

# $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)^{25}\text{Mg}$ at the INFN Bellotti Ion Beam Facility

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D. RAPAGNANI, UNIVERSITY OF NAPLES "FEDERICO II"

on behalf of the LUNA collaboration

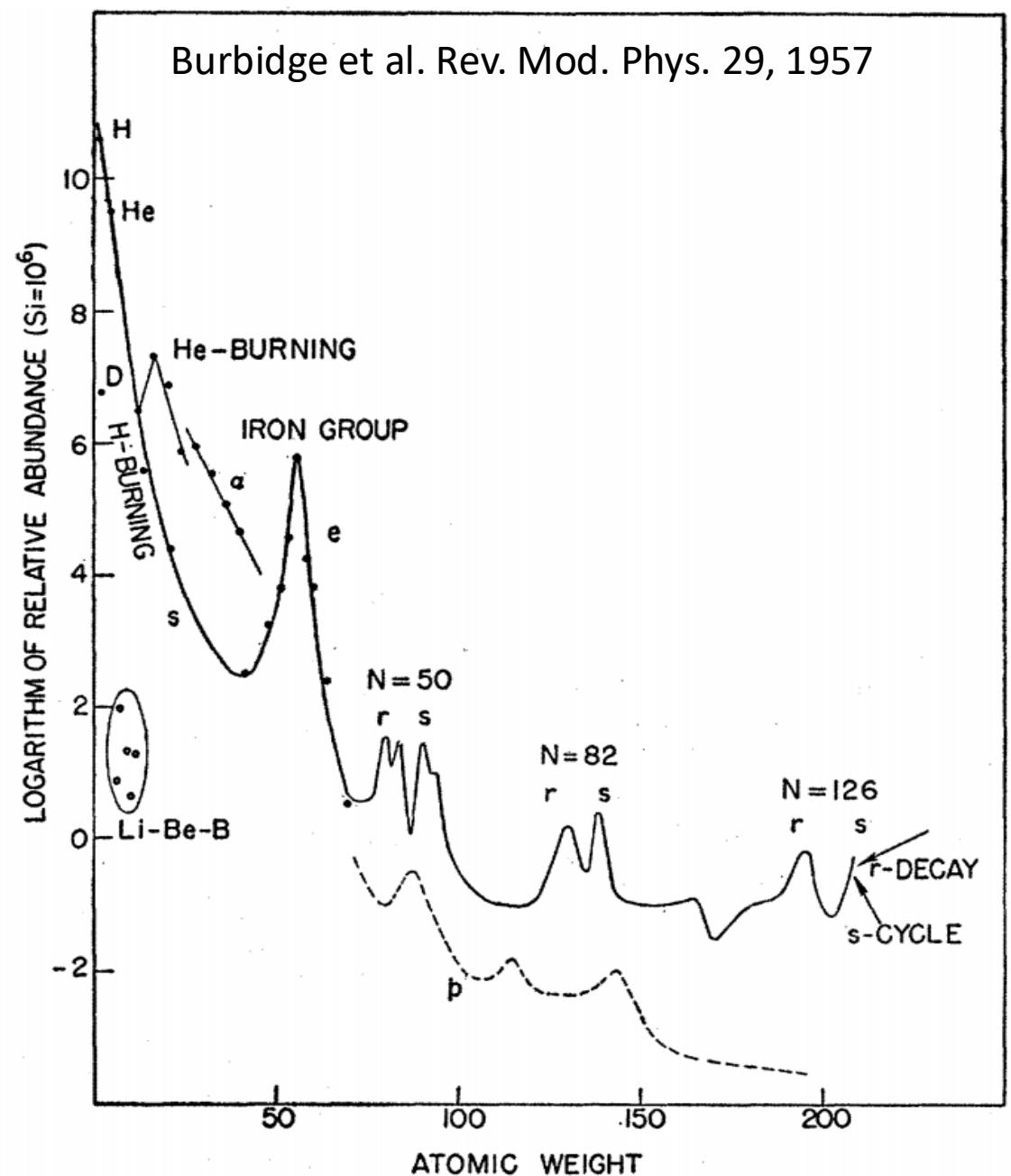
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# Slow neutron capture sources

- Elements heavier than Li produced in stars
  - A < Fe produced through charged-particle capture
  - A > Fe neutron capture (s-, r-, i-process)

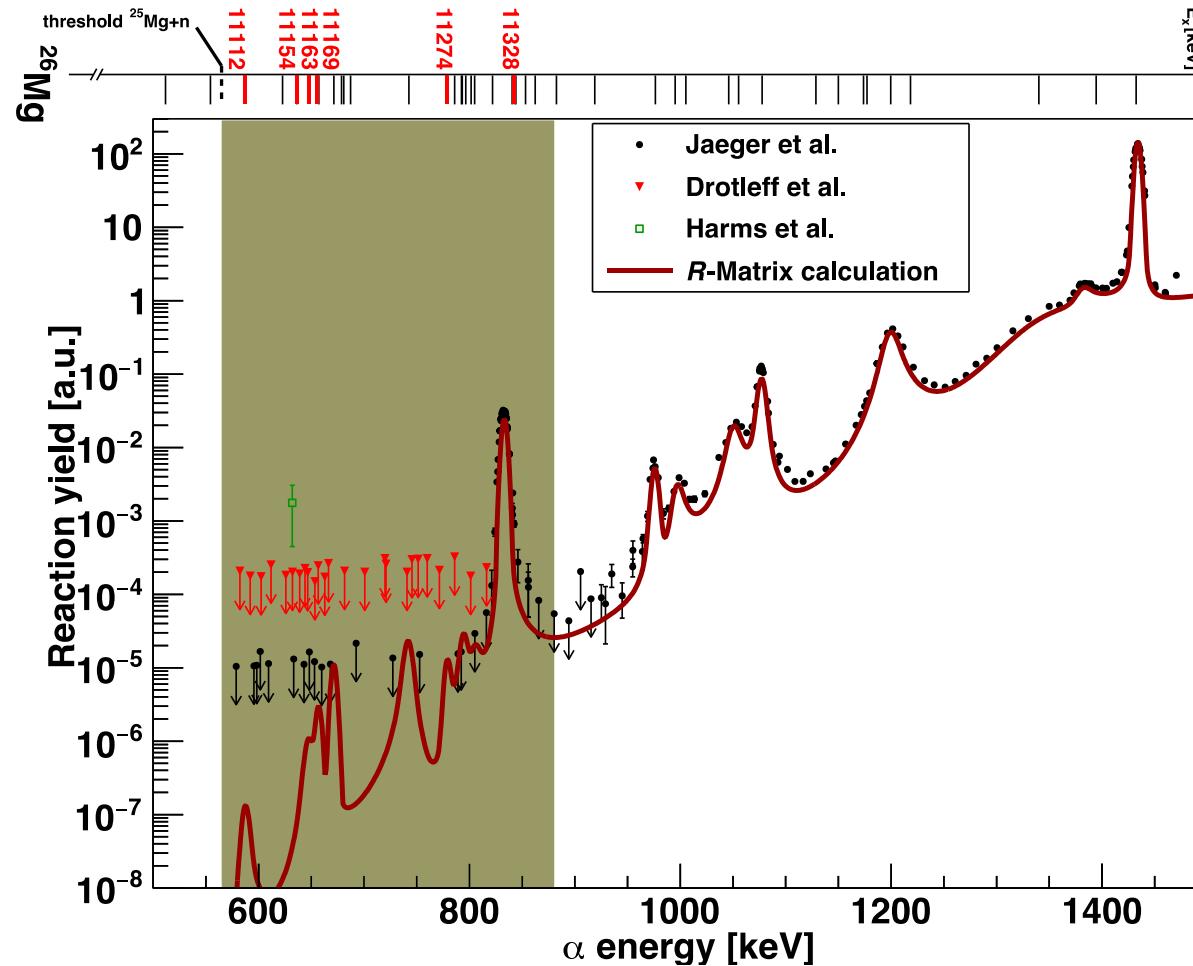
- $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha;n)^{16}\text{O}$  and  $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha;n)^{25}\text{Mg}$  main neutron sources for s-process
- low mass TP-AGB stars and higher mass AGB stars
- Temperature regimes  $\sim 90 \text{ MK} / 250 \text{ MK}$  (and higher)
- Astrophysical observables
  - $^{25}\text{Mg}$  and  $^{26}\text{Mg}$  abundance (pre-solar grains)
  - $^{25}\text{Mg}/^{24}\text{Mg}$  and  $^{26}\text{Mg}/^{24}\text{Mg}$  ratios from stellar spectra
  - $^{60}\text{Fe}$  in type II supernovae
  - $^{56}\text{Ni}$  in type Ia supernovae

