



ASTRI Astrofisica con Specchi
a Tecnologia Replicante Italiana



◆ **INAF**
ISTITUTO NAZIONALE
DI ASTROFISICA
NATIONAL INSTITUTE
FOR ASTROPHYSICS

Universidade de São Paulo
Instituto de Astronomia, Geofísica
e Ciências Atmosféricas



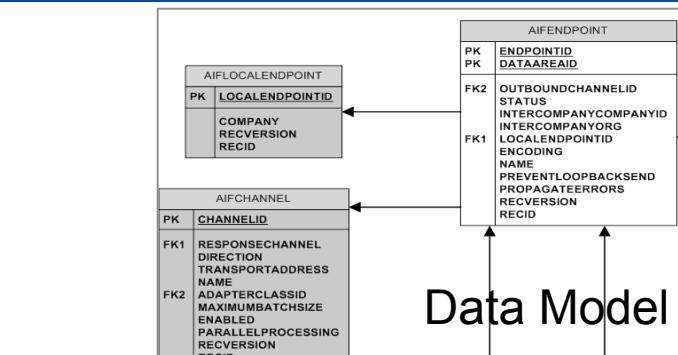
NORTH-WEST UNIVERSITY
YUNIBESITI YA BOKONE-BOPHIRIMA
NOORDWES-UNIVERSITEIT



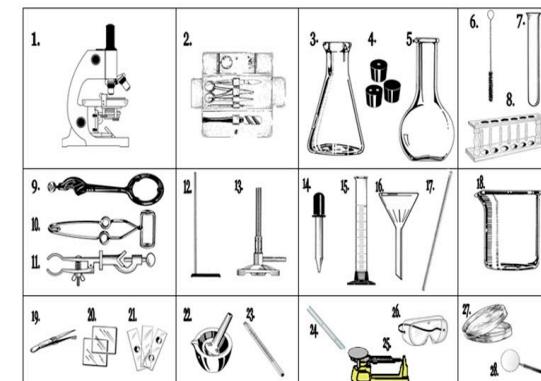
CTA & ASTRI DATA

From ASTRI Prototype and Mini-Array to CTA.

**L. Angelo Antonelli – INAF-OAR & ASDC
for the ASTRI Collaboration & the CTA Consortium**



Reconstruction Pipelines



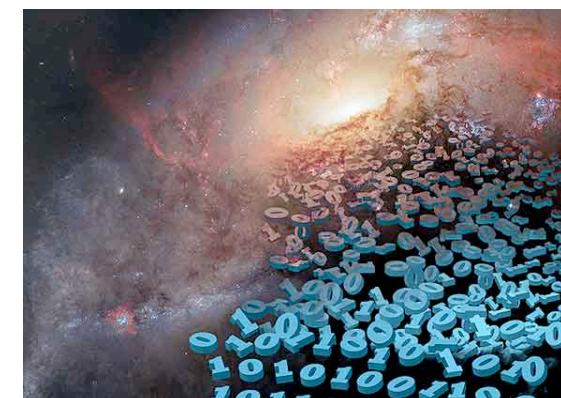
Science Tools



Archive(s)

