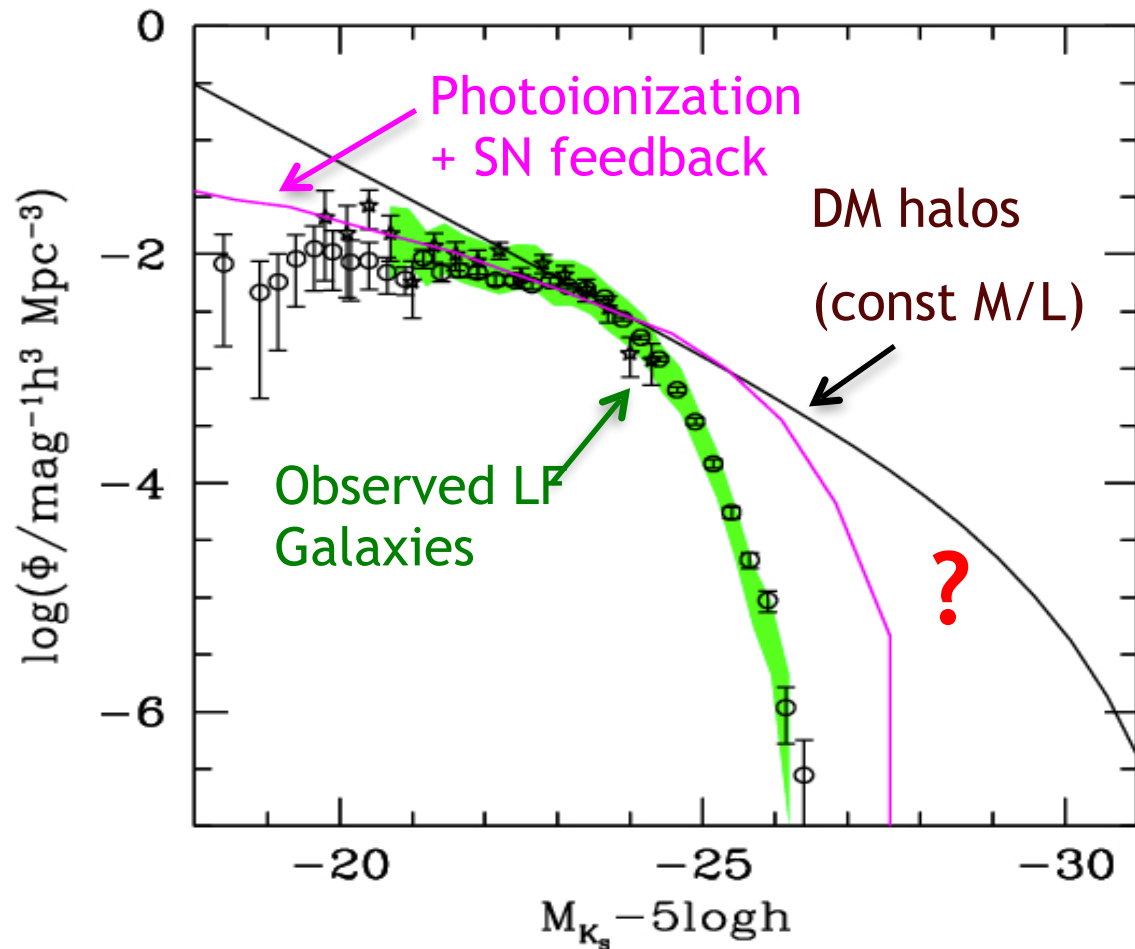


UNVEILING THE COSMIC NOON: 3D MAPPING OF THE AGN FEEDBACK IN THE OVERALL GALAXY POPULATION

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AGN-GALAXY CO-EVOLUTION



Theory predicts
too many small galaxies
&
too many big
Galaxies

AGN feedback via AGN-driven Outflows

- remove gas
- quench SF

$$M_{\text{SMBH}} \sim 2 \times 10^{-3} M_{\text{Bulge}}$$

Binding energy of a bulge

$$E_{\text{Bulge}} \sim M_{\text{Bulge}} \sigma_{\text{vel}}^2$$

$$\sim 10^{-6} M_{\text{Bulge}} c^2$$

AGN energy output

$$E_{\text{AGN}} \sim 0.1 M_{\text{SMBH}} c^2$$

$$\sim 2 \cdot 10^{-4} M_{\text{Bulge}} c^2$$

~1% of the AGN liberated radiative energy is enough to unbind the galactic bulge

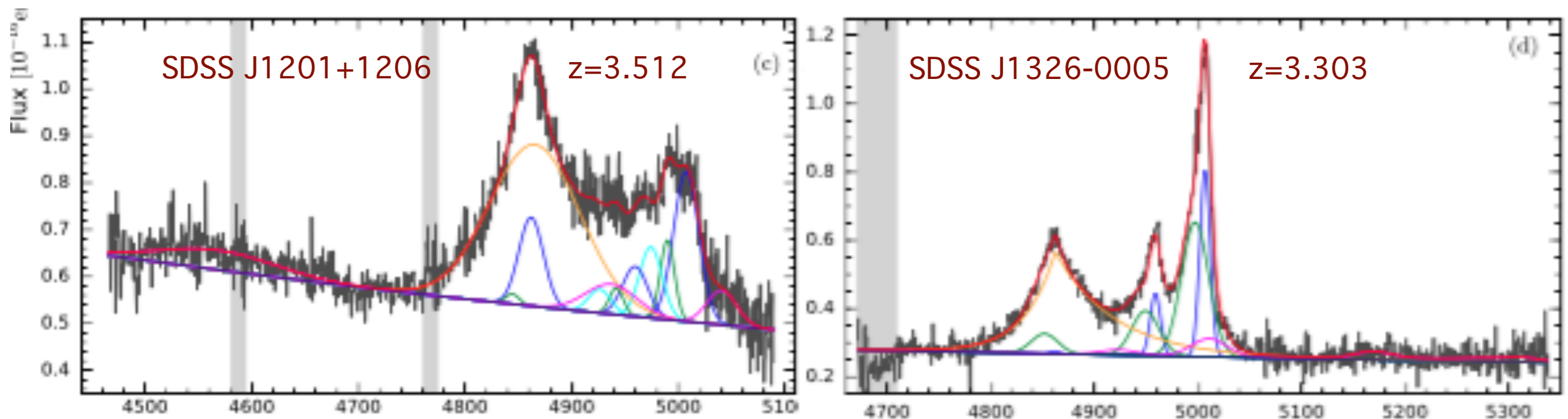
