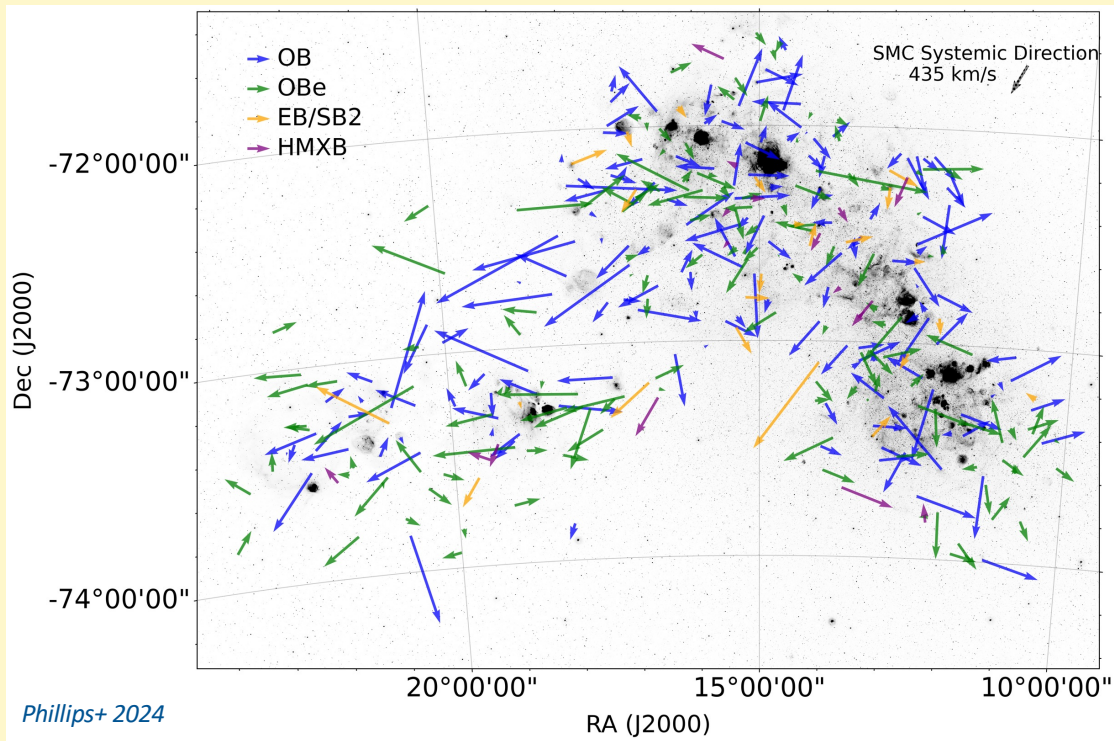


Massive Stars Ejected from Clusters

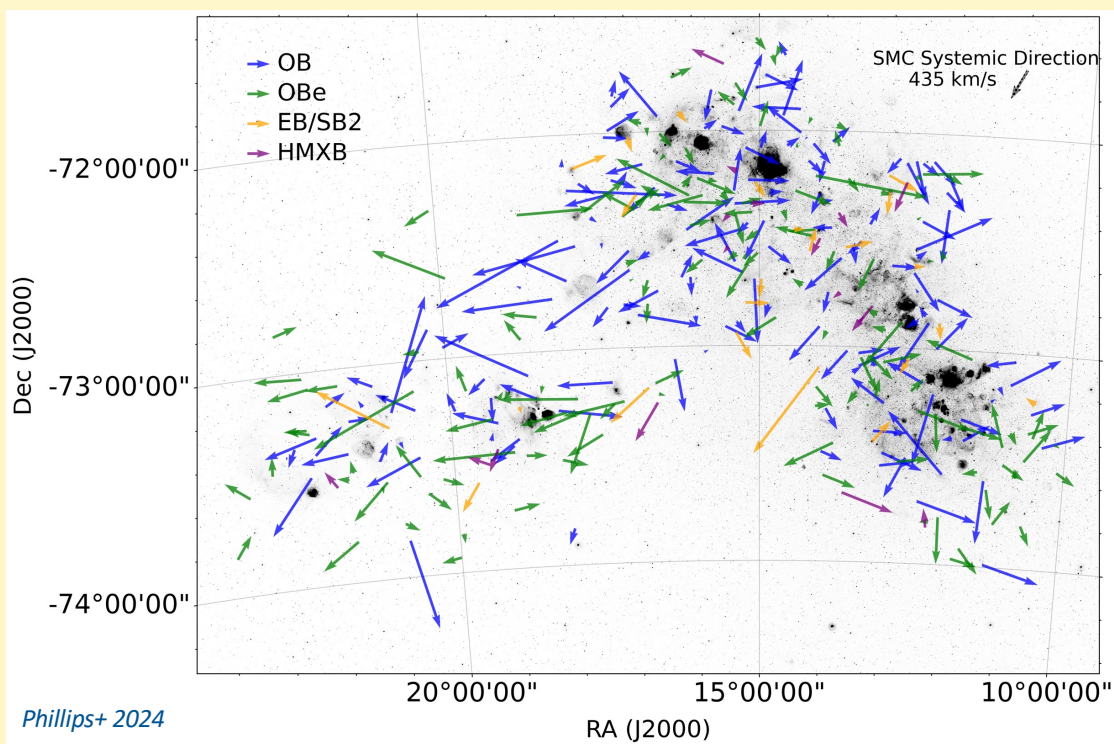
Sally Oey *University of Michigan*



Grant Phillips (UM)
Irene Vargas-Salazar (UM)
Julian Deman (UM)
Caden Burkhardt (UM)
Fiona Han (UM)
Jan Eldridge (Auckland)
Norberto Castro (UM/AIP)
Mathieu Renzo (Flatiron/AZ)
Edmund Hodges-Kluck (NASA/GSFC)
Johnny Dorigo Jones (UM/CO)



The Runaways and Isolated O-Type Star Spectroscopic Survey of the SMC (RIOTS4) Lamb+ 2016



FIELD STARS from Oey+ (2004)

28 pc clustering length

~ 400 stars ~ 30% of OB stars

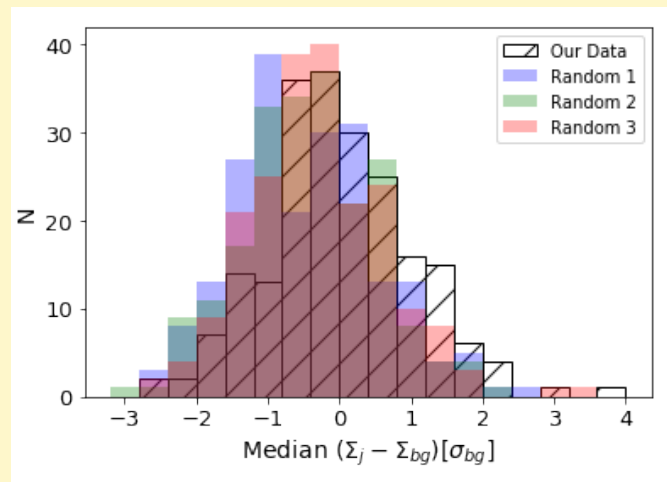
$$Q_{UBR} \leq -0.84$$

$$B \leq 15.21$$

from Massey (2002)

$\gtrsim 95\%$ of field OB stars are ejected from clusters!

