

SKA Observatory Management and Control Software: the INAF contribution

Gianluca Marotta, Valentina Alberti, Carlo Baffa, Matteo Canzari, Matteo Di Carlo, Stefano Di Frischia, Elisabetta Giani, Teresa Pulvirenti and Mauro Dolci

The SKA software engineering group

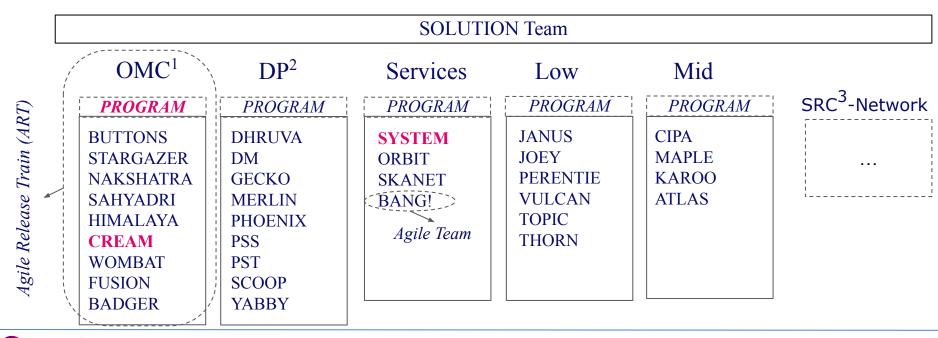




The SKA software engineering group

- more than 200 people involved from 15 different countries
- organized with Scaled Agile Framework (SAFe)
- work is iteratively planned every 3 months (Program Increment PI)







The INAF Group







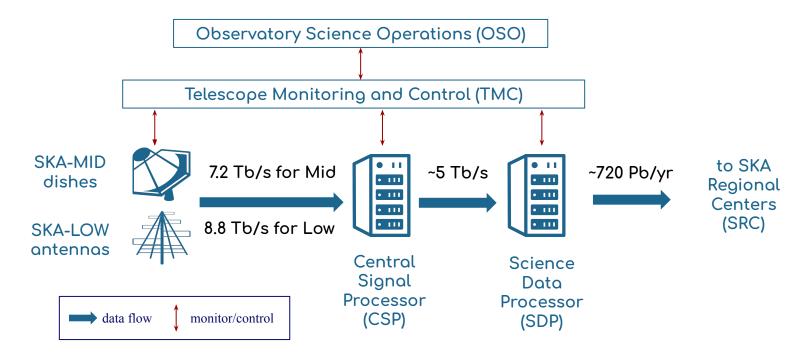
OATs Valentina Alberti UI/UX¹ Expert (OMC Program) Carlo Baffa **CREAM Product Owner** Elisabetta Giani CREAM Developer OAA Local Gianluca Marotta **M**onitoring and CREAM Developer Control Stefano Di Frischia CREAM Developer Matteo Canzari CREAM Developer OAAh Matteo Di Carlo SYSTEM Developer System Infrastructure Mauro Dolci Scientific Responsible N.B. CREAM and SYSTEM are also composed by people coming **IRA** Teresa Pulvirenti Contract Management from other countries and companies/institutions