SMBHs can regulate galaxy evolution and their own growth

LONGSLIT HYPER-LUM QSOs: WISSH SURVEY

- Cosmic noon \rightarrow redshift range $z \sim 1.5-3.5$ peak of vigorous star-formation and QSO activity
- The most luminous quasars are the best targets to hunt for powerful AGN-driven outflows
- [OIII] proxy of outflows \rightarrow cheap spectroscopic follow-ups for bright targets

85 WISE/SDSS Selected Hyper-luminous broad-line Quasars

$$L_{\text{Bol}} > 2 \times 10^{47} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$$



Bischetti, Piconcelli, Vietri + 2017

Very broad blue-shifted [OIII] lines

$$\text{FWHM}_{[\text{OIII}]} \sim 1200 - 2200 \text{ km s}^{-1}$$

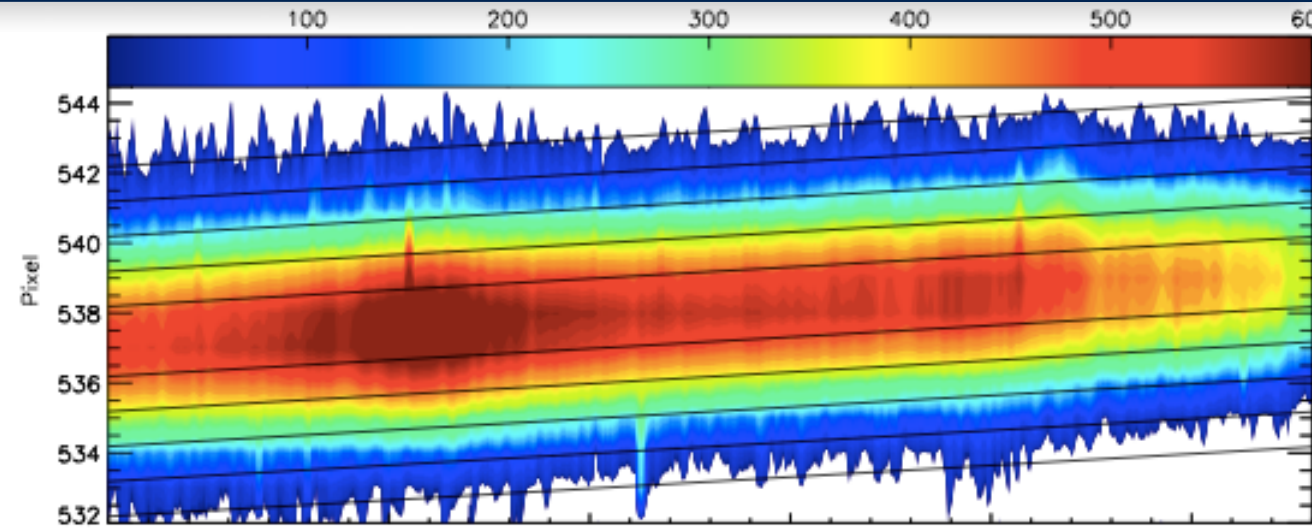
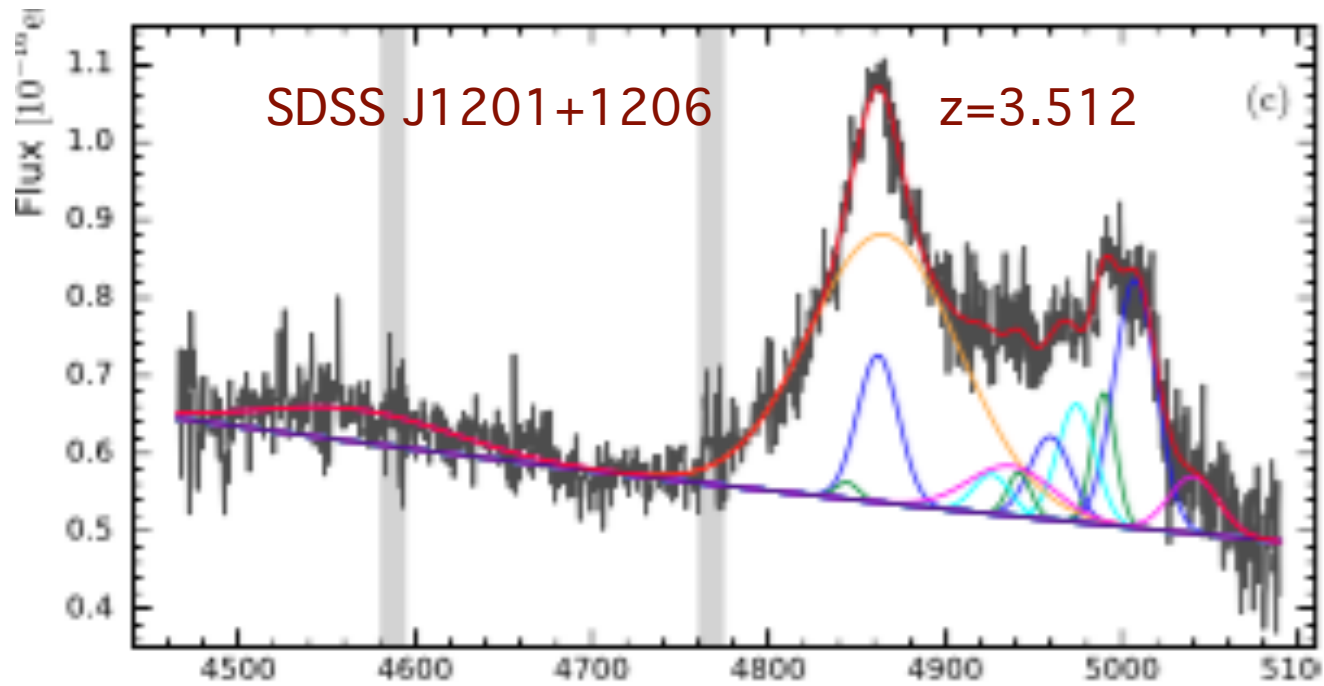
Strong [OIII] lines observed so far

