

The transient sky in the era of multimessenger astronomy

G. Valerin & I. Salmaso on behalf of the Padova SN group

SN 2023ixf
Asiago Schmidt telescope
Courtesy of A. Reguitti

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POST-DOC

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MASTER

Science Interests

- Classification program
- SNe Iax
- Faint Core-collapse SNe
- Progenitor study
- Rates
- Gap Transients
- Interacting SNe
- Radio Transients
- Multimessenger Astronomy

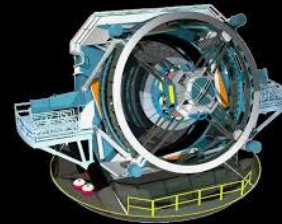
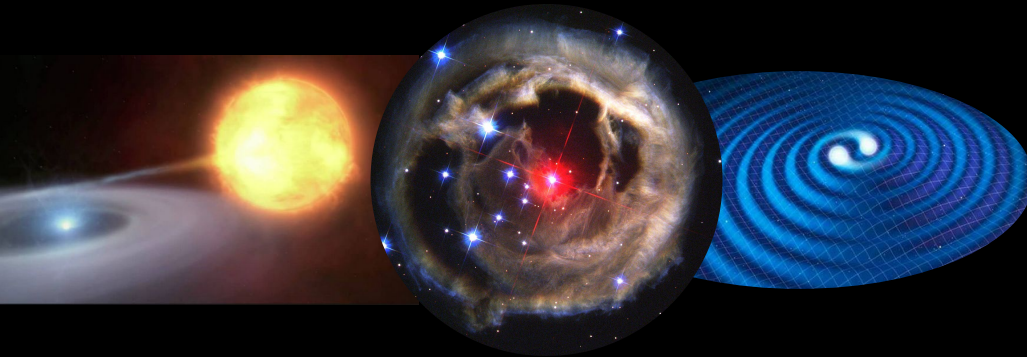
Padova-Asiago Supernova Group

Science Interests

- 🔭 Asiago classification program
- ⚡ Peculiar thermonuclear SNe
- 💥 Faint Core-collapse SNe
- 👤 Archival search and progenitor study
- 🌑 Gap Transients (ILRTs, LRNe, LBVs)
- ☁ Interacting SNe
- 📡 Radio Transients
- 💬 Multimessenger Astronomy (GW, neutrinos)

Collaborations and future projects

- NUTS2, ePESSTO+
- ThunderKAT
- ENGRAVE, GRAWITA
- Einstein Telescope
- LGWA
- EUCLID
- LSST
- SOXS

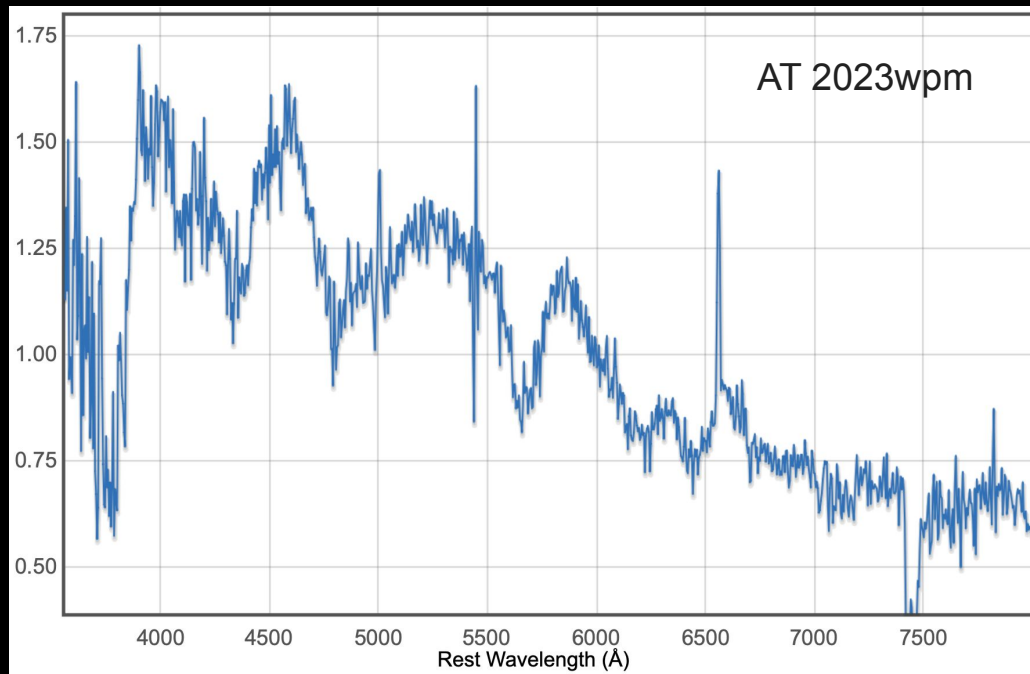




Transient classification program



Program started in 2013
(Tomasella et al. 2014)



https://sngroup.oapd.inaf.it/asiago_class.html





Transient classification program

☰ AstroNote 2023-308

ATel & Astronotes

AstroNotes Stats

2023-11-15 09:04:12 Type: Object/s-Discovery/Classification Bibcode: [2023TNSAN.308....1T](#)

Asiago spectroscopic classification of optical transient

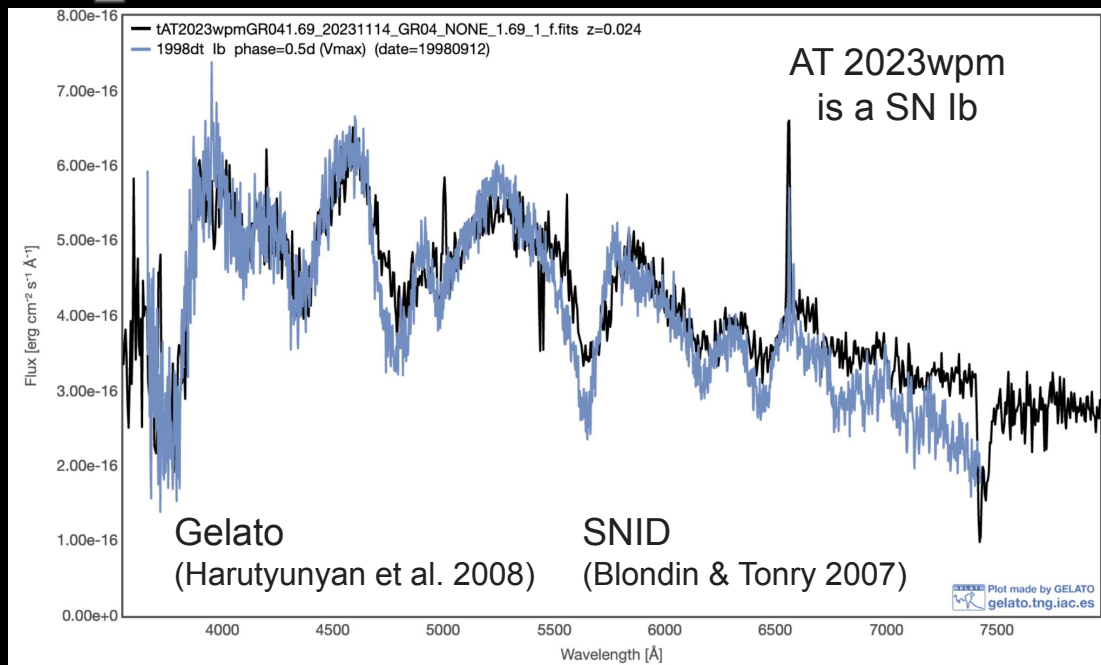
Authors: Stefan Taubenberger, Christian Vogl, Simon Huber, Stefan Schuldt, Jana Grupa, Allan Schweinfurth (MPA), Lina Tomasella, Stefano Benetti, Enrico Cappellaro, Andrea Pastorello, Irene Salmaso, Andrea Regulliti (INAF OAPd)

Source Group: [Padova-Asiago](#)

Keywords: [Supernova](#), [Spectroscopy](#), [Optical](#)

Abstract: The Asiago Transient Classification Program (Tomasella et al. 2014, AN, 335, 841) reports the spectroscopic observation of AT2023wpm (ZTF23abovaur) in LEDA 1656929

- ~650 classified transients in 10 yrs
- Up to ~38% of newly discovered SNe classified from Asiago in the first years
- Second wind with RoboCop?



