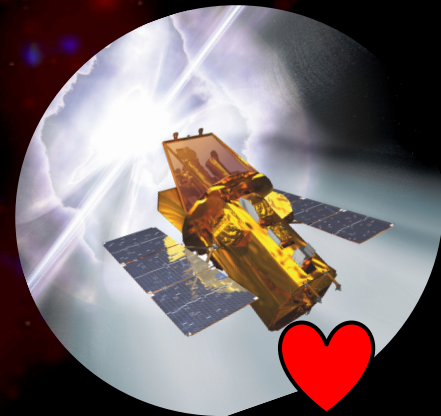


Completing 20 years of Swift/XRT Monitoring of the Galactic Center



Nathalie Degenaar (University of Amsterdam)

Jamie Kennea, Mark Reynolds, Rudy Wijnands, Jon Miller + collaboration

Factsheet Swift/XRT Campaign



~25 arcmin / ~60 pc

Start:

2006 February

Cadence:

1 ks / day

Sensitivity:

$L_x \sim 5 \times 10^{33} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$

So far:

3550 pointings (3.3 Ms)

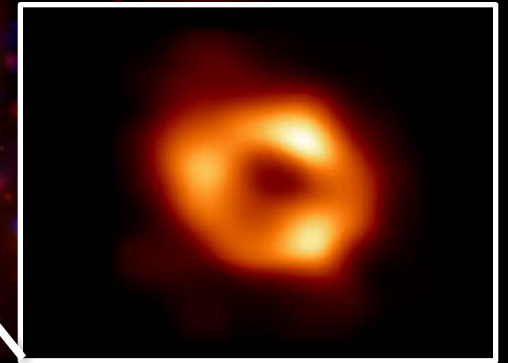
Why the Galactic Center?

Rich environment to study compact objects

Supermassive black hole

Sgr A*

X



Why the Galactic Center?

XMMU 1744

Rich environment to study compact objects



XMMU J1745



GRS J1741

Supermassive black hole

Sgr A*

18 X-ray binaries



Swift J174535



AX J1745



Swift J174610



Swift J174553



Swift J174622

Why the Galactic Center?

XMMU 1744

Rich environment to study compact objects



XMMU J1745



GRS J1741

Supermassive black hole

Sgr A*



18 X-ray binaries
10 within central 10 pc



Swift J174610

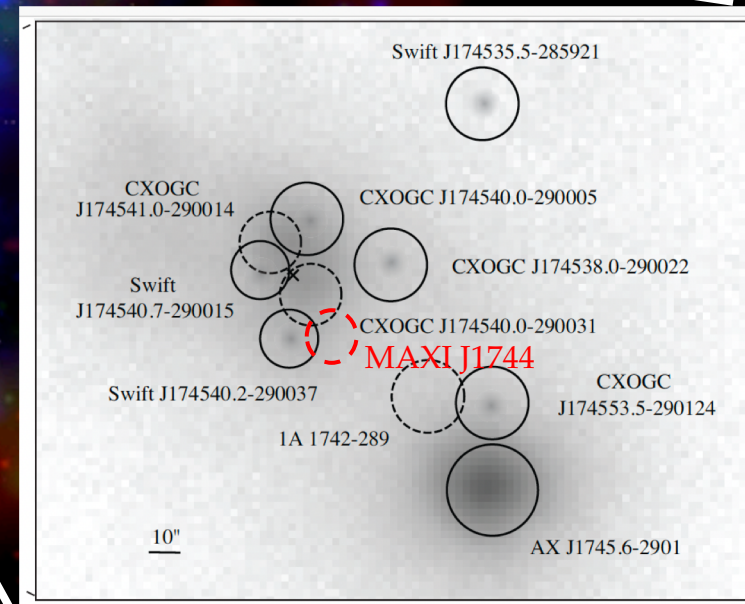


AX J1745

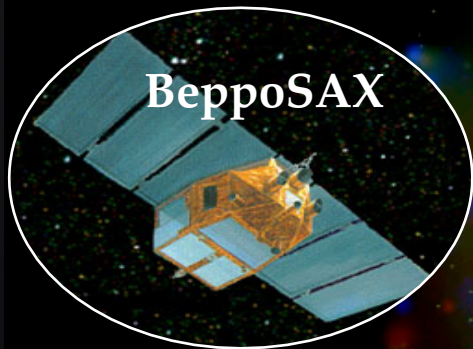
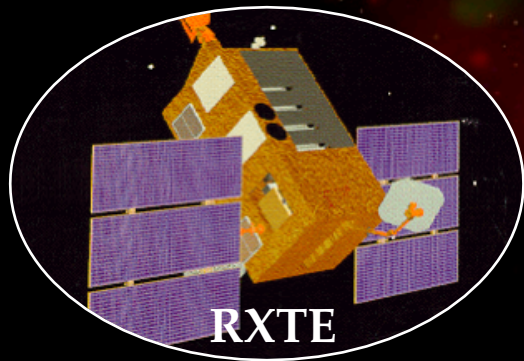
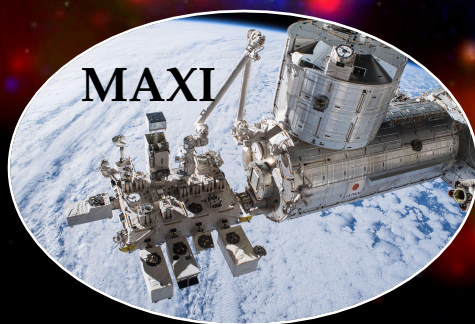
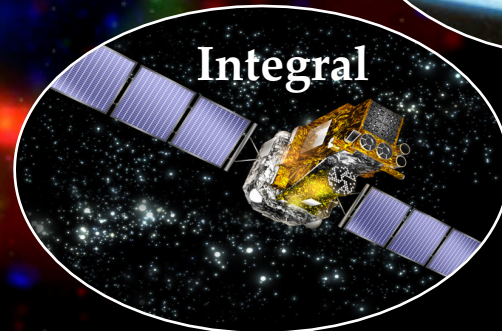
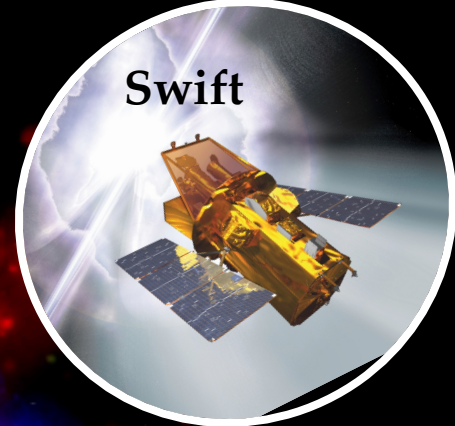


Swift J174622

Swift J174553



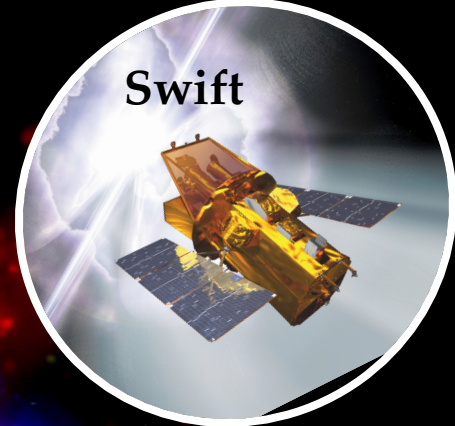
Why Swift/XRT?



Why Swift/XRT?