$$L_{[\text{OIII}]} > 10^{44} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$$

Fast [OIII] emission $v(\text{max}) \sim 1400 - 3000 \text{ km s}^{-1}$

LBT- LUCI longslit campaign
of ~ 40 QSOs to observe
[OIII] \rightarrow proxy of NLR outflows
 $\text{H}\beta$ \rightarrow BH mass

LONGSLIT HYPER-LUM QSOs: WISSH SURVEY



Bischetti, Piconcelli, Vietri + 2017

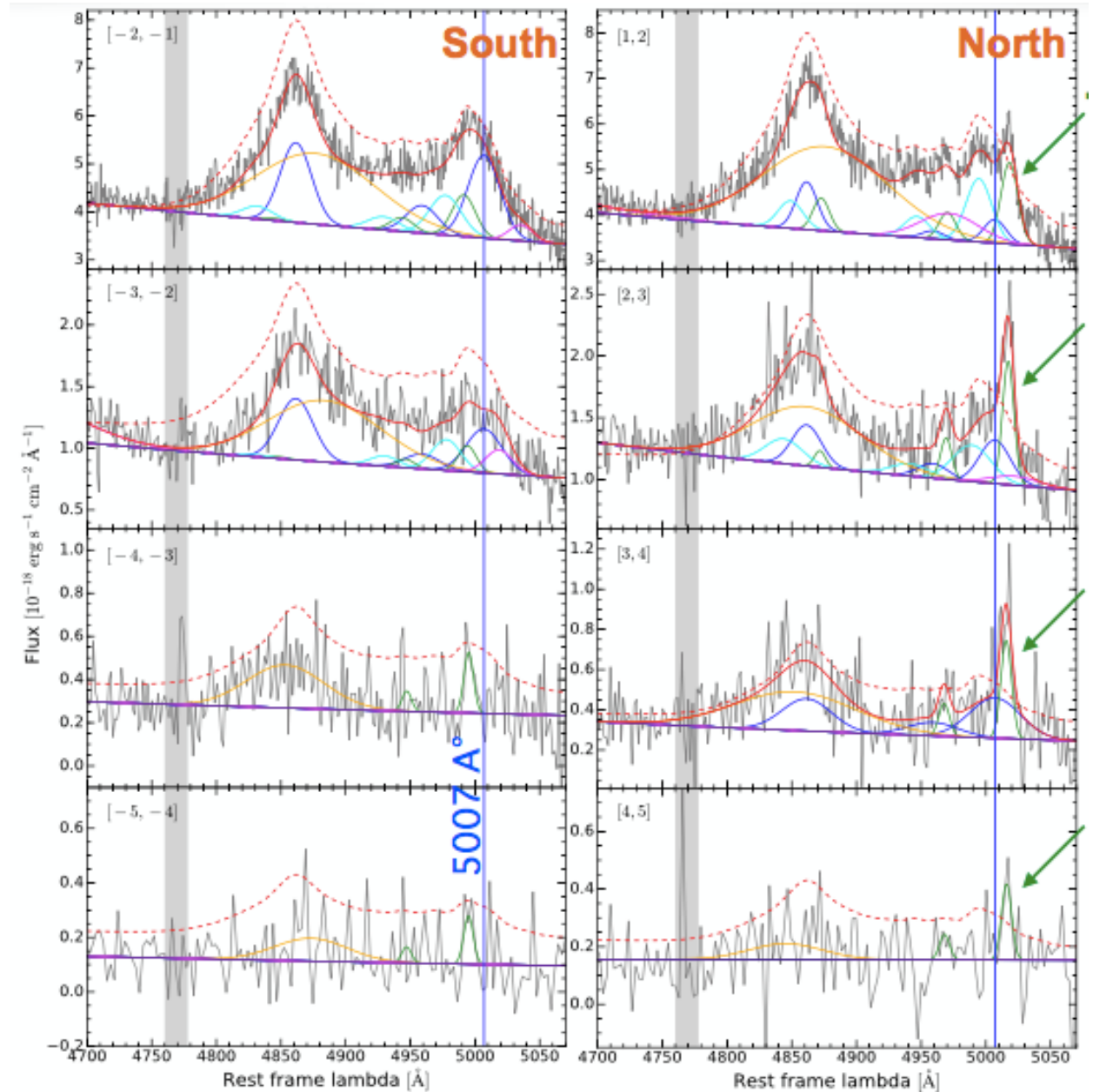
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$FWHM_{[OIII]} \sim 1200 - 2200 \text{ km s}^{-1}$