The SKA Data Flow and Control System

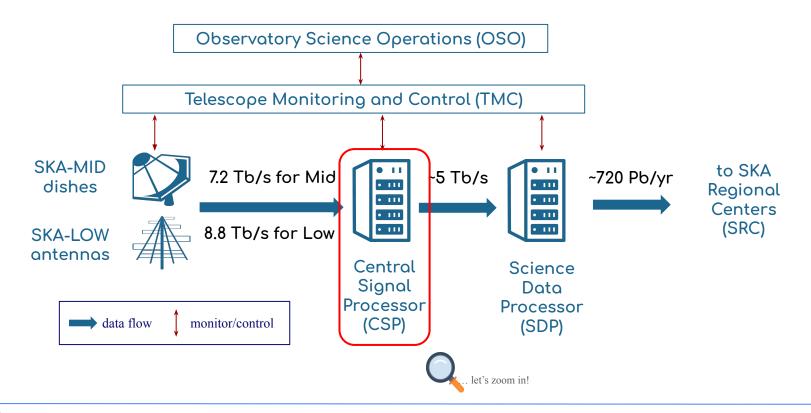
... a very simplified view





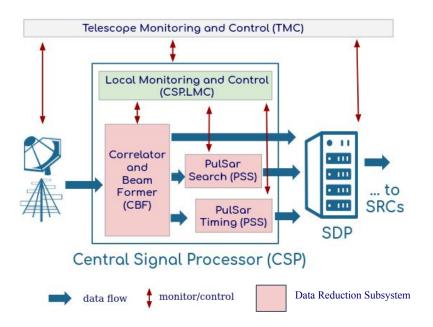
The SKA Data Flow and Control System

... a very simplified view





The Central Signal Processor



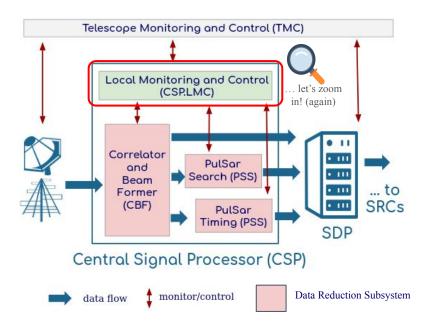
CSP is composed of three main subsystems:

- the Correlator and Beam Former (CBF), to creates the visibilities and the data beams;
- the **Pulsar Search (PSS)**, to perform an all-sky pulsar search survey;
- the **Pulsar Timing (PST)**, to measures the frequency of the pulsar candidates

CSP.LMC provides the *interface* to TMC *without exposing CSP internal complexity*.



The Central Signal Processor



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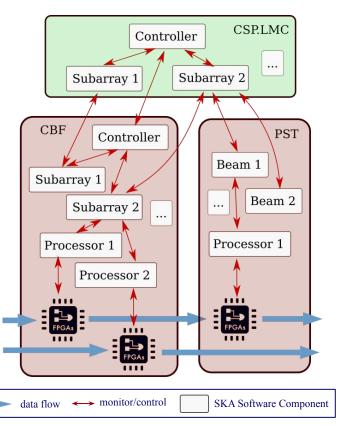
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The CSP Local Monitoring and Control (CSP.LMC)

... a very simplified view



The CSP.LMC is composed by:

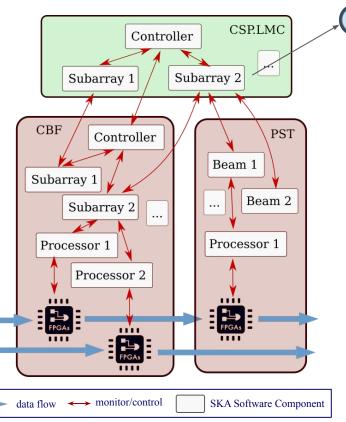
- 1 Controller, i.e. the primary point of access for CSP
- **16 Subarray**, representing subsets of the telescope resources that can be used for one observation
- Capability devices, apt to monitor and report to TMC information and statistical data about specific CSP resources (e.g. CBF processors, PST Beams)





The CSP Local Monitoring and Control (CSP.LMC)

... a very simplified view



The CSP.LMC is composed by:

... let's zoom

in! (last time)

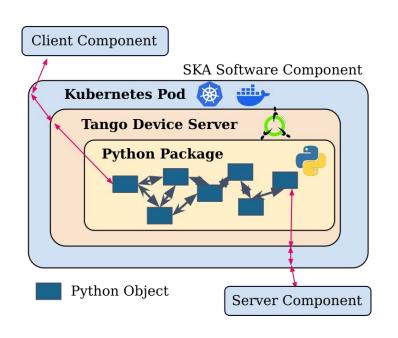
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The SKA Software Component

Software is **executed by** a **Tango Device Server** process, that runs in a **Docker container** that is **orchestrated** in a cluster **by Kubernetes**





"a free open source device-oriented controls toolkit for controlling any kind of hardware or software and building SCADA¹ systems"².



