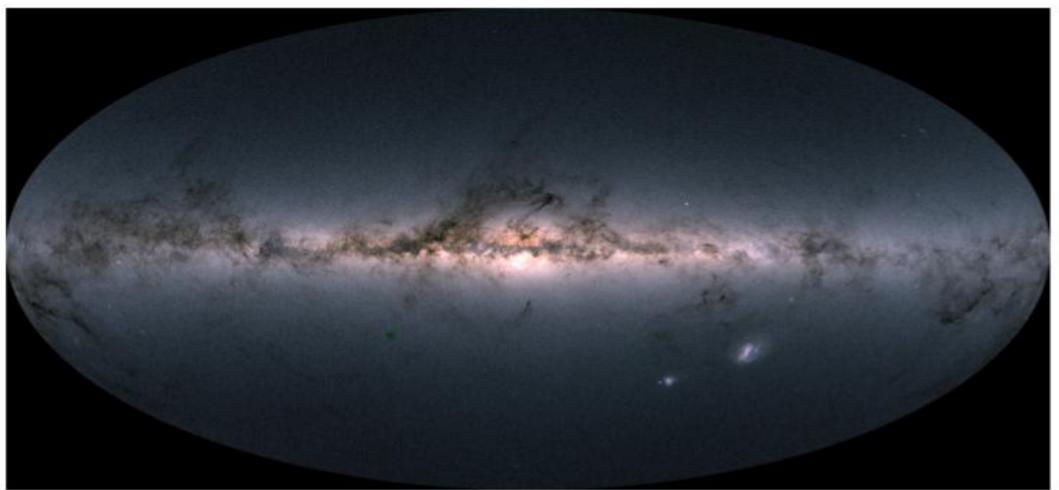
SHARP@ELT: deep into the dark side of the Milky Way & beyond

G. Bono, V. D'Orazi (TOV) + M. Monelli, V. F. Braga, M. Fabrizio, G. Fiorentino, R. da Silva (OAR), + A. Nunnari, V. Pipwala, K. B. Villagra + many others









OUTLINE OF THE LECTURE

- → Why variables stars?
- → Why the bulge?
- → (Why nearby galaxies?)
- **→**Conclusions

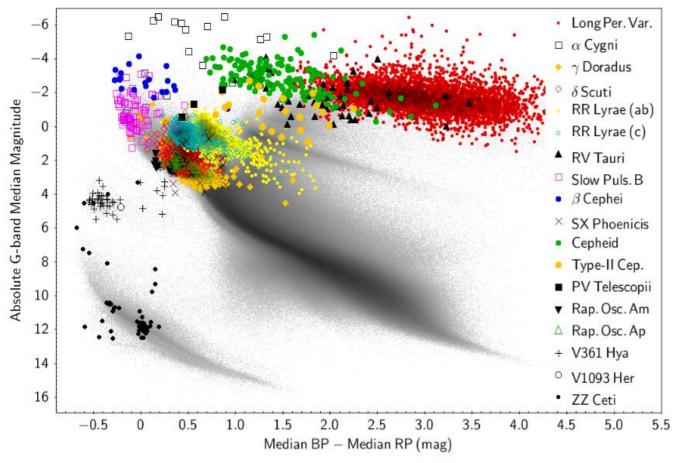


Fig. 2. Known pulsating variable stars retrieved from published catalogues are placed in the observational CaMD, with symbols and colours representing types as shown in the legend (see A.l. for the references from literature per type). All stars satisfy the selection criteria described in Appendix B. The background points in grey denote a reference subset of objects with a stricter constraint on parallax ($\varpi > 1$ mas), which limits the sample size, extinction, and reddening. The effects of interstellar matter and other phenomena (see text) are not corrected for. The condition on the relative precision of G_{BP} measurements introduces artificial cuts in the distributions of low-mass main sequence stars and red (super)giants.

Why Variables?

RR Lyrae, Type II Cepheids,

Anomalous Cepheids, Miras,

Classical Cepheids,

Accurate standard candles

Solid tracers of old (RRLs, TIICs), intermediate (ACs, Miras) and young (Classical Cepheids).