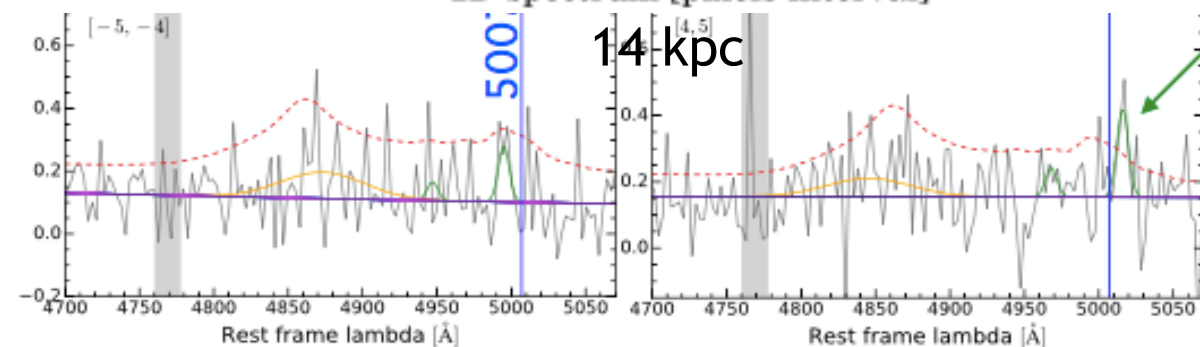
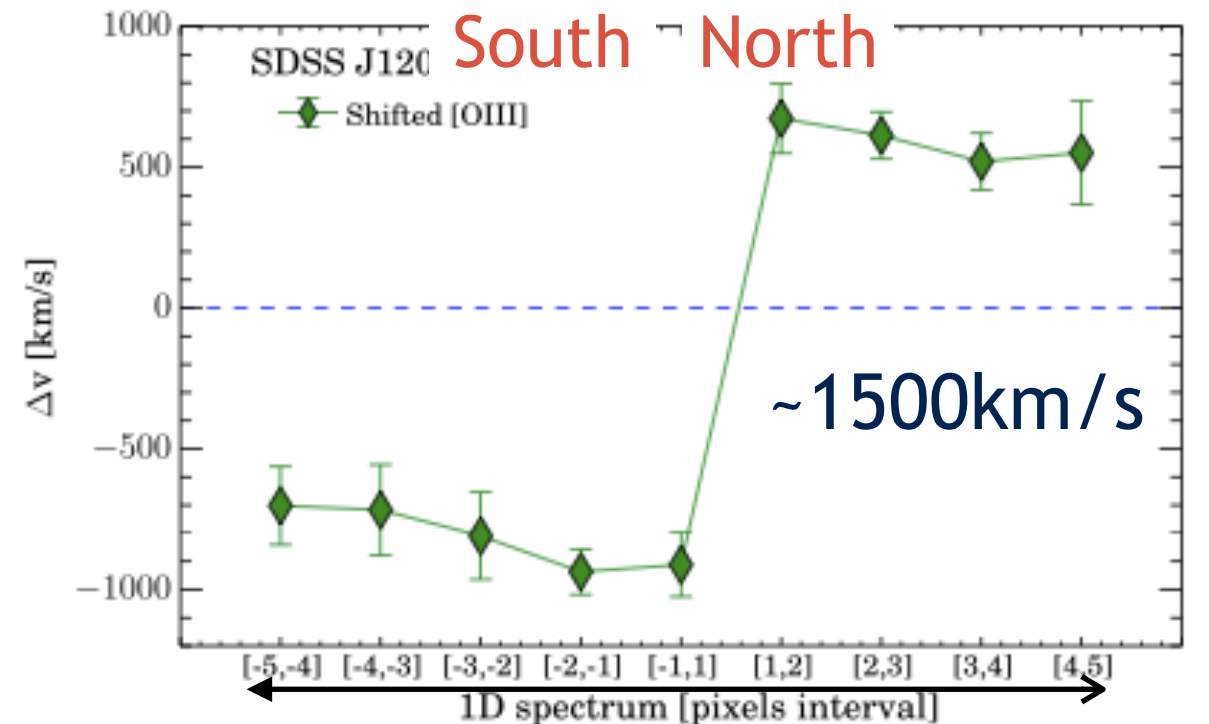
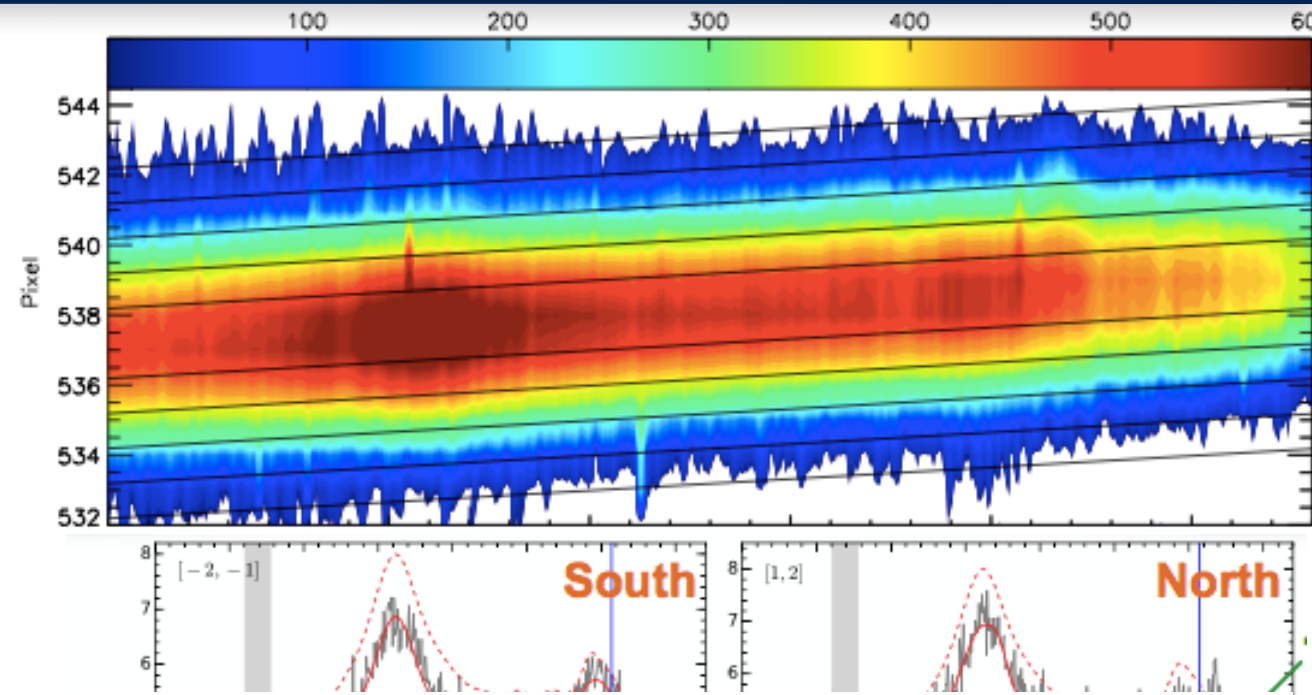
