

Commissioning SKA-Low

First results and future plans towards Science Verification

Giulia Macario (on behalf of the SKA-Low Science Commissioning team)

Fifth National Workshop on the SKA Project, Bologna, Italy 24th November 2025

We recognise and acknowledge the Traditional Owners of the lands on which our facilities are located, and pay our respects to their Elders past and present.

SKAO Science Commissioning in the big picture

<u>Internal</u> activity that focuses on tests of science capability, using astronomical observations



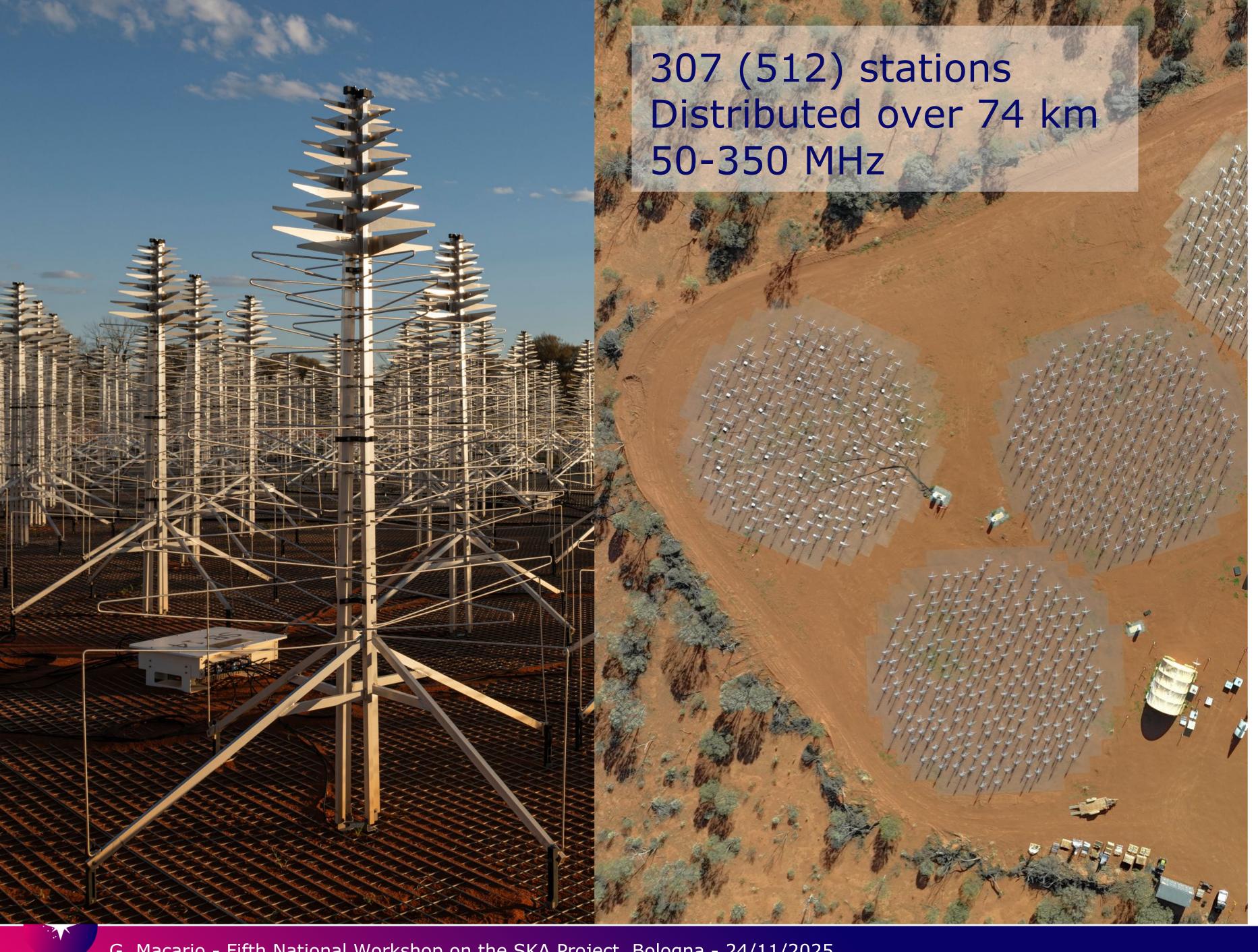
Includes Short Functional Tests (SFTs)

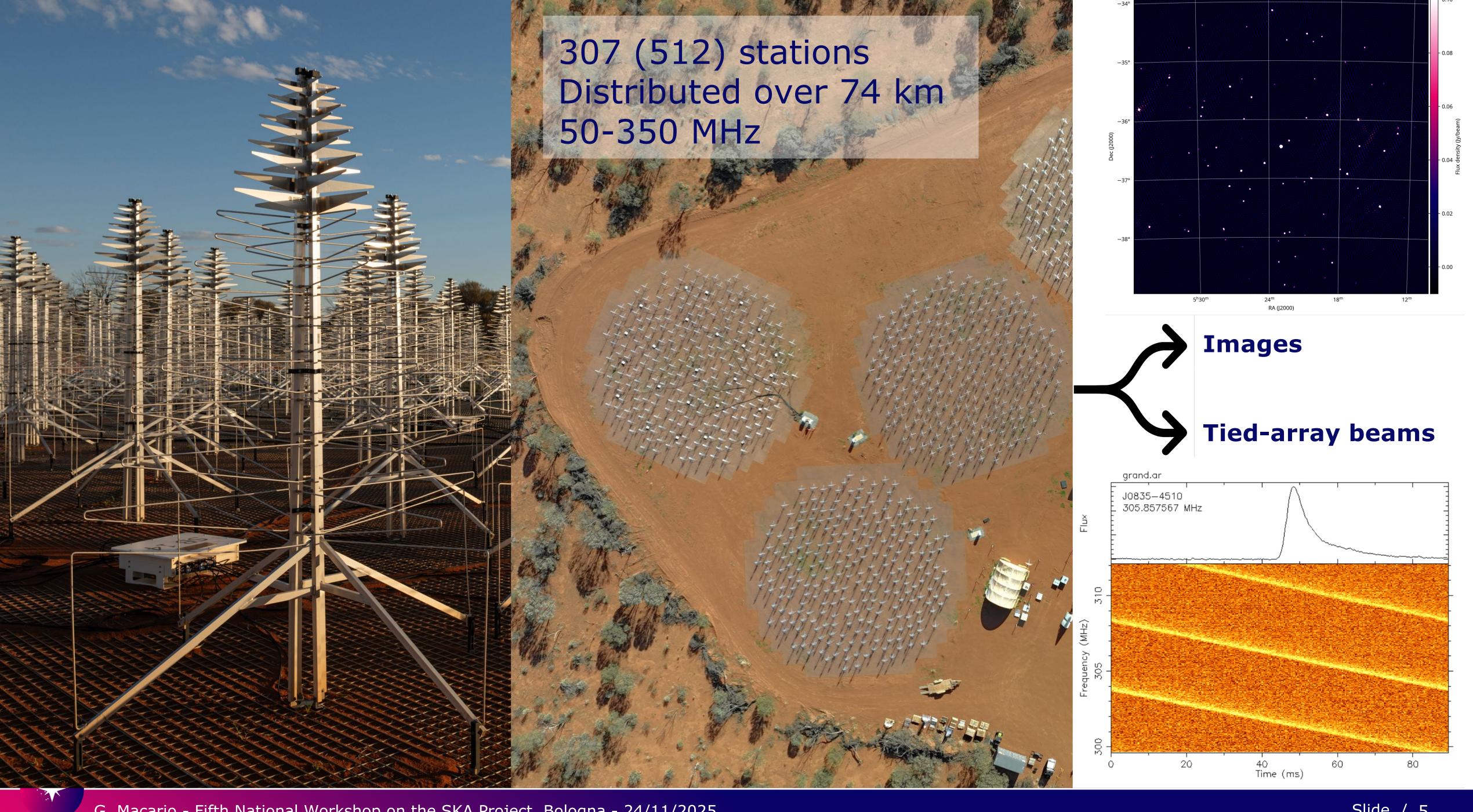
Includes Test
Cases, Verification
Events, ...

Structured around a Commissioning Plan for each Array Assembly Ensuring the telescope meets the needs of the science & operational users





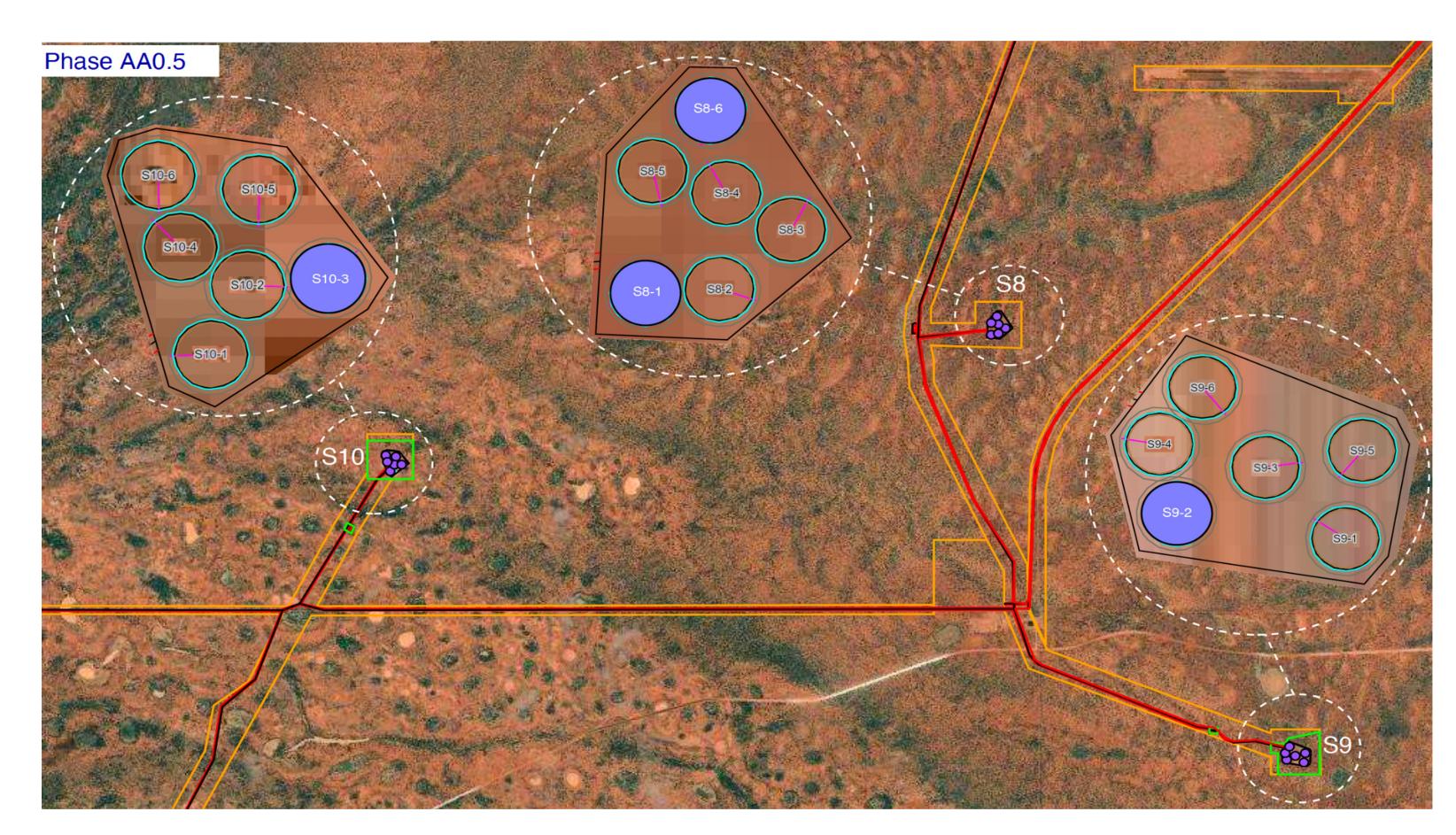




SKA-Low Array Assembly 0.5 - layout

AA0.5 Complete!