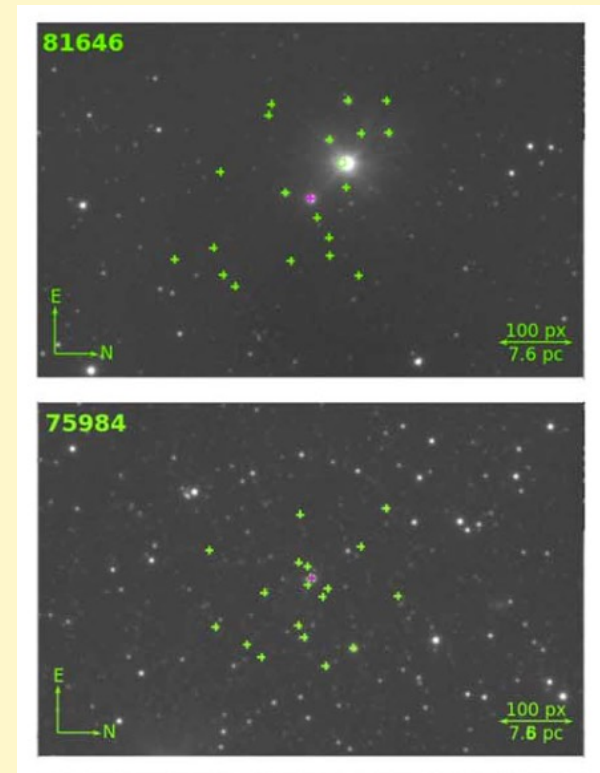
Vargas-Salazar, Oey+ 2020 *cf.*, e.g., de Wit+ 2004; Gvaramadze+ 2012; Oey+ 2013



Median overdensities for $j=8-10$ nearest neighbors

- **Nearest Neighbors**
- **Friends-of-Friends**
- **Stacked fields**

OGLE
I-band

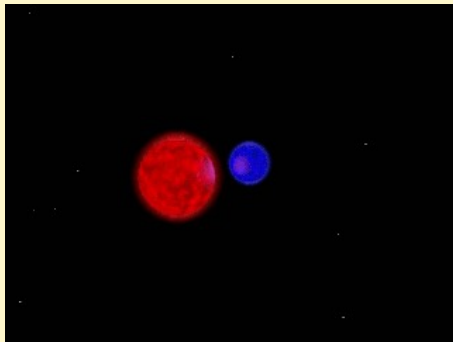


Examples of non-ejected candidates

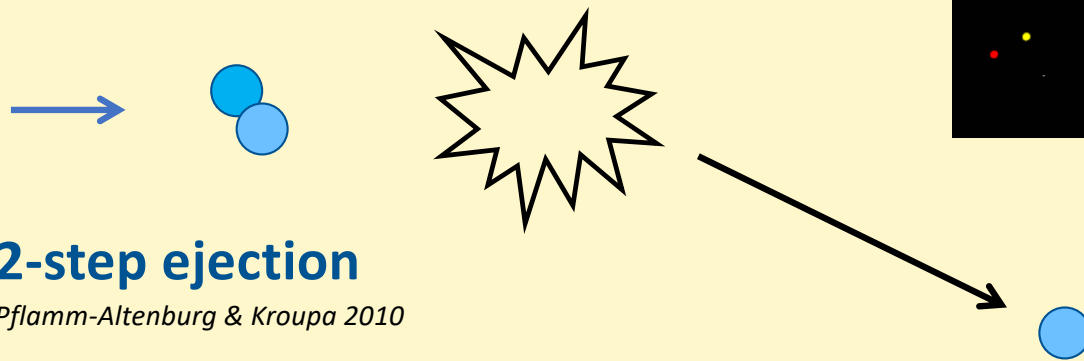
Ejection Mechanisms

Originate from binaries or multiples

Supernova ejection (BSS)



A. Irrgang



Dynamical ejection (DES)

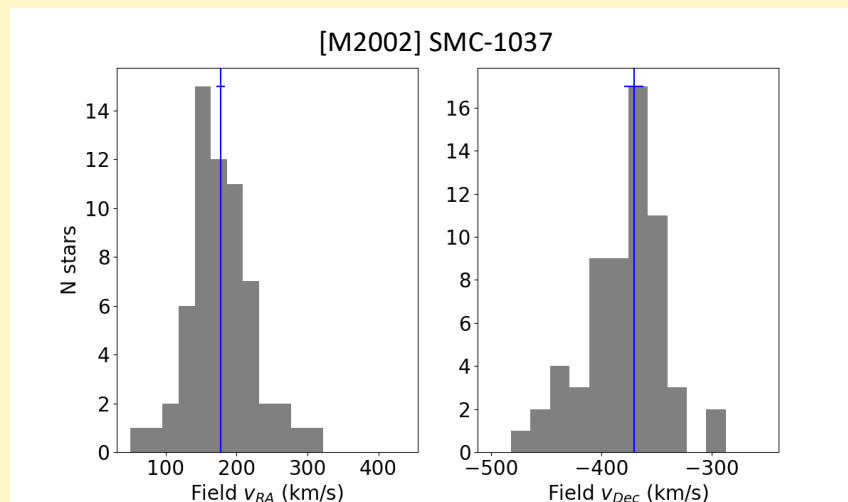


Dynamical (DES) vs SN (BSS) Ejections

Hoogerwerf+ 2001

Faster, more massive stars

Slower, lower mass stars are faster



Phillips, Oey+ 2024

Gaia Proper Motions

Phillips+ 2024; Dorigo Jones+ 2020; Oey+ 2018

DR3: 336 RIOTS4 field OB / OBe stars

PMs relative to local velocity field
< 5' (90 pc), $G < 18$

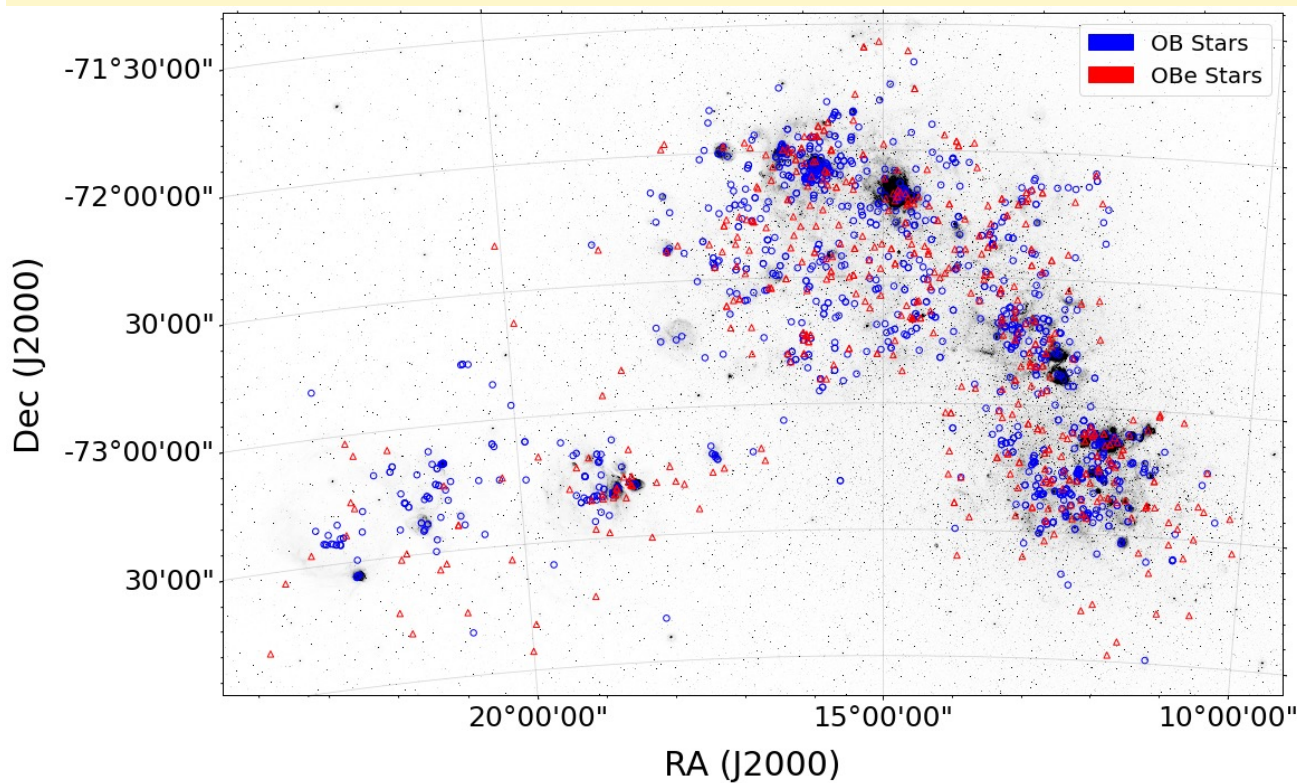
median err = 16 km/s

Runaway: $v_{\perp} \geq 24$ km/s (i.e., 30 km/s space velocity)

Walkaway: $v_{\perp} < 24$ km/s unbound

Massive Star classes: OB – OBe – WR – LBV – sgB[e]

Which types come from binary progenitors?



