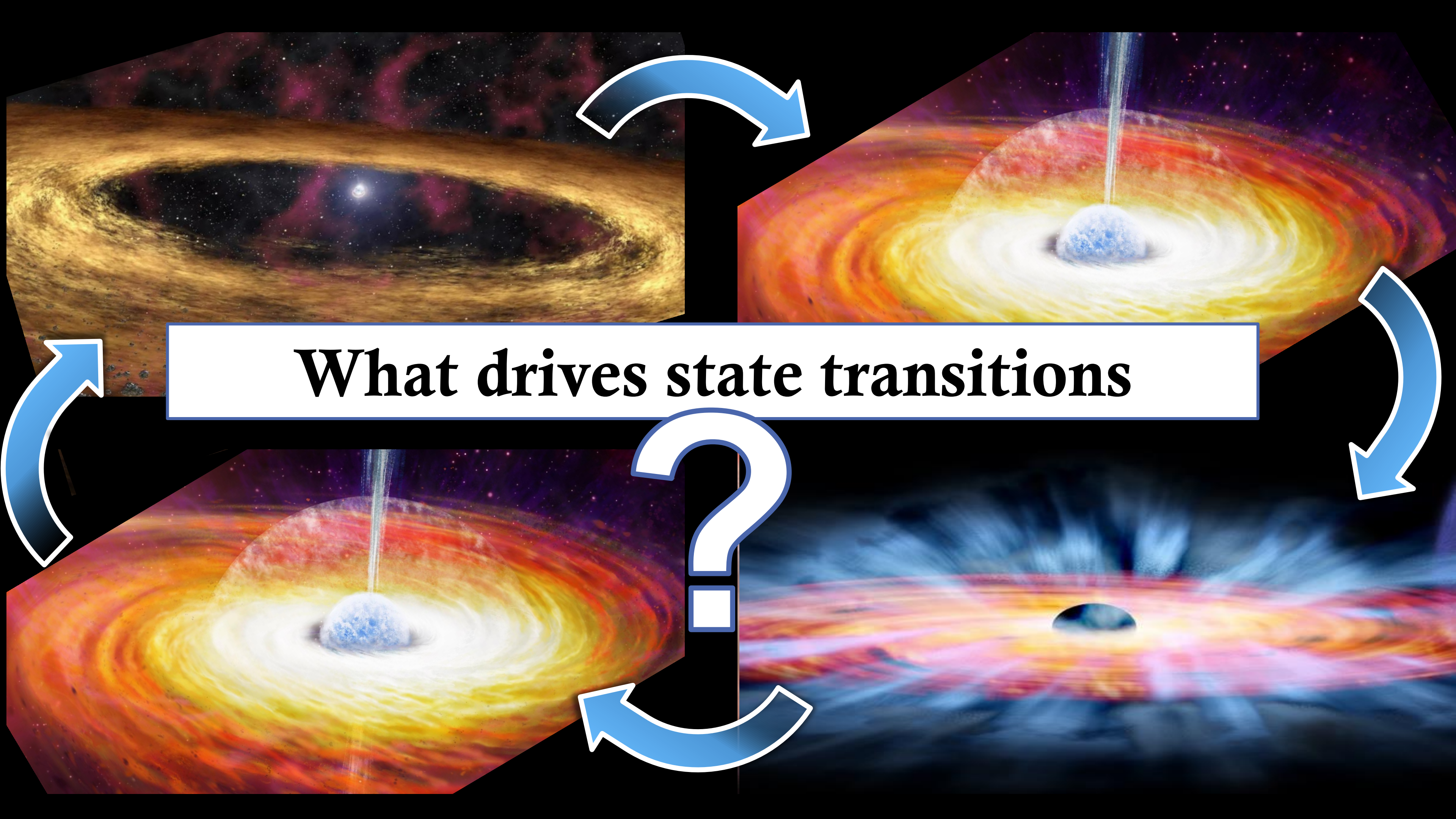




States and Transitions in X-ray Binaries

Nathalie Degenaar, University of Amsterdam

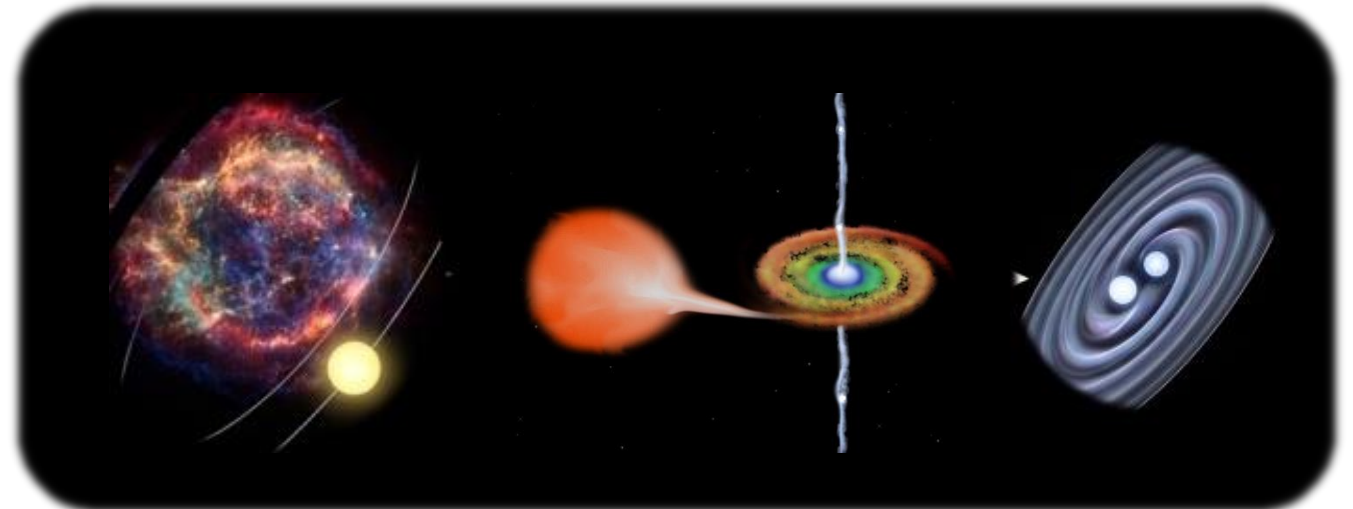
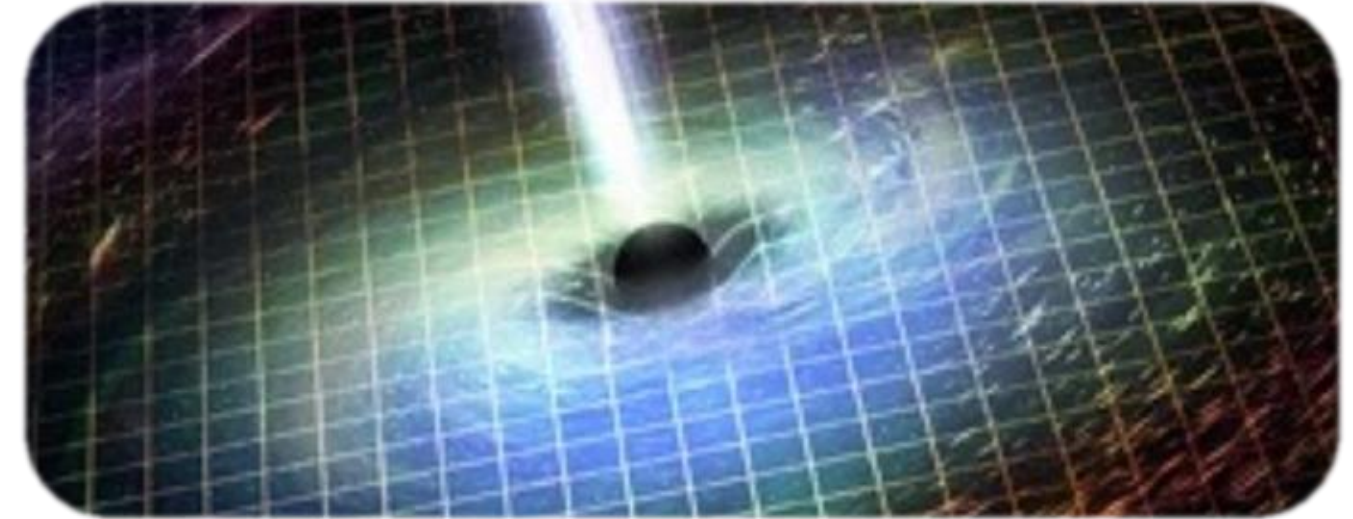


The diagram illustrates a cycle of four stages in the evolution of a protoplanetary disk. The stages are arranged in a square, connected by blue curved arrows indicating a clockwise progression. The top-left stage shows a dark, dense disk with a bright central star. The top-right stage shows a disk with a bright central star and a vertical jet of gas being ejected. The bottom-right stage shows a disk with a bright central star and a vertical jet of gas being ejected, but the disk is more diffuse. The bottom-left stage shows a disk with a bright central star and a vertical jet of gas being ejected, but the disk is more diffuse. A large white question mark is centered in the bottom half of the diagram, pointing to the text 'What drives state transitions'.

What drives state transitions

What do we want to know?

- **What drives state transitions?**
- **What does it tell us about:**
 - Accretion geometry
 - Jet production
- **What does this imply for:**
 - Measuring masses and spin
 - Binary evolution
 - Impact on environment



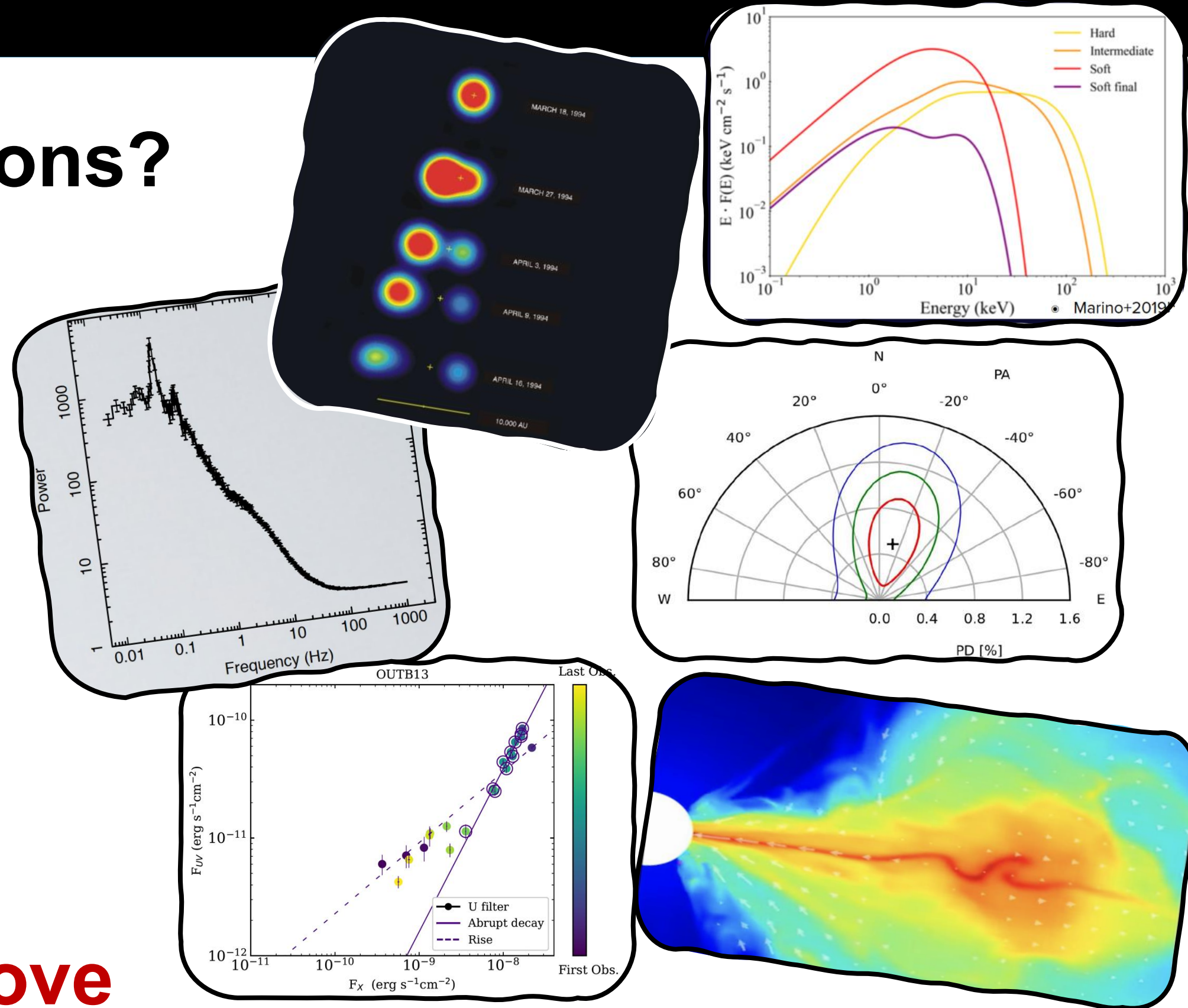
How do we do this?

- What drives state transitions?

- Approaches

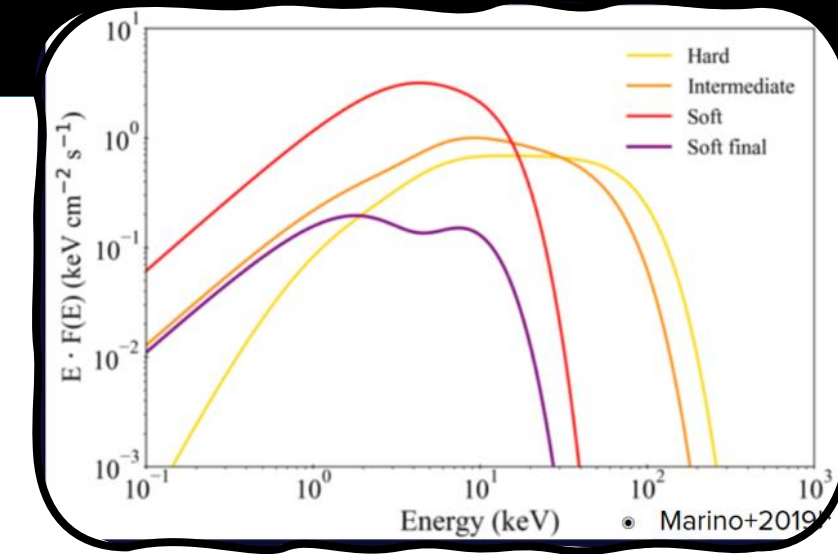
- X-ray Spectroscopy
- X-ray timing
- Radio jet behavior
- Optical/infrared
- Polarimetry
- Simulations

!! Combinations of above



How do we do this?

- **What drives state transitions?**
- **Approaches**
 - **X-ray Spectroscopy** → **this talk** & **Mastroserio (Wed)**
 - X-ray timing → **Vincentelli** & other talks (**Tue**)
 - Radio jet behavior → **Fender** & others (**Wed**)
 - Optical/infrared → **Russell, Casella** & others (**Wed**)
 - Polarimetry → **Veledina** & others (**Thu**)
 - Simulations → **Baker, Savard** talks (**Mon, Wed**)



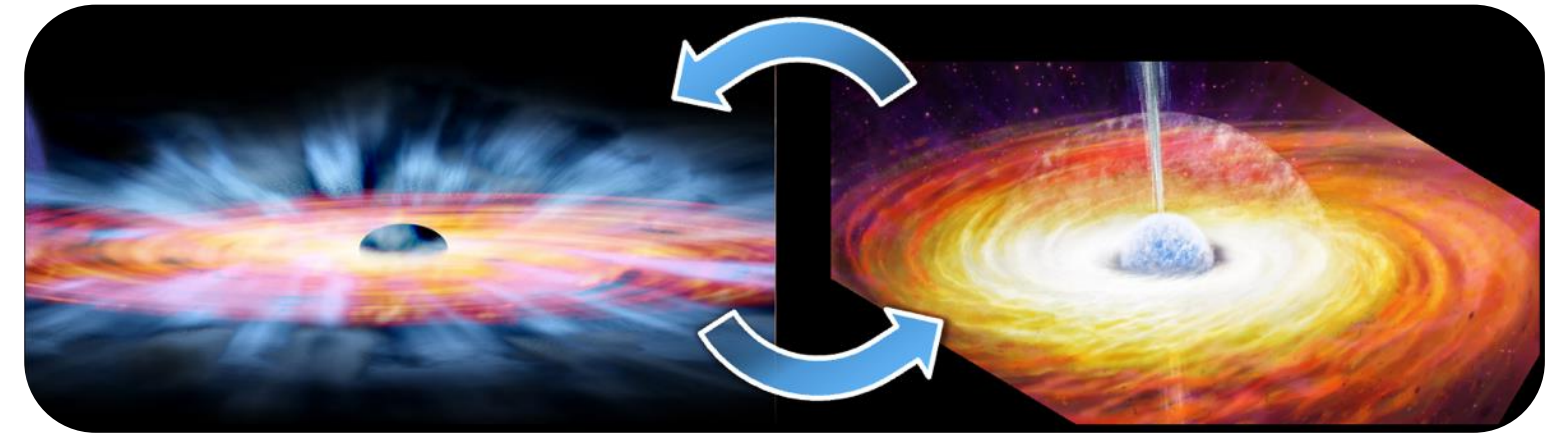
Plan for this talk

Brief for context: **Outburst evolution**

Spectral components & states

Standard physical picture

Open questions



Out of the box: State transition physics with **X-ray bursts?**

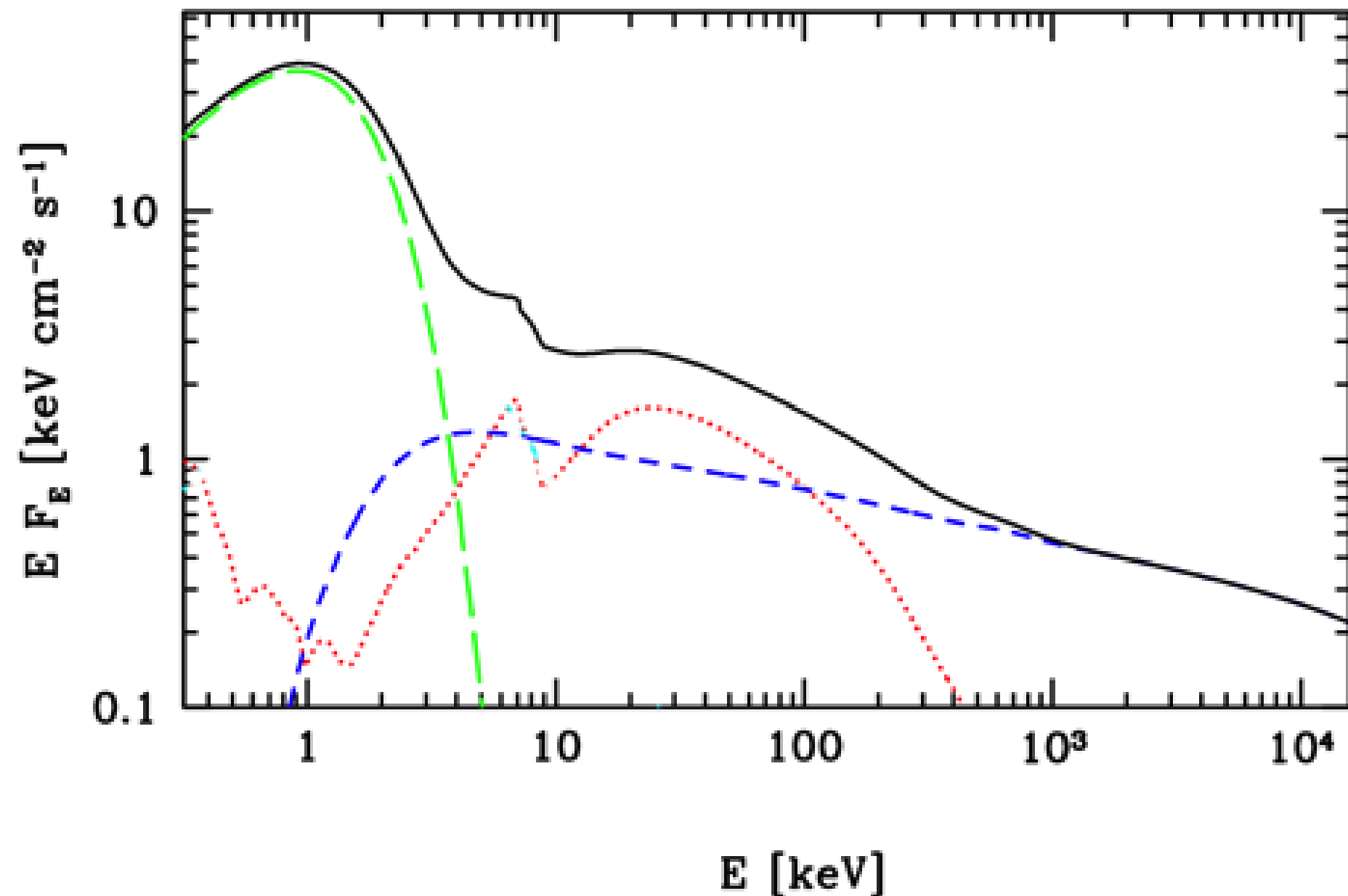
The secret diaries of Tomaso...