Diethibation of Variable Stare acress the

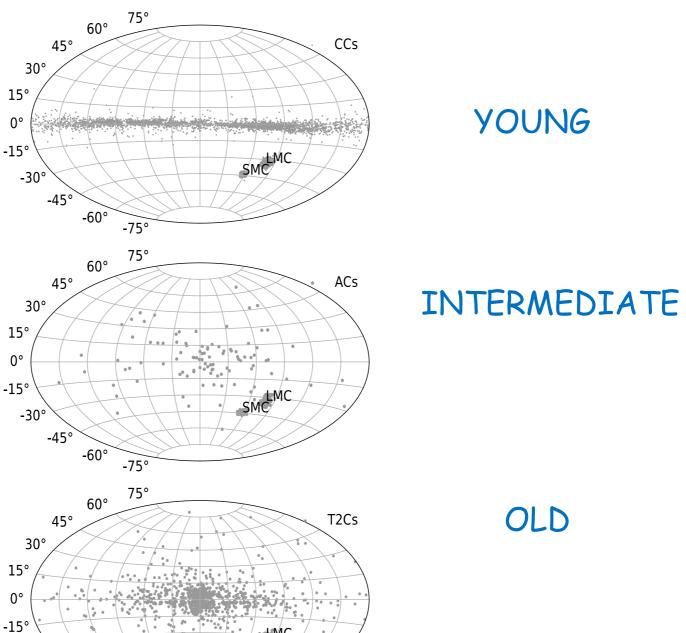


-30°

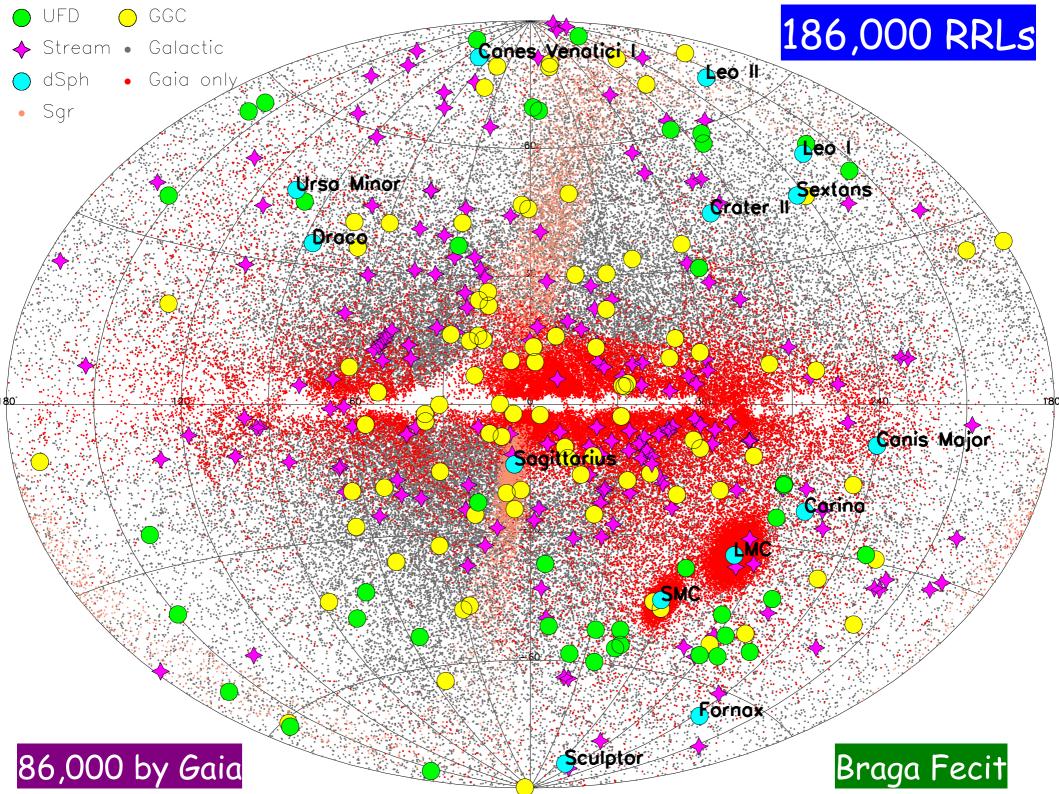
-45°

-60°

-75°



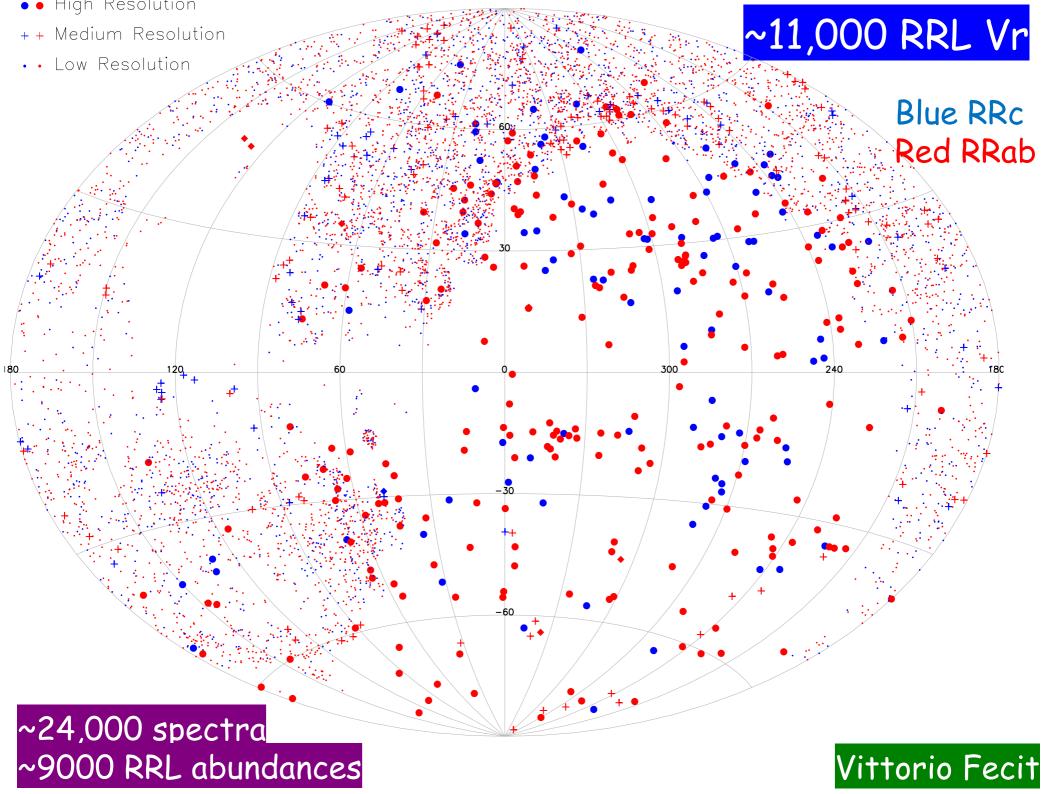
Bono+ TAAR, 2024



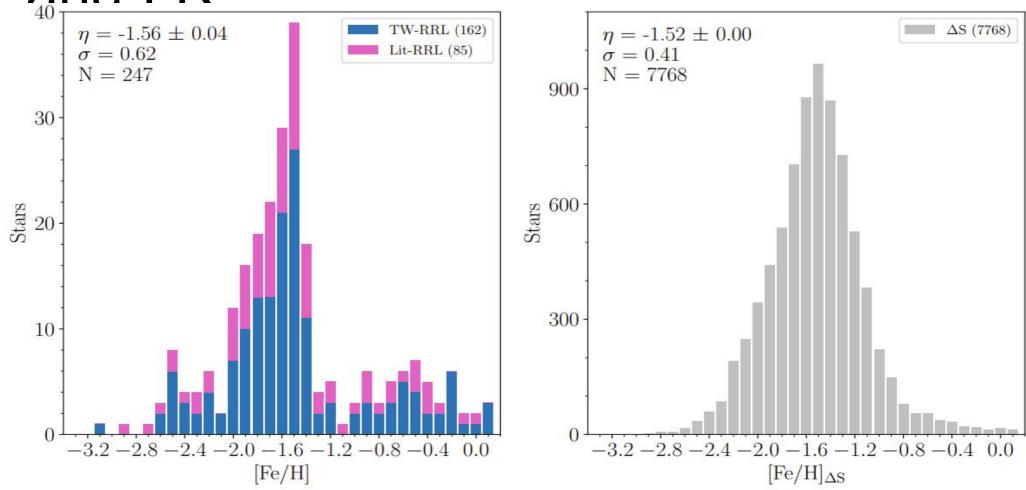
Homogeneous metallicities in HR and LR

Full sample of RRLs: 247 in HR (full analysis), 7,768 in LR (metallicities)

- **TW-RRL**: 162 RRLs (138 RRab, 23 RRc, 1 RRd) for which the atmospheric parameters and chemical abundances based on HR spectra.
- **Lit-RRL**: 85 RRLs (65 RRab, 20 RRc) for which the HR chemical abundance values brought into our scale.
- Δ **S**: 7,768 RRL (5,196 RRab, 2,572 RRc) for which only Δ S metallicities (new calibration).



