



מכון ויצמן למדע  
WEIZMANN INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE



# SOXS (Son Of X-Shooter): Scientific capabilities & ETC

Paolo D'Avanzo  
INAF - Osservatorio  
Astronomico di Brera

**on behalf of the  
SOXS team**

SOXS Consortium Science Meeting: Napoli 25 - 27 June 2024





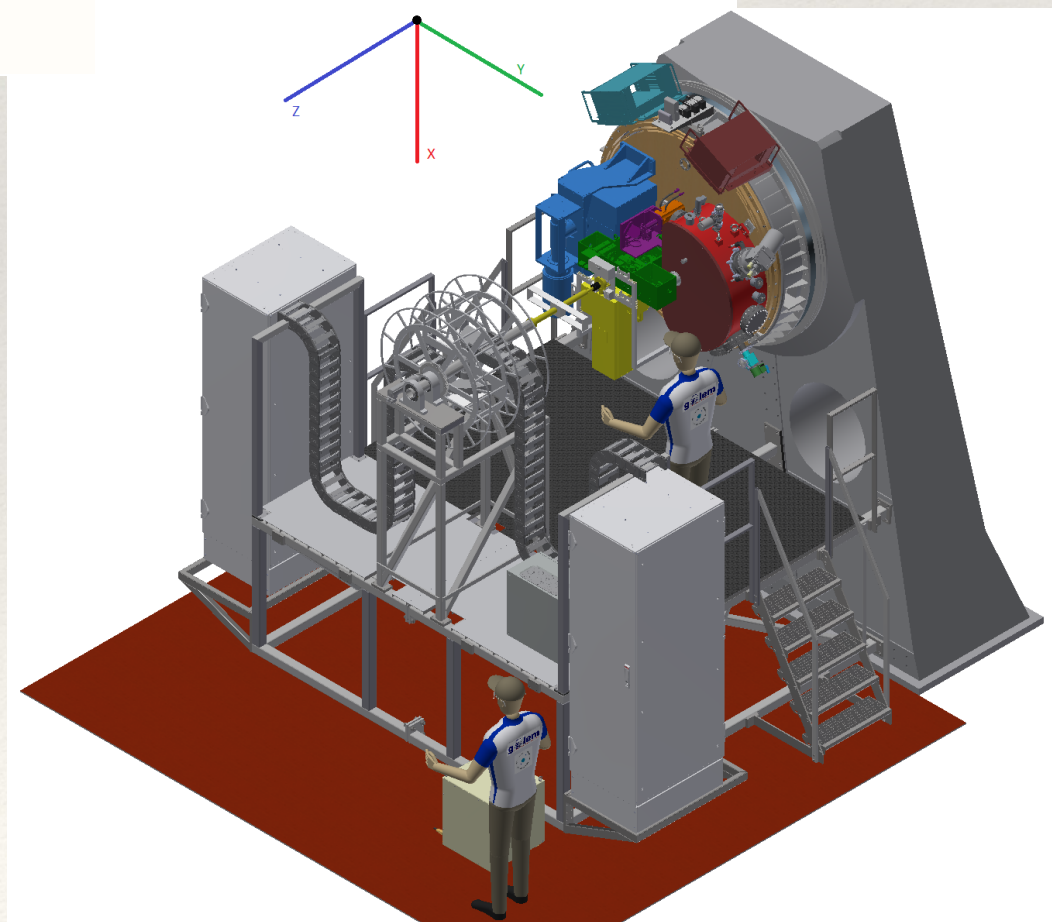
# SOXS in a nutshell

## Main characteristics

- Single-object
- Broad band spectrograph 350-2000 nm
- $R \sim 4,500$  (4,000-6,000)
- Two arms (UV-VIS + NIR) 350-850 nm + 800-2000 nm
- Acquisition camera to perform photometry ugrizY (3.5'x3.5', 0.2" pixel)



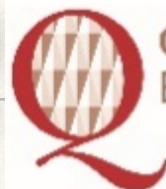
Pietro's  
&  
Kalyan's talks







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Queen's University  
Belfast



INSTITUTO  
MILENIO DE  
ASTROFÍSICA



Turun yliopisto  
University of Turku



Niels Bohr Institutet



TEL AVIV UNIVERSITY

# SOXS Consortium

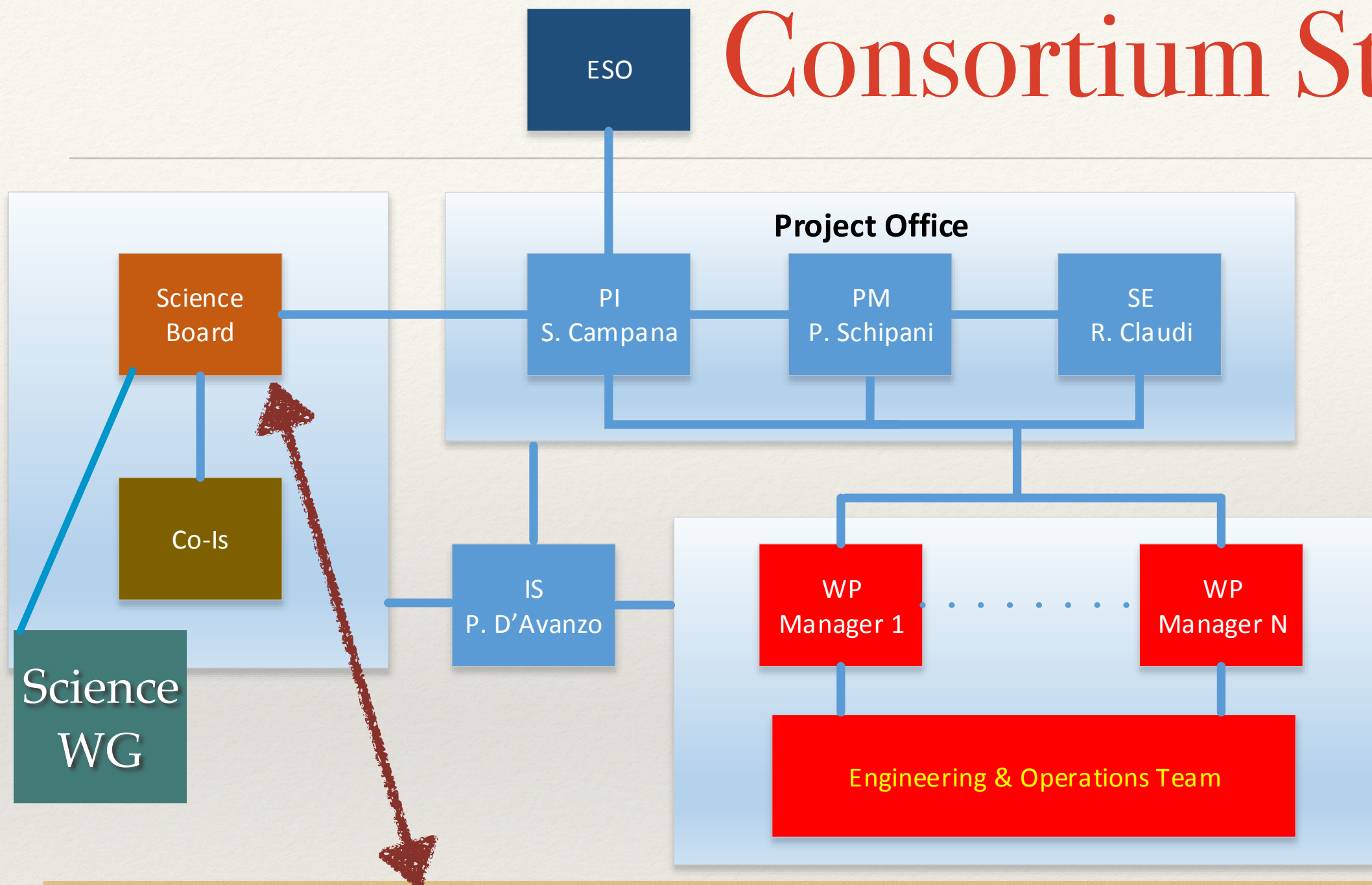
Institutes from 6 Countries

- ❑ INAF (OA Brera, Capodimonte, Padova, Roma, Catania, FGg)
- ❑ Weizmann Institute (Israel)
- ❑ Queen's University Belfast (UK)
- ❑ Millenium Institute (Chile)
- ❑ Turku Univ. & FINCA (Finland)
- ❑ University of Tel Aviv (Israel)
- ❑ Neils Bohr Institute & Aarhus





# Consortium Structure



- # E. Cappellaro (INAF-OAPadova) - Italy
- # M. Della Valle (INAF-OANapoli) - Italy
- # A. Gal-Yam (Weizmann) - Israel
- # S. Smartt (Univ. Belfast) - UK
- # I. Arcavi (Tel Aviv University) - Israel
- # S. Mattila (FINCA) - Finland
- # M. Stritzinger (Aarhus U.) - Denmark
- # S. Campana (INAF-OABrera) - Italy



