

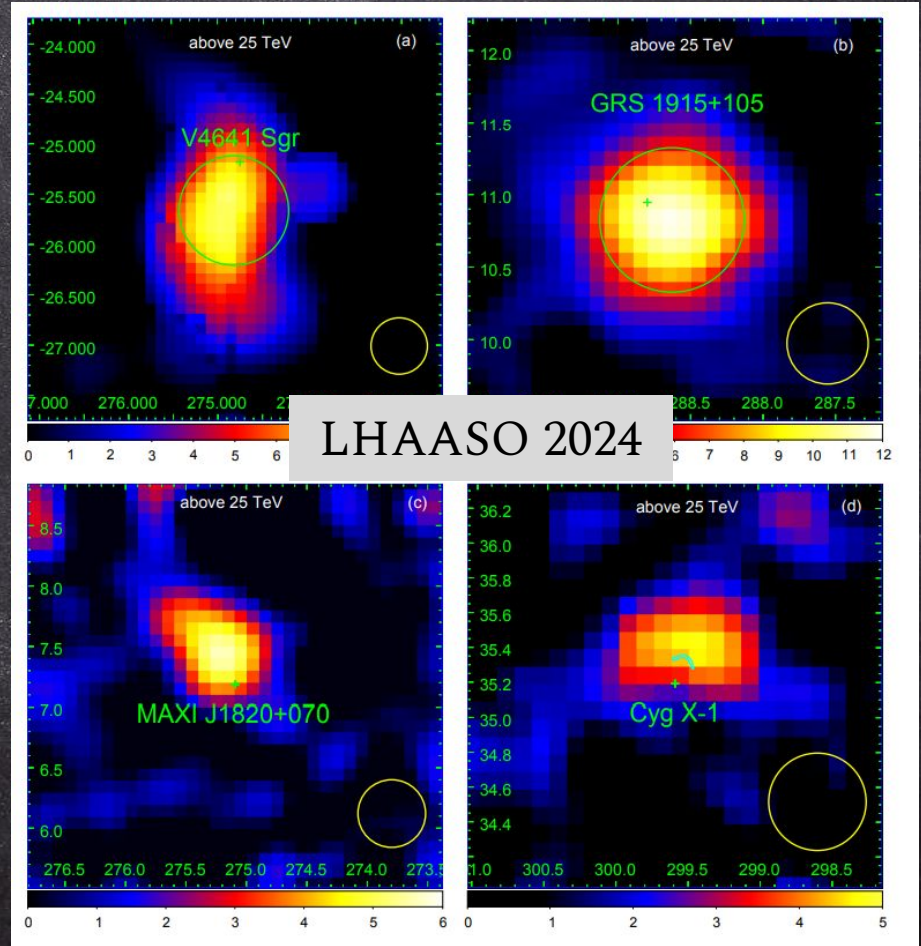
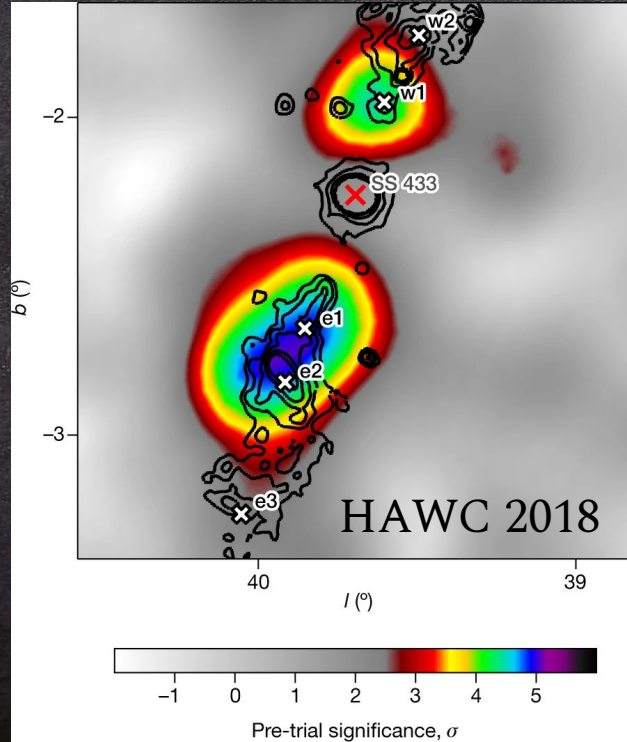
Revising the TeV emission of microquasars; the case of Cygnus X-1

Dimitrios Kantzas
LAPTh/CNRS

with
Francesca Calore, Marco Chianese, Sera Markoff, Matteo Lucchini, Chiara
Ceccobello, Koushik Chatterjee, Alex Cooper, Daniele Gaggero, Pedro De La Torre
Luque, Maria Petropoulou & CHOCBOX collaboration

Black hole X-ray binaries in TeV γ -rays

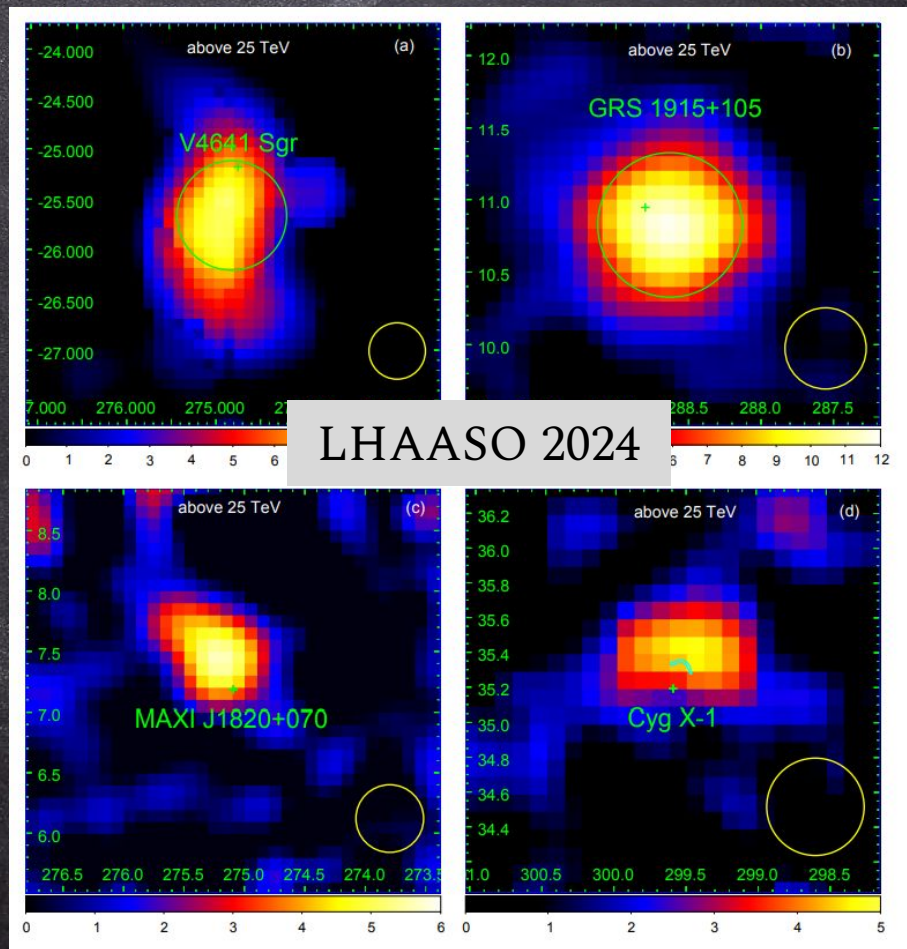
above 25 TeV



BHXBs are cosmic ray accelerators !?