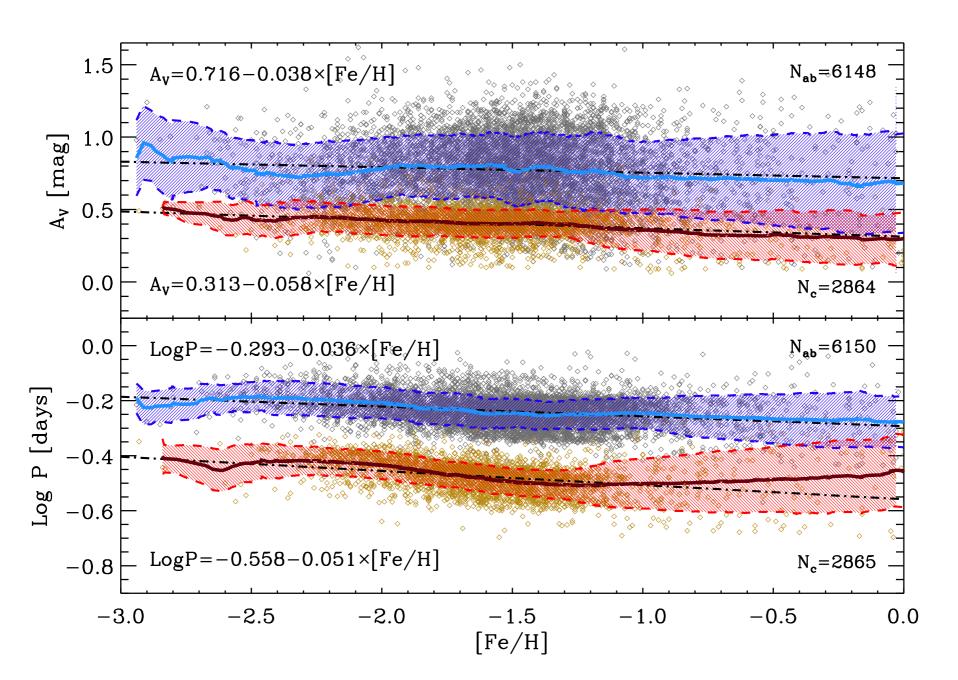
Homogeneous metallicities in HR and I R



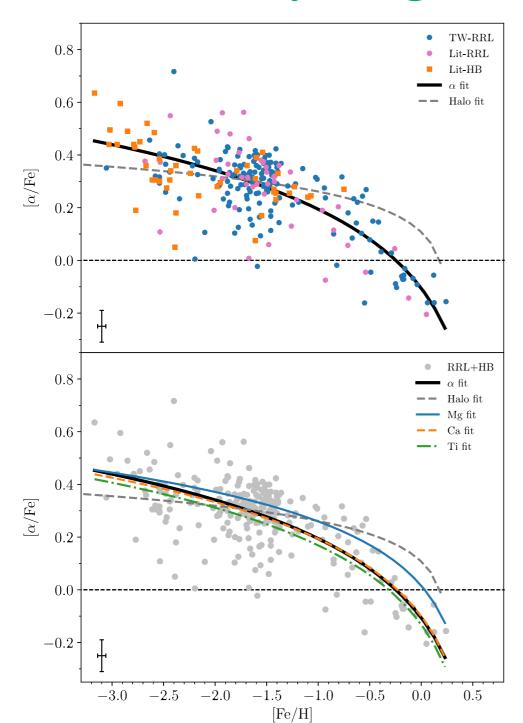
Solid evidence of RRLs at solar metallicity!!!

Preliminary evidence from For + 2011, Snedertstani + 2021a

The transition from discrete to continuous distributions!!!



The more you get the more you want!!