"is an open platform for developing, shipping, and running applications [...] enables you to separate your applications from your infrastructure³"



"is a portable, extensible, open source platform for managing containerized workloads and services

^{*} for simplicity only one server/client is reported



Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition

The contribution to TANGO Control System



The Tango Community has more than 45 institutional and more than 15 industrial partners from all over the World

INAF is member of the TANGO steering committee and active actor in the community



TANGO collaboration meeting - hosted by INAF OAAb - May 2025



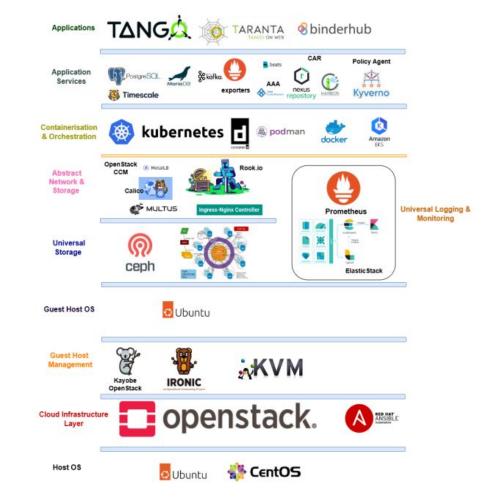
The System Infrastructure

SKA Control Software is meant to be deployed with a large use of **cloud-native technologies**

The infrastructure is developed and maintained by System Team



Tools for *deploying*, *testing* and *monitoring* are provided to developers





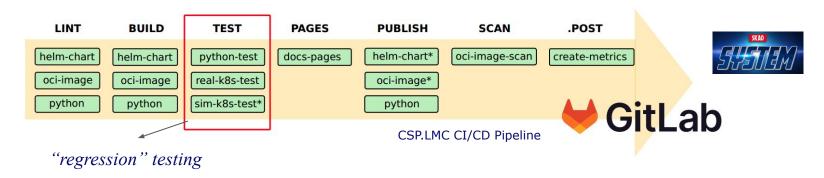


Continuous Integration/Continuous Delivery/Deployment

Continuous Integration/Continuous Delivery/Deployment (CI/CD) refers to development practices:

- single source repository for each component;
- automated build;
- automated testing;
- **every commit** should build on an integration machine (with tango/kubernetes)

CI/CD practices are ensured by the use of **Gitlab pipelines**, based on System Team templates.





Testing the SKA Software

"[Testing is] the process [...] to determine that they [software products] satisfy specified requirements, to demonstrate that they are fit for purpose and to detect bugs."

SKAO Software Testing Policy and Strategy - https://developer.skao.int/

- Individual teams are responsible for software component quality and testing strategy
- Verification Tests based on requirements are done by AIV teams
- A *Testing Community of Practice* gather developers from different teams to share knowledge and practices



Testing can represent a **considerable amount of time** of developlemnt (about 50% in CSP.LMC)

CREAM Team plays a pioneering role in SKA software testing, tackling "test flakiness" and "unhappy-path testing"



HW Infrastructure for SKA Software @ INAF









Federation Clusters

- made available free of charge
- provide kubernetes
- hosted and managed by INAF-OAA and INAF-OAAb members
- hosts Cream Team VMs for development
- hosts CSP.LMC CI/CD pipelines



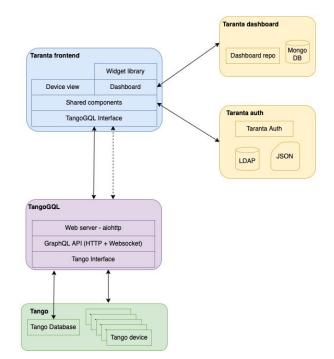


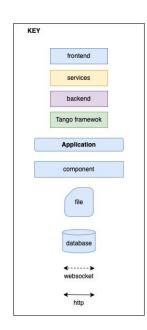
Taranta offers a **no-code**, **web-based** approach for creating dashboards that integrate multiple *Tango devices*.