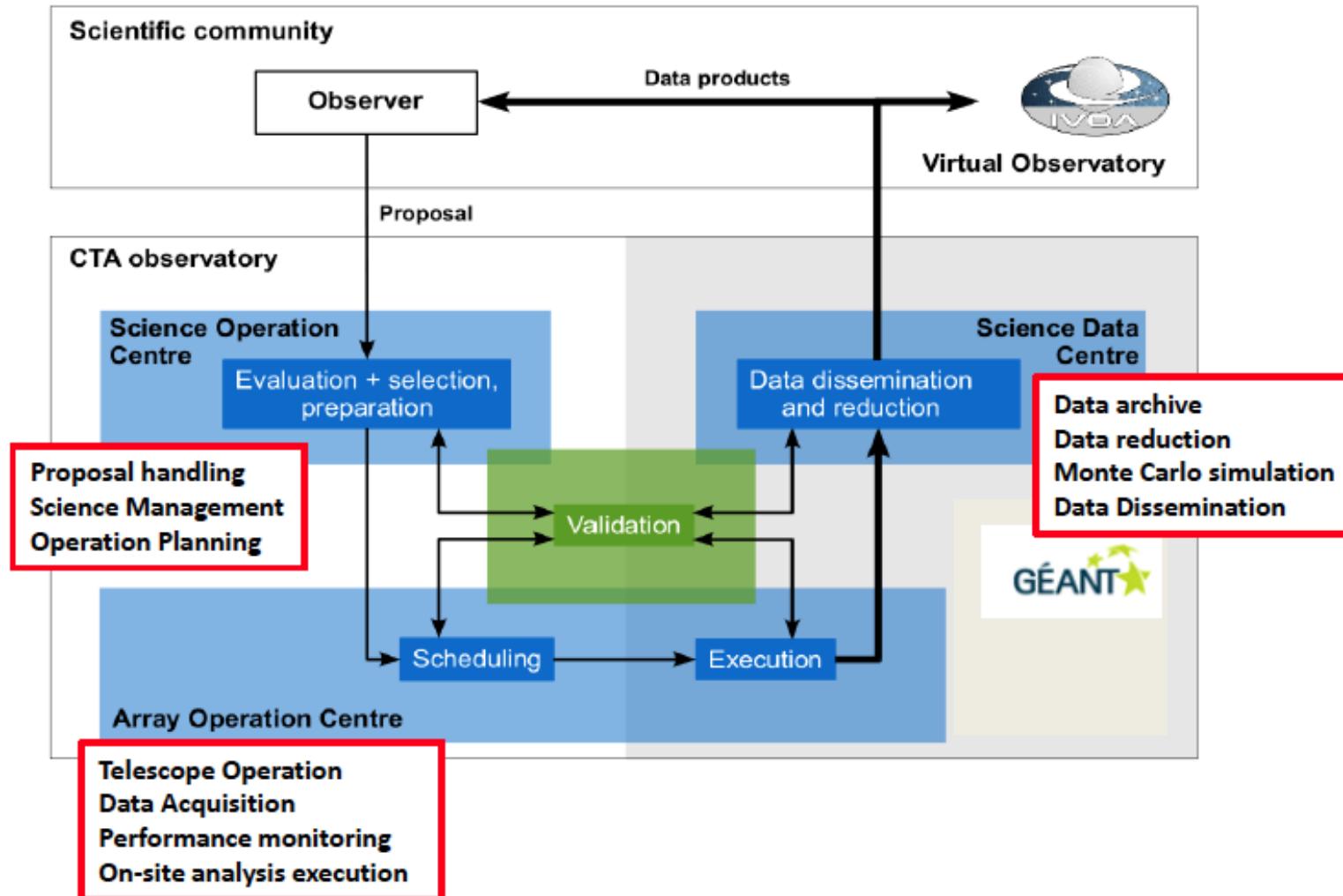


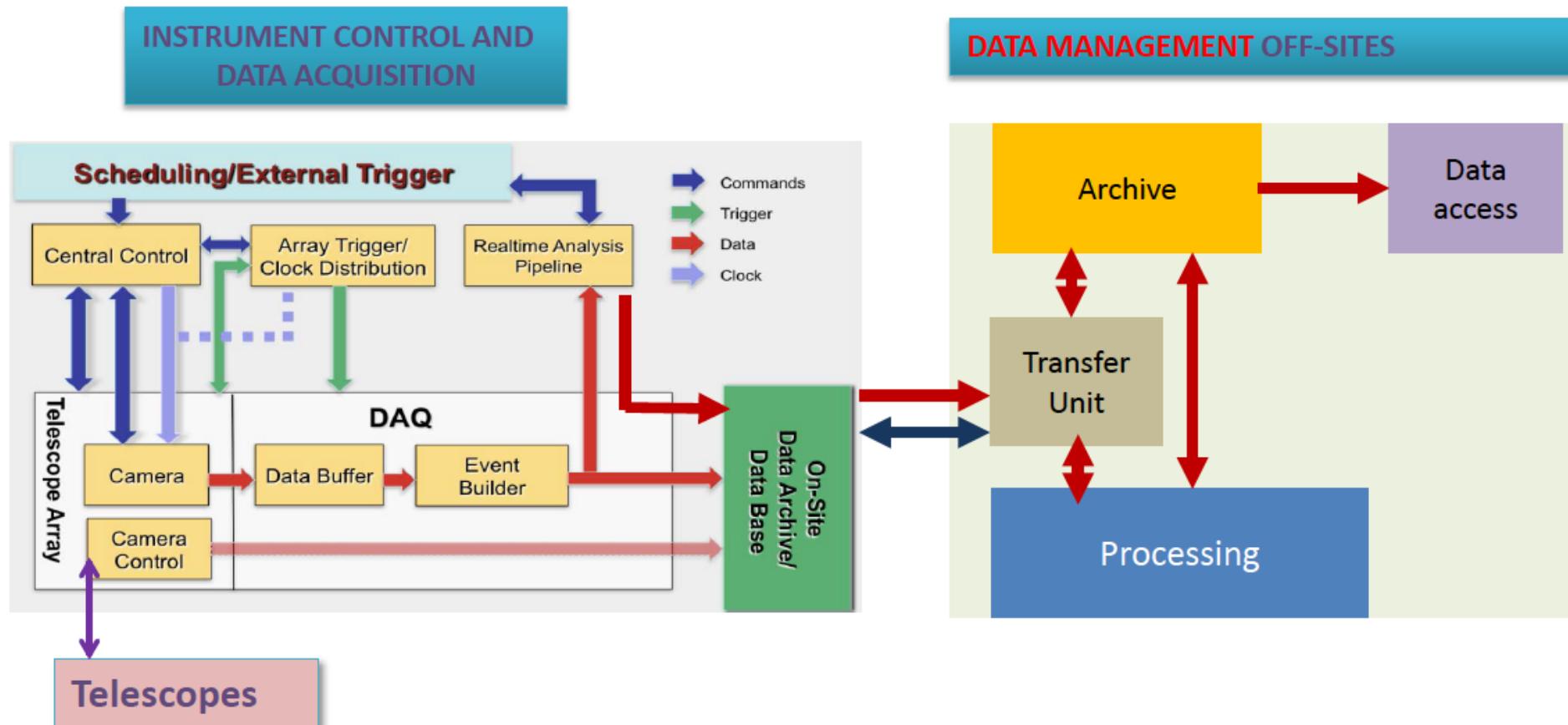
Simulations

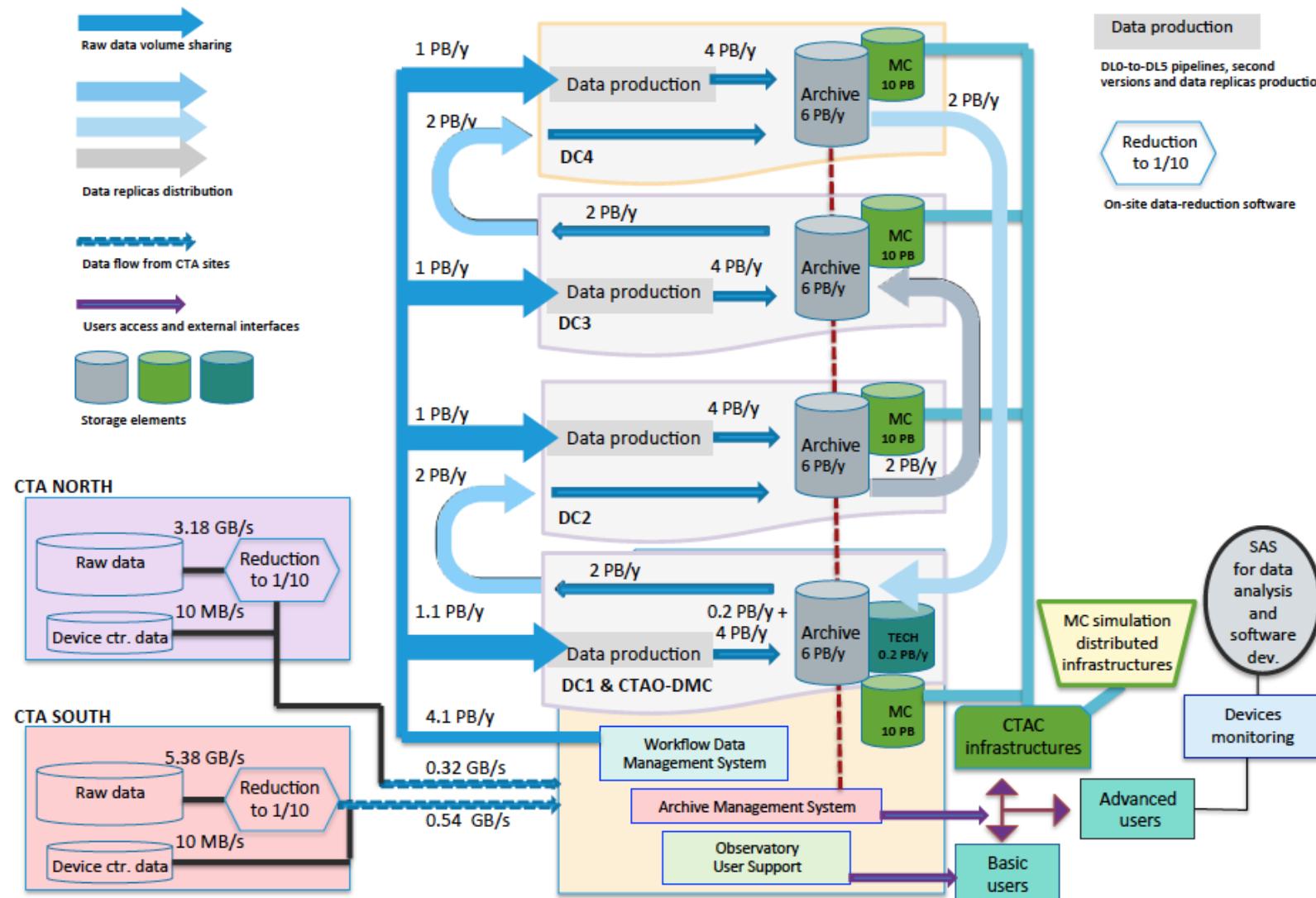


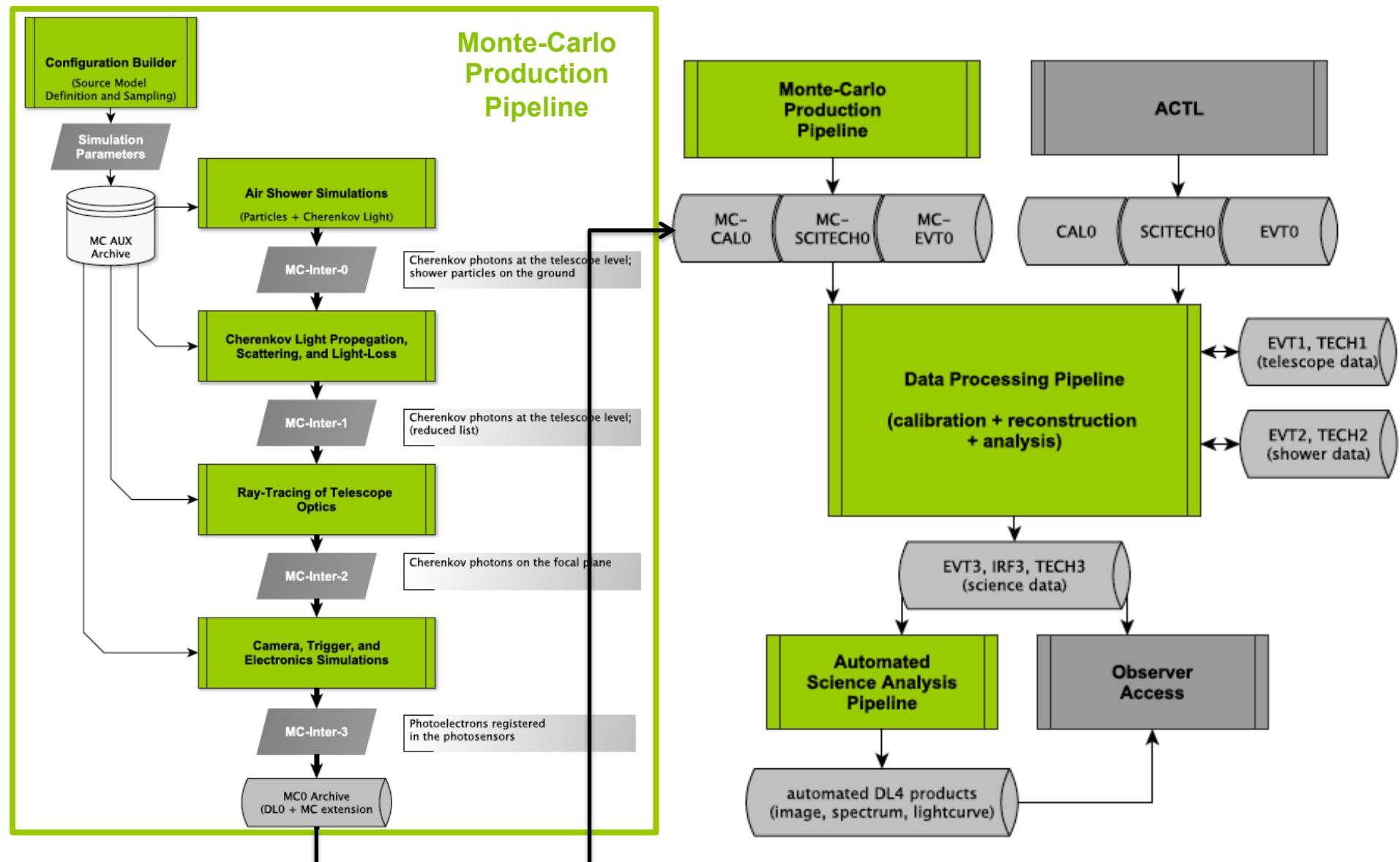
Data Access

CTA will be a PB project operated as an observatory open to a large scientific community.

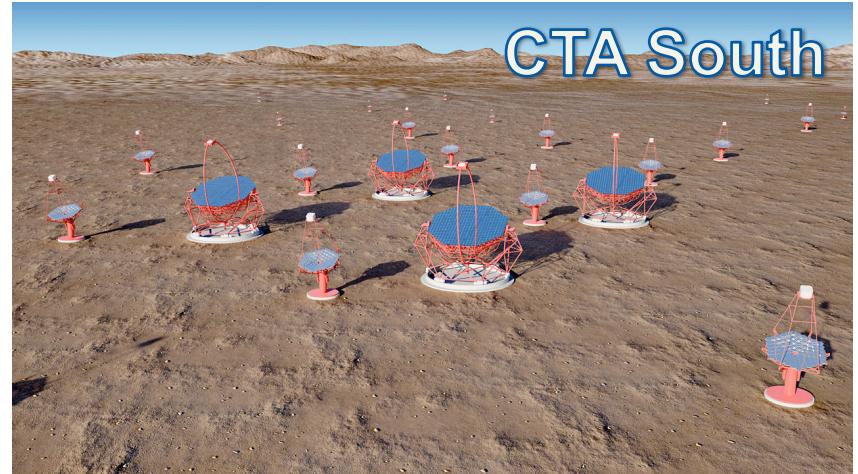








Cumulative Amount of Storage and Cores for CTA



Year	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Storage capacity (PB)	9	24	35	45	55
Computing (Milliard HS06.sec)	380	439	537	675	853
CPU cores (Peak number)	1204	1392	4083	4880	5931

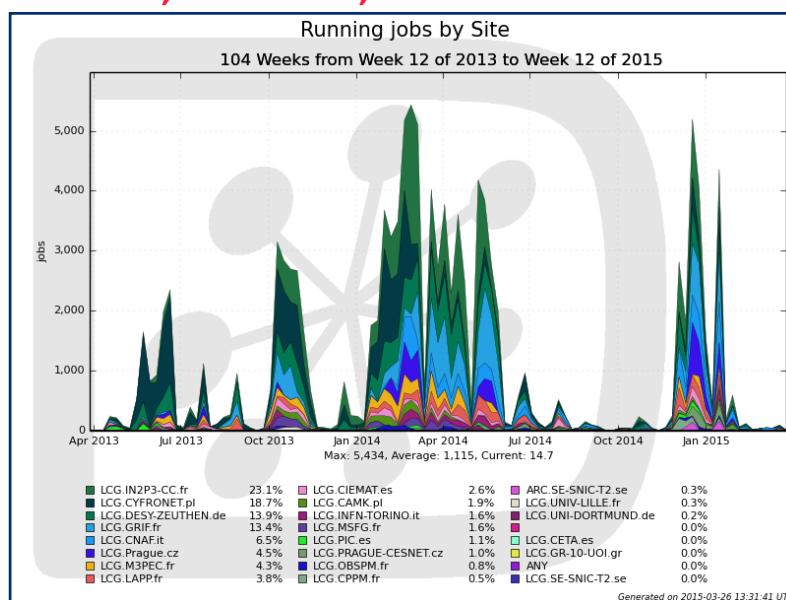
Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031
Storage capacity (PB)	67	79	92	104	116	128	141	153	165	177
Computing (Milliard HS06.sec)	1050	1247	1444	1641	1838	2035	2232	2430	2627	2824
CPU cores (Peak number)	6836	7406	7786	8058	8262	8420	8547	8651	8737	8954

- About 20 centres currently support the CTA VO. They are classified as:
 - **Production centres** if they provide CPU only -> *used for MC production*
 - **Analysis centres** if they provide both CPU and storage resources -> *used for MC production and Data Analysis*

CPU usage by Centre

- Total used 2014: 94 M HS06
- 87% CPU for MC production
- 13% CPU for Users Analysis (7 active users)
- (2.6 M executed jobs in 2014)
- Total pledged 2015: 143 M HS06

**50% FRANCE; 20% POLAND; 14% GERMANY
8% ITALY; 4% SPAIN; etc.**



Storage resources at 6 Analysis Centres

- Total pledged 2015: 1.4 PB
- About 400 TB more disk than in 2014

Centre	Allocated Disk 2014 (TB)	Pledged Disk 2015 (TB)	Used Disk (TB)
CYFRONET-LCG2 (PL)	448	600	206
DESY-ZN (DE)	336	336	204
IN2P3-CC (FR)	190	270	98
GRIF (FR)	50	120	61
IN2P3-LAPP (FR)	60	100	51
INFN-T1 (IT)	30	110	15
Total	1004	1426	635

- Project funded in 2010-2014 by the Italian MIUR “Progetto Bandiera” (> 40 FTE)
- Now the project continues with the support of MIUR (“Progetto Bandiera extension”) and MISE (“Industrial Astronomy” program) with the participation of Universities from South Africa and Brazil
- **End-to-end SST-2M prototype:**
 - Validation and commissioning of the telescope via Cherenkov astronomical observations.
- End-to-end implementation of a mini-array (# 9) of SST-2M (pre-production) at the CTA southern site:
 - Validation and commissioning of the array (including trigger and SW) via Cherenkov astronomical observations, first CTA scientific data.
 - Aiming at the construction of 35 out of the 70 SST units of the CTA southern array





Without data compression: prototypes and the final array.