Burbidge et al. Rev. Mod. Phys. 29, 1957



# Status of the art

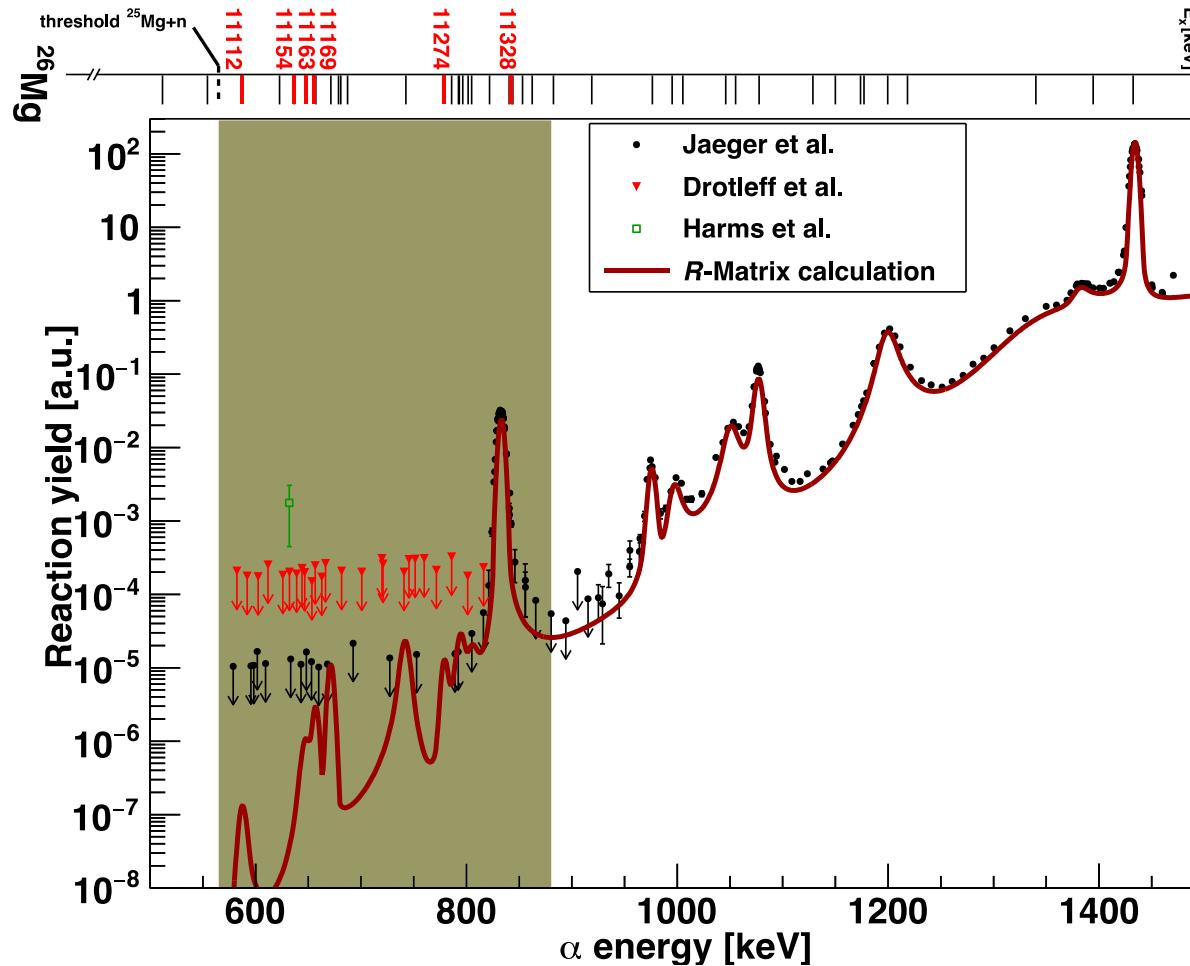
R matrix calculation courtesy of James deBoer



- $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)^{25}\text{Mg}$   $Q = -478.296(89)$  keV
- only upper limits at the lower energies for direct experiments
- $\Gamma_n$  and  $\Gamma_\gamma$  partial widths from indirect studies  
 $\omega\gamma \sim \Gamma_\alpha$ , at the moment inferred from  $\alpha$ -transfer reactions
- Low event rate and high background main limit for direct data so far

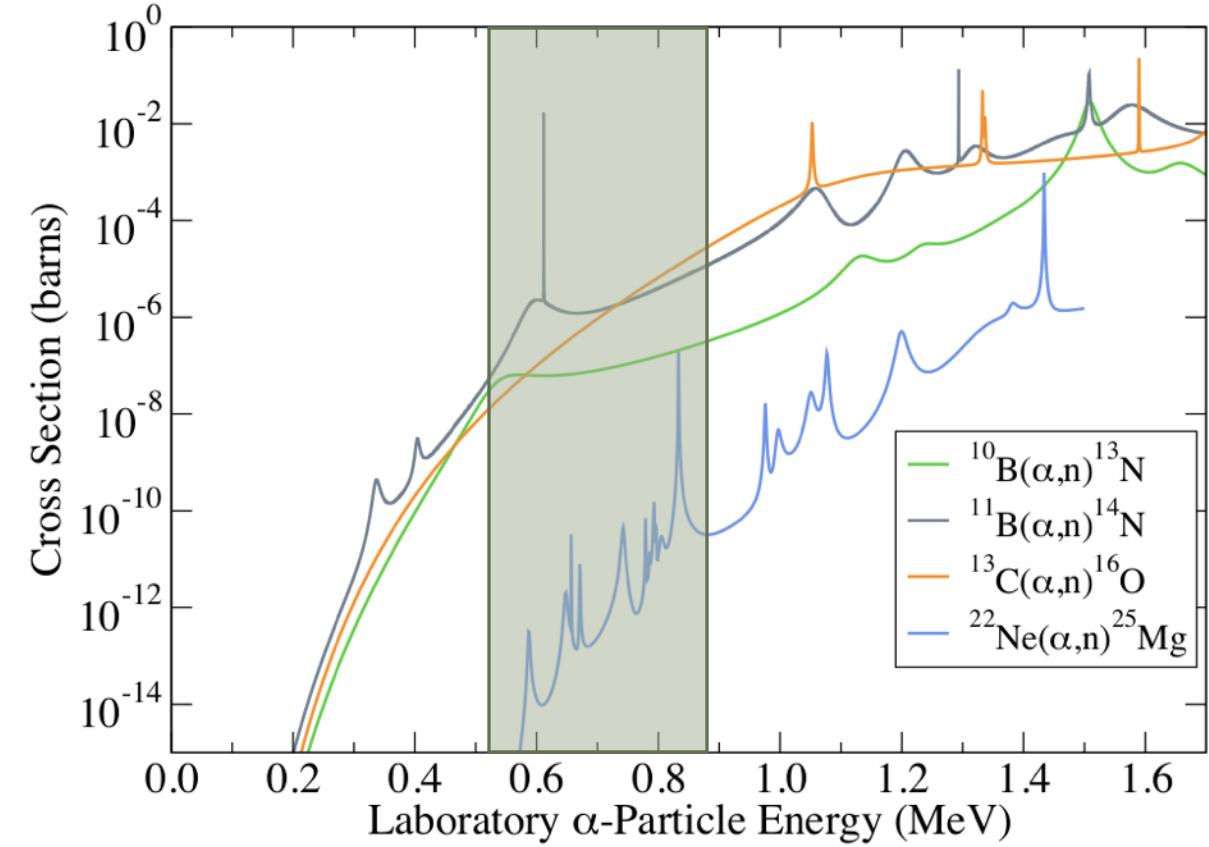
➤ high beam current, reduce background

# Beam induced background



low relevant/BIB cross section ratio

“clean” setup  $\rightarrow$  gas target design  
neutron spectroscopy  $\rightarrow$  hybrid detection array

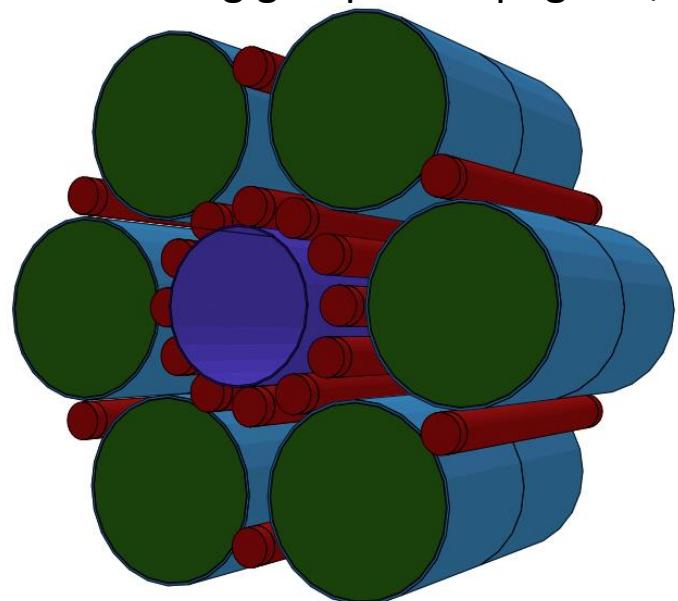


# SHADES

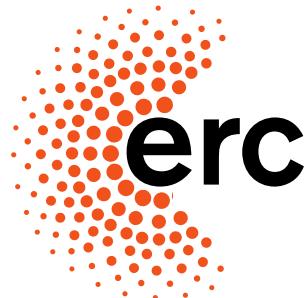
## Scintillator- $^3\text{He}$ Array for Deep-underground Experiments on the S-process