Classical OBe stars

post-interaction mass gainers?



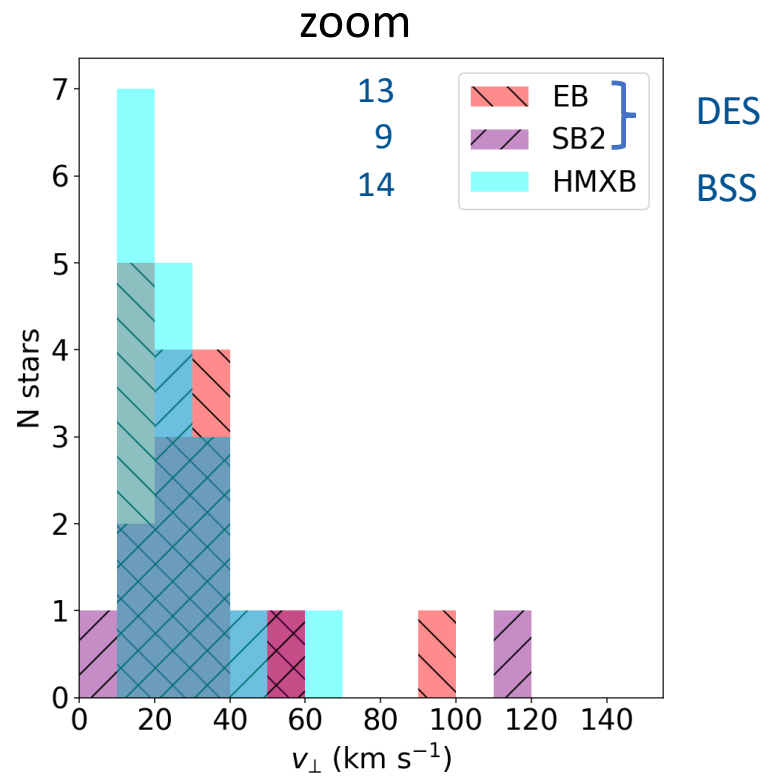
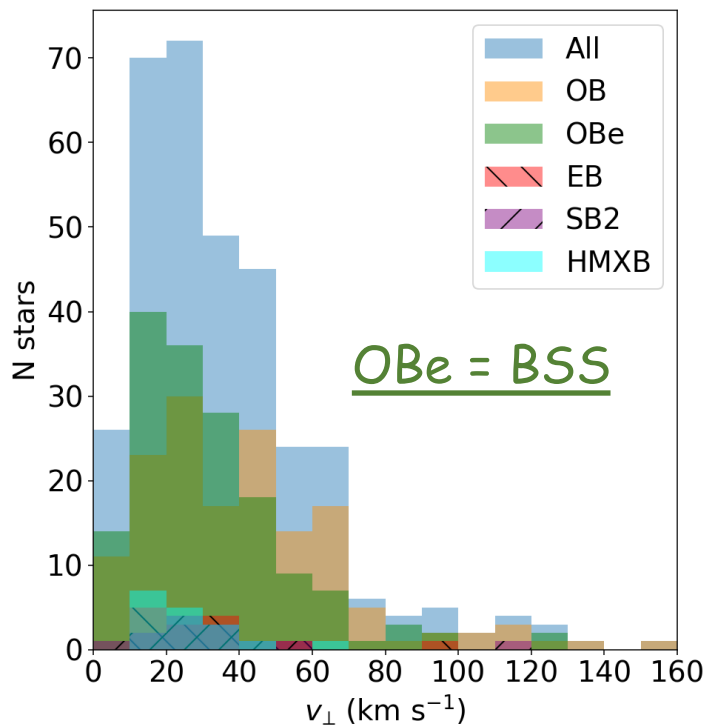
A. Sigut