- Four stations: S8-1, S8-6, S9-2 and S10-3
- Shortest baseline ~120m, longest ~5.5km
- Stations are rigidly rotated relative to each other
- Next milestone: AA1 (16 stations)



AA0.5: Four operational stations spread across the Southern spiral arm AA1: 16 operational stations in the same three clusters



SKA-Low Science Commissioning main focus areas

AAO.5 (40 tests, 95% completed); AA1 (47 tests, already started)

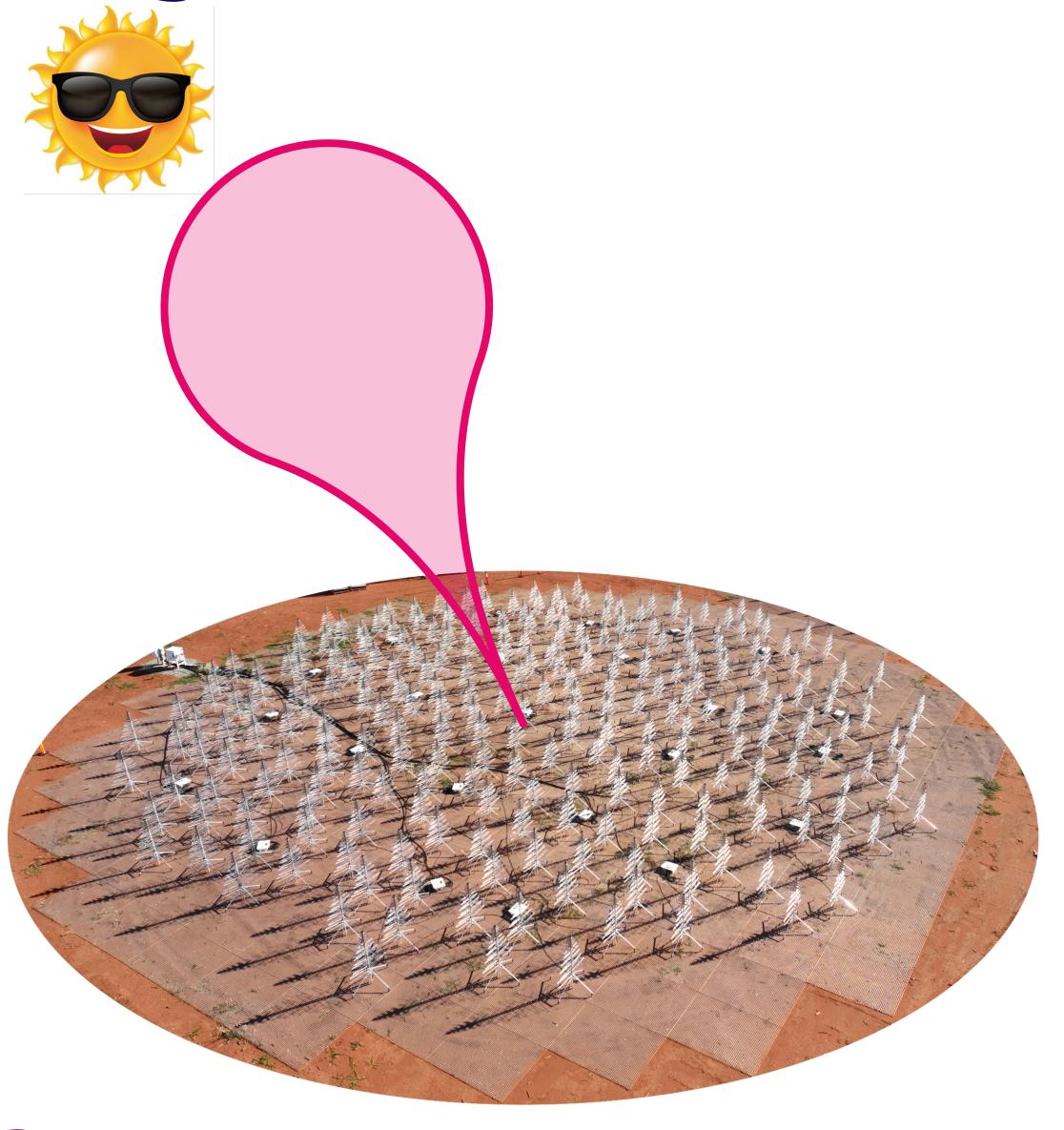
Single station
(system performance and pulsars detections)

Array calibration and imaging performance (continuum, polarization, spectral line)

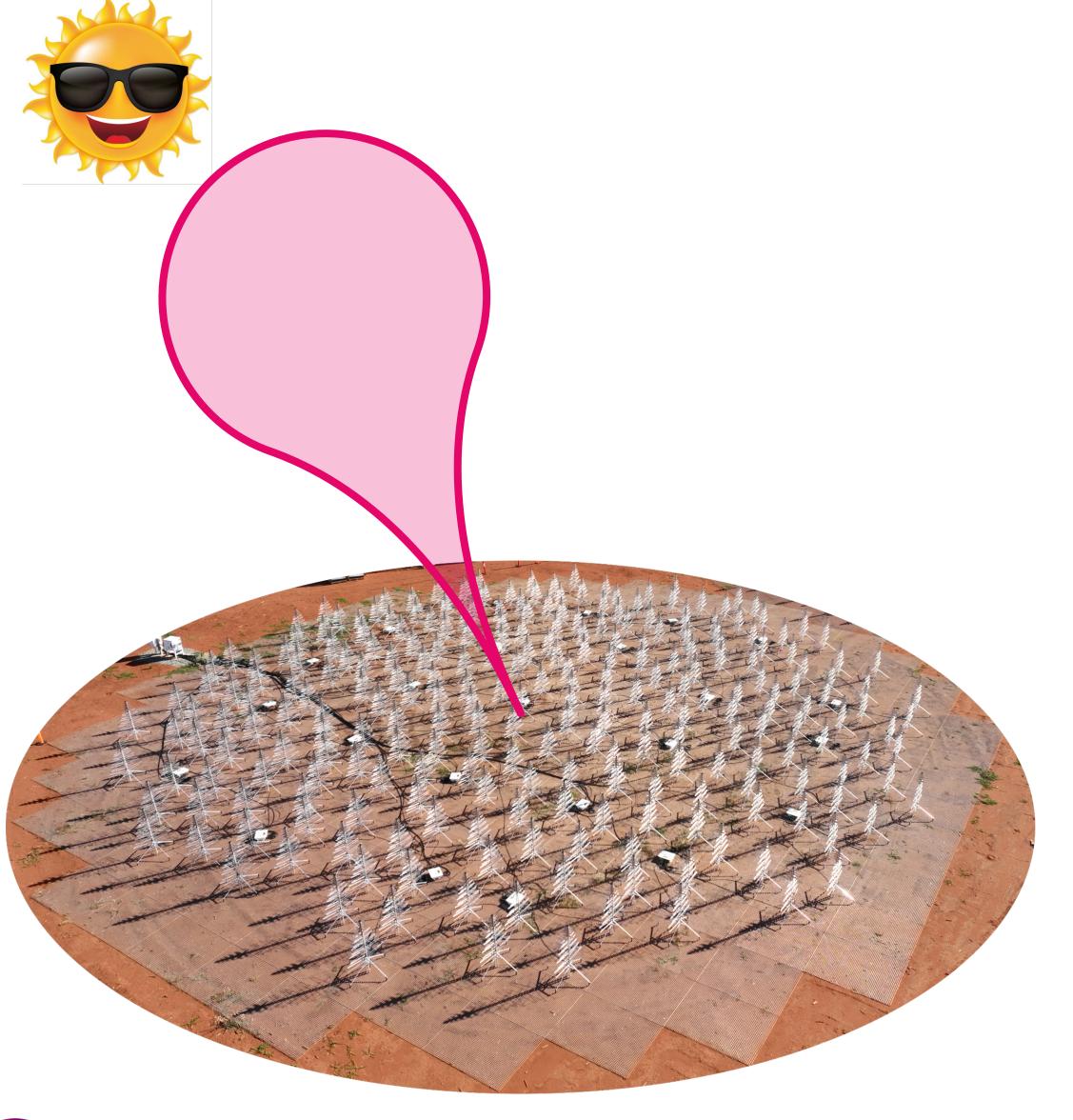
Array beamforming (tied array beams)

Development of SKA-Low Calibrator Database (and cal. survey plans)