Resolution, sensitivity, flexibility

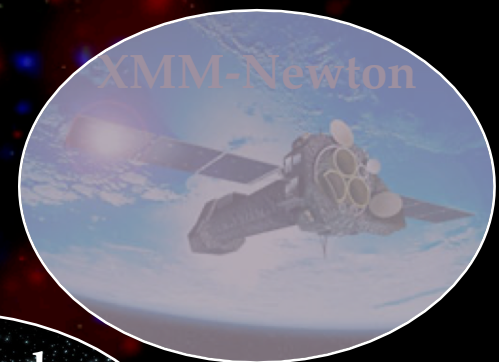
Swift



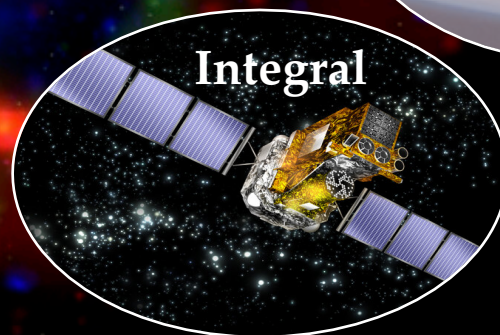
Swift



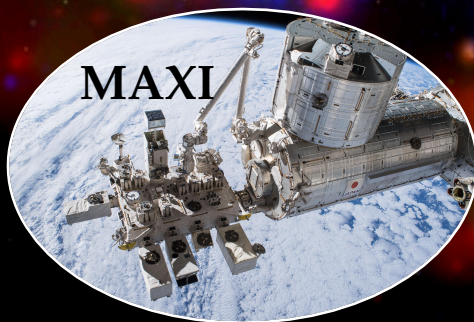
Chandra



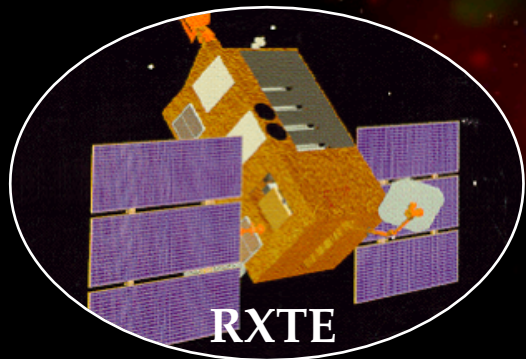
XMM-Newton



Integral



MAXI



RXTE



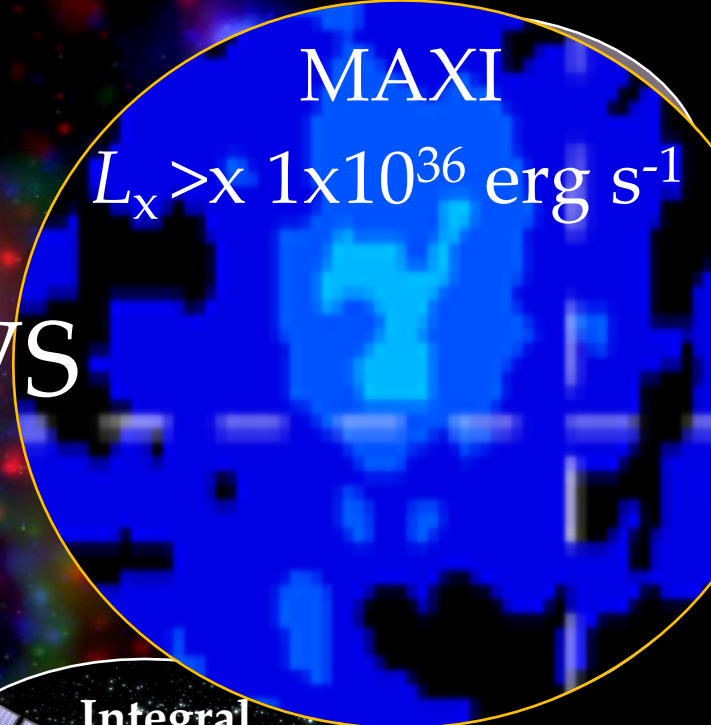
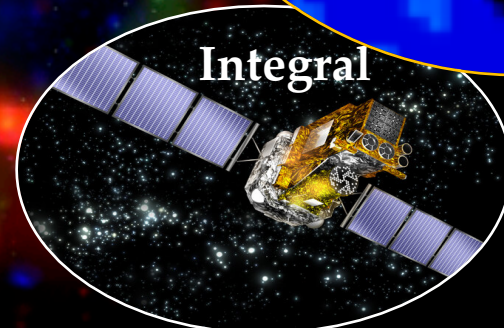
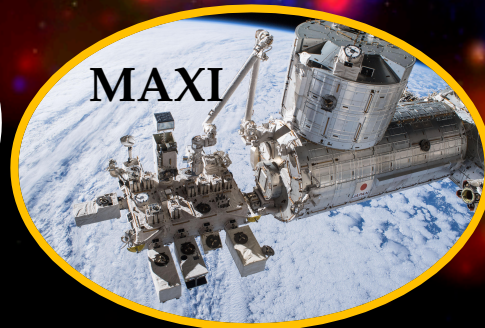
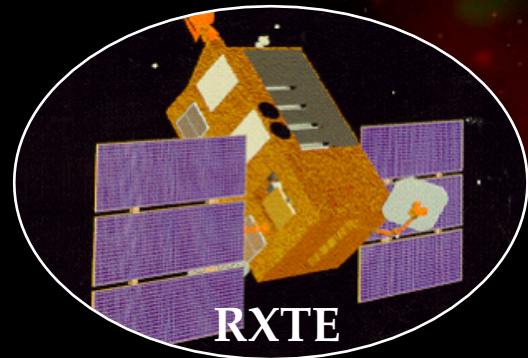
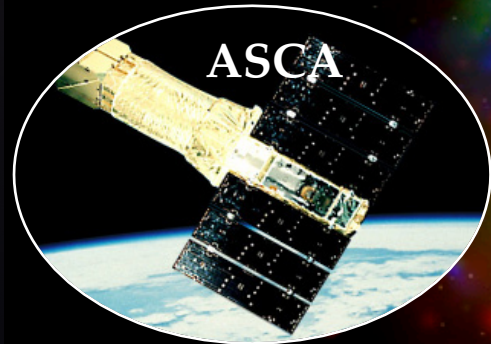
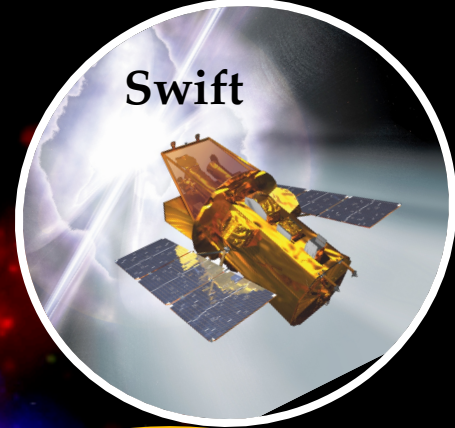
ASCA



BeppoSAX

Why Swift/XRT?

Resolution, sensitivity, flexibility



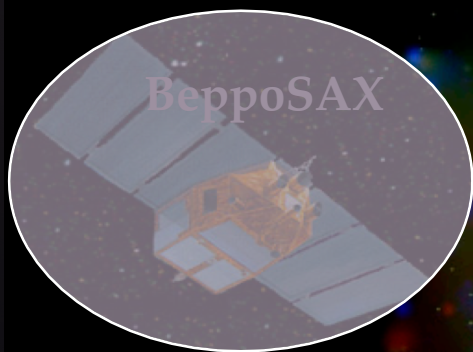
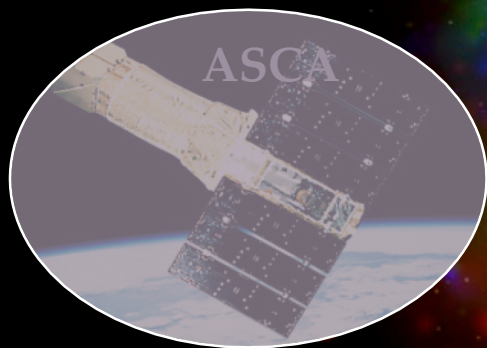
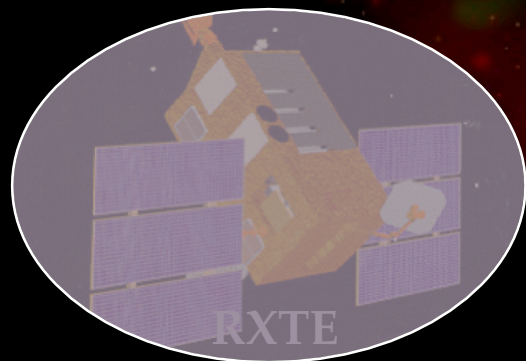
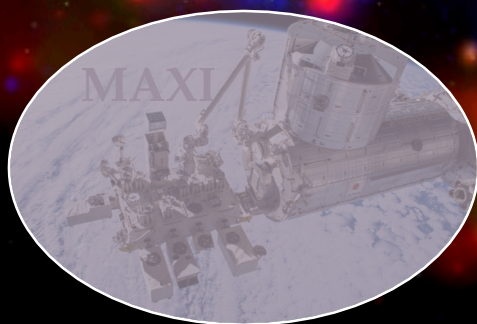
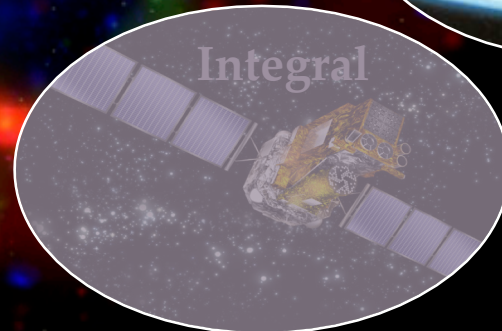
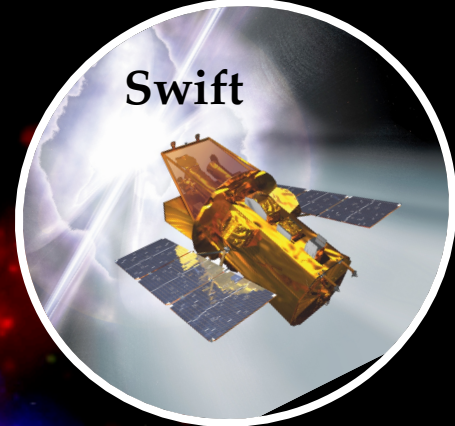
Swift

$$L_x > 5 \times 10^{33} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$$

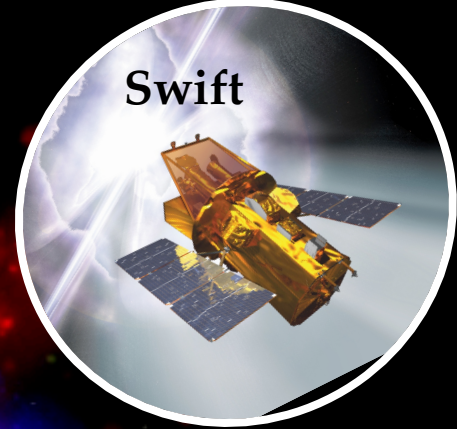
VS

Why Swift/XRT?

Resolution, sensitivity, **flexibility**



Why Swift/XRT?