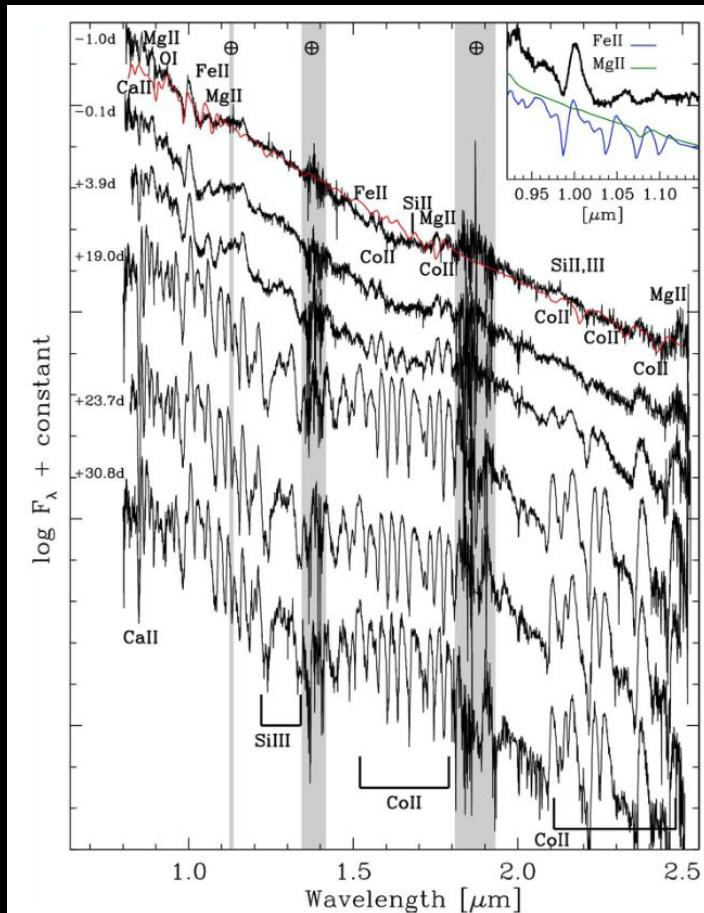


Thermonuclear SNe

Tomasella et al. 2016

Iax

- **Low luminosity** ($-19 \text{ mag} < M_V < -13 \text{ mag}$), fast rise to maximum light (~ 10 to 20 days)
- **Low velocity ejecta** (~ 2000 - 6000 km/s)
- **C/O WD + He-star** good progenitor candidates (but diversity within the class: multiple progenitors/explosion mechanism?)



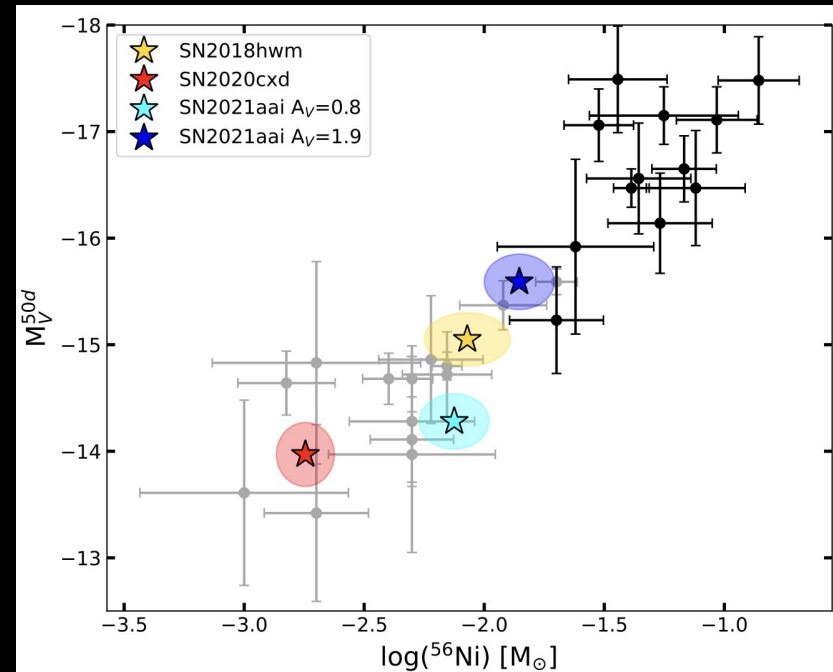


Faint core-collapse SNe

The most common core-collapse outcome is a SN IIP or IIL, but there is a variability within the class

- $-18 \text{ mag} < M_V < -13 \text{ mag}$
- $10^{-3} M_{\odot} < M(^{56}\text{Ni}) < 10^{-1} M_{\odot}$
- $10^{50} \text{ erg} < E_{\text{kin}} < \text{few } 10^{51} \text{ erg}$

Correlations between parameters suggest that such variability is linked to the mass of the **progenitor star**



Valerin et al. 2022



Archival searches: Progenitors and their variability

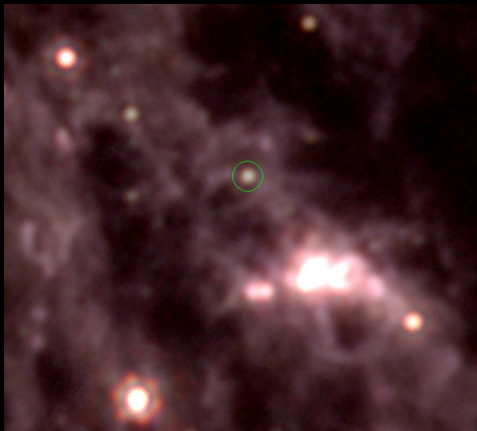
Search science archives for
pre-explosion images

Both in the **Optical** (*HST*, *CFHT*,
DES, *ESO*, *NOAO*...)

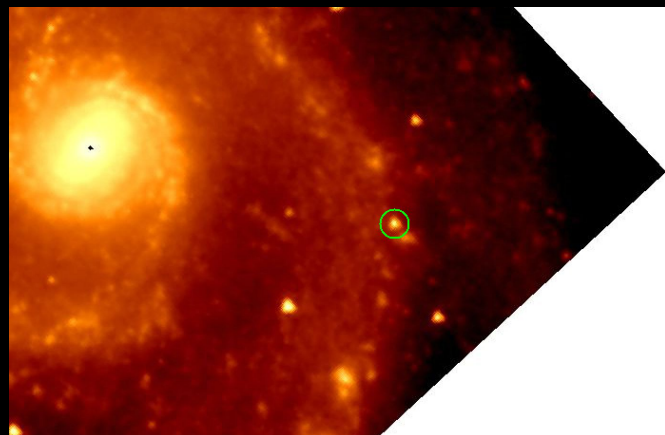
And in the **MIR** (*JWST*, *Spitzer*,
WISE)

<https://sngroup.oapd.inaf.it/progenitors.html>

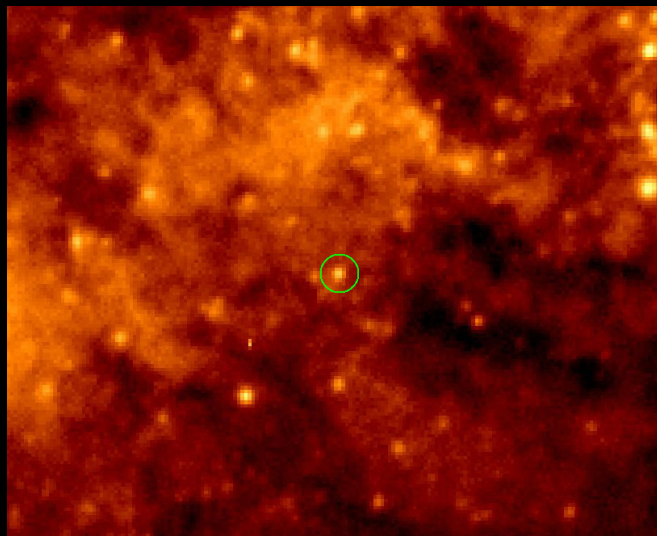
AT 2019abn detected by
JWST/MIRI



Progenitor of AT 2021biy in
CFHT data, Cai et al. 2022a



Spitzer image of AT 2019abn in M51





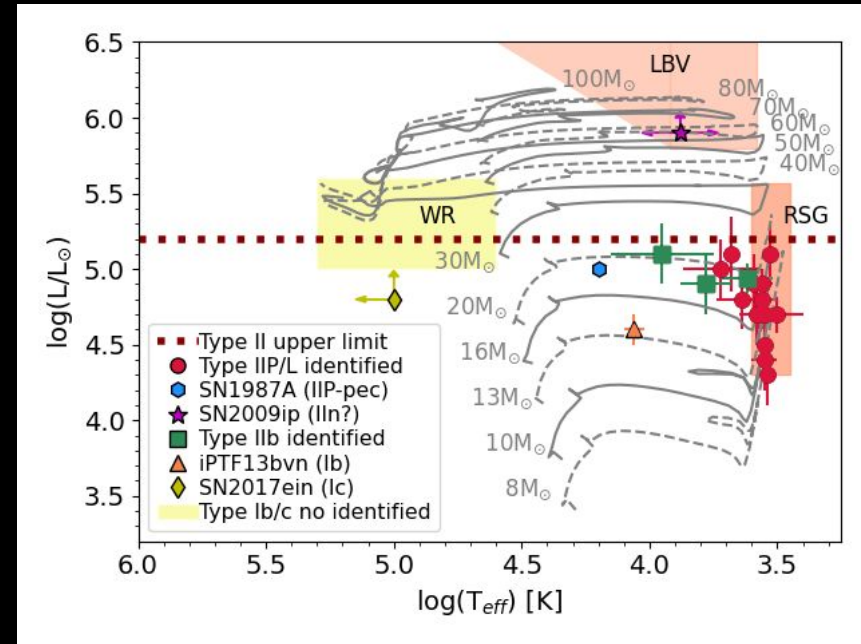
Fate of massive stars

Constraints on the progenitors of CC-SNe



Connect the SN explosion with the stellar evolution

- Why are we not detecting massive ($>17 M_{\odot}$) red-supergiants SN progenitors?
- Which is the fraction of stripped envelope SNe in binary systems?
- Which are the most massive stars that end their life as a SN?