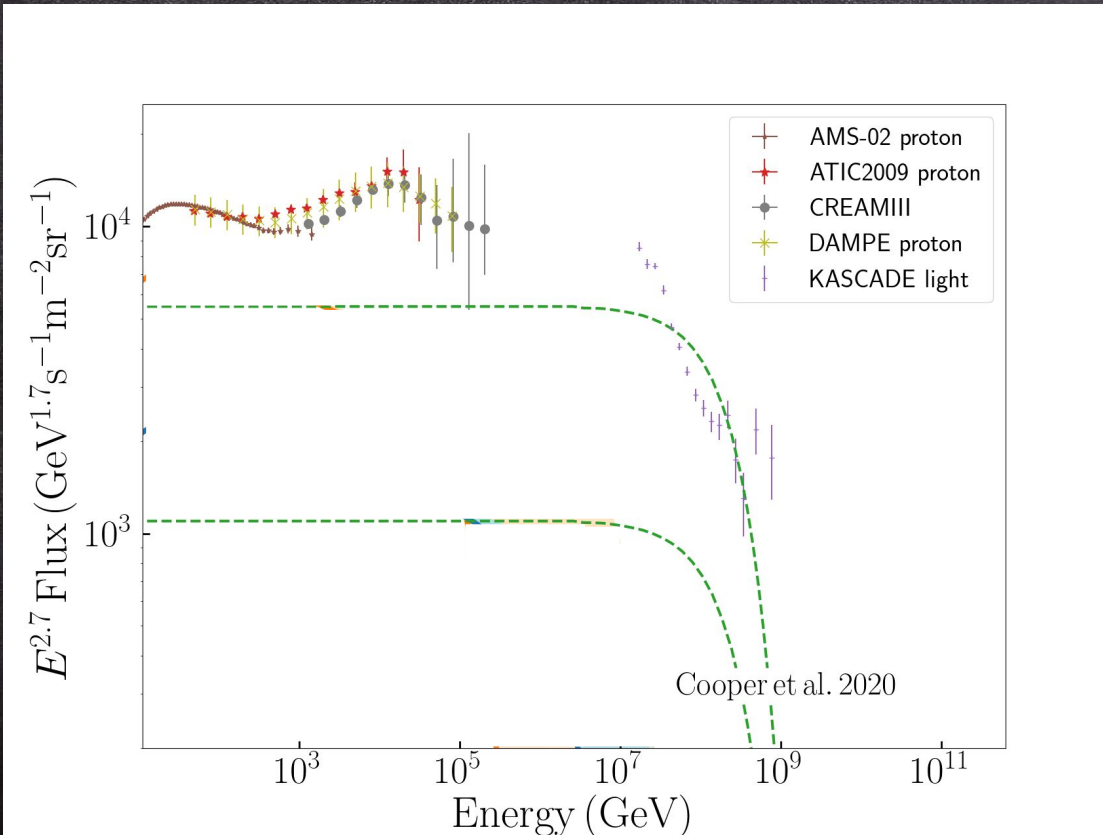
No surprise because it was
predicted from

- Population analysis
- Spectral modelling



Contribution of BHXBs to the CR proton spectrum

... in the hard state

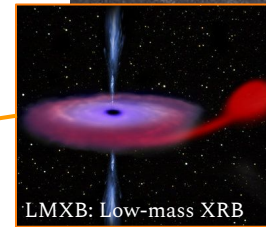
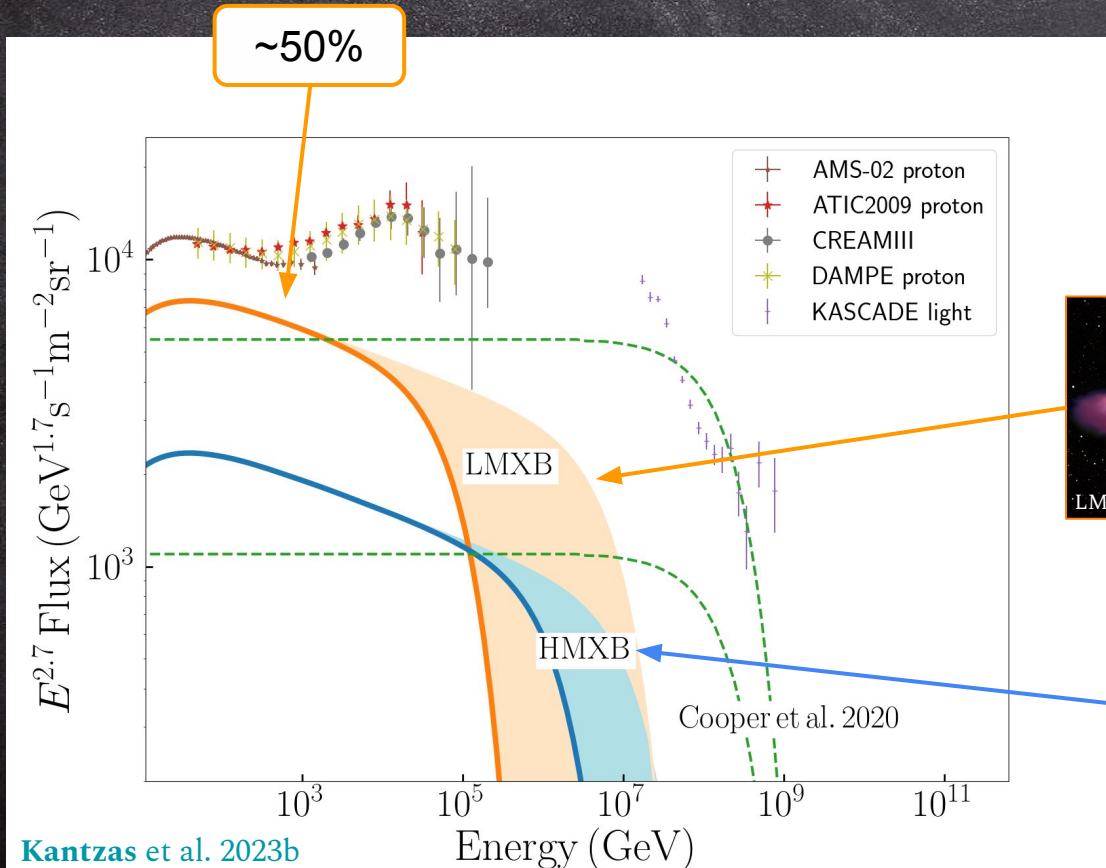


See also

Levinson & Waxman 2001
Romero et al. 2003
Romero & Orellana 2005
Torres et al. 2005 Bednarek
et al. 2005 Romero & Vila
2008
Reynoso et al. 2008
Zhang et al. 2010
Carulli et al. 2021

Contribution of BHXBs to the CR proton spectrum

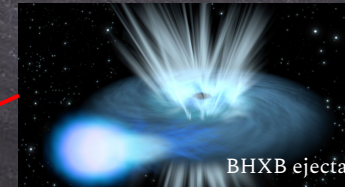
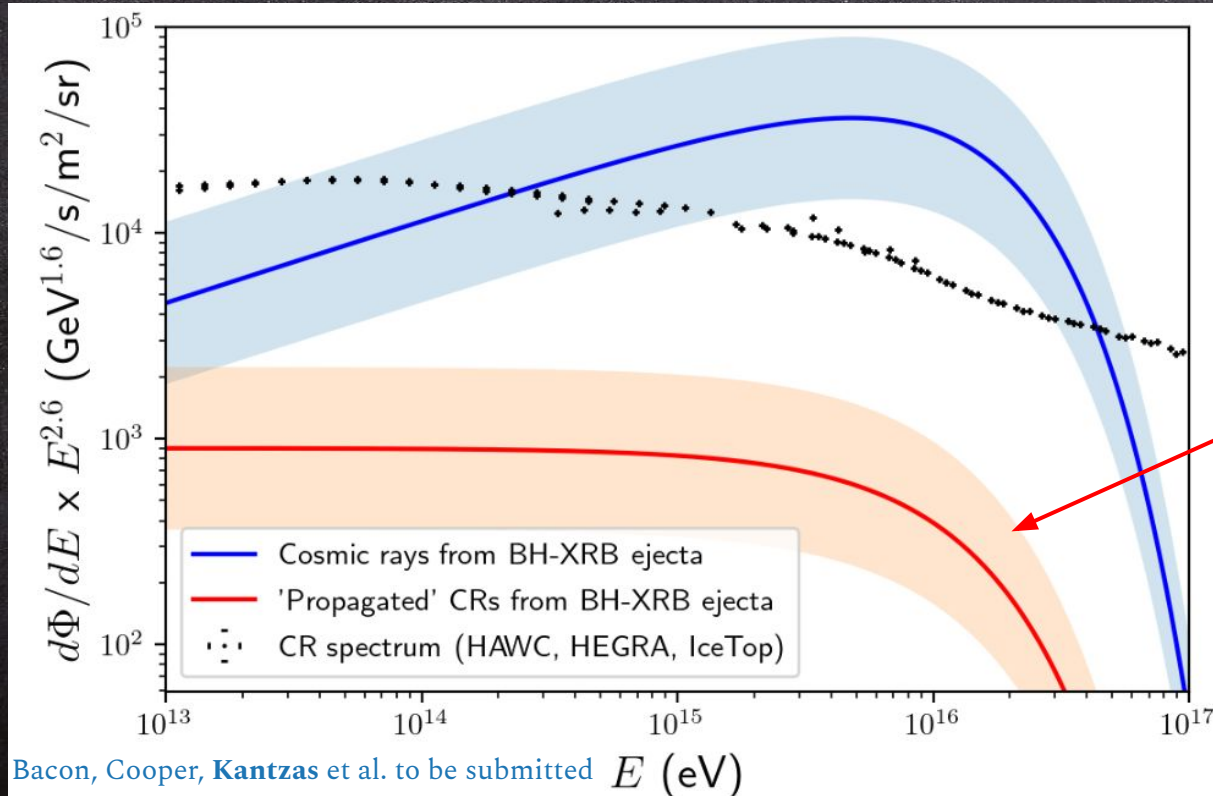
... in the hard state