Taranta is developed by CREAM team in collaboration with MAX IV institute







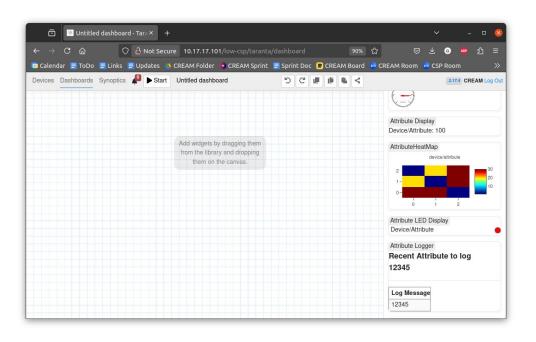








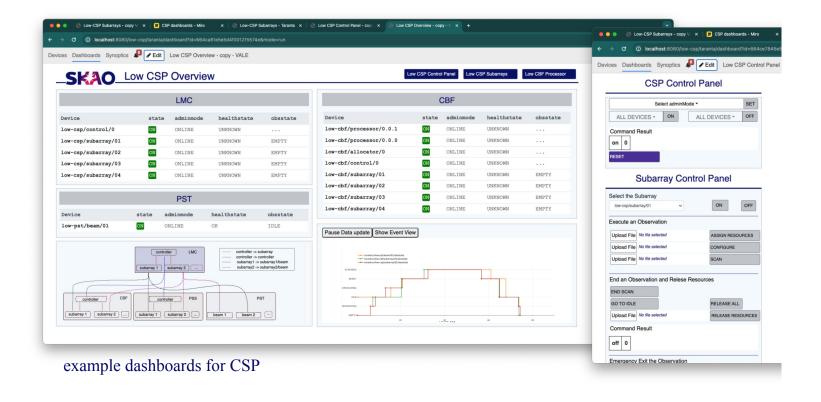
Taranta is largely used by teams for creating engineering dashboards



- simple to use (drag and drop)
- new functionalities based on user feedback
- possibility to create vectorial and synoptic dashboards with Inkscape











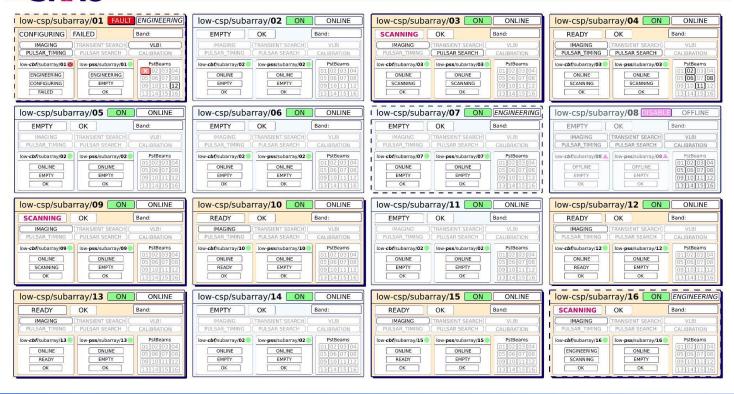
Taranta: the "new" synoptic view







Low Telescope - CSP Local Monitoring and Control - Subarrays Overview



a prototype synoptic for CSP



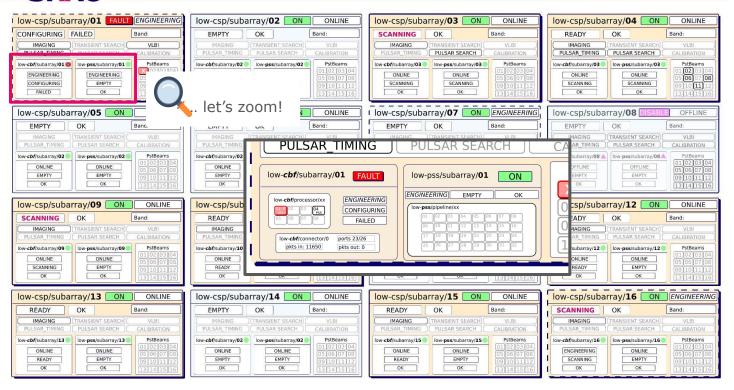
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SKAO. Low Telescope - CSP Local Monitoring and Control - Subarrays Overview



a prototype synoptic for **CSP**



Collaborating over the world



OSO TMC CSP SUBSYSTEMS AIV



















teams that interact with CREAM on a regular basis









...furthermore

- CSP.LMC developers are also in charge of PSS.LMC¹

detection of first known Pulsar using CSP.LMC and PSS.LMC developed by CREAM TEAM