ASTRI => ~0.8 TB/Night
=>~**0.3PB** per year

MA/SST => ~3TB/night
=>~**1PB** per year

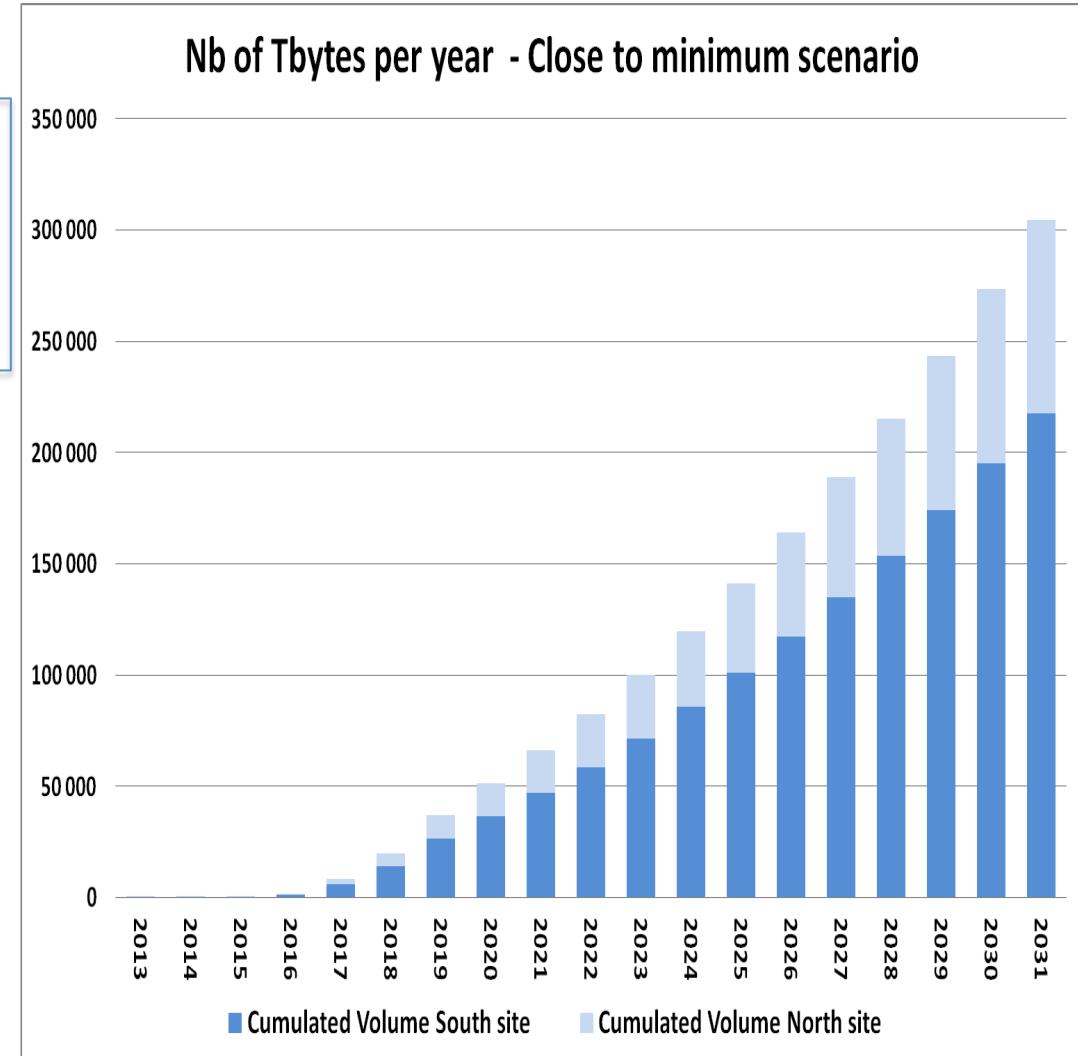
CTA => ~24TB/Night
=>~**10PB** per year

Thus **10 PB per year** including calibs, reduction and MC simulation data.

this is the OPTIMISTIC SCENARIO

The pessimistic one >100PB/year !

The CTA Archive system must store, manage, preserve and provide easy access (IVOA Access) to a such huge amount of data for a long time.



DATA RECO & ANALYSIS



Fabrizio Lucarelli



Angelo Antonelli



Denis Bastieri



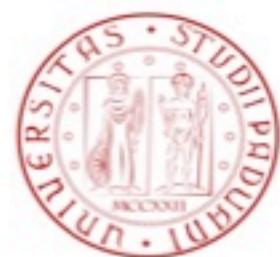
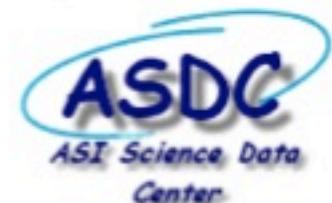
Saverio Lombardi



Matteo Perri



Andrea Giuliani



ARCHIVES



Andrea Di Paola



Vincenzo Testa



Stefano Gallozzi



Alessandro Carosi



Federica Moscato



MC SIMUL.



Antonio Stameria



Ciro Bigongiari

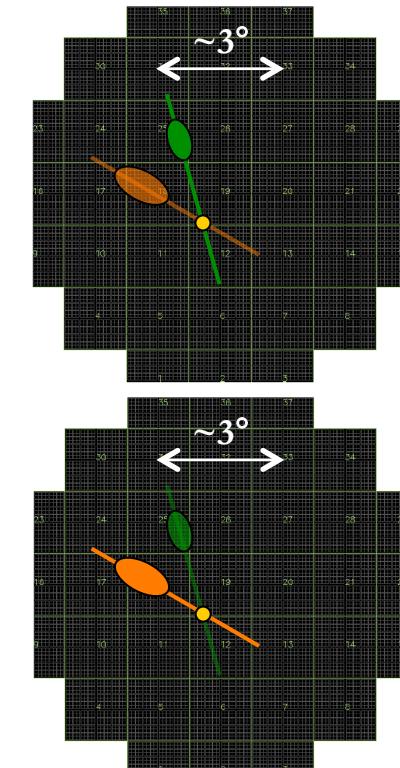
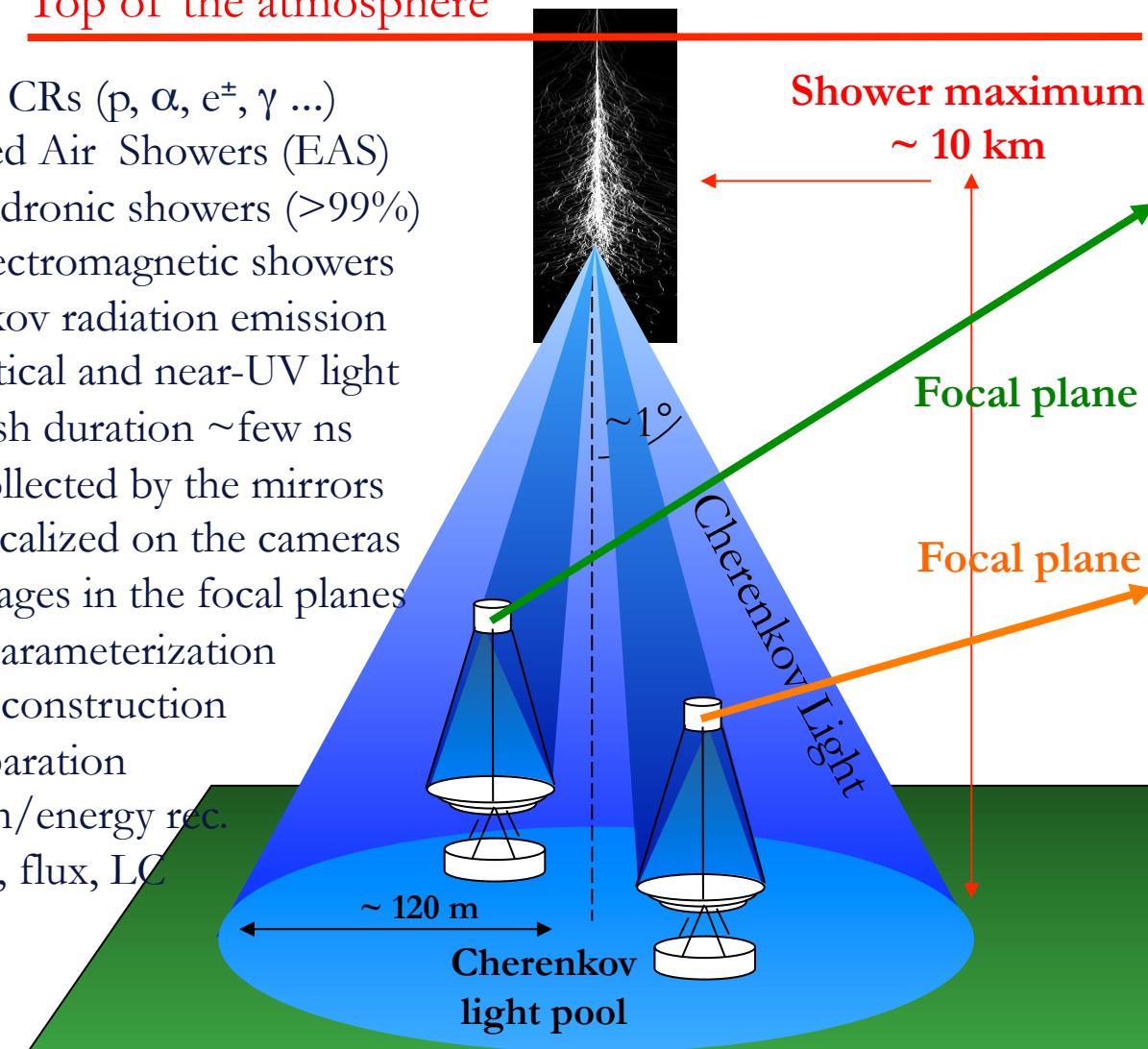