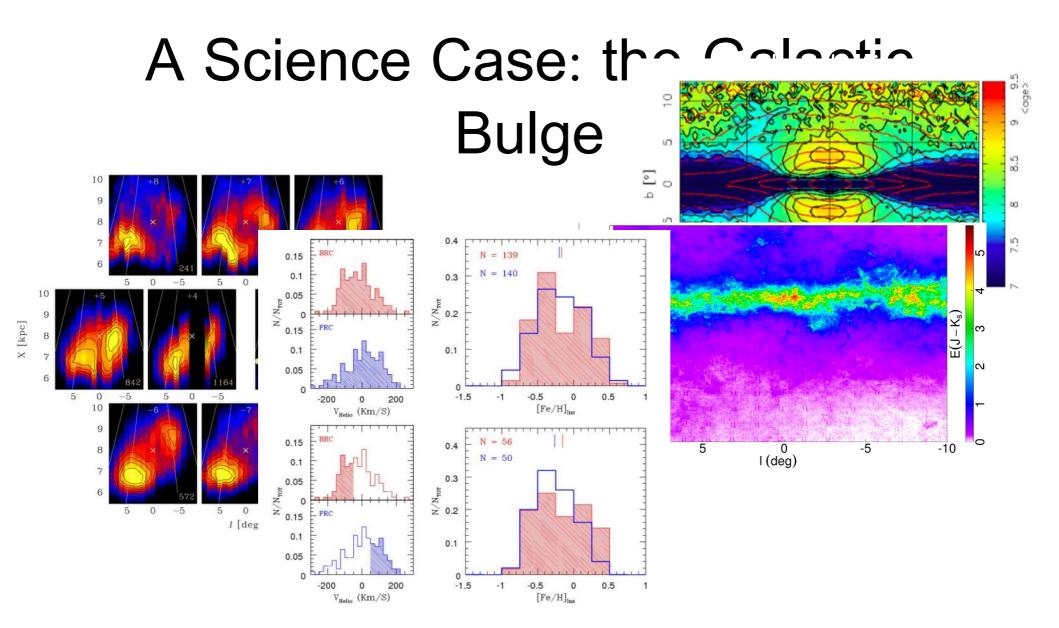


Solid evidence of metal-rich alpha-poor RRLs

The trend is clear in Ca & Ti Milder in Mg

If supported by independent investigations \rightarrow implications on the early SNIa enrichment

A new spin Spitoni + (19,20,21) delayed infall

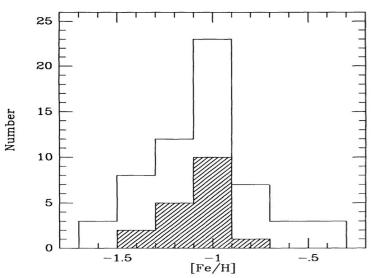


Quantum Jump: Vera Rubin Observatotory/LSST complete census even beyond the Galactic center

unVEil the darknesS of The gAlactic buLgE (VESTALE)

G. Bono, ^{1,2} M. Dall'Ora, ³ M. Fabrizio, ^{2,4} J. Crestani, ^{1,2,5} V.F. Braga, ^{6,7} G. Fiorentino, ⁸ G. Altavilla, ^{2,4} M.T. Botticella, ³ A. Calamida, ⁹ M. Castellani, ² M. Catelan, ¹⁰ B. Chaboyer, ¹¹ C. Chiappini, ³⁷ W. Clarkson, ¹² R. Contreras Ramos, ^{6,10} O. Creevey, ¹³ R. da Silva, ^{2,4} V. Debattista, ¹⁴ S. Degl'Innocenti, ^{15,16} I. Ferraro, ² C.K. Gilligan, ¹¹ O. Gonzalez, ¹⁷ K. Hambleton, ⁴⁰ G. Iannicola, ² L. Inno, ¹⁸ A. Kunder, ¹⁹ B. Lemasle, ²⁰ L. Magrini, ¹⁸ D. Magurno, ^{1,2} M. Marconi, ³ M. Marengo, ²¹ S. Marinoni, ^{2,4} P.M. Marrese, ^{2,4} C.E. Martínez-Vazquez, ²² N. Matsunaga, ²³ M. Monelli, ^{24,25} P.G. Prada Moroni, ^{15,16} I. Musella, ³ M.G. Navarro, ^{26,7,6} J. Neeley, ²⁷ M. Nonino, ²⁸ A. Pietrinferni, ²⁹ L. Pulone, ² M.R. Rich, ³⁸ V. Ripepi, ³ G. Sacco, ¹⁸ A. Saha, ²² M. Salaris, ³⁰ C. Sneden, ³¹ P.B. Stetson, ^{32,33} R.A Street, ³⁹ R. Szabo, ³⁴ M. Tantalo, ¹ E. Tognelli, ^{35,15,16} M. Torelli, ² E. Valenti, ³⁶ A.R. Walker, ²² and M. Zoccali^{10,6}, with the support of the LSST Transient and Variable Stars Collaboration.