See also
Levinson & Waxman 2001
Romero et al. 2003
Romero & Orellana 2005
Torres et al. 2005 Bednarek
et al. 2005 Romero & Vila
2008
Reynoso et al. 2008
Zhang et al. 2010
Carulli et al. 2021

Contribution of BHXBs to the CR proton spectrum

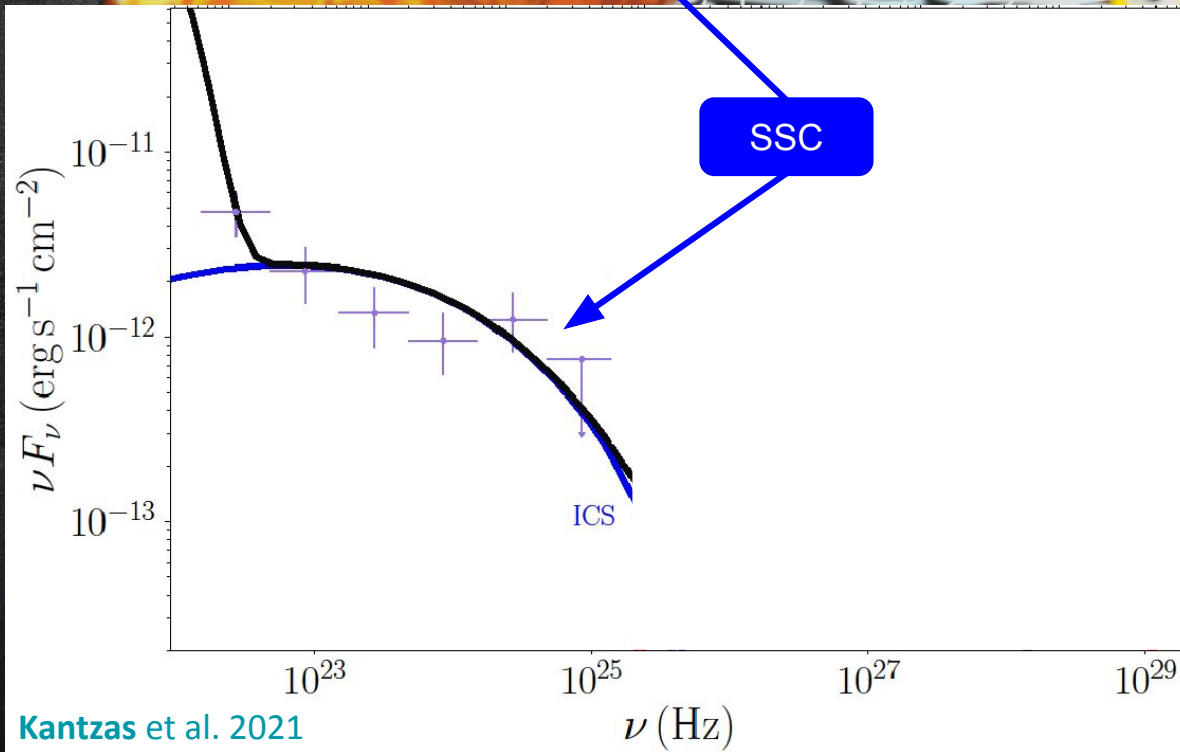
... from ejecta



See also
[Kantzas et al. 2024](#)
for quiescence

Multiwavelength constraints from Cygnus X-1

... before LHAASO

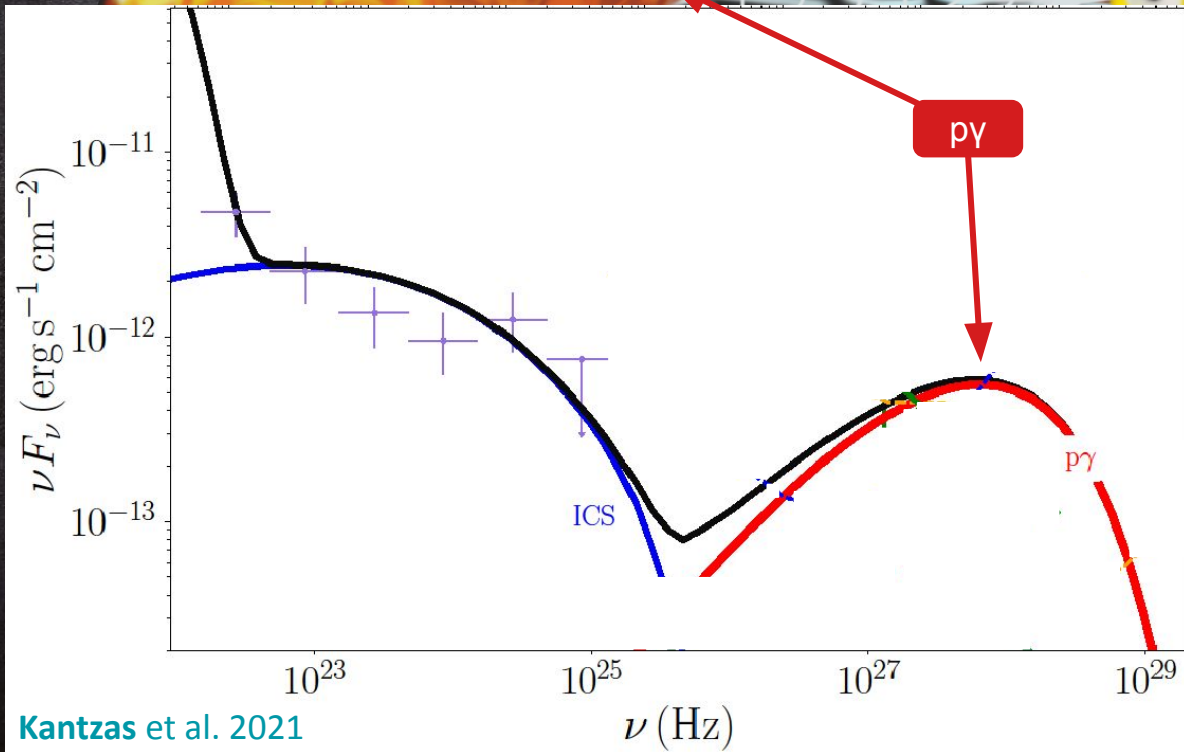


Kantzas et al. 2021

- Hard particle spectra ($p=1.7$)

Multiwavelength constraints from Cygnus X-1

... before LHAASO

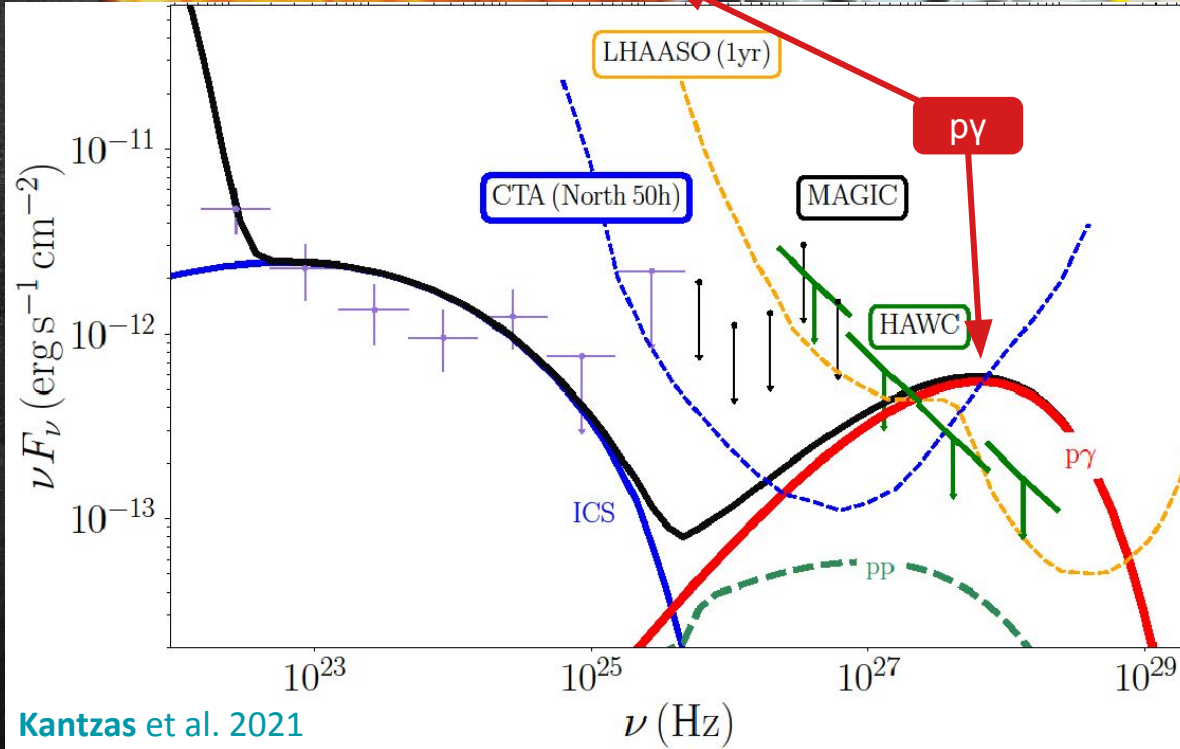


Kantzas et al. 2021

- Hard particle spectra ($p=1.7$)
- $p\gamma$ leads to TeV
- both leptonic and hadronic contribution