40% of SMC OB pop
more isolated

Dallas, Oey & Castro 2022

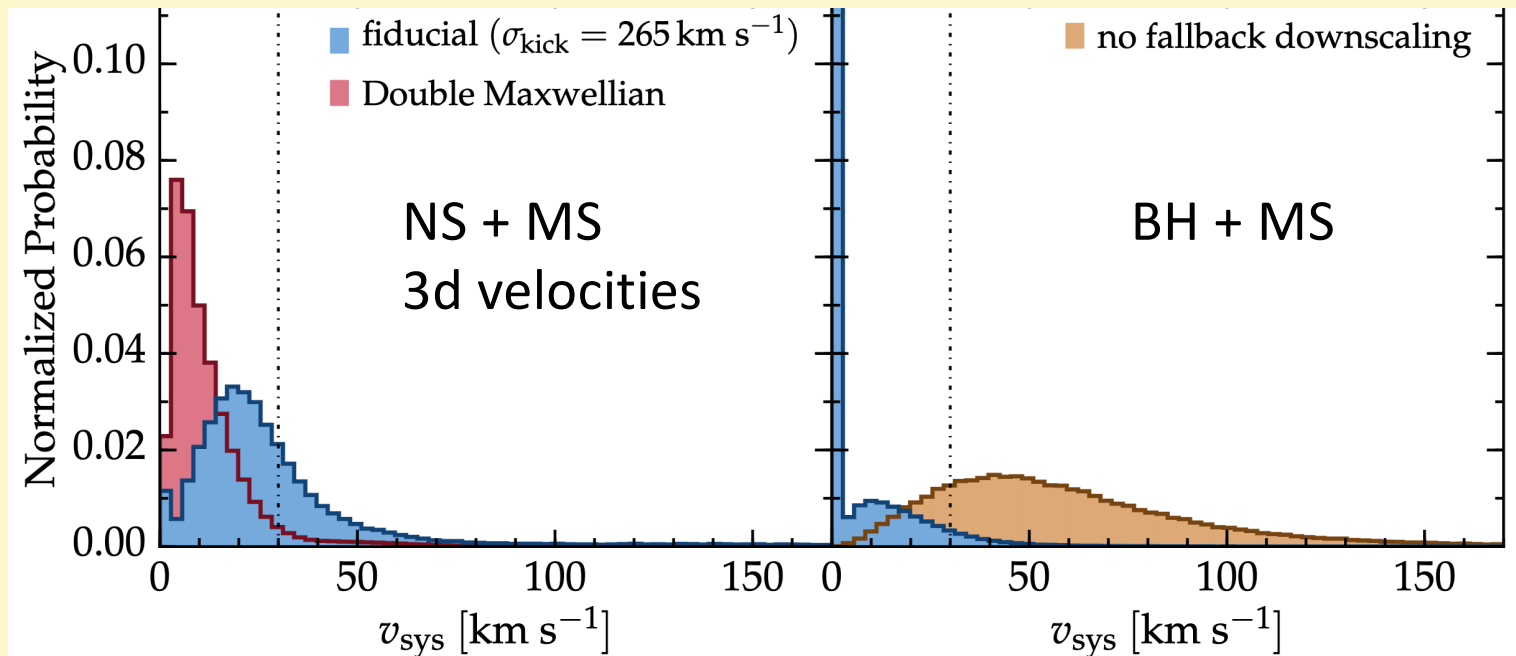
Classical OBe stars

Phillips, Oey+ 2024; Dorigo Jones+ 2020



cf. Sana+ 2022

Classical OBe stars

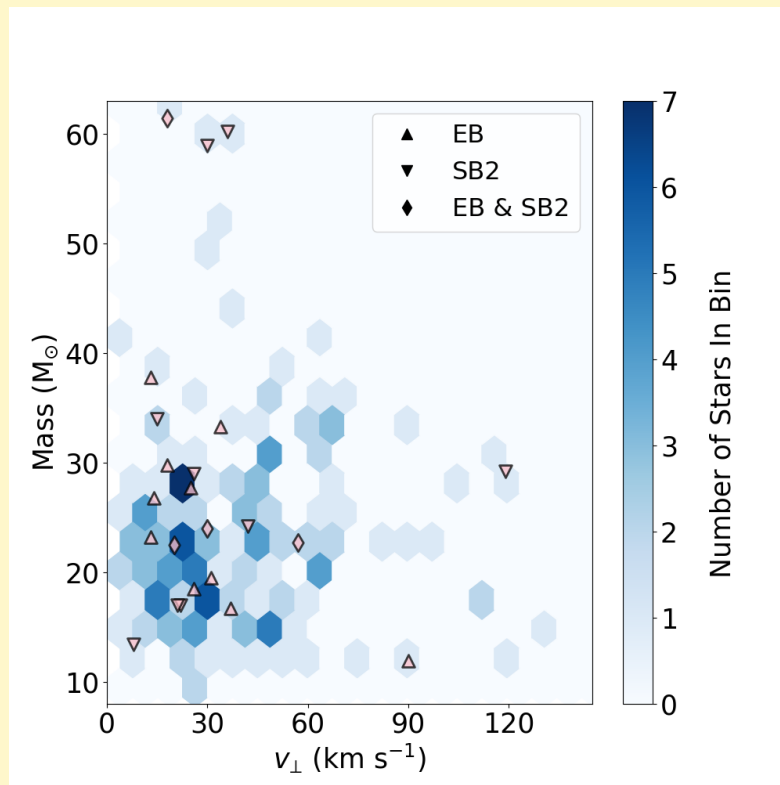


Binary population synthesis models: *Renzo+ 2019*
binary.c

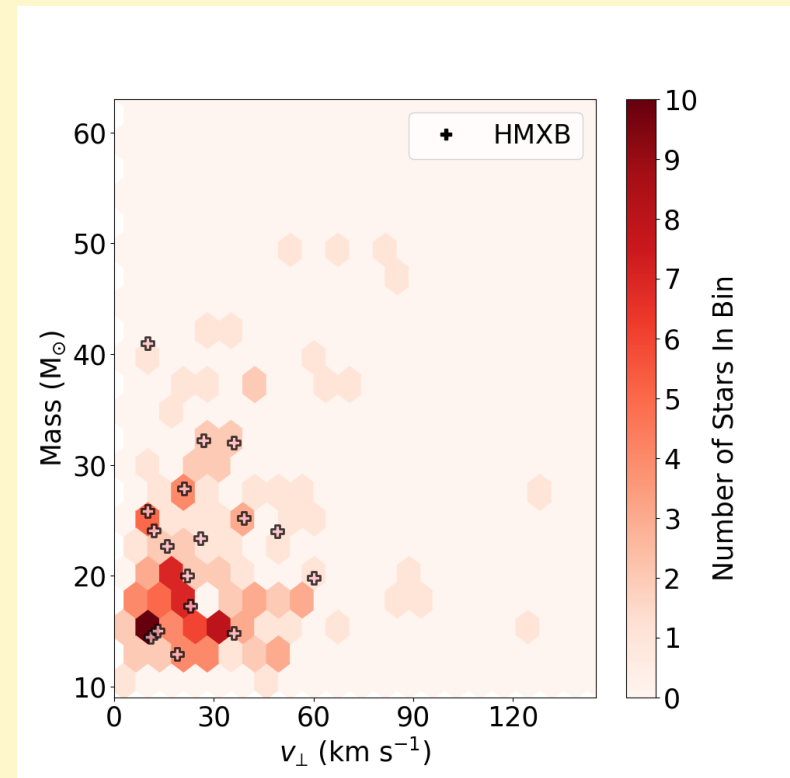
Classical OB and OBe stars

Phillips, Oey+ 2024

OB stars dominated by DES



OBe stars dominated by BSS

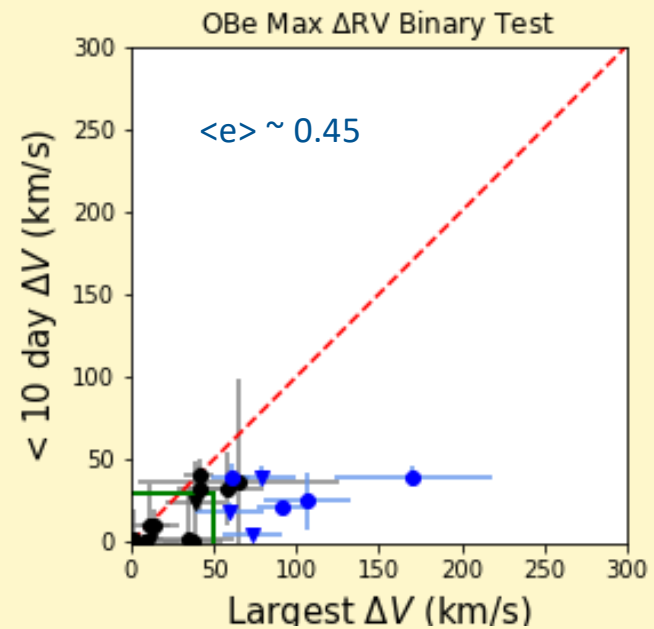
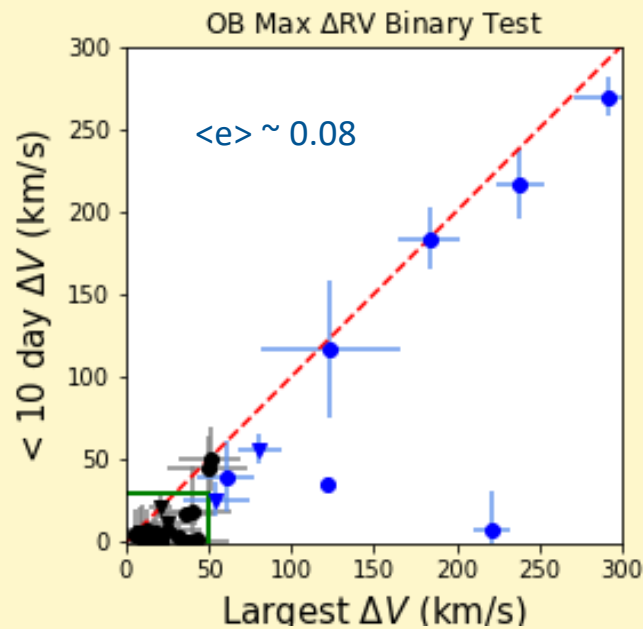