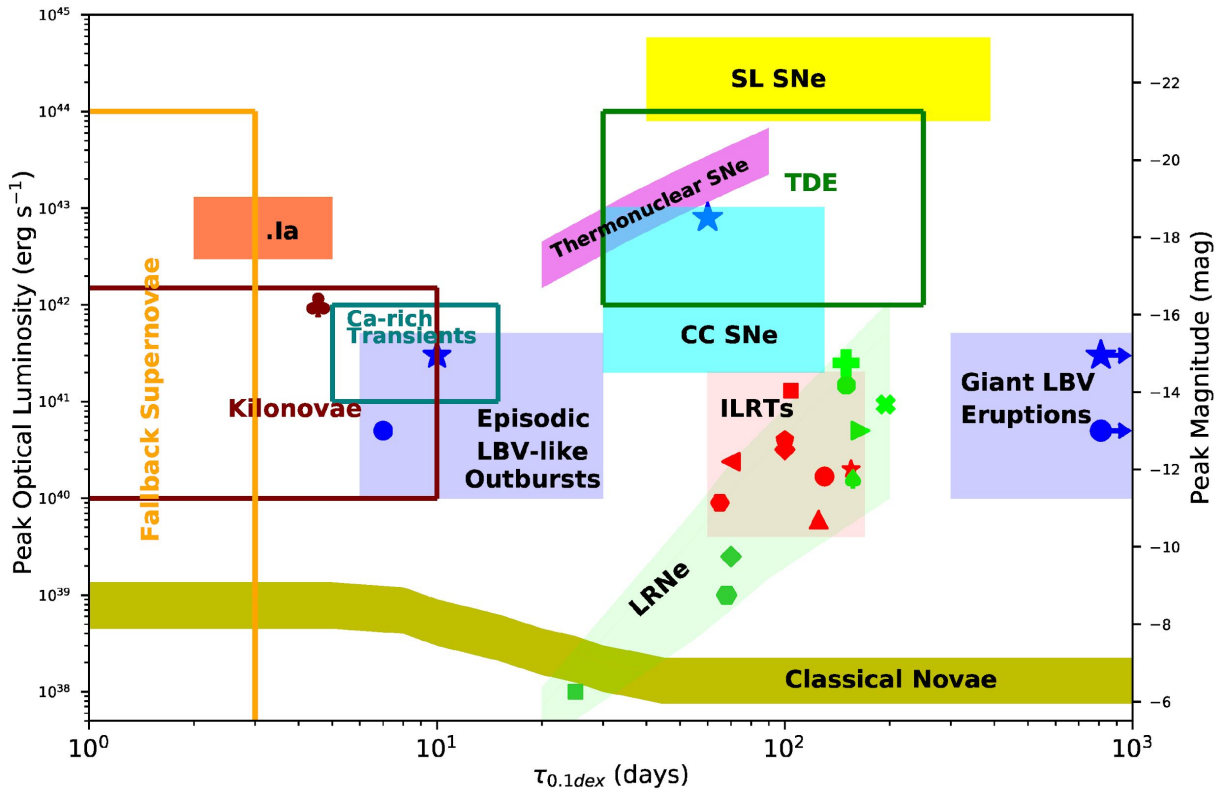
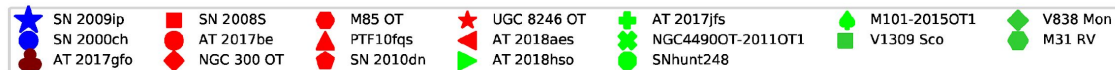


NER: PI of observational programmes for the hunt of SN progenitors



Gap Transients

Cai et al. 2022



Luminous Red Novae (LRNe)

Intermediate Luminosity Red Transients (ILRTs)

Outbursts of massive stars

Giant LBV eruptions (Eta-Car like)

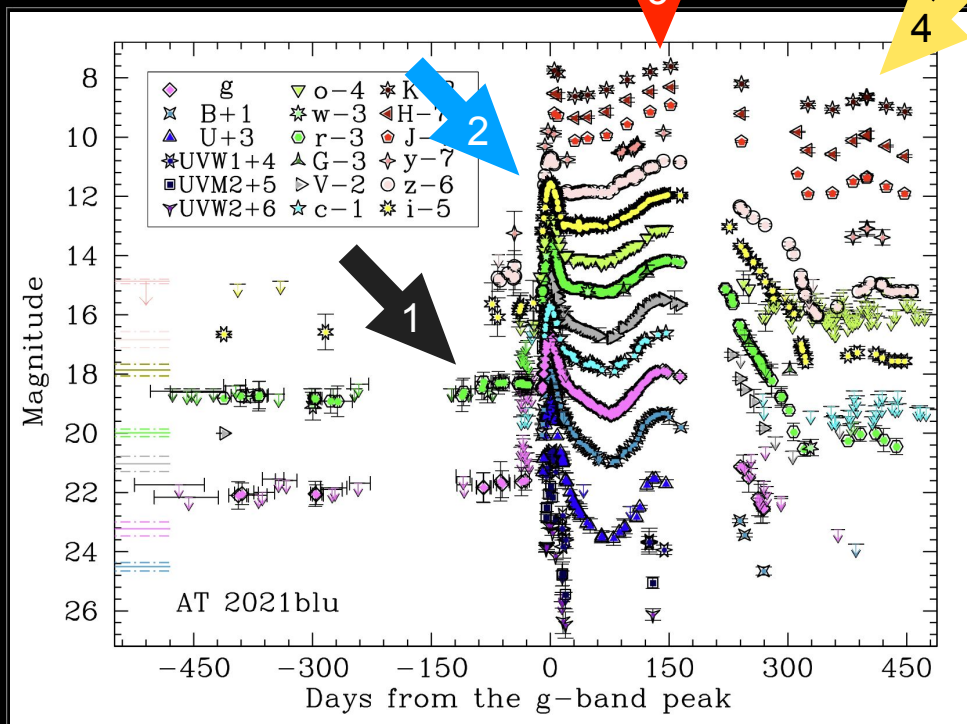
Tightly linked to ejecta-CSM interacting SNe (Type IIn, Ibn)