# Work-Packages & People

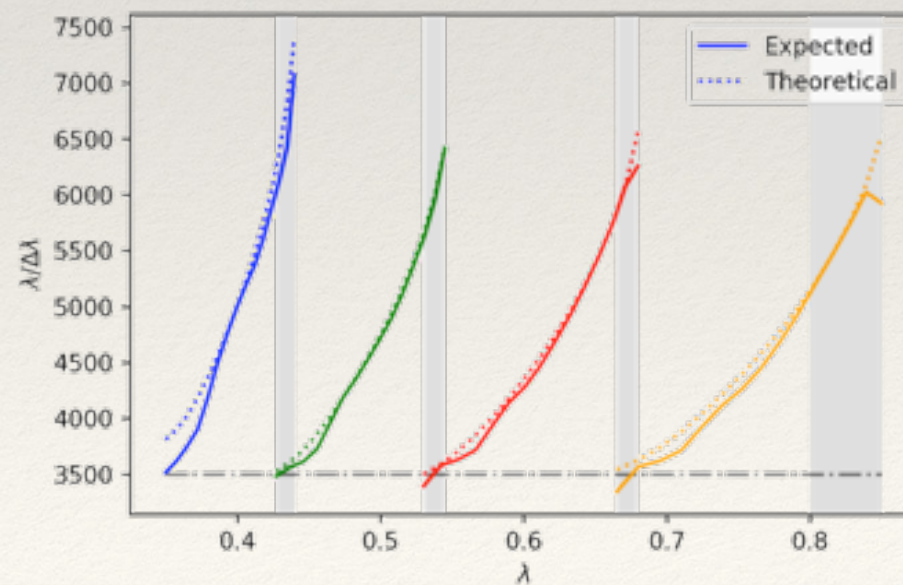
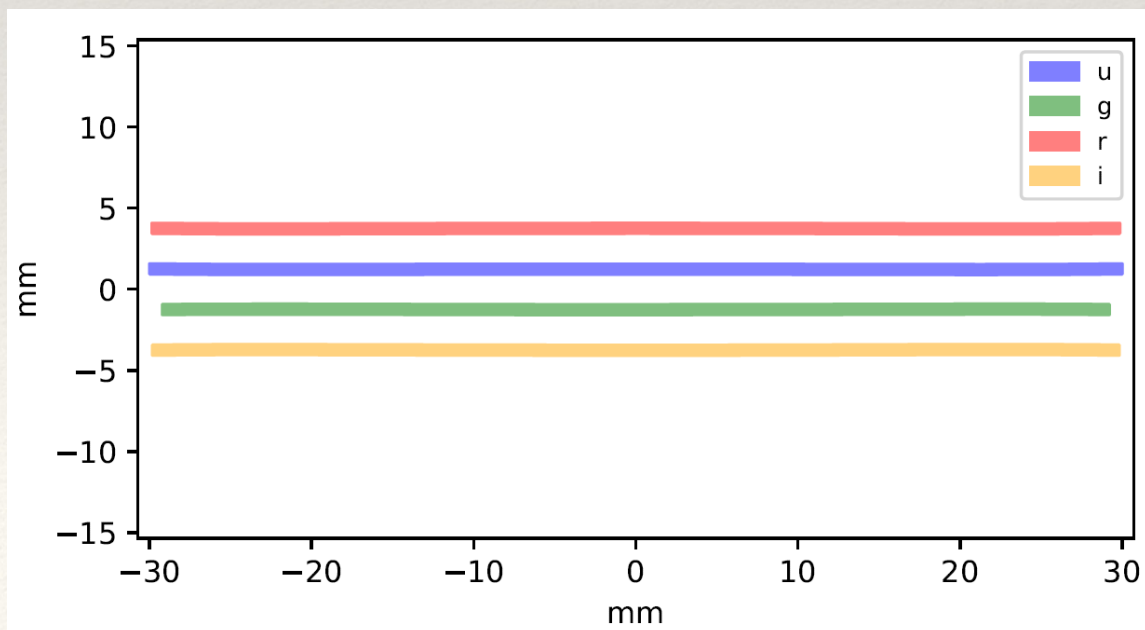
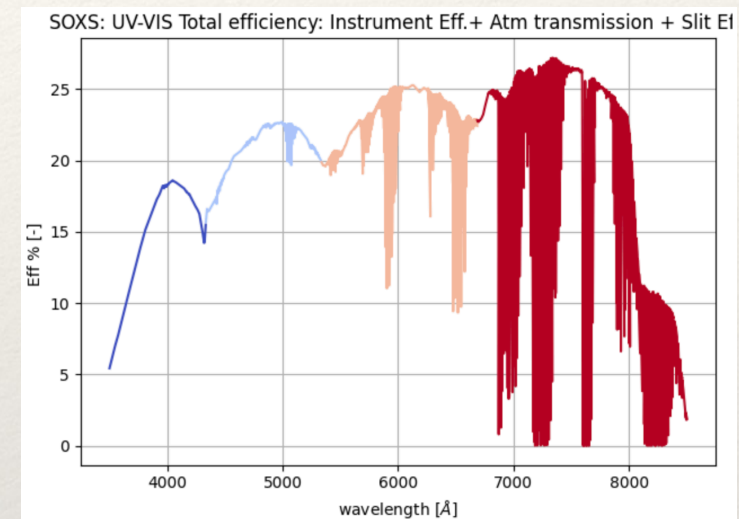
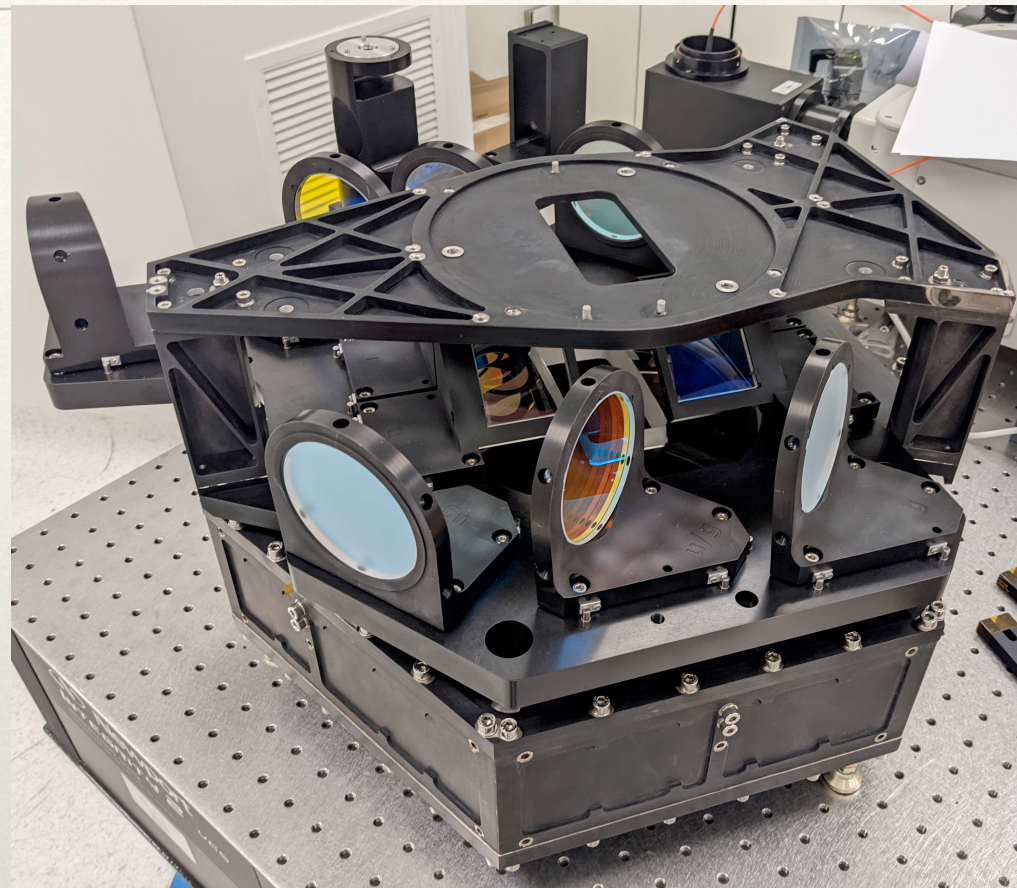
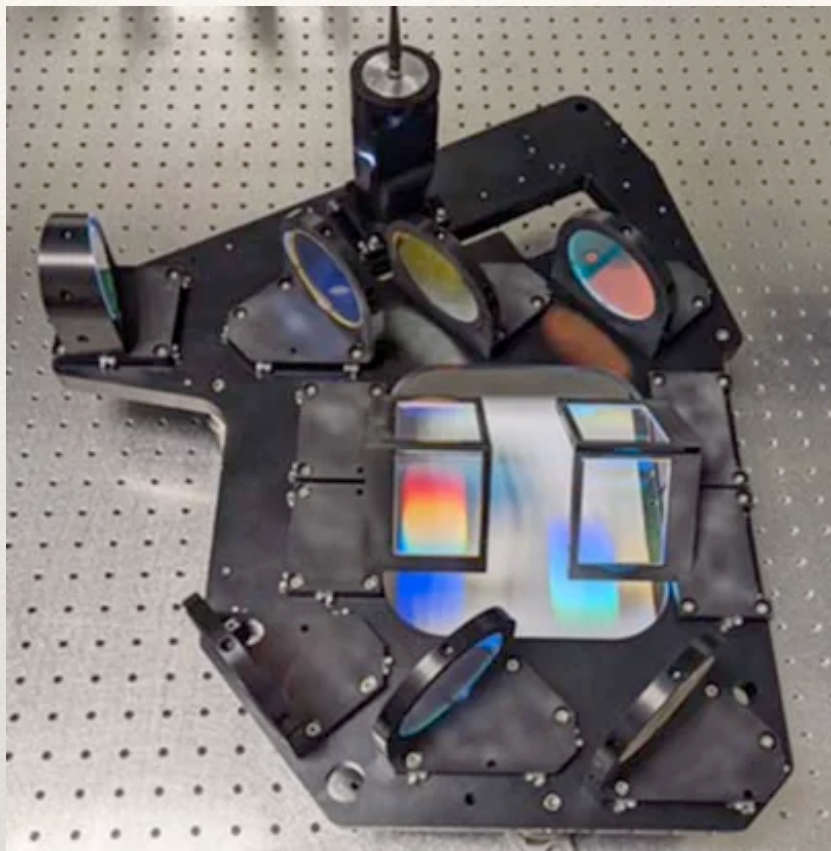
Optics WP Manager - Matteo Munari (INAF - Osservatorio astronomico di Catania)  
Mechanics WP Manager - Matteo Aliverti (INAF - Osservatorio astronomico di Brera)  
Electronics WP Manager - Giulio Capasso (INAF - Osservatorio astronomico di Capodimonte)  
Software WP Manager - Andrea Baruffolo (INAF - Osservatorio astronomico di Padova)  
Vacuum & Cryogenics WP Manager - Salvo Scuderi (INAF - Osservatorio astronomico di Catania)  
AIT WP Manager - Kalyan Radhakrishnan (INAF - Osservatorio astronomico di Padova)  
Instrument Model WP Manager - Matteo Genoni (INAF - Osservatorio astronomico di Brera)  
VIS Spectrograph WP Manager - Sagi Ben-Ami (Weizmann Institute)  
VIS Spectrograph Optics WP Manager - Adam Rubin (Weizmann Institute)

VIS Spectrograph Mechanics WP Manager - Ofir Hershko (Weizmann Institute)  
VIS Detector WP Manager - Rosario Cosentino (INAF - Osservatorio astronomico di Catania)  
NIR Spectrograph WP Manager - Fabrizio Vitali (INAF - Osservatorio astronomico di Roma)  
NIR WP Manager - Francesco D'Alessio (INAF - Osservatorio astronomico di Roma)  
Acquisition Camera WP Manager - Anna Brucalassi (Millenium Institute & INAF)  
Calibration Unit Optics WP Manager - Haynino Kuncaraycti (Turku University)  
Operations software lead WP Manager - Marco Landoni (INAF - Osservatorio astronomico di Brera)  
Pipeline WP Manager - David Young (Queens' University Belfast)





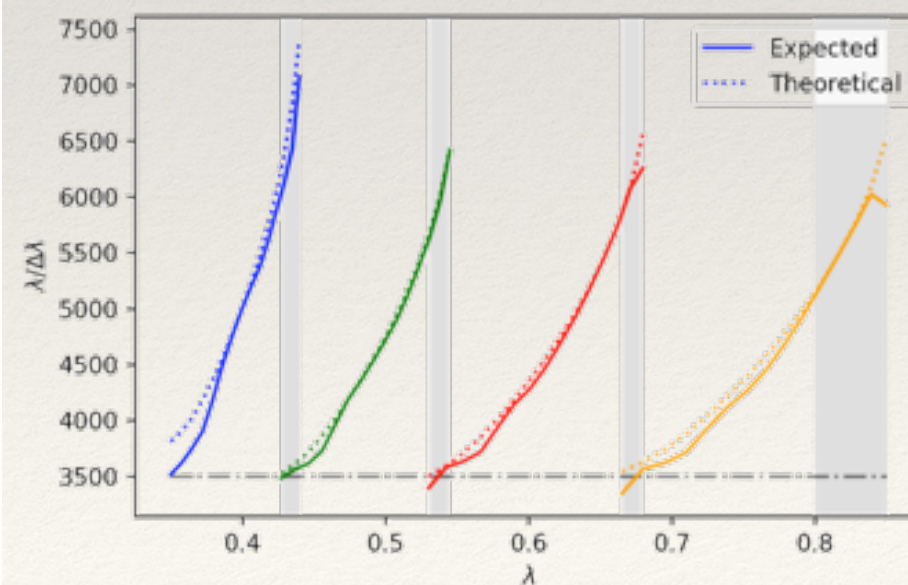
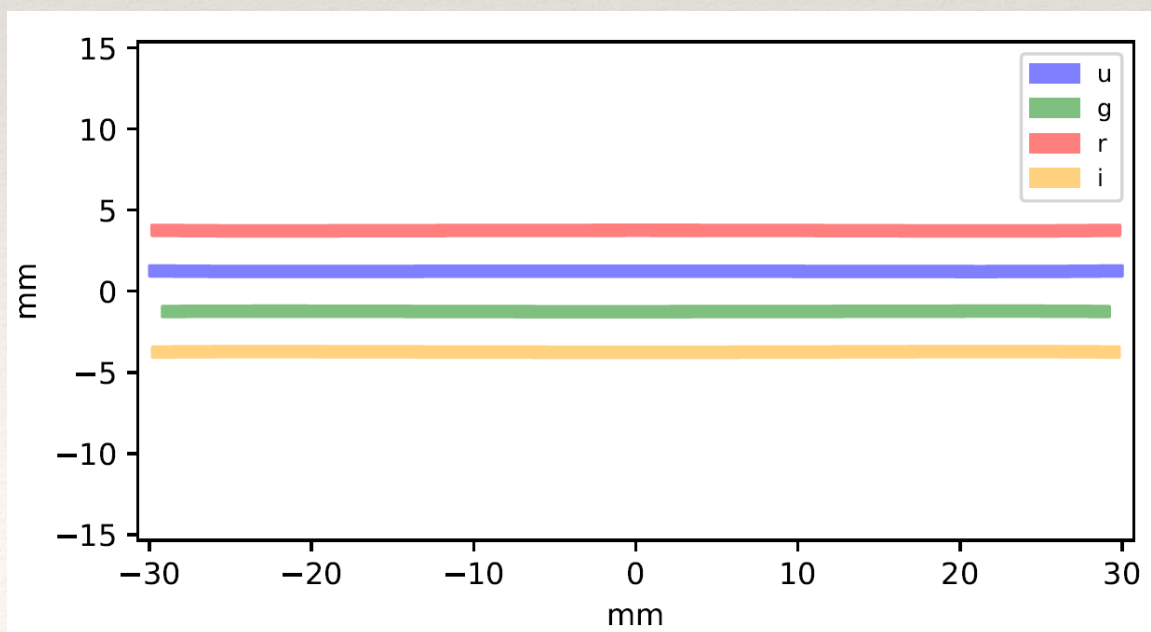
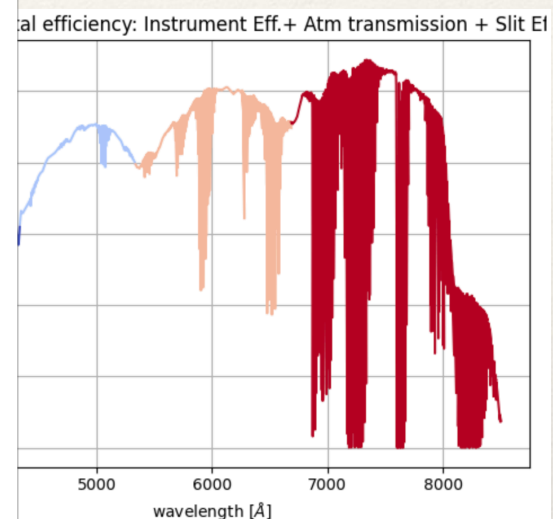
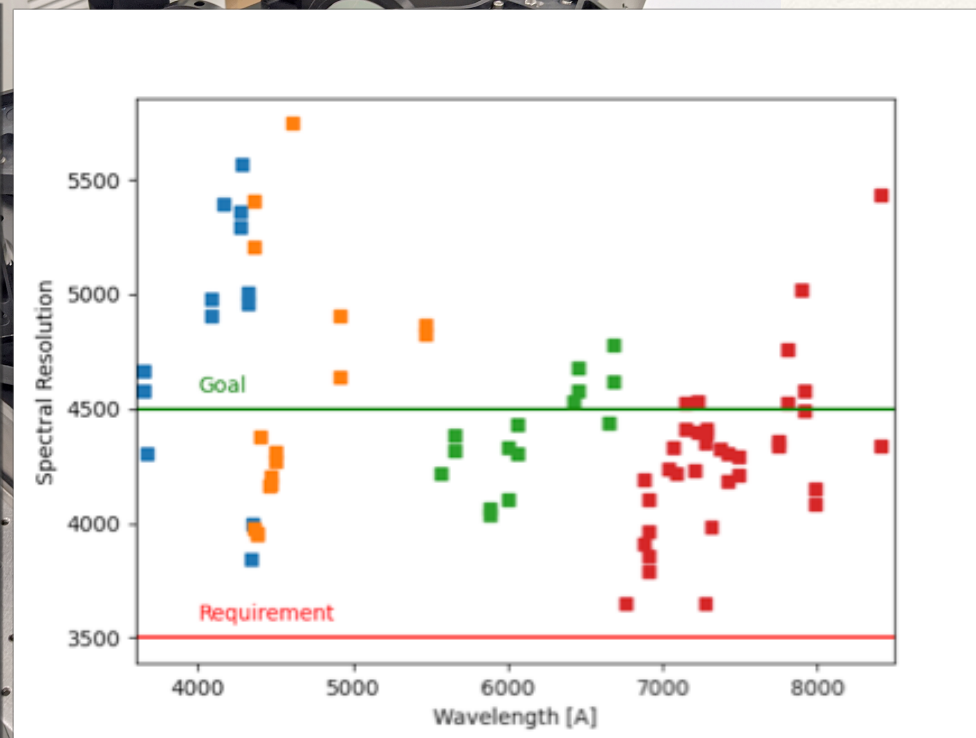
# SOXS UV-VIS arm