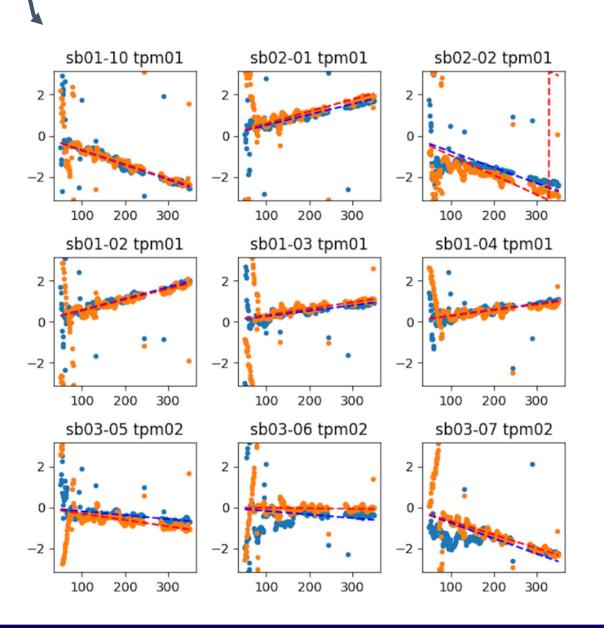


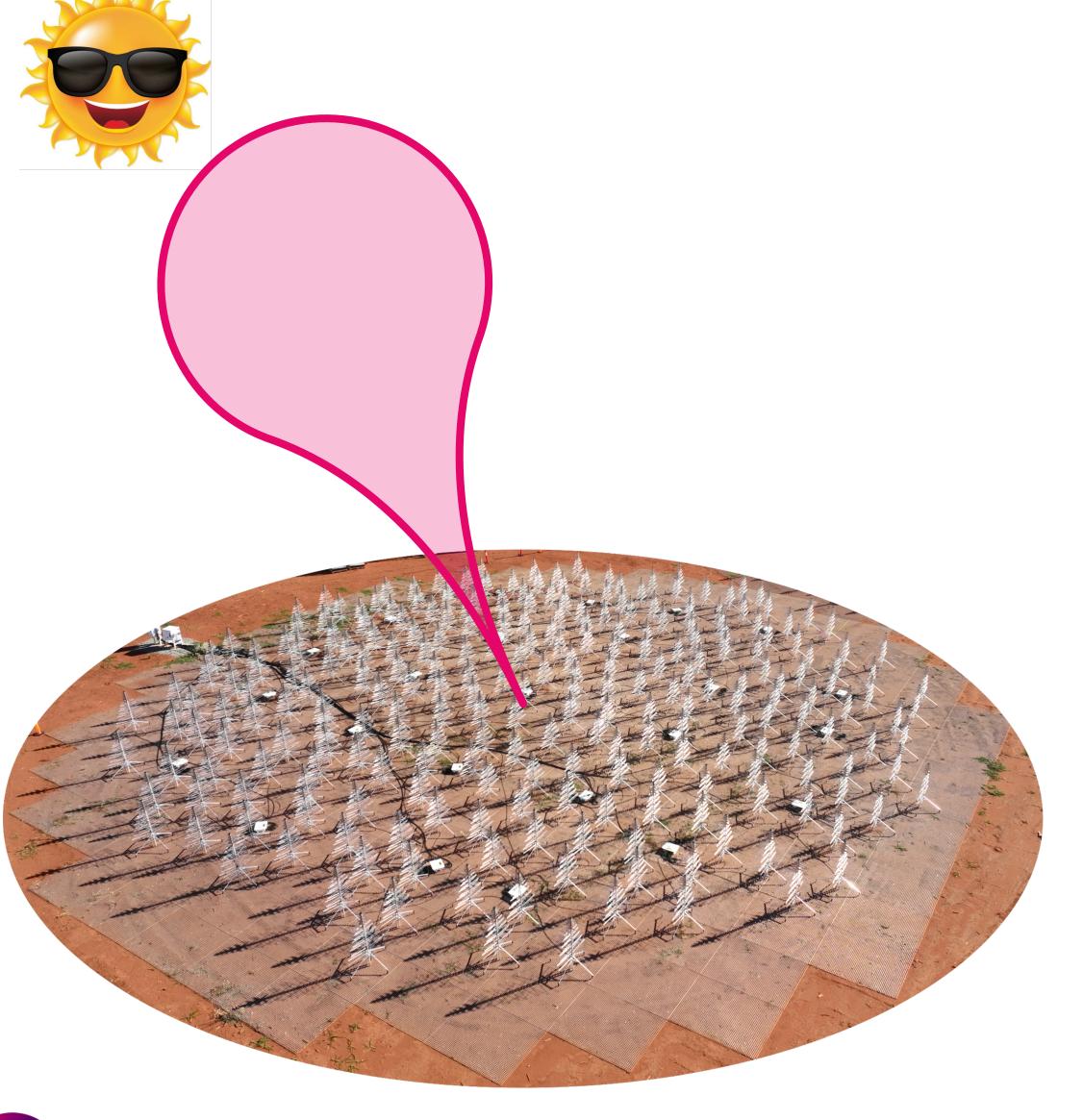


- Good calibration solutions for each antenna within a station
- Stable performance with time and varying environmental conditions
- Per-antenna delays for pointing and tracking are fit for purpose
- Beam shape and sensitivity are approximately as expected

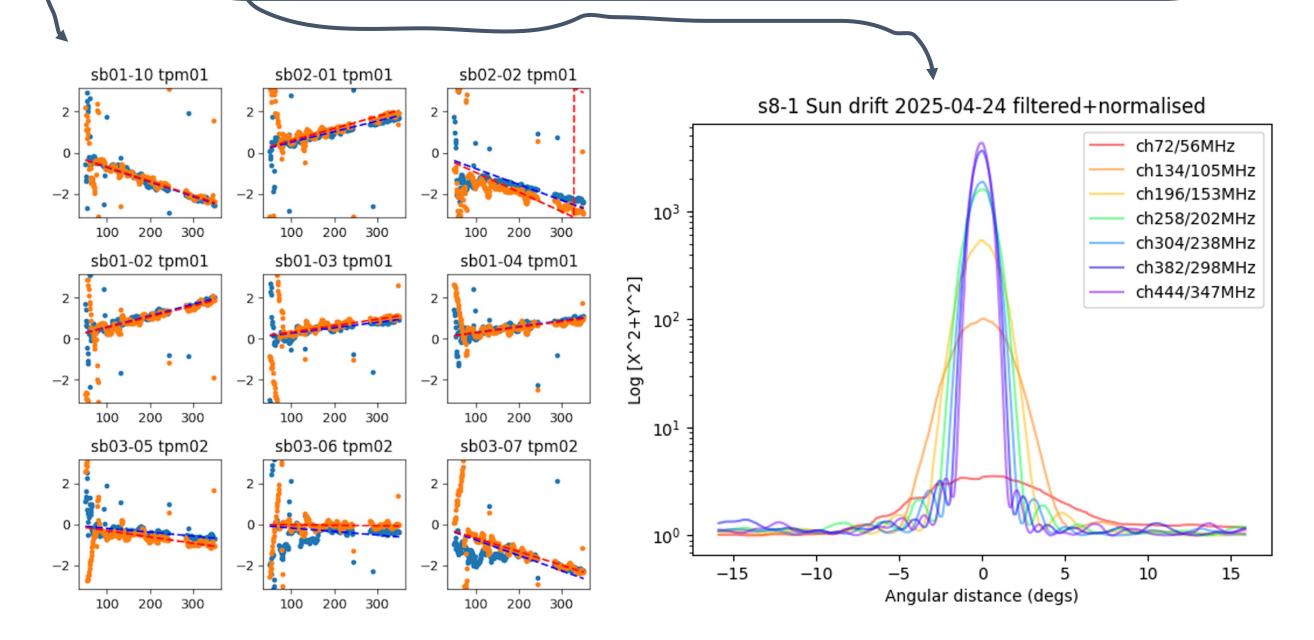


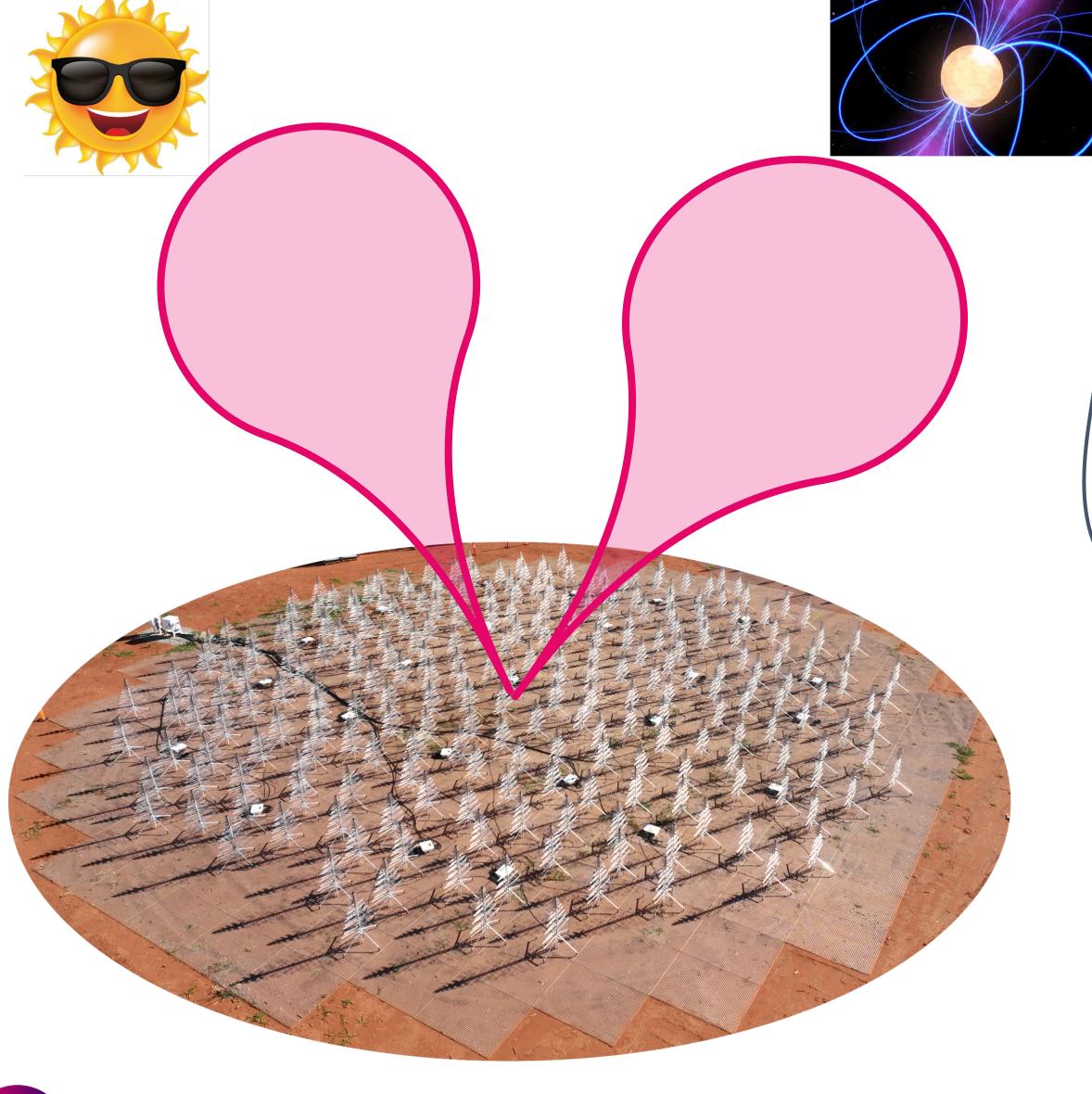
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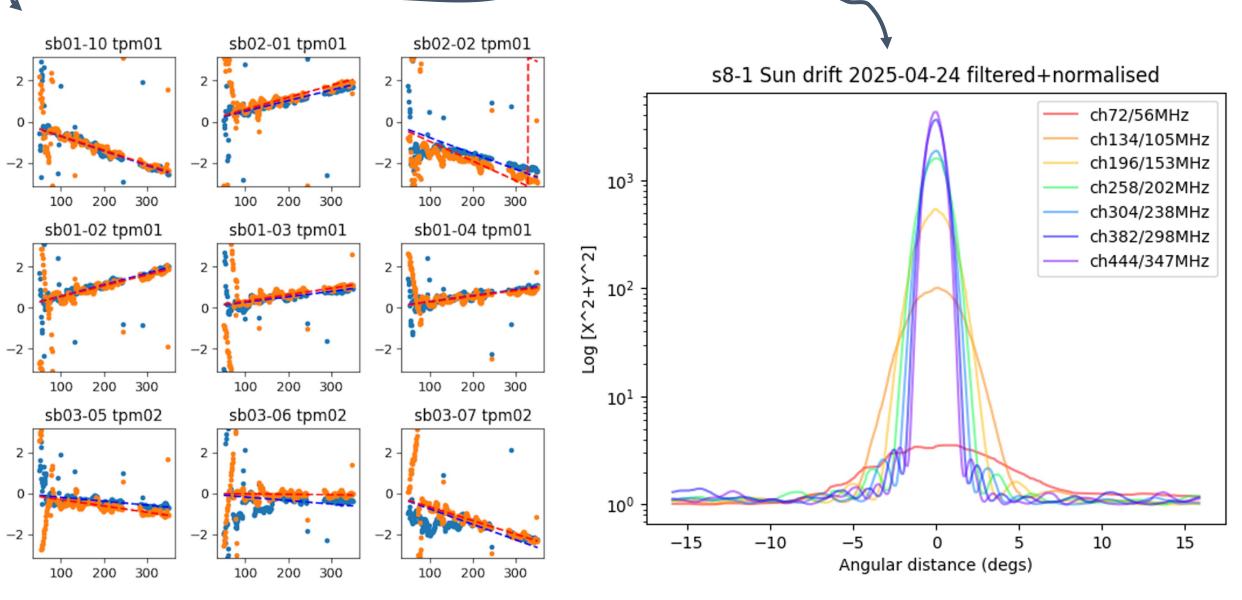