PI: prof. Andreas Best

Core working group: D. Rapagnani, D. Mercogliano, T. Chillery, A. Best



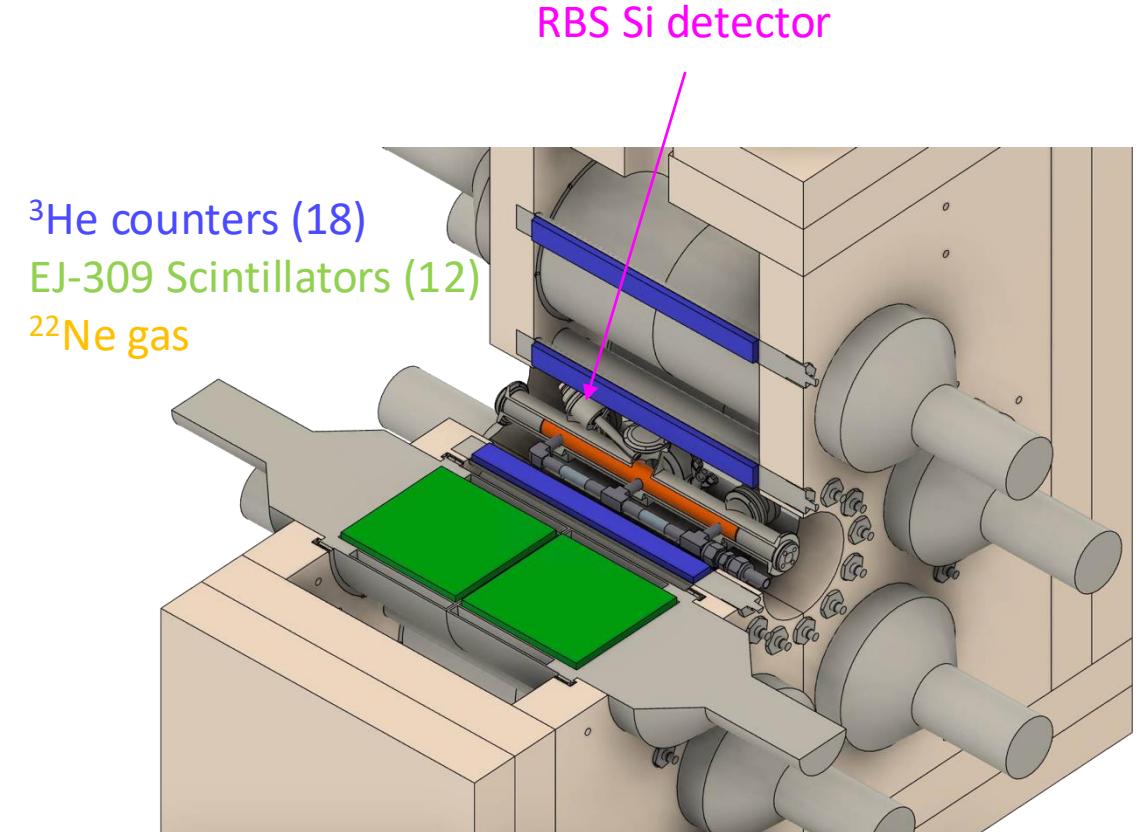
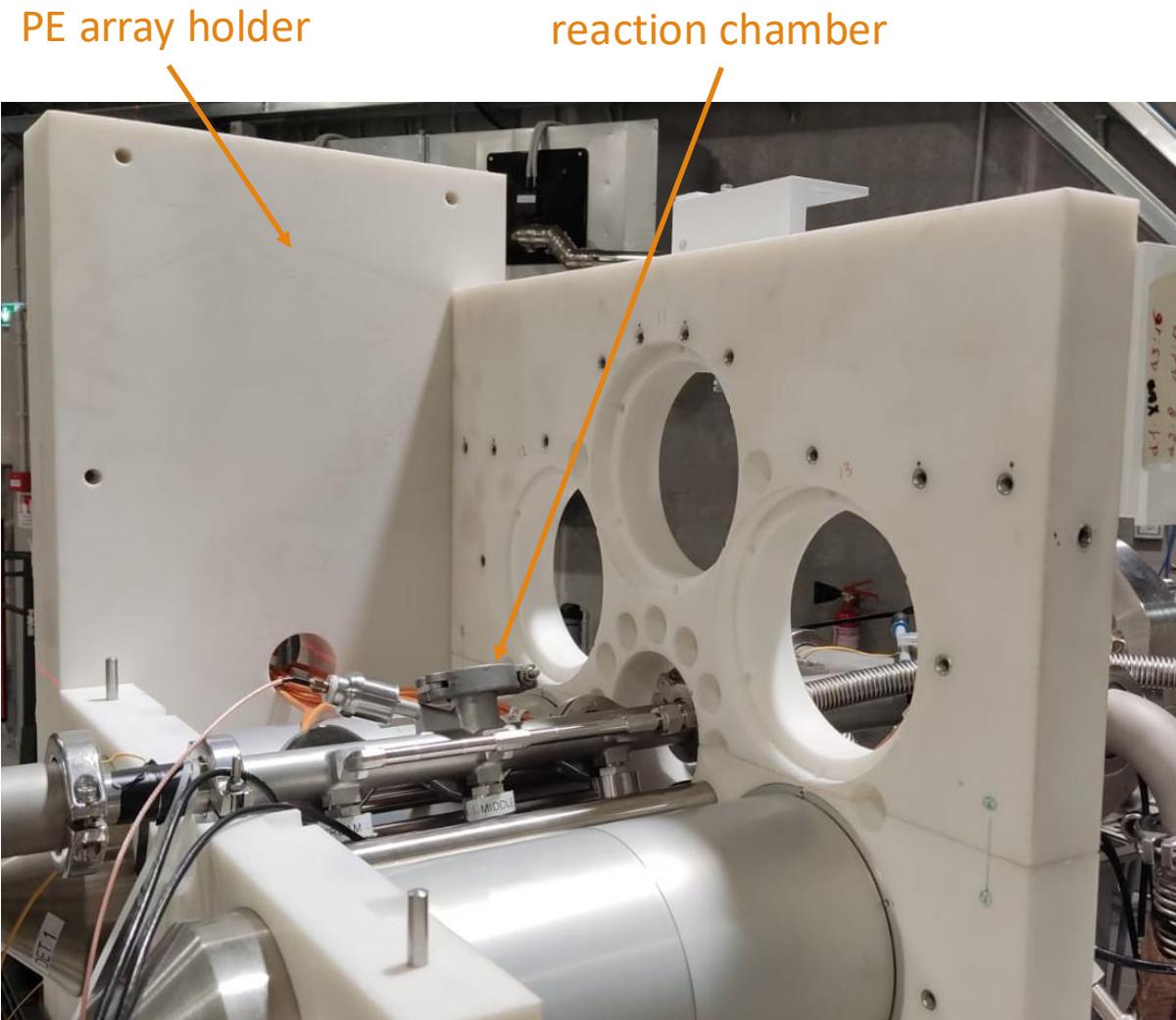
European Research Council founded  
project to measure  $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha,\text{n})^{25}\text{Mg}$   
down to neutron threshold