Multiwavelength constraints from Cygnus X-1

... before LHAASO

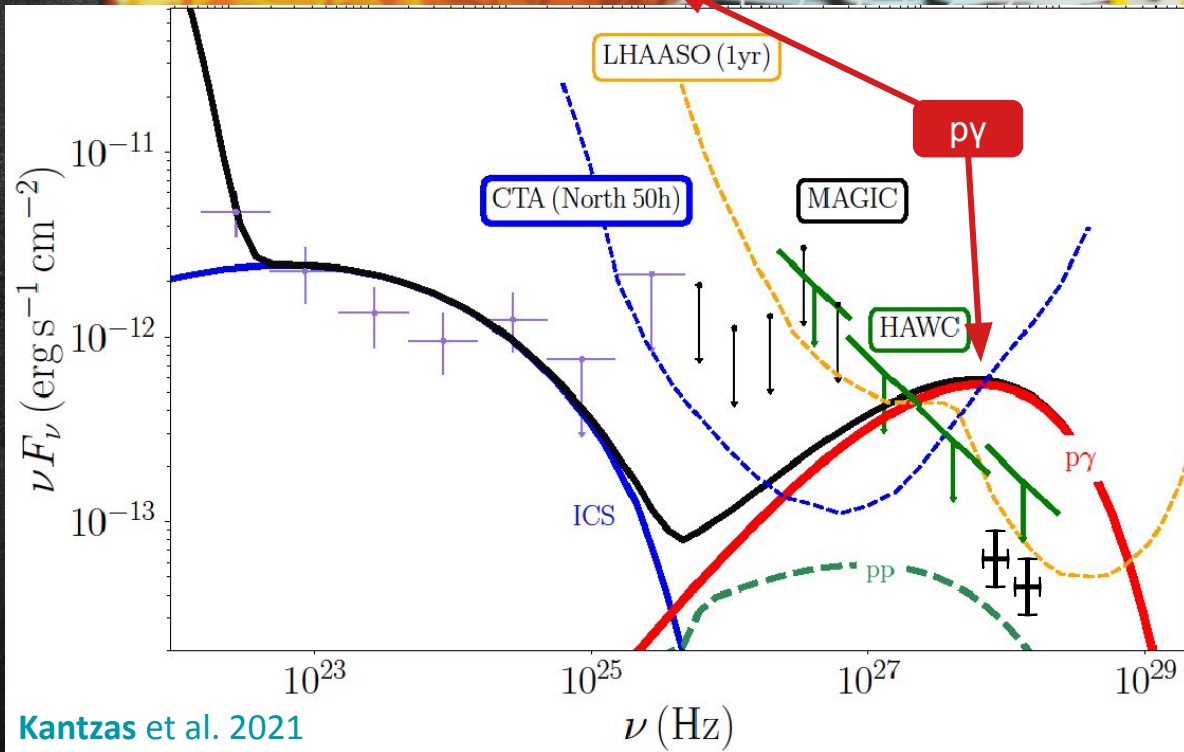


Kantzas et al. 2021

- Hard particle spectra ($p=1.7$)
- $p\gamma$ leads to TeV
- both leptonic and hadronic contribution
- CTA and LHAASO will detect it
- particle dominated jets

Multiwavelength constraints from Cygnus X-1

... before LHAASO



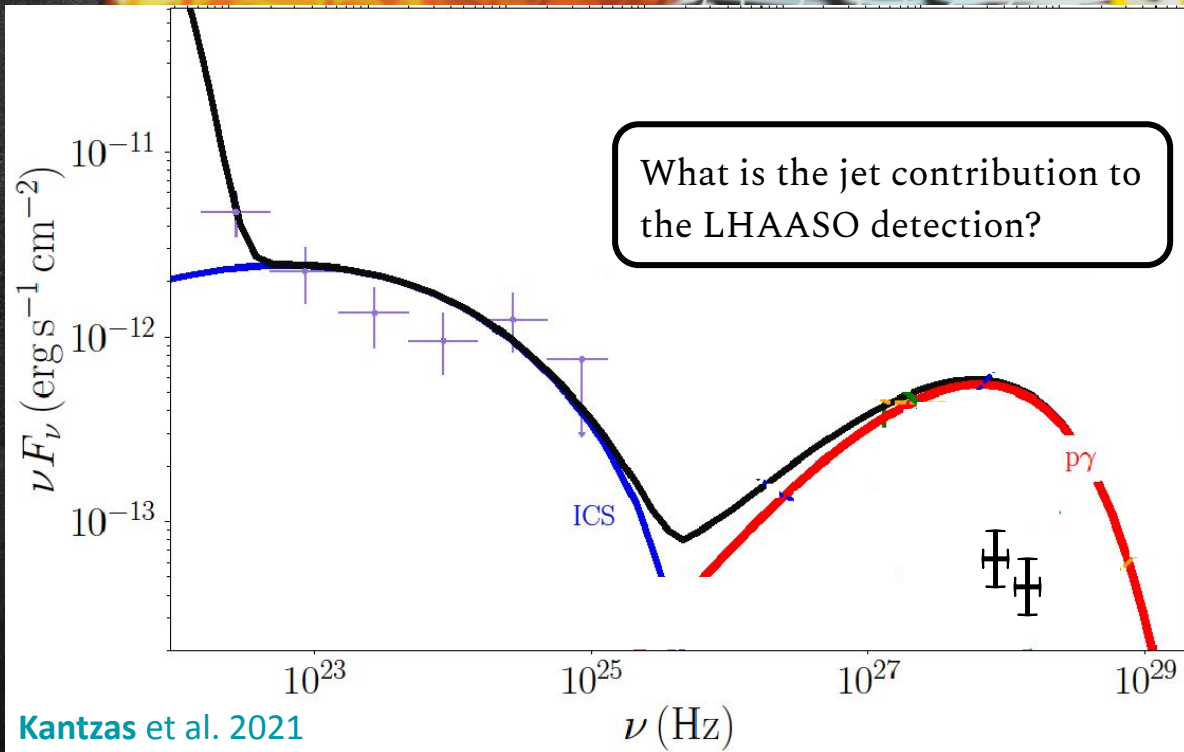
Kantzas et al. 2021

- Hard particle spectra ($p=1.7$)
- py leads to TeV
- both leptonic and hadronic contribution
- CTAO and LHAASO will detect it
- particle dominated jets

LHAASO does detect it !!

Multiwavelength constraints from Cygnus X-1

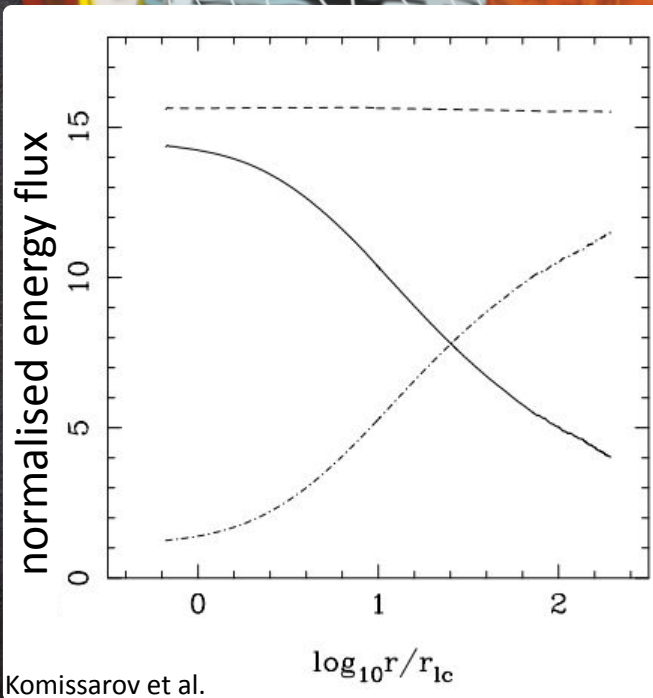
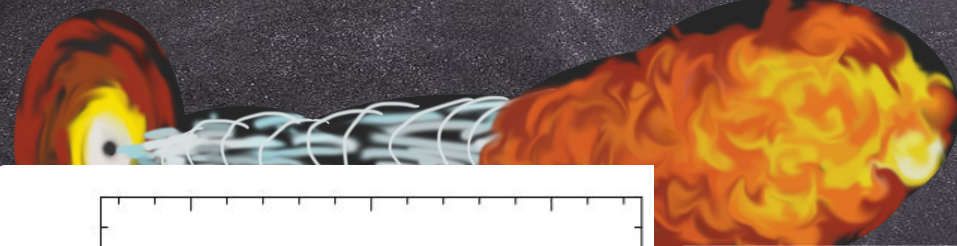
... before LHAASO



- Hard particle spectra ($p=1.7$)
- $p\gamma$ leads to TeV
- both leptonic and hadronic contribution
- CTAO and LHAASO will detect it
- particle dominated jets

LHAASO does detect it !!