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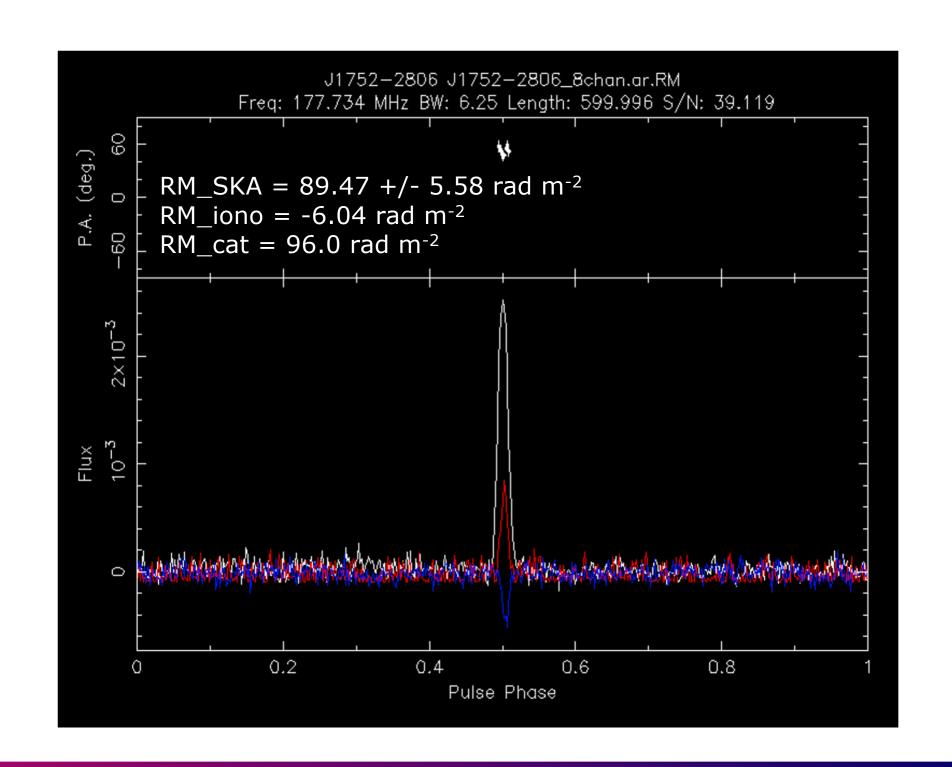


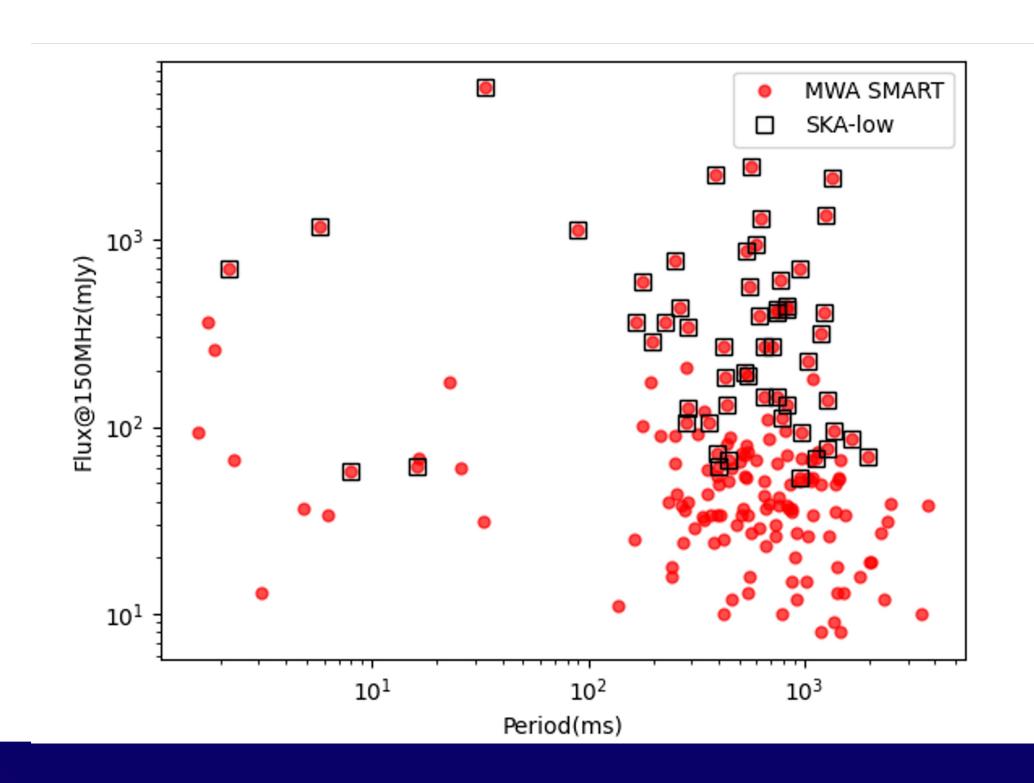
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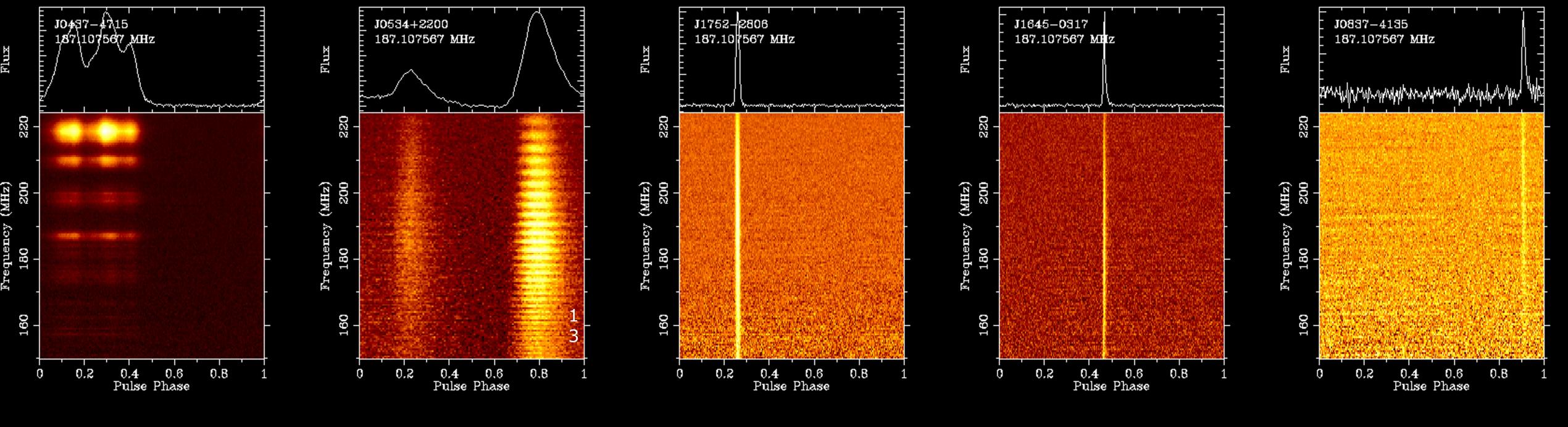
Single station: pulsar detections

- Detected 56 known pulsars using single stations raw voltages (6.25 MHz bandwidth) and Pulsar Timing Subsystem (up to 75 MHz)
- Sneak peek at full polarization properties, with promising results
- Initial testing of tied-array performance is very encouraging realtime calibration loop in development now, so full coherence is coming soon

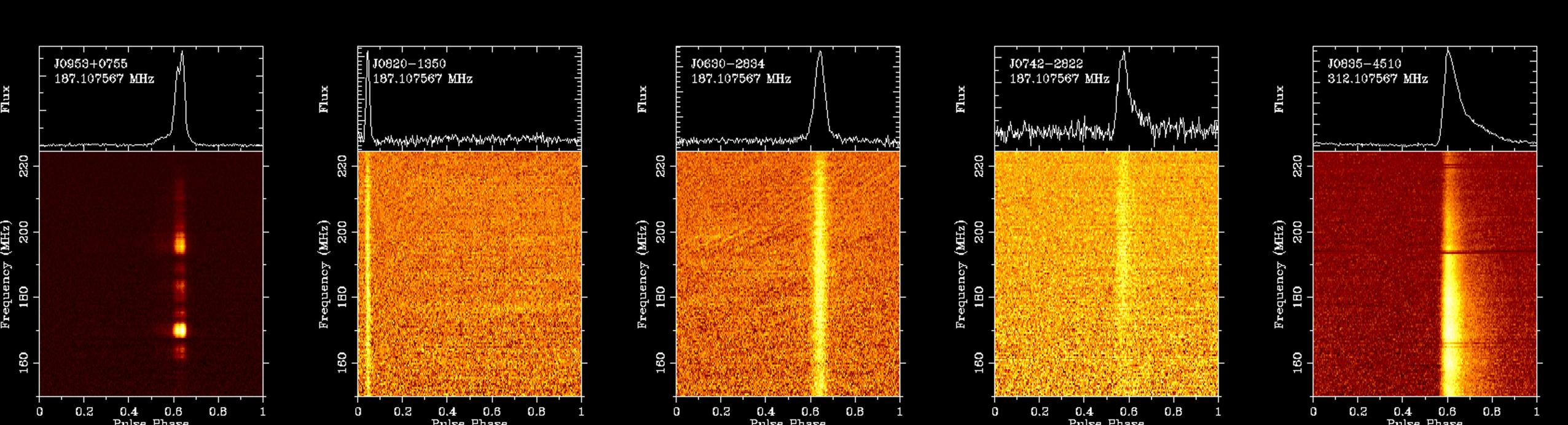








Testing tied array observation (2 stations), 75 MHz: excellent data quality !!