Federico Di Pierro

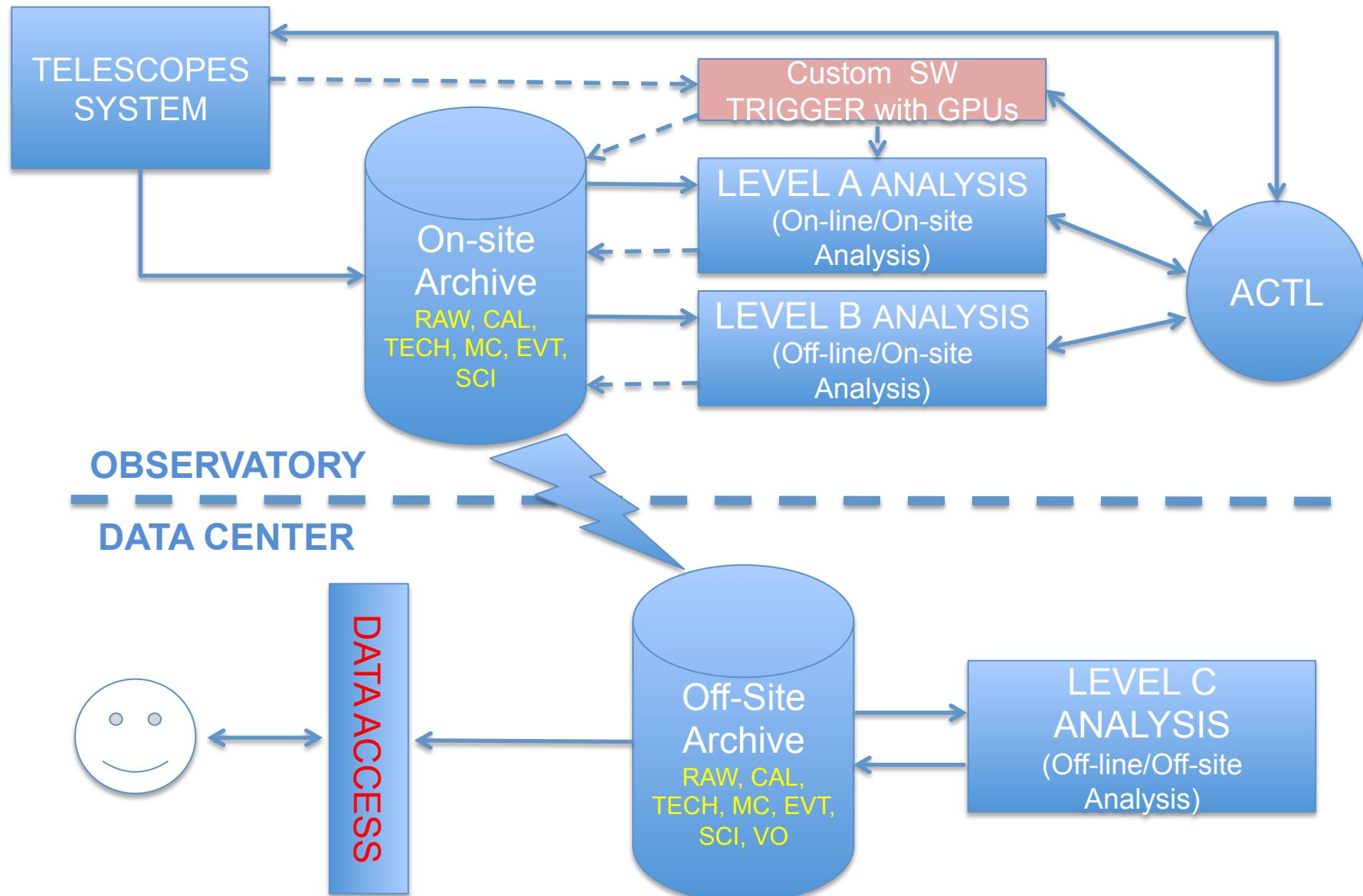
Imaging Air Cherenkov Technique

Top of the atmosphere

- Primary CRs (p, α , e^\pm , γ ...)
- Extended Air Showers (EAS)
 - Hadronic showers (>99%)
 - Electromagnetic showers
- Cherenkov radiation emission
 - optical and near-UV light
 - flash duration \sim few ns
- Light collected by the mirrors
- Light focalized on the cameras
- EAS images in the focal planes
- Image parameterization
- Array reconstruction
- γ /h separation
- direction/energy rec.
- γ signal, flux, LC



**Imaging
Atmospheric
Cherenkov
Telescopes**



CUSTOM SW TRIGGER: Conceived to leverage GPU's parallel architecture for execution speed and low-power. Could be used to increase the multiplicity of events and reduce DAQ-rate in collaboration with INFN.

LEVEL A Analysis: (OPA - On-line Pipeline Analysis) It is an *almost real time* data analysis starting as soon as data are available in the archive (typically after 90-120 sec) and performs the complete data reduction and analysis. Streaming is an open option.

This is well suited for scientific alerts and monitoring purposes.

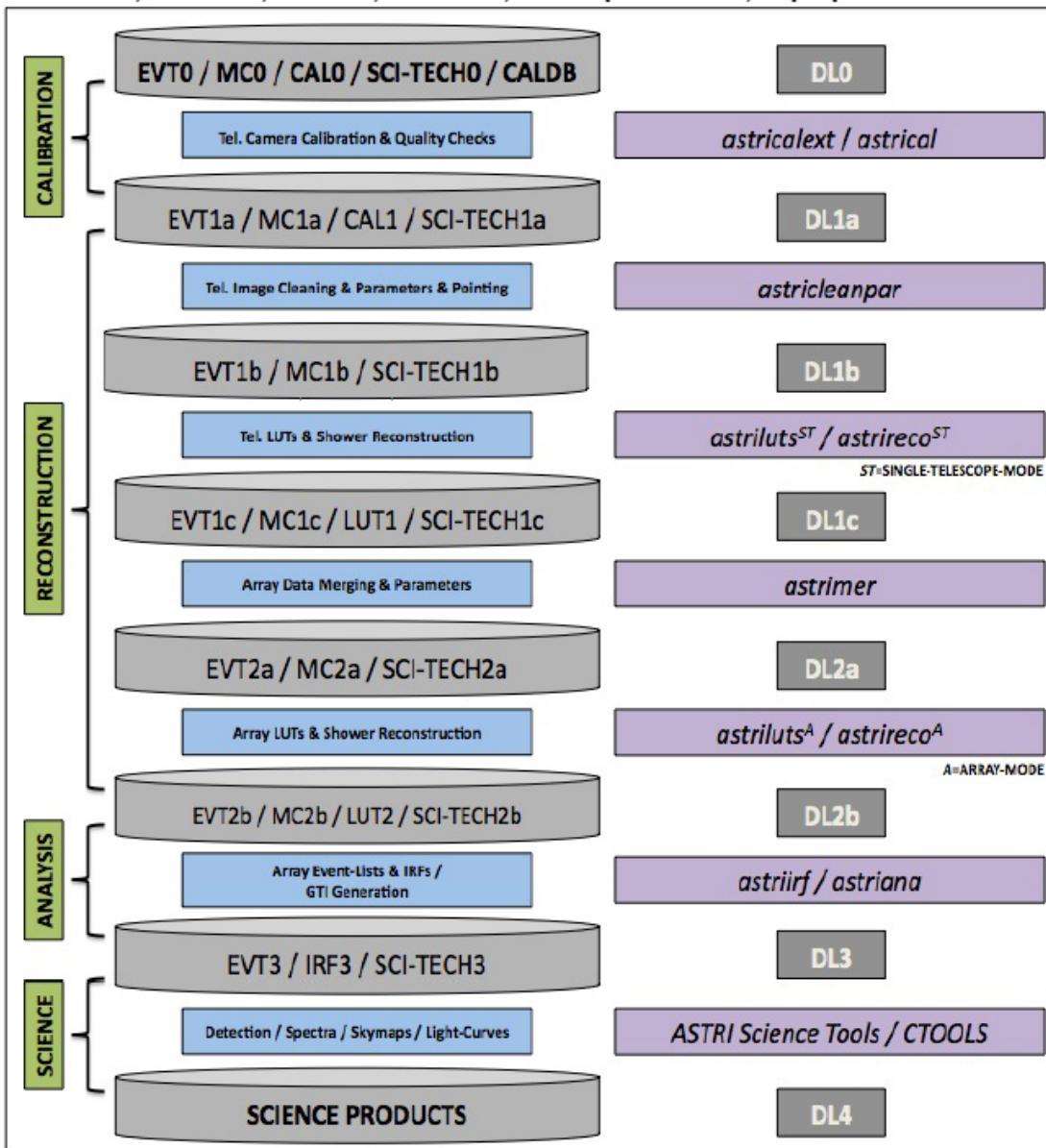
- Reduced calibrations and LUTs/IRFs.
- Faster analysis with low power consumption: the software is optimized for GPUs and for ARM processors.
- well suited for scientific alerts.

LEVEL B Analysis: (DOPA - Delayed On-site Pipeline Analysis). It performs the complete data reduction and analysis and starts at the end of each observation/night directly at the observatory. DOPA is aimed at monitoring sources providing scientific alerts also on stacked-analysis-bases (e.g. detection in >1 nights).

- Access the full dataset available in the local archive.
- Refined calibrations.

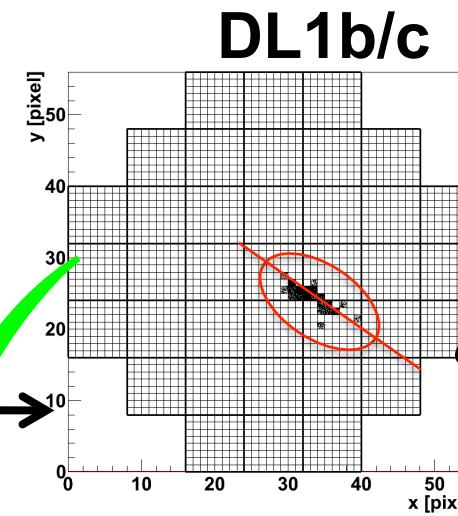
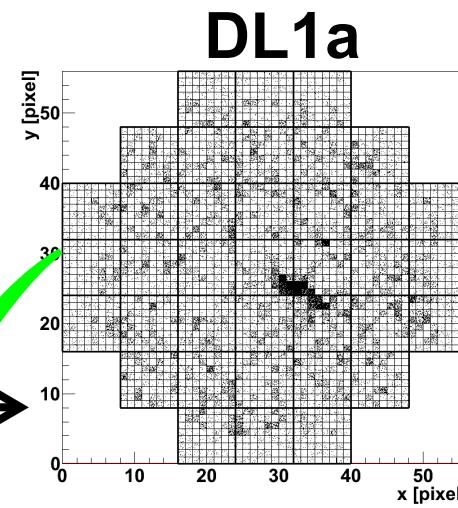
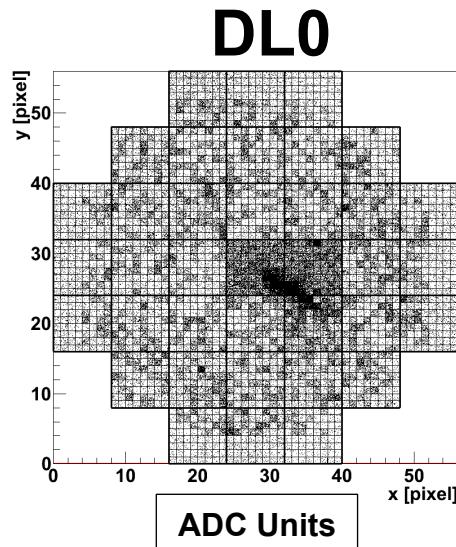
LEVEL C Analysis: (SCIOPA - SCientific Off-line Pipeline Analysis). It performs the complete data reduction and analysis at the Data Center adopting the best calibrations available for the most refined data reduction and analysis from L0 to L4.

Lombardi, Antonelli, Bastieri, Madonna, Mastropietro et al., in prep.