Jet acceleration and energy dissipation



Komissarov et al.

See also: Vlahakis et al. 2003, 2004, Beskin & Nokhrina 2006, McKinney et al. 2006, 2009, Komissarov et al. 2009, Tchekhovskoy et al. 2008, 2011, 2016

total energy flux/rest mass flux: $\mu = \gamma (\sigma + 1)$

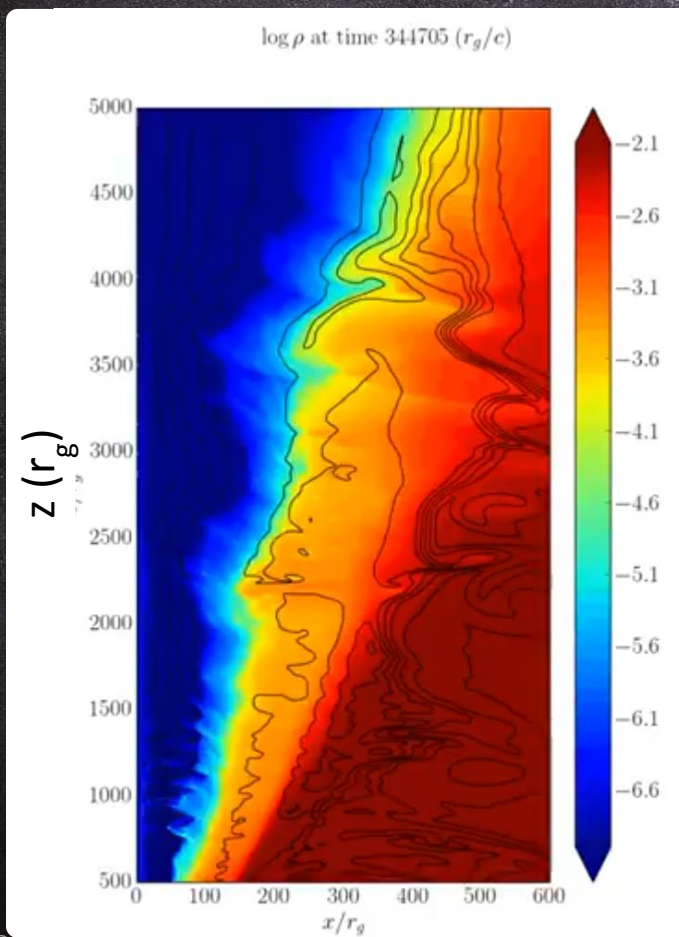
bulk Lorentz factor: γ

magnetisation: $\sigma = B^2 / 4\pi \rho c^2$

jet mass density

Magnetic energy
dissipates to accelerate
the jet & thermalize the
particles

Mass loaded jets



General Relativity
MagnetoHydroDynamic
(GRMHD) simulations of
Chatterjee et al. 2019;
 $6000 \times 800 \times 1$ with *H-AMR*
(Liska et al. 2018a,b,c)

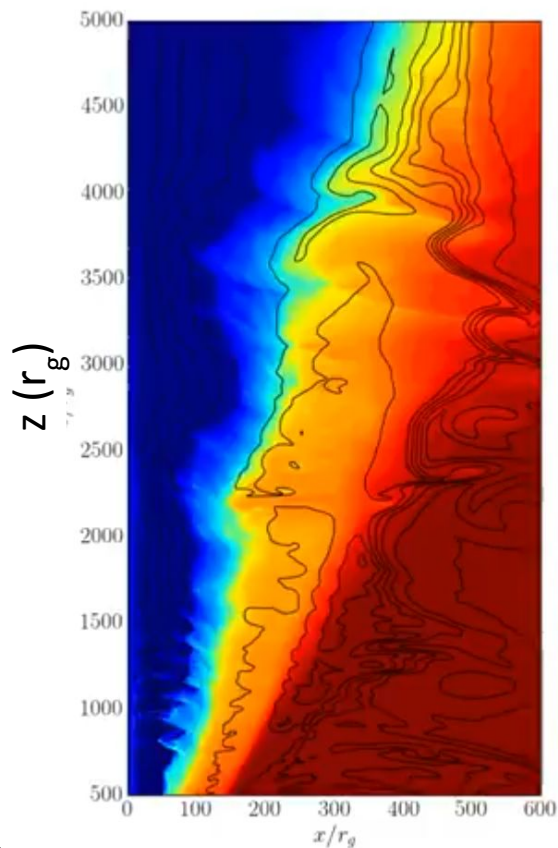
Magnetic energy
dissipates to accelerate
the jet & thermalize the
particles

Chatterjee et al. 2019

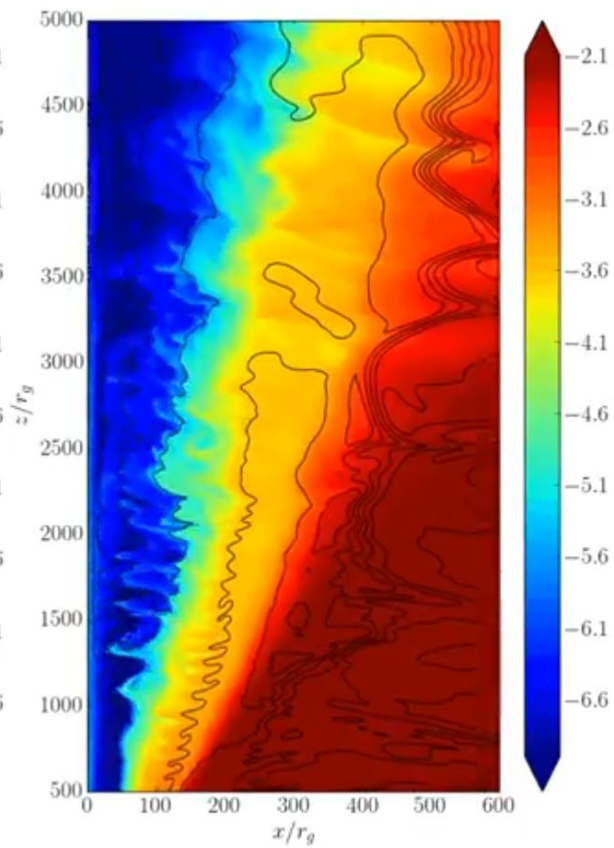
See also: Eichler 1993; Spruit et al. 1997;
Begelman 1998; Giannios & Spruit 2006;
Sironi et al. 2021

Mass loaded jets

$\log \rho$ at time 344705 (r_g/c)



$\log \rho$ at time 393506 (r_g/c)



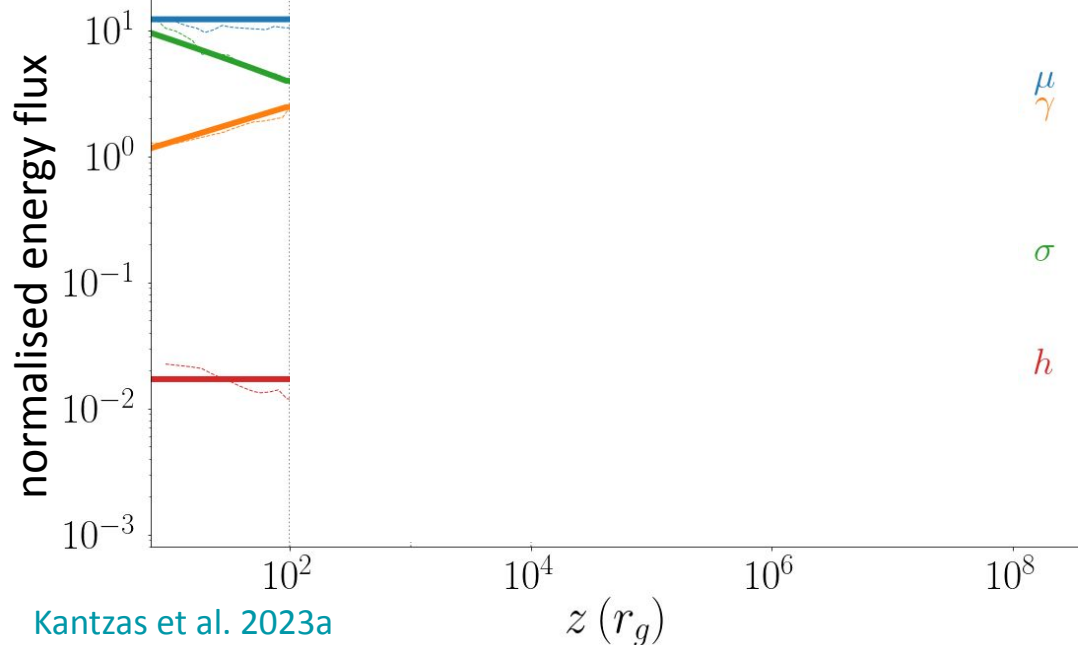
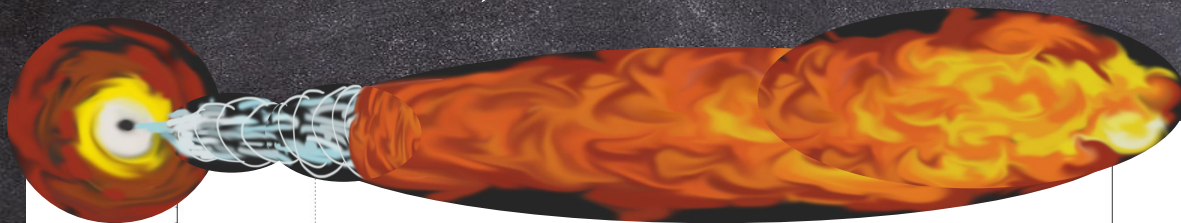
General Relativity
MagnetoHydroDynamic
(GRMHD) simulations of
Chatterjee et al. 2019;
 $6000 \times 800 \times 1$ with *H-AMR*
(Liska et al. 2018a,b,c)