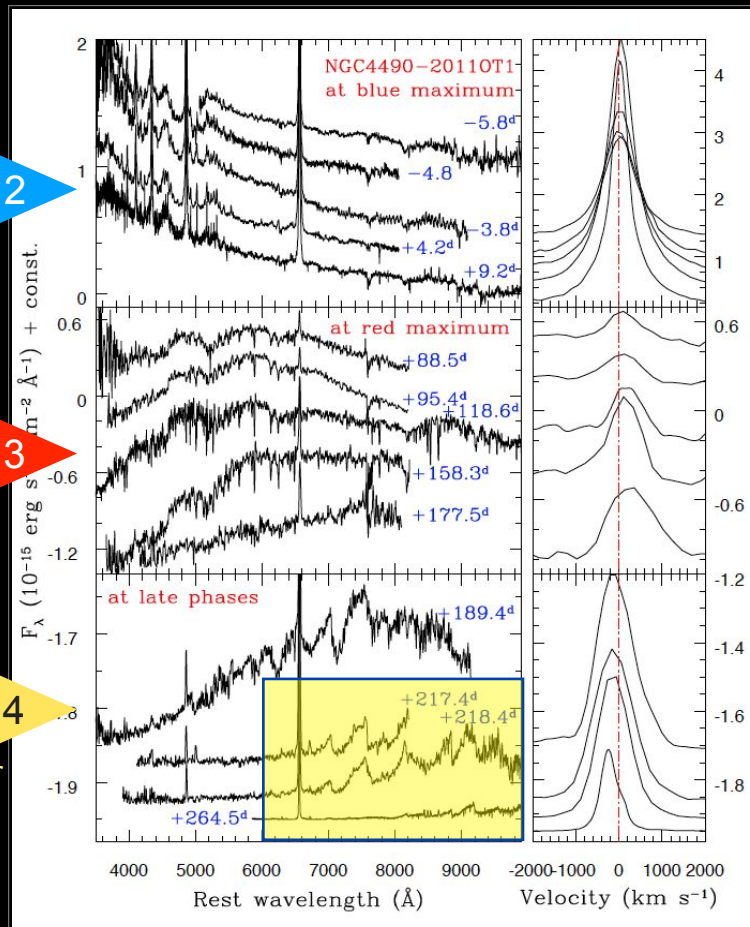
Luminous Red Novae

Pastorello et al. 2019a

Pastorello et al. 2023



<http://graspa.oapd.inaf.it/gap/lrn.html>



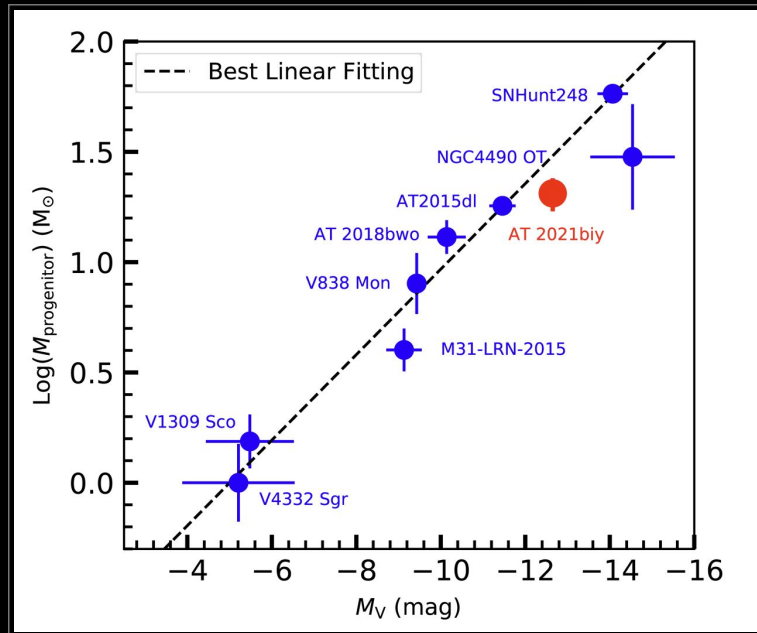
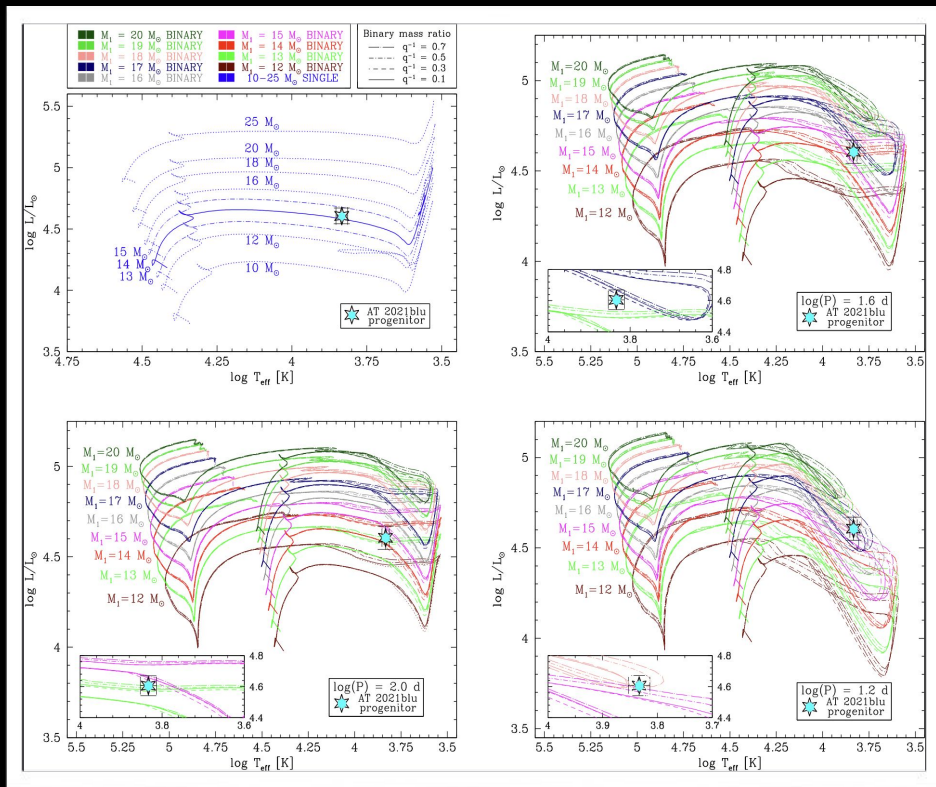


Luminous Red Novae

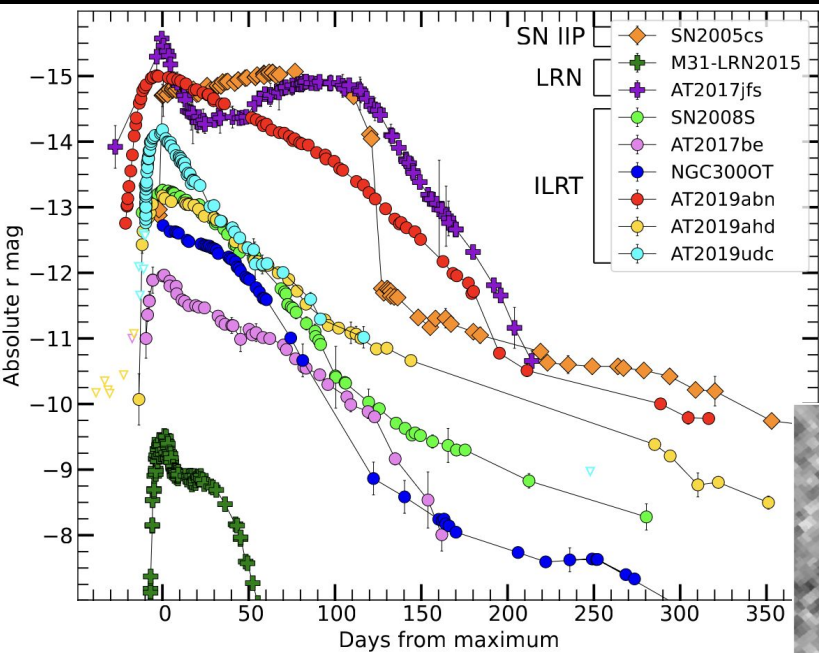
Quiescent progenitor detection

Indirect methods:

The luminosity and the duration of the outburst depends on the **masses involved**



Transients

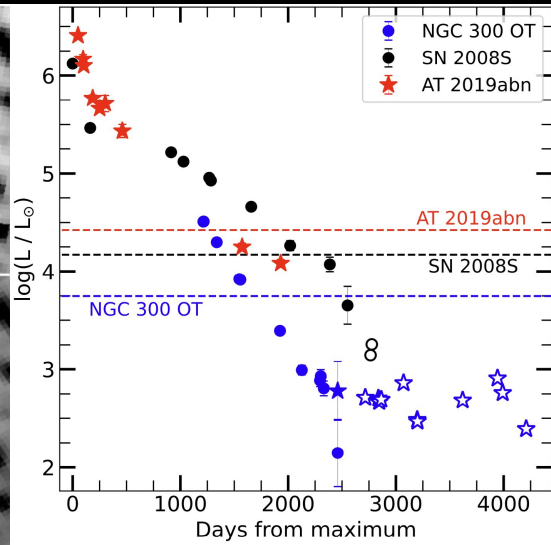
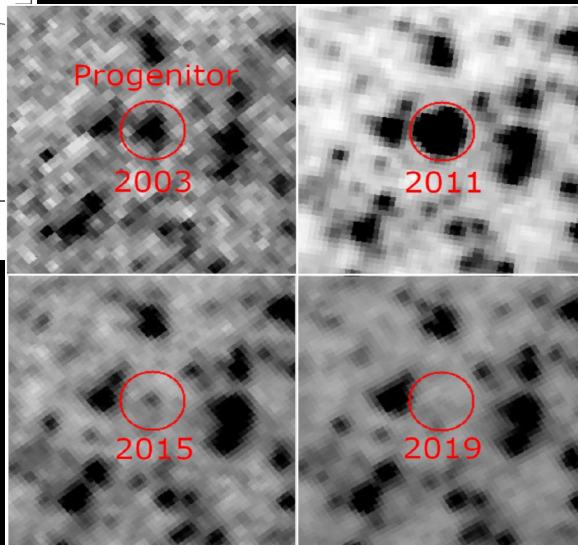


- Peak absolute magnitude:
-15 mag < M_r < -12 mag
- **Supernova-like** light curves, possible contribution from ^{56}Co decay
- MIR dimming below progenitor level until disappearance