European Research Council

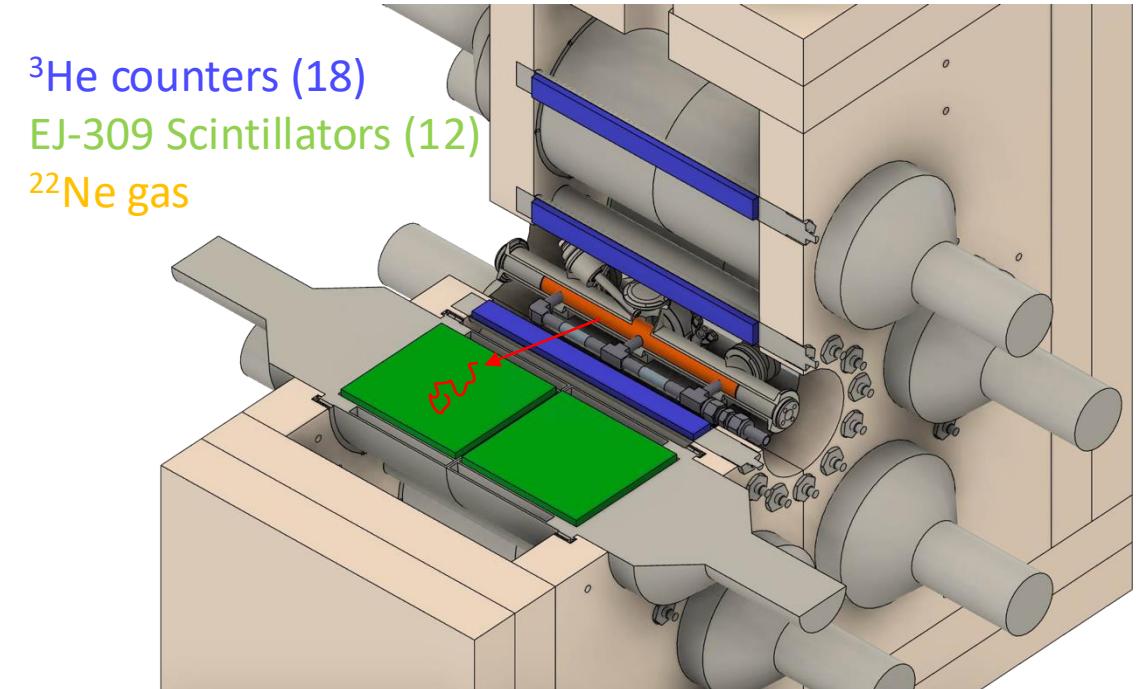
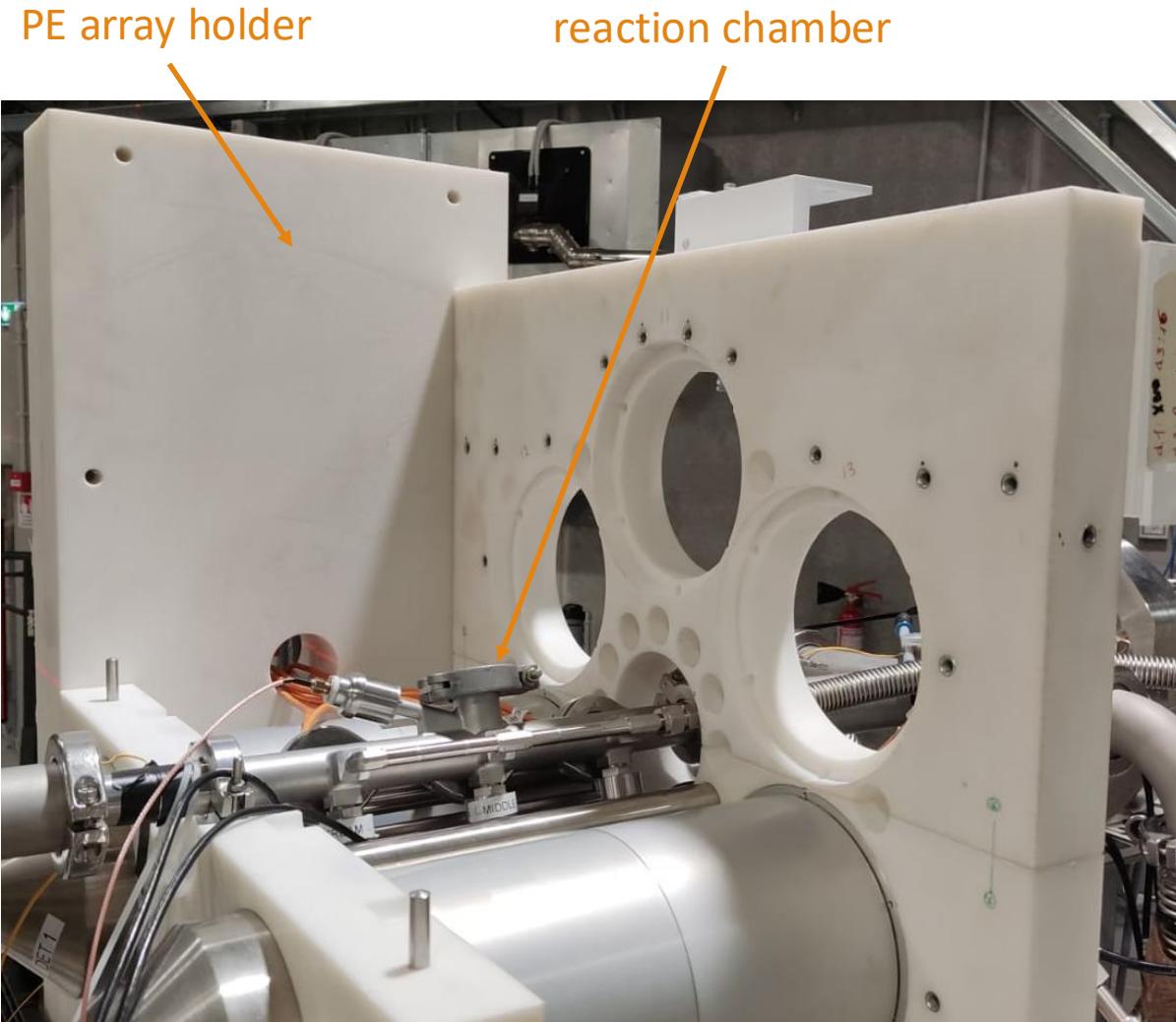
Established by the European Commission

# Detection array



how it works?

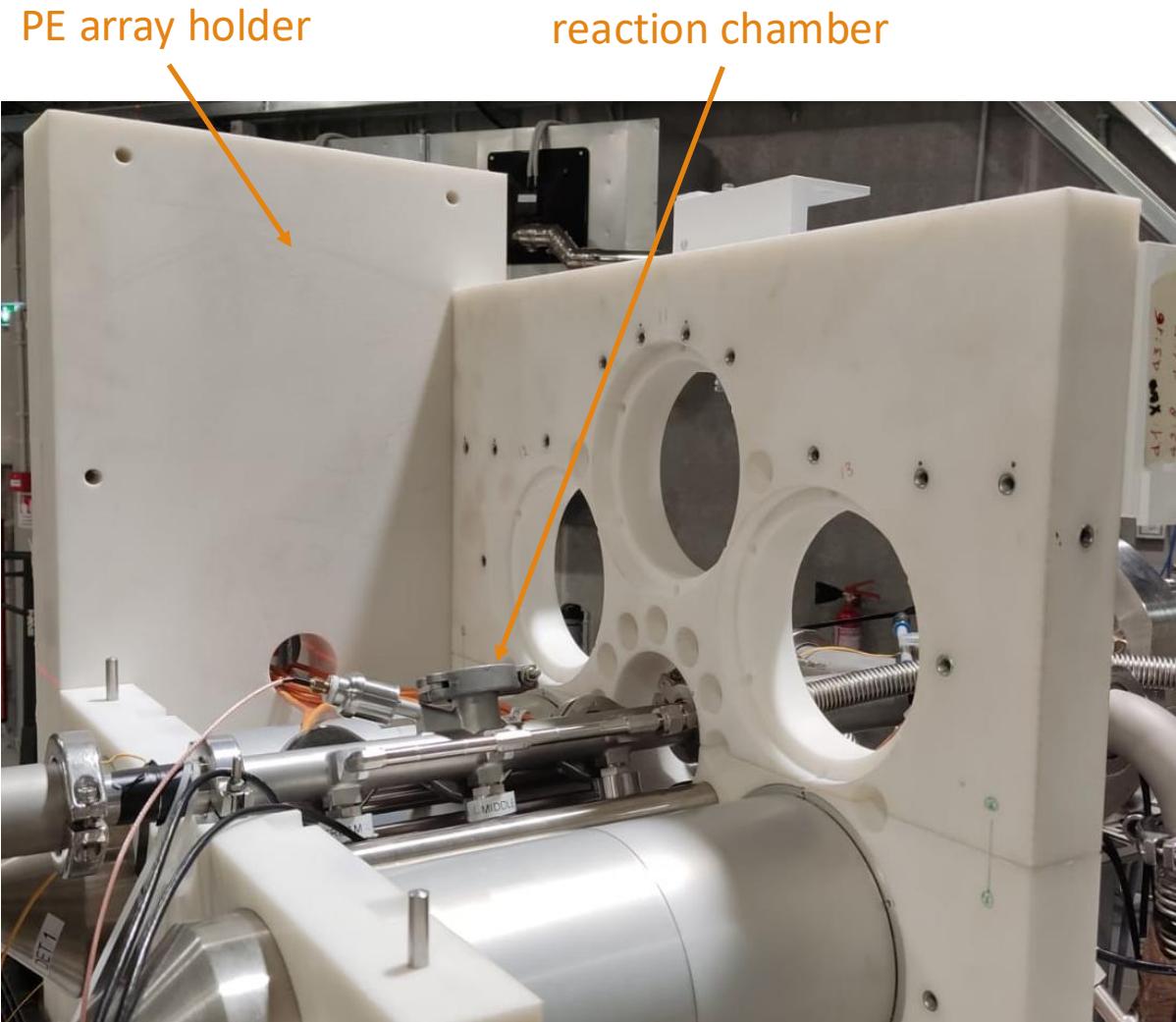
# Detection array



how it works?