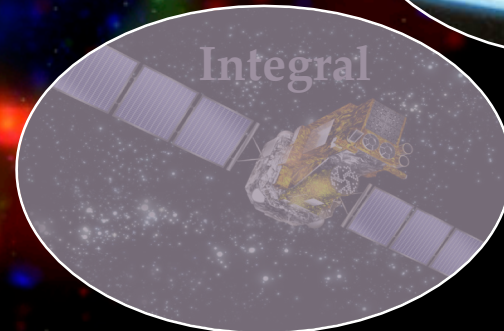
Swift



Chandra



XMM-Newton



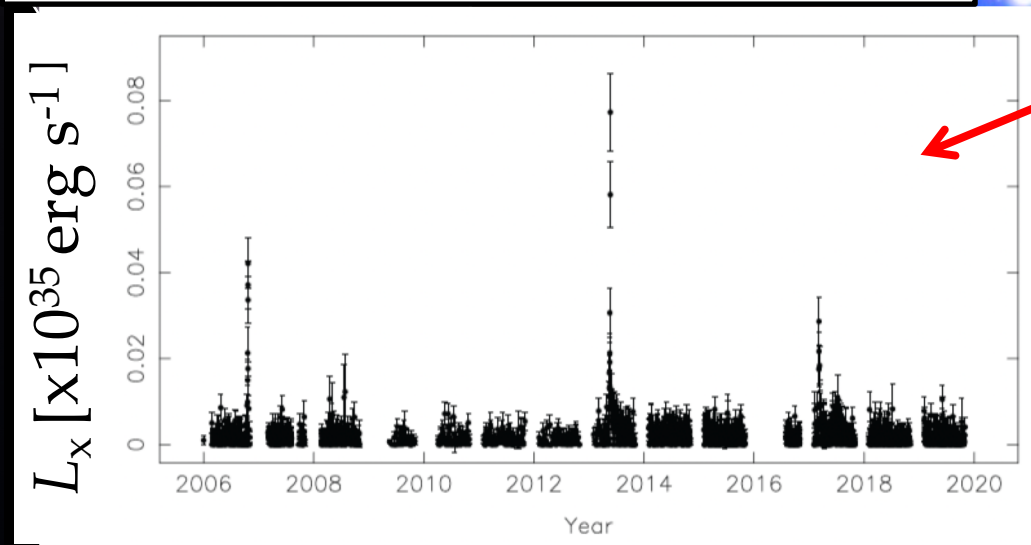
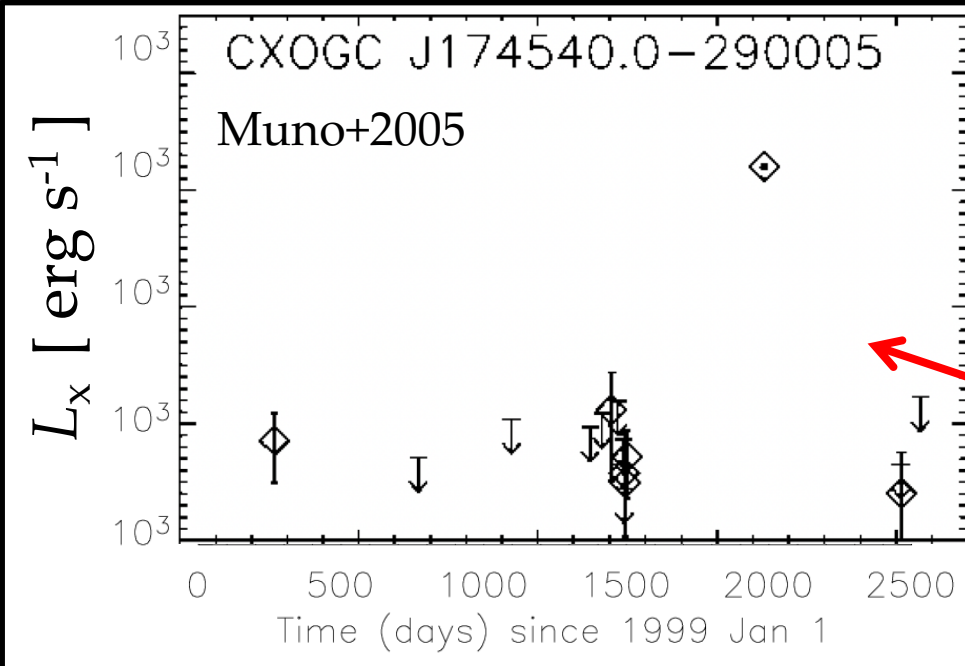
Integral

tivity, flexibility

Chandra

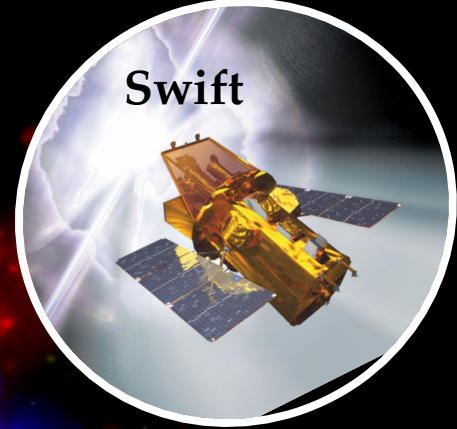
VS

Swift



Why Swift/XRT?

Resolution, sensitivity, flexibility



Swift

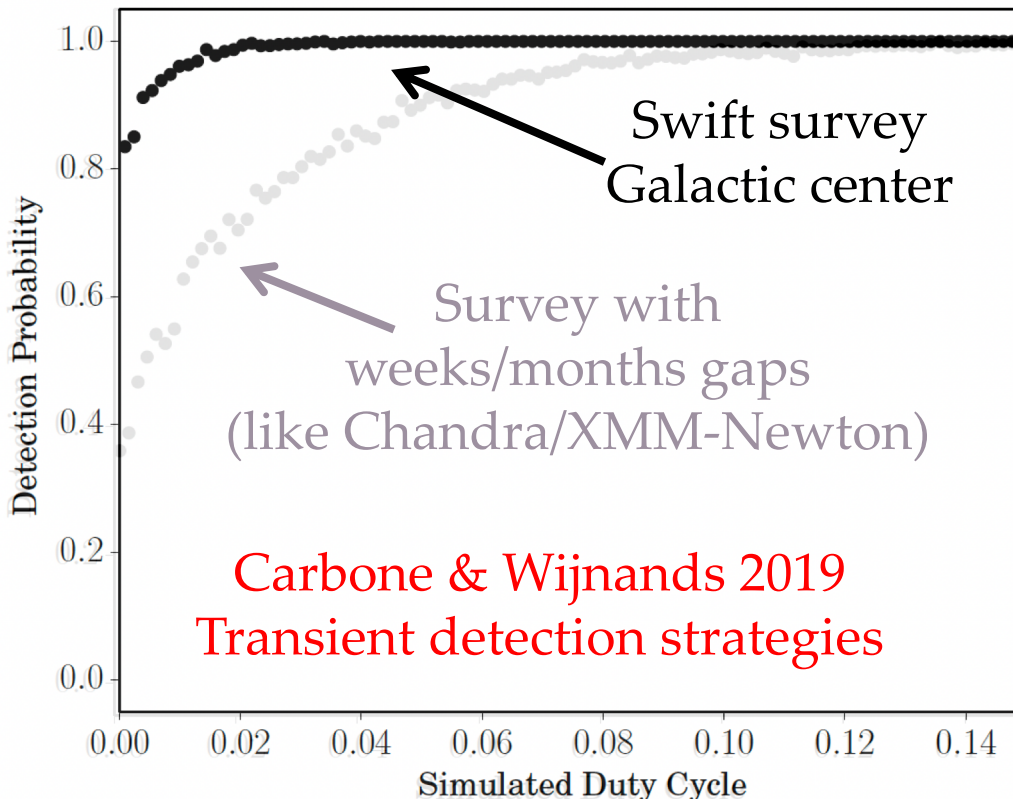


Chandra



XMM-Newton

High observing cadence → highest chance to detect brief events

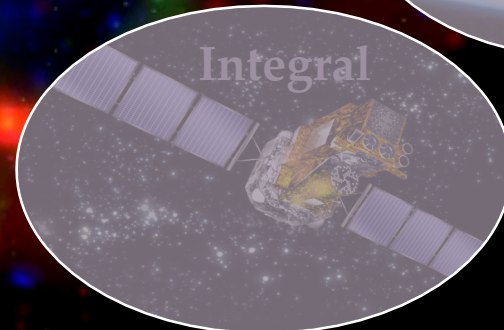
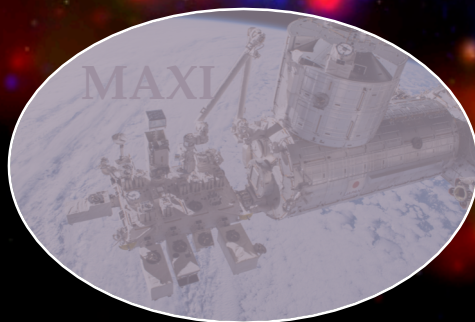
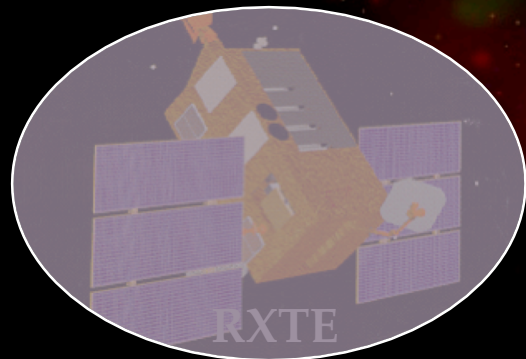
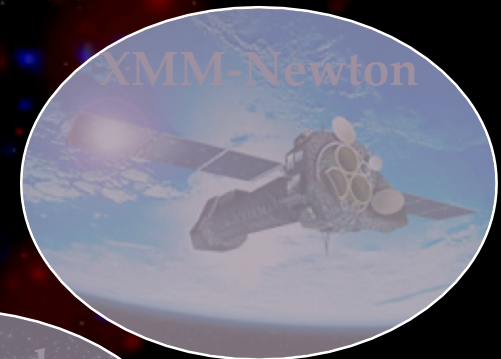
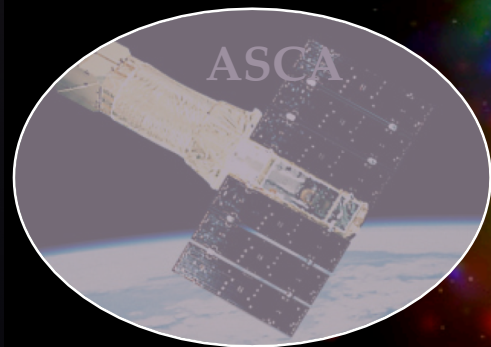
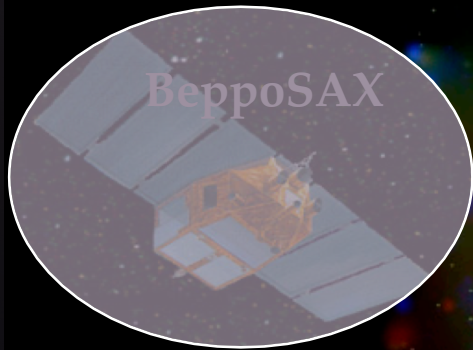


Carbone & Wijnands 2019
Transient detection strategies

Why Swift/XRT?