u: 350 - 440 nm  
g: 427 - 547 nm  
r: 527 - 680 nm  
i: 664 - 850 nm



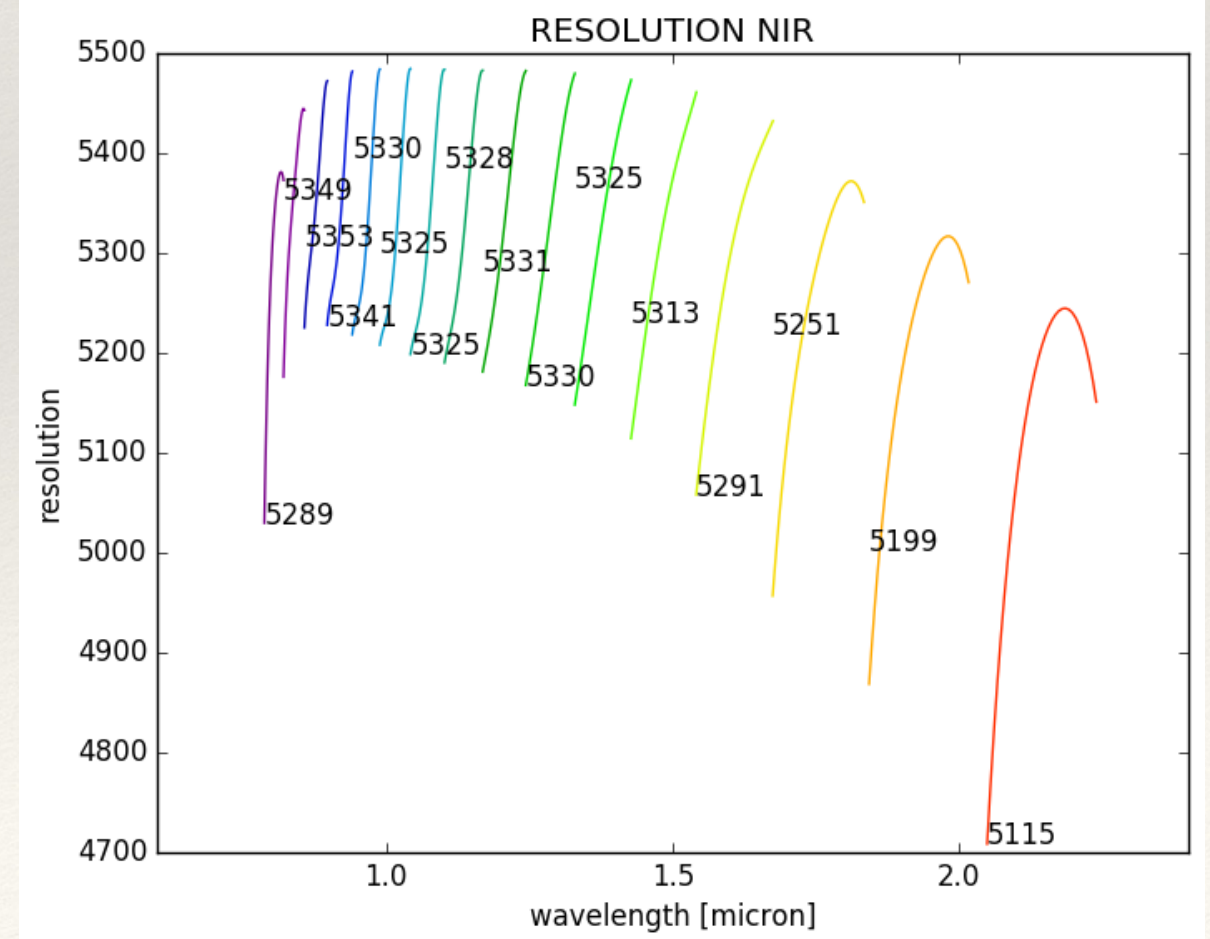
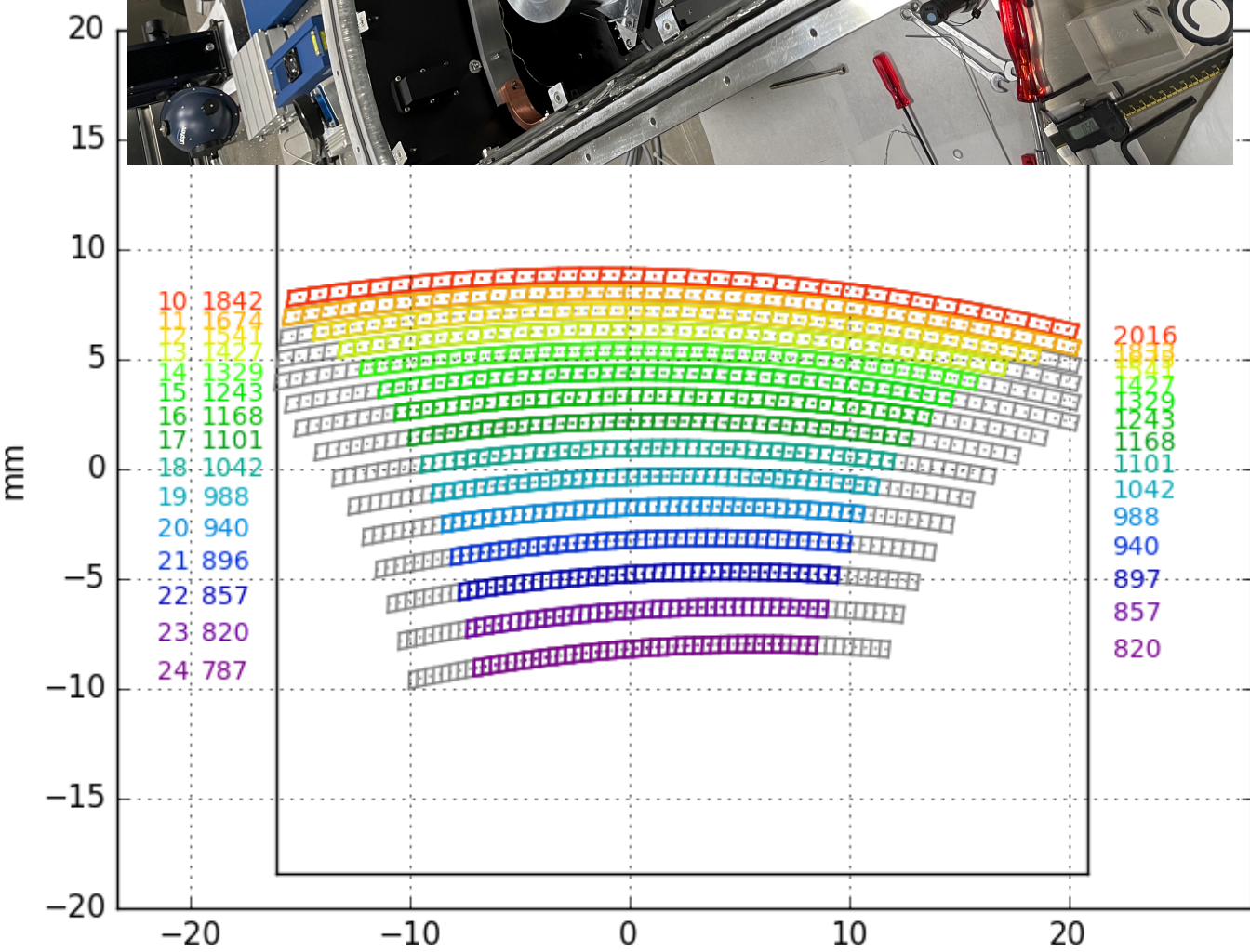
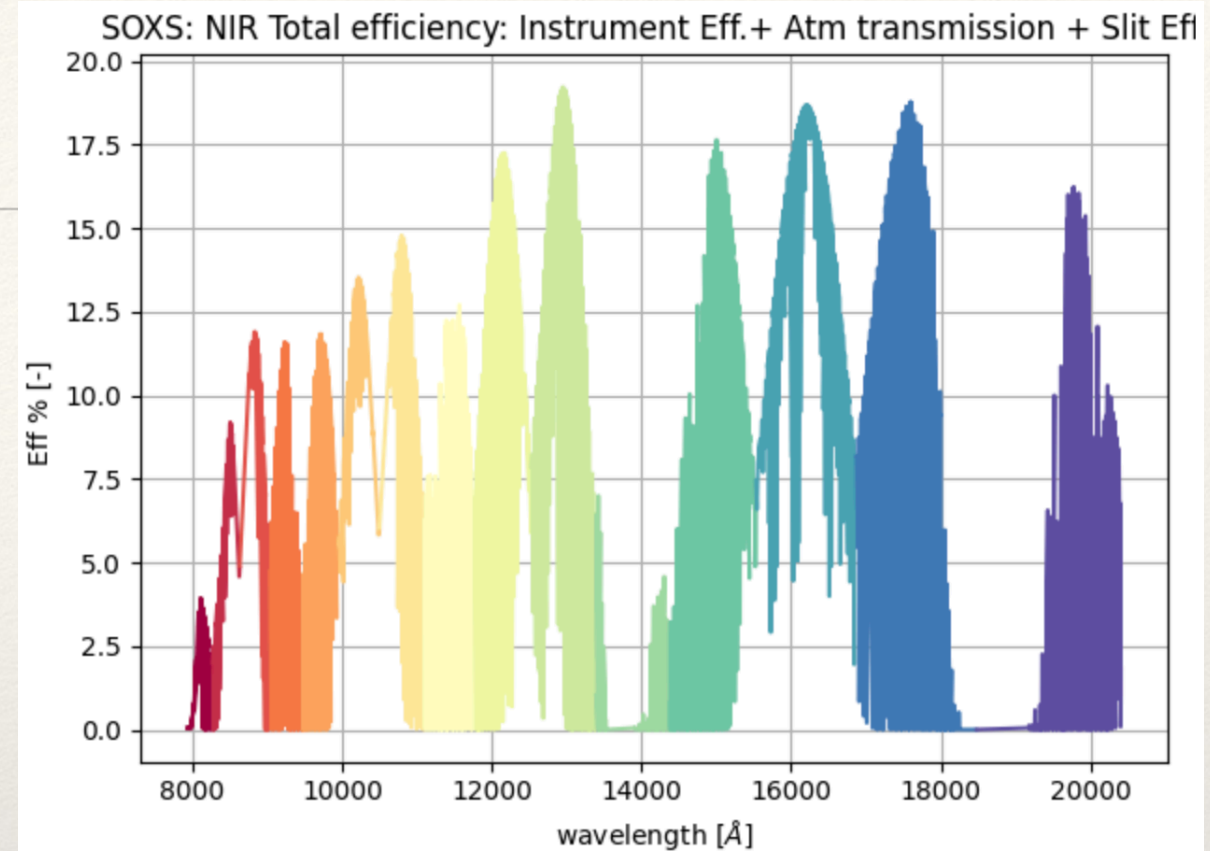
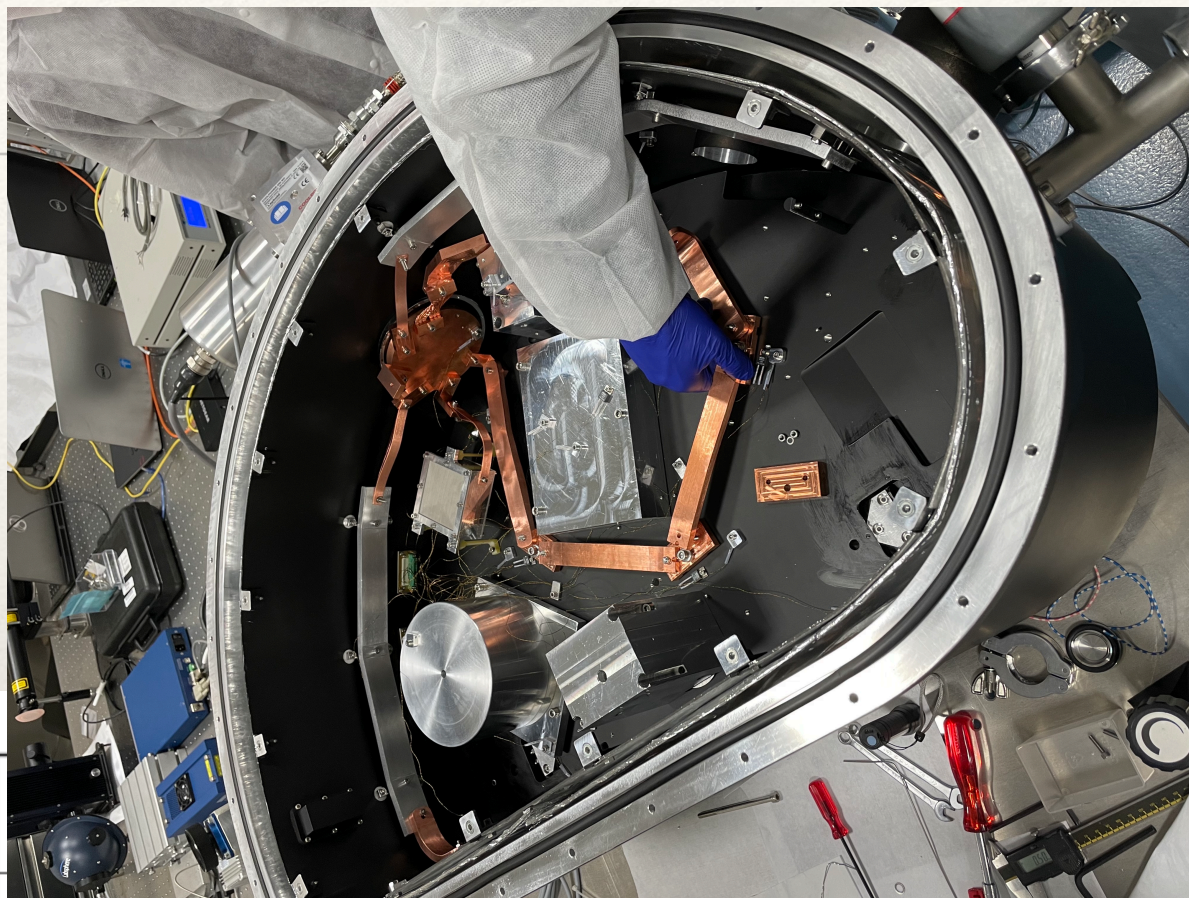