- 1) a neutron from the reaction are moderated in an EJ-309 liquid scintillator

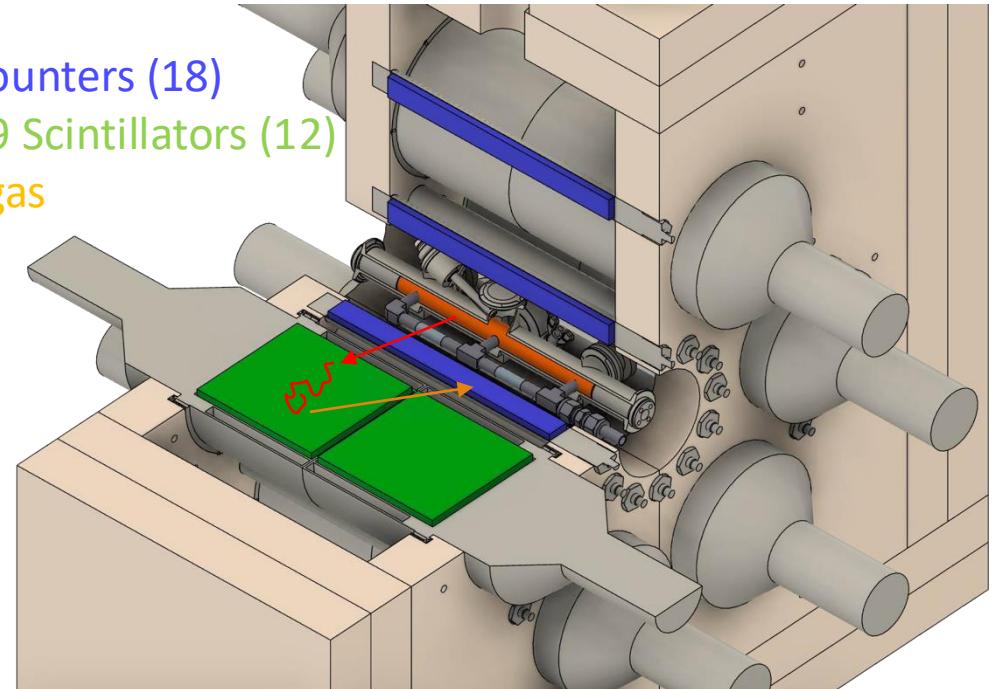
# Detection array



$^3\text{He}$  counters (18)

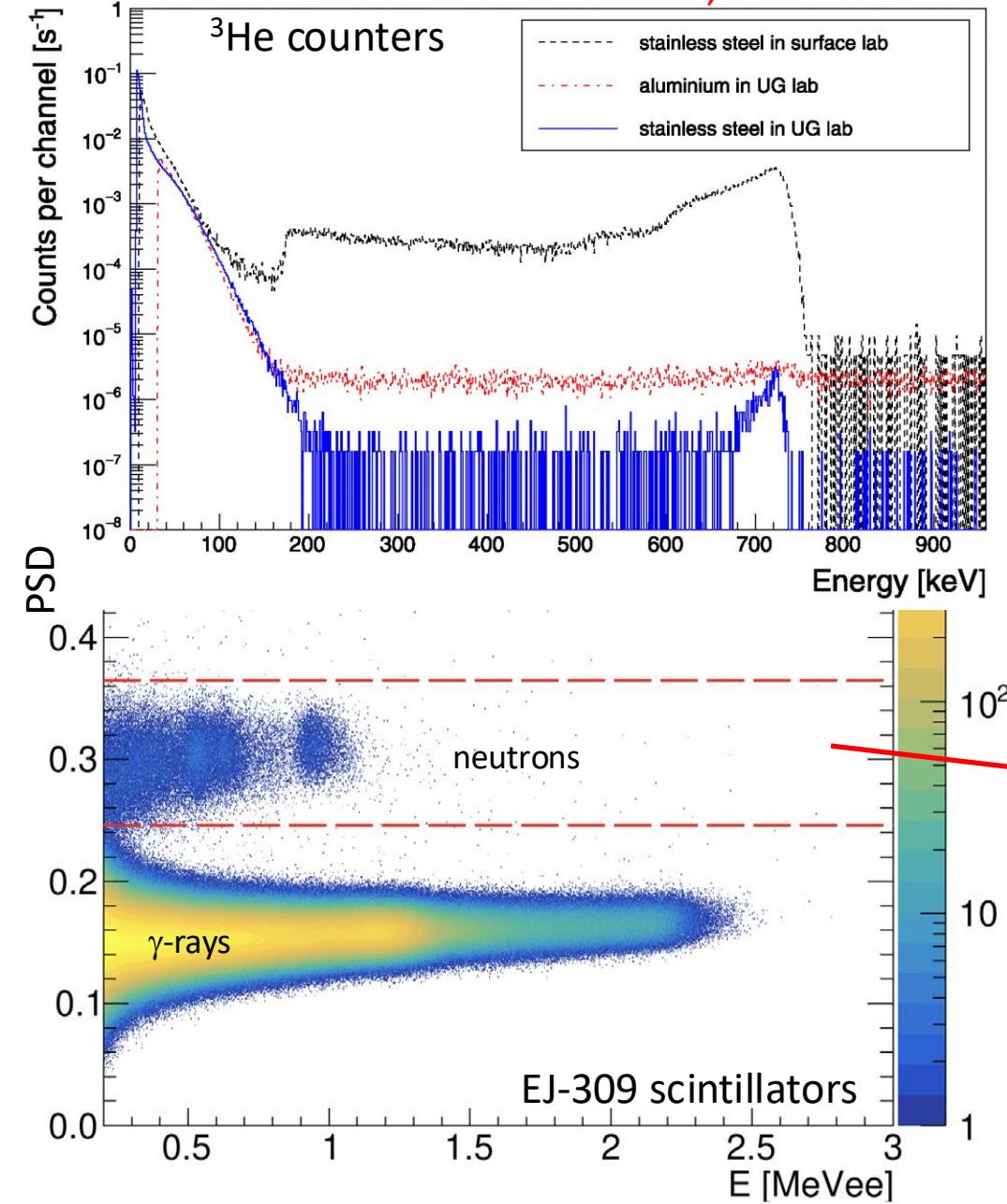
EJ-309 Scintillators (12)

$^{22}\text{Ne}$  gas



how it works?

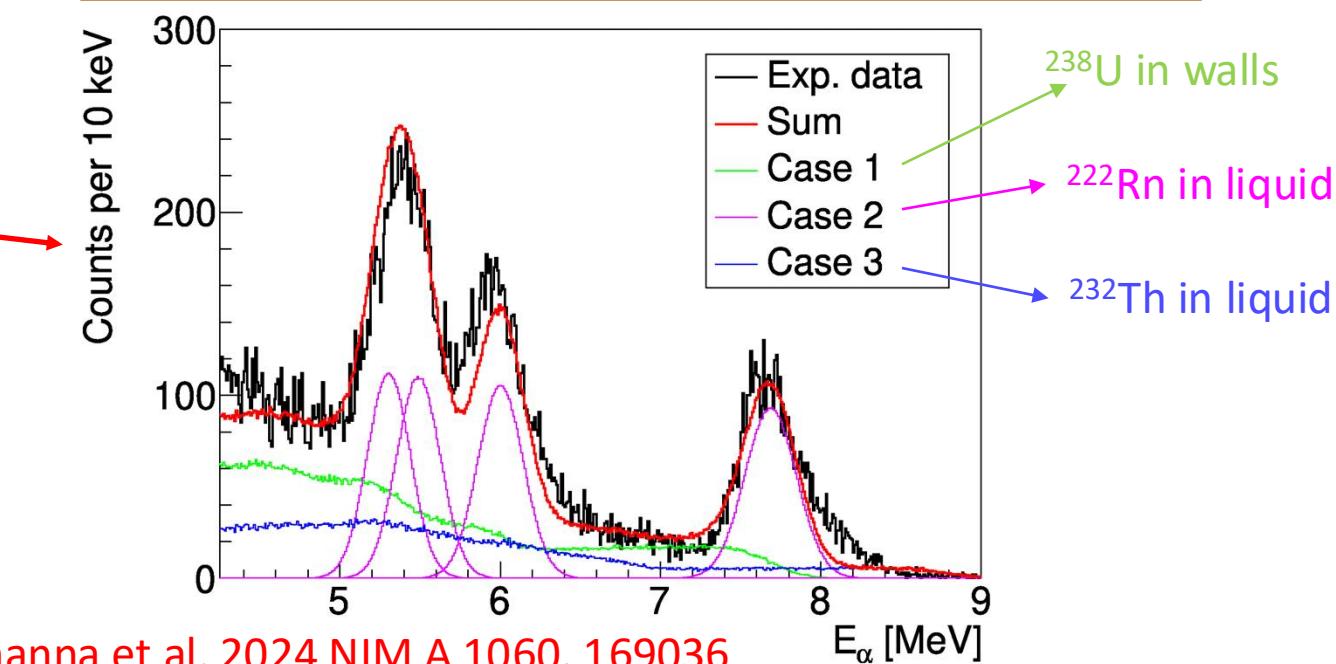
- 1) a neutron from the reaction are moderated in an EJ-309 liquid scintillator
- 2) the thermalized neutron is then captured by a  $^3\text{He}$  counter