Classical OB and OBe stars

Vargas-Salazar, Oey+ 2024, in prep

OB stars dominated by DES

OBe stars dominated by BSS

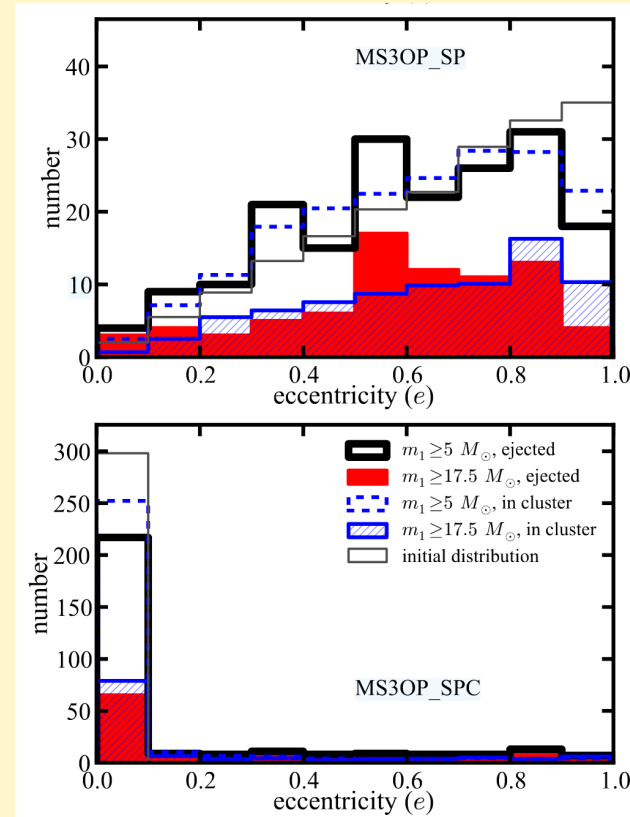
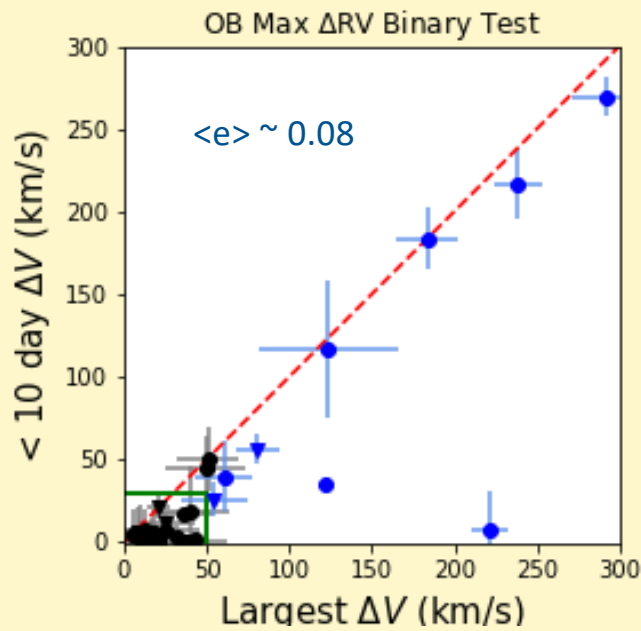


RV binary survey of RIOTS4 field targets in SMC Wing

Classical OB and OBe stars

Vargas-Salazar, Oey+ 2024, in prep

OB stars dominated by DES



Primordial binaries = twins in circular orbits

N-body simulations: *Oh & Kroupa 2016*

DES vs BSS

Table 3
Numbers and Ratios of Walkaway and Runaway Field OB Stars

	Numerator ^a	Denominator	Ratio	Model ^b
Runaway DES/BSS	119	82	1.5 ± 0.2	1.7
Total W/R	324	201	1.6 ± 0.1	1.8
BSS W/R	185	82	2.3 ± 0.3	2.3
DES W/R	139	119	1.2 ± 0.1	1.5

Notes.

^a Numbers of walkaways are corrected by a factor of 2.4 for incompleteness (see Paper II).

^b See the text and Table 4 for details about the model predictions.

Contrib to SMC OB pop

DES model - Oh & Kroupa 2016:

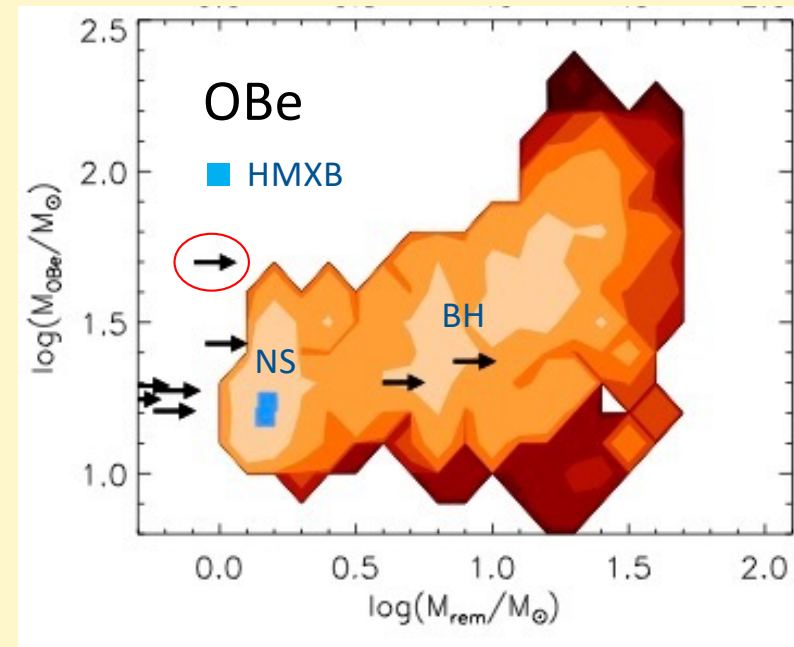
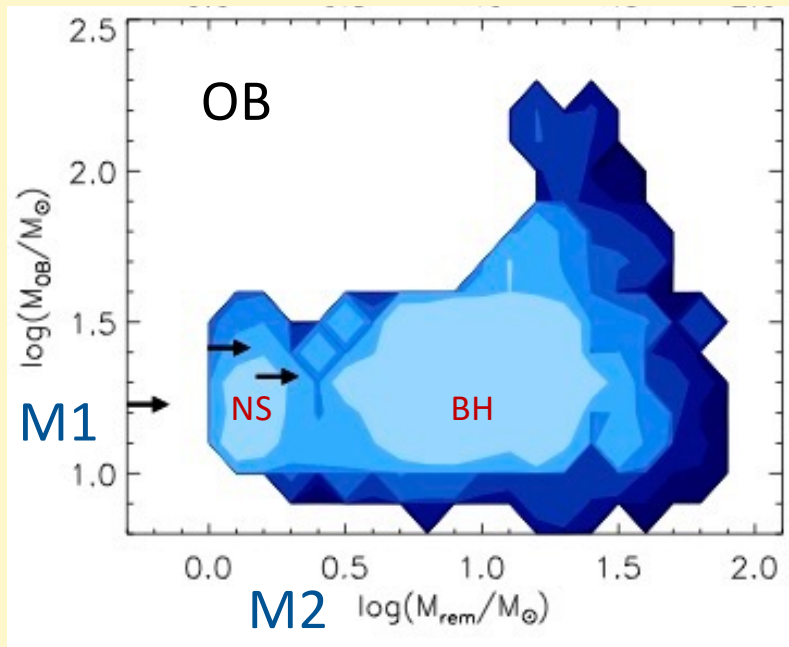
ejection fraction 0.2
walkaway:runaway 60:40
binary fraction 0.8

BSS model - Renzo+ 2019:

assume 50% ejected
assume 2-step runaways = 0.2 post-SN
walkaways

BPASS binary population synthesis model: BSS

Vargas-Salazar, Oey+ 2024, in prep



Binary OB and OBe stars in SMC Wing:

- Constraining M2 based on P , $M1$, ecc , i

OBe systems

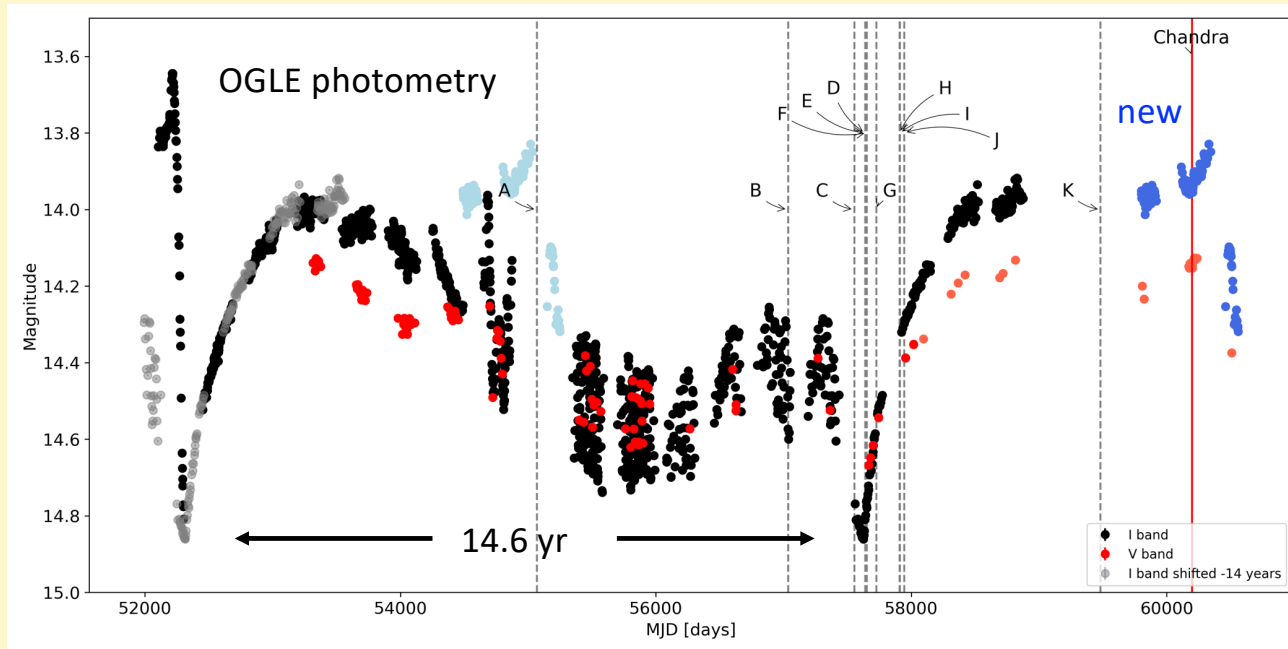
Higher-mass BH systems expect long 1000-d periods