Magnetic energy
dissipates to accelerate
the jet & thermalize the
particles

Chatterjee et al. 2019

See also: Eichler 1993; Spruit et al. 1997;
Begelman 1998; Giannios & Spruit 2006;
Sironi et al. 2021

Mass loaded jets



... the analytical approach

total energy flux/rest mass flux: $\mu = \gamma(\sigma + h + 1)$

magnetisation: $\sigma = B^2 / 4\pi \rho c^2$

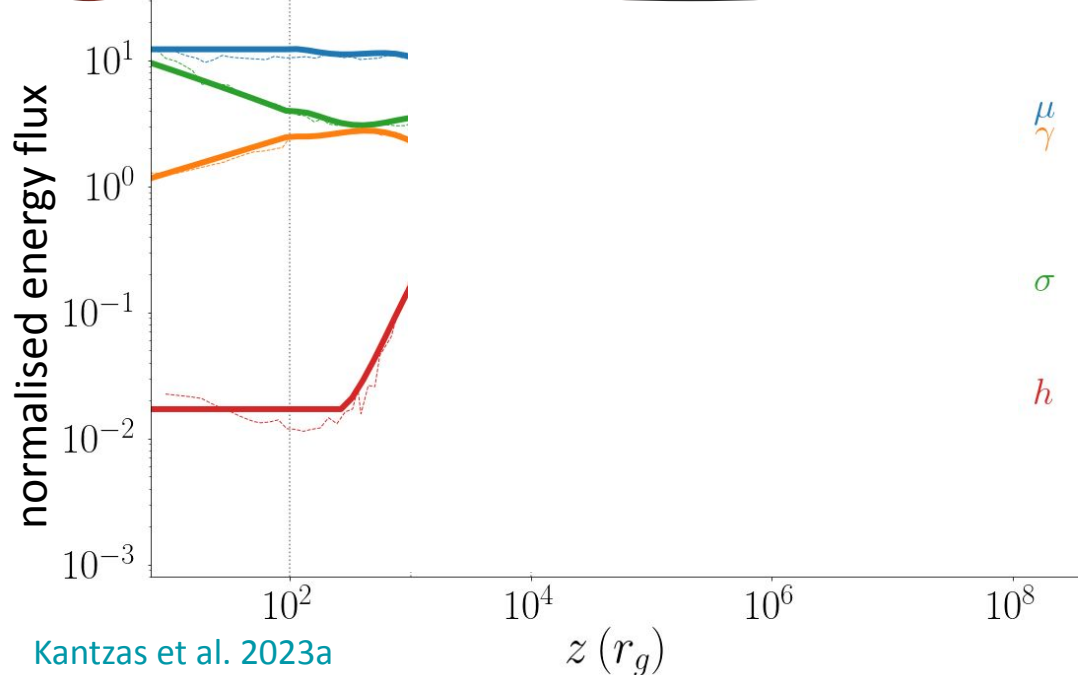
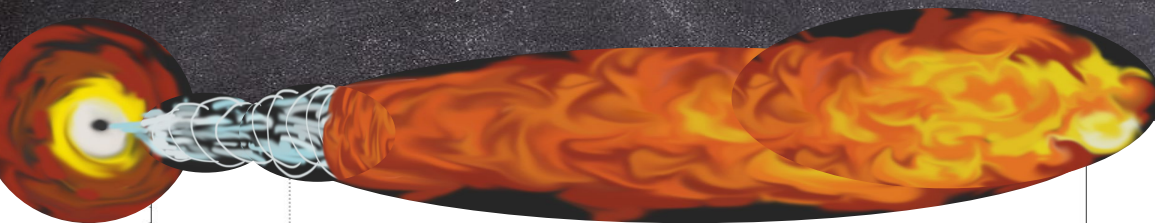
bulk Lorentz factor: γ

specific enthalpy: $h = (U_{\text{gas}} + P_{\text{gas}}) / \rho c^2$

jet mass density

Mass loaded jets

... the analytical approach



total energy flux/rest mass flux: $\mu = \gamma(\sigma + h + 1)$

magnetisation: $\sigma = B^2 / 4\pi \rho c^2$

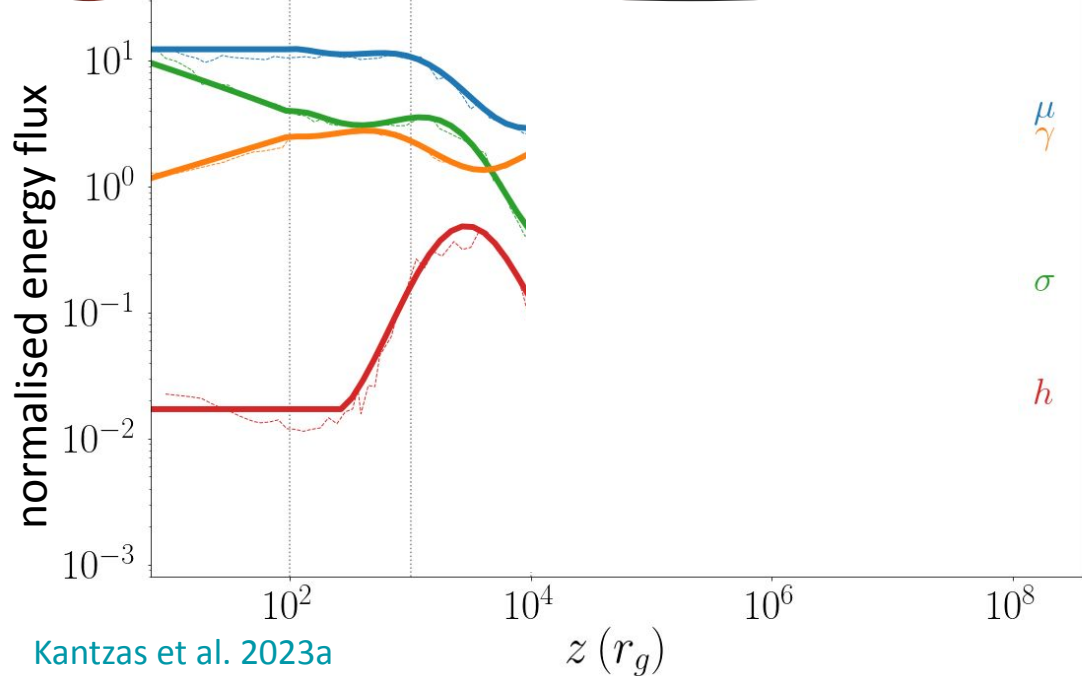
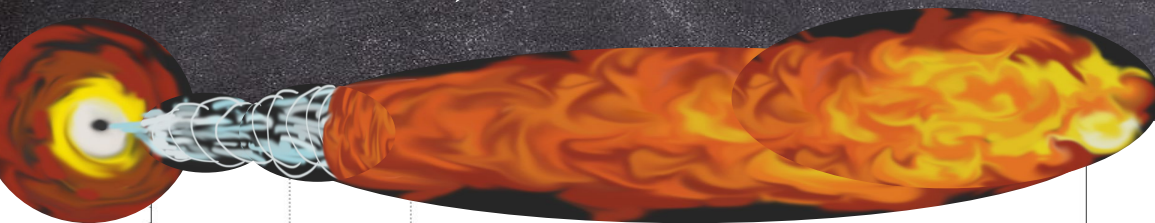
bulk Lorentz factor: γ