Valerin et al. 2024

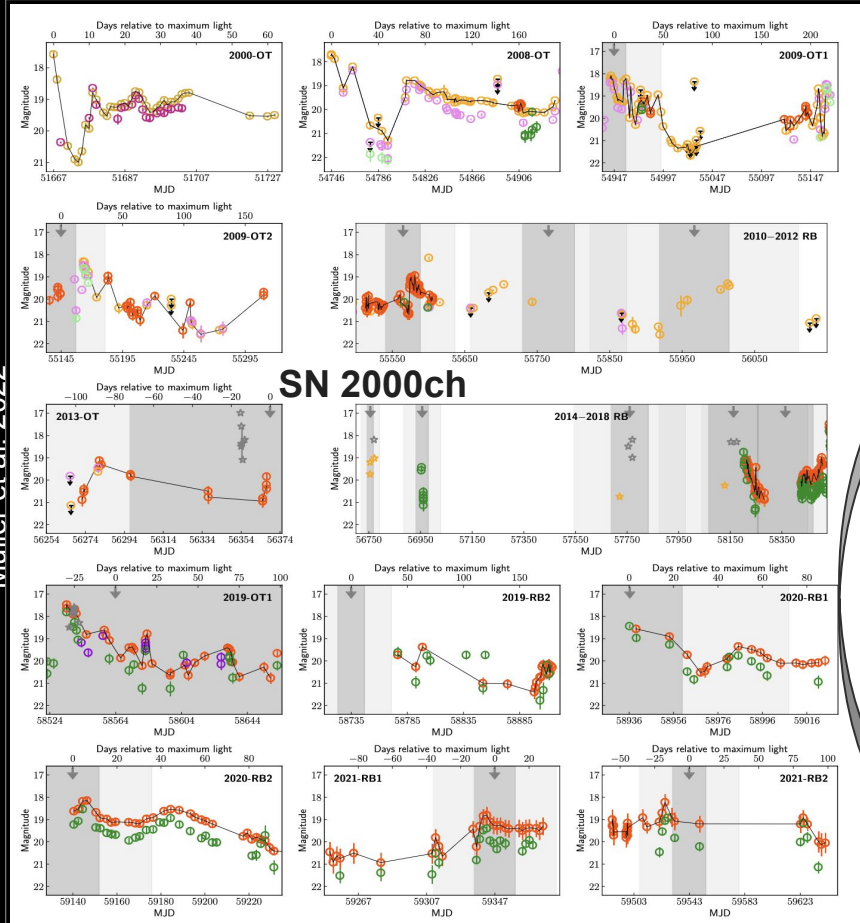
• Electron Capture Supernovae from SAGB progenitors?

<http://graspa.oapd.inaf.it/gap/ilotredtr.html>



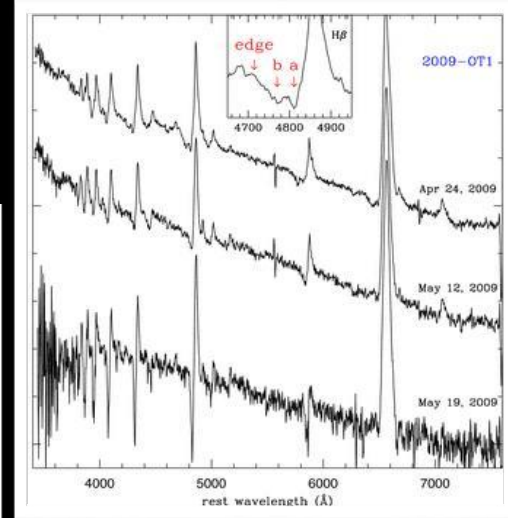
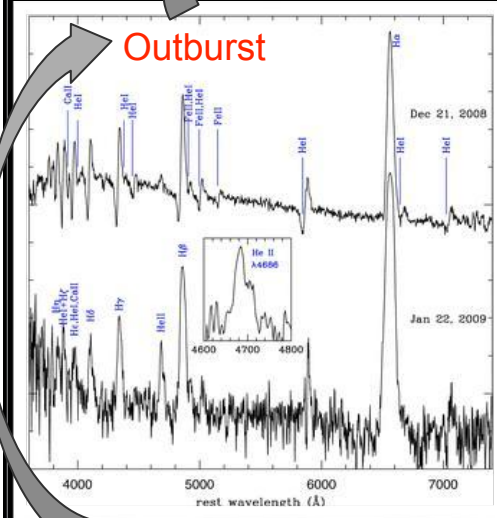


LBV outbursts and giant eruptions



Erratic behaviour,
multiple outbursts

Evolution

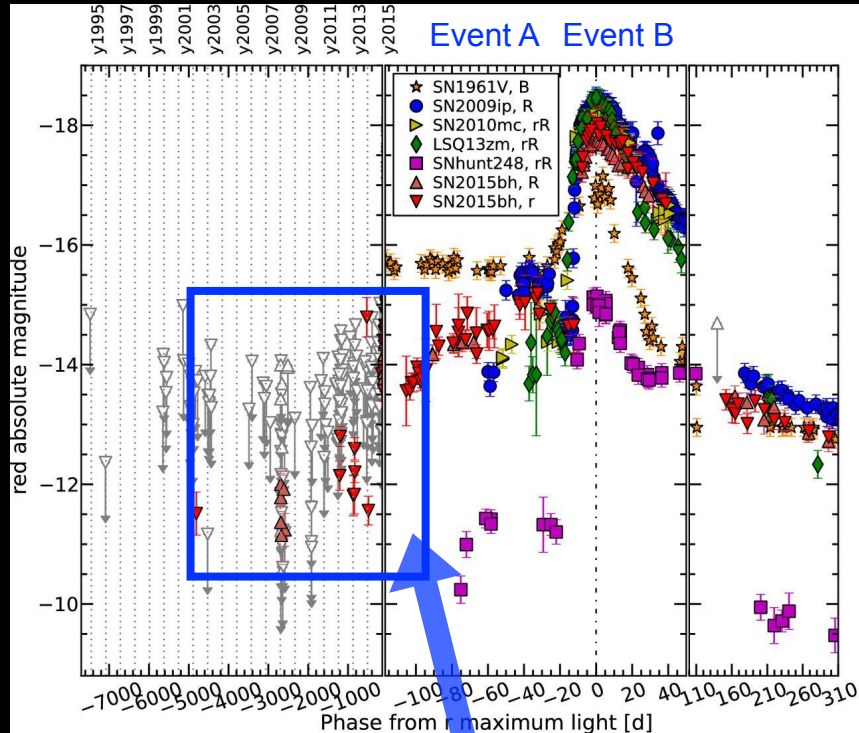


Pastorello et al. 2010

Müller et al. 2022



Gap transients can become SNe

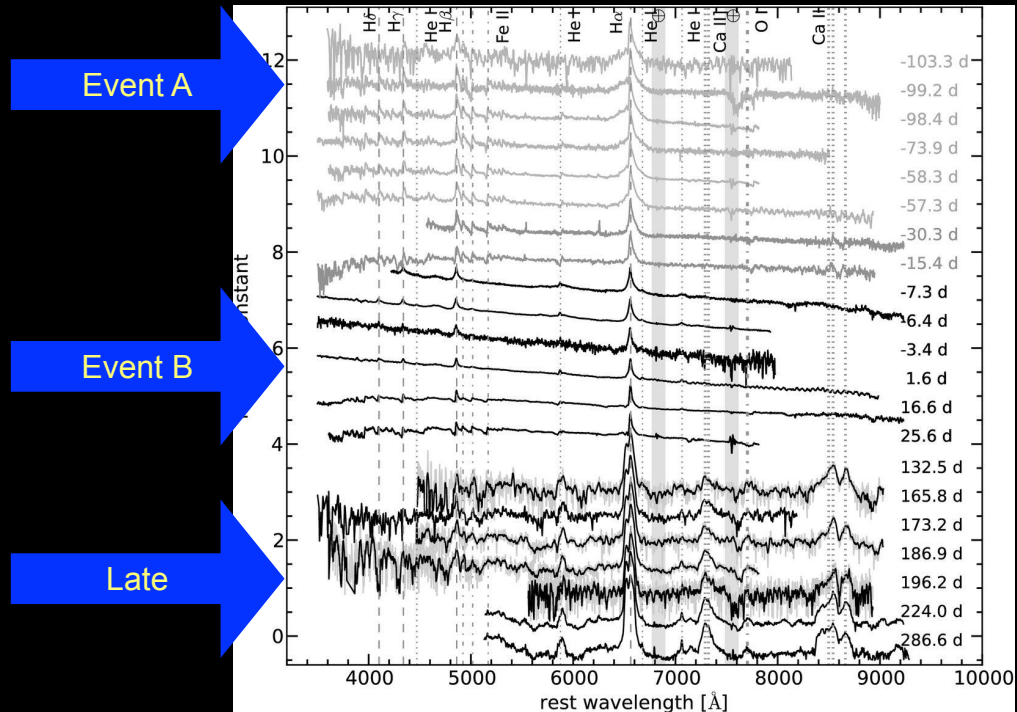


Elias-Rosa et al. 2016

We need to study the
pre-SN eruptive phases!