NS : BH = $\sim 40 : 60$

[M2002] 75061, B1e : $M1 = 20 M_{\odot}$, $M2 > 5 M_{\odot}$ - BH

76773, Be : $M1 = 24 M_{\odot}$, $M2 > 9 M_{\odot}$ - BH

AzV 493: Hi-ecc, hot, massive Oe star w/BH candidate



gray, light blue = overplotted from 2nd cycle

Oey, Castro, Renzo+ 2023

$M_1 = 50 \pm 9 M_{\odot}$

$\log L/L_{\odot} = 5.83$

$T_{\text{eff}} = 42,000 \text{ K}$

$e > 0.93$

$P = 7.3 \text{ yr? } 14.6 \text{ yr?}$

$v \sin i = 370 \text{ km/s}$

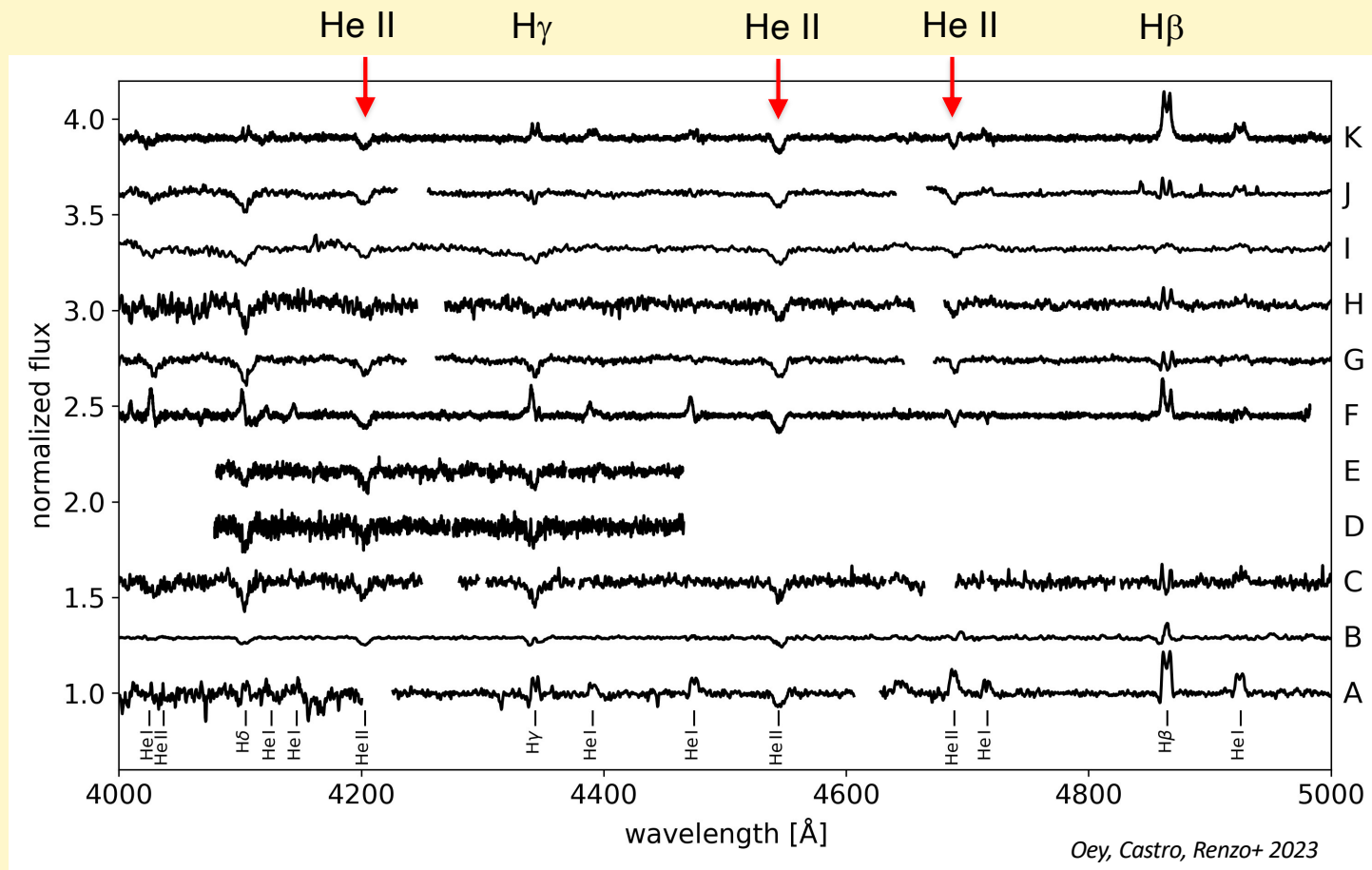
$v_{\perp} = 54 \pm 11 \text{ km/s}$

Vargas-Salazar+ in prep

Chandra non-detection 2023-09-11

$L_x < 4 \times 10^{34} \text{ erg/s}$

AzV 493: Hi-ecc, hot, massive Oe star w/BH candidate



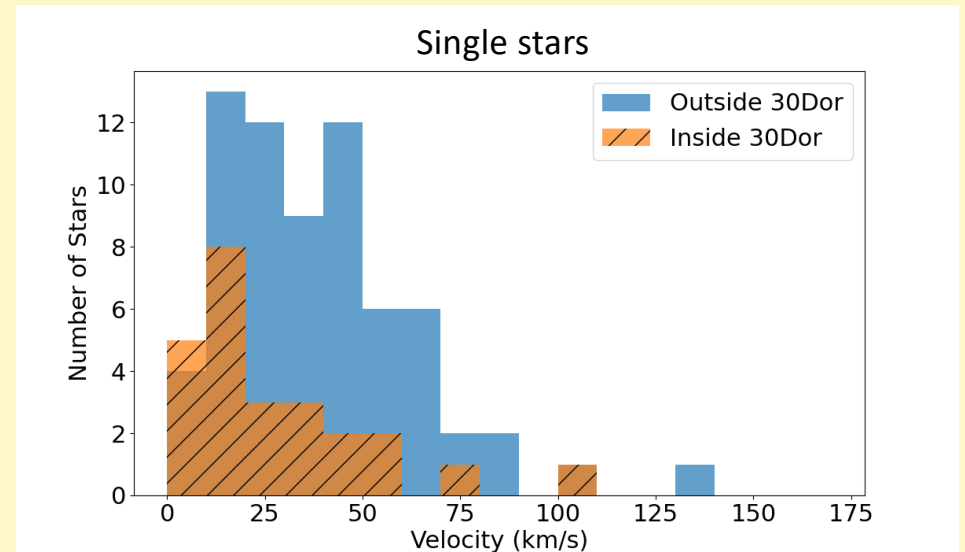
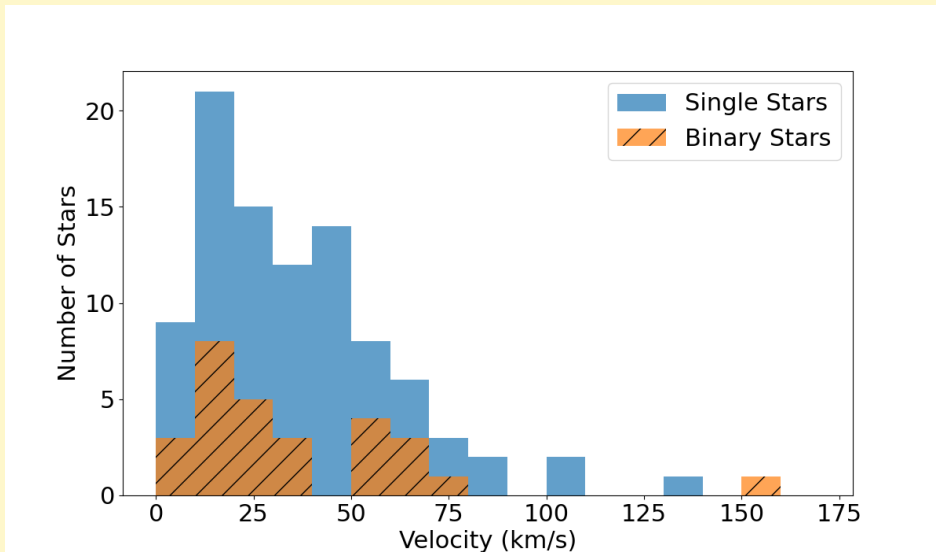
large spec
variation!

preliminary

Wolf-Rayet stars

Burkhardt, Han, Oey+ in prep
Han, Burkhardt, Oey+ in prep

LMC WR stars with usable Gaia DR3 data
Excludes 12 stars in core of R136 due to crowding



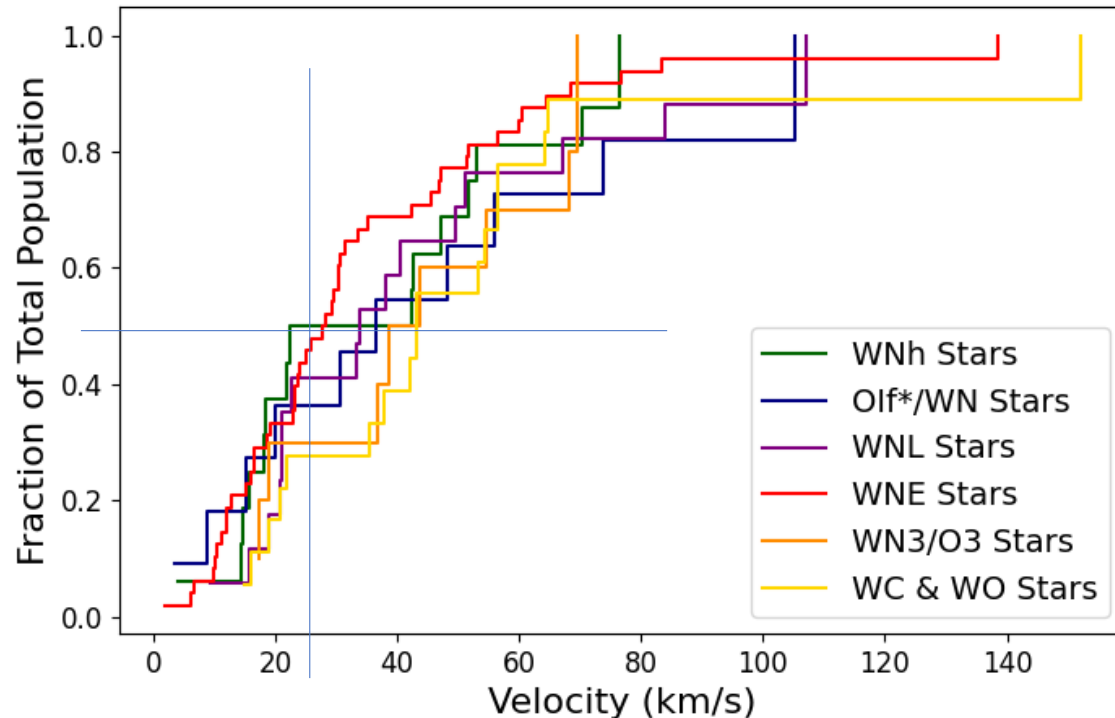
Both DES and BSS ejections among single stars?

preliminary

Wolf-Rayet stars

Burkhardt, Han, Oey+ in prep
Han, Burkhardt, Oey+ in prep

~All classes dominated by runaways!



WNh, O If*/WN, WNL

moderately fast

hi-M, H-burning

DES? *cf. Maiz-Apellaniz+ 2018*

WC, WN3/O3

very fast, esp binaries

lower-M

post-MS BSS mass donors?

cf Renzo+ 2019, Pols 1994

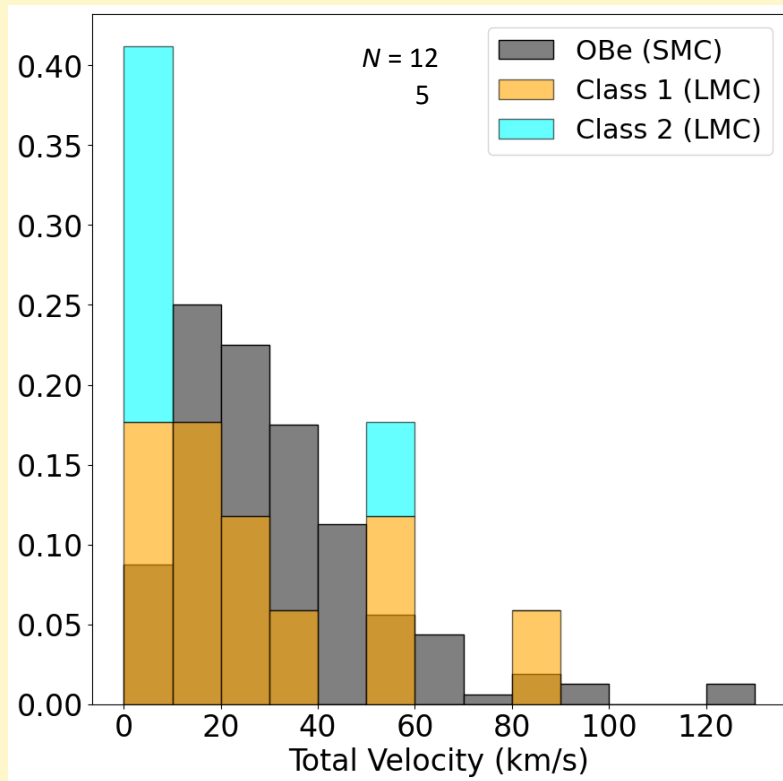
WNE

slowest, but still ejected

lower-M, older

Luminous Blue Variables

Deman & Oey 2024



Hot stars with eruptions, circumstellar material

LMC, SMC LBV stars with usable Gaia DR3 data
Catalog and Classes from *Agliozzo+ 2021*