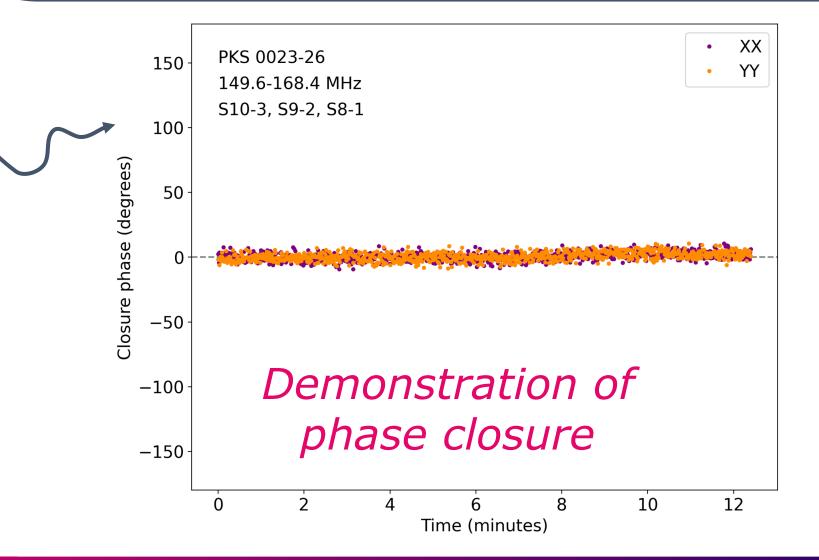
Basic array performance

- Interferometric fringes detected
- Per-station delays determined to be stable and match fibre lengths
- Closure phase verified (indicating that visibilities can be calibrated)
- Station sensitivities measured
- First images produced
- Station bandpasses determined



Basic array performance

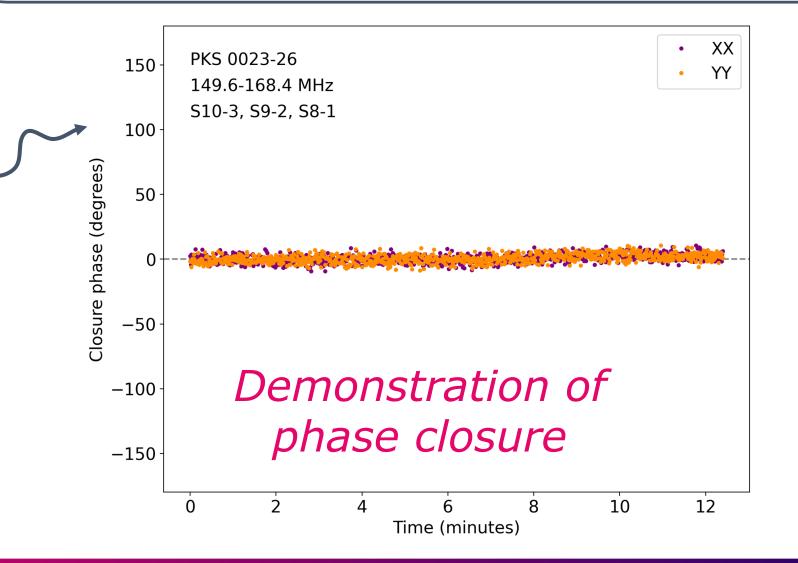
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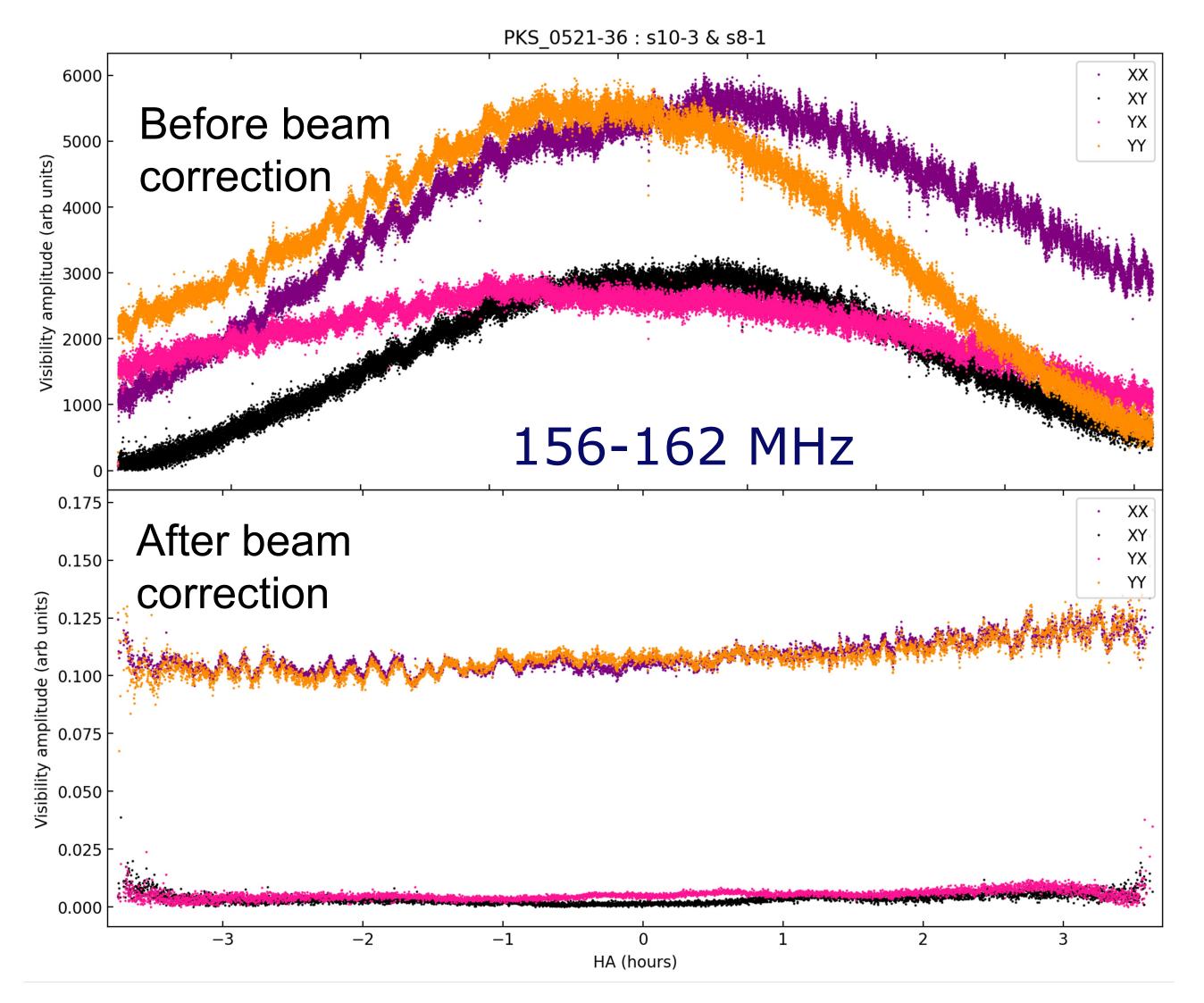


Basic array performance

Commissioning outcomes so far:

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Unflagged(!), delay calibrated & averaged visibilities

Beam correction compensates for antenna response and relative station rotations

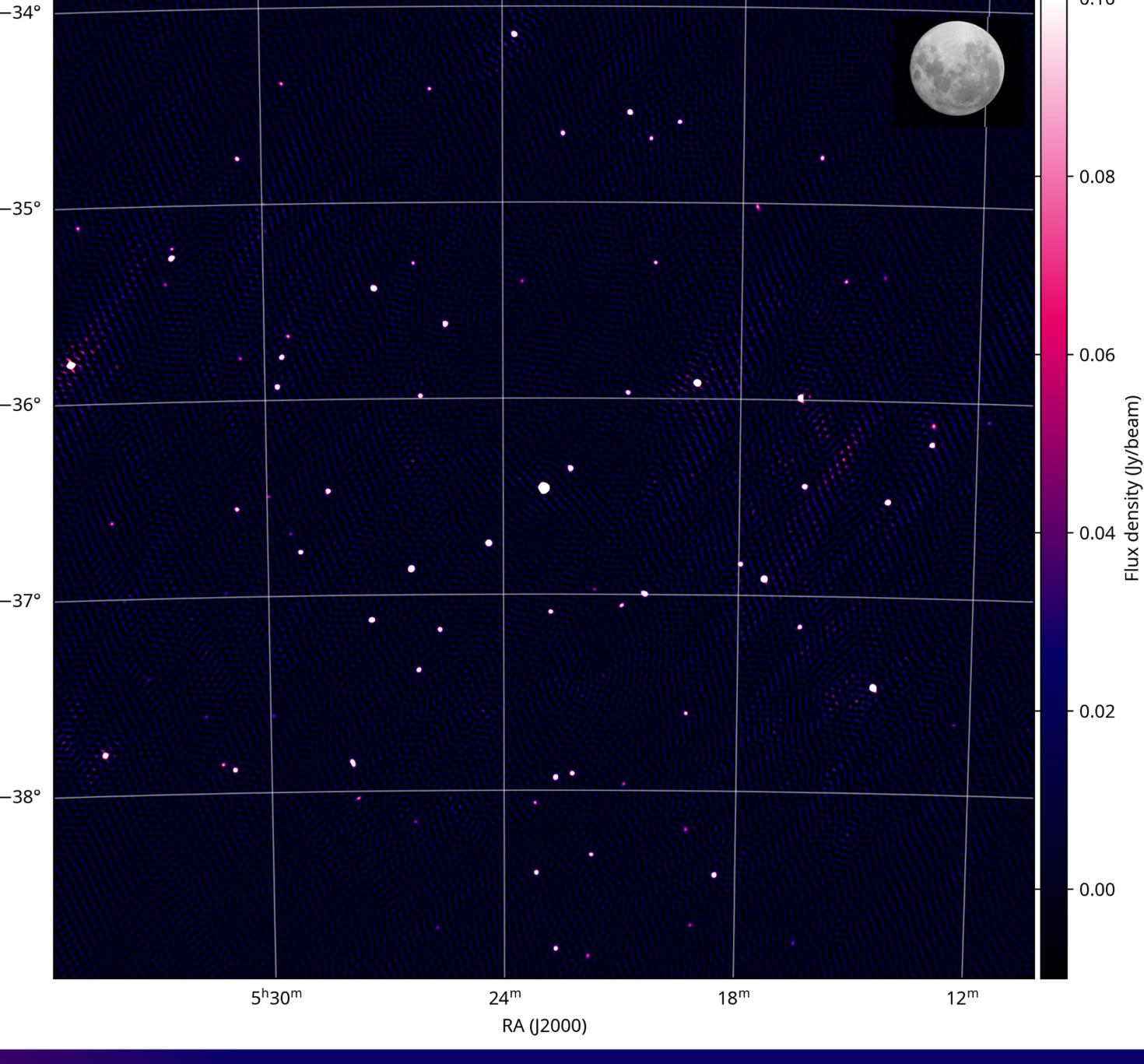
First SKA-Low AA0.5 image!