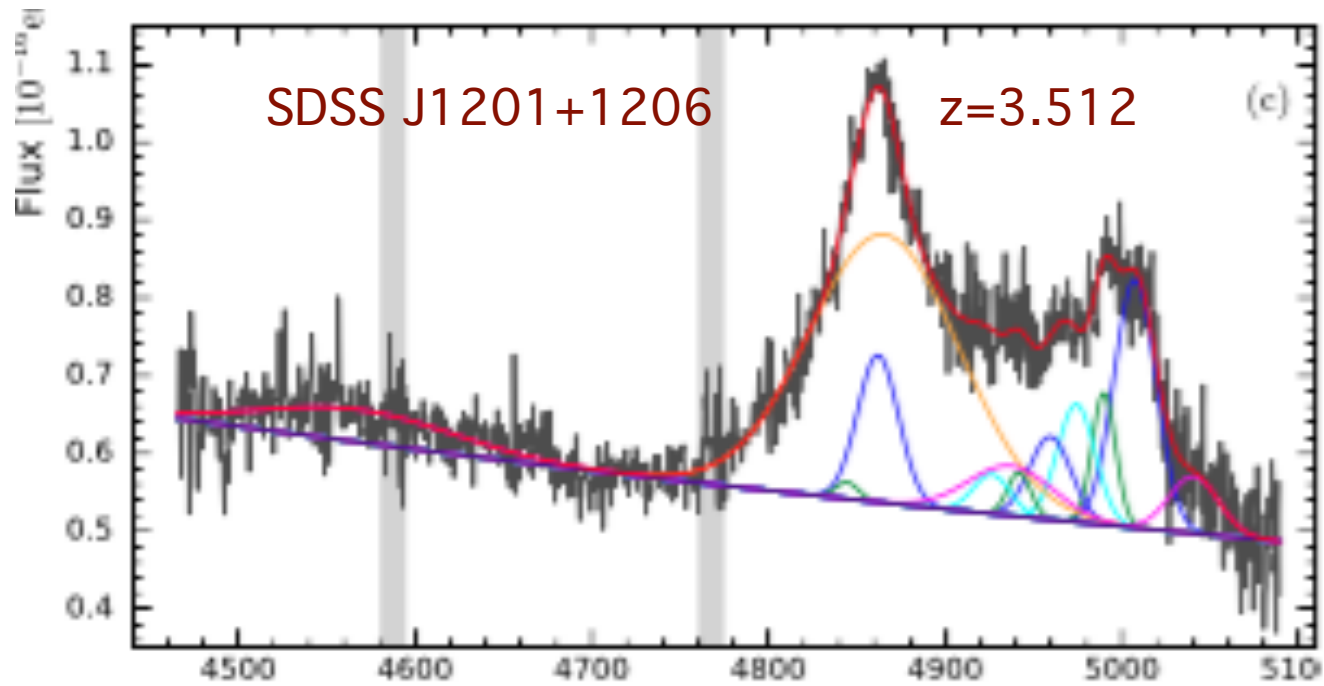
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Bischetti, Piconcelli, Vietri + 2017