Pre-SN IIn outbursts: SN 2009ip-like transients

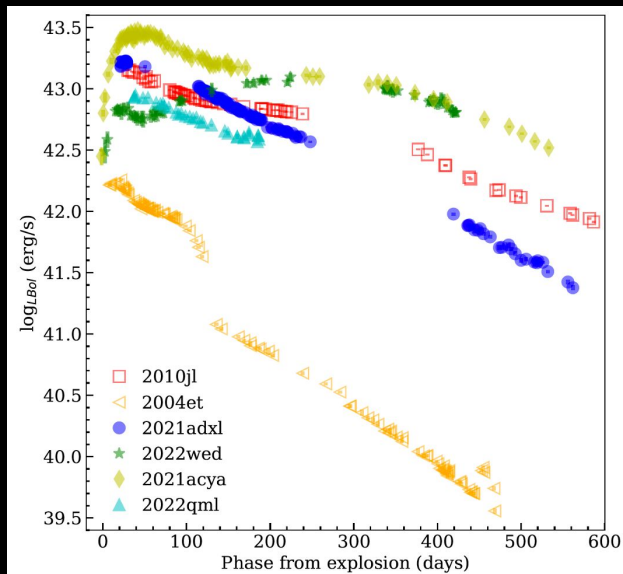
Erupting LBVs or lower mass stars in binaries?



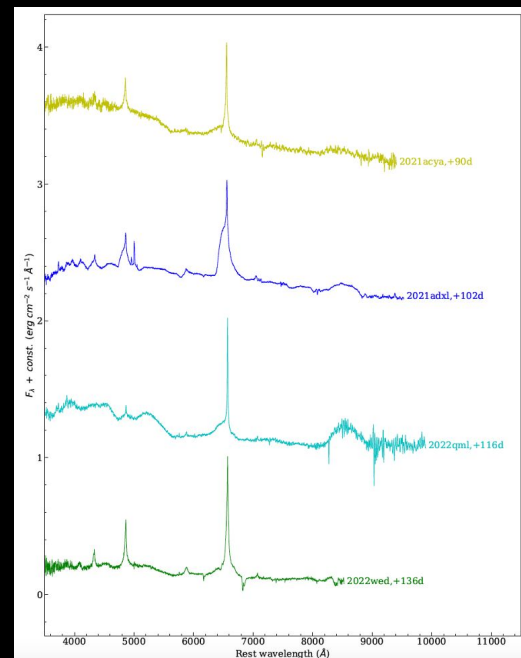


Interacting Supernovae

- SNe whose ejecta interact with CSM
- Spectra and light curve heavily depend on CSM properties
- Efficient conversion of E_k into radiation \rightarrow brighter and longer light curve, slower spectral evolution
- CSM gives insights on the last evolutionary stages of massive stars
- Shock can accelerate particles and produce high energy neutrinos



Salmaso et al. in prep.





Counterpart of radio transients

Today's objective:

Unveiling hidden SN population



Apparent mismatch between the measured CC-SNe rate
(mostly from optical observations)

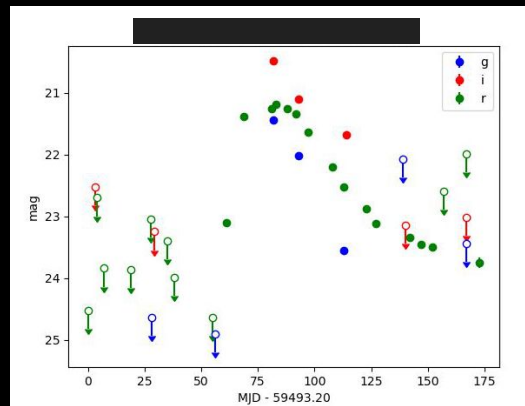
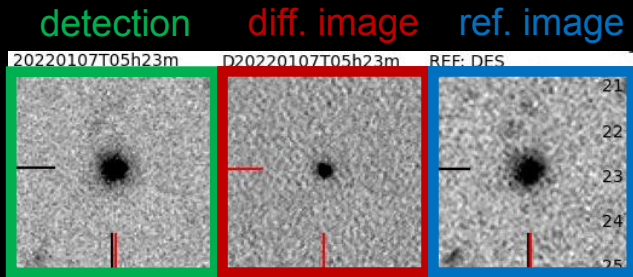
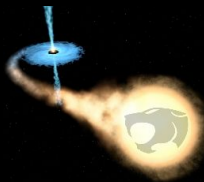
and

the cosmic massive star formation rate

Tomorrow's objective:

Correlate optical and radio transient properties

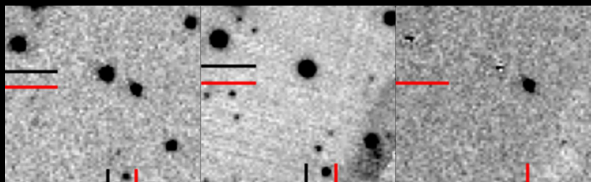
NER, EC, IS, SB, LT participate in this research and
are members of ThunderKAT (SARAO/MeerKAT)



EC developed the transient search tool



From multiwavelength to multimessenger

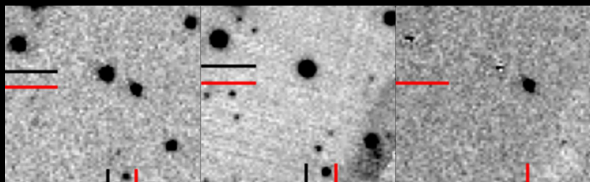


Observed Template Subtraction

Same template subtraction strategy for neutrinos and
GWs: look for unknown transients inside the errorbox



From multiwavelength to multimessenger

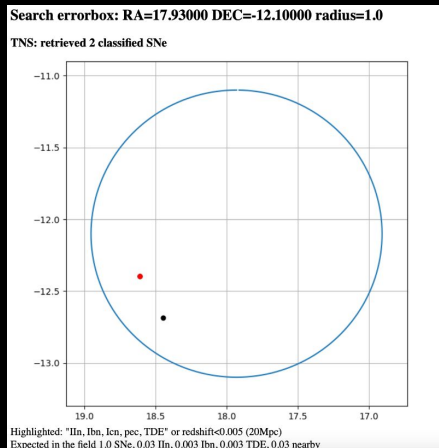


Observed Template Subtraction

Same template subtraction strategy for neutrinos and GWs: look for unknown transients inside the errorbox

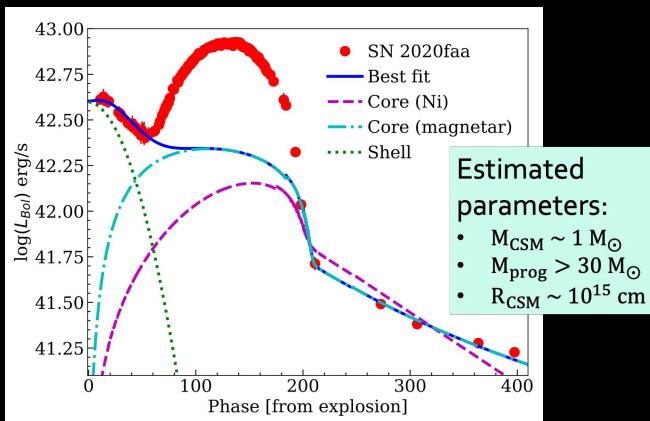
At the same time...

Salmaso et al. in prep.

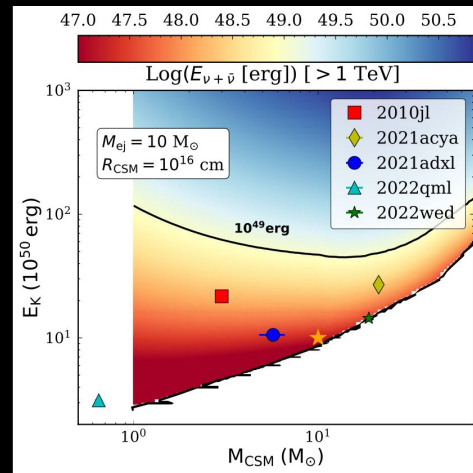


Search for classified transients

Salmaso et al. 2023



Study of potential emitters



Collaborations

NUTS2



- 30+ members from Europe
- Padova node alone contains 30% of the members
- Access to NOT telescope through members from Scandinavia
- 65 hours/semester of soft ToO (ALFOSC) + 6 half-nights/semester (NOTCam)
- 30+ papers until 2021

ePESSTO+



- 500+ members, mostly from European community (but also Asian and Chilean)
- Started 2012, still on-going (due to delays with SOXS)
- Granted 90 nights/semester at ESO 3.58m NTT telescope + EFOSC2 (and SOFI until last August)
- 100+ papers until 2020



Collaborations

ENGRAVE

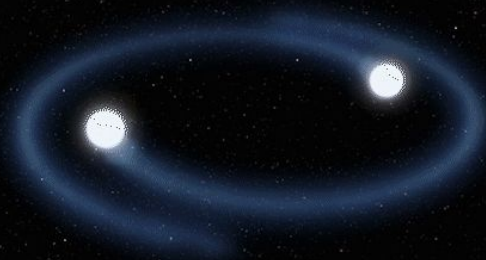


- 250+ members from the European community (PI S.J. Smartt; Oxford University)
- Follow-up of EM sources from GWs, mostly with ESO facilities (VLT)