The ASTRI SST-2M prototype and mini-array Data Analysis:

- can handle *both prototype and mini-array data*
- *follows the general CTA design and data model scheme defined in CTA Data Management*
- is developed for *on-line/on-site/off-site* scientific analysis
- manages *FITS data* from DL0 to DL4 (CFITSIO/CCFITS libraries)
- is written in *C++/Python/CUDA*
- can run on *x86 / ARM CPUs & NVIDIA GPUs*
- is developed in *independent software modules* linked by pipelines written in *Python*
- makes use of *ad hoc and official CTA Science Tools*



DL2a/b
(Event Lists + GTI
and corresponding IRFs)



DL3

Event Lists and
corresponding IRFs



DL4

(SCIENCE PRODUCTS)



DL5

(OBSERVATORY PRODUCTS)



❖ **Preliminary performance**

based on MC-CTA Prod2
and official CTA-MC pipelines

❖ **Sensitivity**

slightly better than H.E.S.S.
above ~ 10 TeV for an array
composed of 9 telescopes

❖ **Angular resolution**

a few (4–5) arcmin

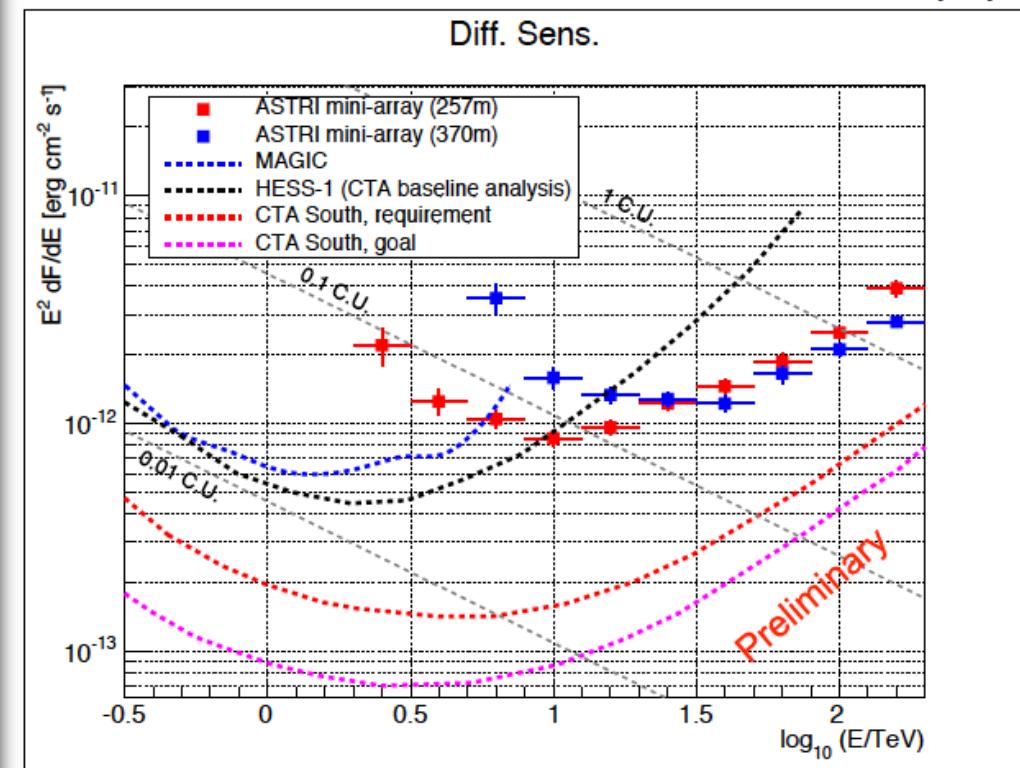
❖ **Energy resolution**

of the order of 10-15%

❖ **Wide field of view**

$\sim 10^\circ$

Di Pierro et al., in prep.



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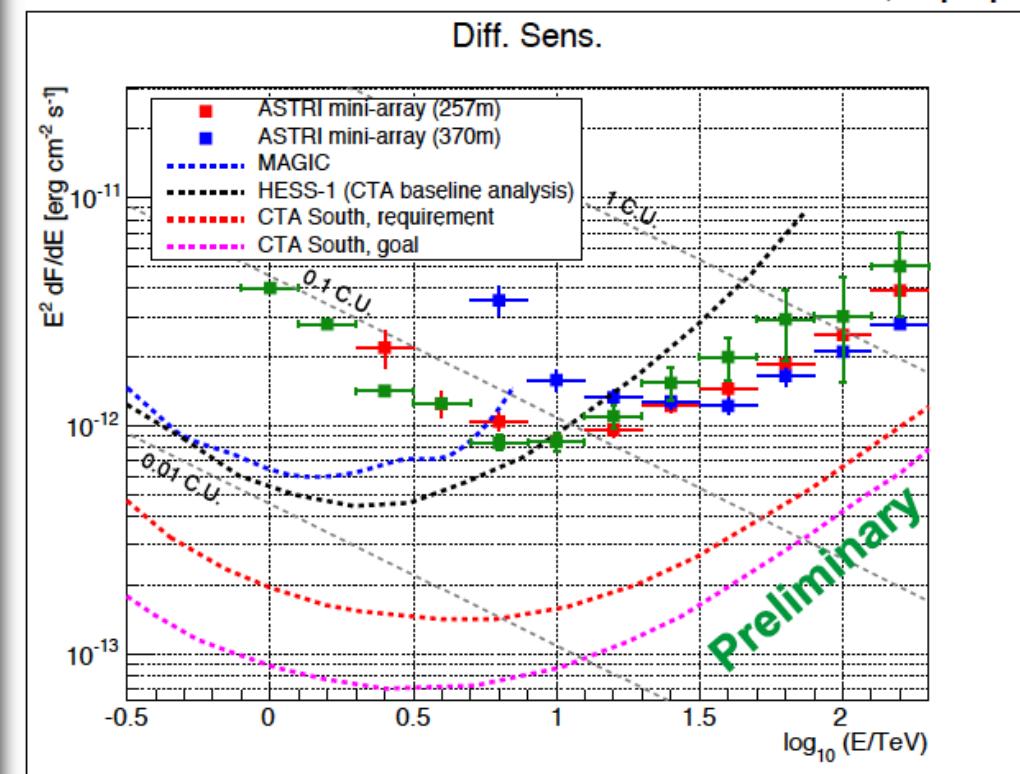
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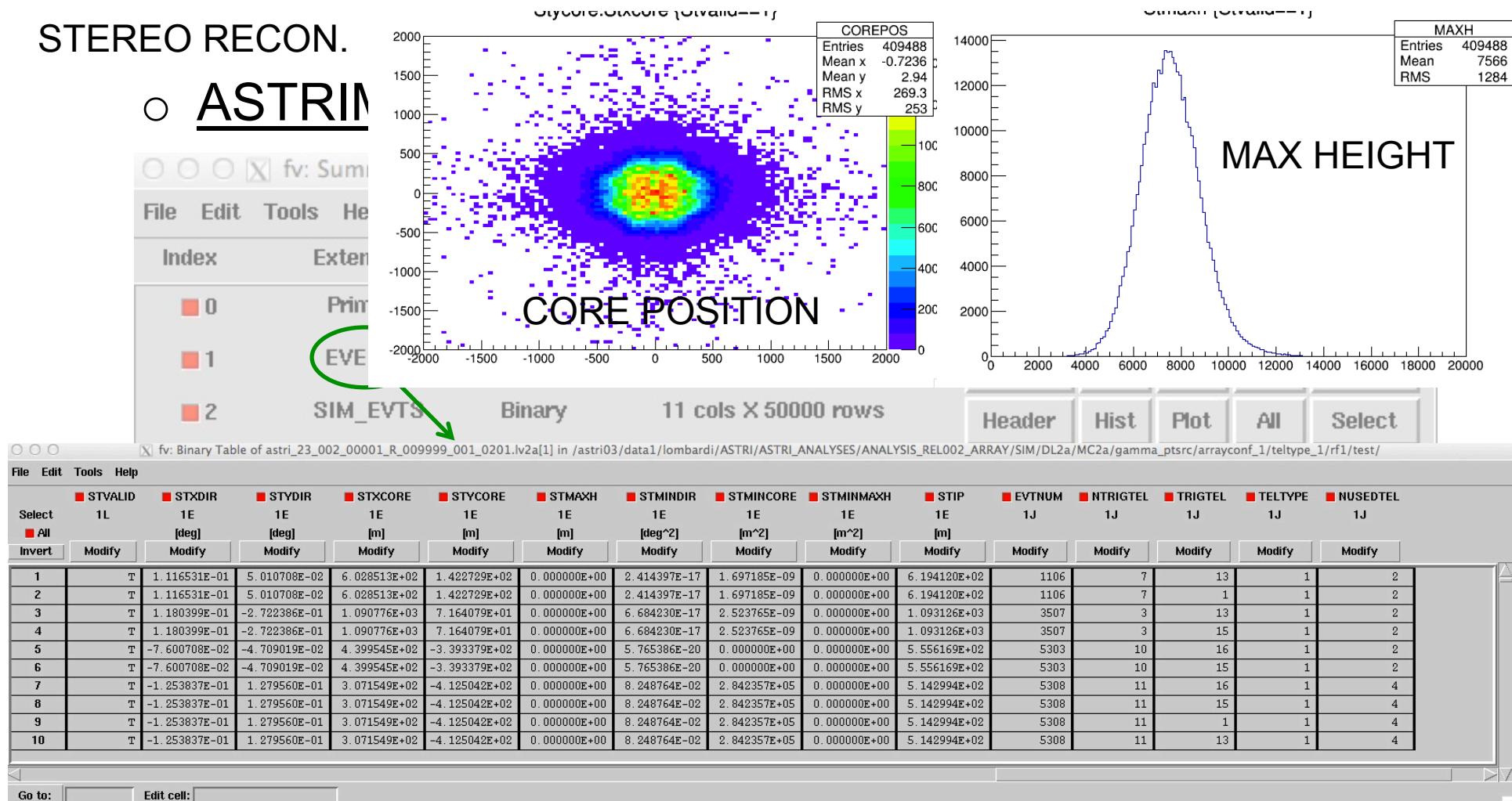
Lombardi et al., in prep.



■ ASTRI mini-array (~250m) – ASTRI DATA PIPELINE

**PRELIMINARY ESTIMATES ACHIEVED WITH
ASTRI PIPELINE IN REASONABLE AGREEMENT WITH
PERFORMANCE ACHIEVED WITH CTA-MC PIPELINE**

STEREO RECON.

