



# Supernova science with the HWO

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# Introduction

### Scope of the talk

Supernova science is not only based on target-of-opportunity (ToO) observations

What can be done with HWO proposed instrumentation?

Potential ToO breakthrough science

Science cases driving the proposal for a fourth instrument

# **Unveiling SN progenitors**

**Non-ToO Science** 

Direct detection of SN progenitors (core-collapse)

Search for failed-SN events

Search for PISNe and/or analog-Pop III SNe

Environments and host galaxies of supernovae-related phenomena

# **SN** progenitors

## **Direct detection of SN progenitor**

Diffraction limit of HWO

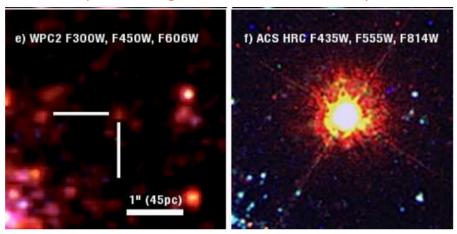
=> 10 pc at distance of Coma cluster

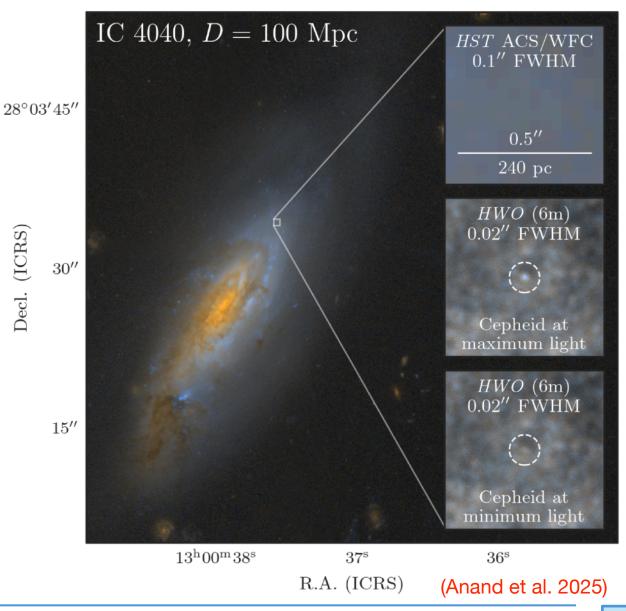
(ICRS)

Decl.

 $M_V = -4$  mag => SNR ~ 10,  $t_{exp} = 2$  hrs

(SN 2003gd case - Smartt 2009)



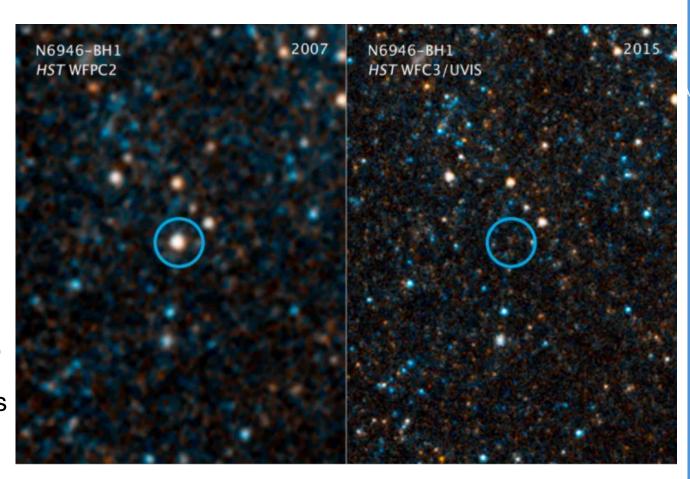


# **SN** progenitors

#### **Failed SNe**

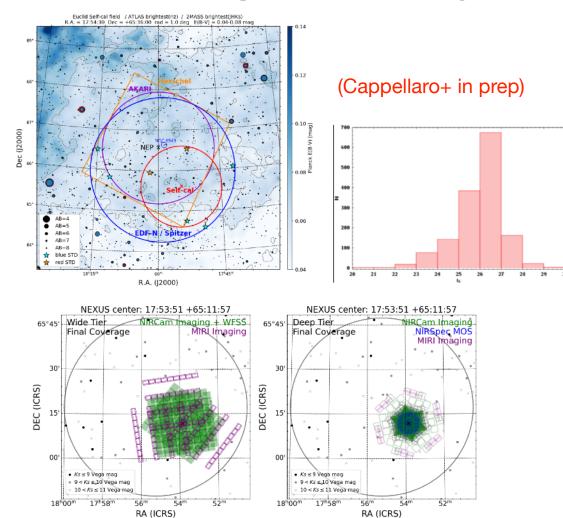
**Direct collapse** to a black hole

- High-res spatially-resolved observations of nearby galaxies
- Synergy with previous observations by space telescopes (HST, JWST, Roman, Euclid)
- Take advantage of exceptional characteristics
   of the HWO/HRI



(Kochanek et al. 2017)