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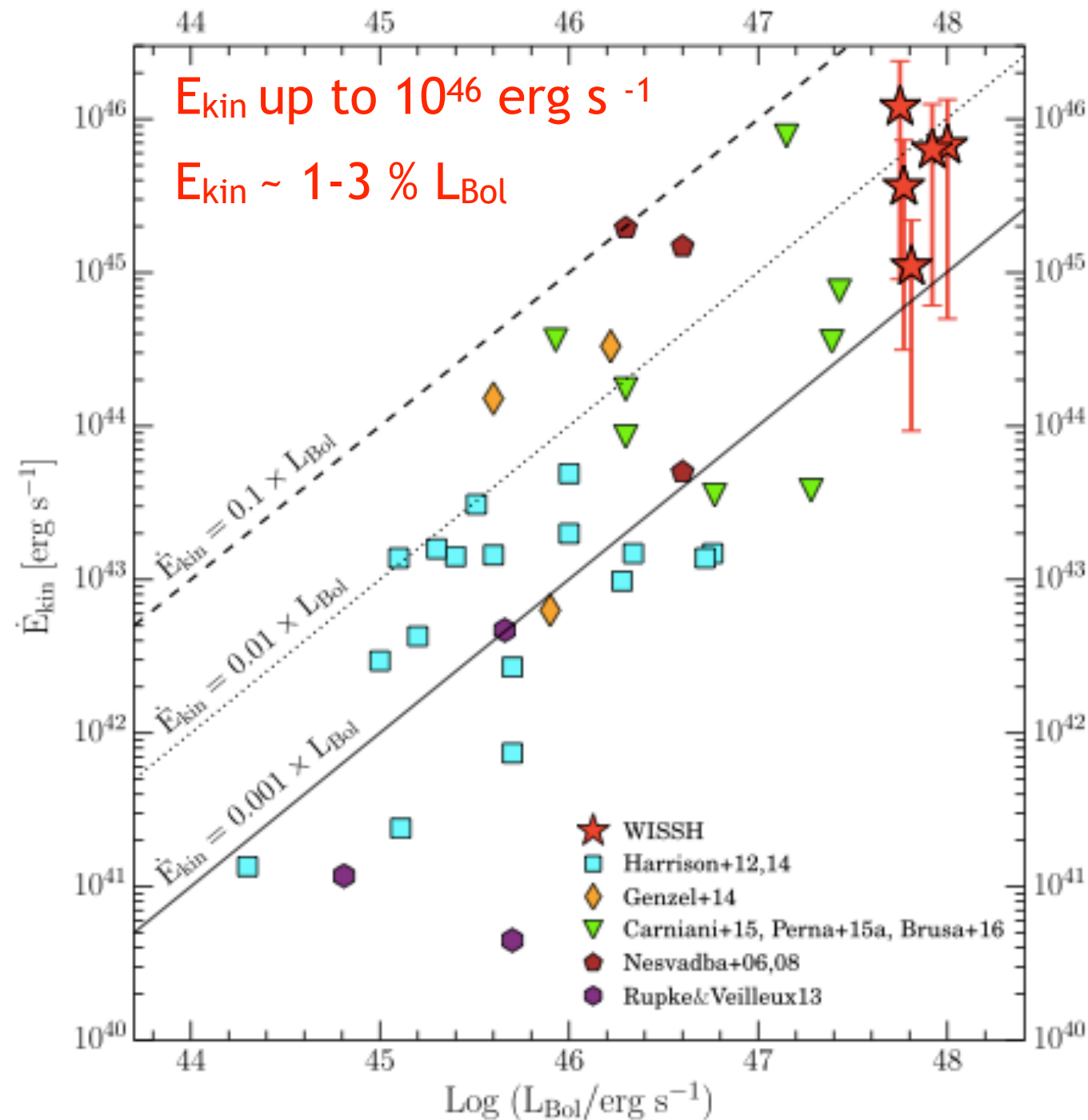
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POWERFUL [OIII] OUTFLOWS IN WISSH QUASARS