- Field surrounding
 PKS 0521-36
 (~56 Jy at 150 MHz)
- 150-175 MHz BW
- ~7h effective int.



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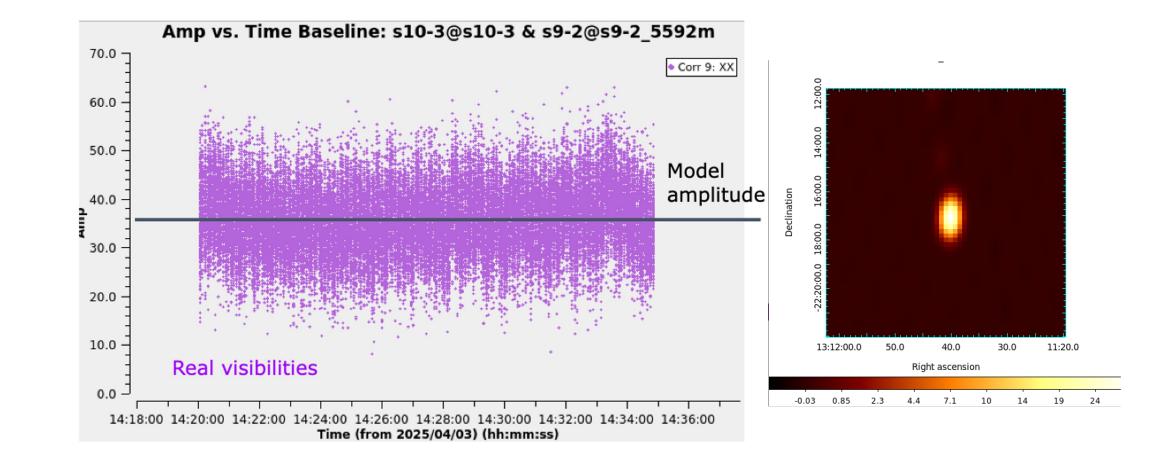
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 (~56 Jy at 150 MHz)
- 150-175 MHz BW
- ~7h effective int.
- Image noise:
 ~5-6 mJy/beam
 at 70" final resolution
- 85 sources detected
- Very good match to GLEAM-X catalog (with mostly unguided selfcal!)





SKA-Low station SEFD

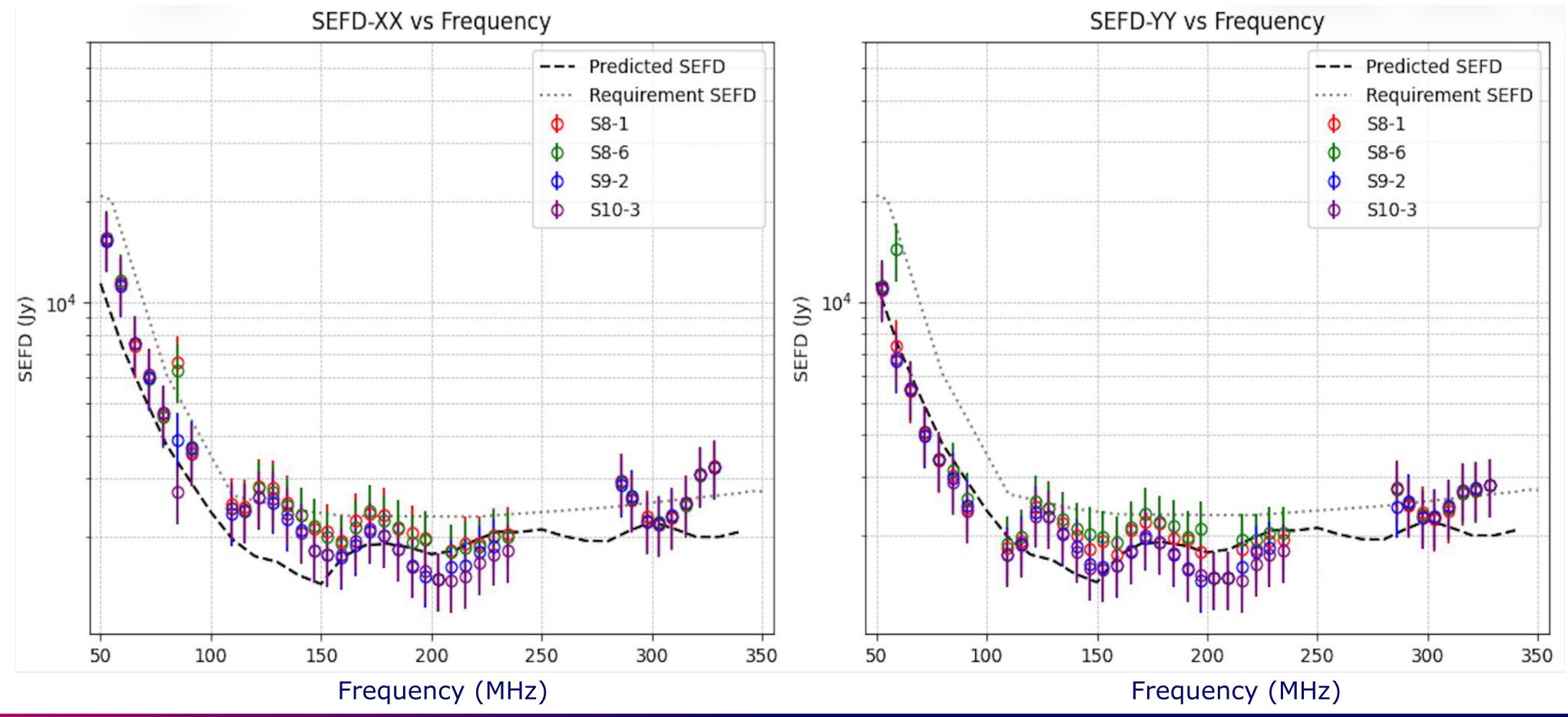
SEFD estimates from rms noise of point source calibrated visibilities



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Lower SEFD = better sensitivity!

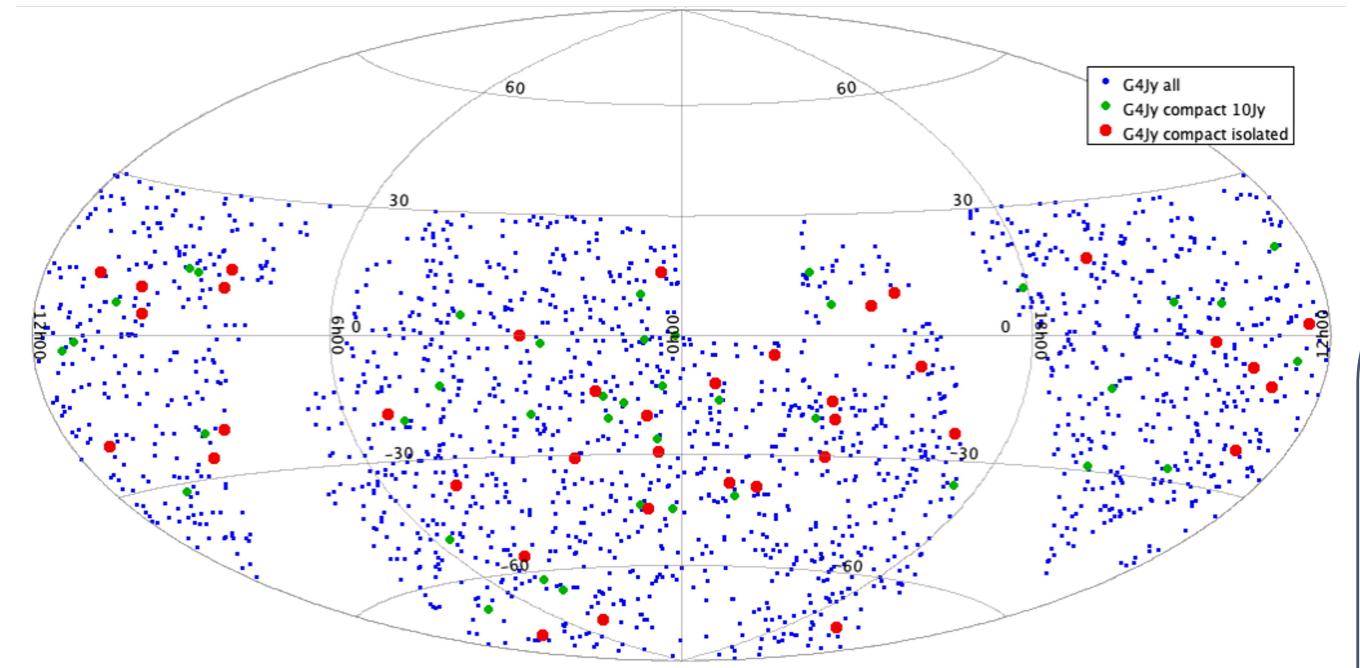


Amp vs. Time Baseline: s10-3@s10-3 & s9-2@s9-2_5592m

Model

amplitude

SKA-Low Calibrator Database (ongoing effort)