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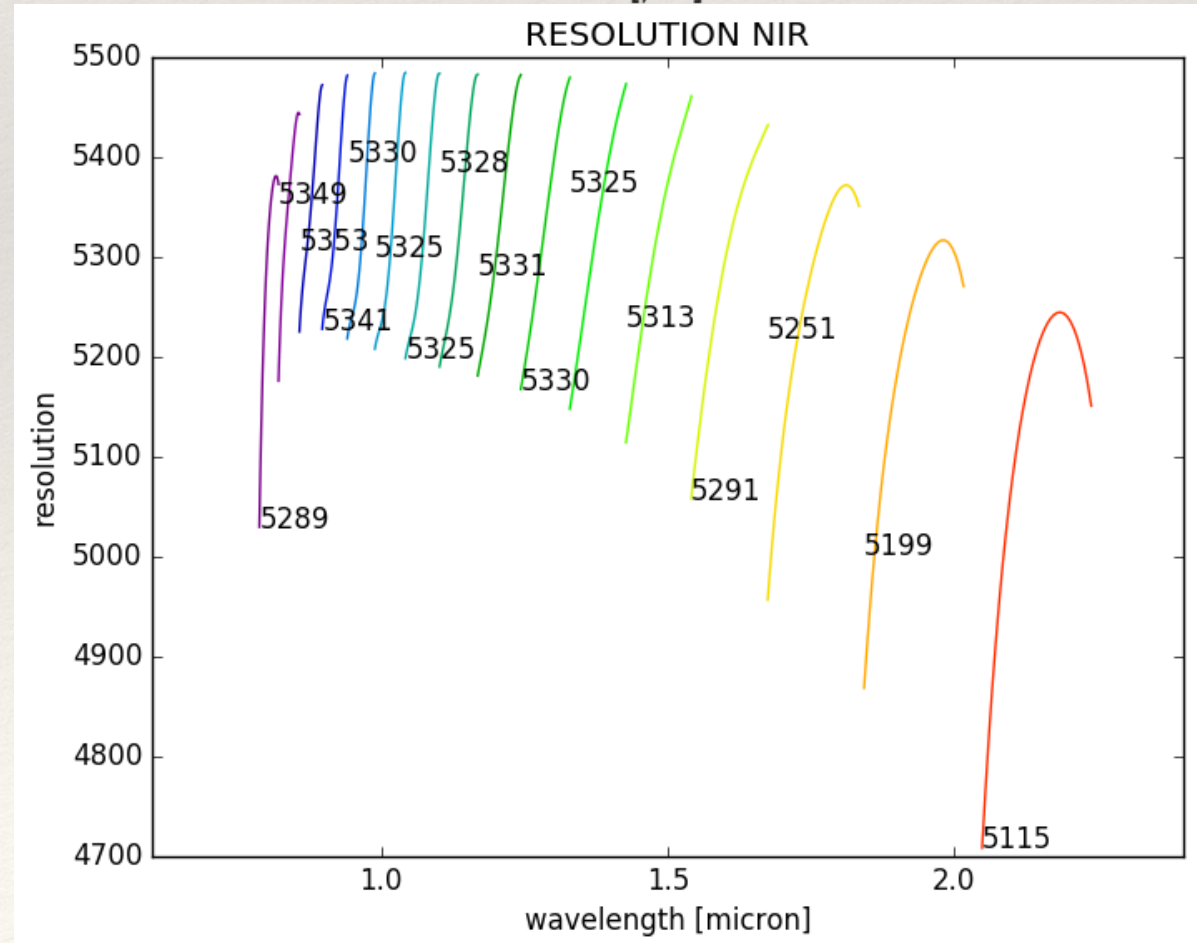
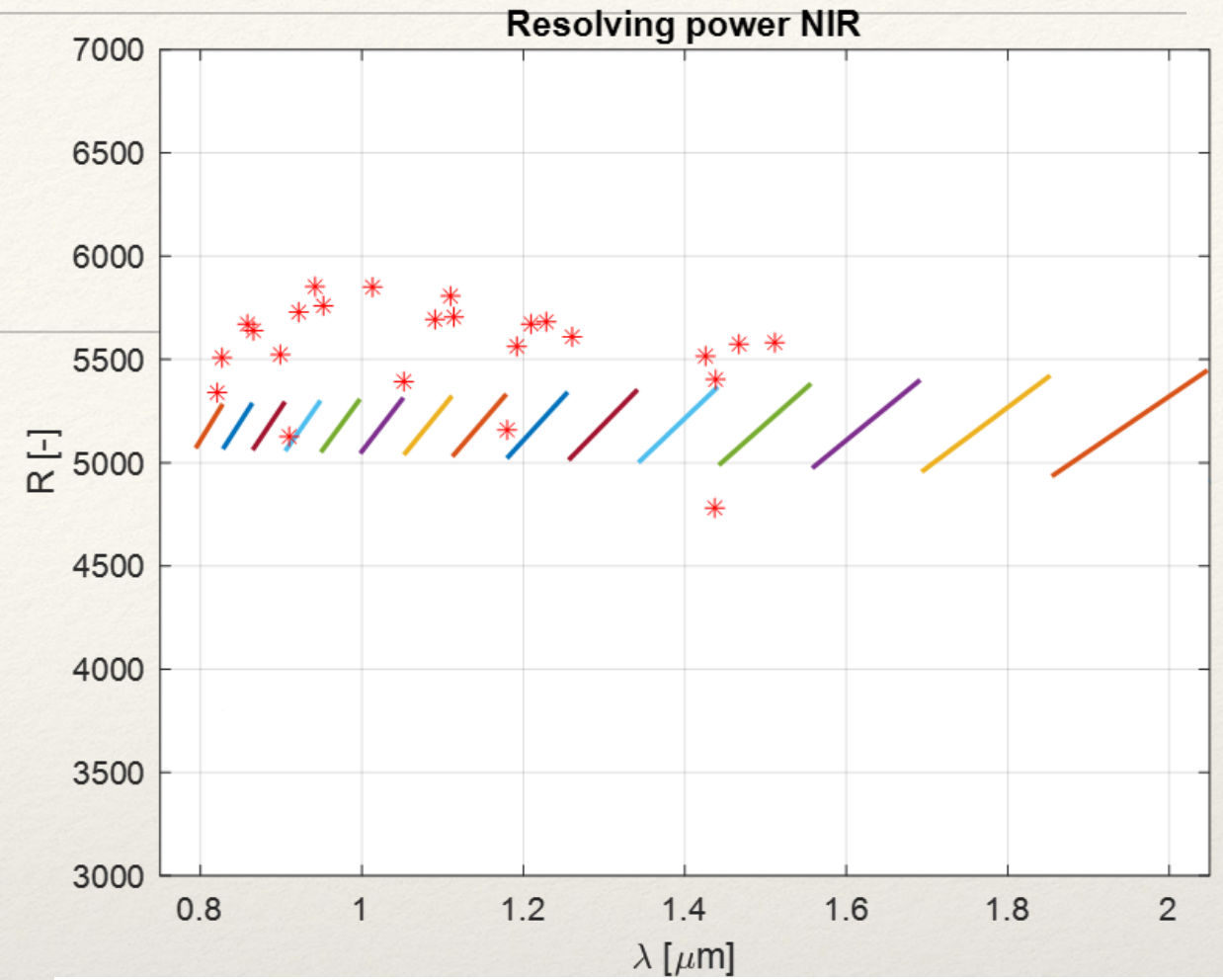
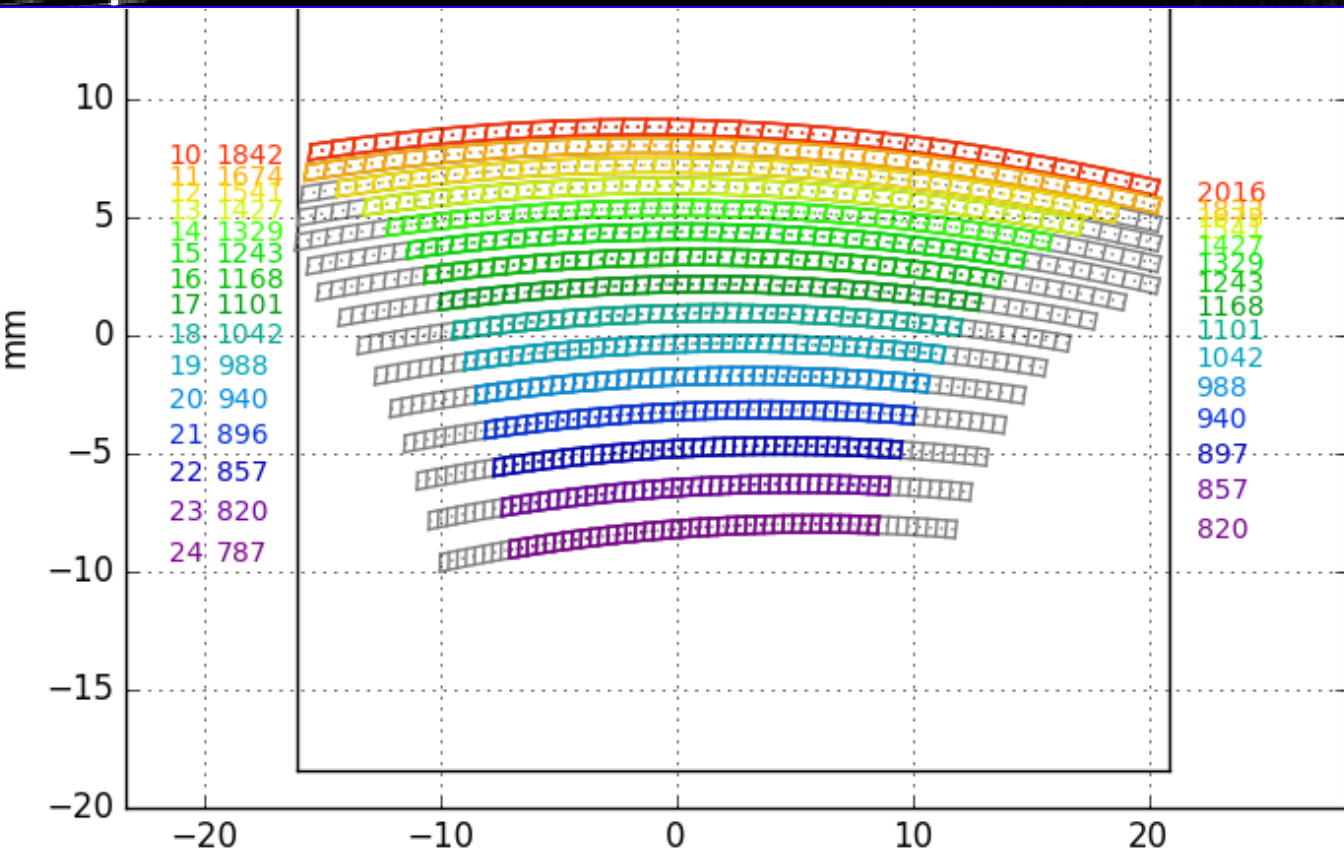
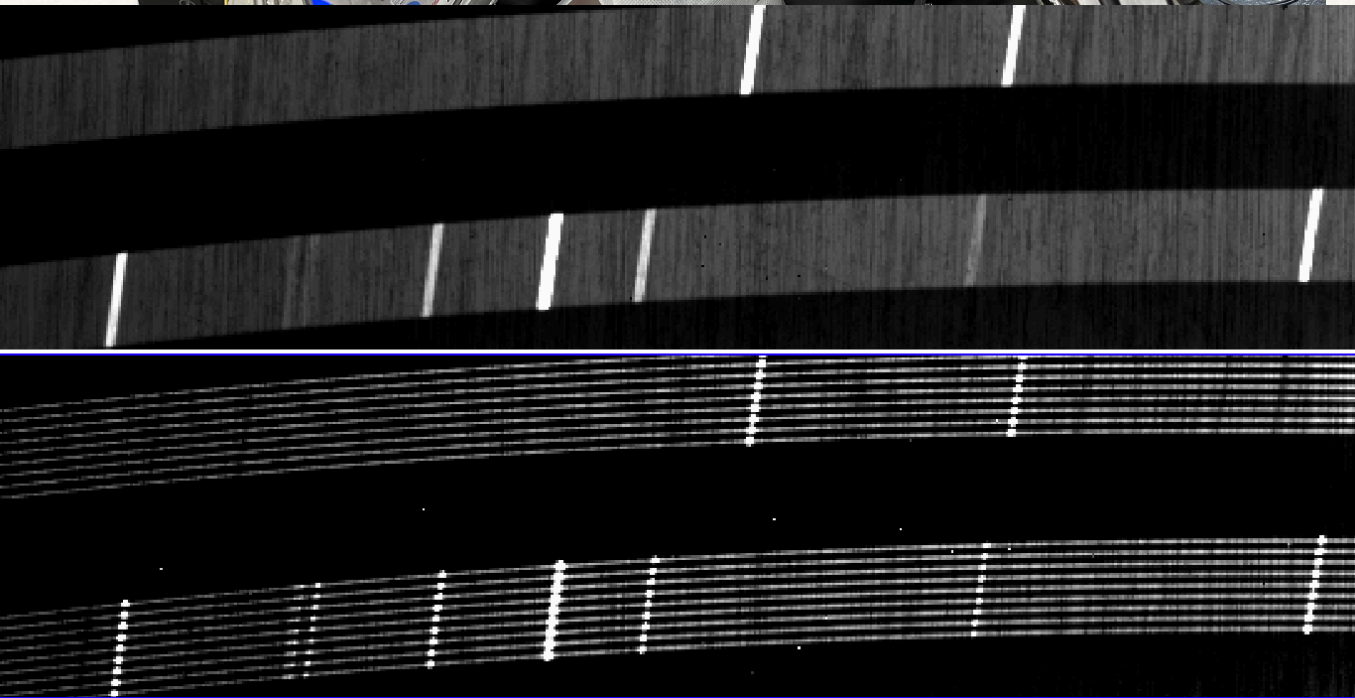