$$L_{[\text{OIII}]}^{\text{broad}} \rightarrow \dot{M}_{\text{ion}}$$

$$\dot{M} \sim \frac{3 \dot{M}_{\text{ion}} v_{\text{max}}}{R}$$

$$\dot{E}_{\text{kin}} = \frac{\dot{M} v_{\text{max}}^2}{2}$$

Bischetti, Piconcelli, Vietri + 2017

WISSH quasars allow to **reveal extremely powerful outflows**

STATISTICAL APPROACH: MOSDEF SURVEY

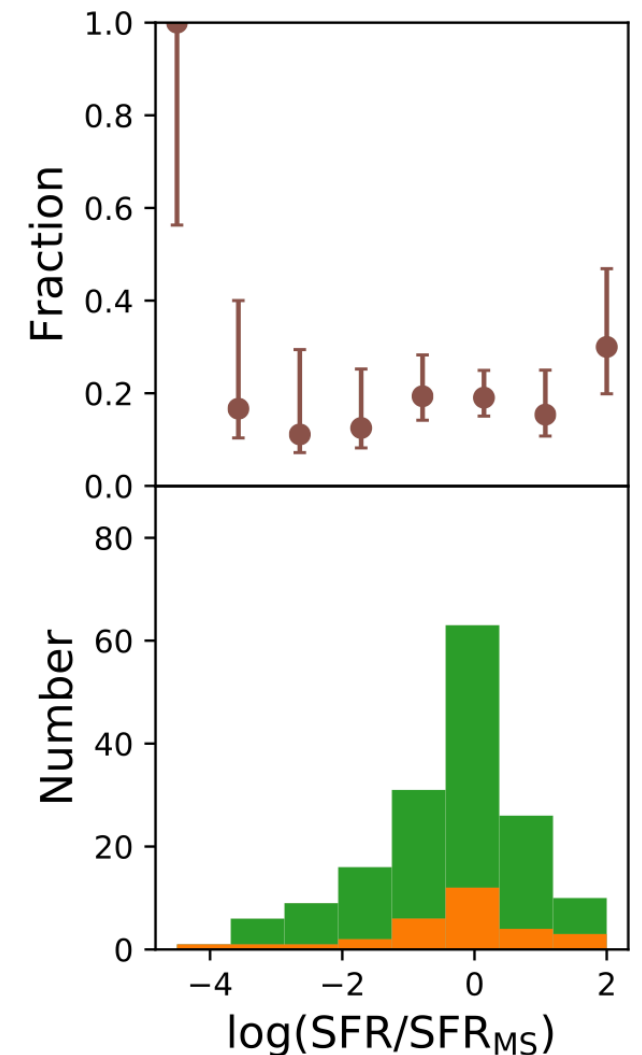
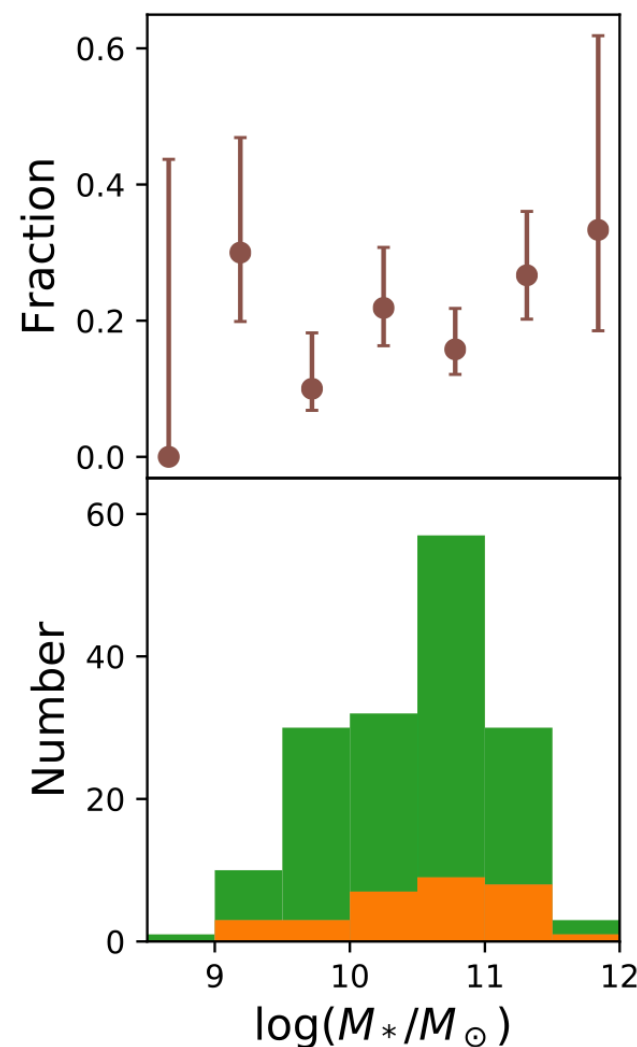
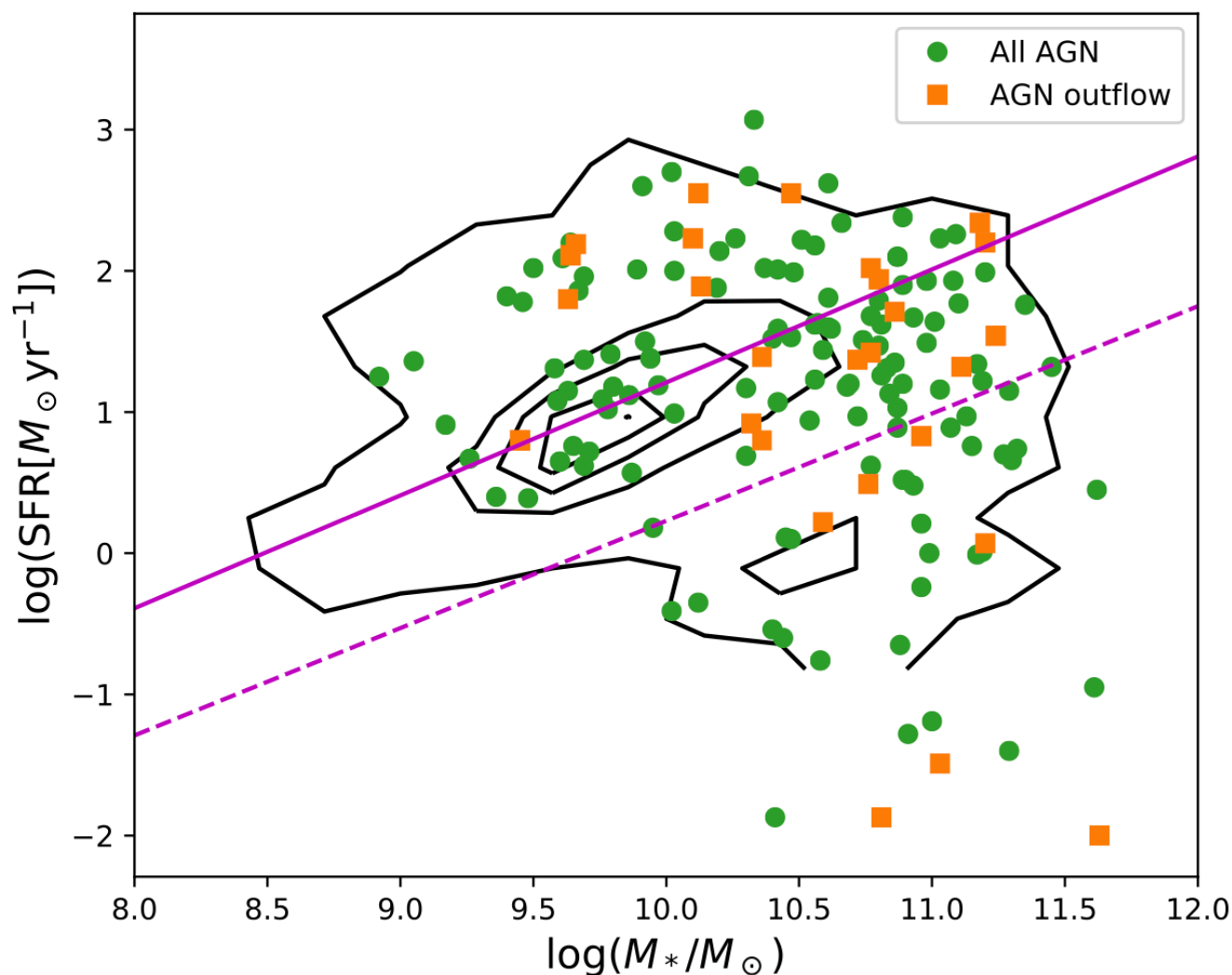
Spectroscopic survey at $1.4 < z < 3.8$ using Keck/MOSFIRE
1500 galaxies+AGN