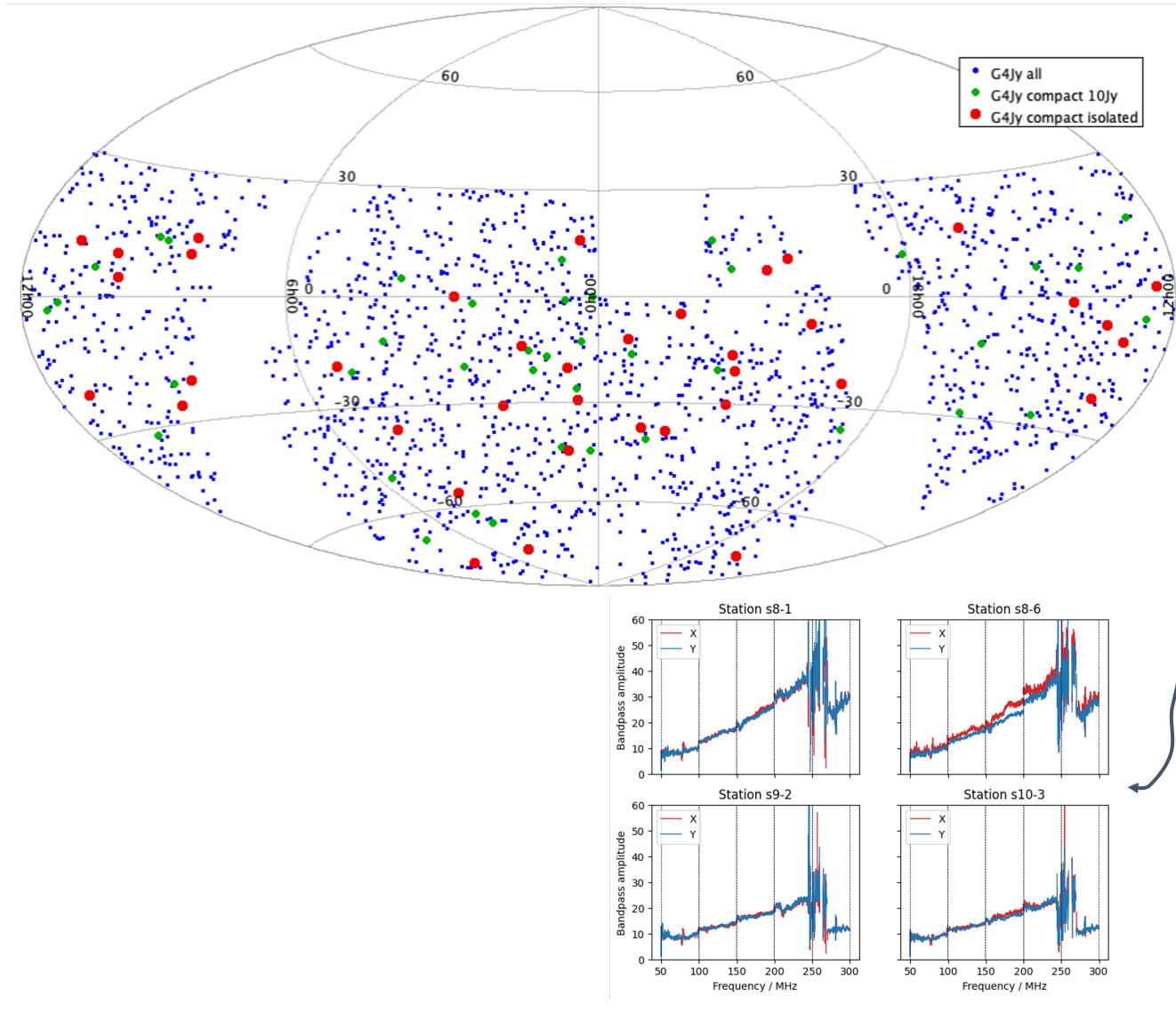


38 compact isolated sources identified from existing catalogs (GLEAM, TGSS...)

Current status

- 23/38 observed across full 50-350 MHz
- Q&A plots of raw visibilities to support Operators
- Bandpass calibration tests for all sources (150-200 MHz only)
- Full bandwidth calibration tests
- Sky model tests with single point source, also with field sources
- Comparing legacy software (Miriad/CASA) and AO Calibrate
- Testing the developing Science Data
 Processor pipelines on real AA0.5 data

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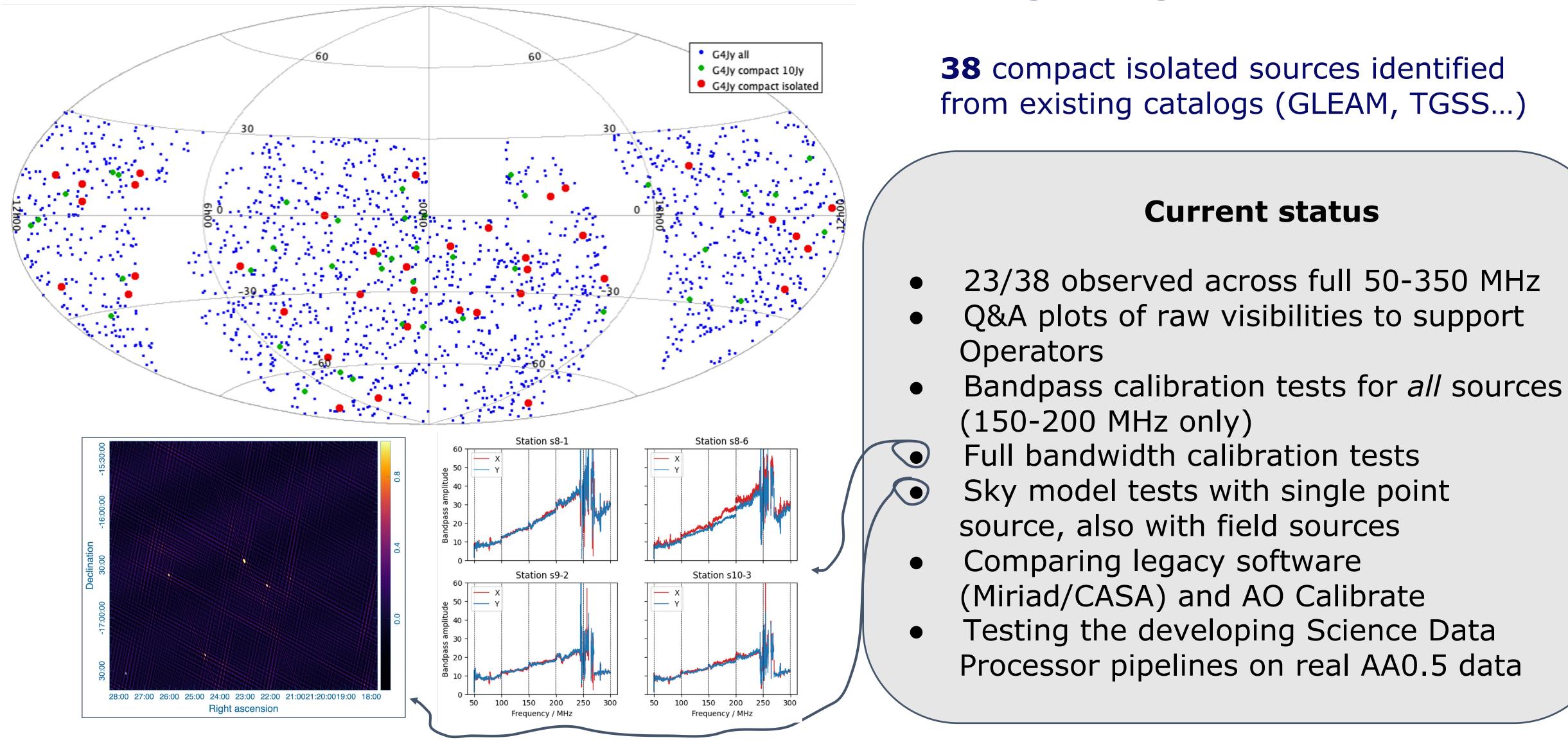


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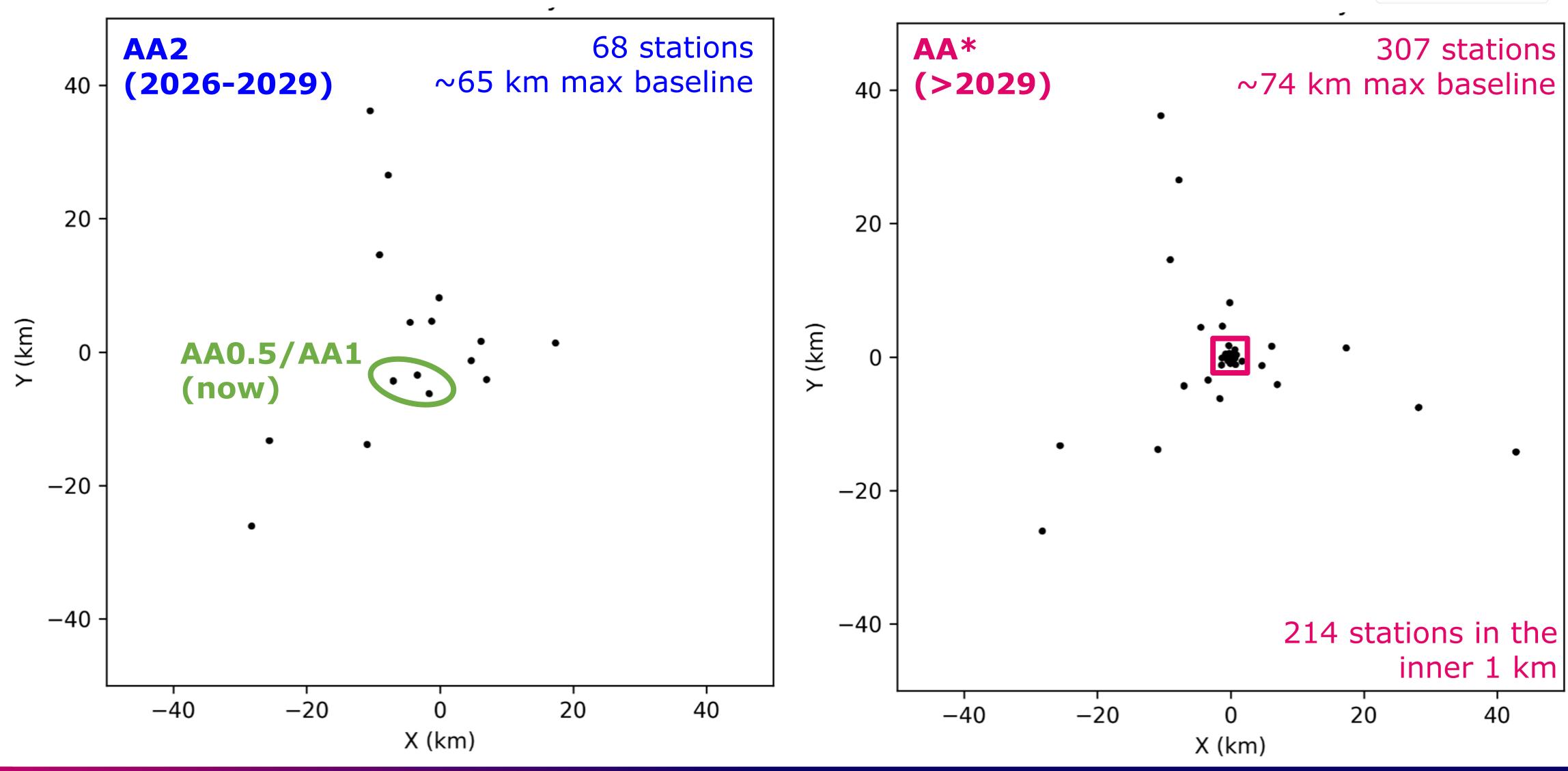


Stage 1 of SKA-Low Global Sky Model (GSM) to kick off the Science Data Processor pipelines!