NOTE: PSS.LMC will control >1000 pulsar engines in the future

- Taranta developers will take over the SKA Alarm handling UI (IC@MS)













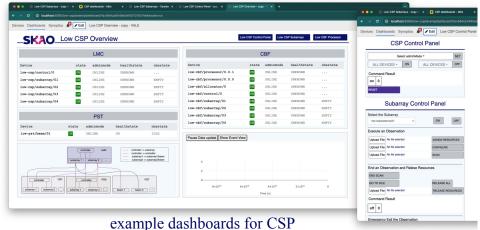
Thank you for your attention!



Taranta offers a **no-code**, **web-based** approach for creating dashboards that integrate multiple Tango devices.









The new **synoptic view** enables the integration of **svg files** that reacts to the changes of the attributes of the TANGO Devices



Creating engineering UIs: lean UX

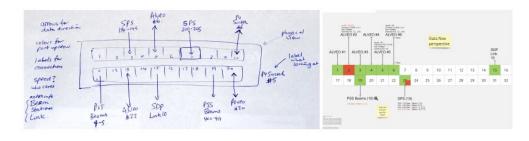
The creation of User Interfaces for LOW-CSP has been experimented as a cross team collaboration using a LeanUX approach

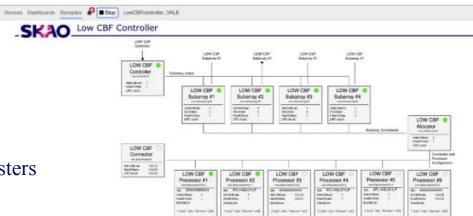






Taranta Users are both developer and testers





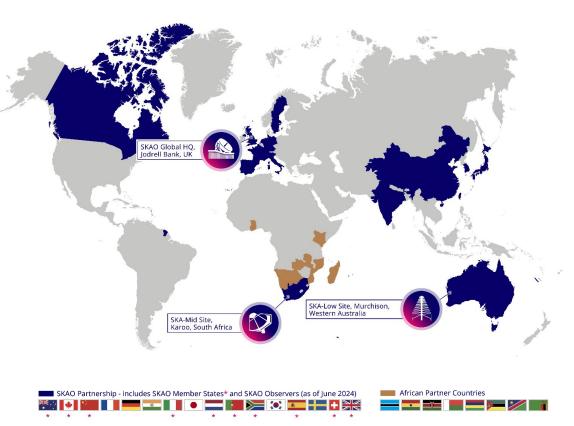




The SKA Project

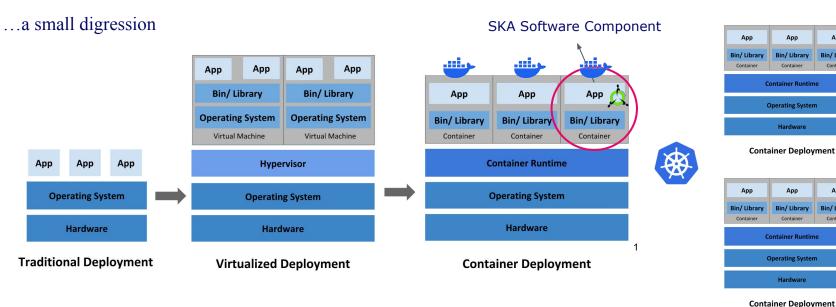
The Square Kilometer Array (SKA) is an international effort to construct the **two** *world's biggest radio telescopes*.