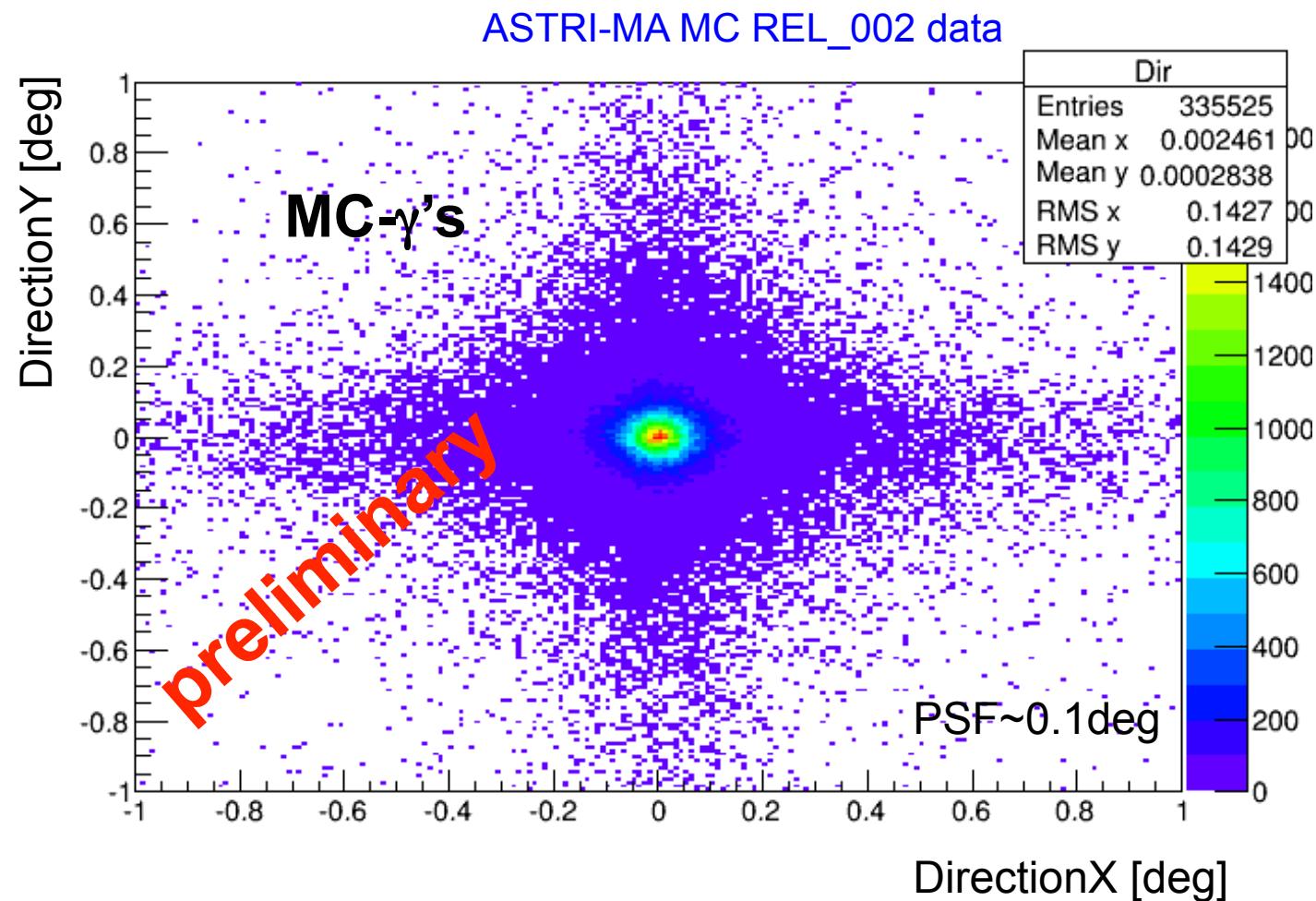
o ASTRI

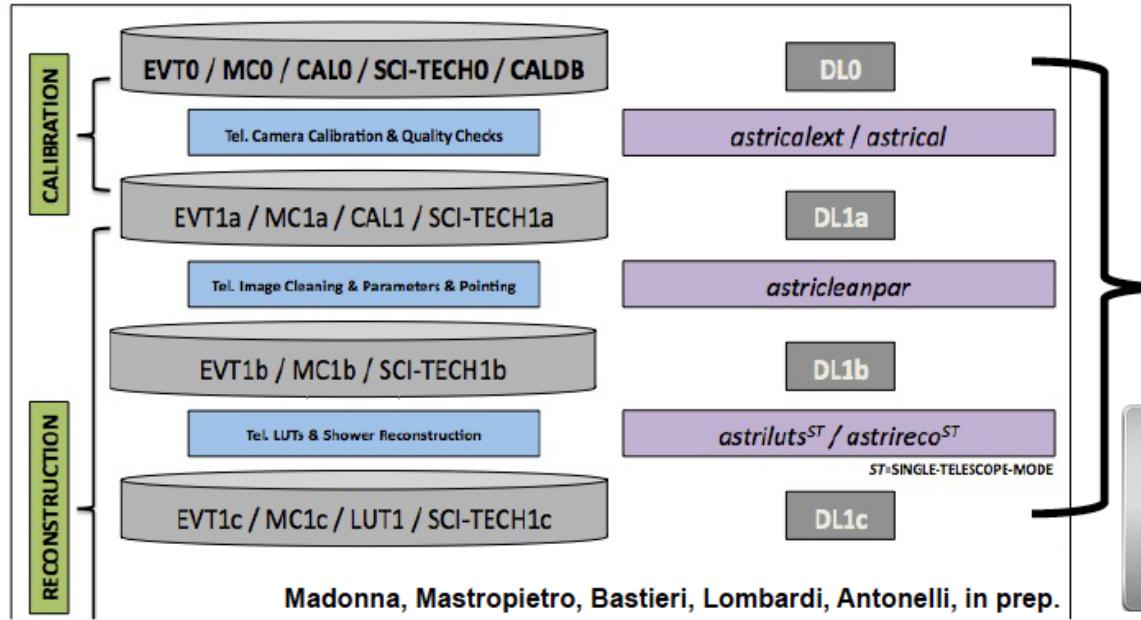
STEREO PARAMETERS

ARRAY INFORMATION

STEREO RECON.

DIRECTION ESTIMATION



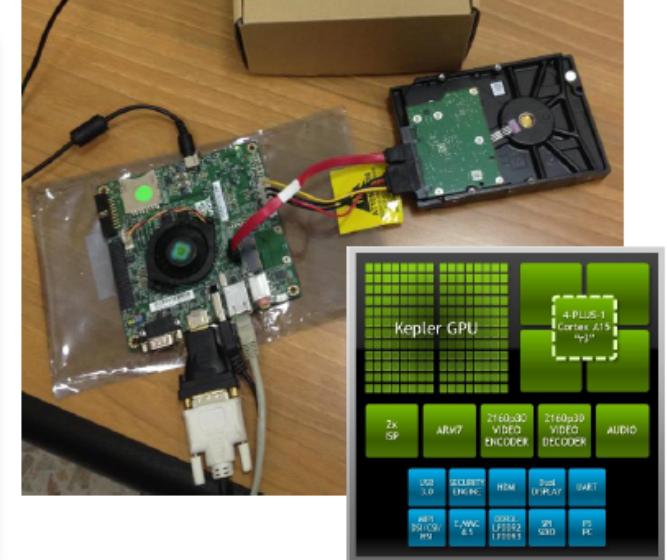


**KEY ADVANTAGE FOR
ON-LINE/ON-SITE ANALYSIS
IN REMOTE OBS. SITES**

**SINGLE TELESCOPE RECONSTRUCTION
ANALYSIS PORTED ON ARM/GPUs
(NVIDIA Jetson TK1, C++/CUDA)**



- ❖ Single codebase, 3 hardware platforms (x86, ARM CPUs, GPUs)
- ❖ Software modules automatically detect GPUs in the system (CPUs/GPUs execution switchable on user request)
- ❖ **MC-based *preliminary* performance on Jetson TK1:**
 - **DL0 → DL1(c) @ >2000 evt/s ≈ 2 × max DAQ rate!**
 - **Less than 10W!**
- ❖ Soon tests on real ASTRI SST-2M prototype data @ Mt. Etna (early 2016)