Resolution, sensitivity, flexibility

- ✧ Resolve transients in crowded region
- ✧ Detect 100-1000x fainter transients
- ✧ Detection rate of short-lived transients



Science Highlight I: Our supermassive black hole

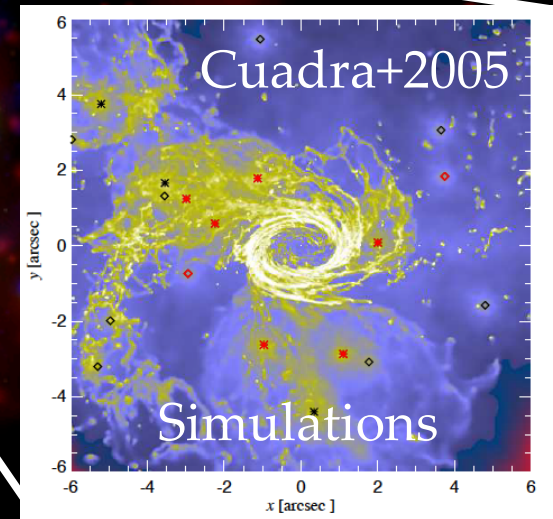
Accretion from stellar winds nuclear star cluster

Low accretion rate / luminosity

$$L_x \sim 10^{33} \text{ erg/s}$$

Sgr A*

X

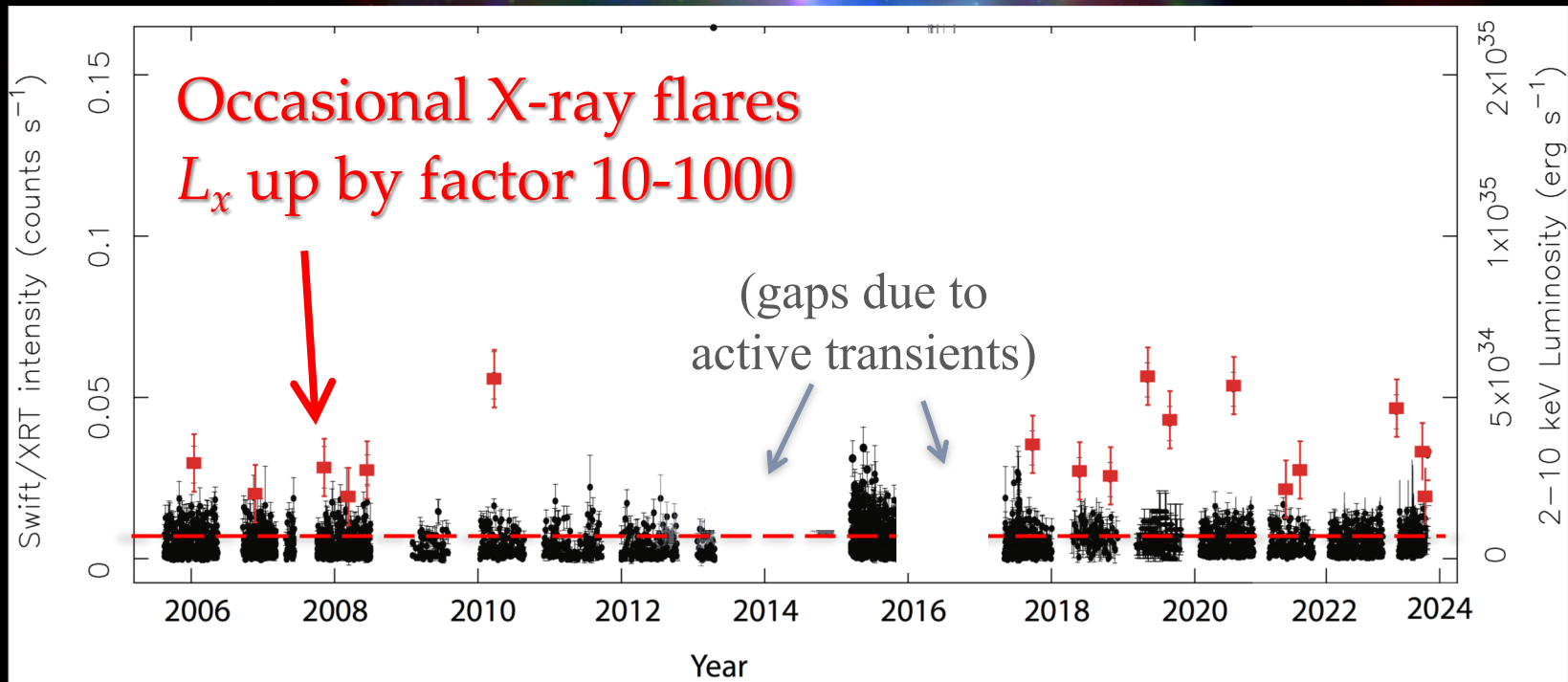


Science Highlight I: Our supermassive black hole

Low accretion rate / luminosity

$$L_x \sim 10^{33} \text{ erg/s}$$

Sgr A*



Science Highlight I: Our supermassive black hole

Low accretion rate / luminosity

$$L_x \sim 10^{33} \text{ erg/s}$$

Sgr A*

Cause of X-ray flares =
open question

Magnetic reconnection?

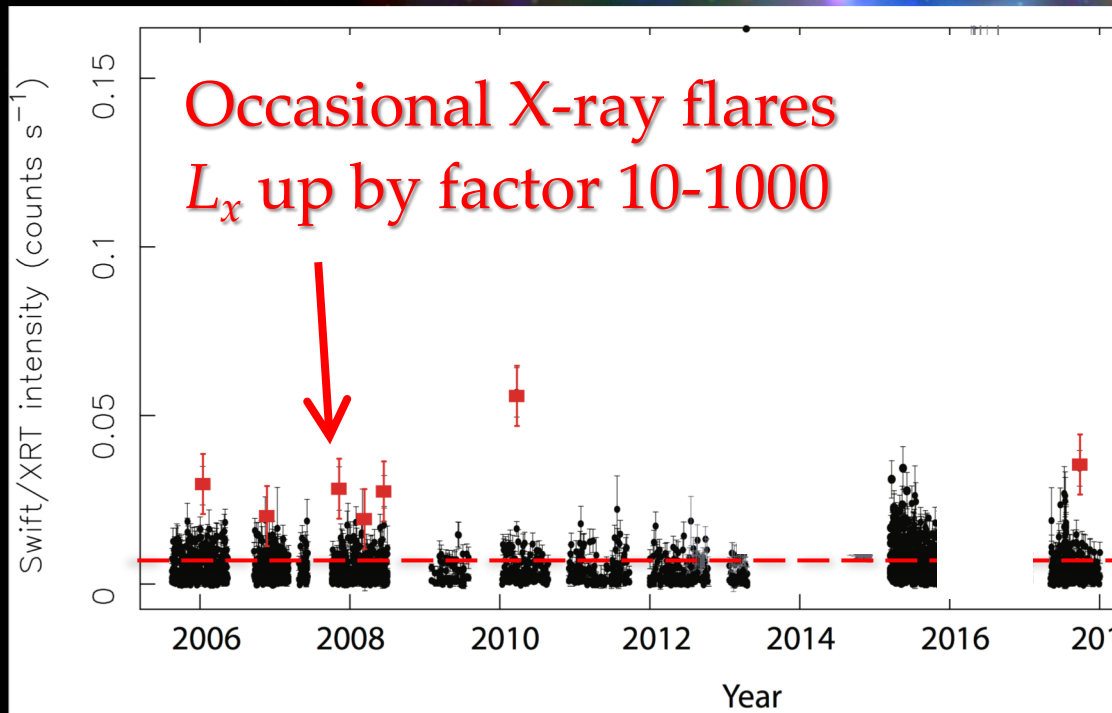
Accretion of comets?

Blobs accretion stream?

Important role Swift

Detecting them →

Last hours, easily
missed



Science Highlight I: Our supermassive black hole

Low accretion rate / luminosity

$$L_x \sim 10^{33} \text{ erg/s}$$

Sgr A*

Cause of X-ray flares =
open question

Magnetic reconnection?

Accretion of comets?