# Deep high-z surveys



### Deep survey of cosmological field(s)

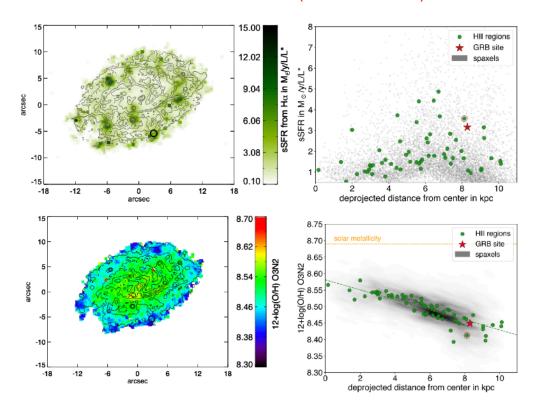
Based on the JADES-JWST & Euclid experience
Inspired by the NEXUS-JWST

- => Systematic search of SNe at z > 2-3
  - => Identify SLSNe & **PISNe**
  - => SN rates at high-redshift
  - => Extending SN-la cosmology

Usage of NIR filters + HRI (lambda > 2000 nm)

# Immediate environments and host galaxies

#### GRB 171205A host (Thone+ 2025)



#### IFU/MOS NUV/FUV observations

Exploiting the UV-MOS instrument

Unprecedented **HR** study of transients host galaxies

IFU => immediate environments observations

- metallicity estimates

(abs. lines and direct method - if 436.3 nm)

- (s)SFR

- accurate extinction measurement
  - young stellar populations

## **ToO SN science**

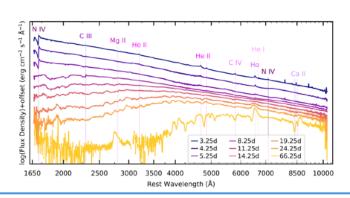
#### UV/MOS — two main science cases

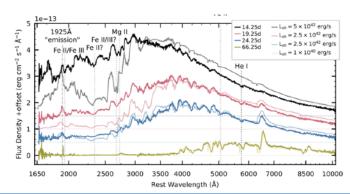
### **RAPID ToO - Disruptive**

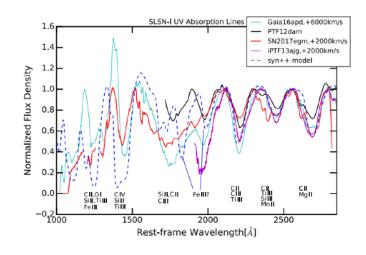
UV is dominant in very young SNe (<5 dd) and GRBs

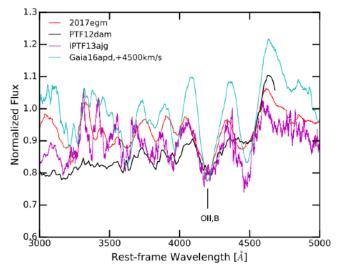
- => flash-ionization lines from surrounding CSM
- => metallicity from abs lines in immediate medium

### Important for FBOT, GRB-SNe, SLSNe









(Azalee Boestroem+ 2024 ,Lin+ 2018)

## **ToO SN science**

### UV/MOS — two main science cases

### Non-Disruptive ToO / survey mode

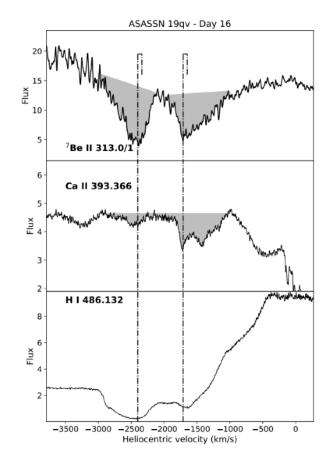
Lithium abundances from novae

=> identify <sup>7</sup>Be 313 nm

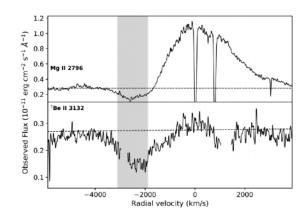
=> check with Mg II 280 nm

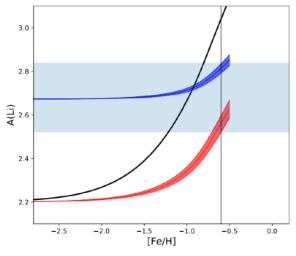
=> targets from LSST/ZTF/

Li enrichment in nearby galaxies



#### (Izzo + 2022)





# A science case for a potential 4th HWO instrument

### The first stellar explosions

**Unveiling the nature of first stars** 

Identify the first Pair-Instability SNE and very high-z GRB

Common at very high-redshifts (z > 3)

Efficient identification in color (optical-NIR) analyses

=> Need of HRI optical/NIR surveys for their ID

NIR filters are needed to distinguish PISNe from low-z SNe

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29.0 -1.0 (Moriya+ 2023)

=> medium-resolution NIR/MIR spectrograph (NIRSPEC-JWST/SHARP) to characterize the rest-frame spectral emission of these events - useful also for planetary science

Thank you !!!