specific enthalpy: $h = (U_{\text{gas}} + P_{\text{gas}}) / \rho c^2$

jet mass density

Mass loaded jets

... the analytical approach



total energy flux/rest mass flux: $\mu = \gamma(\sigma + h + 1)$

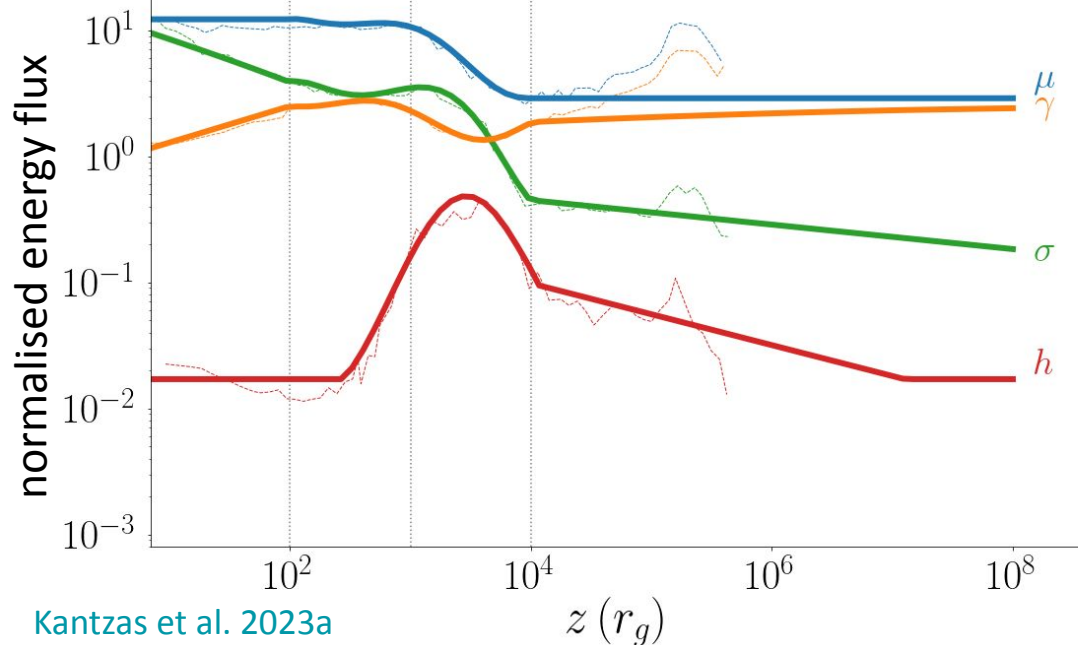
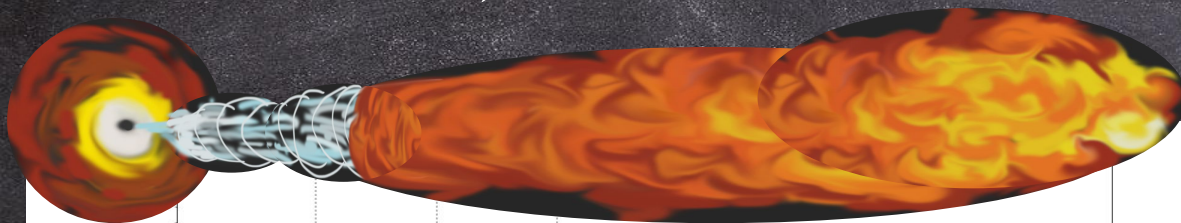
magnetisation: $\sigma = B^2 / 4\pi \rho c^2$

bulk Lorentz factor: γ

specific enthalpy: $h = (U_{\text{gas}} + P_{\text{gas}}) / \rho c^2$

jet mass density

Mass loaded jets



Kantzas et al. 2023a

... the analytical approach

total energy flux/rest mass flux: $\mu = \gamma(\sigma + h + 1)$

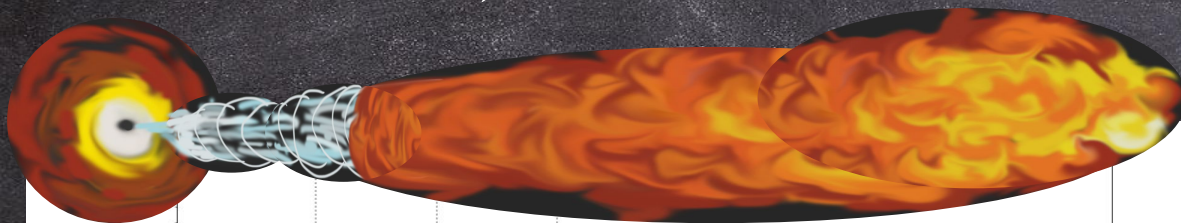
magnetisation: $\sigma = B^2 / 4\pi \rho c^2$

bulk Lorentz factor: γ

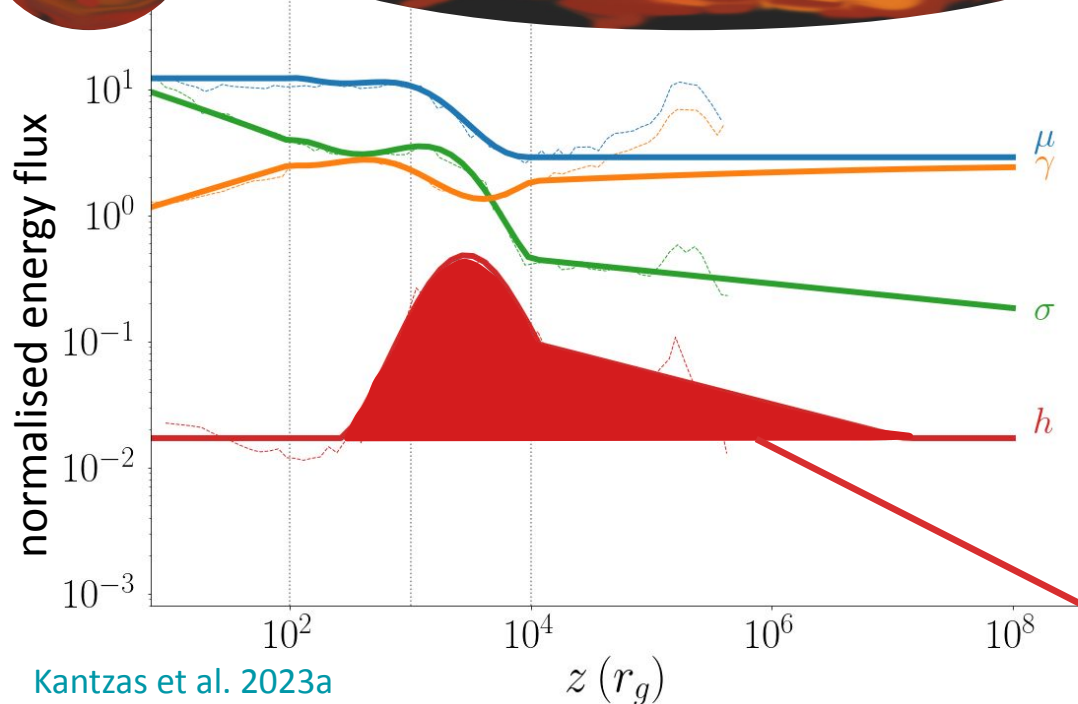
specific enthalpy: $h = (U_{\text{gas}} + P_{\text{gas}}) / \rho c^2$

jet mass density

Mass loaded jets



... the analytical approach



Kantzas et al. 2023a

total energy flux/rest mass flux: $\mu = \gamma$
($\sigma + h + 1$)