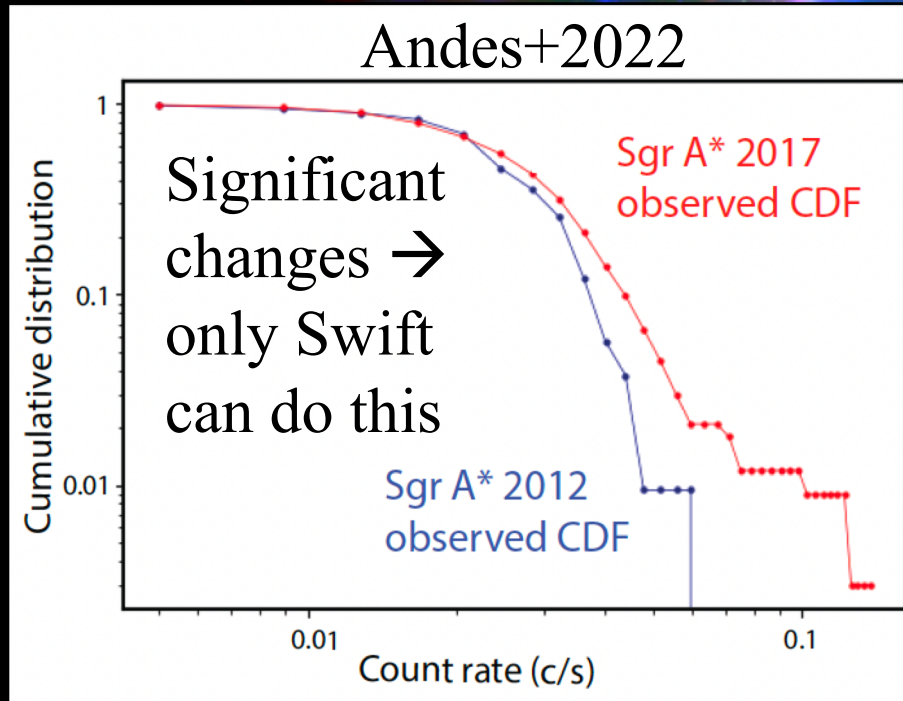
Blobs accretion stream?

Important role Swift

Detecting them →

flaring rate +

changes in flaring rate



Science Highlight II: X-ray binary demographics

Science questions

- Number and spatial distribution of X-ray binaries
- How many neutron stars vs black holes

Science Highlight II: X-ray binary demographics

Science questions

- Number and spatial distribution of X-ray binaries
- How many neutron stars vs black holes

Important for

- Binary formation in dense environments
- Supernova physics
- Rates of GW mergers in galactic nuclei

Science Highlight II: X-ray binary demographics

Science questions

- Number and spatial distribution of X-ray binaries
- How many neutron stars vs black holes

Important for

- Binary formation in dense environments
- Supernova physics
- Rates of GW mergers in galactic nuclei

Role Swift

- Detecting + characterizing
- Building up statistics

Science Highlight II: X-ray binary demographics

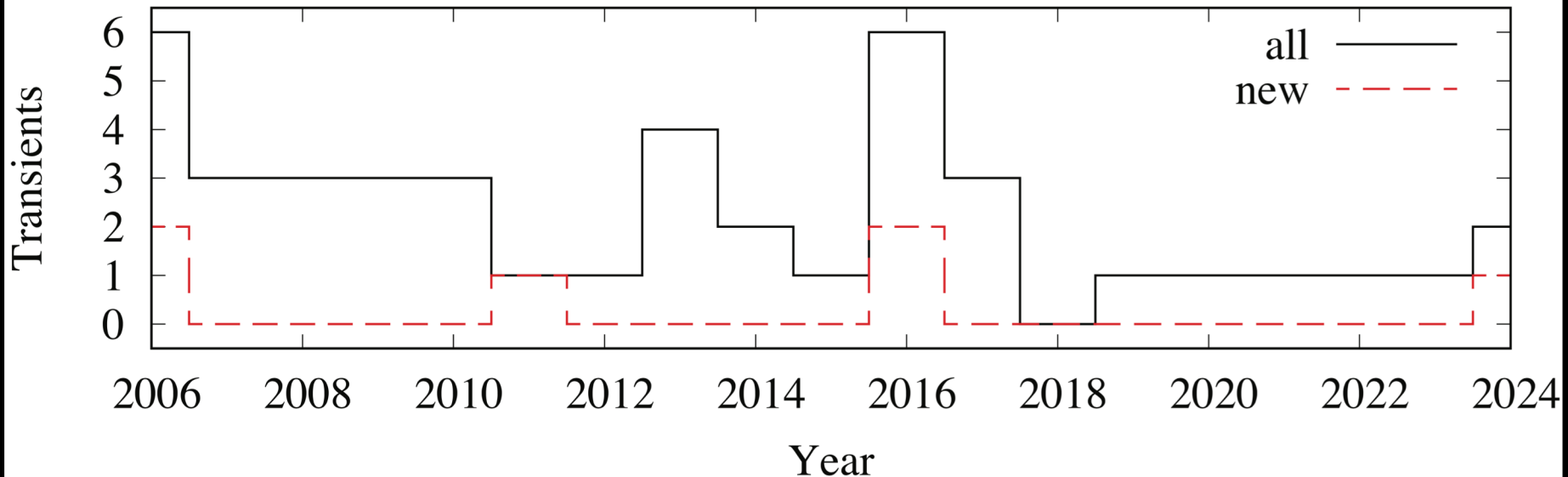
49 outbursts from 13 transient X-ray binaries

7 new transients

2.5 outbursts per year, one new source every ~ 2.5 yr

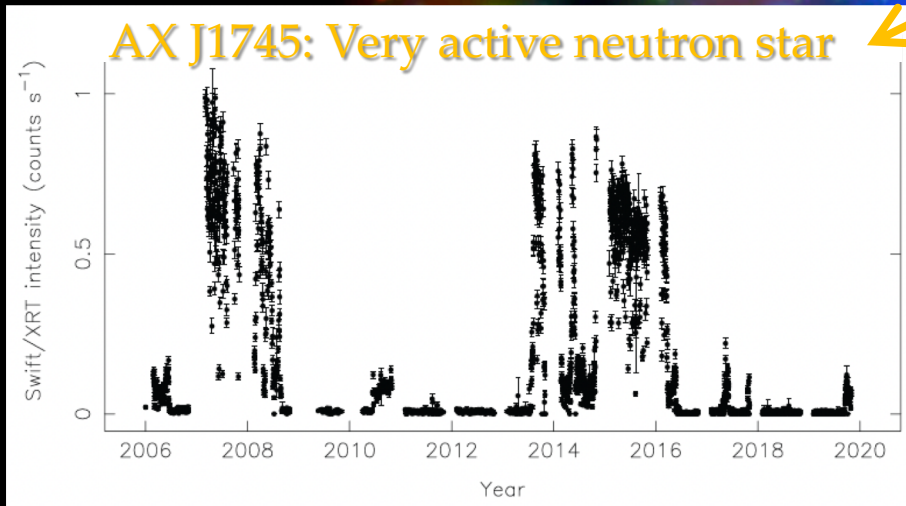
60% of outbursts are faint ($< 10^{36}$ erg/s)

2006-2024 campaign overview (18 years)



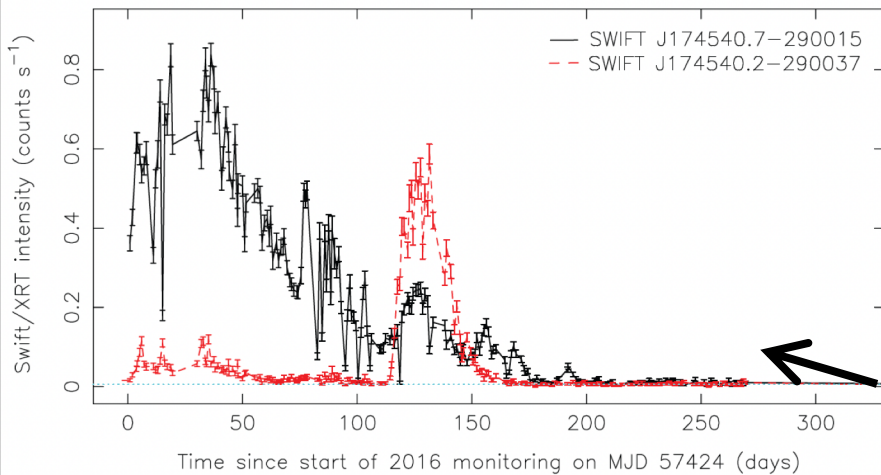
Science Highlight II: X-ray binary demographics

Swift detection +
characterization of
transient X-ray binaries



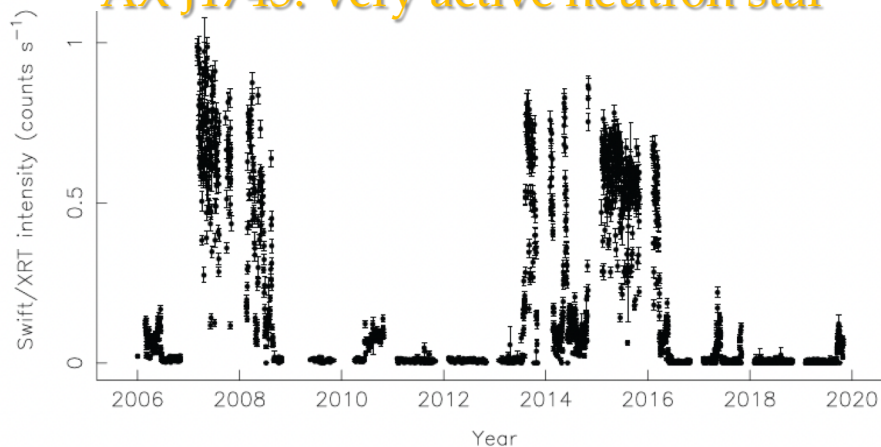
Science Highlight II: X-ray binary demographics