Docker and Kubernetes



Kubernetes:



- establishes the network between containers,
- allows shared storage,
- manage secrets,

distributes workloads in cluster

App Bin/Library

Container

Bin/Library

Container

- is self-healing,
- ensure scalability

¹https://kubernetes.io/docs 10



The Agile Team

Agile Teams Product Owner Scrum Master / Team Coach



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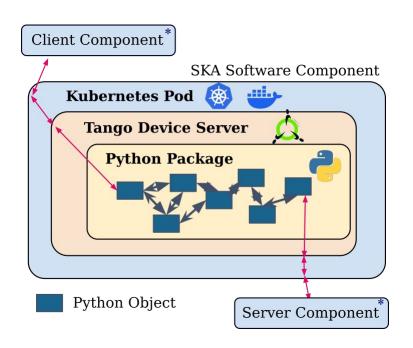
- each Agile Team is responsible for one or more SW Product;
- code is developed iteratively;
- Team plans the work within the ART¹ every 3 months (*Program Iteration - PI*);
- Team revise its PI plan every 2 weeks (*sprint*);
- the Scrum Master "helps implement and maintain Agile" practices, [...] optimizes and improves team performance"2
- the *Product Owner* "contributes to the Vision and roadmap [...] and prioritize the team's work"².



more about it: tomorrow's training session on "Agile Framework" conducted by Valentina Alberti and Matteo Di Carlo (h14:00)







^{*} for simplicity only one server/client is reported

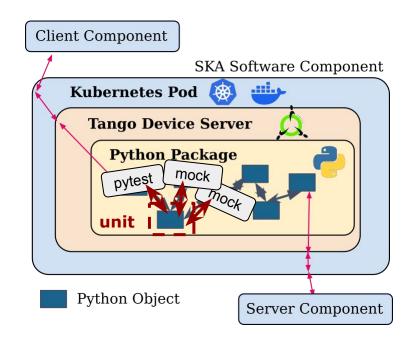






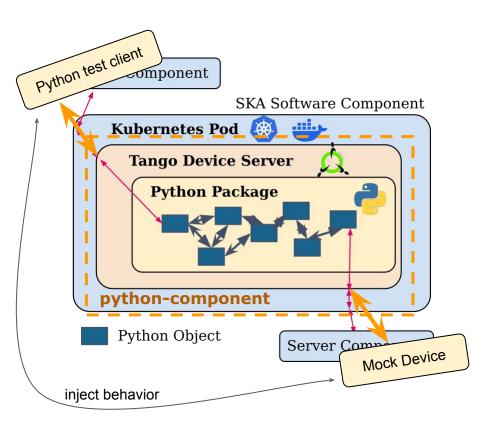
Tests are performed with a *multi-level strategy*:

- unit tests



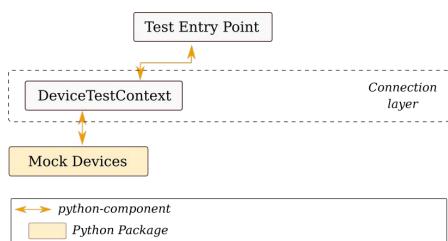






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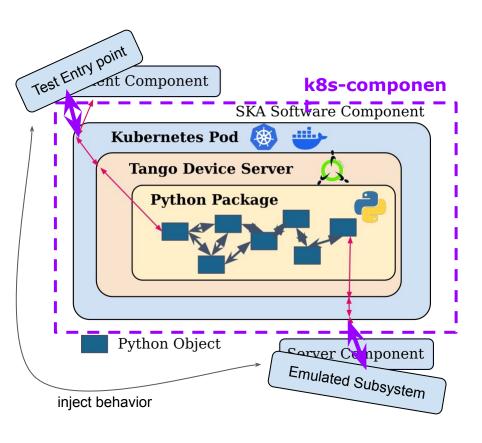
- unit tests
- *python-component* tests