# SOXS NIR arm





# SOXS NIR arm



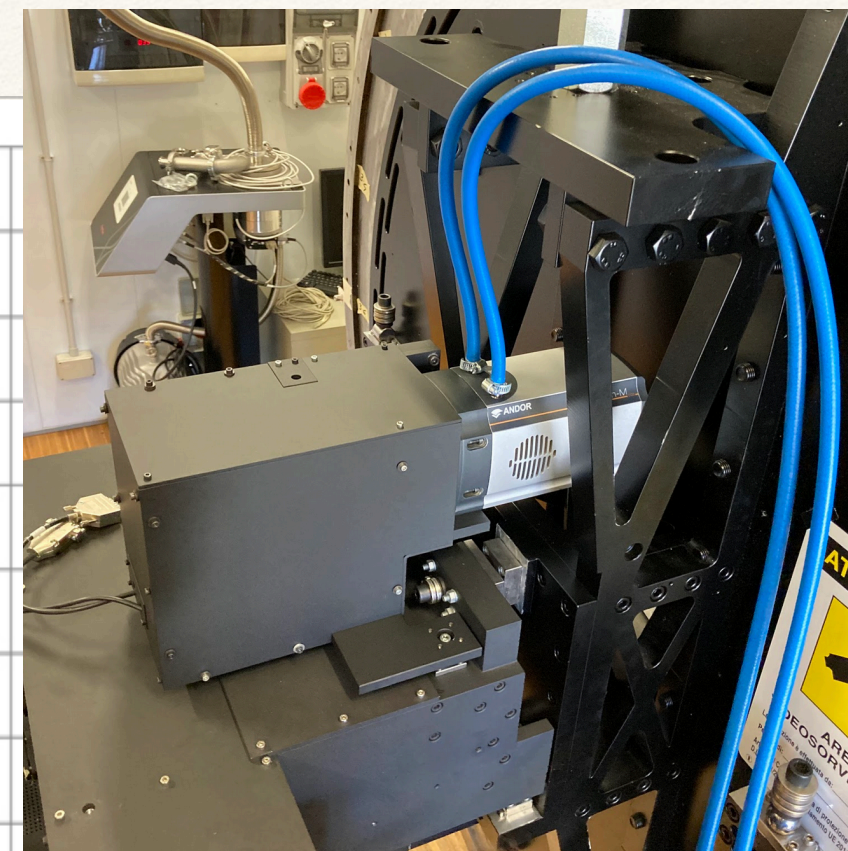
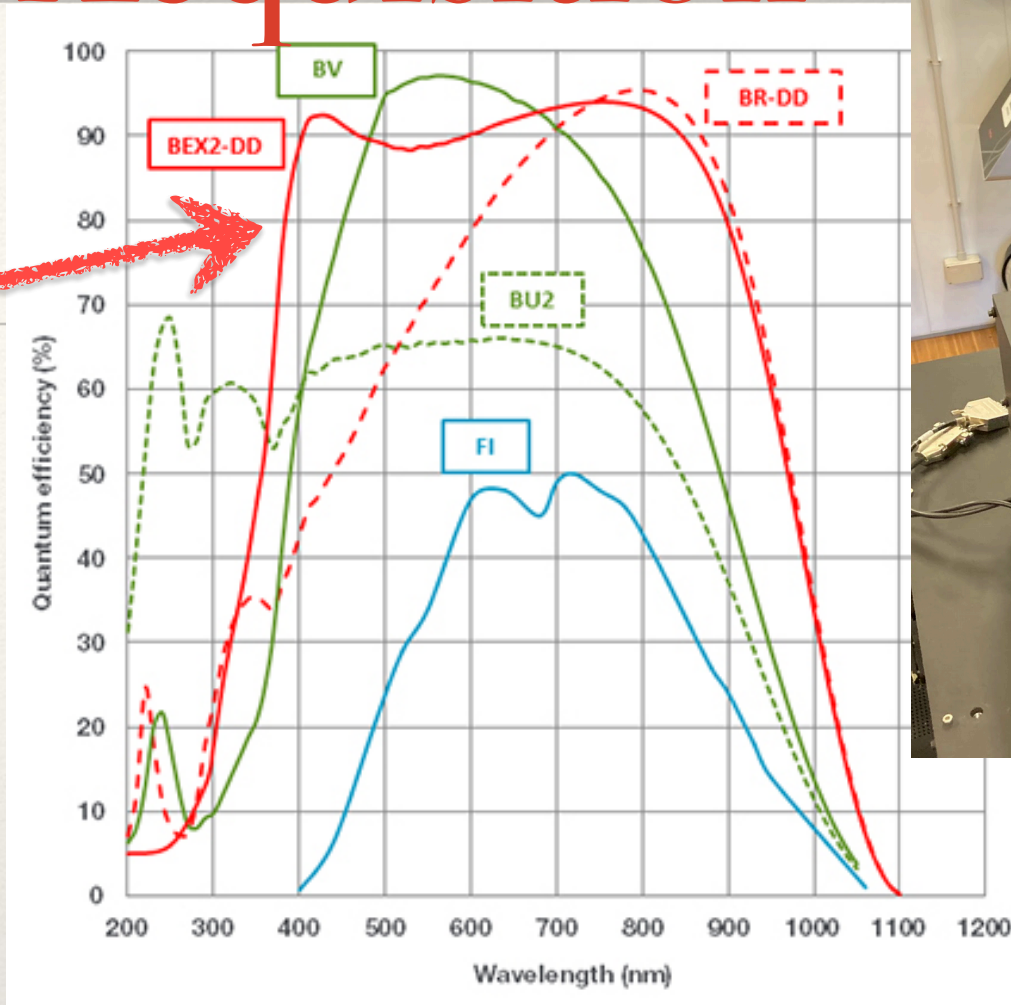
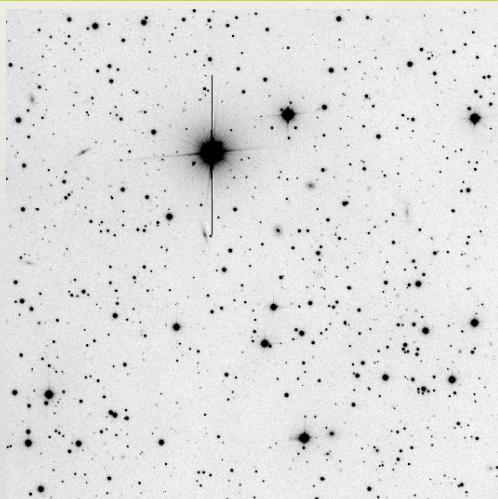


# (Imaging!) & Acquisition

## Camera

- Andor iKon M-934
- CCD sensor BEX2-DD

3.5'x3.5' Field of view



Limiting magnitude for a SNR=10

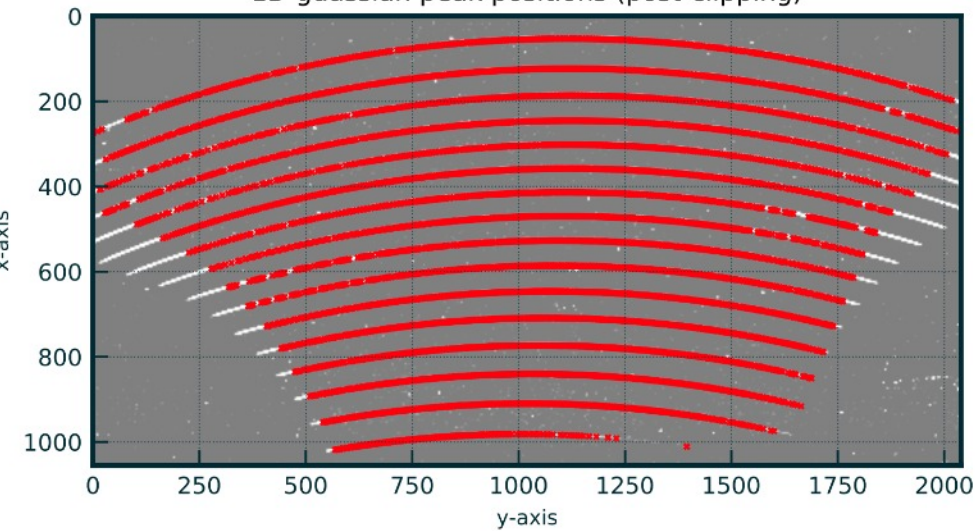
LSST Band (Wav)	1 sec	2 sec	3 sec	5 sec	10 sec	15 sec	20 sec
u' (355.7nm)	15.9	16.7	17.5	17.7	18.4	18.7	19.1
g' (482.5nm)	18.2	18.9	19.4	19.8	20.5	20.8	21.0
r' (626.1nm)	18.0	18.6	19.0	19.5	20.0	20.3	20.4
I' (767.2nm)	16.4	17.1	17.5	17.9	18.4	18.6	18.8
z' (909.7nm)	15.3	15.9	16.2	16.5	16.9	17.2	17.4