SKA-Low Array Assemblies







Progression of observational campaigns to establish calibrator database for basic array calibration, enabling Science Verification

These surveys are <u>not</u> designed for science, but resulting Observatory Level Data Products expected to be made public in Science Verification



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4 / 16 stations
Within 3 clusters
Bmax = 5.5 km

- Compact point sources only
- Establish SEDs and field models
- Monitoring for variability



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68 stations
Spiral arms only
Bmax = 65 km

- Full sky coverage, but not expecting GSM entries in MW plane
- Focus: morphology, astrometry, flux scale
- Indicative depth:1 mJy/beam (TBC)



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AA*

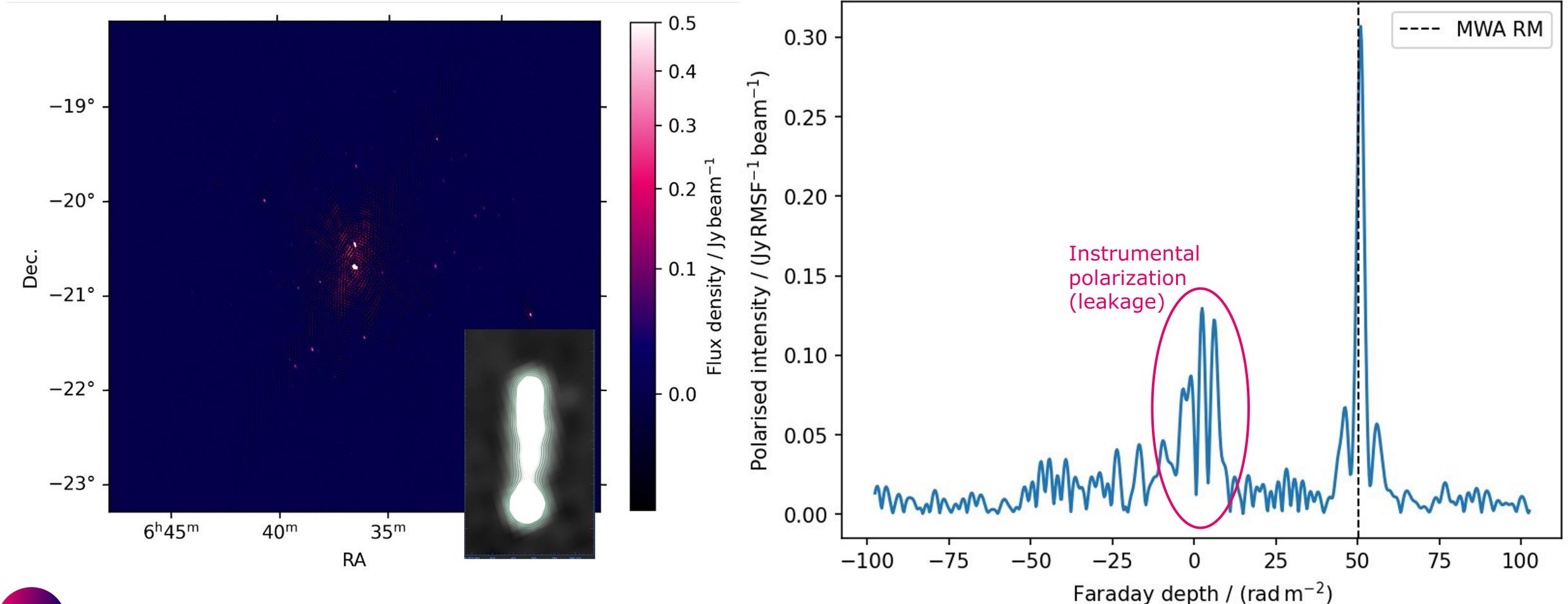
307 stations
Spiral arms and core
Bmax = 74 km

- Full sky coverage, adding MW plane
- Better morphologies
- Better astrometry
- Deeper imaging
- Indicative depth:<1 mJy/beam (TBC)



Polarization

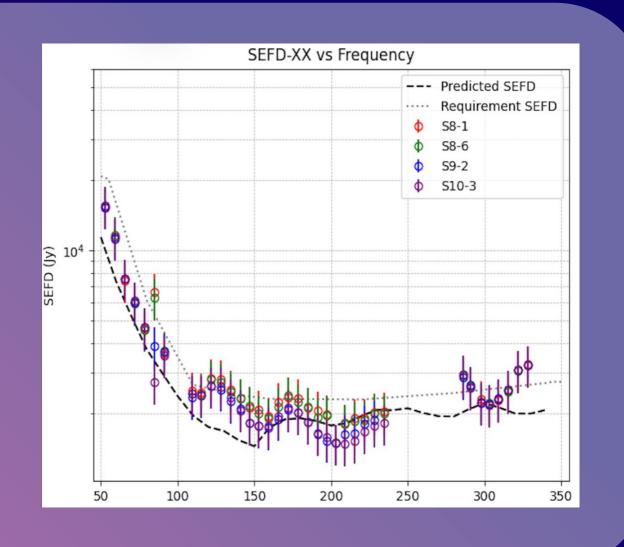
Initial polarization tests from interferometric imaging as well, with RM also aligned with MWA results

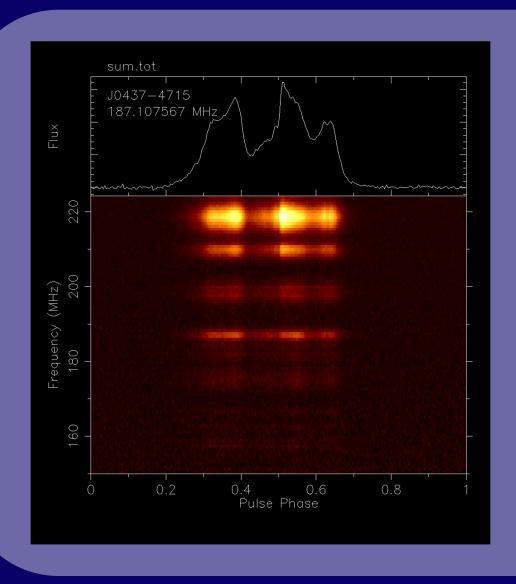




Recap: Science Commissioning outcomes

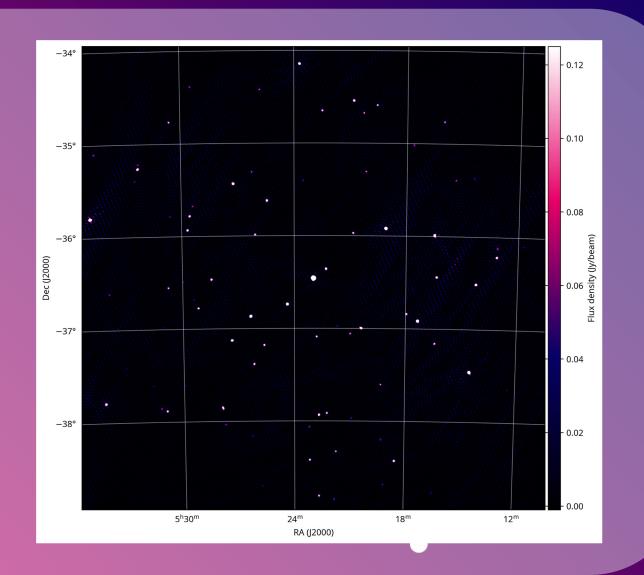
Good single station calibration, pointing, tracking, sensitivity

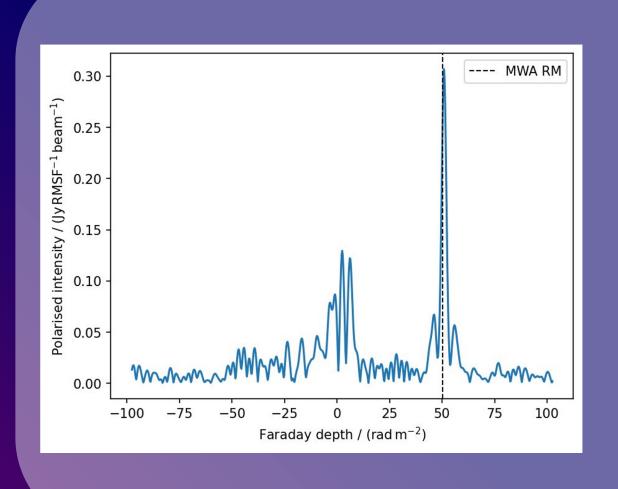




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Good array calibration demonstrated, with first images being produced





Good results for polarimetry, both from pulsar and imaging observations



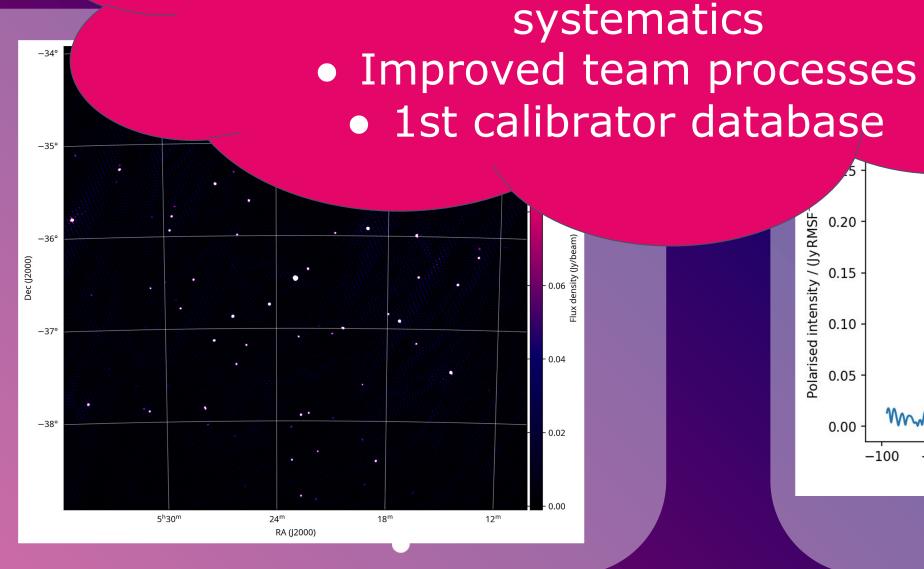
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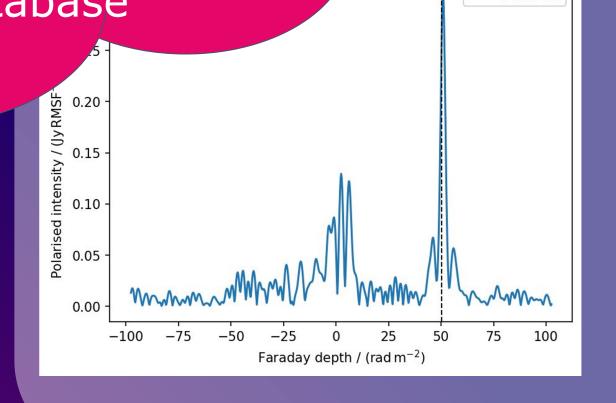
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Feedback:

sciops@skao.int

Science User Q&A:



We recognise and acknowledge the Indigenous peoples and cultures that have traditionally lived on the lands on which our facilities are located.





The Low Science Commissioning Team (left to right):

Sam Mcsweeney, Giulia Macario, George Heald (team leader), Alec Thomson, Shivani Bhandari, Randall Wayth and Xiang Zhang

www.skao.int

We recognise and acknowledge the Traditional Owners of the lands on which our facilities are located, and pay our respects to their Elders past and present.

Australia's Indigenous people are the first scientists and have long standing knowledge of the Universe that we continue to build on today.

We acknowledge the Wajarri Yamaji as the Traditional Owners and native title holders of Inyarrimanha Ilgari Bundara, the CSIRO Murchison Radio-astronomy Observatory, where we are building the SKA-Low telescope in Australia.

We acknowledge the Whadjuk Noongar as the traditional owners of the land where our Science Operations Centre is situated in Perth, and the Southern Yamatji as the traditional owners of the land where our Engineering Operations Centre is situated in Geraldton.

I also pay my respects to all First Nations people in attendance.



A collaborative painting from Aboriginal Yamaji artists from WA for the SKAO Shared Sky exhibition. Credit: Yamaji Arts Centre.