Metallicity distribution Bulge RRLs



Walker & Terndrup (1991)

Fig. 7.—Histogram of the abundances determined for the BW RR Lyrae stars. The RRc stars are shaded.

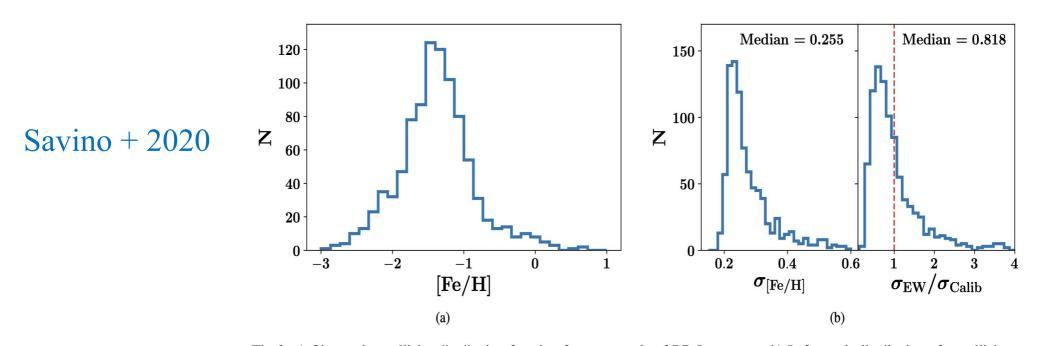


Fig. 3: a) Observed metallicity distribution function for our sample of RR Lyrae stars. b) Left panel: distribution of metallicity uncertainties. Right panel: distribution of $\sigma_{EW}/\sigma_{Calib}$, showing the dominant contribution to the metallicity uncertainties. The red dashed line marks unity



The GALAH Survey

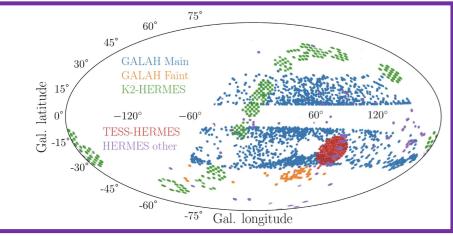


> 1 million stars

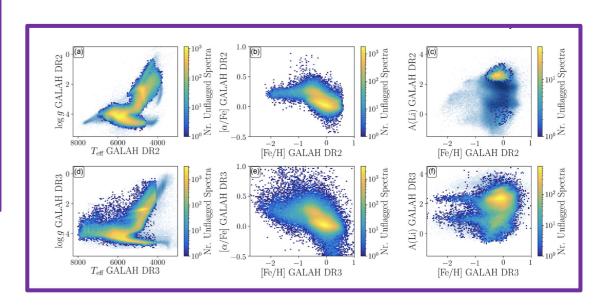
Spectral resolution: R = 28 000 Multi-plexing: 400 stars at a time

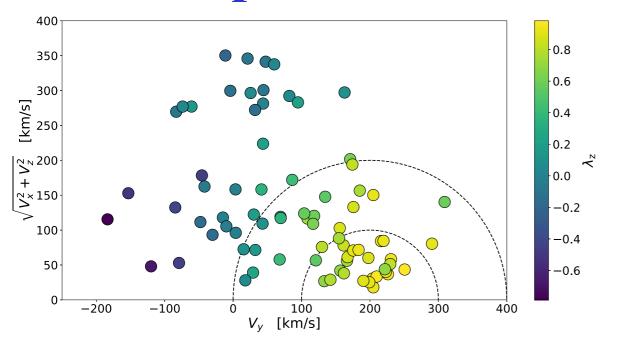
Lambda coverage: 470-790 nm (with gaps)

4-m class telescope (mag G up to ~14.5) HERMES @ AAT (AU)