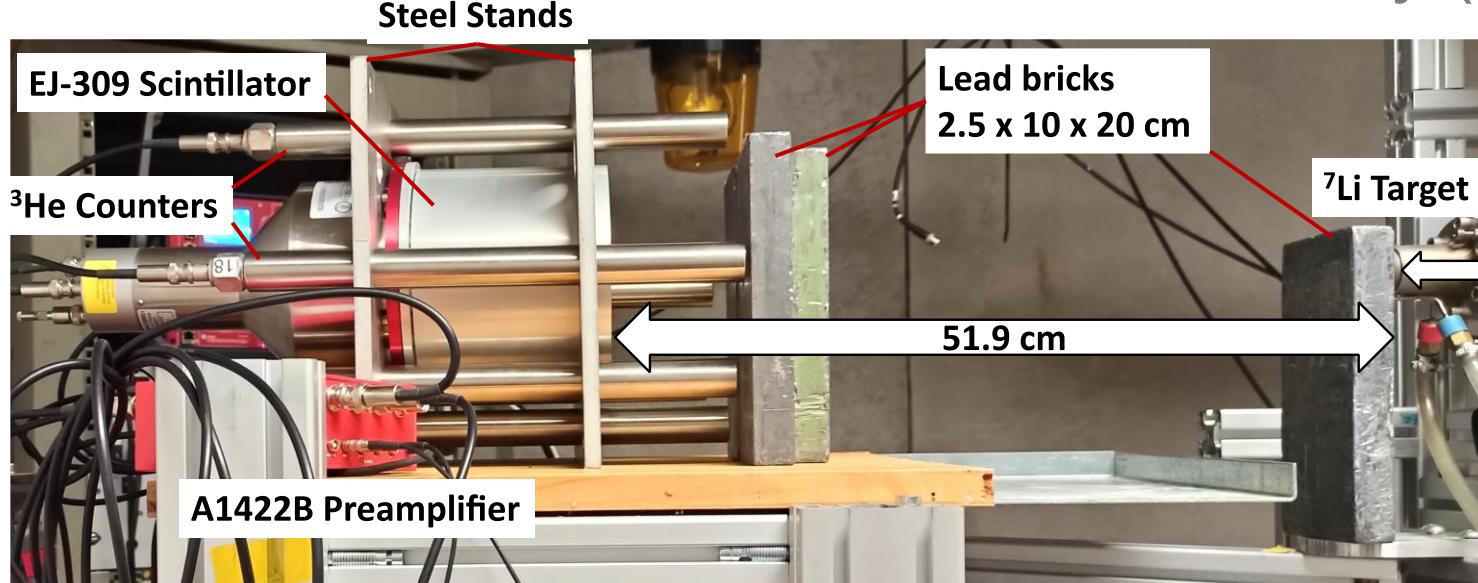
# Detectors intrinsic background at LNGS

- LNGS environmental background makes intrinsic one relevant
- actinides contamination in both the case and liquid
- 1-month long background measurement in LNGS (LUNA400 hall)
- $8.4(1.8)_{\text{sta}}(1.4)_{\text{sys}} \times 10^{-2}$  ppm for  $^{238}\text{U}$
- $1.62(0.57)_{\text{sta}}(0.03)_{\text{sys}} \times 10^{-1}$  ppm for  $^{232}\text{Th}$
- 64 counts/hour, eliminable with  $^3\text{He}$  prop. counter coincidence

➤ intrinsic background from  $^{238}\text{U}/^{232}\text{Th}$  identified



# Calibration at FRANZ at Goethe University (Frankfurt)



- prototype version, same working principle
  - determination of scintillators neutron quenching
  - testing on neutron/ $\gamma$ -rays discrimination techniques (PSD and neural networks)
  - counters-scintillators coincidence check
- performance assessment (low E limit, resolution, n/ $\gamma$  separation)