Two new: Candidate black holes



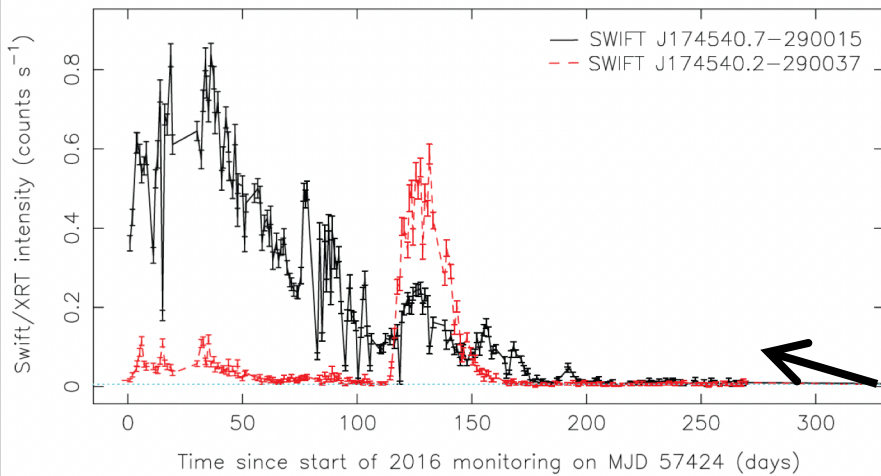
Swift detection +
characterization of
transient X-ray binaries

AX J1745: Very active neutron star



Science Highlight II: X-ray binary demographics

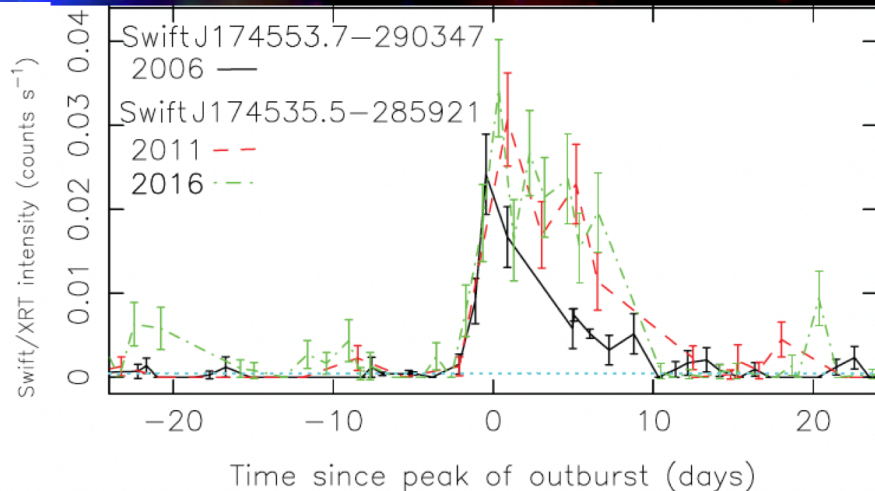
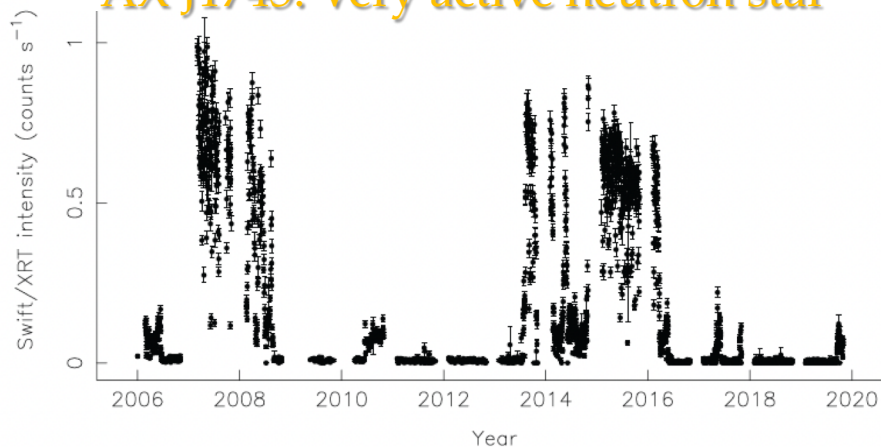
Two new: Candidate black holes



Swift detection +
characterization of
transient X-ray binaries

Only Swift can do this
~1-2 weeks
~10³⁴-10³⁵ erg/s

AX J1745: Very active neutron star



Science Highlight II: X-ray binary demographics

Science questions

- Number and spatial distribution
- Neutron stars vs black holes

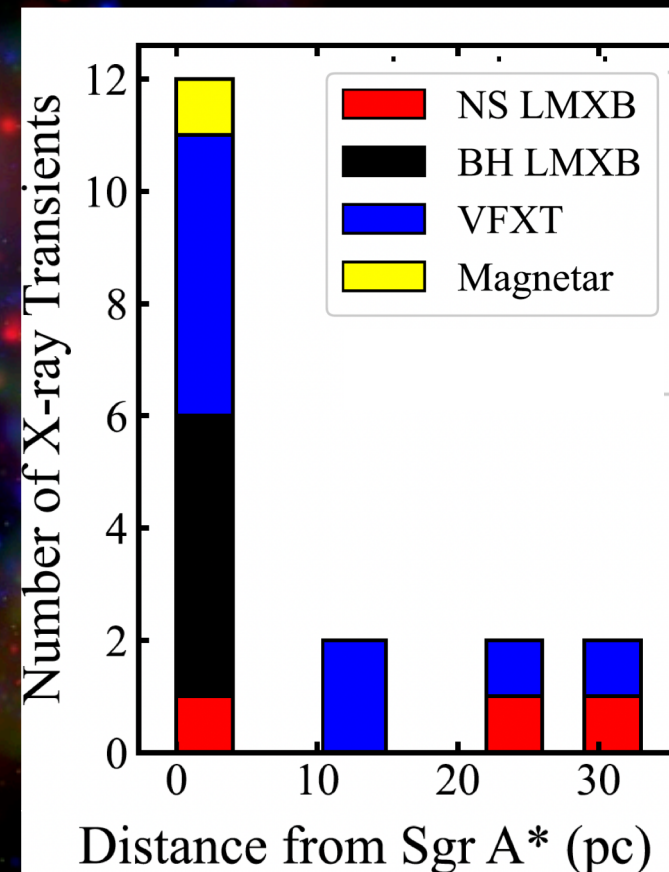
Important for

- Binary formation
- Supernova physics
- Rates of GW mergers

Role Swift

- Detecting + characterizing
- Building up statistics
(only accessible to Swift)

Mori+2021



Summary of 18 years (going strong)

Main science topics

Flares Sgr A*

X-ray binary demographics

Serendipitous science

Arches massive star cluster

magnetars

transitional millisecond pulsars

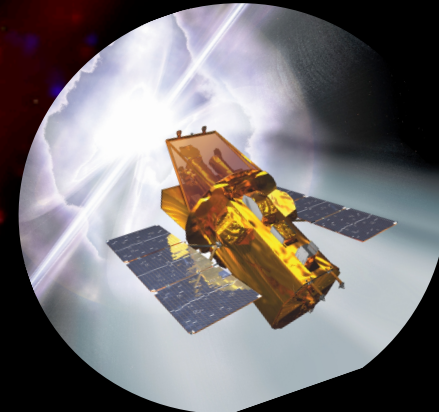
Outputs

20+ refereed papers

50+ ATels

15+ student projects

Trigger for many
other observatories



Three Take-Away Points

1) Why Galactic center

Extremely rich to study compact objects

2) Why Swift

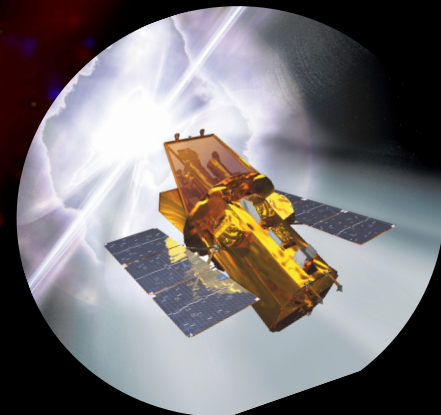
Crowded region, many short-lived, faint events