Brief: X-ray spectral states & outburst evolution

I . Emission components

Example X-ray spectrum of a MicroQuasar

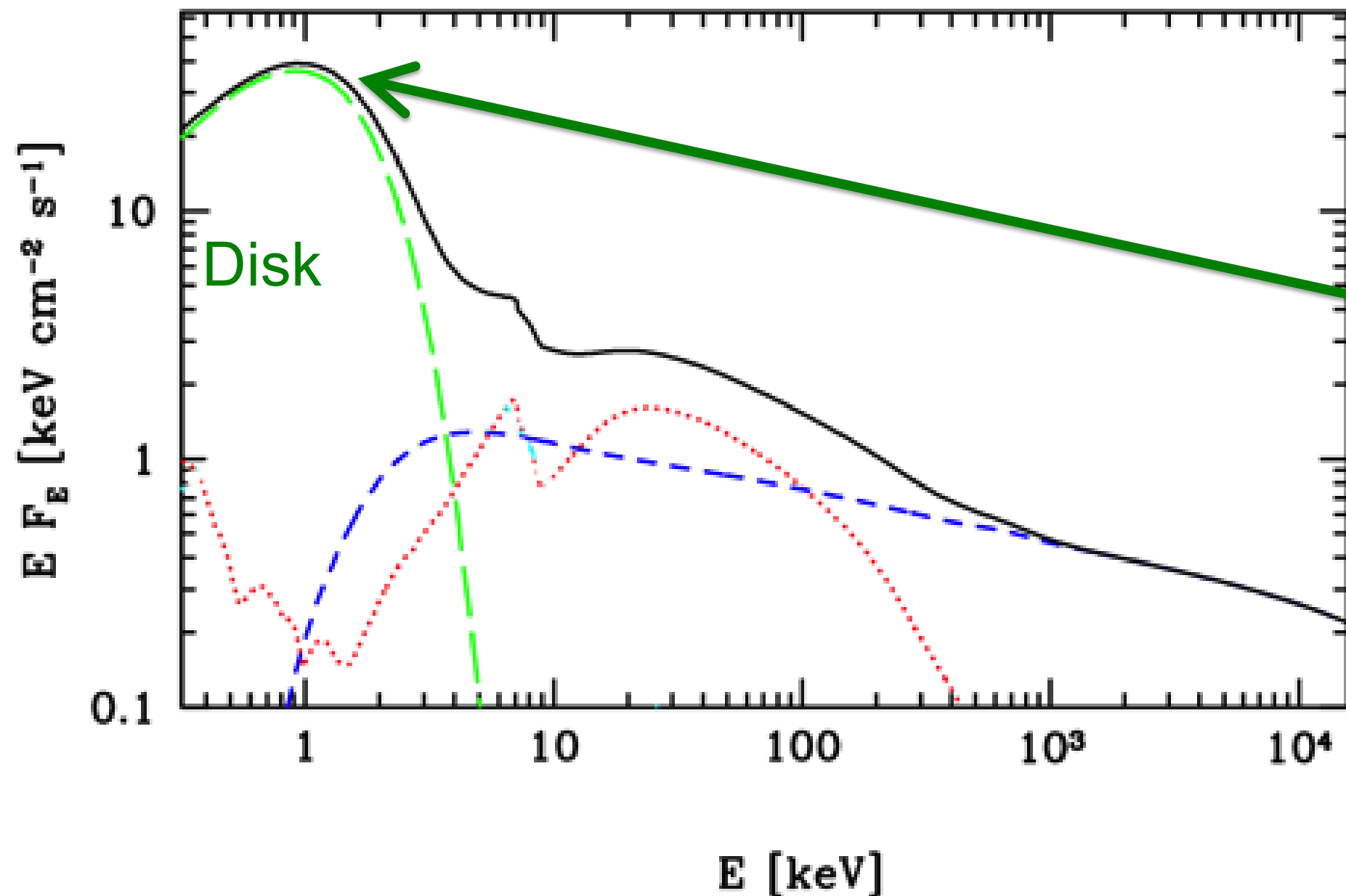


Spectra from Zdziarski & Gierlinski 2004, Cyg X-1 (multi-instrument)

Brief: X-ray spectral states & outburst evolution

I . Emission components

Geometrically thin, optically thick accretion disk

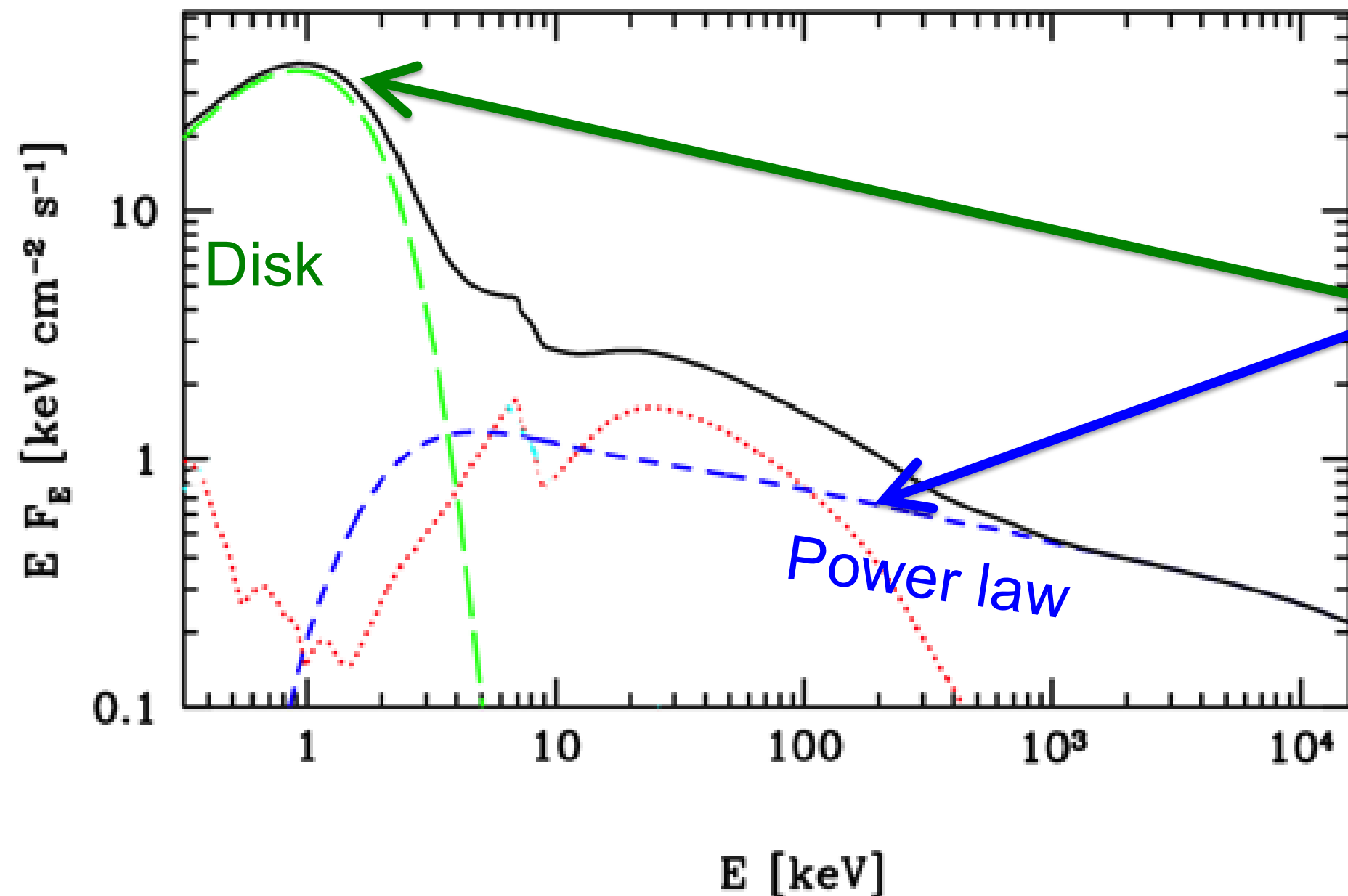


Spectra from Zdziarski & Gierlinski 2004, Cyg X-1 (multi-instrument)

Brief: X-ray spectral states & outburst evolution

I . Emission components

Population of hot electrons: the corona

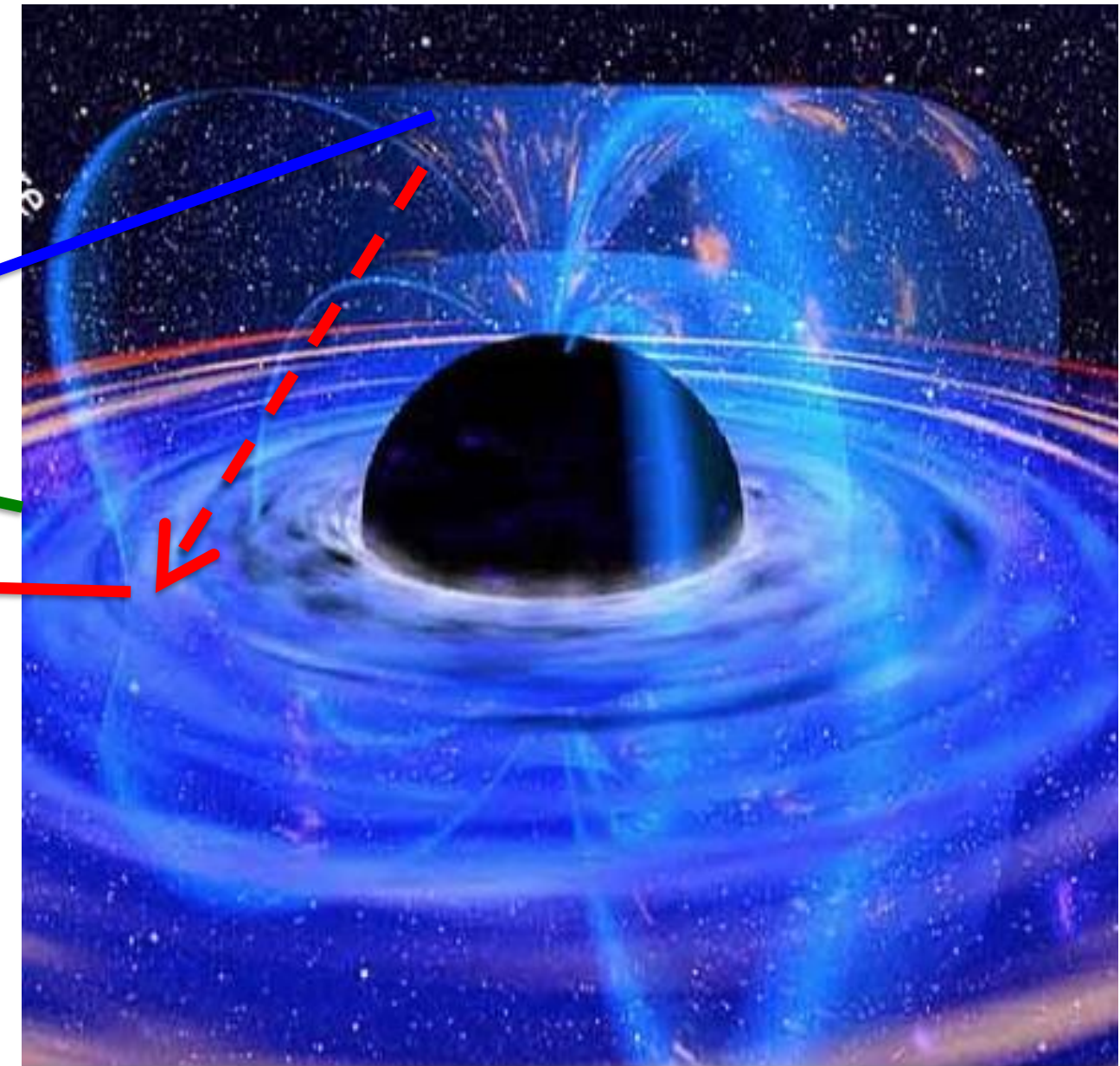
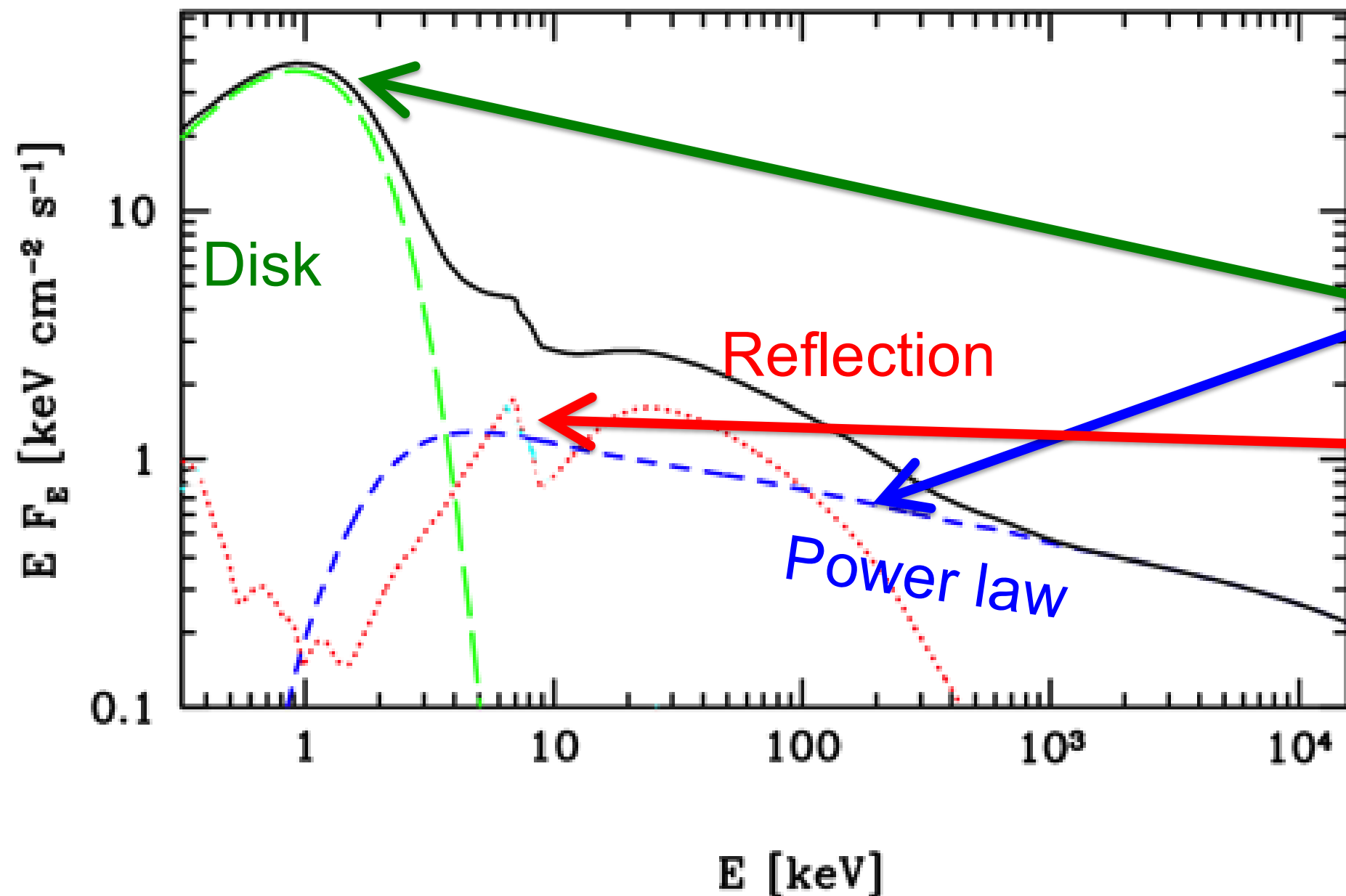


Spectra from Zdziarski & Gierlinski 2004, Cyg X-1 (multi-instrument)

Brief: X-ray spectral states & outburst evolution

I . Emission components

X-rays from corona reflecting off the accretion disk



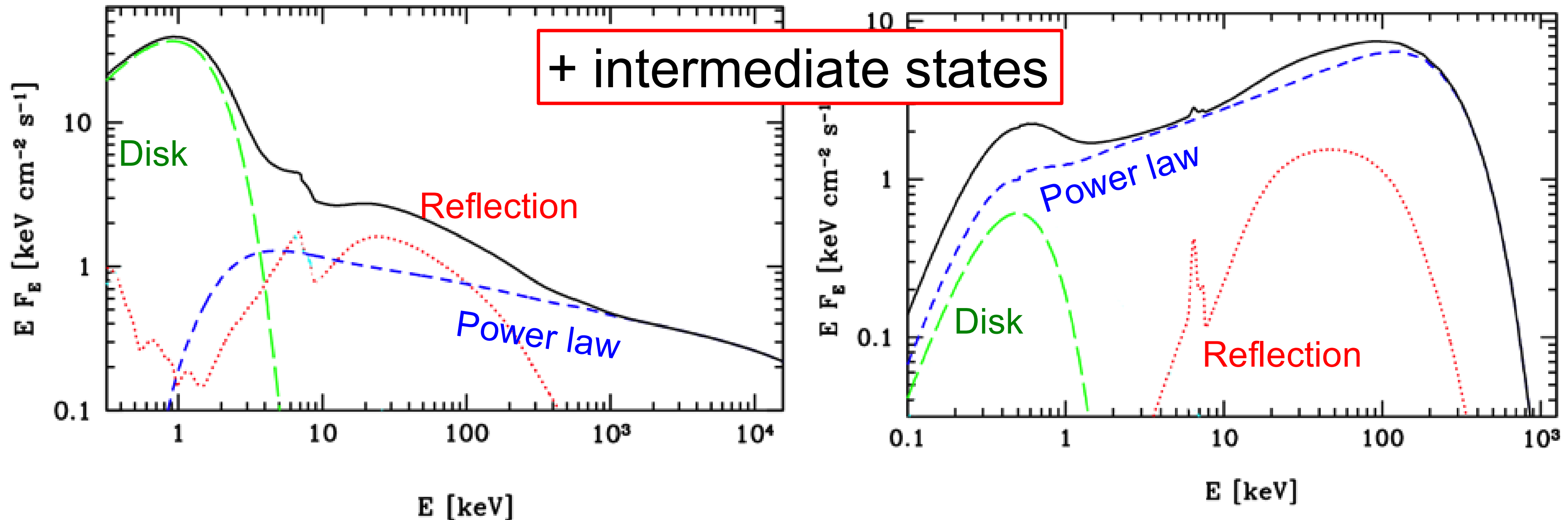
Spectra from Zdziarski & Gierlinski 2004, Cyg X-1 (multi-instrument)

Brief: X-ray spectral states & outburst evolution

II. Emission components & X-ray spectral states

Soft state (disk dominated)