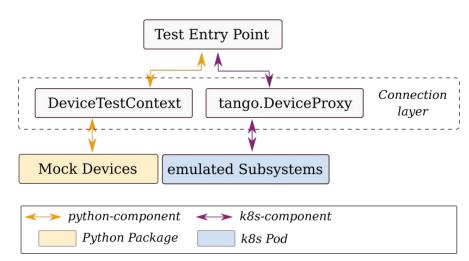






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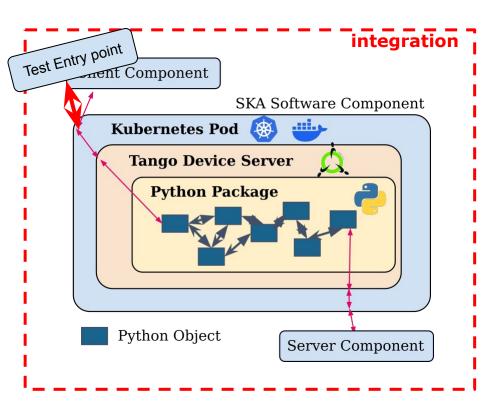
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- *python-component* tests
- *k8s-component* tests





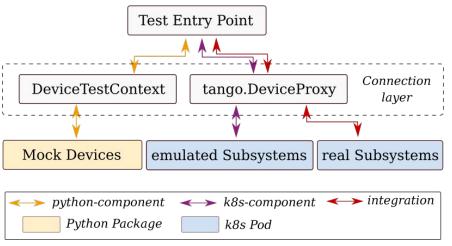






Tests are performed with a *multi-level strategy*:

- *unit* tests
- *python-component* tests
- *k8s-component* tests
- *integration* tests





BDD testing

"The purpose of testing is to increase confidence for stakeholders through evidence"

Integration and component tests follow the Behaviour Driven Development (BDD) approach. They are written in the Gherkin language. "step"

⊘	⊘	Given:	All subsystems are fresh initialized
⊘	⊘	When:	On Command is issued on CspController
⊘	\odot	Then:	CbfController longRunningCommandStatus is (0, COMPLETED)
⊘	(X)	And:	CbfController state is ON
⊘		And:	CbfSubarray0 state is ON
Passed	Failed		

Each "step" is translated to a specific Python function and can be utilised in different tests

Gherkin files can be used as living documentation

"regression" testing

A single failing test let the CI/CD pipeline to fail and prevent any MR to be effective!



"Test flakiness" and data mining

Tests randomly fail during CI/CD pipeline execution



test name	fail rate	num of execution	most failed step - mfs	mfs frequency
cspcontroller healthstate is unknown 1		105	CspController HealthState is UNKNOWN	1.0
assignresources rejected on subarray01 without pst beams		6	All subsystems are fresh initialized without PST beams	1.0
csp controller reports simulationmode		111	CspController SimulationMode is FALSE	1.0
obsstate subscription on subarray01	0.0631	111	All subsystems are fresh initialized	1.0
state subscription on controller and subarray01	0.0541	111	CspController state is subscribed for archiving	0.5
configure rejected on ready subarray01 with pst beams	0.0472	106	All subsystems are fresh initialized with PST beams	1.0
configure rejected on idle subarray01 with pst beams	0.036	111	All subsystems are fresh initialized with PST beams	1.0
assignresources rejected on subarray01 with pst beams	0.036	111	All subsystems are fresh initialized with PST beams	1.0
all commands on subarray01 with pst beam	0.036	111	All subsystems are fresh initialized with PST beams	1.0
csp controller reports healthstate		111	All subsystems are fresh initialized	1.0

an example of test statistics: the 10 most failing tests

data mining on test result helps in providing:

- better metrics on test quality;
- hints on "deeply hidden" bugs



Predictive maintenance also for software?



About Tango Controls



"Tango Controls is an object oriented, distributed control system framework."

- it is built around the concept of **devices**, that run into device servers
 - each device has state machine, commands, pipes and attributes
- each Tango system has a centralised database that:
 - stores configuration data to start up device servers;
 - acts as a name server storing the dynamic network addresses;
- uses CORBA (syncronous) and ZMQ (asyncronous) to communicate between device server and clients;
- kernel written in C++;
- can be programmed in C++, **Python** or Java.