magnetisation: $\sigma = B^2 / 4\pi \rho c^2$

bulk Lorentz factor: γ

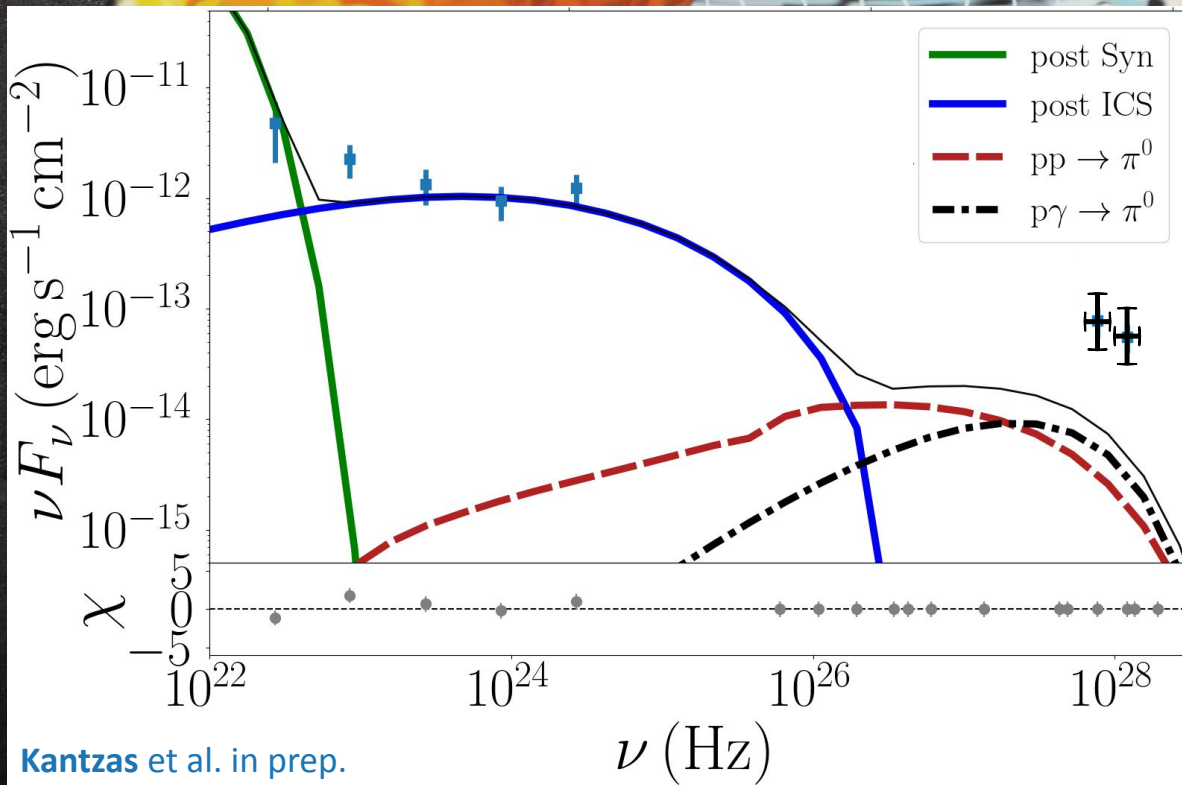
specific enthalpy: $h = (U_{\text{gas}} + P_{\text{gas}}) / \rho c^2$

jet mass density

proton energy

Multiwavelength constraints from Cygnus X-1

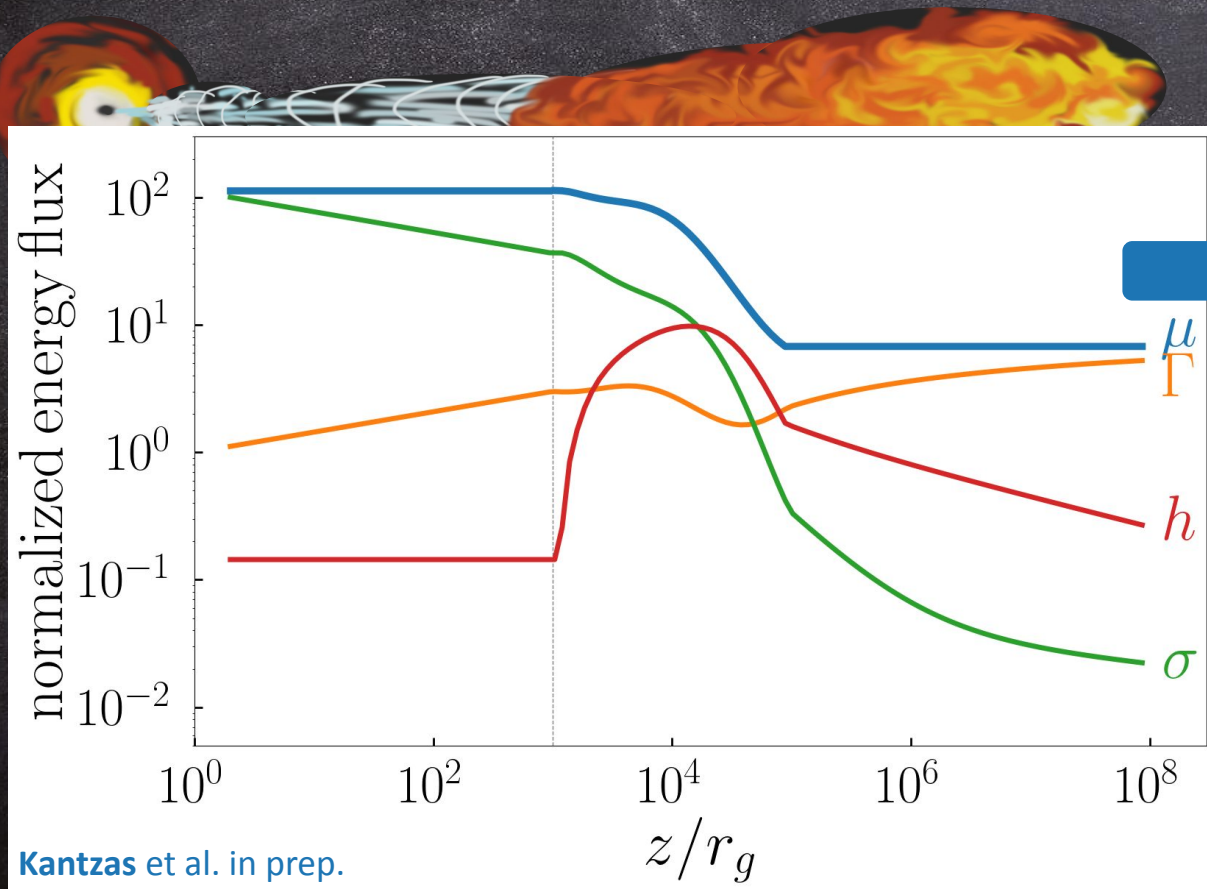
... after LHAASO



Kantzas et al. in prep.

- Hard particle spectra ($p=1.7$)
- 10% hadronic contribution
- possible reacceleration
- mass loaded jets

Mass loaded jets of Cygnus X-1



total energy flux/rest mass flux: $\mu = \gamma$
($\sigma + h + 1$)

magnetisation: $\sigma = B^2 / 4\pi \rho c^2$

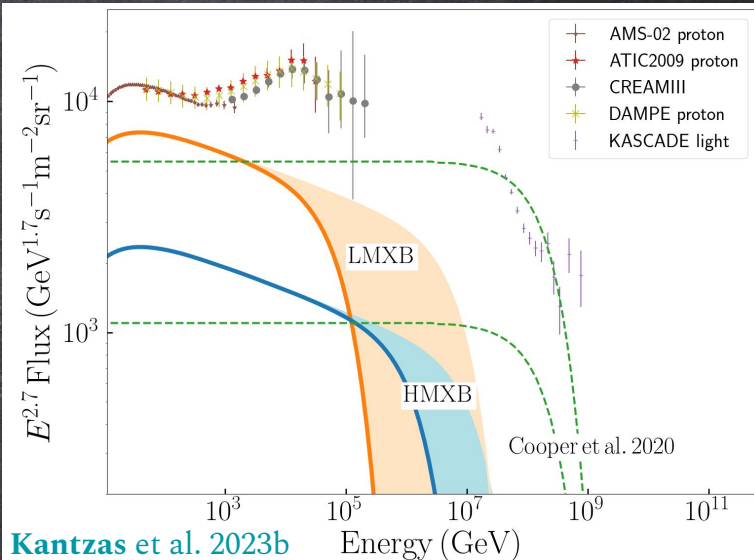
bulk Lorentz factor: γ

specific enthalpy: $h = (U_{\text{gas}} + P_{\text{gas}}) / \rho c^2$

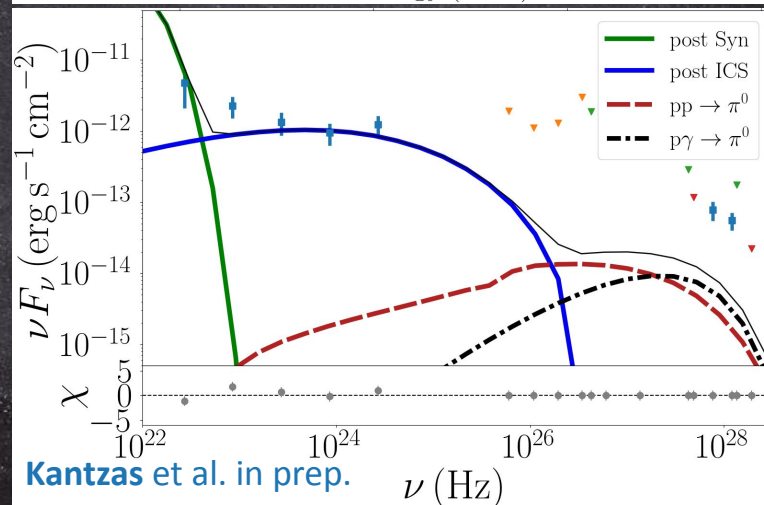
jet mass density

Take home messages

- BHXBs are CR accelerators $\leftrightarrow$ γ -ray emitters
 - Theoretically predicted & observationally confirmed
- Mass-loading jets can explain the MW spectrum of Cygnus X-1
 - Reacceleration required to fully explain the TeV emission (work in progress)



Kantzas et al. 2023b



Kantzas et al. in prep.