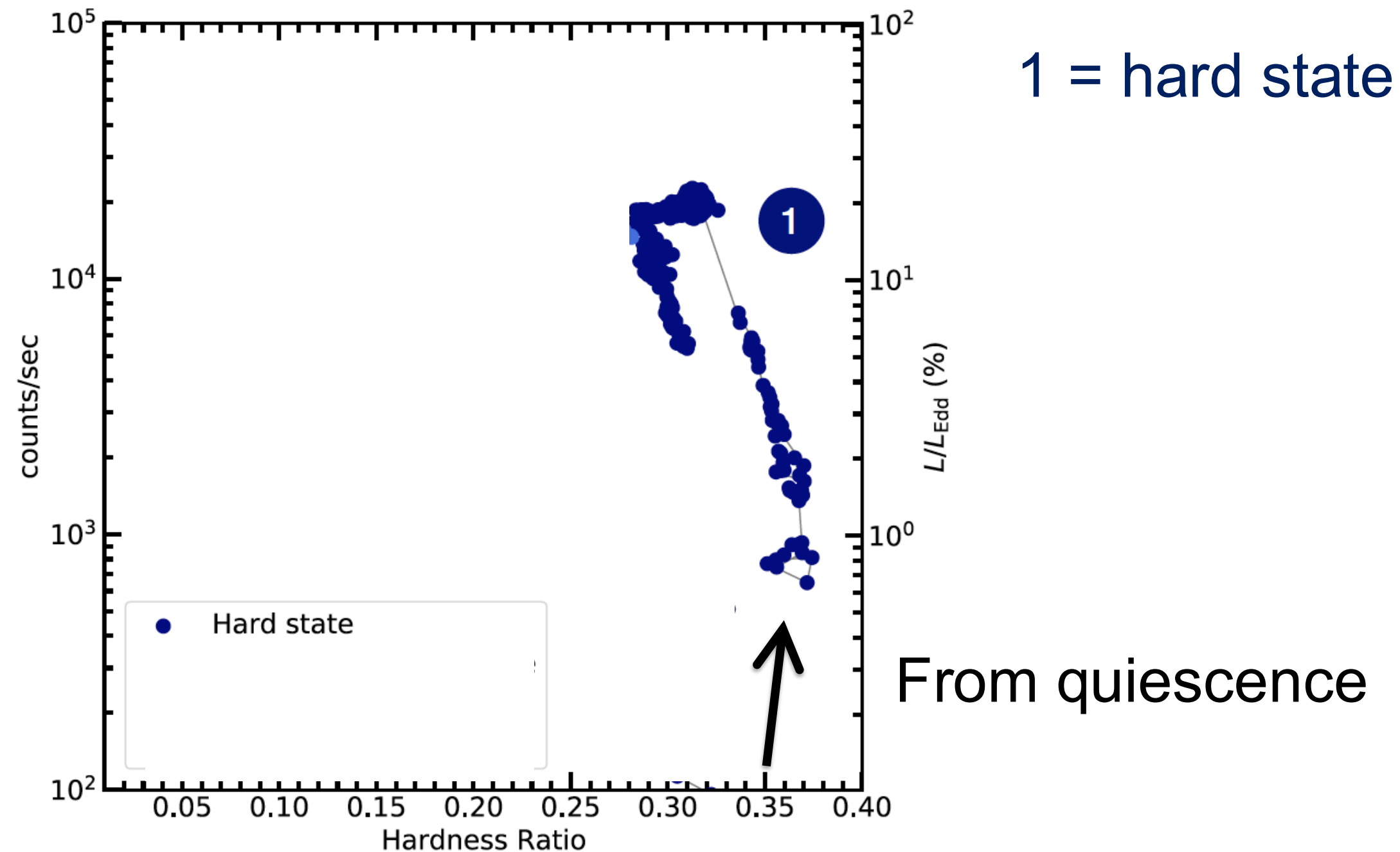
Hard state (corona dominated)



Spectra from Zdziarski & Gierlinski 2004, Cyg X-1 (multi-instrument)

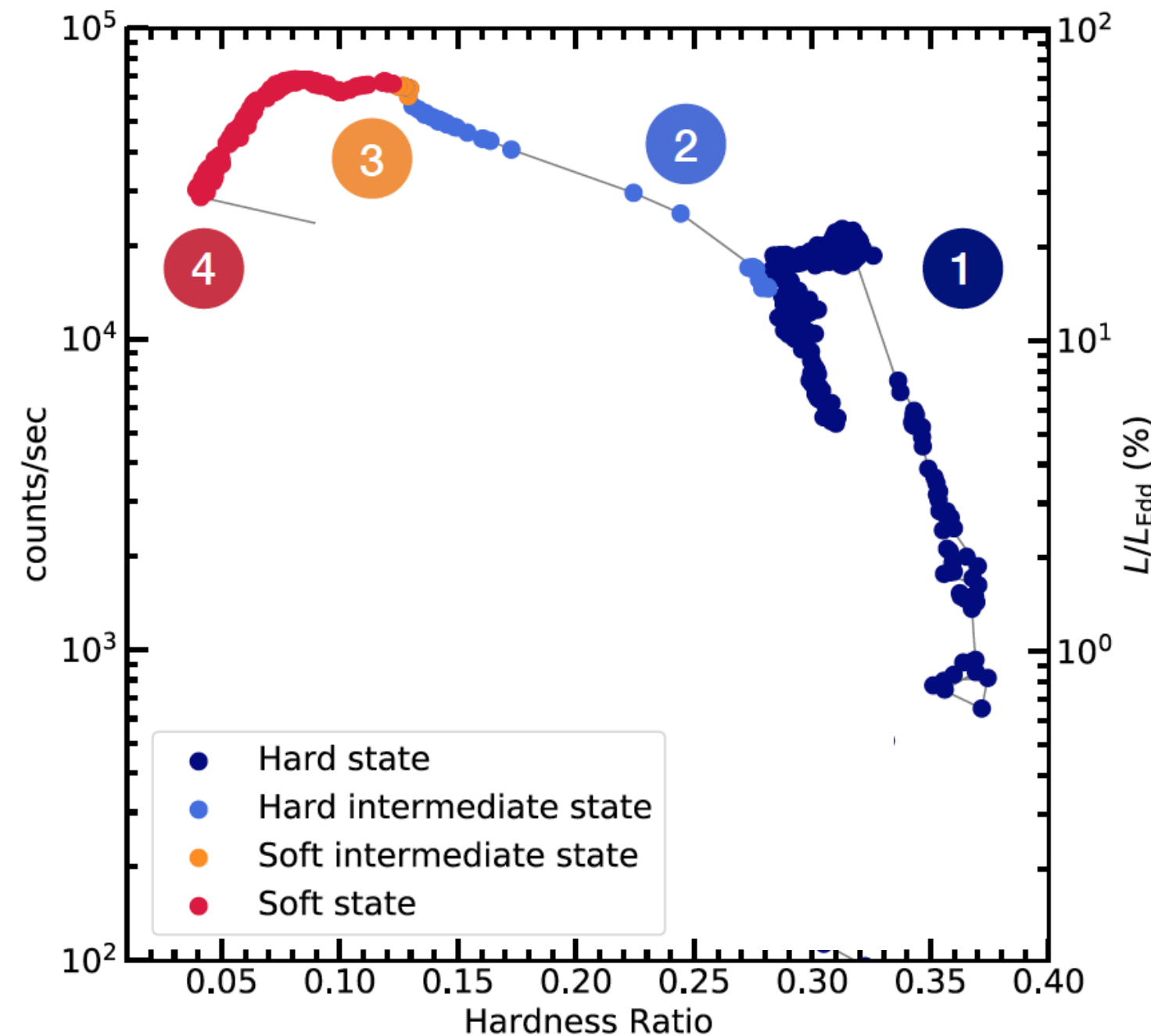
Brief intro: X-ray spectral states & outburst evolution

III. Outburst evolution in the hardness intensity diagram (HID)



Brief intro: X-ray spectral states & outburst evolution

III. Outburst evolution in the hardness intensity diagram (HID)



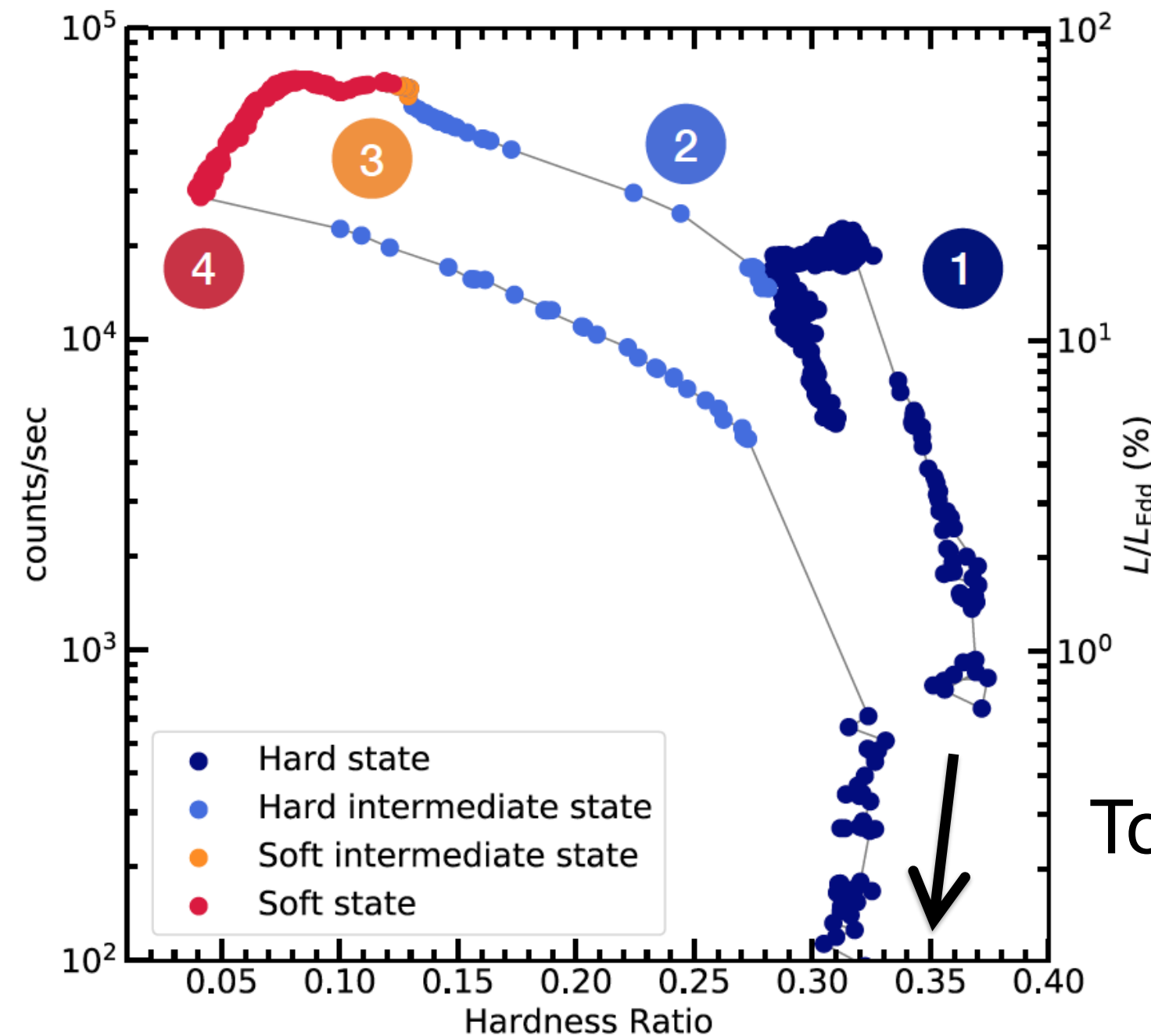
1 = hard state

4 = soft state

2 & 3 = intermediate states

Brief intro: X-ray spectral states & outburst evolution

III. Outburst evolution in the hardness intensity diagram (HID)



1 = hard state

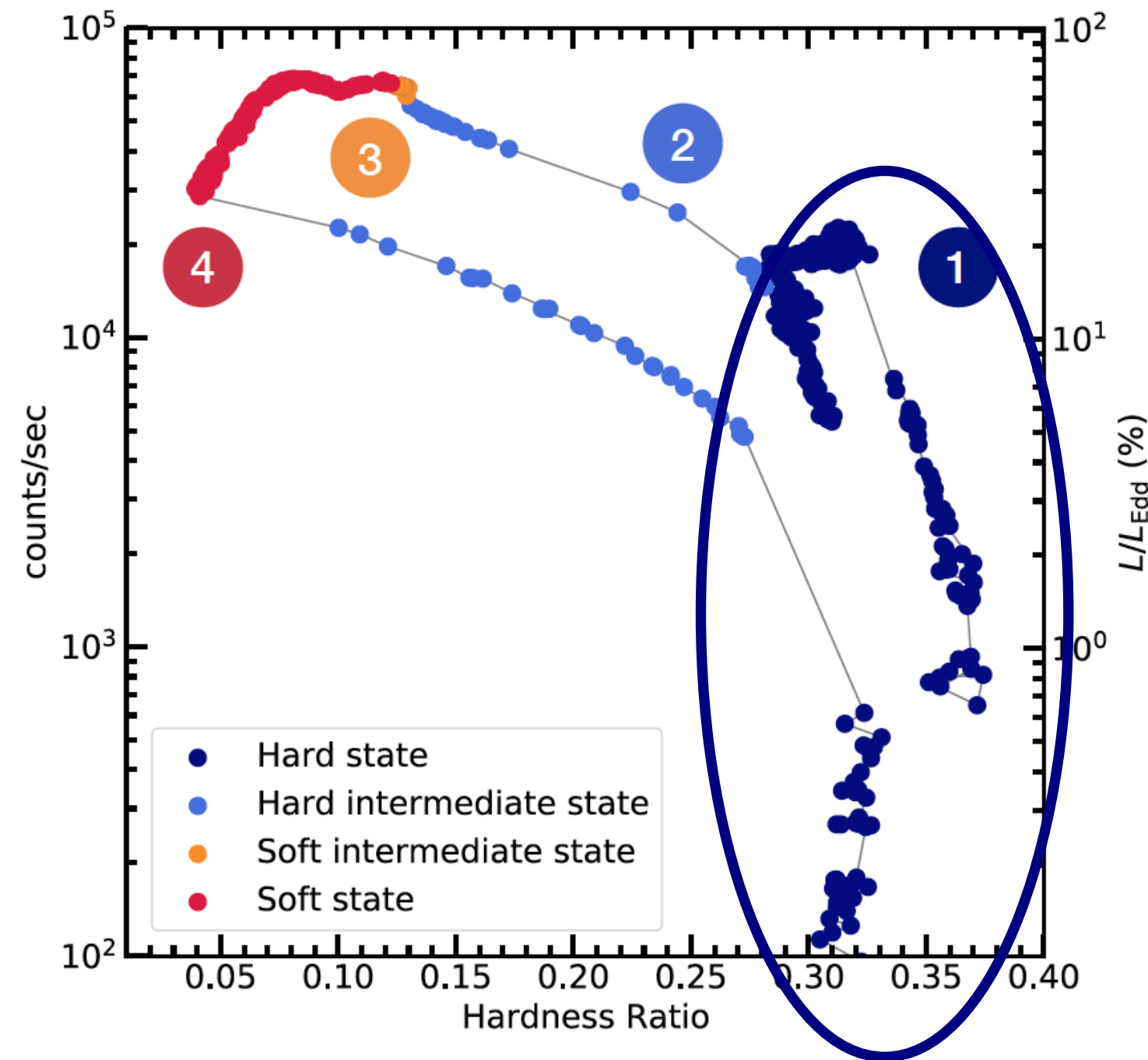
4 = soft state

2 & 3 = intermediate states

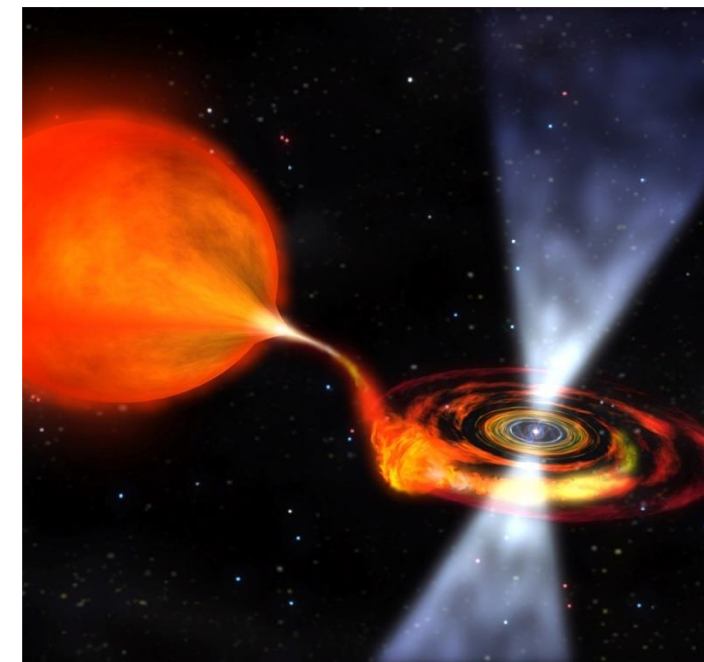
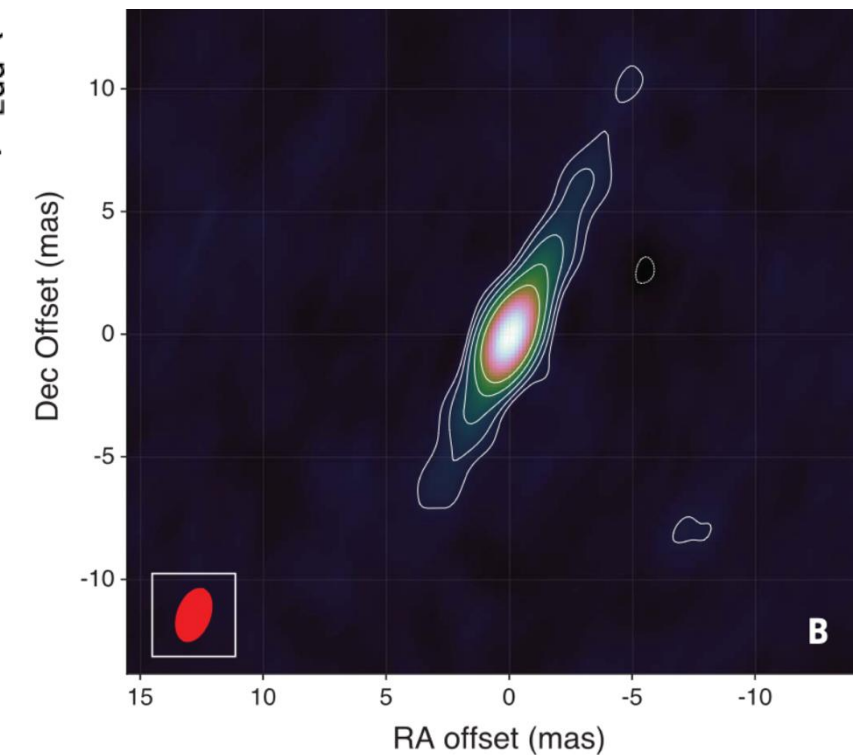
To quiescence