T. Chillary et al. 2025 under Review J. Phys. G

T. Chillary poster

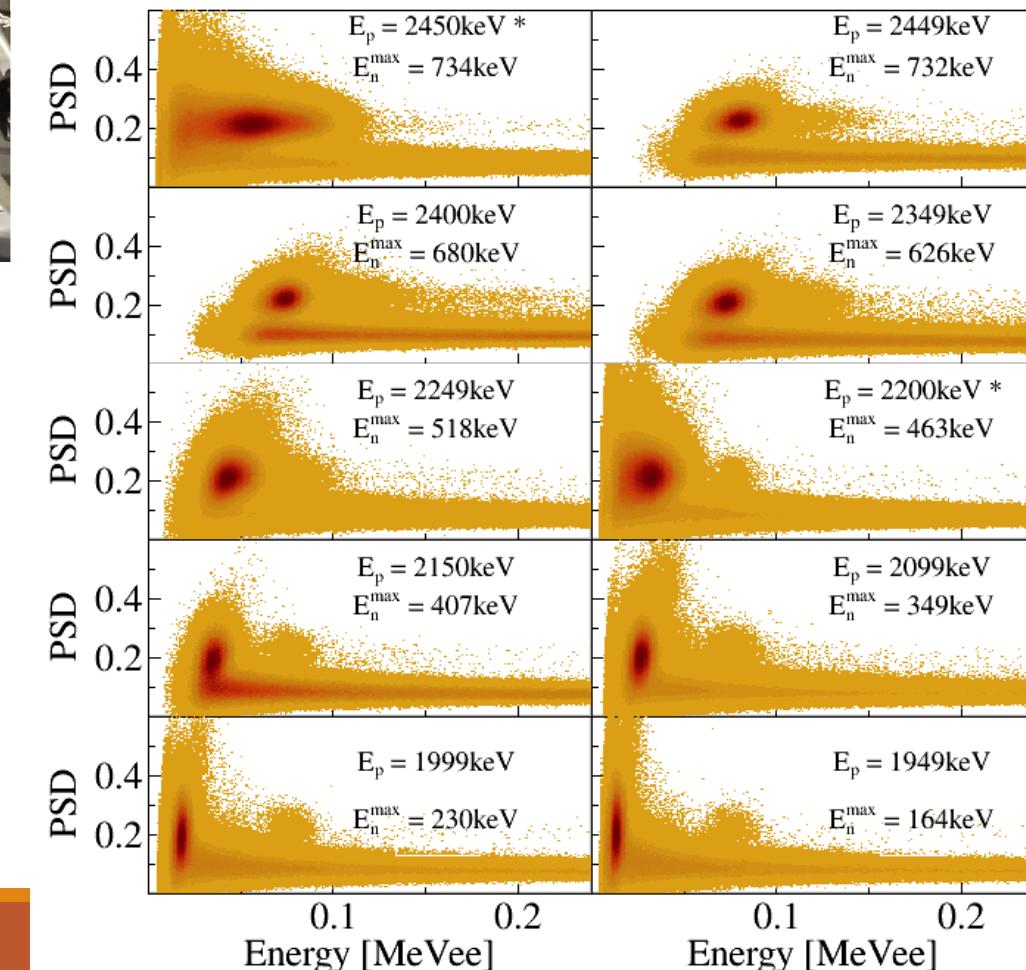


$$E_p = 1900 - 2450 \text{ keV, 50 keV steps}$$

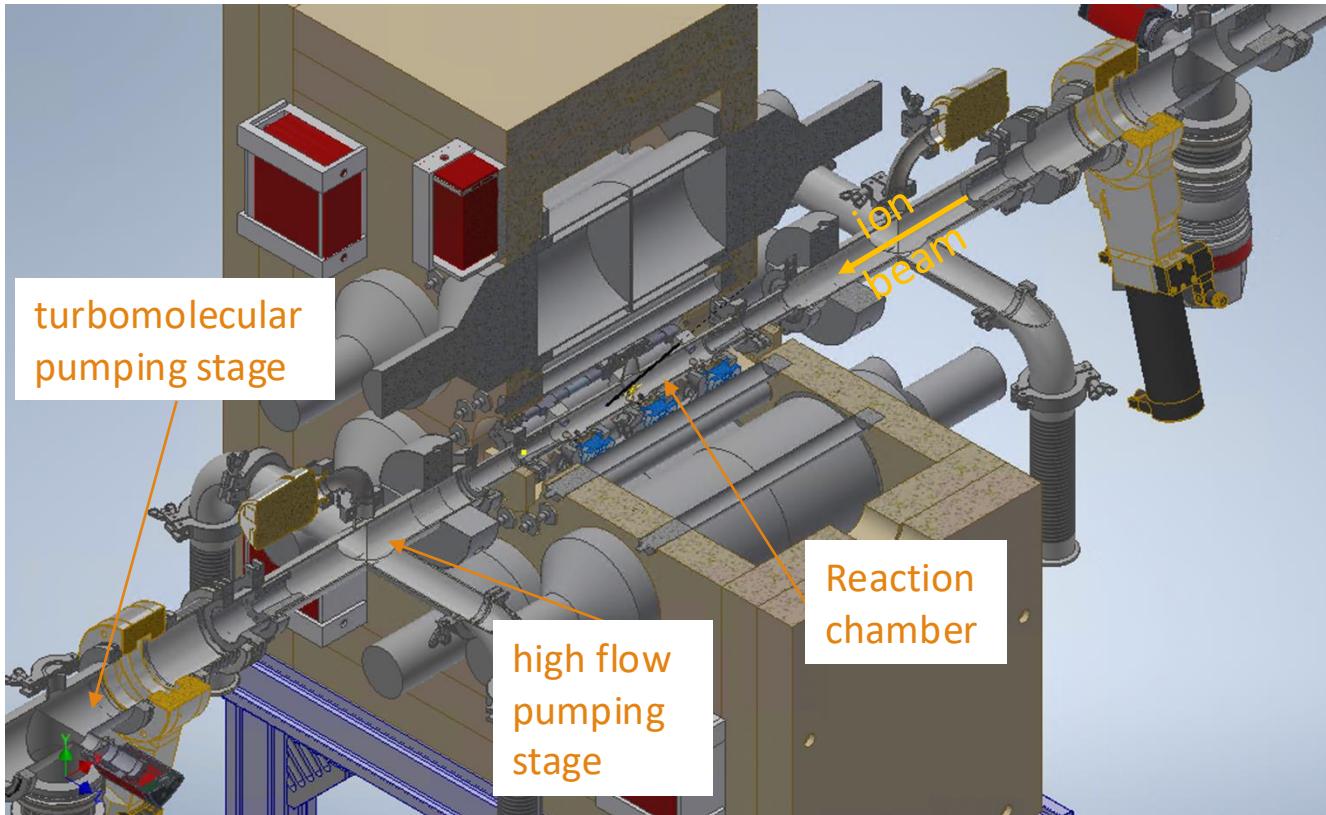
3.1  $\mu\text{m}$  thick  $^7\text{Li}$  on copper backings

$$E_n = 50 - 720 \text{ keV}$$

Proton  
Beam



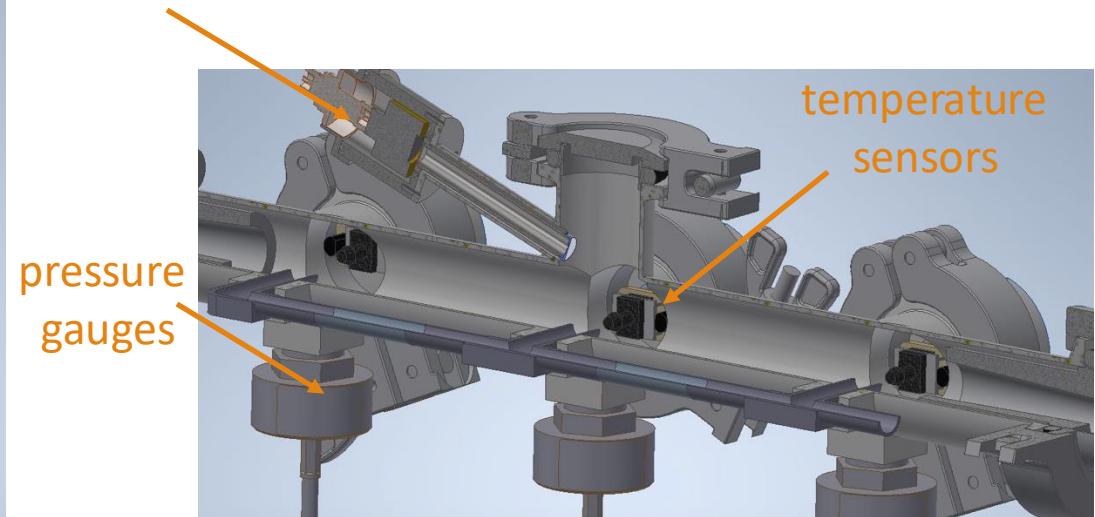
# Gas target



- recirculated extended gas target with enriched  $^{22}\text{Ne}$
- compact design to maximize detection efficiency
- hydrocarbons purifier
- Si-industry pumps

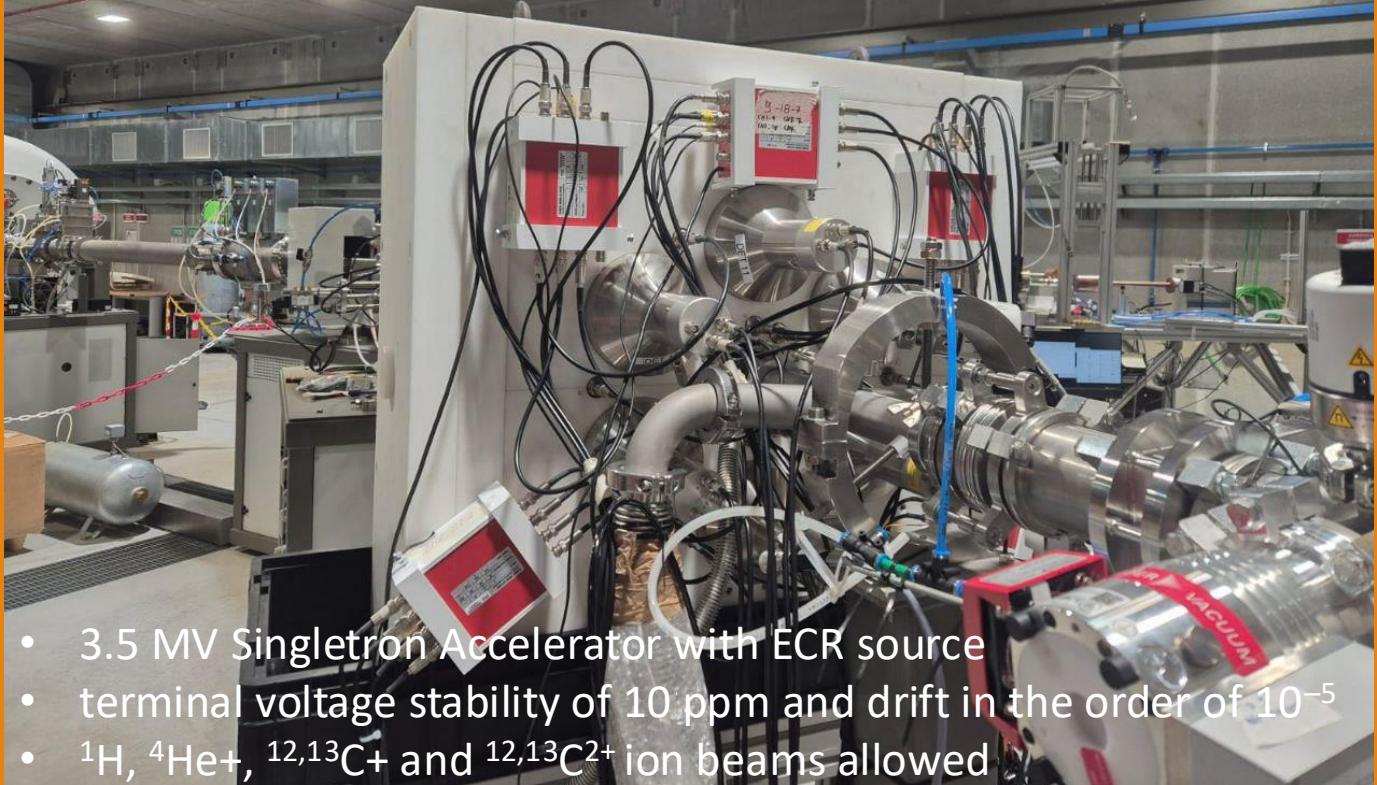
- suppressed BIB events rate
- ion beam current and target thickness monitor