+ Y and V filters

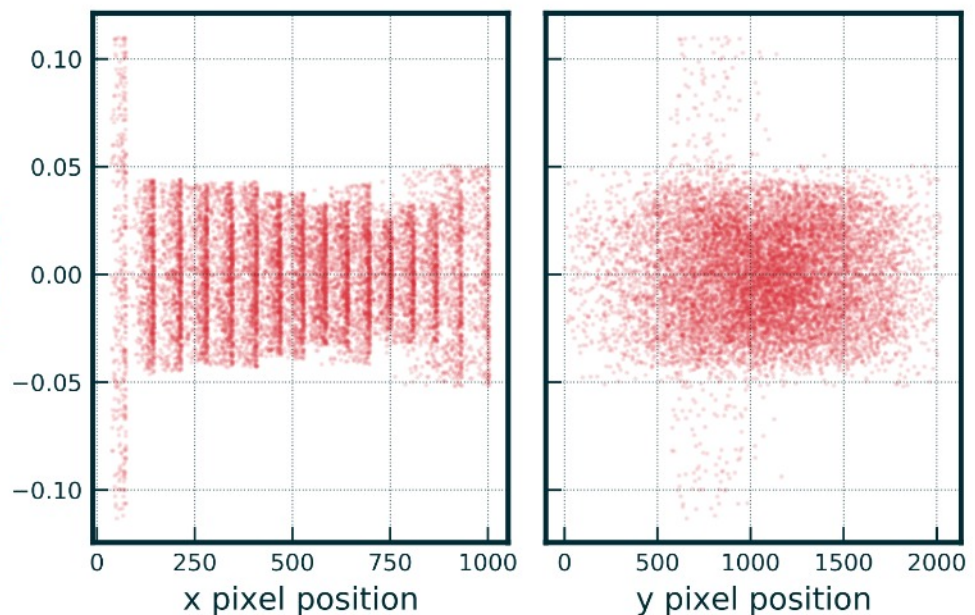
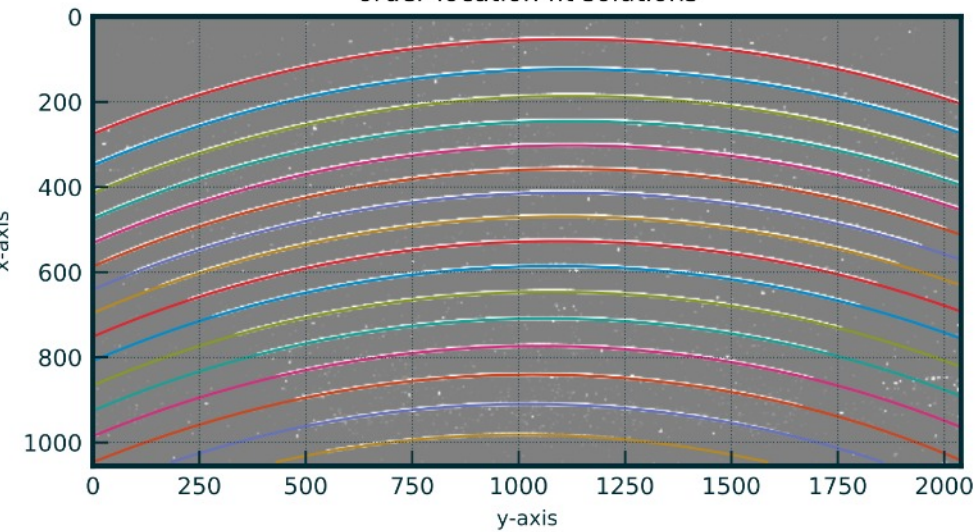


traces of order-centre locations - pinhole flat-frame  
mean res: 0.02 pix, res stdev: 0.01

1D gaussian peak positions (post-clipping)



order-location fit solutions



# Pipeline



Dave Young's talk

- Pixel detrending – bias, flat, dark, linearity corrections (dark only for NIR)
- Produce 2D distortion corrected, orders merged pre-extraction spectrum for each arm (rectification)

Very quick. Data reduction in near-real time. No need for a quicklook. Written in python and integrated within ESO-Reflex

soxspipe works also on the photometric data; astrometric and photometric corrections with Pan-STARSS

The SOXS pipeline will be public



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# SOXS GTO

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- ▶ 180 n/yr for 5 yr
- ▶ Bad weather shared with ESO
- ▶ Time:  $8.5 \text{ hr} * 0.75 \text{ eff} * 0.9 \text{ good} * 180 \text{ n/yr} \sim 1000 \text{ hr/yr}$
- ▶ SOXS GTO fully dedicated to Target of Opportunity observations for transient and variable sources, very limited time for long term monitoring of variable sources



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# Operations

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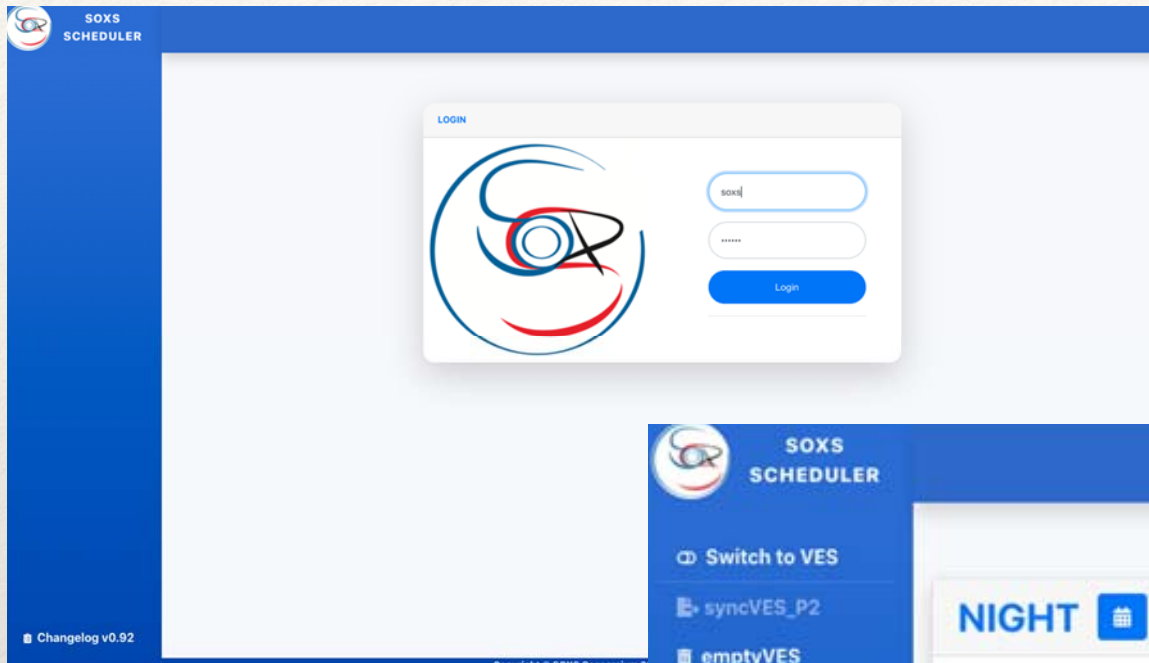
## SOXS DUTIES

Laura Asquini's talk

- prepare the overall night schedule in advance
- one scientist will remain on-call for problems and for **changing** the schedule in case of unforeseen fast-track events
- remain on call in case of (rare) instrument problems or more general problems
- help ESO users in case of need (helpdesk during working hours)
- classify “classification targets”
- quality control



# SOXS Scheduler



Laura Asquini's talk

A screenshot of the SOXS Scheduler interface showing the 'Visitor Execution Sequence' for the date '2020-08-14'. The page has a blue header with the SOXS Scheduler logo and 'Jack From Science Team' on the right. A left sidebar contains navigation options: 'Switch to VES', 'syncVES\_P2', 'emptyVES', 'getHistoryVES', 'Refresh', and 'Show Logs'. The main content area displays a table with columns: ID, OB Type, Target Name, Ra., Dec., Magnitude, Exp. Time, and Actions. The table lists three entries for 'Classification' targets. Each row has a set of action icons. A 'Save to ESO P2' button is visible next to the first row. A 'Changelog v0.92' link is in the bottom left corner.

ID	OB Type	Target Name	Ra.	Dec.	Magnitude	Exp. Time	Actions
1	Classification	PKS 1553+113tris	130	10	11.5	3	[Action icons]
8	Classification	SN2018fty	36.6971	-9.06731	18.1	1570	[Action icons]
5	Classification	AT2018ftn	21.3245	9.65002	17.2	685	[Action icons]
ID	OB Type	Target Name	Ra.	Dec.	Magnitude	Exp. Time	Actions



# Why do we need SOXS

Current & new optical survey: ATLAS, ZTF, Rubin/LSST

Space optical missions: Gaia, EUCLID, ...

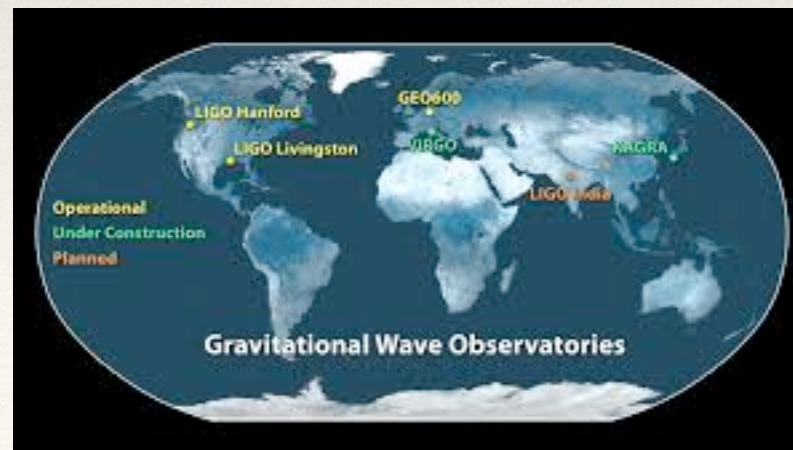
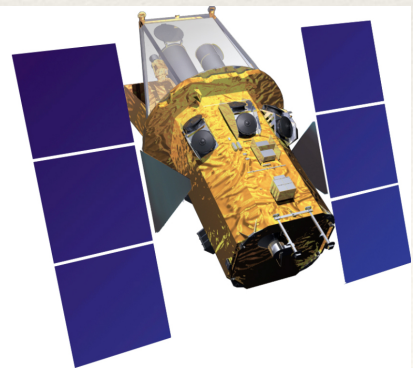
Space high-energy missions: Swift, Fermi, Einstein Probe, SVOM

Radio new facilities: MeerKAT, SKA

VHE: MAGIC, HESS, Astri, CTA

Messengers: LIGO-Virgo, KM3Net

SOXS@NTT will have 180 n/yr (for 5 yr)  
~2,000 - 3,000 spectra/yr

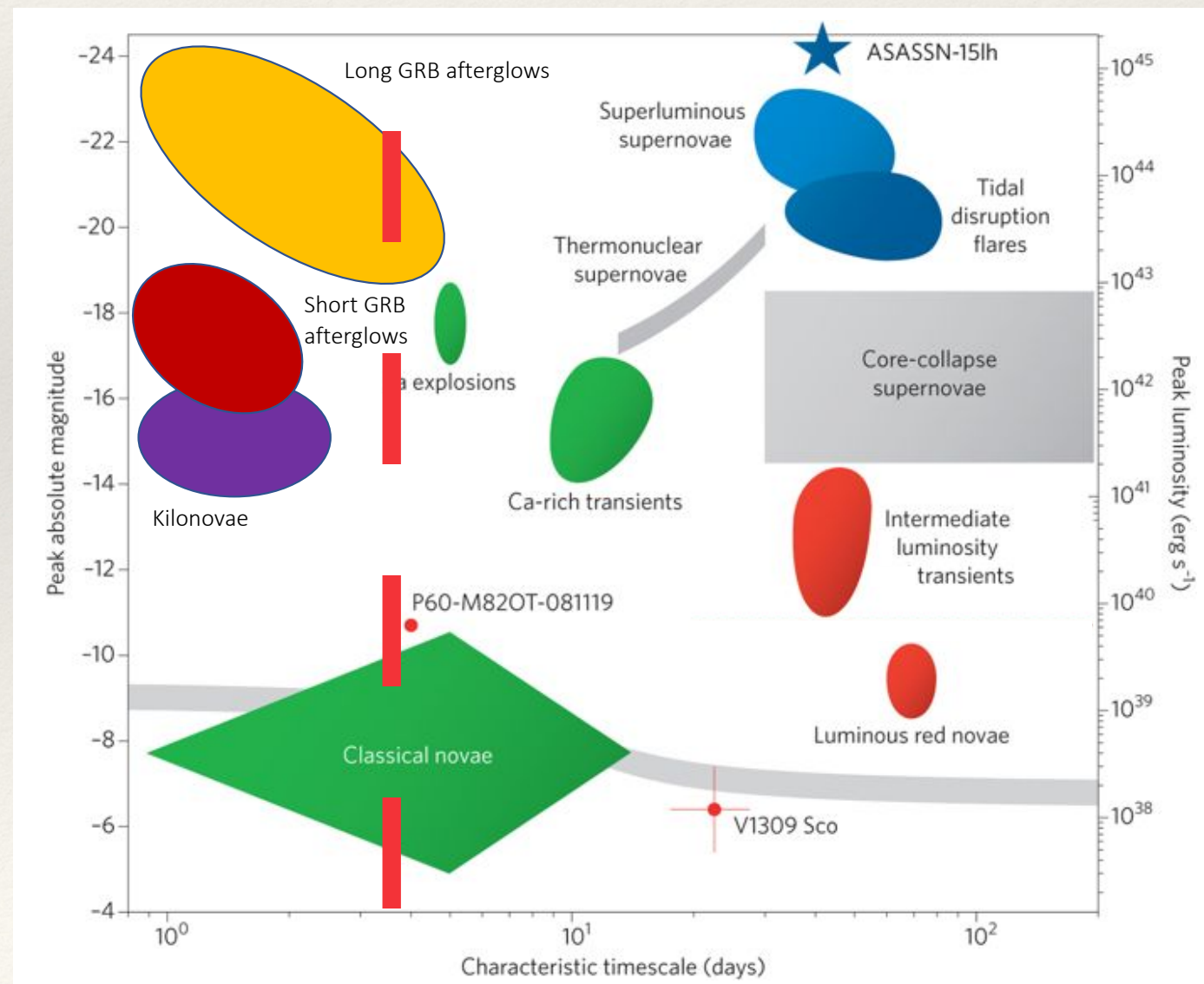




# SOXS Science cases

- Classification (service)
- **SN (all flavours)**
- **GW &  $\nu$**
- **TDE & Nuclear transients**
- **GRB & FRB**
- X-ray binaries & magnetars
- Novae & WDs
- Asteroids & Comets
- Young Stellar Objects & Stars
- Blazars & AGN
- Unknown