Brief intro: X-ray spectral states & outflows

IV. Connection with outflows: Type of outflow depends on state

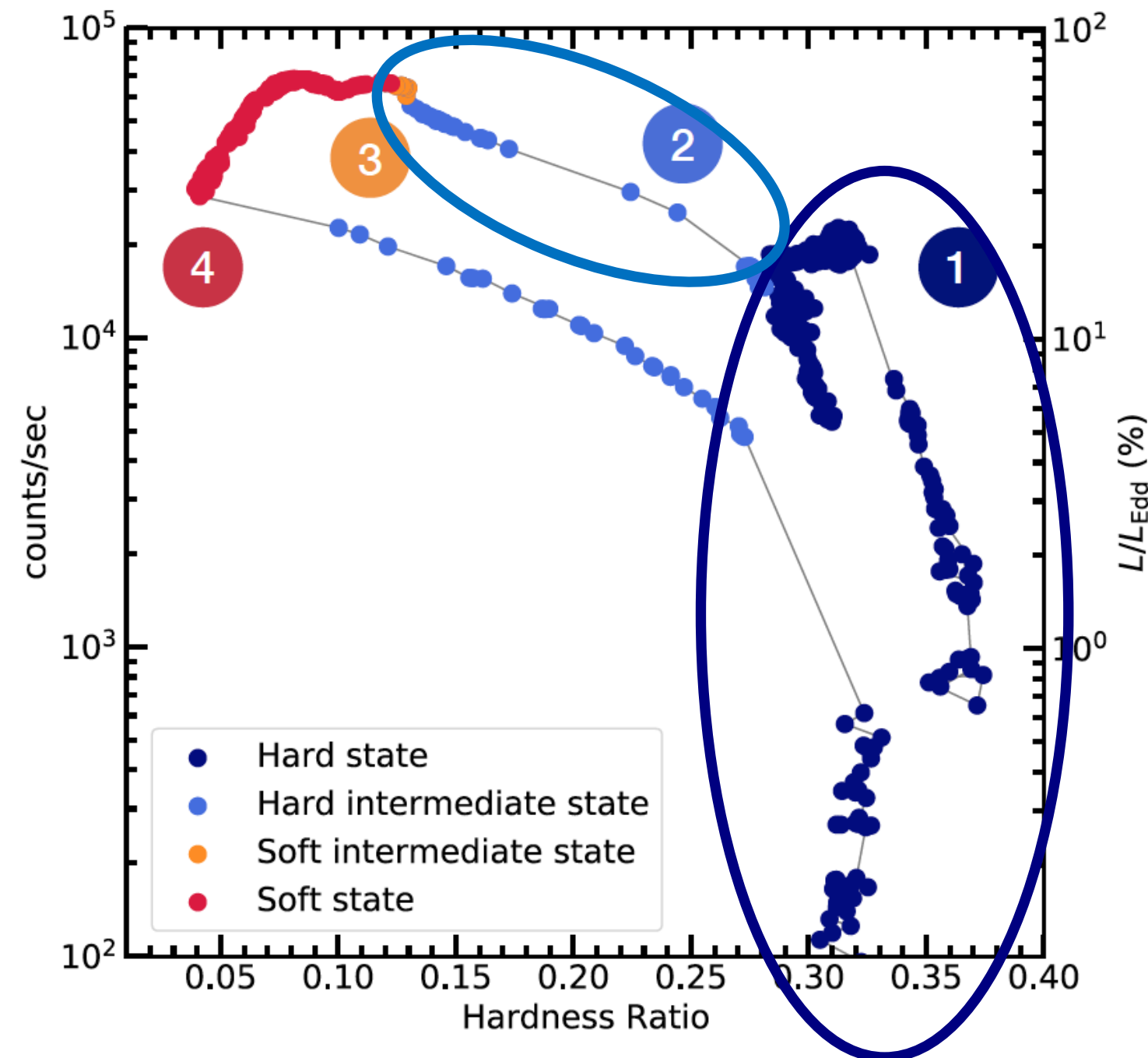


Hard state:
Steady radio jet



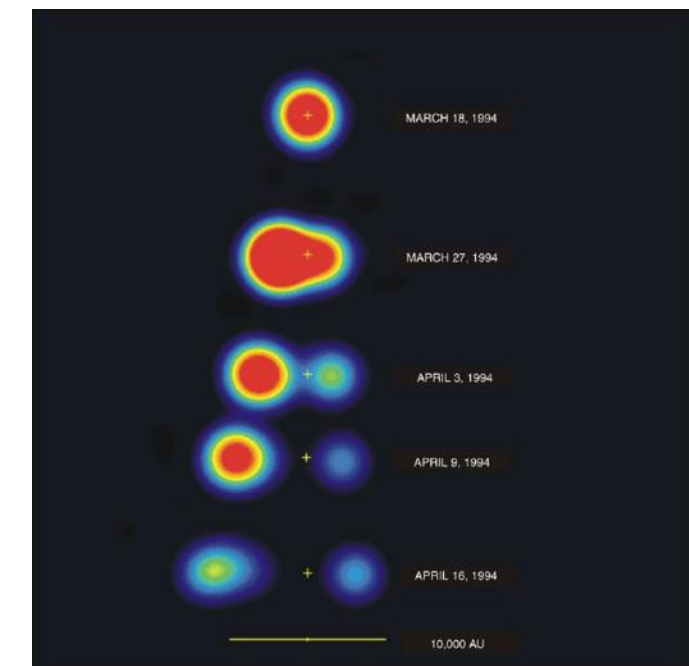
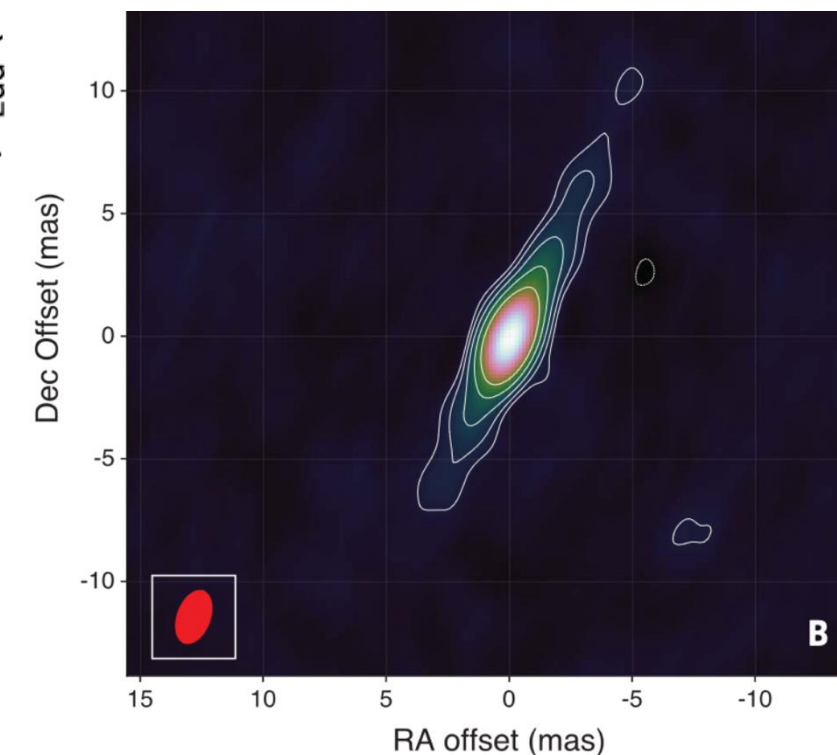
Brief intro: X-ray spectral states & outflows

IV. Connection with outflows: Type of outflow depends on state



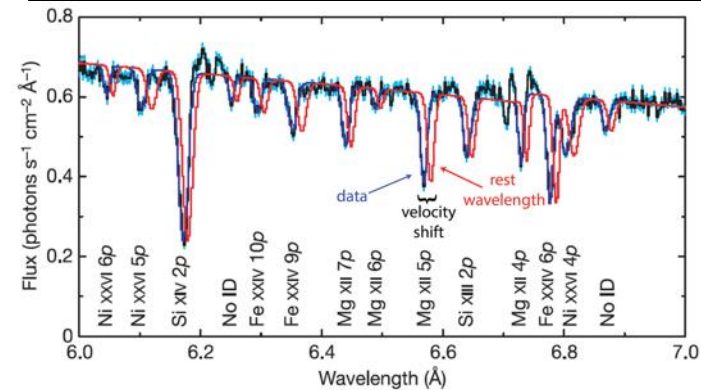
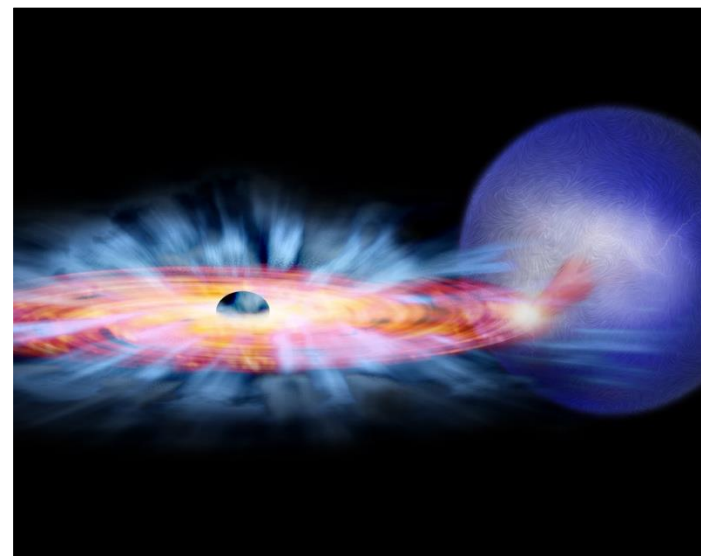
Hard state:
Steady radio jet

Intermediate :
Steady jet off
Jet ejection

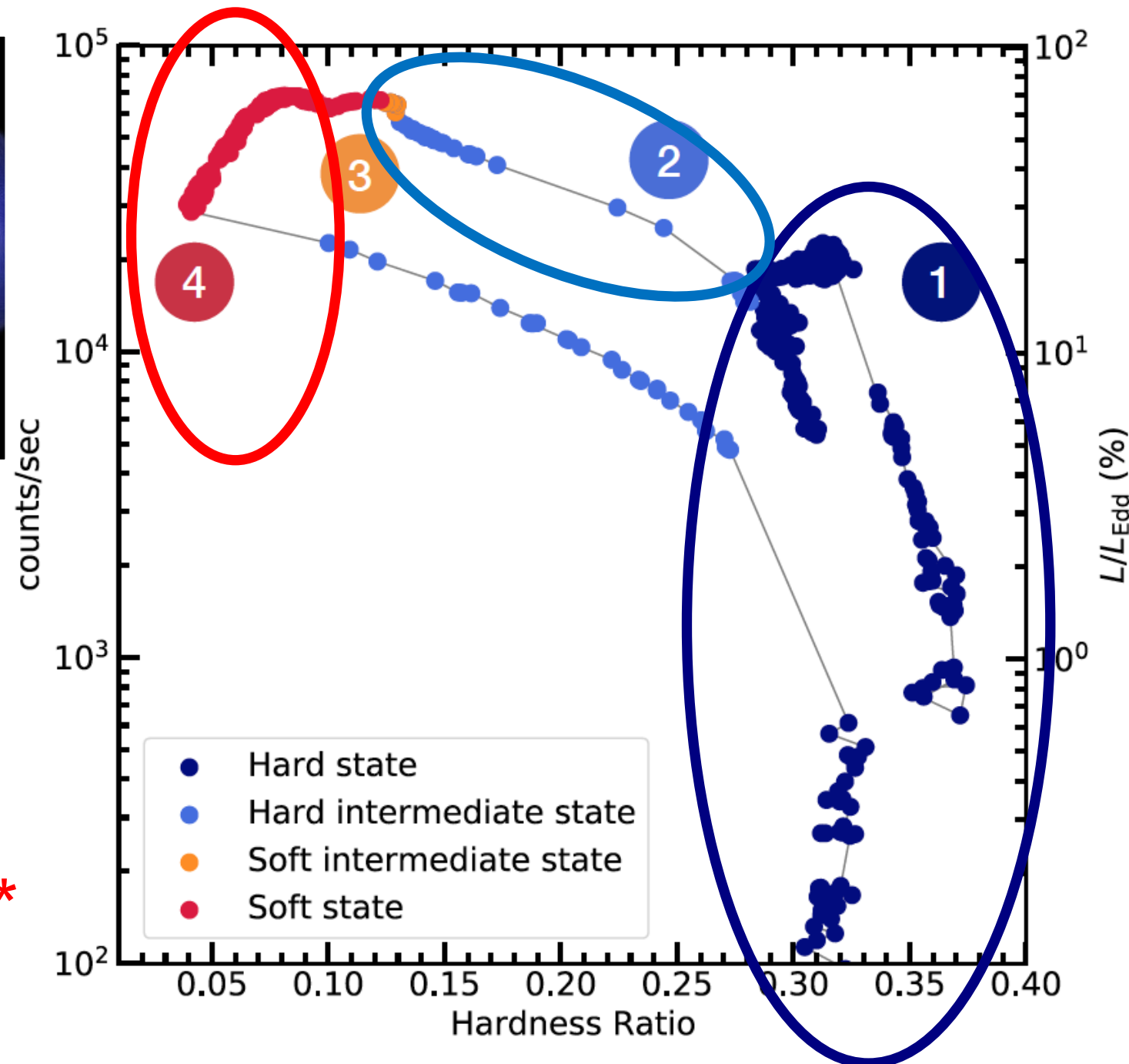


Brief intro: X-ray spectral states & outflows

IV. Connection with outflows: Type of outflow depends on state

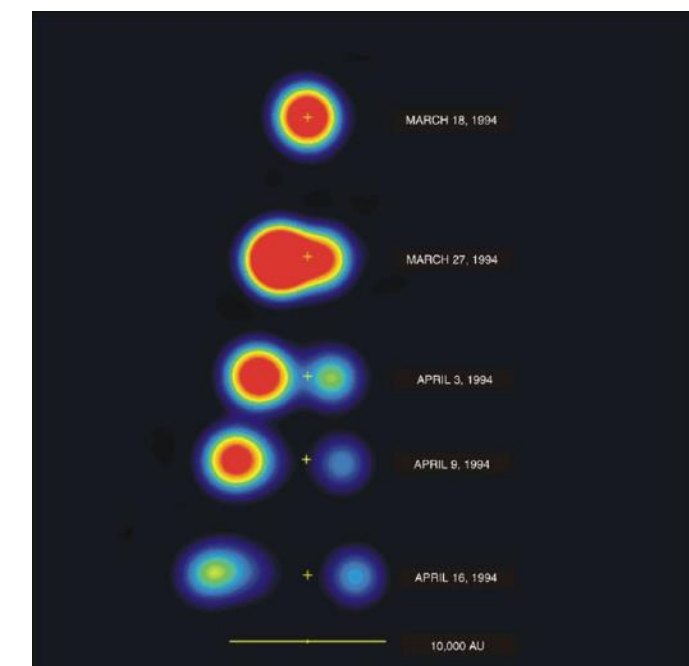
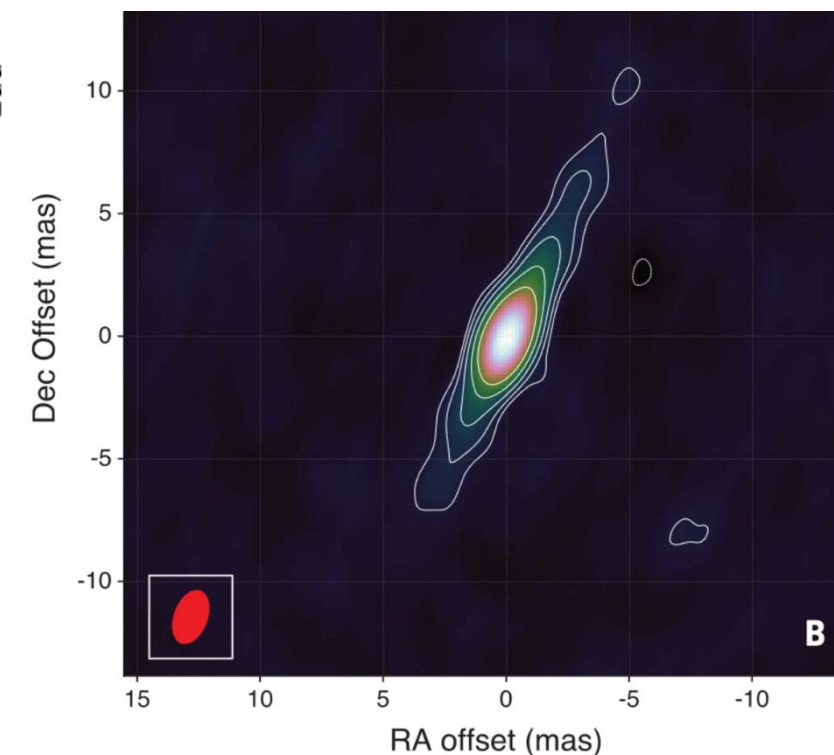


Soft state
X-ray disk wind*
(talk Done)



Hard state:
Steady radio jet

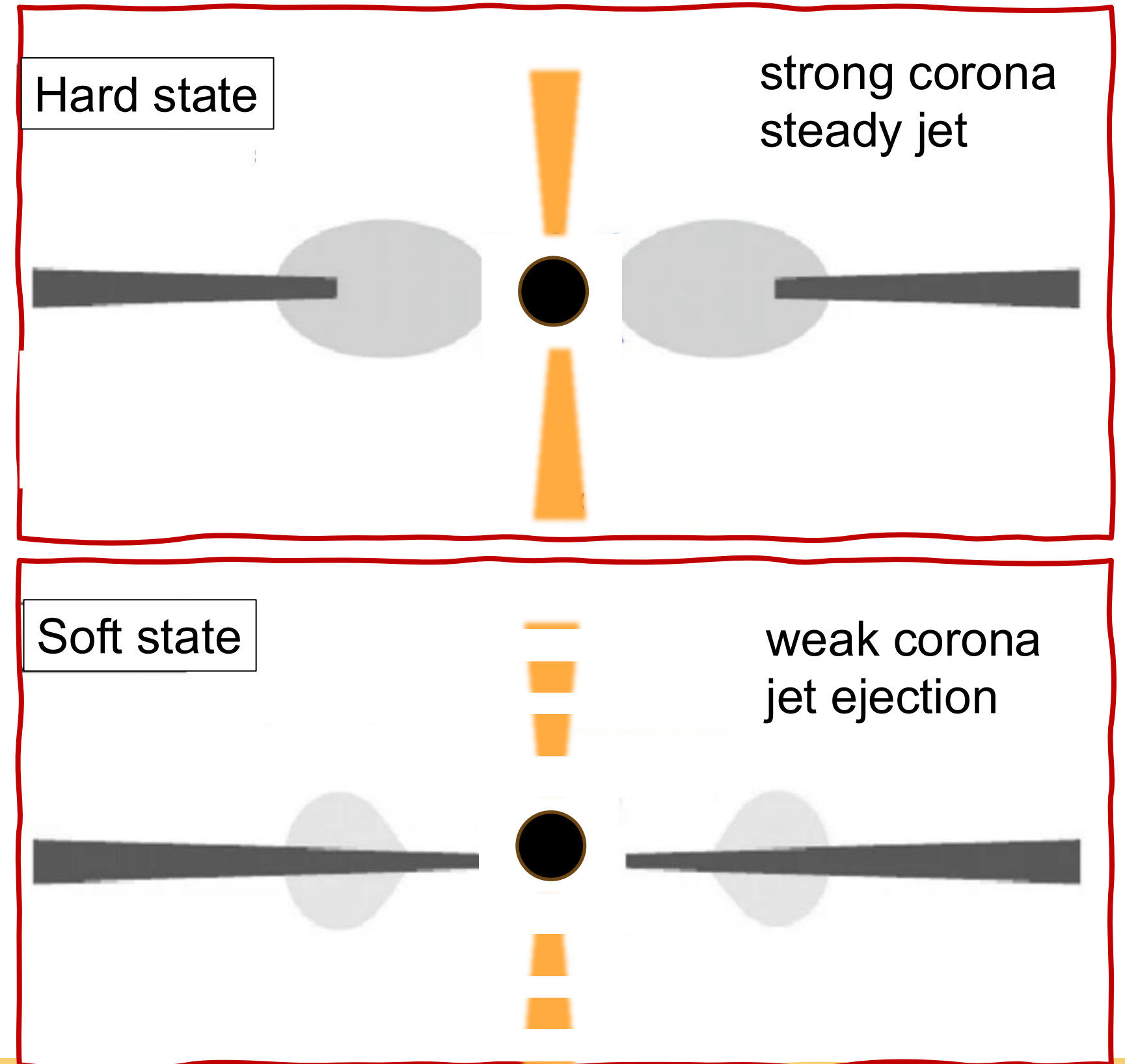
Intermediate :
Steady jet off
Jet ejection



*Optical/infrared disk winds more complicated → Munoz Darius + other talks (Wed)