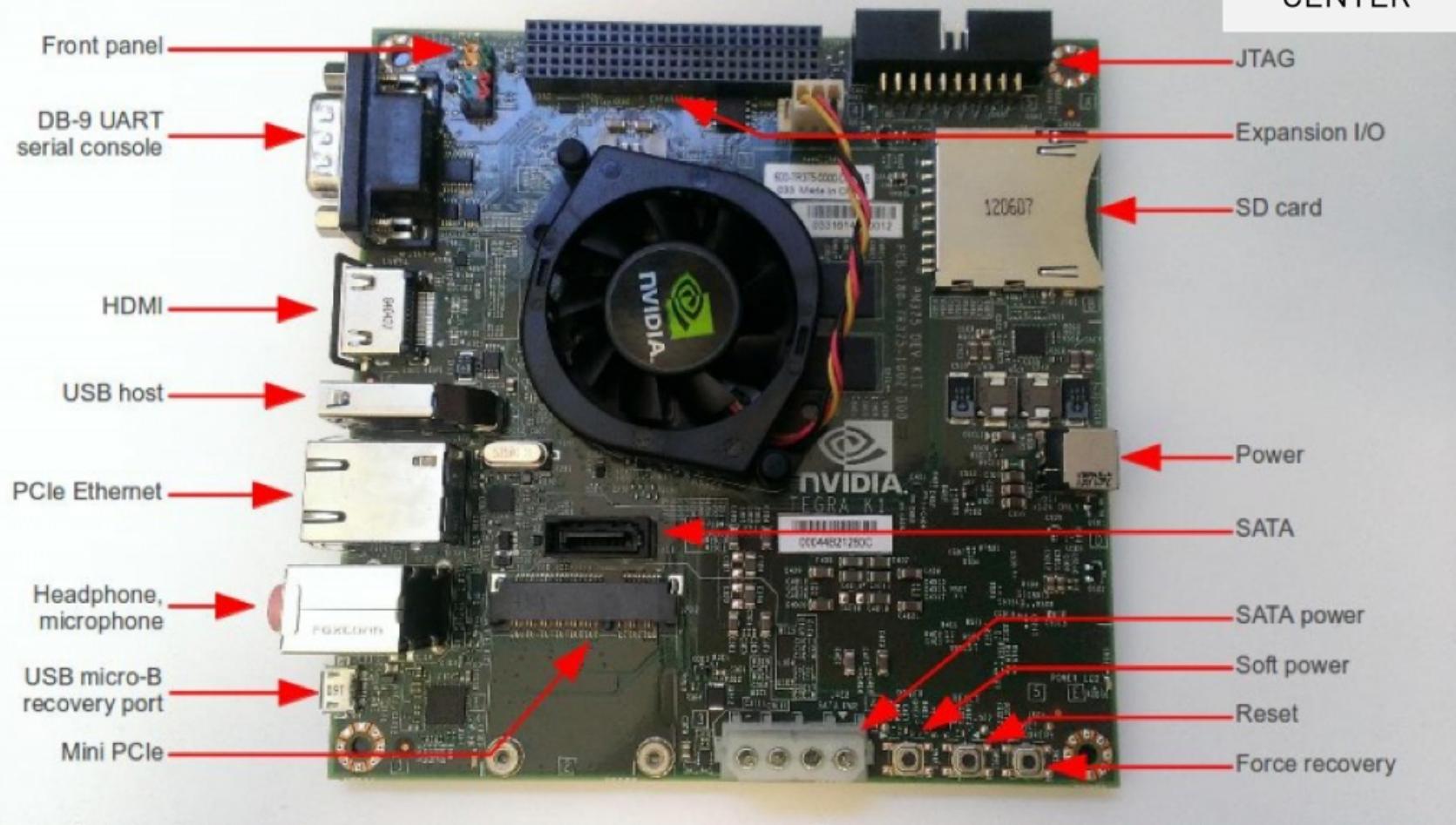


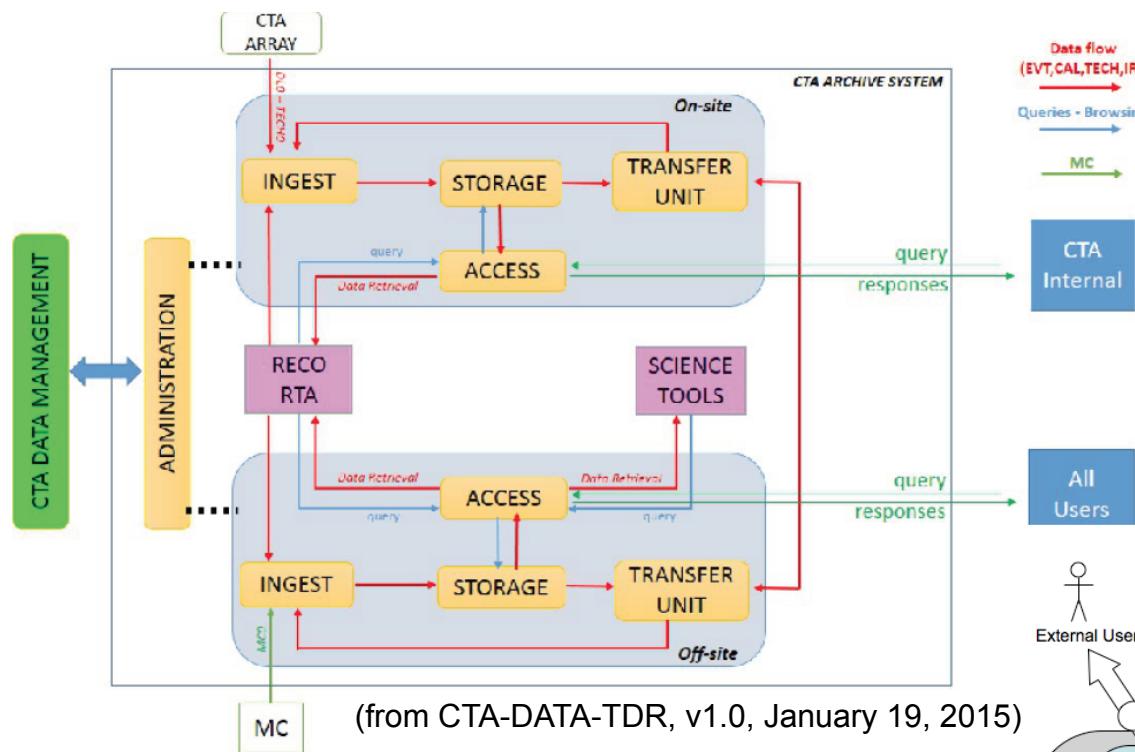
Jetson TK-1

192 cores @ 192\$

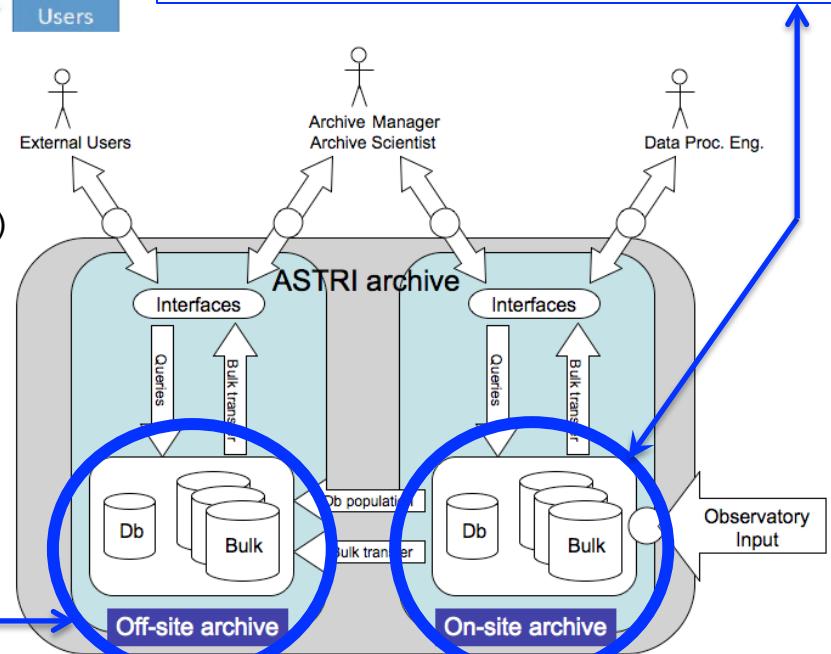


GPU
RESEARCH
CENTER

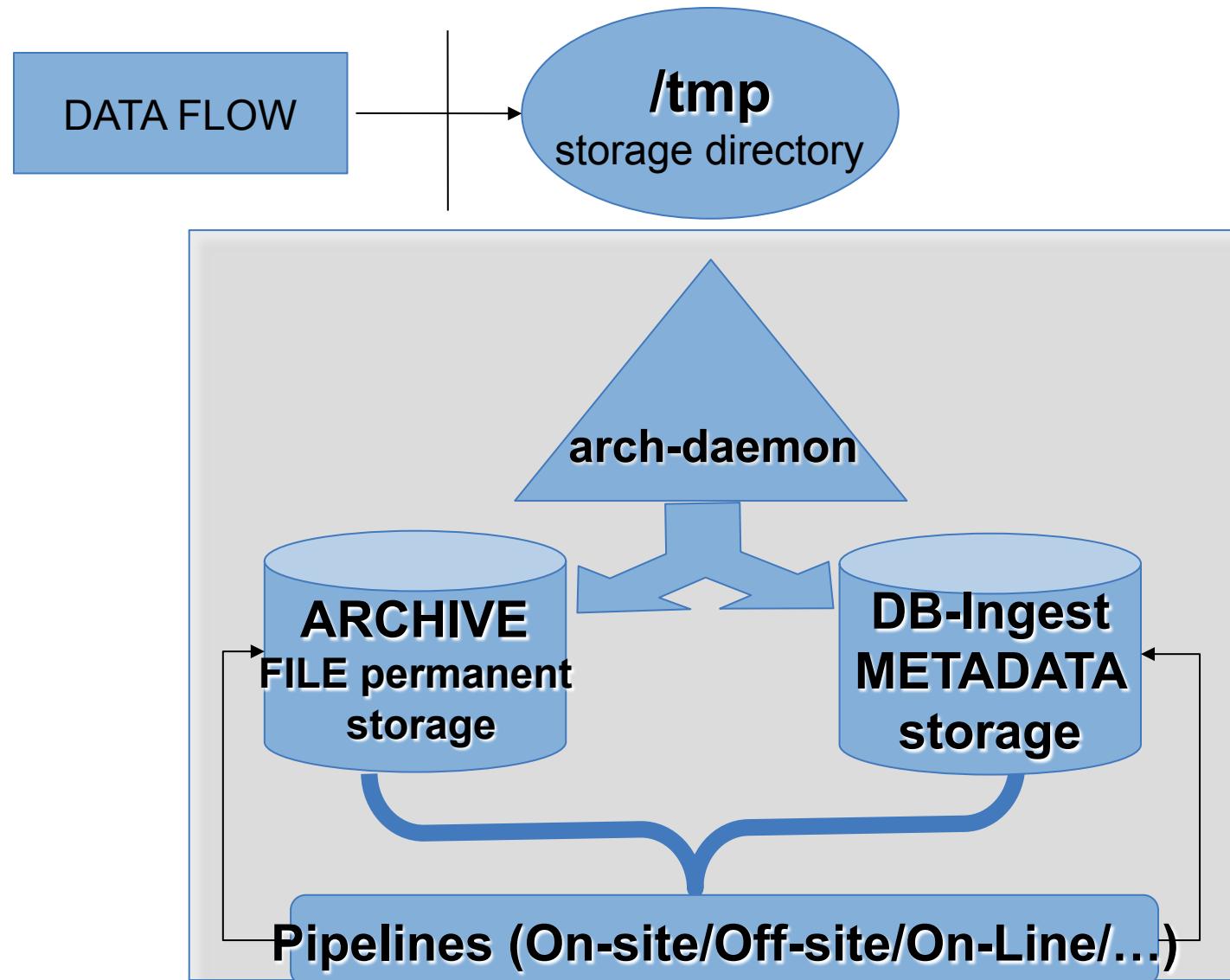




- **ASTRI On-site archive:** **temporarily** contains DL0 data files (EVT0/CAL0/TECH0) and products of the *in situ* OPA and DOPA.

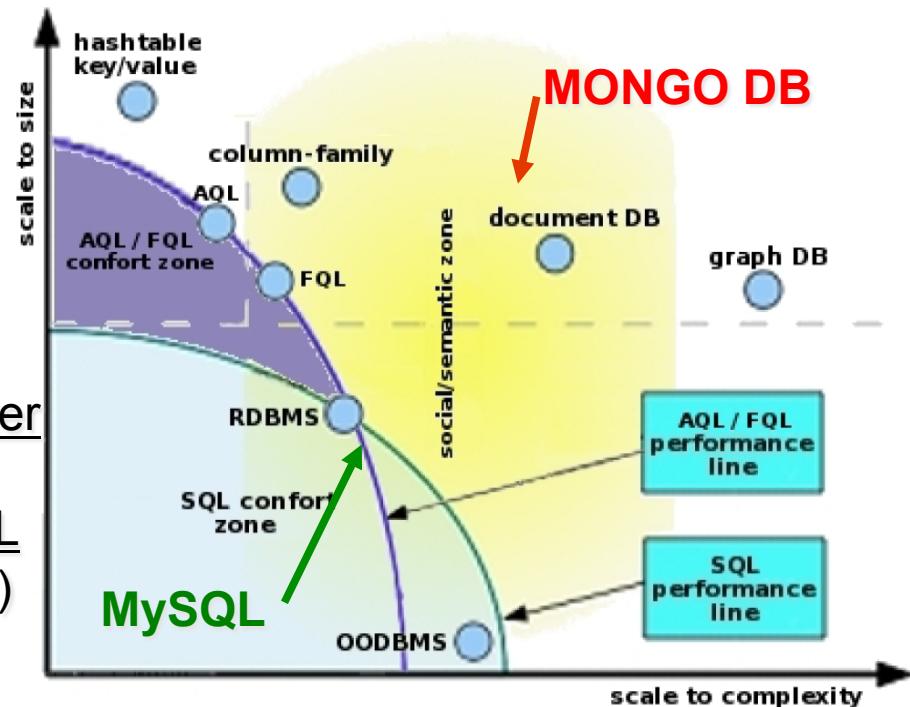


- **ASTRI Off-site archive:** contains all **RAW** data, **data reco** products and **high-level science products**



- Explored several DB families characteristics
- Identified Archive structures & DB engines suitable for the CTA archive

- prototype phase → RDMS (MySQL)
- preproduction phase → NoSQL cluster (MONGO DB)
- CTA production → Distributed NoSQL (MONGO DB shard replica sets)



MONGO DB SHARED REPLICA SETS can be configured to work on a Distributed File Systems Environment and thus reproducing the desired distributed environment for the CTA Archive. A possible implementation is the HADOOP Distributed File system, which works well with Mongo DB, supports Analytics and permits to off load the operational database.