- **Rapid follow-up**
- **Dense monitoring**
- **Always available**

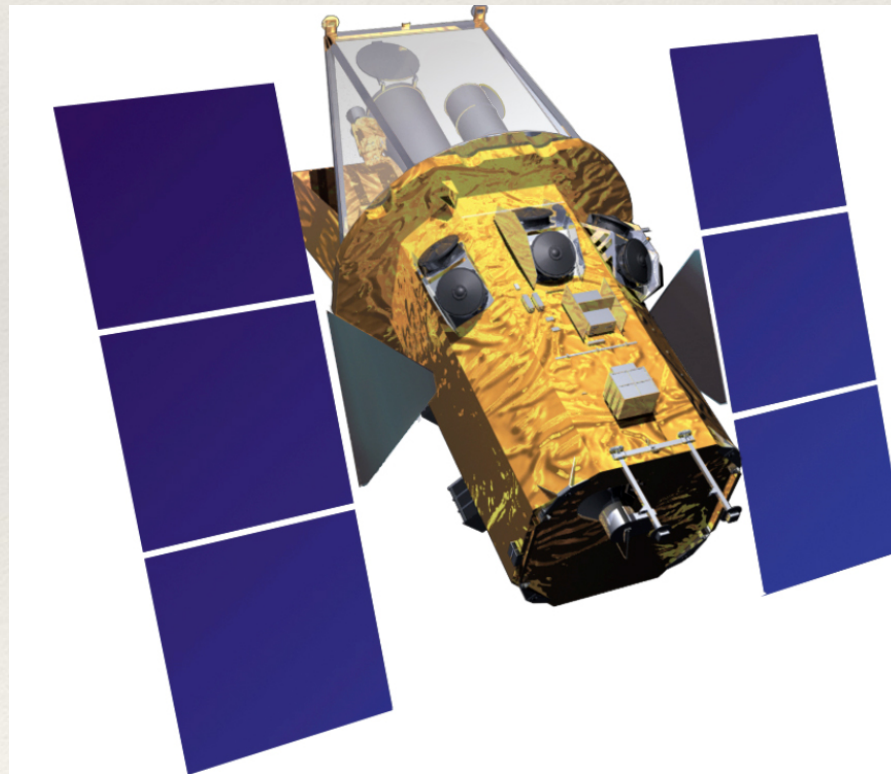




# SOXS Science cases

- Classification (service)
- **SN (all flavours)**
- **GW &  $\nu$**
- **TDE & Nuclear transients**
- **GRB & FRB**
- X-ray binaries & magnetars
- Novae & WDs
- Asteroids & Comets
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- Blazars & AGN
- Unknown

- **Rapid follow-up**
- **Dense monitoring**
- **Always available**





# Science Working Groups

## Talks on Wed & Thu

WG	WG Topic	WG Leader	WG Deputy
1	Small bodies and comets	Fitzsimmond	Dotto
2	Stellar variability, exoplanets and Young Stellar Objects	Pagano	Alcalà
3	Transient X-ray binaries, magnetars, ultra-luminous X-ray sources (NS &	Casella	Veledina
4	Cataclysmic variables, novae and white dwarfs	Della Valle	Ben-Ami
5	Supernovae Ia and thermonuclear transients	Stritzinger	Kotak
6	Fast and extreme transients (including SLSNe)	Arcavi	Mattila
7	Intermediate luminosity transients	Kotak	Pastorello
8	Core Collapse Supernovae	Gal-Yam	Pignata
9	AGN and blazars	Landoni	—
10	Tidal Disruption and Nuclear Events	Mattila	Arcavi
11	Gamma Ray bursts & Fast radio bursts	D'Avanzo	Fynbo
12	Gravitational wave and neutrino counterparts	Campana	Smartt
13	Classification	Benetti	Botticella



# ETC

<http://192.167.38.34/>

Accessible from the SOXS home page  
<http://www.brera.inaf.it/~campana/SOXS/>

ETC for  
spectroscopy and  
imaging

SOXS-ETC -- FDR-Version - 1.9 -- April 2023

**Spectroscopy**  **Imaging**

**INPUTS - current version working mode:**

First select the Input flux Distribution, then fill the related fields in the Light gray boxes. Dark gray boxes can not be modified accordingly.

**Science Object**

Target Input Flux Distribution

Attention! If you want to download some template spectrum, which can be loaded as User-Defined Spectrum, press [here](#)

Black body  
 power-law -  $F(\lambda) \propto \lambda^{\text{index}}$   
 User-defined Spectrum: Table [lambda, flux] in [A, erg/s/cm2/A]  
 Single emission line

Spatial distribution:

For explanation on how the extended source case is modeled press [Here](#)

Point source  
 Extended source

Blackbody Temperature [K]:  
5600

Power Law Index:  
0

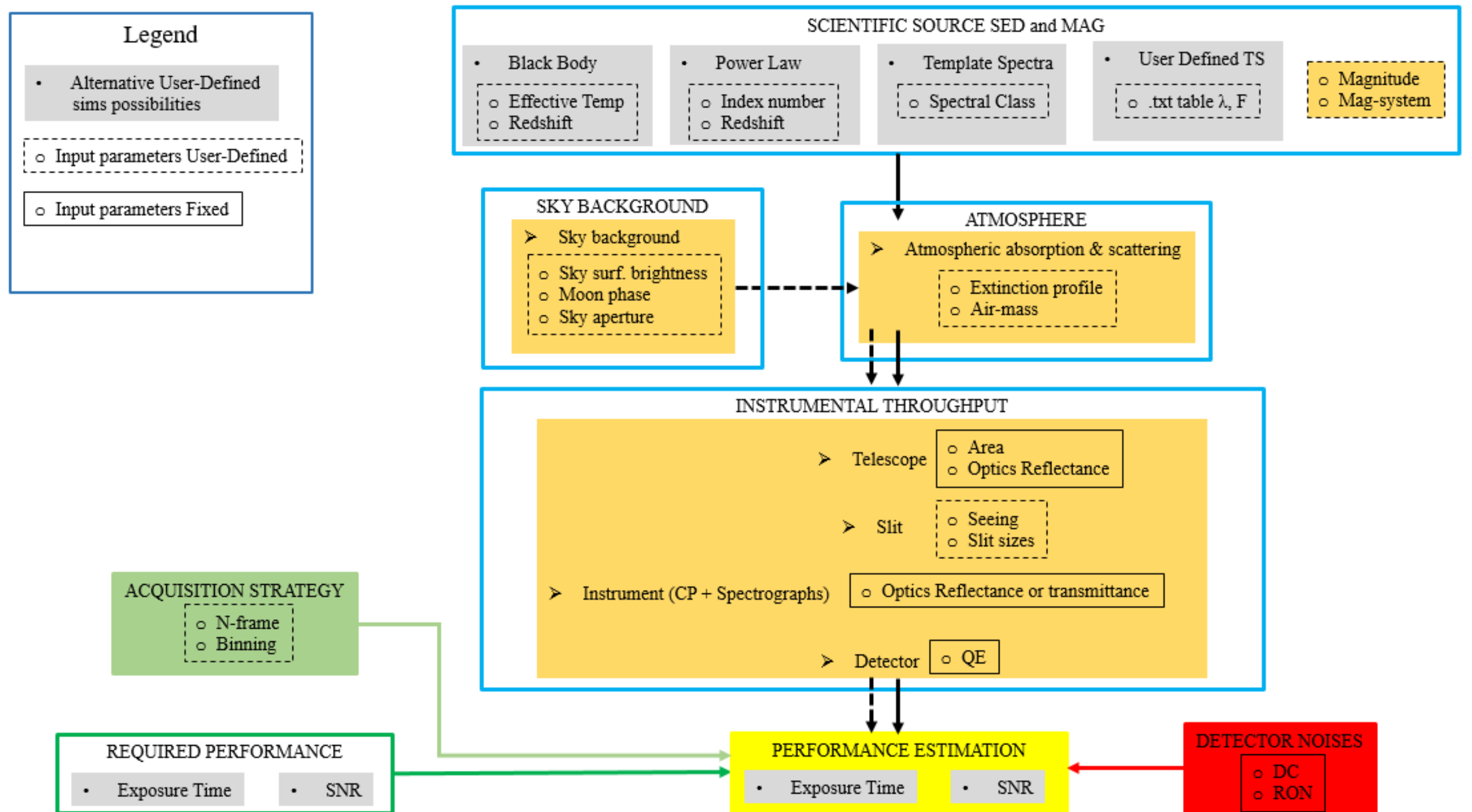
Use template spectrum: E (GALEV)

Upload spectrum: Table [lambda, flux] in [A, erg/s/cm2/A]  
Choose file No file chosen

mag: [Magnitudes are given per arcsec<sup>2</sup> for extended sources]  
21,5



# ETC - Structure





# ETC - Input

## Science Object

Target Input Flux Distribution

Attention! If you want to download some template spectrum, which can be loaded as User-Defined S

- Black body  
 power-law -  $F(\lambda) \propto \lambda^{\text{index}}$   
 User-defined Spectrum: Table [ $\lambda$ , flux] in [A, erg/s/cm<sup>2</sup>/A]  
 Single emission line

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 Extended source

Blackbody Temperature [K]:

5600

Power Law Index:

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Use template spectrum:

Upload spectrum: Table [ $\lambda$ , flux] in [A, erg/s/cm<sup>2</sup>/A]

No file chosen

mag: [Magnitudes are given per arcsec<sup>2</sup> for extended sources]

21,5

Redshift :

0

Lambda [A]:

5013

FWHM [A] (warning: min acceptable FWHM for UV-VIS = 0.32 A, for NIR = 0.63 A):

1

Flux [10<sup>-16</sup> erg/cm<sup>2</sup>/s]:

2

Band m

Magsystem

## Sky Conditions

Moon - FLI [-]:

0

Airmass. [-]:

1,2

Precipitable Water Vapor [mm] -- (10 default value - 3.5 La Silla mean value):

Seeing [arcsec]:

1

## Instrument set-up: Slit selection - Acquisition time - Detectors modes:

Slit size UV-VIS [arcsec]:

Slit size NIR [arcsec]:

Exposure time [sec], Single Exposure UV-VIS:

900

Number of Exposures [-], UV-VIS:

1

Detector Integration Time (DIT) [sec], Single Exposure NIR:

900

Number of DIT (NDIT) [-], NIR:

1

Number of Integrations (NINT) [-], NIR:

1

Binning X (spectral direction)

Binning Y (spatial direction)

Dark Current [e-/px/s] NIR:

0,0015

## Input for Calculation Database

Calculation-Plots: Wavelengths DataBase (Default DB is 15 SRE per order)

Calculation-SNR: SNR per SRE (0) -- SNR per PIX (1)

## RUN ETC:

Include exposure times for S/N:

10

## Output selection:

Table

Graph  Toggle All / No Graphs

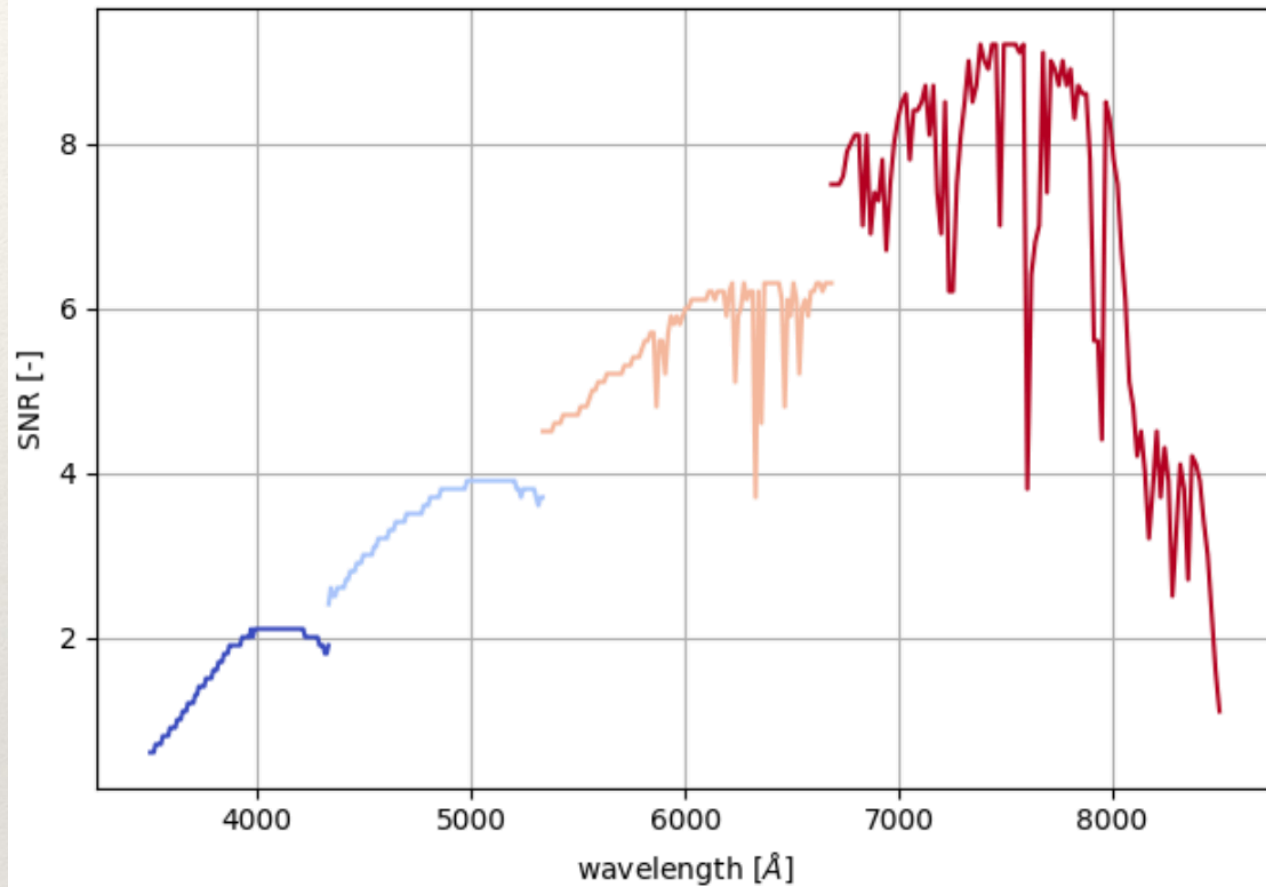
- SNR
- Total Efficiency
- Source Spectrum
- Sky Radiance
- Atmospheric Transmission
- Object Counts
- Sky Counts
- Squared Noises
- Maximum Intensity
- Exposure times for S/N



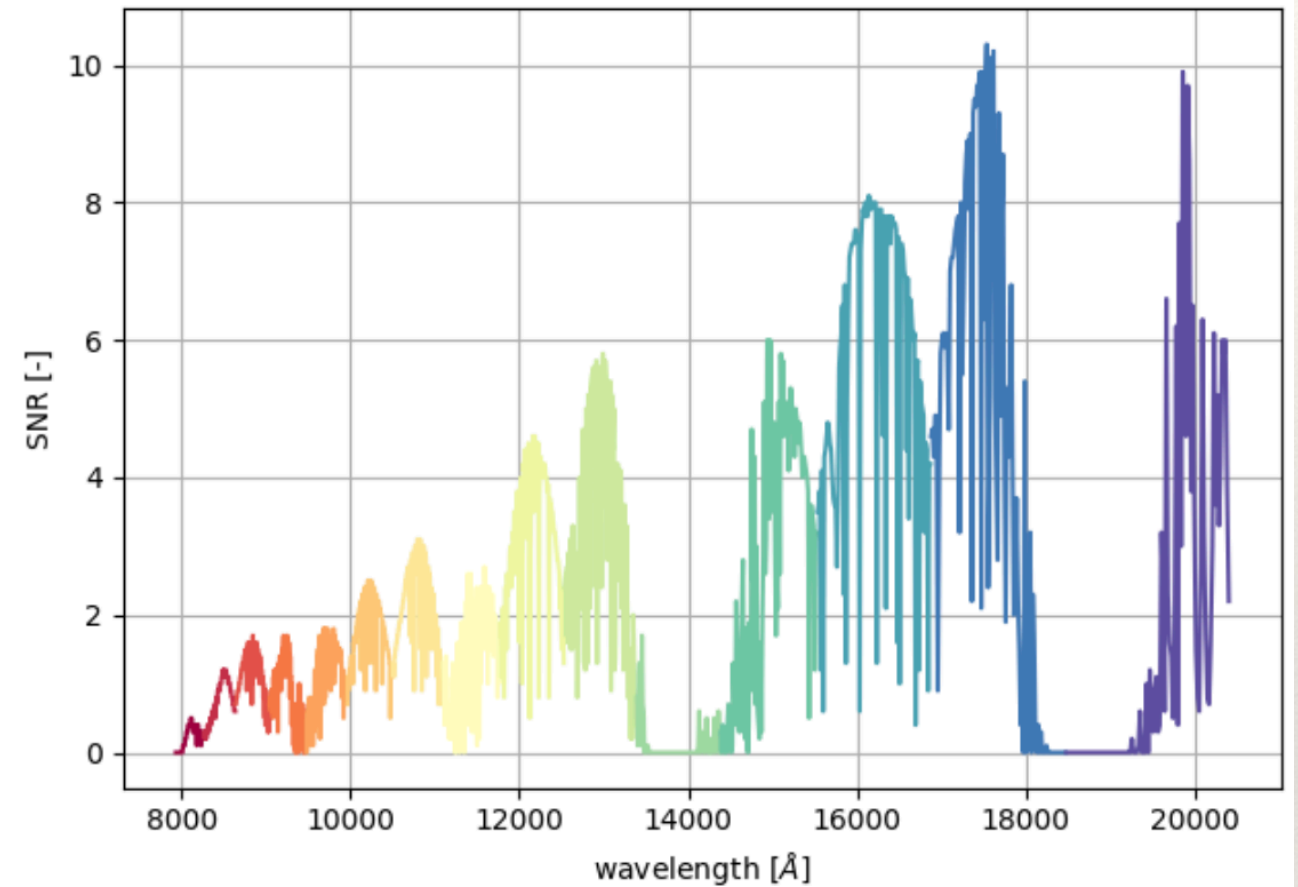
# ETC - Output

[power-law index = 0, R = 21 (AB), seeing = 1", Moon = 0, airmass = 1.2, slit = 1", texp = 1800 (UV-VIS), 2x900 (NIR)]

SOXS: UV-VIS SNR Plot

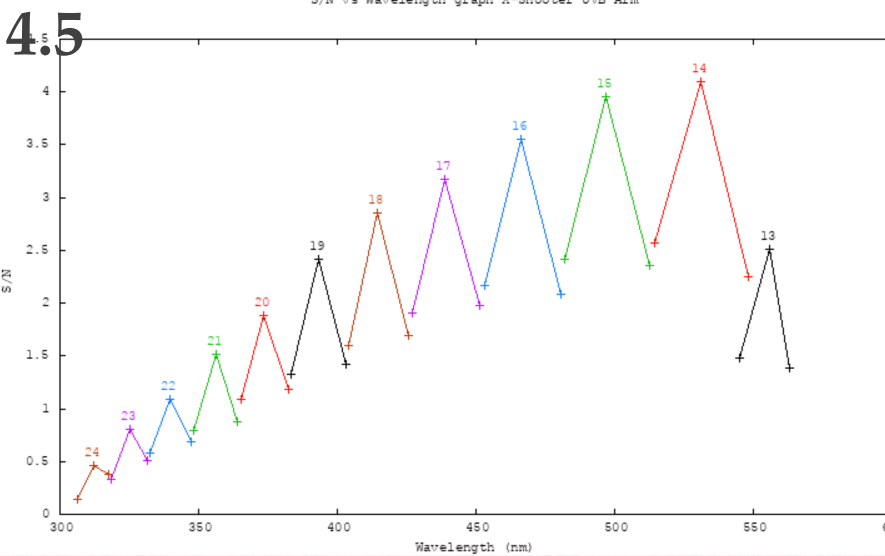


SOXS: NIR SNR Plot

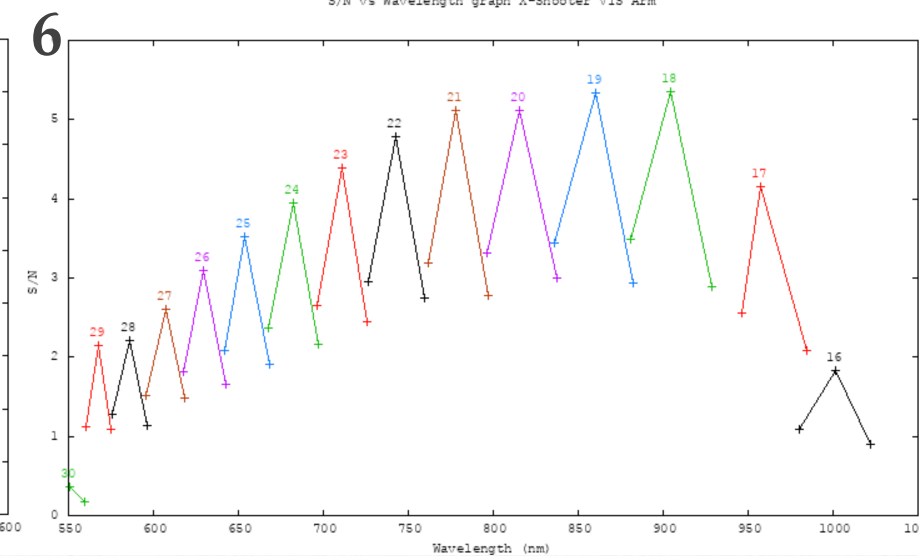


## Comparison with Xshooter ETC

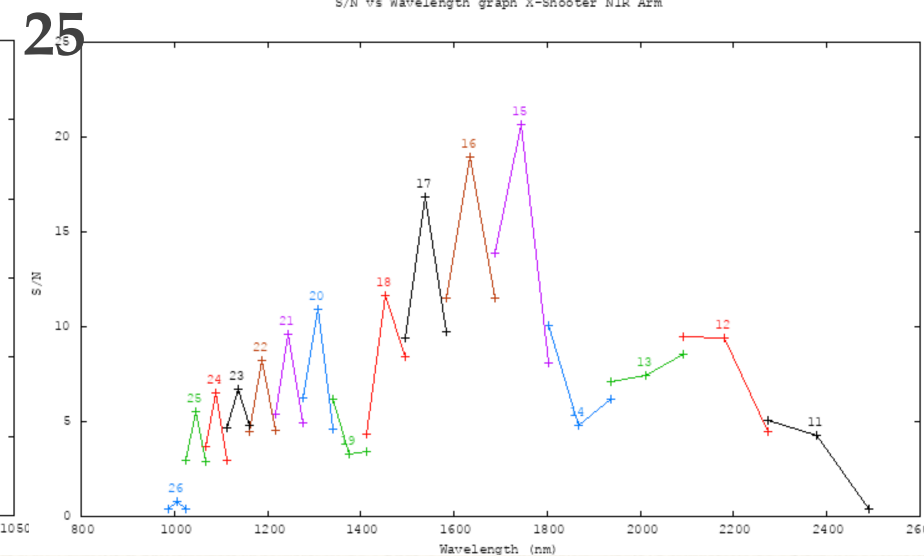
S/N vs Wavelength graph X-Shooter UVB Arm



S/N vs Wavelength graph X-Shooter VIS Arm



S/N vs Wavelength graph X-Shooter NIR Arm





# Imaging & Acquisition camera

Preliminary ETC for the imaging with the SOXS acquisition camera

Performances comparable to EFOSC2, slightly worse in the blue-red filters, better in the reddest filters

Single exposure 1500s, 0d Moon, 1.2 airmass, 1'' seeing, BB=5600K, mag\_AB=24.5

	SOXS	EFOSC2
V	4,2	10,0
g	4,1	9,8
r	6,2	10,0
i	5,7	6,1
z	4,0	3,1



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# Conclusions

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- *SOXS: single-object, broad-band spectrograph (350-2000nm) with imaging capabilities at ESO/NTT*
- *The instrument is ready, starting PAE now*
- *First light in early 2025, start of GTO April 2026*
- *SOXS/GTO: 180 n/yr for 5 years, fully dedicated to transient and variable sources. SOXS Consortium is in charge for the NTT operations. Possibility to trigger every night with a fast reaction (~15min on source)*



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# Thanks

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