GRAWITA



- ~100 members from the Italian community (PI E. Brocato, INAF-OAAb)
- Search and follow-up of electromagnetic counterparts of GWs events and GRBs
- Recent paper on Nature on a Gamma-ray flash from M82, using data from INAF facilities (Asiago and Campo Imperatore Schmidts + TNG)



Gravitational Wave Astronomy



TODAY

Ligo/Virgo/Kagra (LVK)

Search for counterpart in O4 run

Founder members of the Italian (GRAWITA) and European (ENGRAVE) collaborations

EC: in the board of GRAWITA

All: Alert team, contribution to the search (VST, Schmidts) and follow-up (VLT, LBT, TNG, Asiago) of WGs

<https://www.ligo.org/> <https://www.virgo-gw.eu/>

TOMORROW

Einstein Telescope (ET)



Contribution to Blue Book

NER, EC: chapter *Stellar collapse and rotating neutron stars* (DIV7 of OSB)

EC: Col of the PNRR ETIC

Laboratorio ADONI: Test di ottica adattiva per ET

EC: PI of INAF as co-proponent

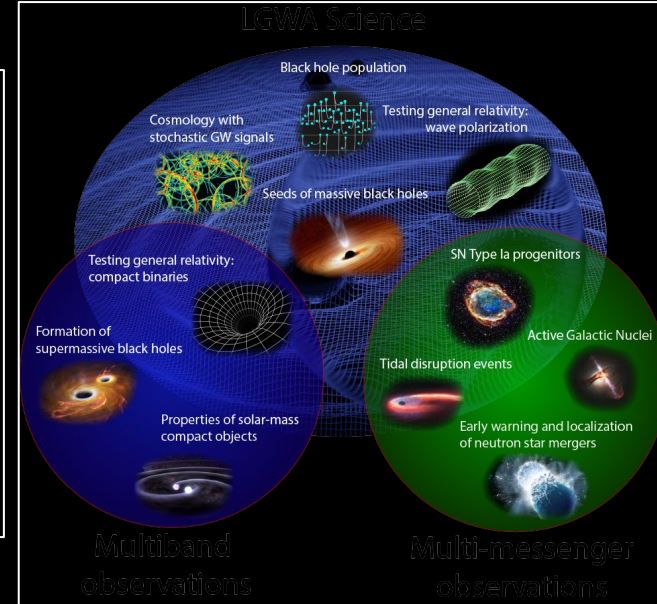
<https://www.einstein-telescope.it/>

Long term vision: LGWA

LGWA Science



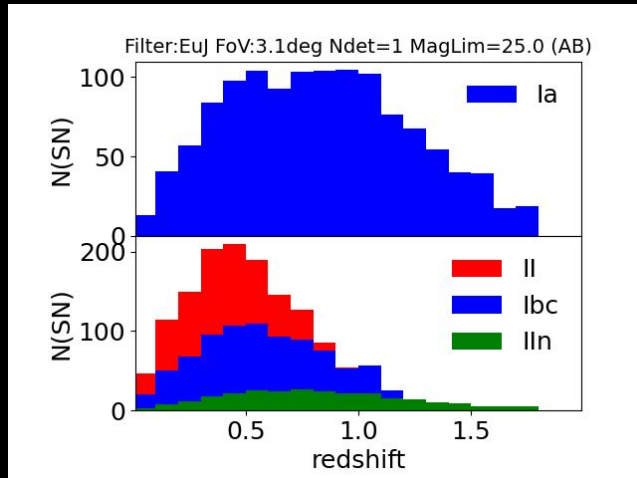
LGWA is a mission concept to measure the vibrations of the Moon caused by GWs. Observation band 1mHz to a Hz (peak sensitivity in the decihertz band). **Its pathfinder mission Soundcheck was selected in 2023 by ESA into the Reserve Pool of Science Activities for the Moon.**



SB: member of LGWA Steering Group

SB, EC, LT: co-authors of LGWA White Paper (<https://arxiv.org/abs/2404.09181>) and member of LGWA WG1 (GW Science and Multi-Messenger Astronomy)

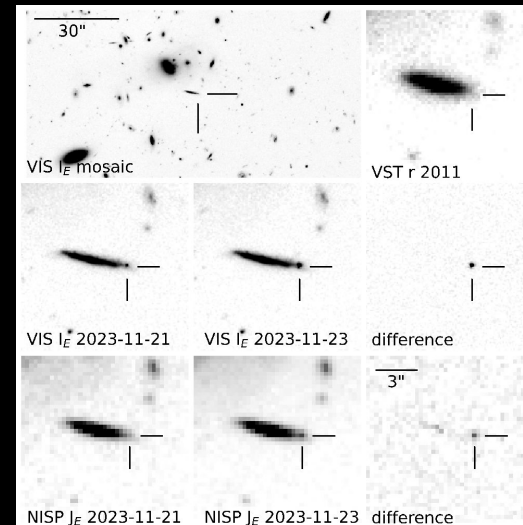
Search for Transients in EUCLID Deep and Self-Calibration fields



- Unique access to redshift range 1-2
- Unique very deep NIR
- Extraordinary VIS spatial sampling
- Opportunity of coordination with LSST
- As transient SWG we were granted immediate access to EUCLID images

EC developed:

- A simulation to estimate transient counts
- A pipeline for EUCLID raw data quick reduction
- The transient search pipeline



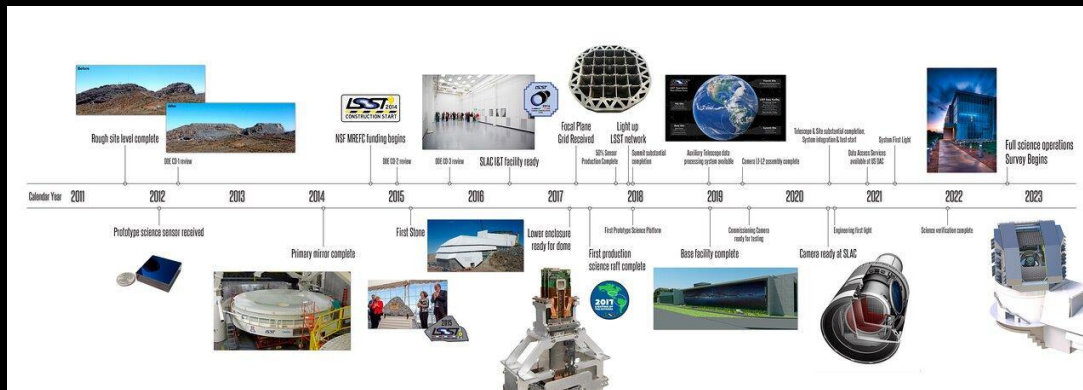
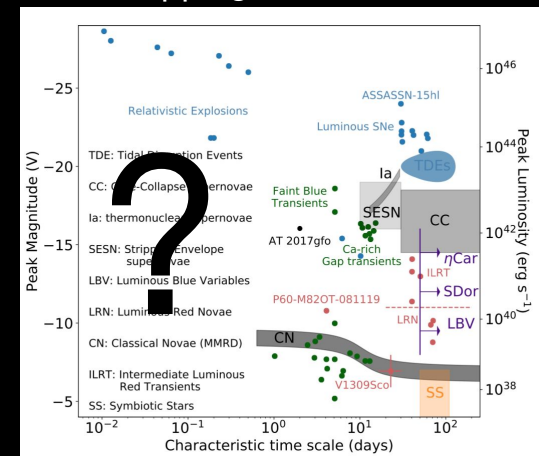
Euclid. I. Overview of the Euclid mission
Euclid collaboration 2024

VRO/LSST

Transient and Variable Stars Collaboration

- 1 approved project with data right holders (AP, LT, AR, IS, GV) on the study of peculiar supernovae, Gap Transients, “dark” supernovae. Current involvement in LSST DP0.2.
- Other PIs/ships to be negotiated via in-kind contributions (SOXS, VST) - SB, NER, LT (classifications and additional follow-up resources)

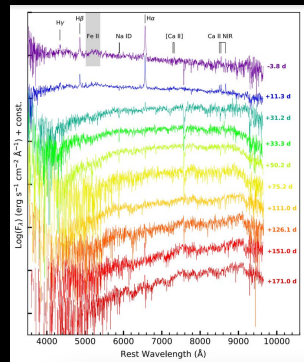
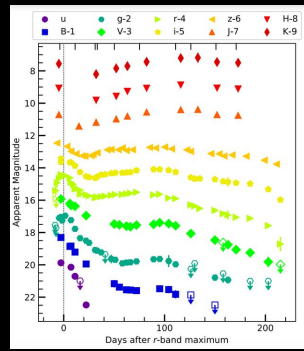
Science goal:
Mapping the unknown



Covid Delay

Survey operations
begin - spring 2025

LSST preparatory phase



Pagina introduttiva: <http://sngroup.oapd.inaf.it/ilot.html>

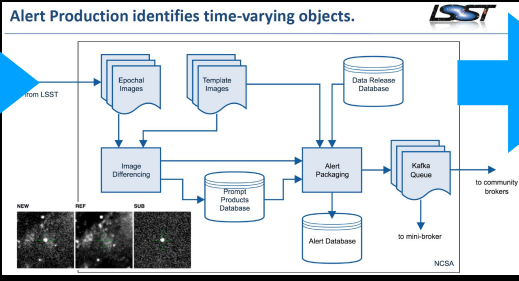
Attualmente 50 oggetti inclusi di varie classi, dalla letteratura o non ancora pubblicati. Altri 40 oggetti individuati, con curve di luce e spetti sotto analisi. Altri saranno aggiunti non appena scoperti.