Standard picture behind observed evolution

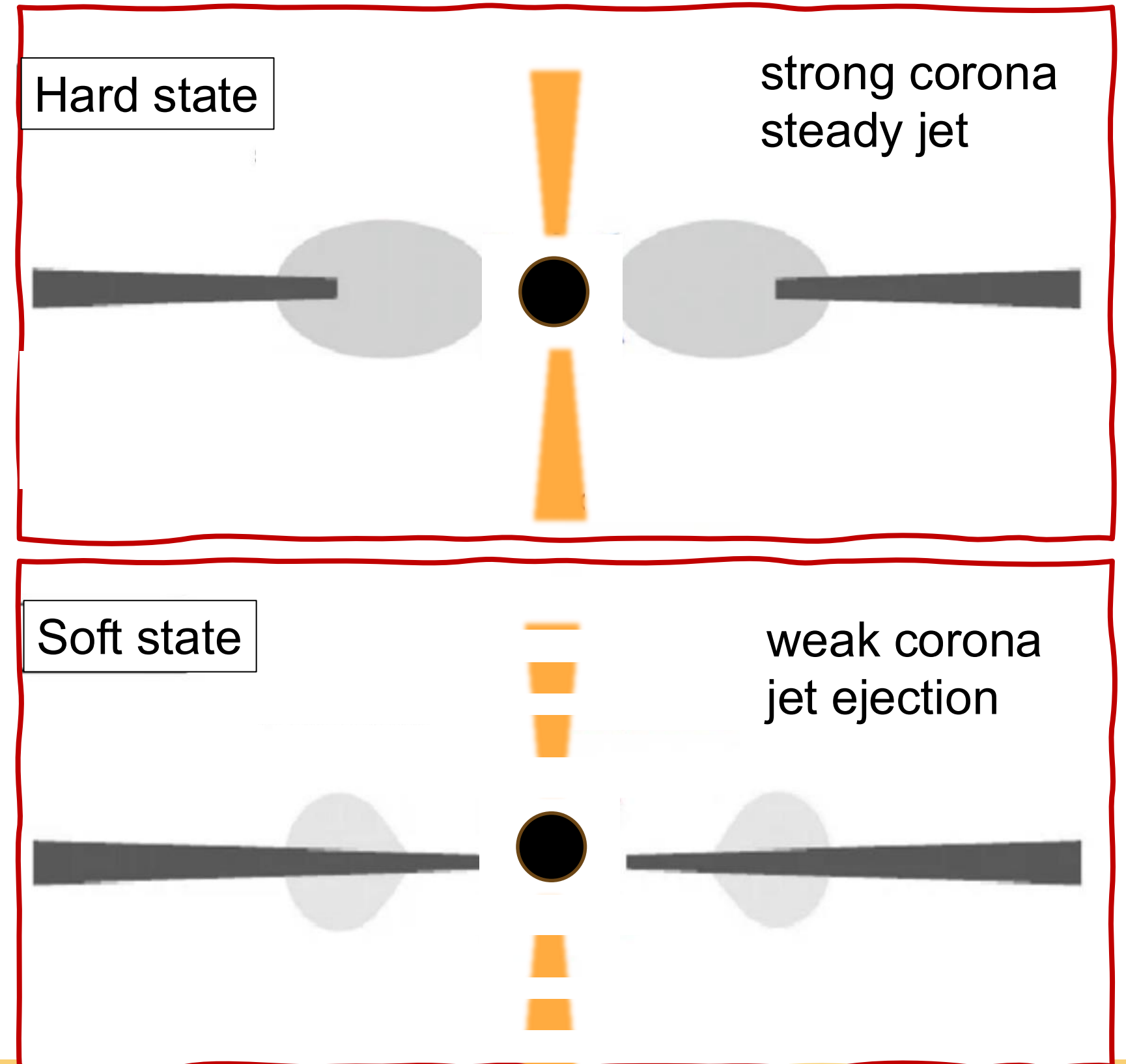
- **Hard $\rightarrow$ soft state**
 - Disk hotter, moves in
 - Corona cooler, weaker
 - Jet ejected
- **Does the change in disk emission drive the change in the corona and jet?**



Standard picture behind observed evolution

What drives state transitions?

- How do the corona and disk interact?
- What causes ejection of the compact jet?
- What role plays radiation?



Out of the box



Thermonuclear bursts as laboratories
for state transition physics?

The secret diaries of Tomaso (2015)

Team's mission:
Using bursts on
neutron stars to
explore properties
of accretion flows



Accretion Disks and Coronae in the X-Ray Flashlight

Nathalie Degenaar^{1,2} · David R. Ballantyne³ · **Tomaso Belloni⁴** ·
Manoneeta Chakraborty⁵ · Yu-Peng Chen⁶ · Long Ji⁷ · Peter Kretschmar⁸ ·
Erik Kuulkers⁹ · Jian Li¹⁰ · Thomas J. Maccarone¹¹ · Julien Malzac^{12,13} · Shu Zhang⁶ ·
Shuang-Nan Zhang⁶

Space Sci Rev (2018) 214:15
DOI 10.1007/s11214-017-0448-3

ISSI-Beijing Team “Disks and coronae in the X-ray flashlight” (photo by P. Kretschmar)

The secret diaries of Tomaso (2015)

What drives state transitions?

- How do the corona and disk interact?
- What causes ejection of the compact jet?
- What role plays radiation?

Can bursts provide clues?

- Brief: What are **bursts**
- Burst impact on **disk**
- Burst impact on **corona**
→ from observations and simulations
- Burst impact on **jets**

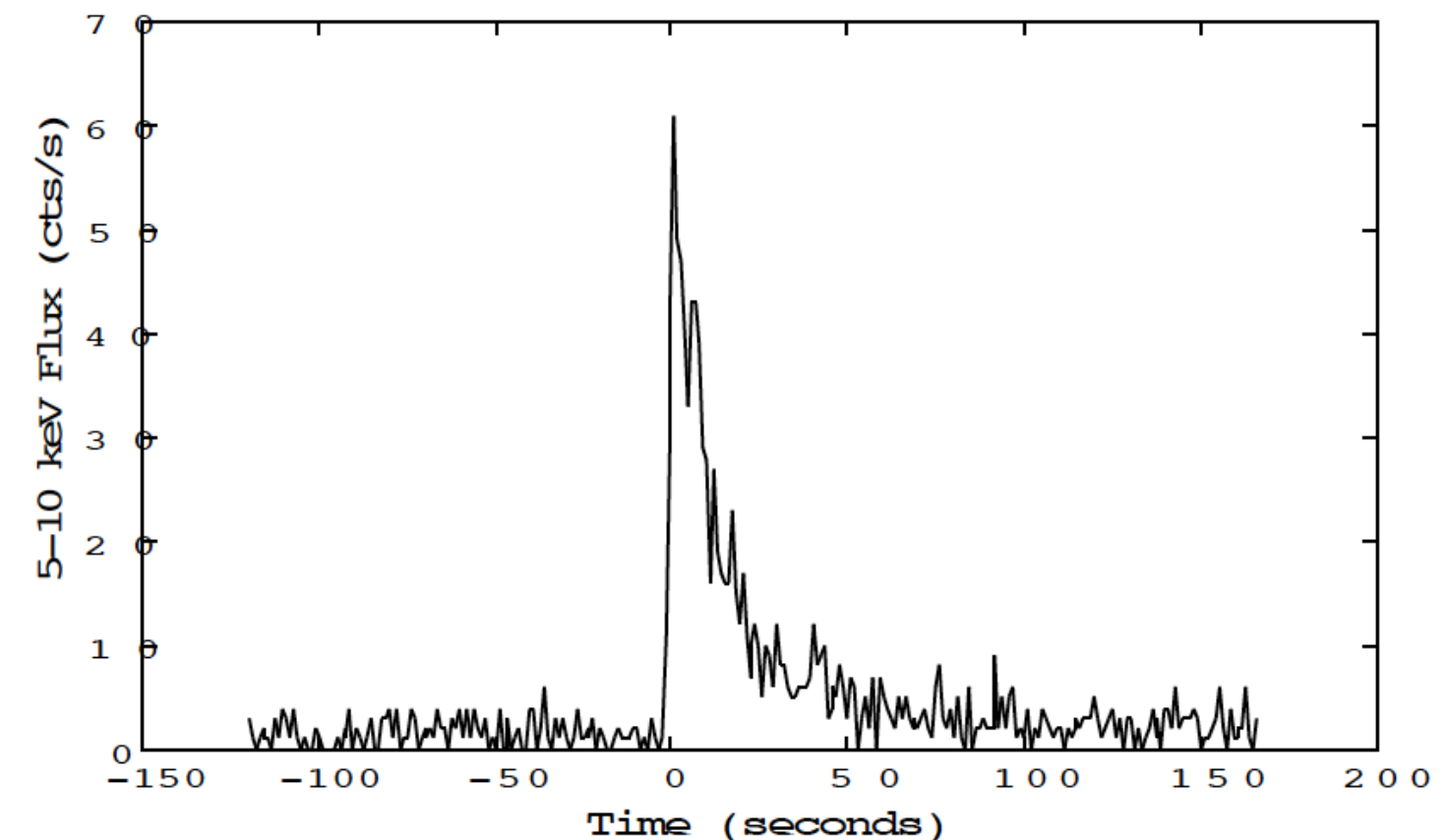
Why turn to thermonuclear bursts?

Thermonuclear runaway on neutron star surface
→ Explosion, burst of X-rays

Bright: $\sim 10^{38}$ erg/s

Soft: black body of ~ 2.5 keV

Brief: ~ 1 min



Why turn to thermonuclear bursts?

Thermonuclear runaway on neutron star surface
→ Explosion, burst of X-rays

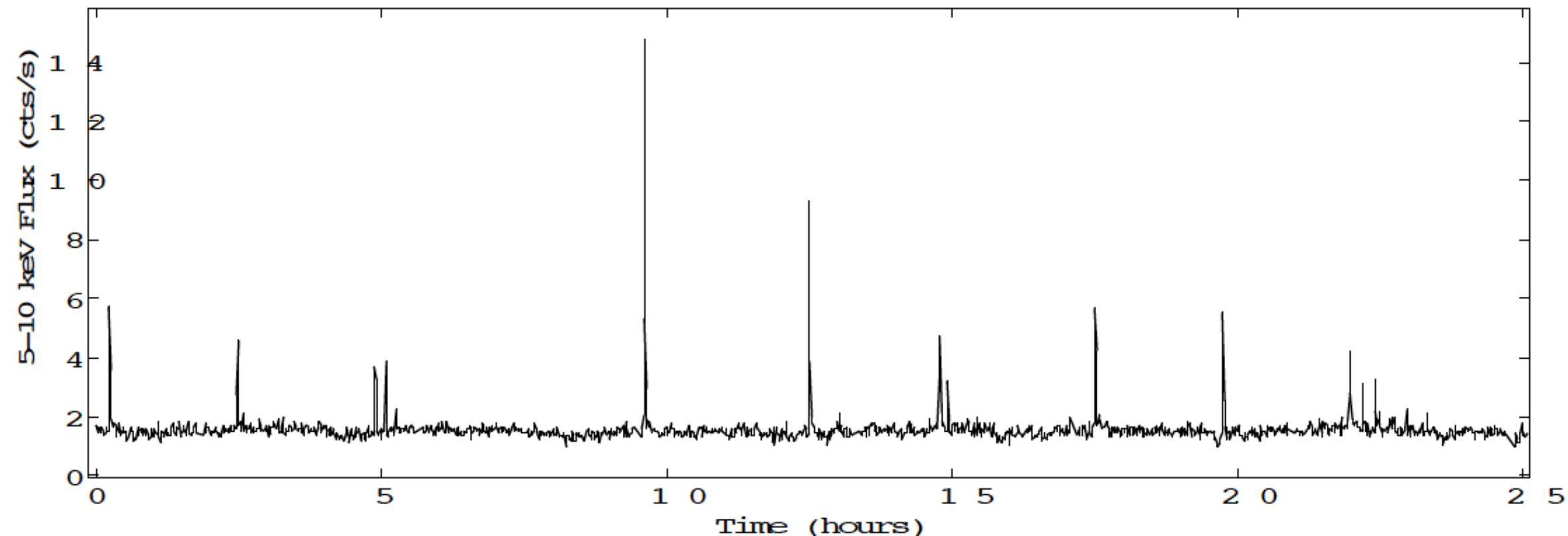


Bright: $\sim 10^{38}$ erg/s

Soft: black body of ~ 2.5 keV **+ highly repeatable!**

Brief: ~ 1 min

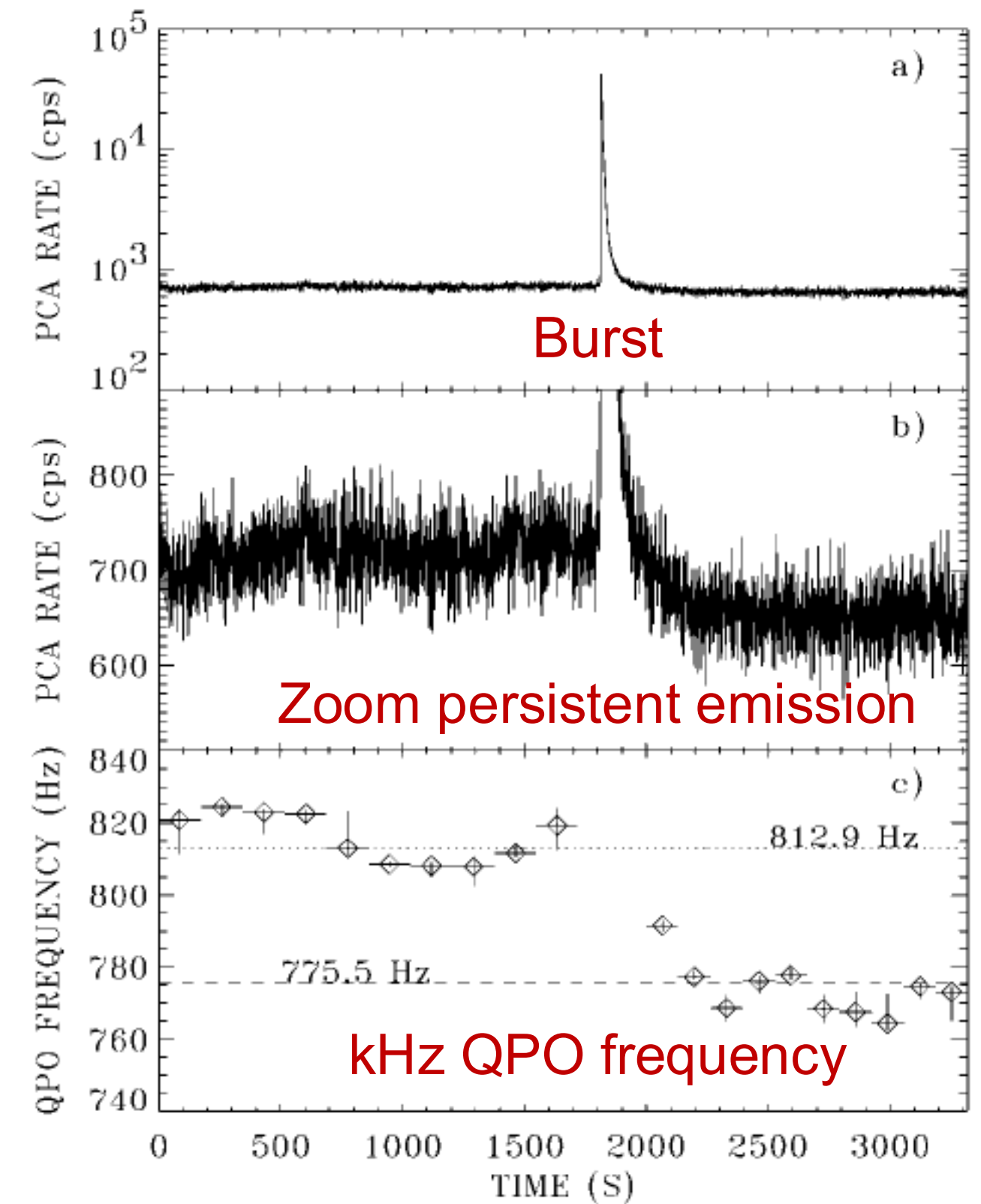
→ probe impact of
flood of radiation on
accretion flow



Impact of bursts on the disk: QPOs

1. Clues from QPOs

Example 1: **Drop in QPO frequency**
and persistent accretion emission:
→ inner disk pushed out / blown away?



Impact of bursts on the disk: QPOs

1. Clues from QPOs

Example 2: **kHZ QPO disappears** after a burst →
talk on Tue morning

10:00 – 10:15 AM (15m)

**QPOs to track the Disk Restoration signatures after Type-I X-Ray Bursts from 4U
1636–536**

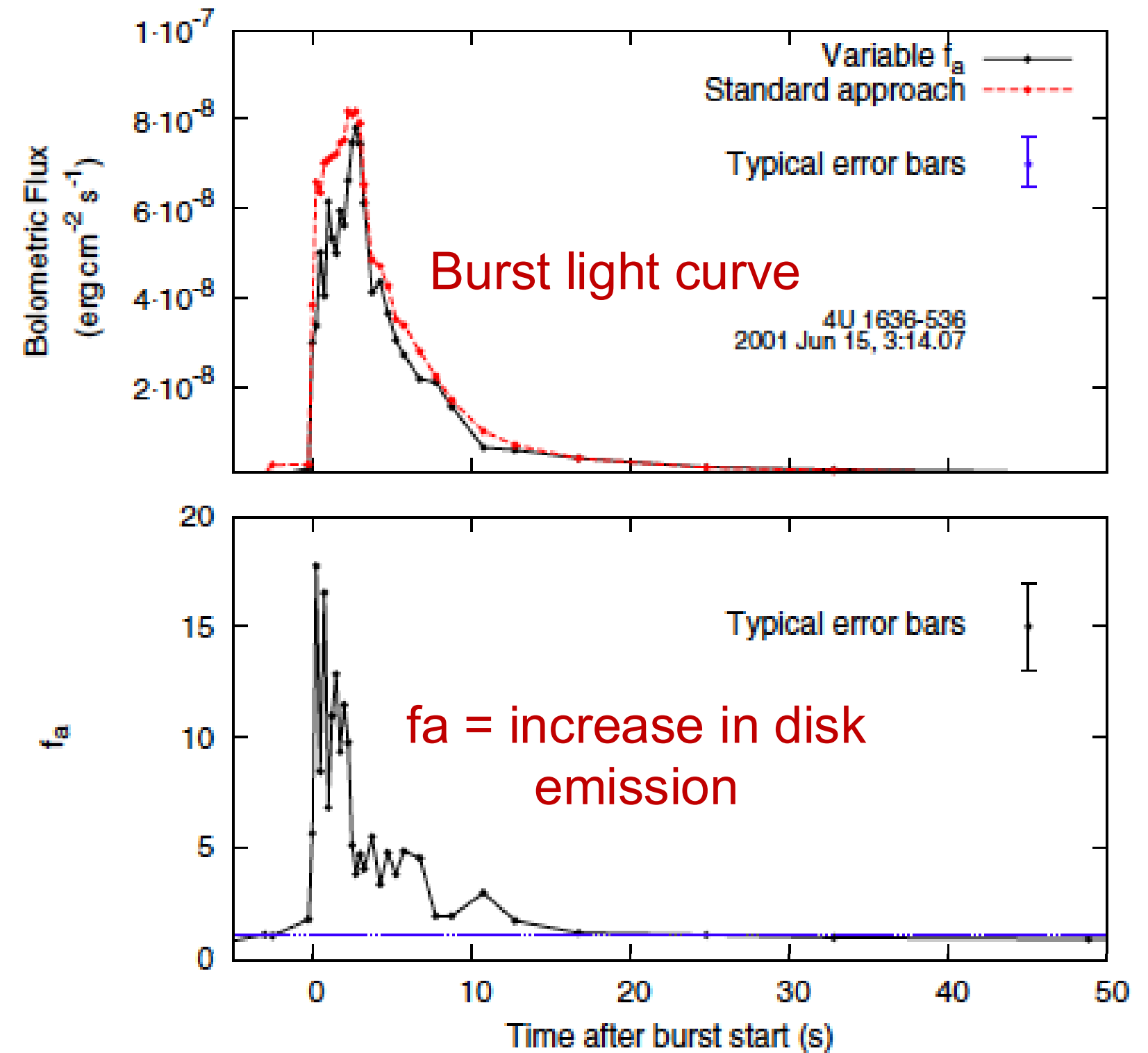
Speaker

Suchismito Chattopadhyay

Impact of bursts on the disk: Spectra

2. Clues from spectral modeling

Disk emission increases by factor ~ 2 -20 during a burst
→ disk heated up or accretion rate enhanced?