Class 1: Dusty nebula ~ ejecta

Class 2: No dusty nebula. “Stellar” free-free emission

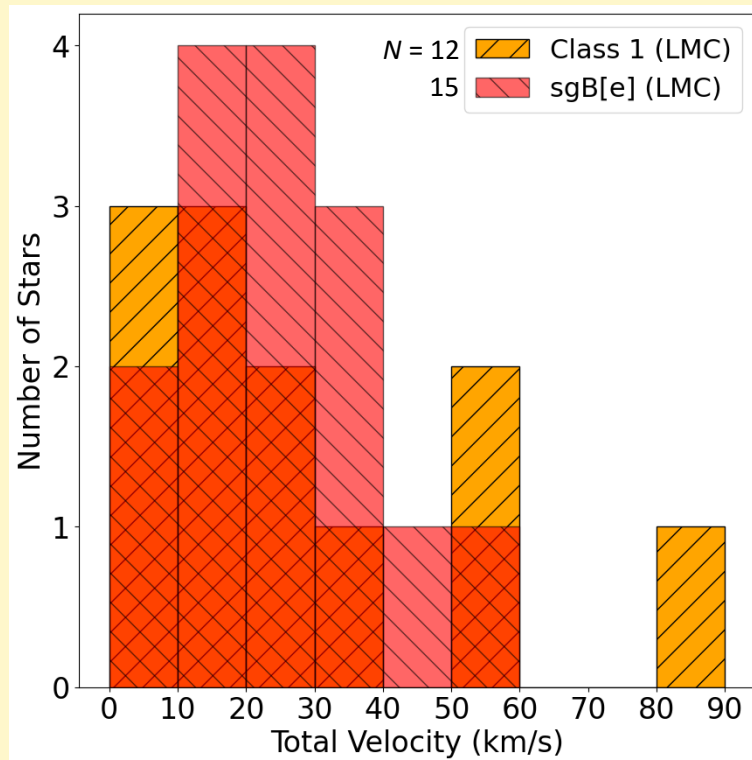
Class 2 (no ejecta) are unaccelerated

**Class 1 (with ejecta) are accelerated
- BSS products**

cf. Smith & Tombleson 2015; Aghakanloo+ 2017

Classical supergiant B[e] stars

Deman & Oey 2024



**Dense, circumstellar disks with hot dust
lower L than LBV**

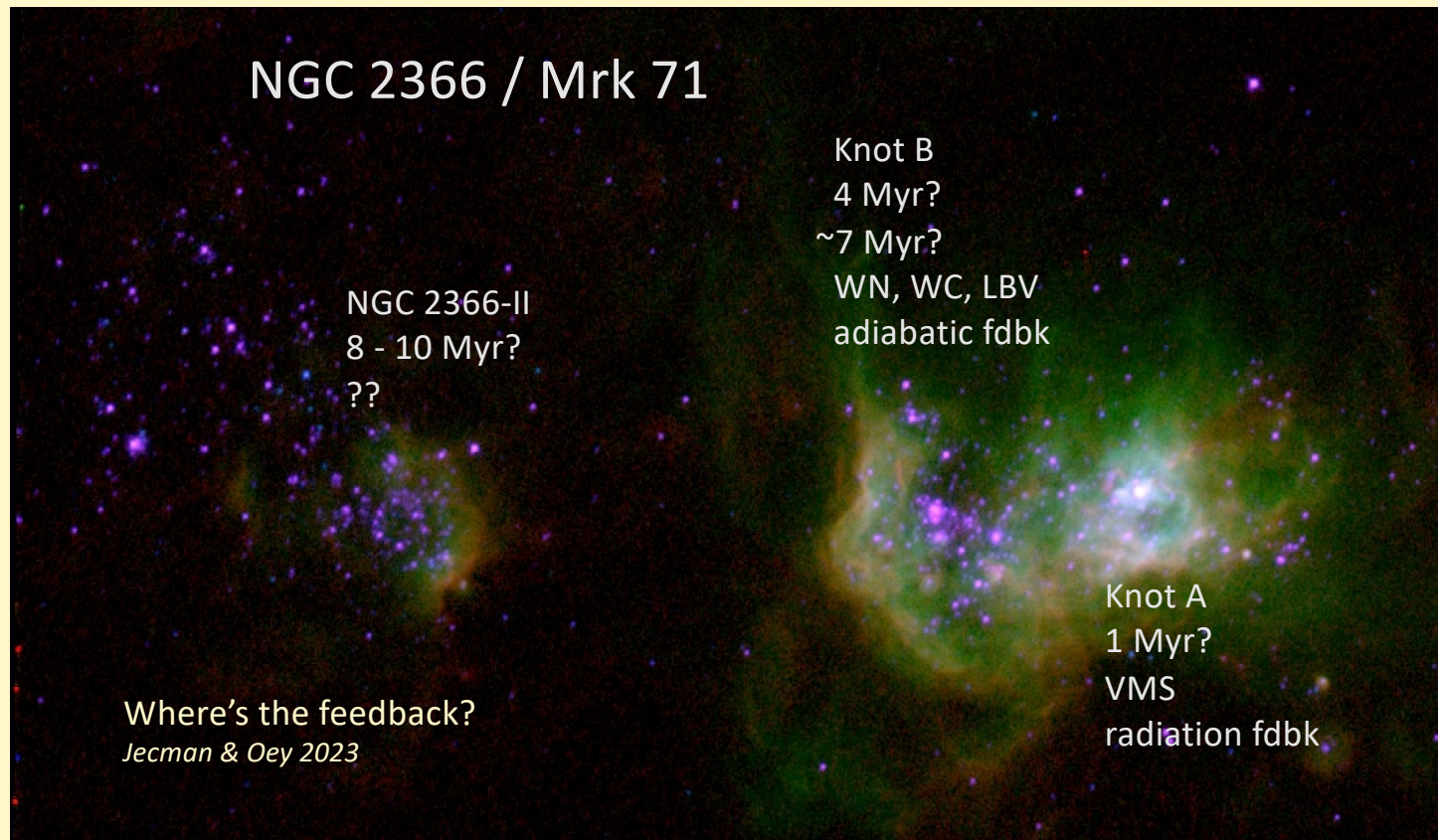
LMC, SMC sgB[e] stars with usable Gaia DR3 data
Catalog from *Kraus 2019*

**sgB[e] are faster than LBV
Dominated by BSS?**

$L - v_{\perp}$: sgB[e] stars \neq LBVs

Clusters vs OB associations?

cf. 30 Dor *e.g.*, Stoop+ 2024



Summary

- **$\gtrsim 95\%$ of Field massive stars are ejected**
 - DES dominate runaways; DES & BSS \sim similar for walkaways?
- **Classical OBe stars : BSS binary mass gainers**
 - Kinematics, binary eccentricities
 - 3 BH candidates, incl AzV 493 = extreme ecc, hot, hi- L , variable Oe
- **Most WR are ejected**
 - WC, WN3/O3 : post-MS mass donor BSS?
- **LBVs with dusty nebulae = ejected; without = not ejected**
- **Classical sgB[e] : faster than LBVs - BSS?**