3) Many different science results

Supermassive black hole, X-ray binaries

Other (rare) transients

Rich data set, still lots to explore

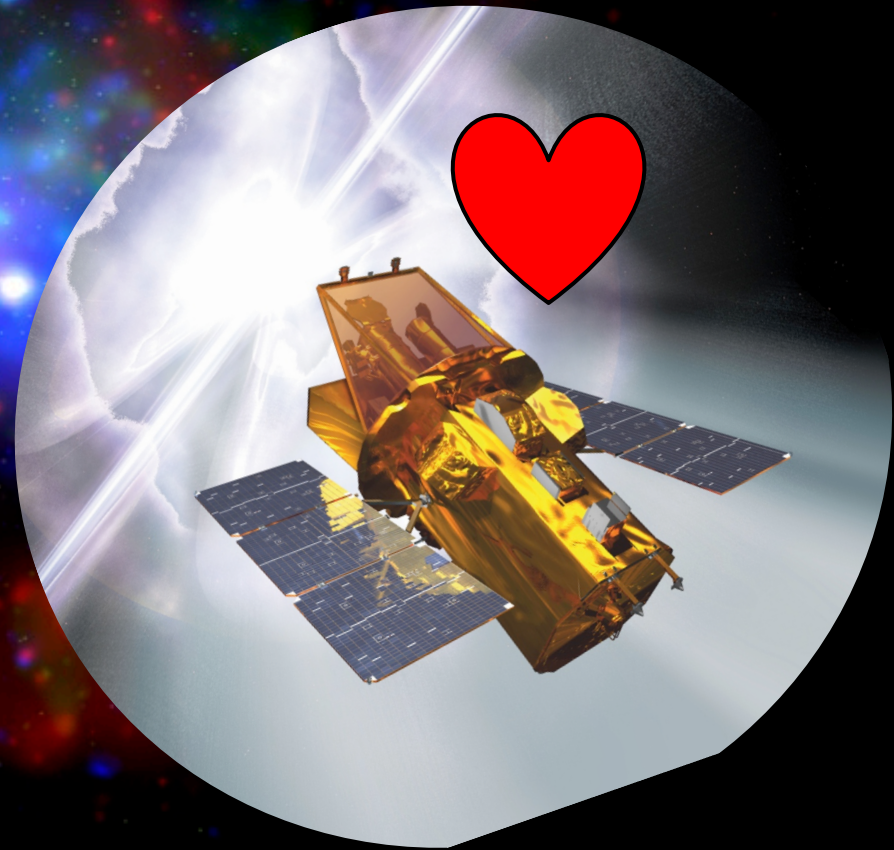


Three Take-Away Points

1) Swift is awesome

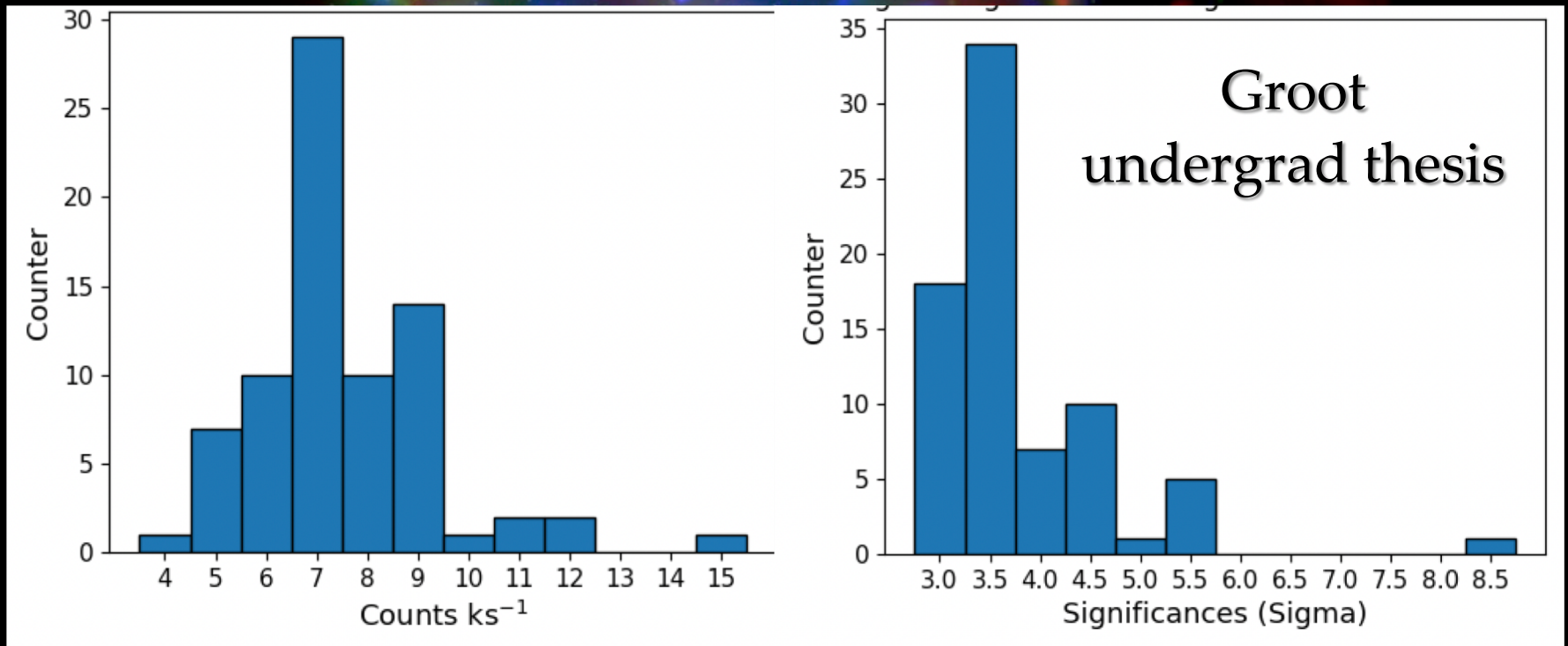
2) Swift is awesome

3) Swift is awesome



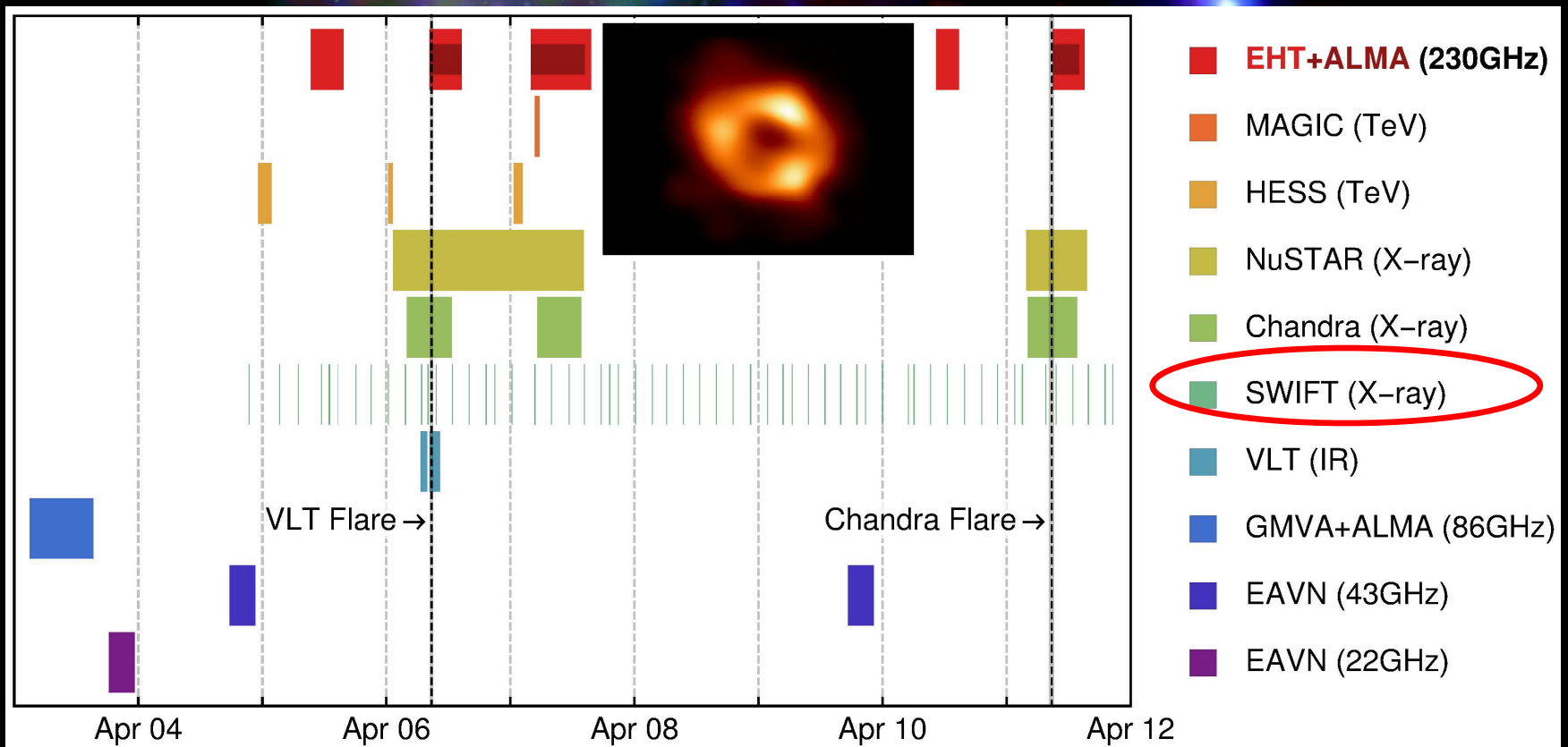
Deleted scenes

Serendipitous Science: Flares from the Arches Cluster



Swift & Event Horizon Telescope

Detecting flares essential for EHT imaging → role Swift

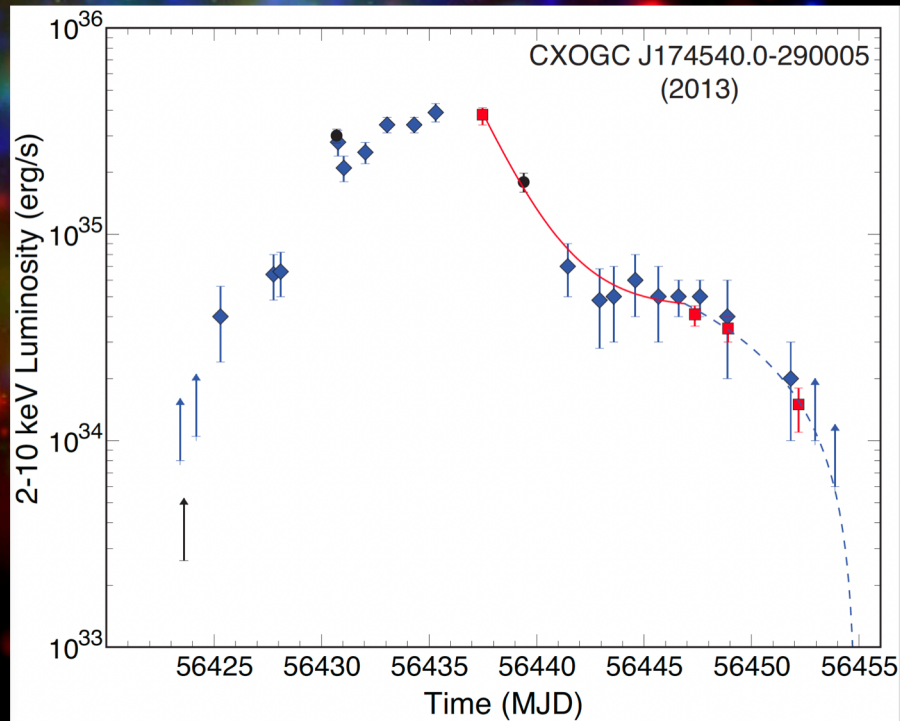


Multi-wavelength coverage Sgr A* during EHT operations 2017

Very-faint X-ray binaries

Model outbursts with accretion disk models

→ Evidence for small disks = small orbital periods