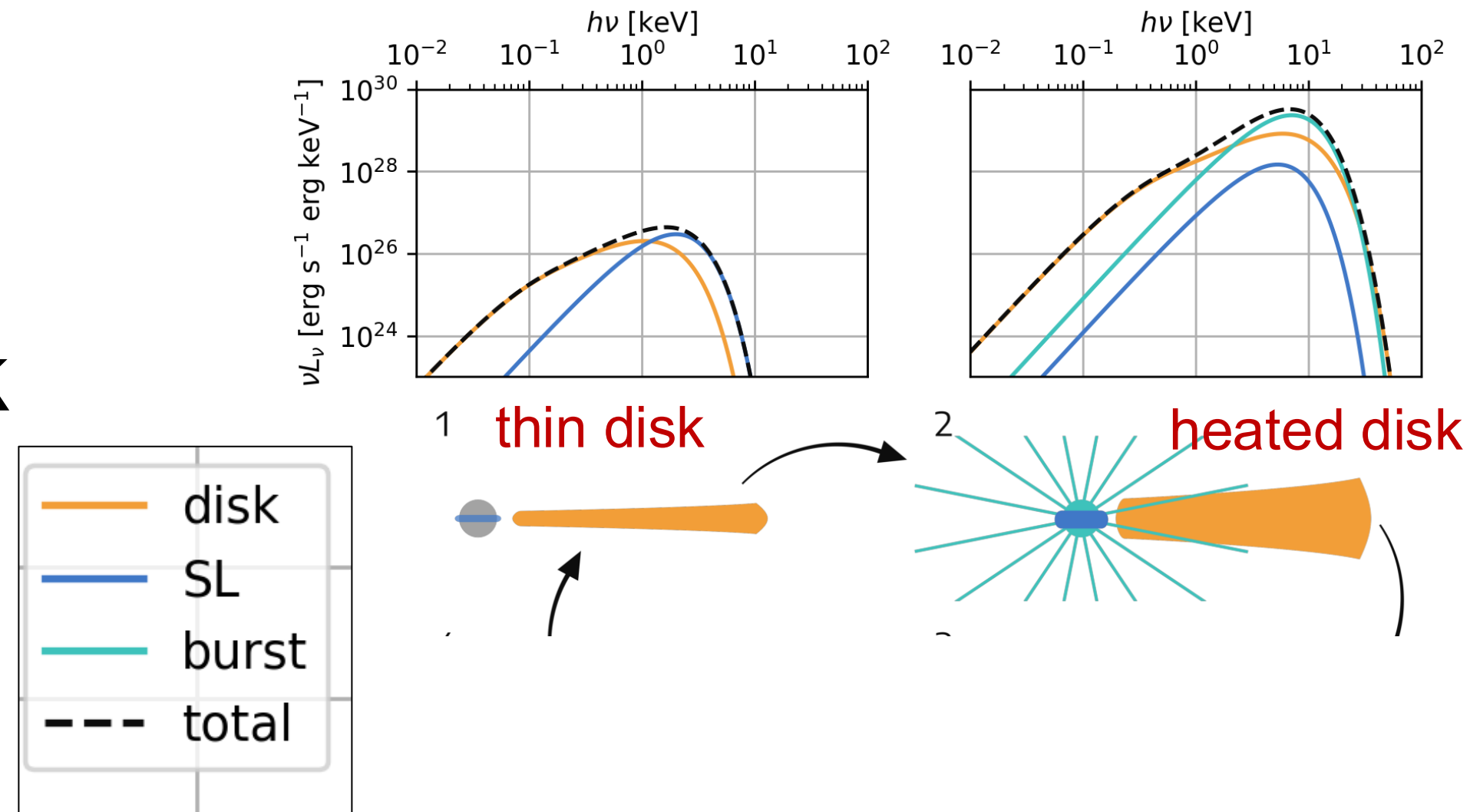


Impact of bursts on the disk: Analytical work

3. Answers from simulations

Analytical calculations thin disk

- **Disk heats up / puffs up** → disk emission increases
explains spectral results

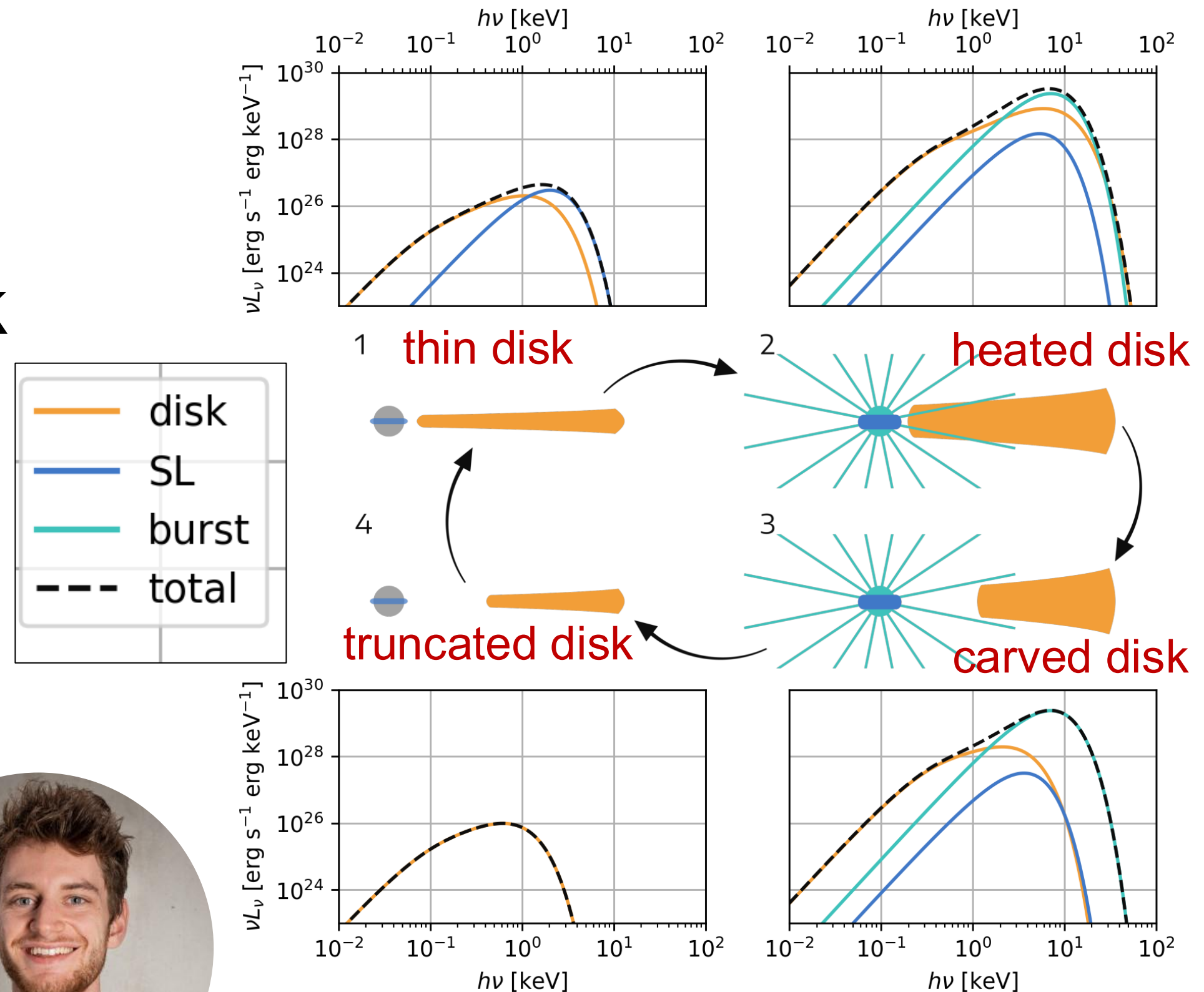


Impact of bursts on the disk: Analytical work

3. Answers from simulations

Analytical calculations thin disk

- **Disk heats up / puffs up** → disk emission increases
explains spectral results
- **Inner disk is carved out** → **explains QPO results**



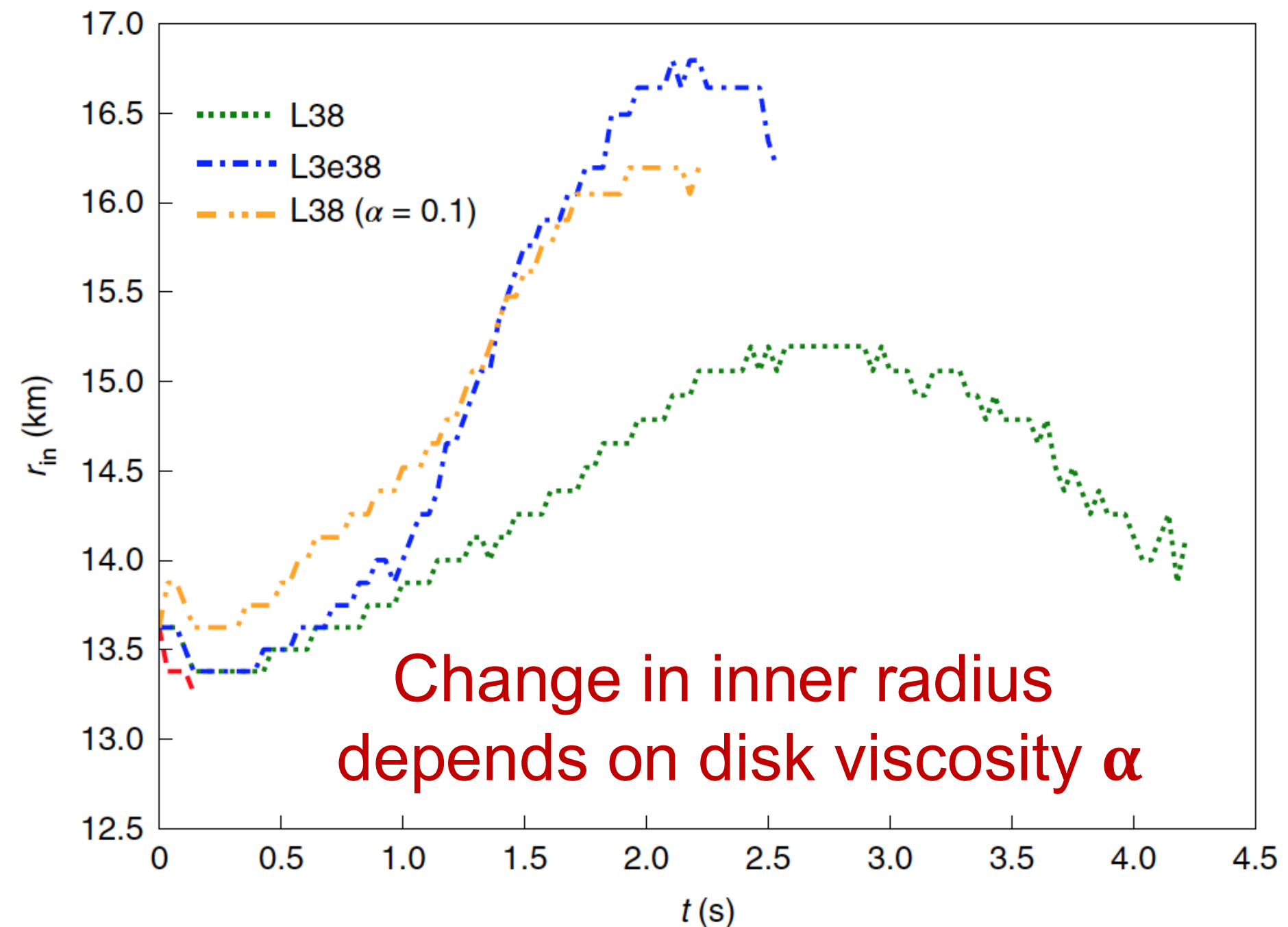
Impact of bursts on the disk: Numerical work

3. Answers from simulations

Numerical simulations thin disk

Same trends:

- disk heats up
- inner disk carved out
- mass-accretion enhanced

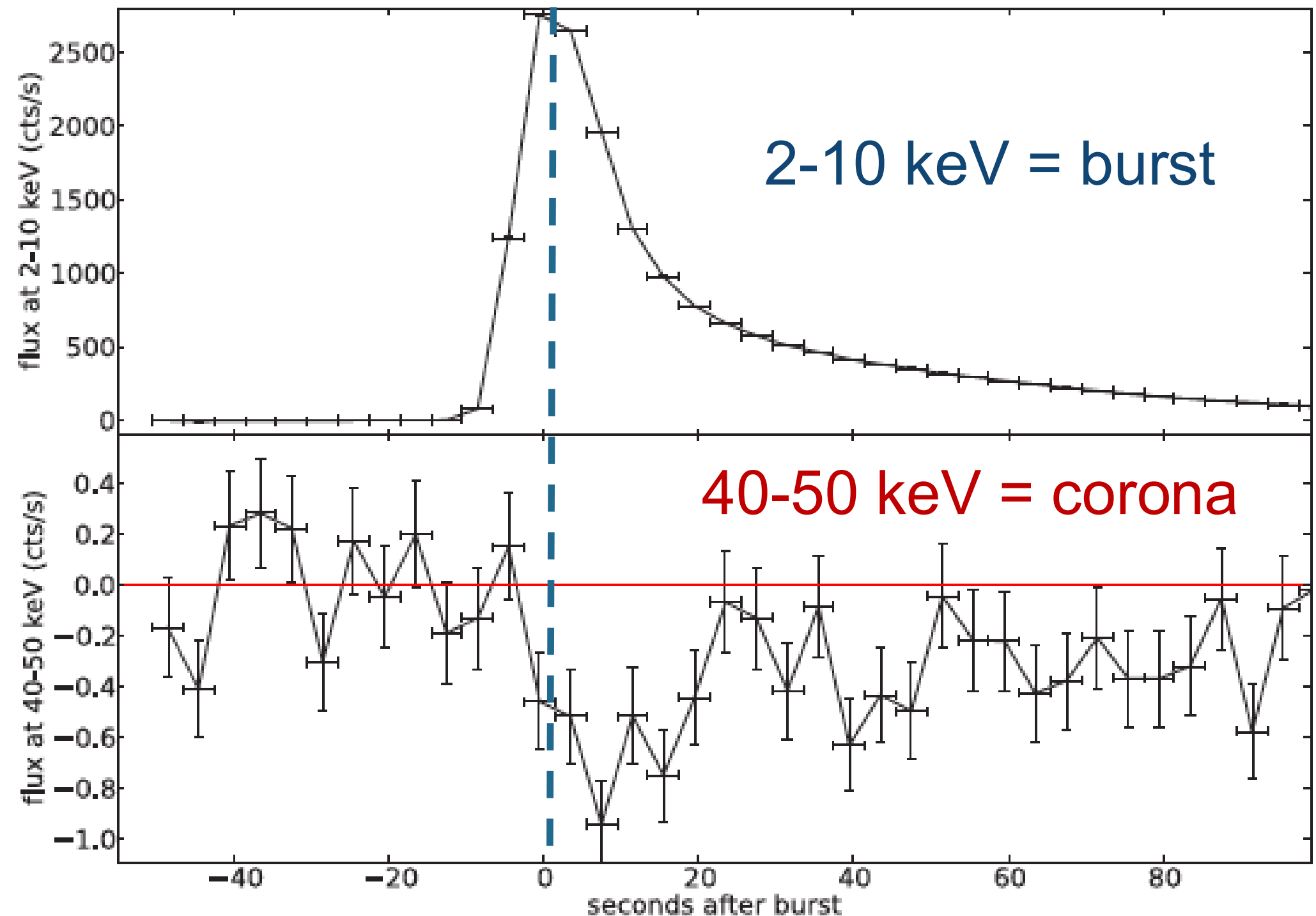


Impact of bursts on the corona: Light curves

1. Clues from light curves

Hard X-ray emission of the **corona** drops during bursts

→ Compton cooling by injection of soft photons?

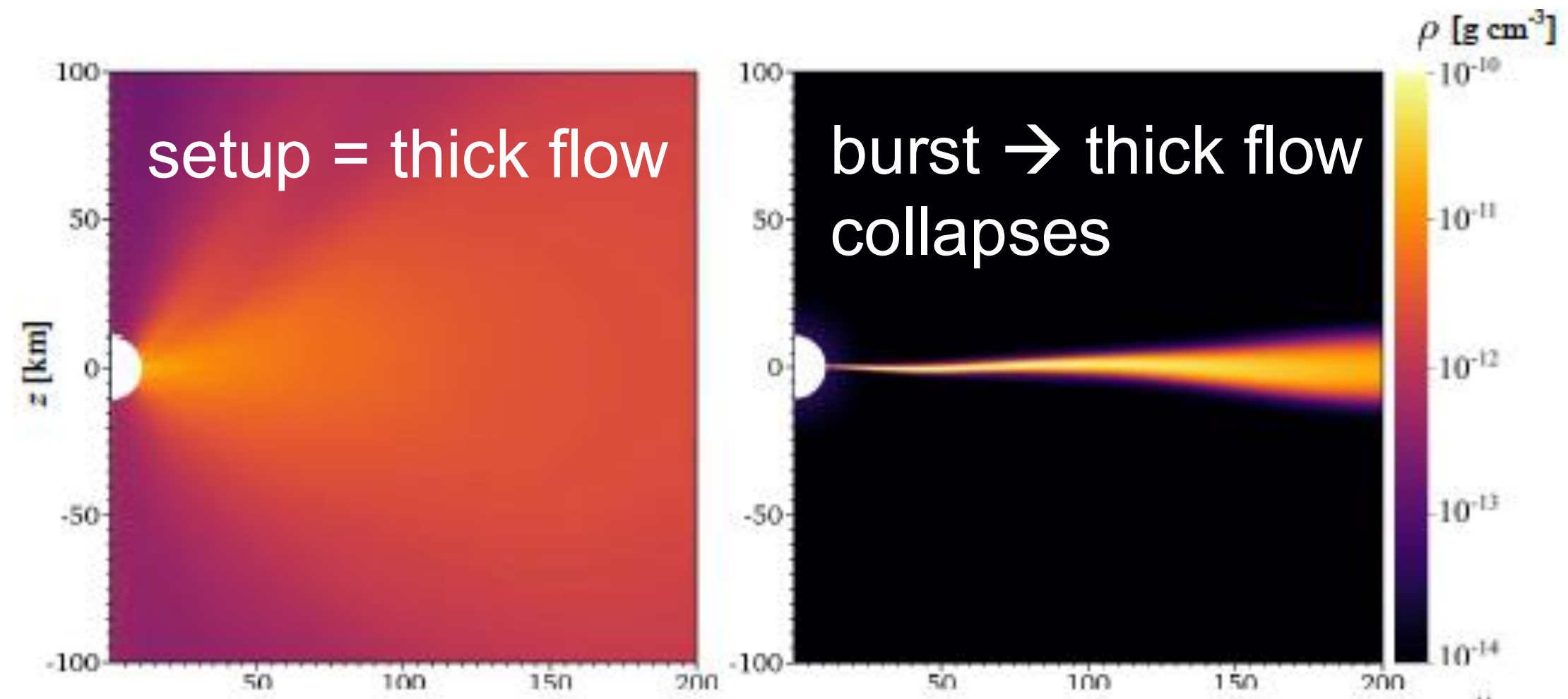


Impact of bursts on the corona: Numerical work

2. Answers from simulations

GR-RHD simulations:

- Thick accretion flow collapses
- Mass-accretion rate enhanced

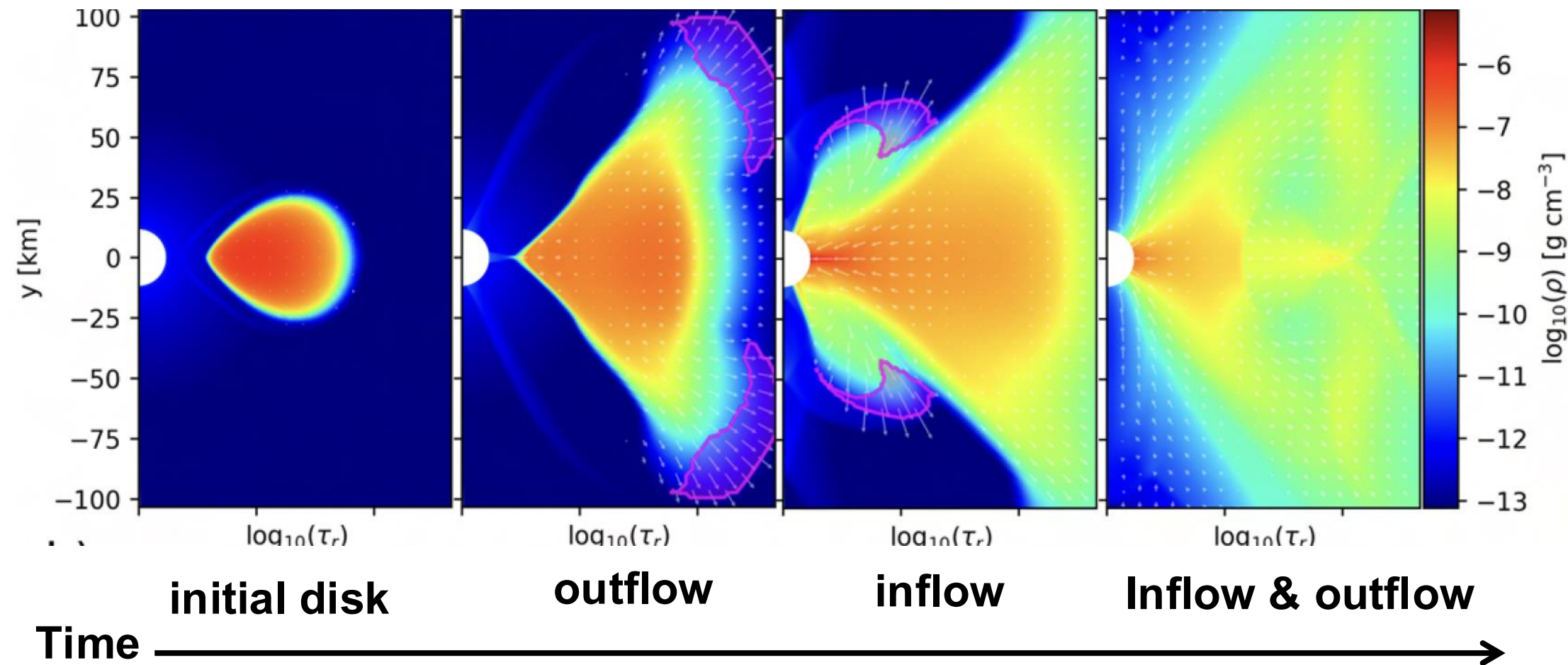


Impact of bursts on the corona: Numerical work

2. Answers from simulations

GR-MHD simulations:

- Outflow from thick flow
- Thick accretion flow collapses
- Mass-accretion rate enhanced

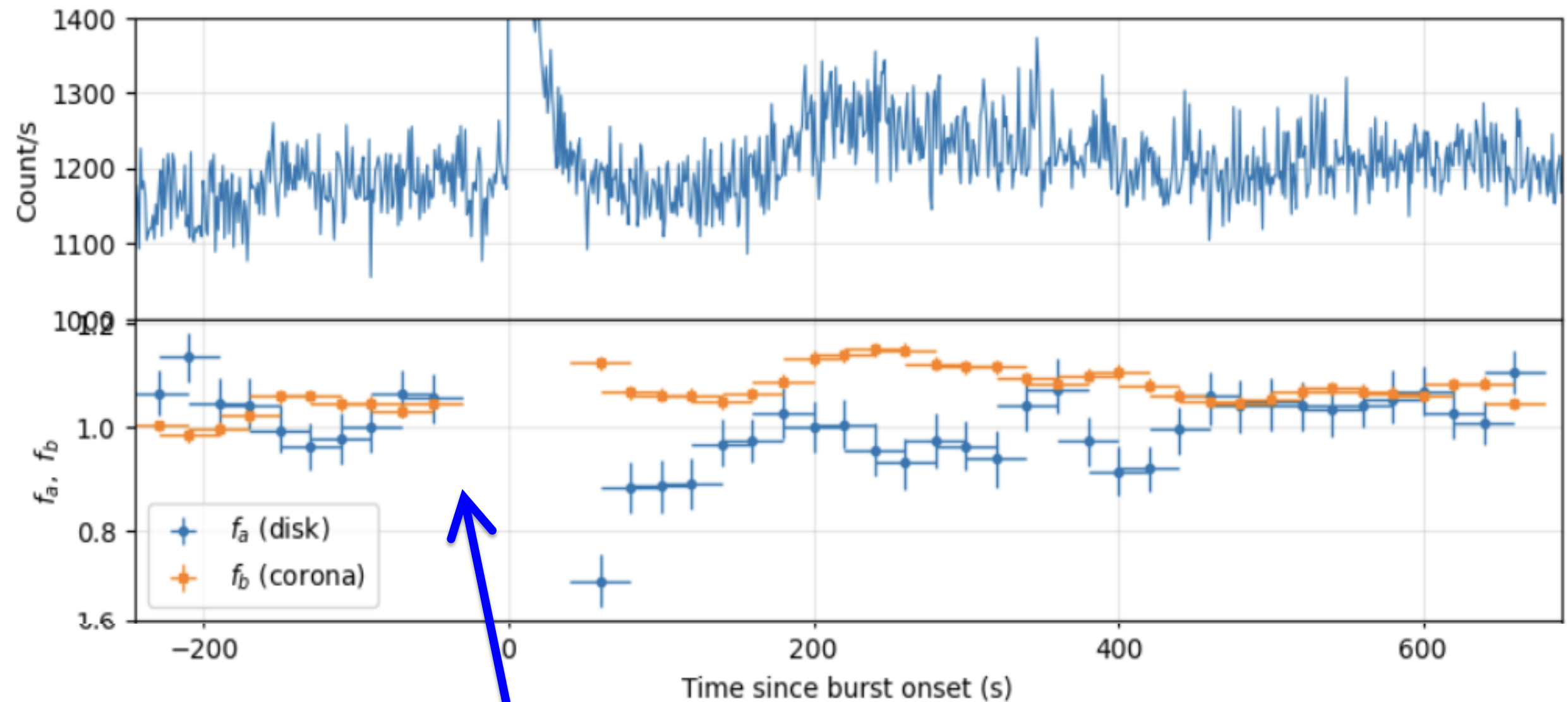


van de Vosse in prep.

Interplay between the disk & corona

Spectral modeling

Disk and corona
vary in tandem →
corona also cooled
by disk



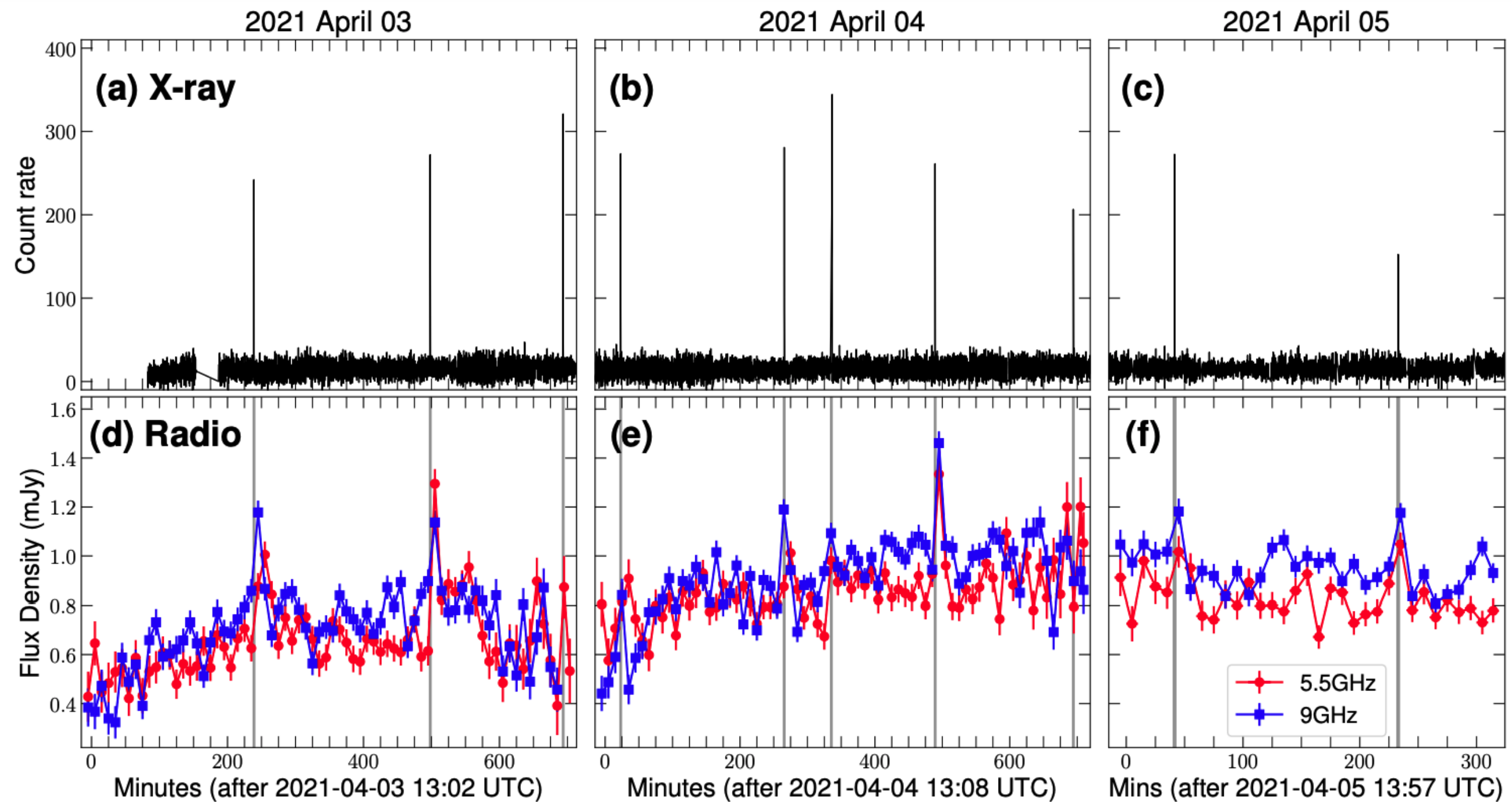
multiplication factor of **disk** and **corona** emission

Impact of bursts on jets

Pilot experiment

Radio **jet**
brightens after
bursts → due to
enhanced mass-
inflow?

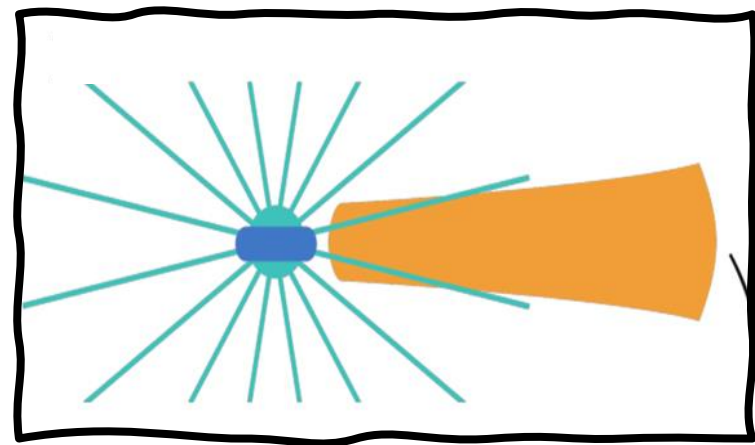
TBD



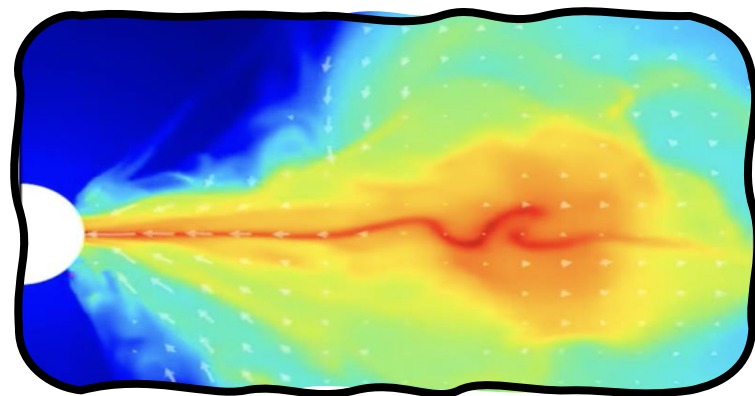
Three Take Aways



I. Thermonuclear bursts → flashes of bright soft X-ray photons



II. Burst cause similar changes as seen during state transitions → mini laboratories?
Thin disk heating and moving, mass-inflow, corona cooling, jet brightening



III. Why interesting: Highly repetitive, easy to measure, timescales doable for simulations

DELETED SCENES

Bursts & Disk winds

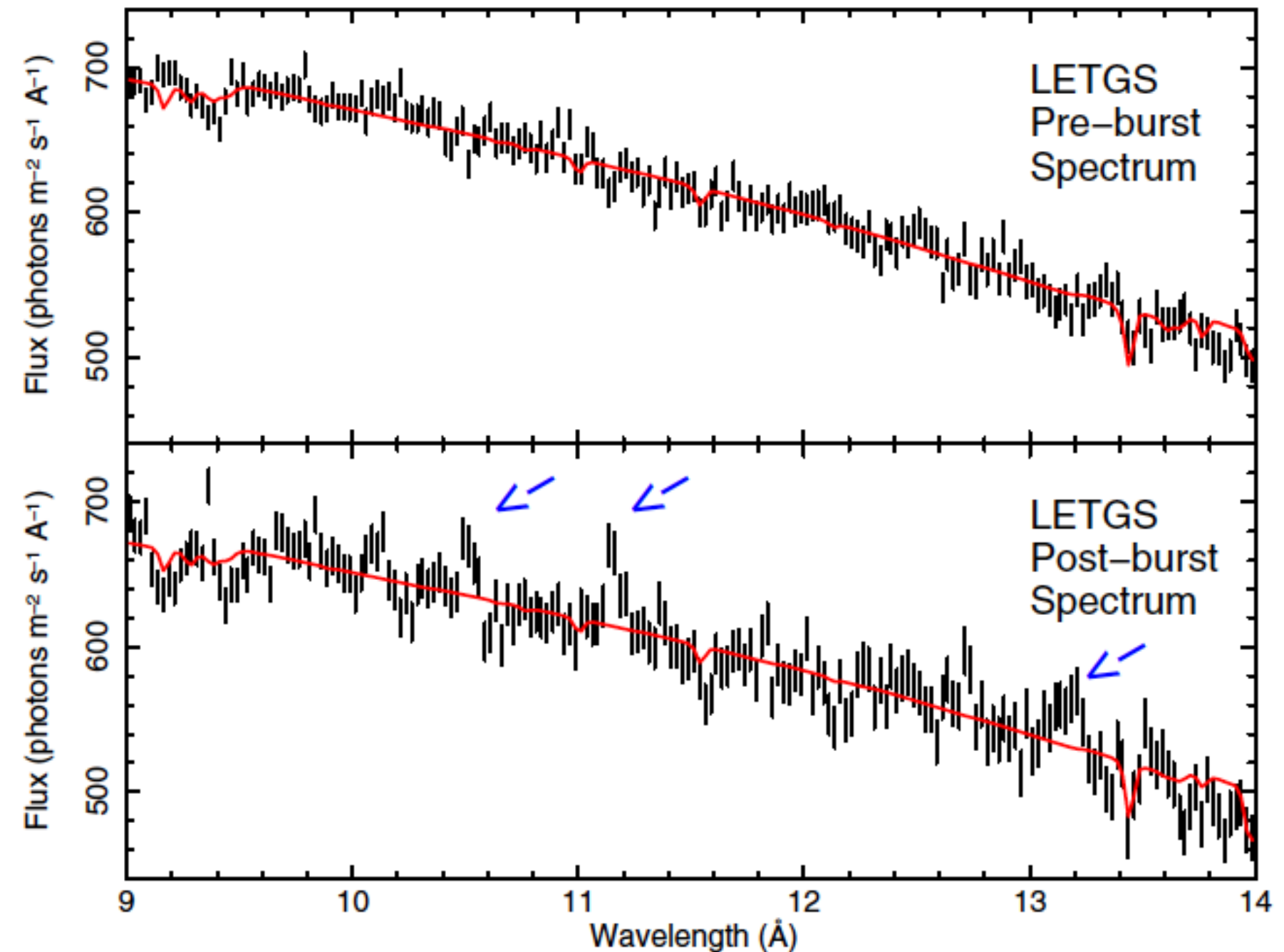
Bright burst with RXTE +
Chandra

Emission lines *after* burst

Blue-shift $\sim 0.1c$

→ radiatively driven wind?

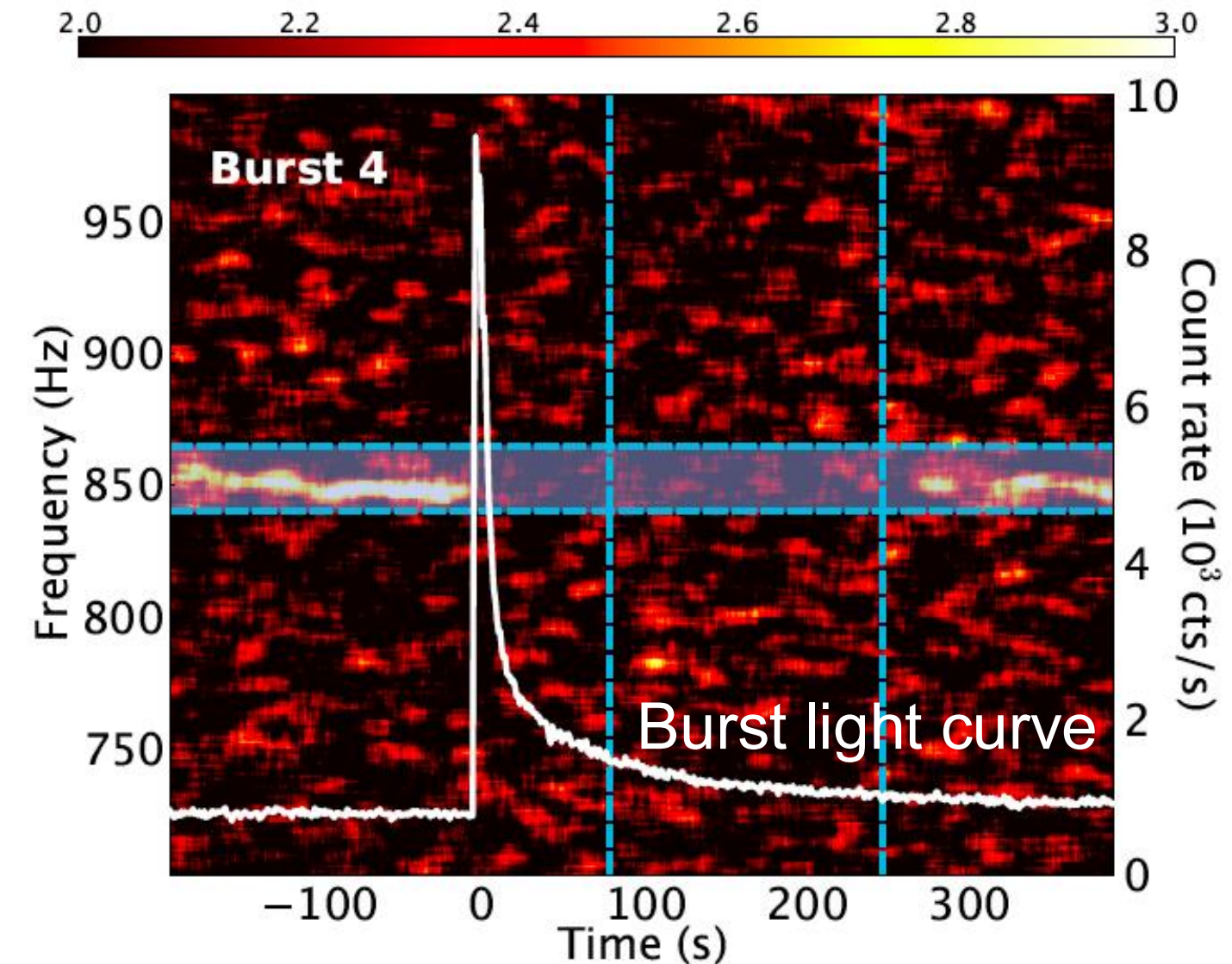
Burst of radiation may also
amplify an excising (thermal)
wind?