ADSS-2 Obj	Filter	Mag	RA	DEC	Class	Filter	Obj	Mag	
A2017a	u	16.13	18.360	+45:59:29.54	18.1	DF1705106	LRT	52	
A2017a	g-2	16.14	17.58	+26:25:43.47	19.291	DF1704482	Impactor	57	
A2017a	r-4	16.22	21.715	+12:45:47.29	20.583	DF1704207	Impactor	57	
CXOU	g-2	16.47	36.0	+27:18:46.5	5.9	161000000	LRT/Novae	52	
FF17q28	u	16.10	26.2	-24:04:17.9	29.32	DF1405167	Impactor	56	
FF17q28	g-2	16.10	30.0	-24:04:17.9	27.58	DF1405219	Impactor	56	
LMC-R1	u	16.02	07.944	-71:20:13.12	7.1	DF1504462	LRT	52	
LMC-R1	g-2	16.28	9.591	+19:52:54.91	17.2	DF1504719	Impactor/LRT	57	
MSX J051011	u	16.12	16.92	+14:58:20.1	14.3	DF1504703	LRT	52	
MSX LIND15	u	16.42	07.99	+40:55:01.1	19.3	DF1504713	LRT	52	
MSX J051011	g-2	16.42	07.493	+41:13:51.71	14.37	156660003	LRT	52	
MSX J050211	g-2	16.28	0.89	+18:35:56.1	14.3	200000007	LRT/BLN	56	
NGC383A-u1	u	07.38	43.37	+89:11:23.91	17.48	190001008	Impactor	52	
NGC383-g2	g-2	07.37	43.48	+89:26:29.7	19.2	DF1505237	Impactor	52	
NGC2748-DF150517	u	06:13:37.60	+76:27:41.18	18.3	DF1505170	Impactor	51		
NGC347-DF150517	u	10.32	34.33	+29:58:02.2	18.4	DF1505170	BLRN	52	
NGC449-DF150517	u	13.20	1.88	+44:17:27.143	14.3	DF1505168	BLRN	52	
NGC466-DF150517	u	12.43	46.84	+37:06:16.13	18.3	20055319	Impactor	51	
NGC59-DF150517	u	09:15:06.75	-39:12:50.17	18.7	DF1410566	ImpactorNovae	DF15 nova	52	
NGC596-DF150517	u	15.59	19.47	+17:16:34.6	20.3	DF1459267	BLRN	52	
NGC609-DF150517	u	17.59	22.965	+06:17:26.68	18.5	DF1168244	LRT	51	
DLG-L202-RL3-90	u	17.37	36.37	+29:48:04.28	19.62	200210519	LRT	52	
PFF12a	u	12:48:16.16	+14:38:36.2	20.1	DF1505178	LRT/BLN	56		
SN=078	u	09:09:24.12	+20:07:21.3	19.9	DF1505257	Shin	M=1+2	52	
UGC12247-DF150517	u	20:11:13.0	+12:31:27.1	18.3	DF1505268	BLRN	52		
UGC173-DF150517	u	05:32:27.24	+47:47:39.6	17.6	200859418	Impactor	51		
V1966G	u	17:37	52.94	-30:43:10.0	8.9	200806102	LRT	52	
V1966G	g-2	18:00	36.16	-21:25:29.1	8.9	198604234	LRT	52	
PFF12c	u	16:02	10.12	+21:14:41.4	18	DF1505261	Impactor-LN	DF15IM	52

LSST rare transient discoveries

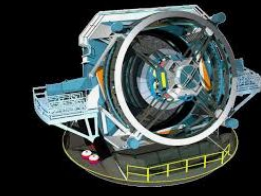


Templates of rare transients



Alert Production identifies time-varying objects.

AlertID	ra_mms	dec_mms	obj_mms	obj_mag	mag_min	lastmag	shardid_classification	score
ZTF18abcm01	395.0482769866666	24.4004196333333	0536.34964702776	85437.219910203008	None	None	NI	Not Near PS1 star
ZTF18abcm02	43.6650786566667	47.6427860111114	03367.621823889226	85462.270353102106	None	None	NI	Not Near PS1 star
ZTF18abcm03	3270.439123239	87.83601764491459	06201.45044900210	85461.16057869976	19.291	19.291	NI	Not Near PS1 star
ZTF18abcm04	8.000147009999999	-3.20077028	04423.2432302021	85465.18201600144	16.50105	16.43	NI	Not Near PS1 star
ZTF18abcm05	76.326086070795	46.84229527164366	08342.49219020010	85464.28008939167	16.9965	16.9971	NI	Not Near PS1 star
ZTF18abcm06	140.82410310566665	16.3436557733334	04325.698109999995	85461.5225483032	15.9433	17.3237	NI	Not Near PS1 star
ZTF18abcm07	39.08021078047919	-1.7095027190479192	03371.4844109999	85462.29510830035	17.2109	16.7995	NI	Not Near PS1 star
ZTF18abcm08	351.65638772	36.16432086800001	03371.30443359664	85465.153042426566	17.3337	17.4232	NI	Not Near PS1 star
ZTF18abcm09	38.29810474047407	-1.3095169174047405	03369.4782130018	85462.228138889314	17.6102	17.5890	NI	Not Near PS1 star
ZTF18abcm10	174.68079433880626	26.65056781904678	03376.18821640006	85465.01627649681	17.4234	17.6422	NI	Not Near PS1 star
ZTF18abcm11	124.883430583332	22.65176496666666	03372.5789302098	85465.459747891995	17.5226	18.8234	NI	Not Near PS1 star
ZTF18abcm12	84.65848255555556	-6.156107646666667	04401.38837860214	85463.32510369966	17.0234	17.0234	NI	Not Near PS1 star
ZTF18abcm13	346.843278	43.02930044705882	05330.43983080032	854				
ZTF18abcm14	61.64847688161886	16.66810714516463	05374.438339999	854				
ZTF18abcm15	348.64964474	41.3333040	04428.17833702025	854				
ZTF18abcm16	368.0186819	16.621842229999996	04423.3228104896	854				
ZTF18abcm17	142.88697857742835	6.63147351	04434.46510439046	854				



VRO/LSST alerts



LSST community brokers



SOXS (Son Of X-Shooter)

Unique spectroscopic/imaging facility
for the ESO-NTT 3.5-m telescope in La Silla

**OAPd will be one of the three nodes
(with INAF - OA-Brera/OACN) supporting the SOXS operation.
The whole Consortium+ESO time will be
entirely managed by the consortium!**

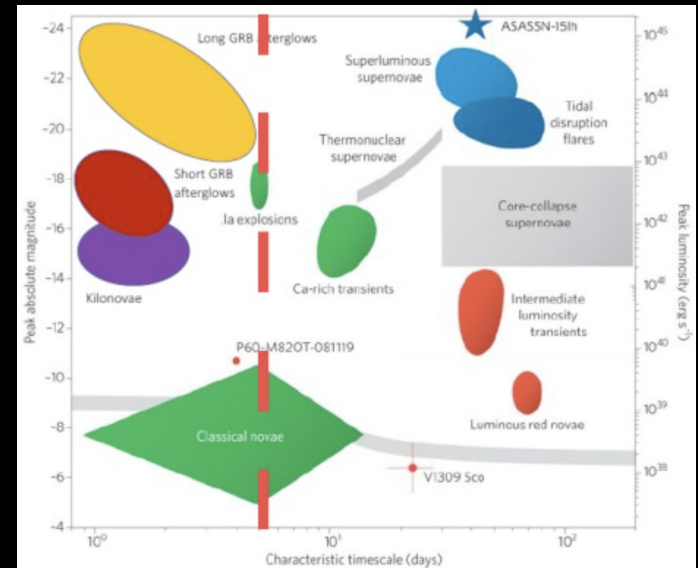
**Two *assegni di ricerca* are foreseen to help in
this fundamental task**

**All Padova-Asiago SN group members are involved in
the 13 SOXS WGs**

EC: in the SOXS board

AP: WG7 (Intermediate luminosity transients) deputy

SB: WG13 (Classifications) leader



Enrico Cappellaro

Laura Greggio

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Nancy Elias-Rosa



Andrea Reguitti

Giorgio Valerin

Irene Salmaso












POST-DOC

Francesco Guidolin



MASTER

Science Interests

-  Classification program
-  SNe Iax
-  Faint Core-collapse SNe
-  Progenitor study
-  Rates
-  Gap Transients
-  Interacting SNe
-  Radio Transients
-  Multimessenger Astronomy