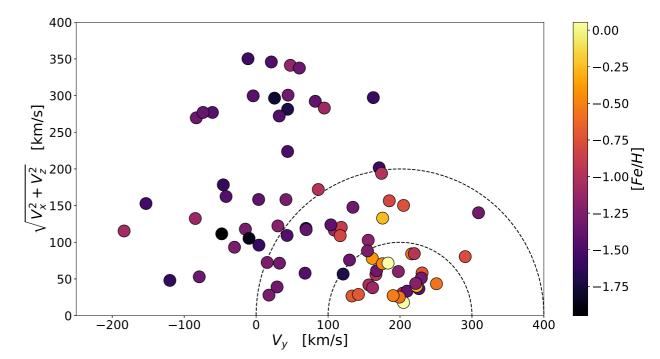


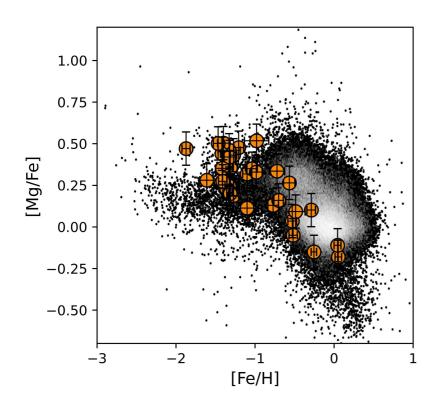
De Silva+ 2015 Buder+ 2018, 2021

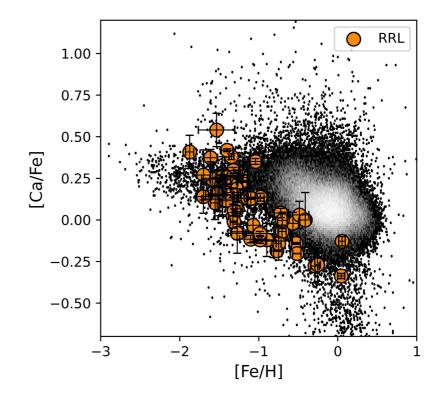


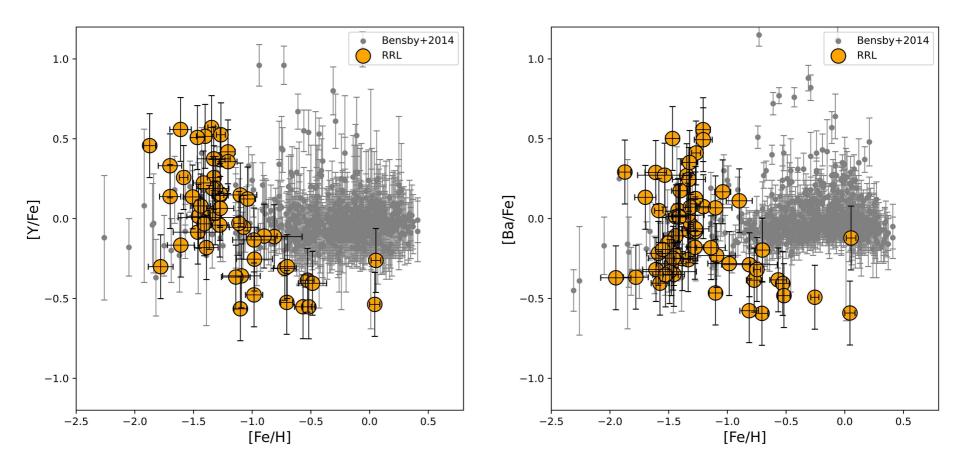


D'Orazi + 2024





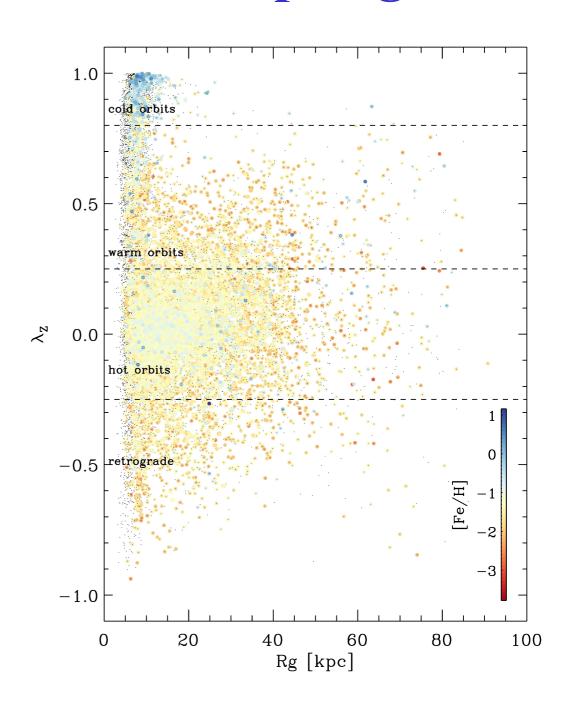




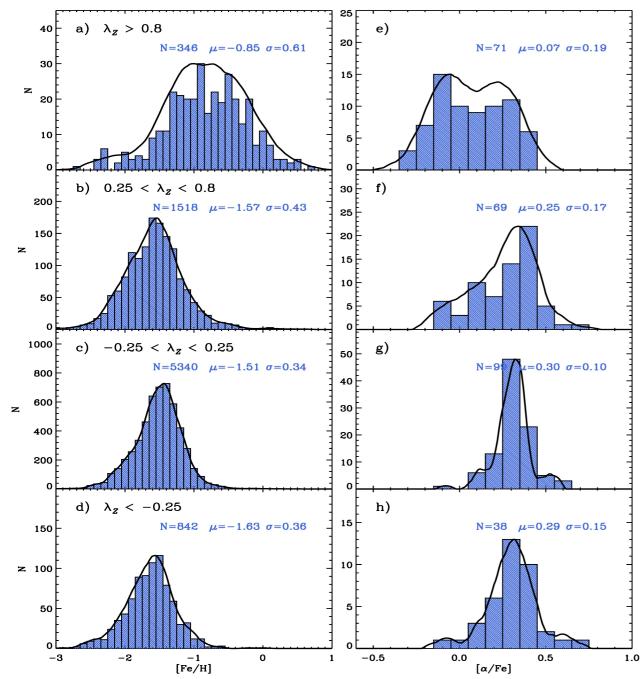
A lot of food for thought:

hierarchical formation >
fraction of in situ and accreted components

One robin doesn't make a spring



One robin doesn't make a spring



Bulge/Bar & thin disk connection:

are they coeval?

who is dominated by in situ/ex situ stellar populations?

Is their chemical enrichment similar?

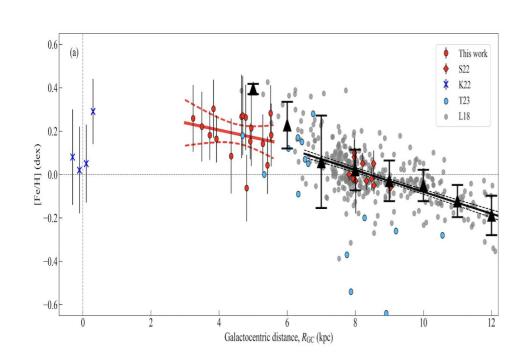
SHARP@ELT to unveil the elders

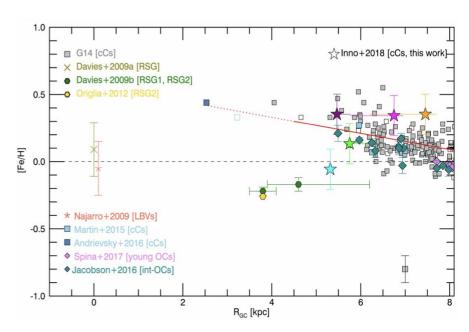
Zoccali+ (VVV) & VRO/LSST

4MOST/MOONS@VLT neither by HARMONI@ELT → fill the gaps

SHARP-NEXUS@ELT: multiplexity & FoV & slitlets + R~17,000 + Simult. NIR wav. range + MCAO are crucial (RGs/Miras

CCs in the inner disk & Galactic center + external galaxies





Evidence of a flattening (break) in the inner disk and in the Galactic center

High resolution NIR spectra collected with WINERED@Magellan



CONCLUSIONS I

- → RRLs are unique beacons to investigate back in space and in time the early formation of the Galactic spheroid (age constraints) + chemical tagging
- The next natural step are abundances (HR) of bulge/disk!!

The near future is even brighter for young/intermediate (CCs, Miras, Blue/Red supergiants ...)

CONCLUSIONS II

→ Golden age for stellar spectroscopy

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→ Ground-based follow up spectroscopy:
Blue MUSE + MOONS + 4MOST
MAVIS → Halo outskirts
ERIS → Galactic Bulge
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- → Ground-based multi-band photometry: LSST from 20-21 to 25-26 mag → JWST/WFIRST?
- → ELT: MICADO, HARMONI, ANDES
- → WST (!!!) ++++

Credits

To young, differently young & senior colleagues with whom I have the pleasure to share this wonderful adventure

THANKS!!!