Impact of thermonuclear bursts on the disk

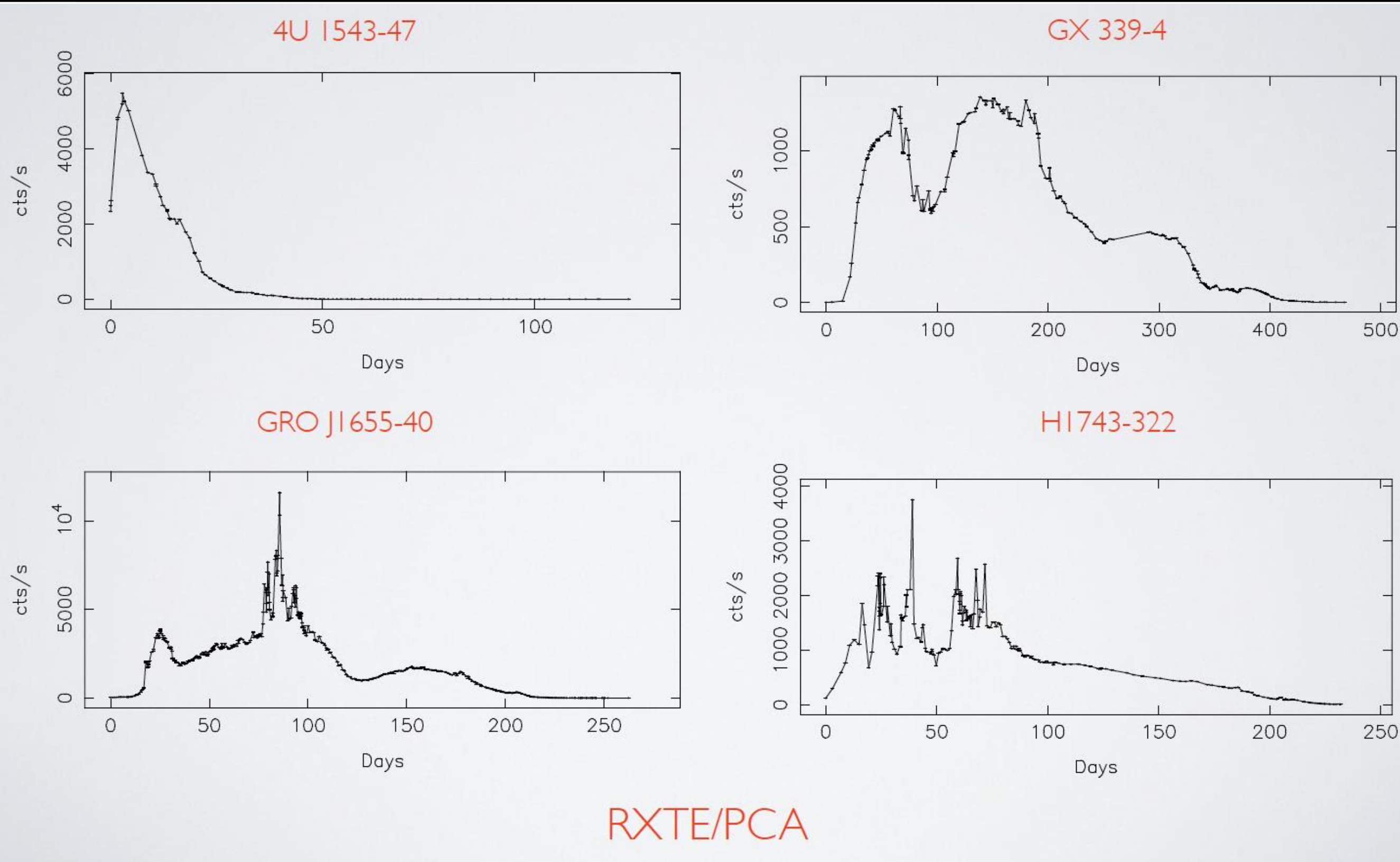
1. Clues from QPOs

Example 2: **kHZ QPO disappears** for ~250 s after a burst → inner disk puffed up / shielded from FOV?

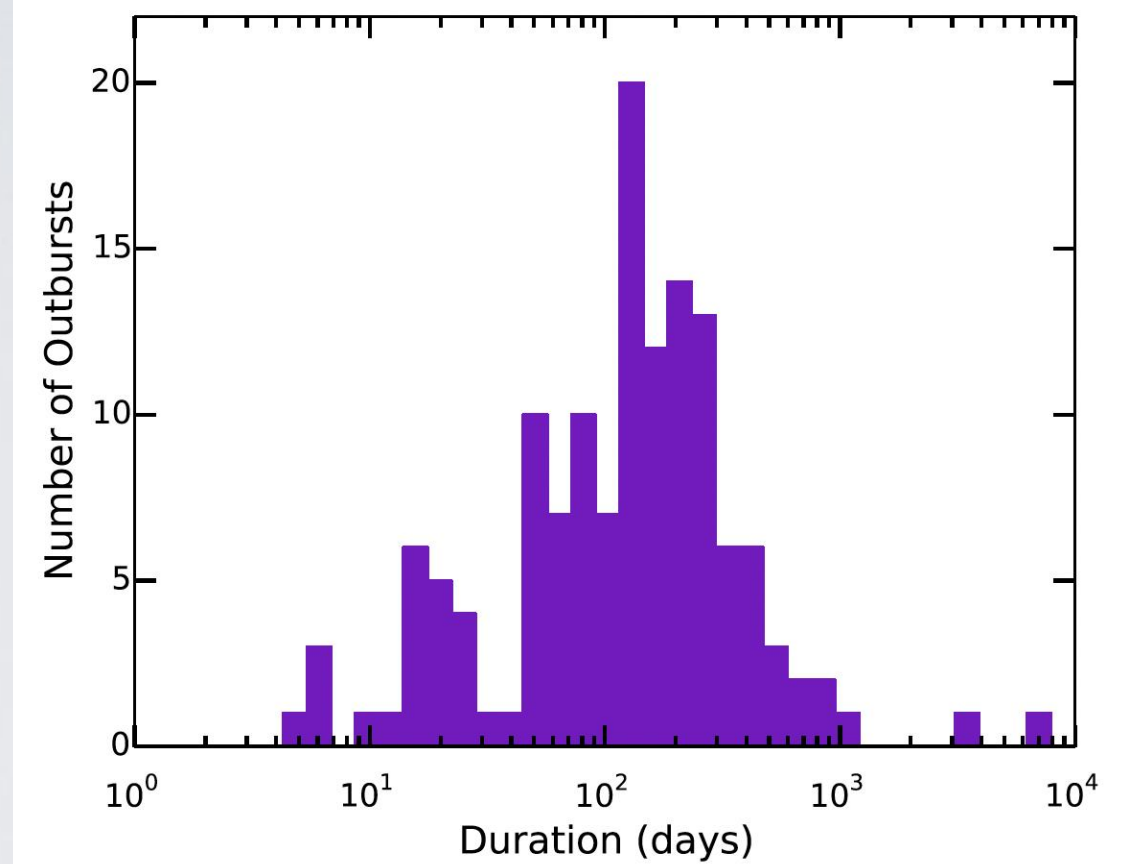


Dynamical power-density spectrum
(+ burst light curve)

The observations: Large variety outburst profiles

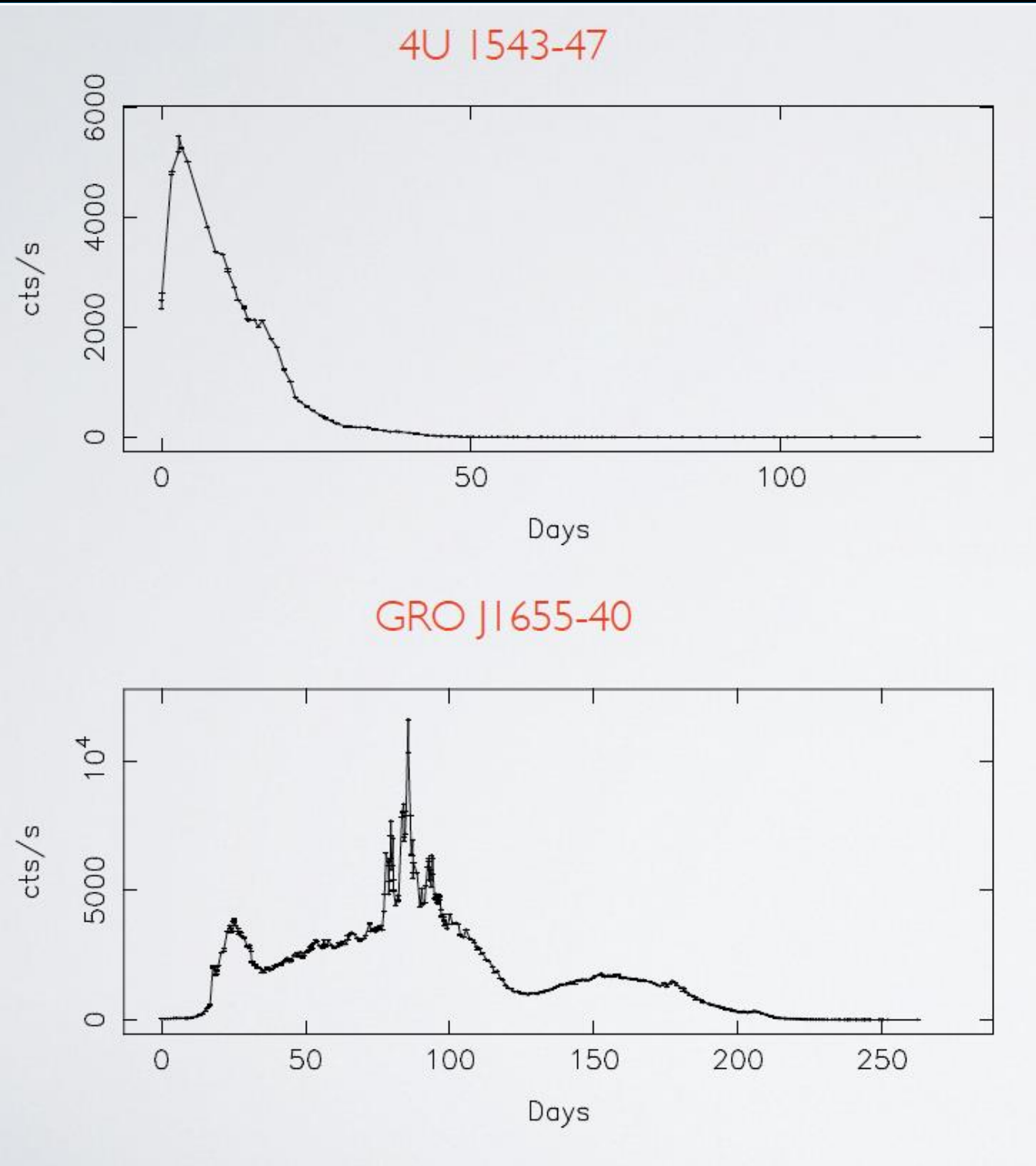


Black hole outbursts



Mean duration
~250 days

The observations: Large variety outburst profiles



Complex light curves / decays

→ beyond the disk instability model

- Varying **irradiation** in outburst

Accretion geometry, disk wind
(Tetarenko+2018; 2019)

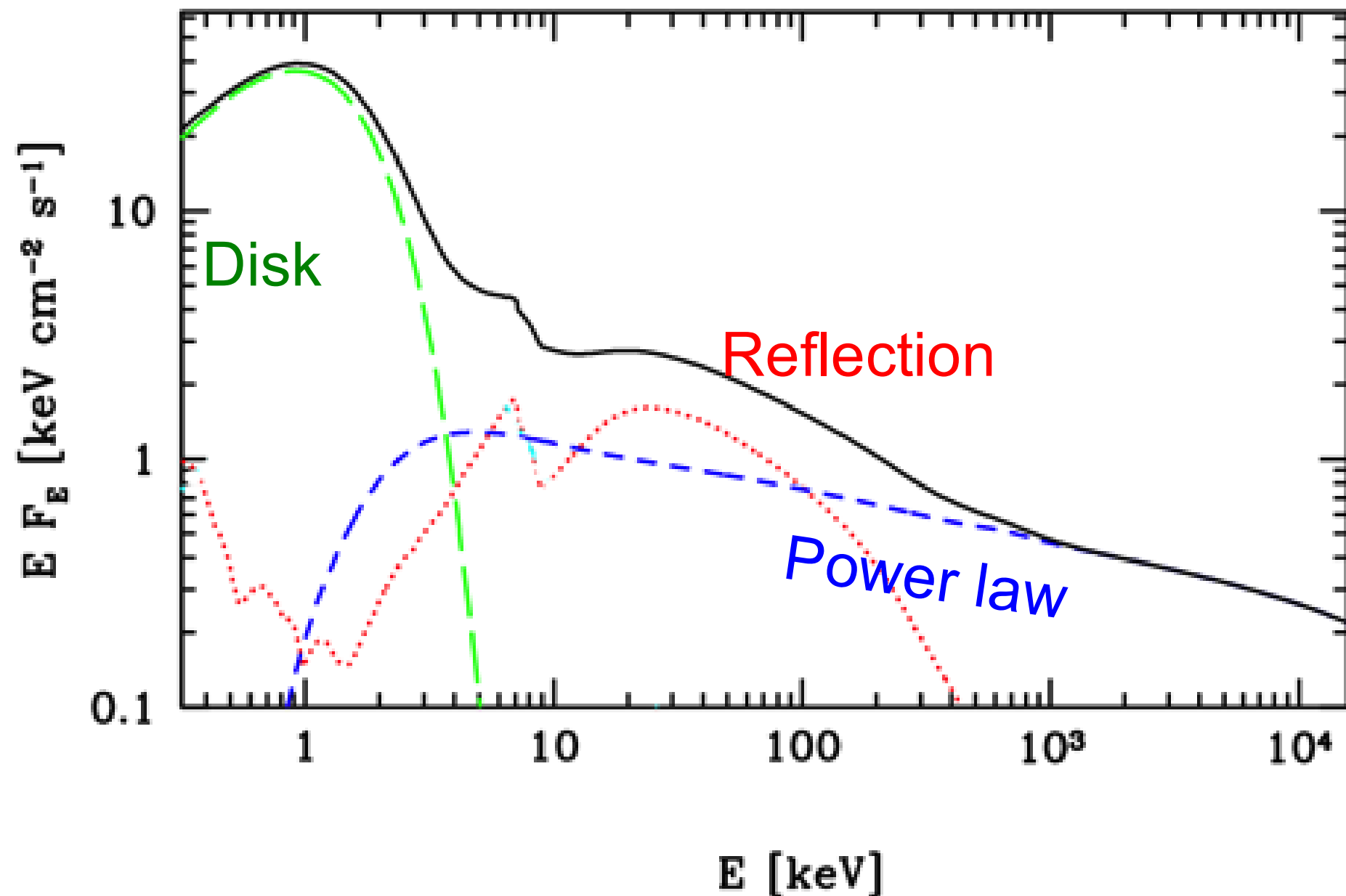
- Mass and angular momentum **loss**

Disk wind (Avaykan+2024)

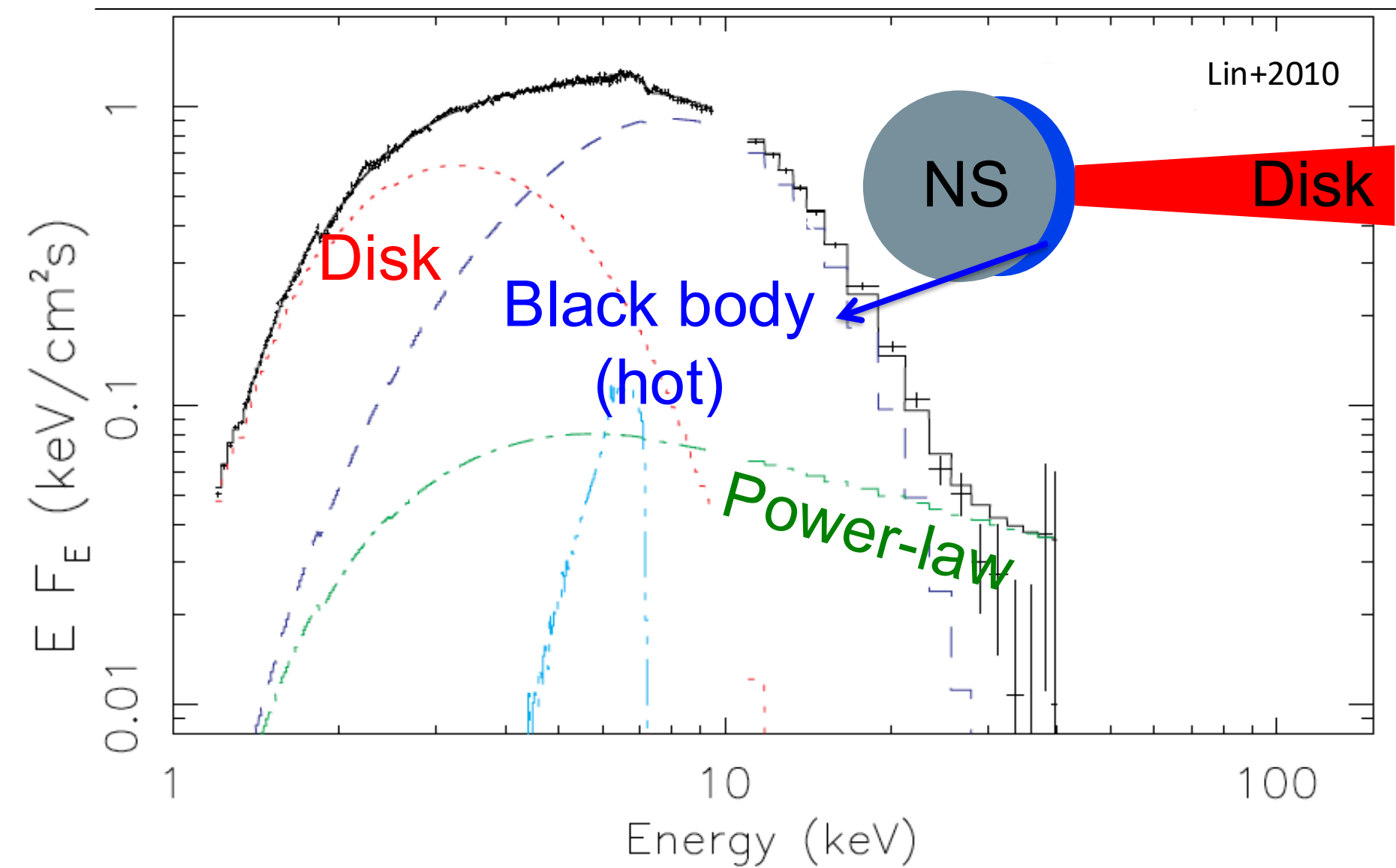
Brief: X-ray spectral states & outburst evolution

II. Emission components & X-ray spectral states

Soft state (disk dominated)



Neutron star (extra component)



Spectra from Zdziarski & Gierlinski 2004, Cyg X-1 (multi-instrument)