RBS monitor



- Aluminum sealings – low leak rate and no carbon degassing
- OFHC copper coatings of exposed surfaces
- online monitors of pressure and temperatures
- Rutherford Backscattering Spectroscopy for ion beam / target thickness monitor

# Bellotti IBF @ LNGS



- 3.5 MV Singletron Accelerator with ECR source
- terminal voltage stability of 10 ppm and drift in the order of  $10^{-5}$
- $^1\text{H}$ ,  $^4\text{He}^+$ ,  $^{12,13}\text{C}^+$  and  $^{12,13}\text{C}^{2+}$  ion beams allowed
- 500  $\mu\text{A}$  of high energy resolution and stability  $^4\text{He}$  beams

➤ enhanced S/N ratio over natural background

Junker et al. 2023 Front. Phys. 11:1291113

completed measurements

$^{14}\text{N}(\text{p},\gamma)^{15}\text{O}$

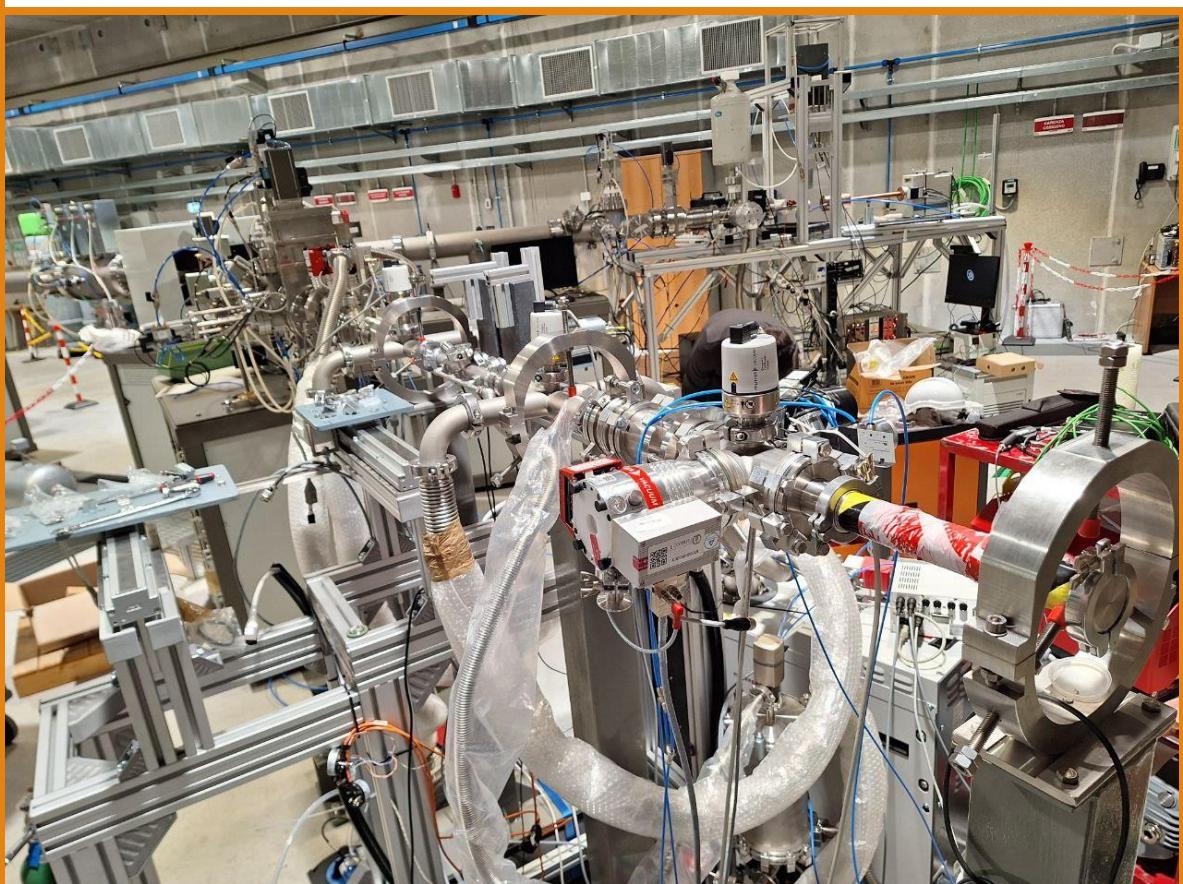
ongoing measurements

$^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha,\text{n})^{25}\text{Mg}$

$^{12}\text{C} + ^{12}\text{C}$  ( $\gamma$ -channel)

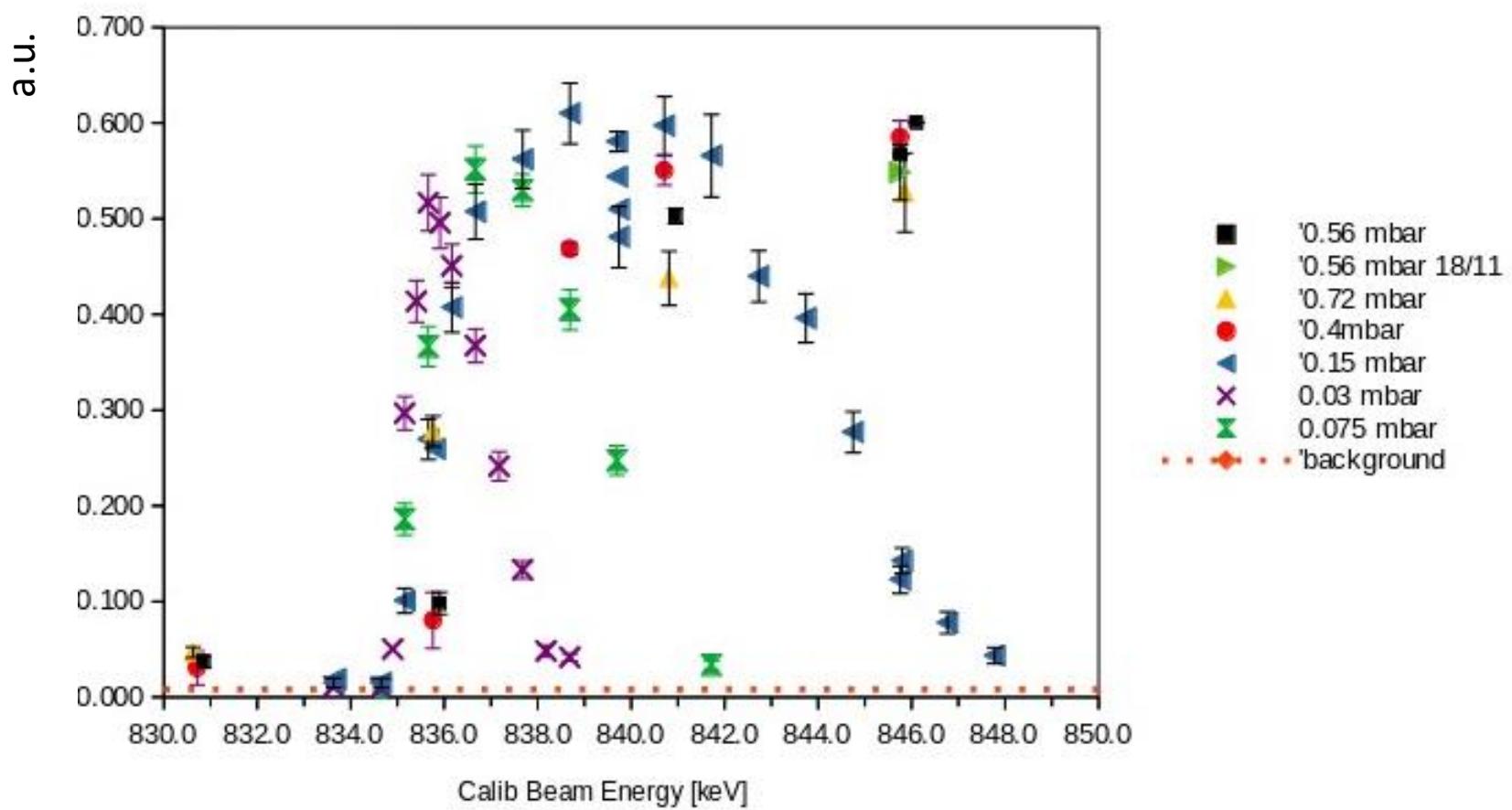
planned measurements

$^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha,\gamma)^{26}\text{Mg}$  – Daniela Mercogliano talk



# Preliminary results & outlooks

- 835 keV resonance investigated with several target thickness
- off-resonance measurements ongoing, complete within 2025
- data analysis and publication by mid-2026



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**THANK YOU FOR  
YOUR  
ATTENTION**