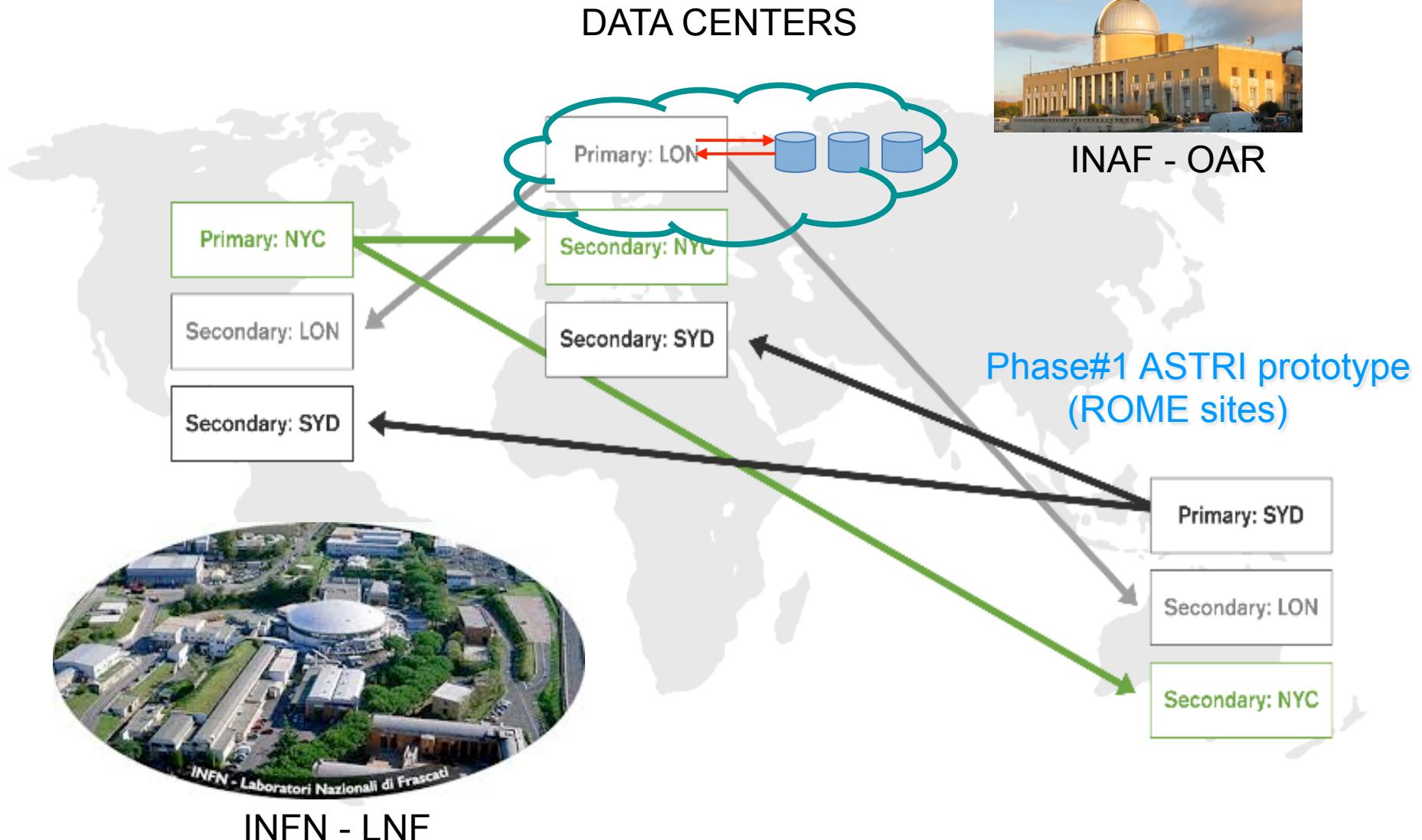
main requirement: 10GB network connections between Archive/DB nodes

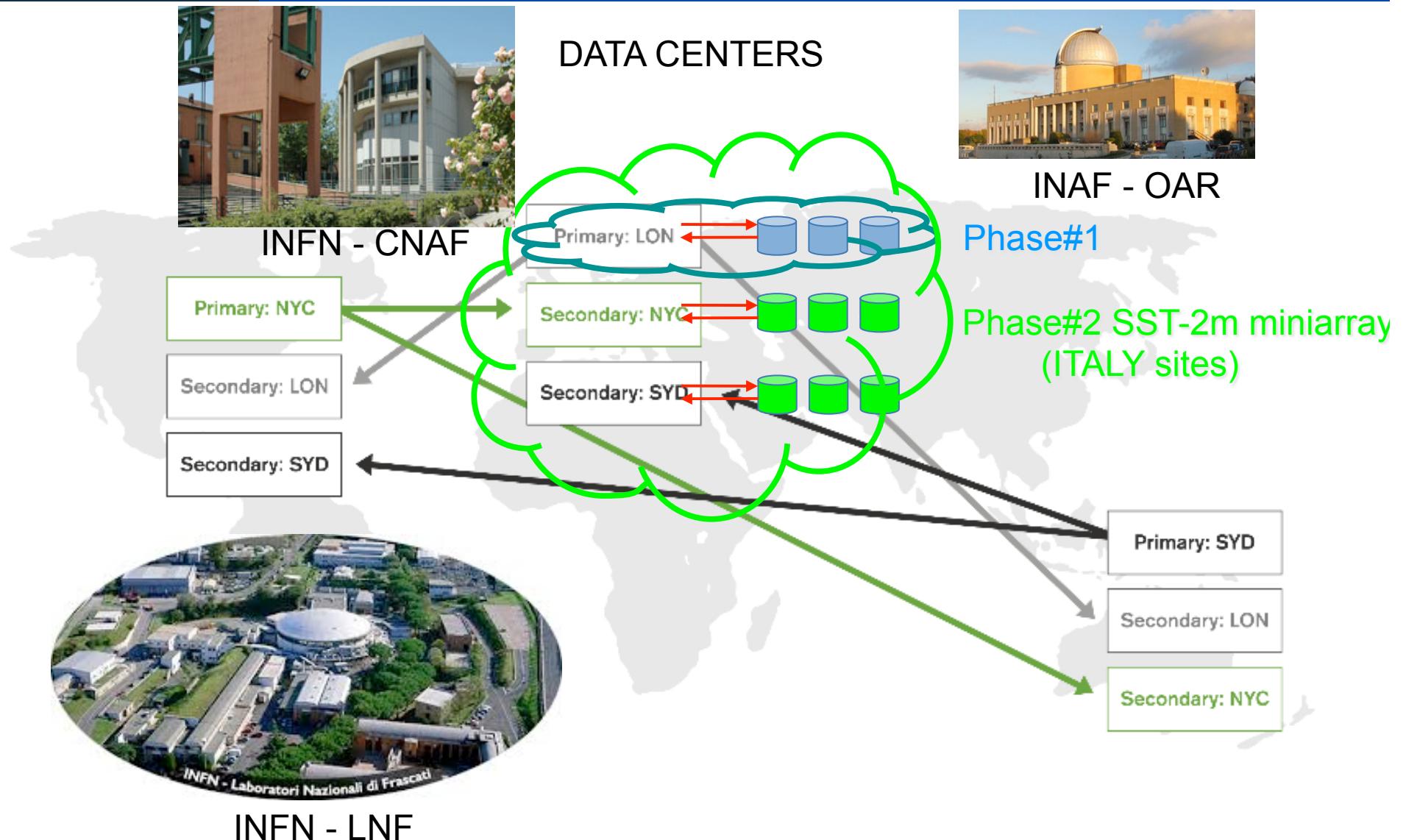
LEV-A: first prototype of the CTA archive is going to be realized in order to archive and manage all data products coming from the CTA/ASTRI SST-2M prototype. The CTA/ASTRI SST-2M archive system will provide full access to several archive users to the whole data set in order to archive, reduce, analyse and publish scientific data in a PI-oriented platform.

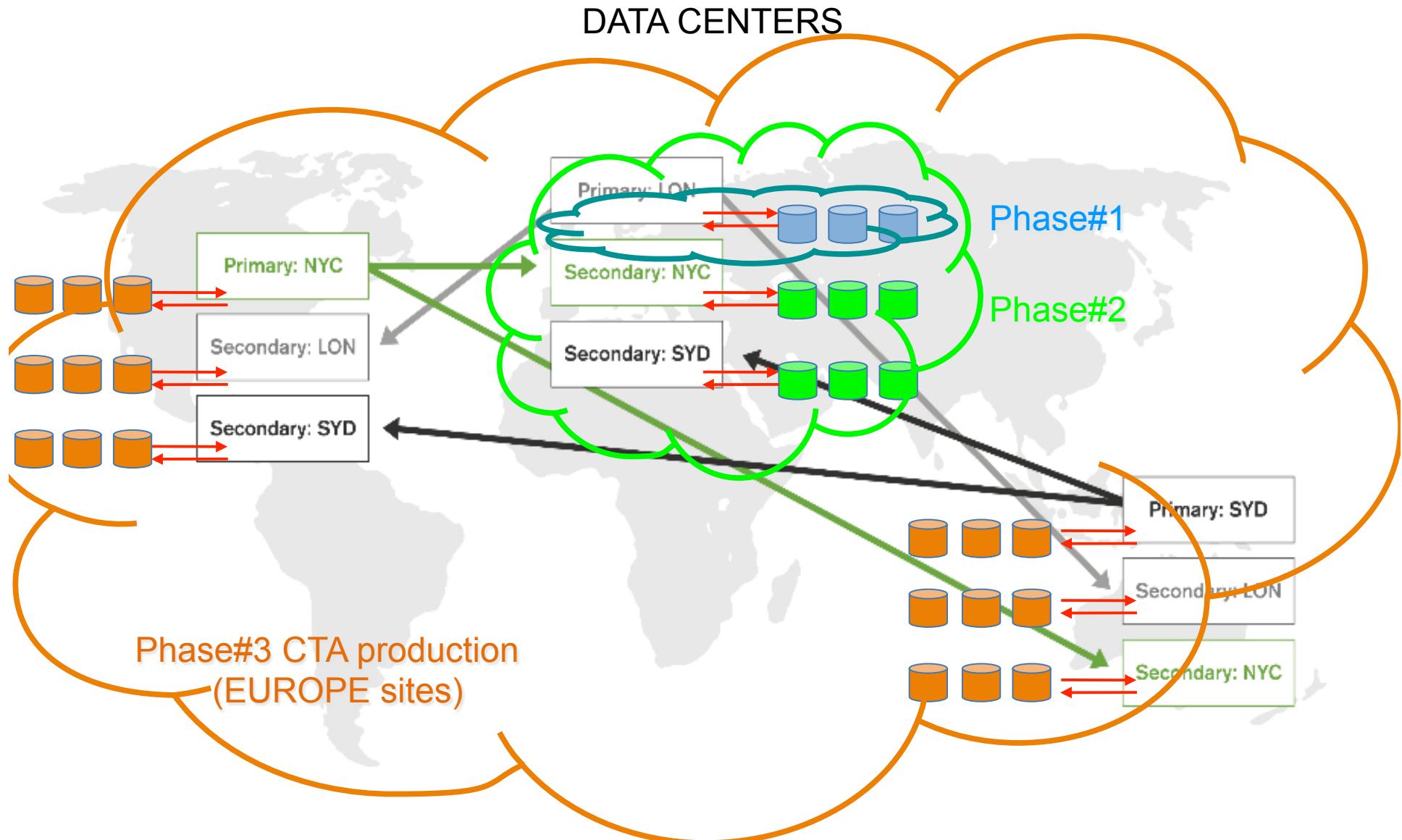
LEV-B: the second level is an archive system prototype capable of efficiently manage (for archiving and data-processing activities) data coming from several telescopes (mini-array) with several and (possibly) different kind of cameras technologies.

LEV-C: CTA Archive core. It is the final prototype version totally compliant with CTA requirements.









Thank you!