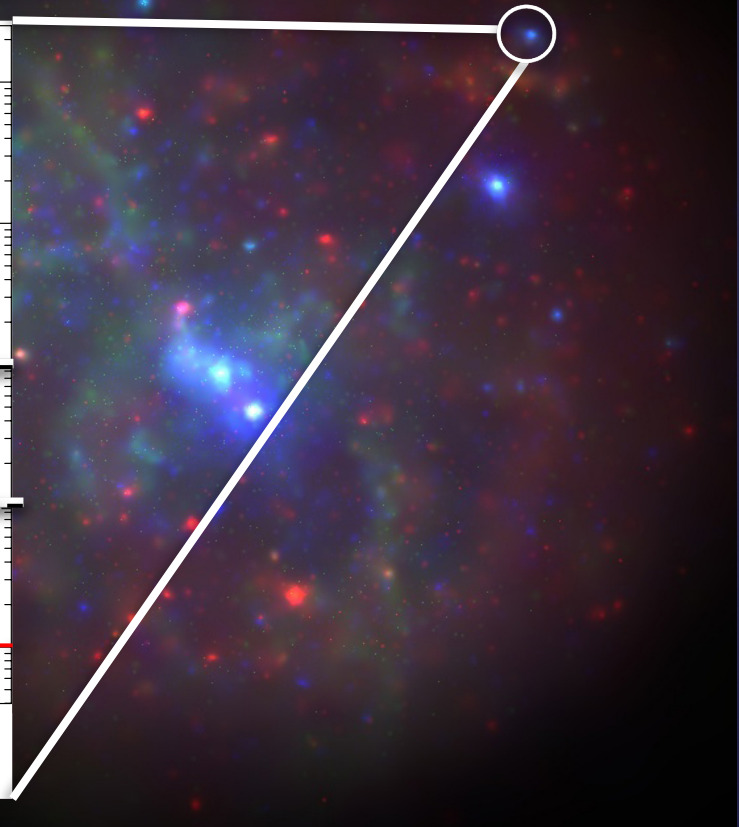
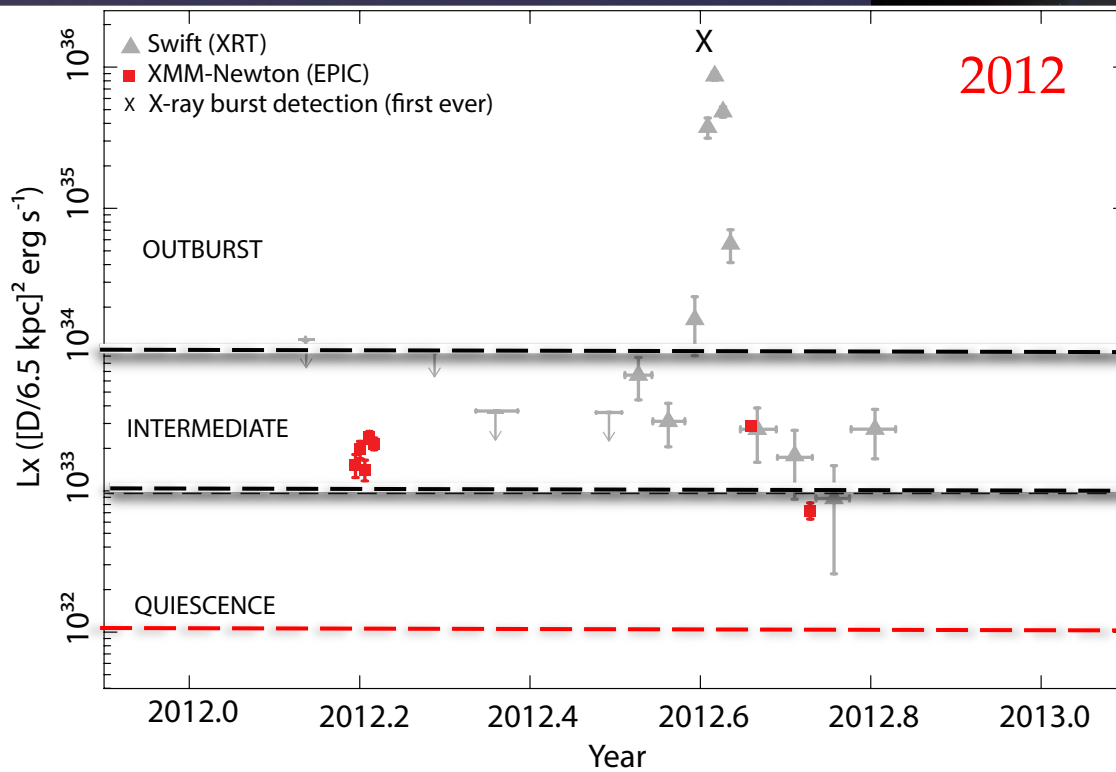
Swift Transient X-ray binaries

Extended

XMM J174457-2850.3

low-intensity states

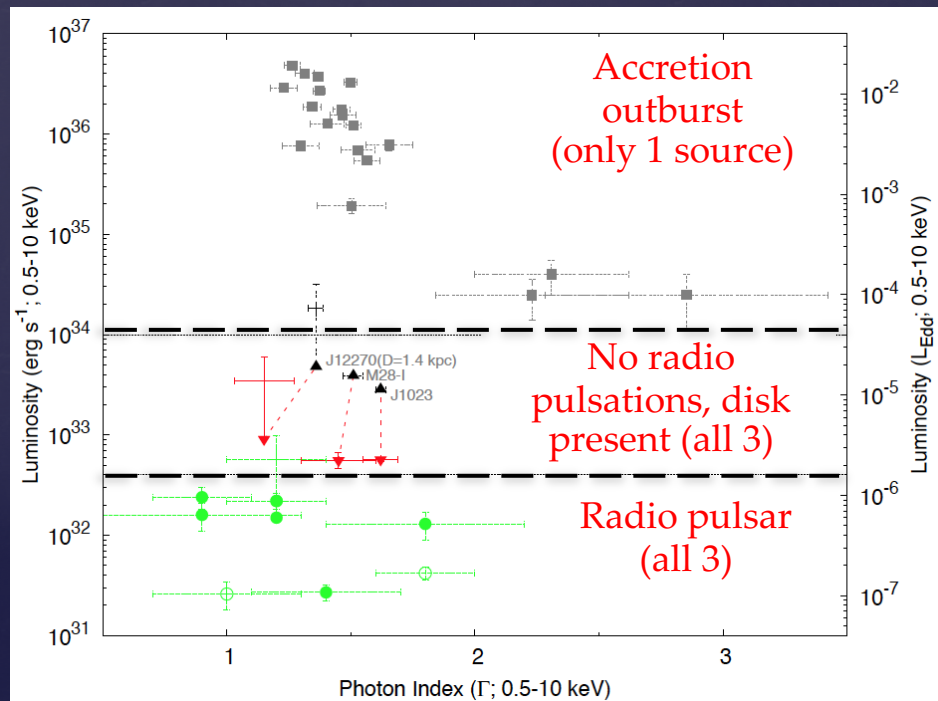
Peculiar neutron star X-ray binary



Peculiar XMM J174457-2850.3: Similar to Transitional Objects?

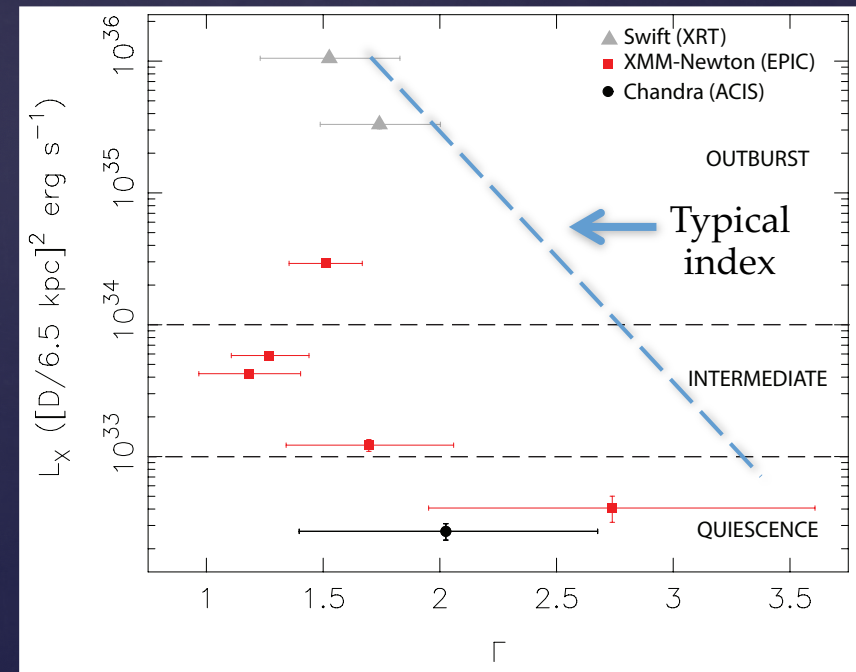
Neutron stars switching between X-ray binary / Radio Pulsar
Swift source: Same L_x states(?), hard spectrum, little variation

3 Transitional X-ray Binaries / Radio Pulsars



Linares 2014

XMM J174457-2850.3



Degenaar+2014

Science Highlight I: Our supermassive black hole

Signs of a glorious past

Will it re-activate?

X Sgr A*

Predictions evolution Sgr A*