Leung+2019

159 AGN $L_{\text{Bol}}=10^{44-47}$ erg/s

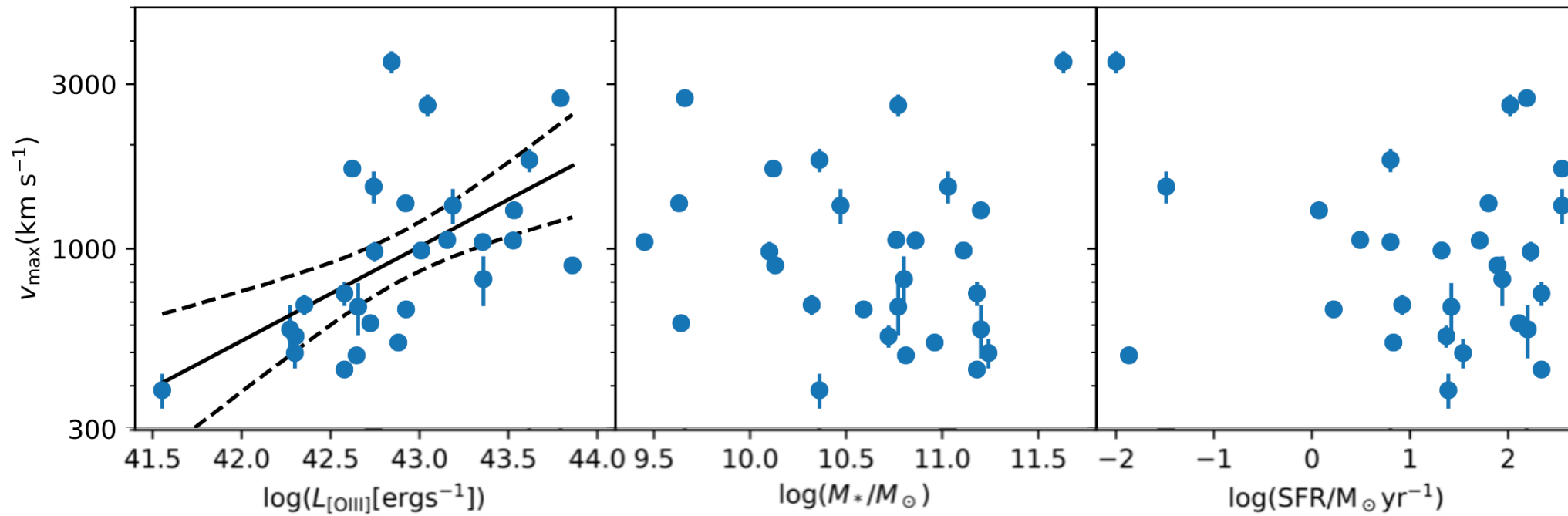
$\text{H}\beta, [\text{OIII}], \text{H}\alpha, [\text{NII}]$

3 dex in M^* and SFR

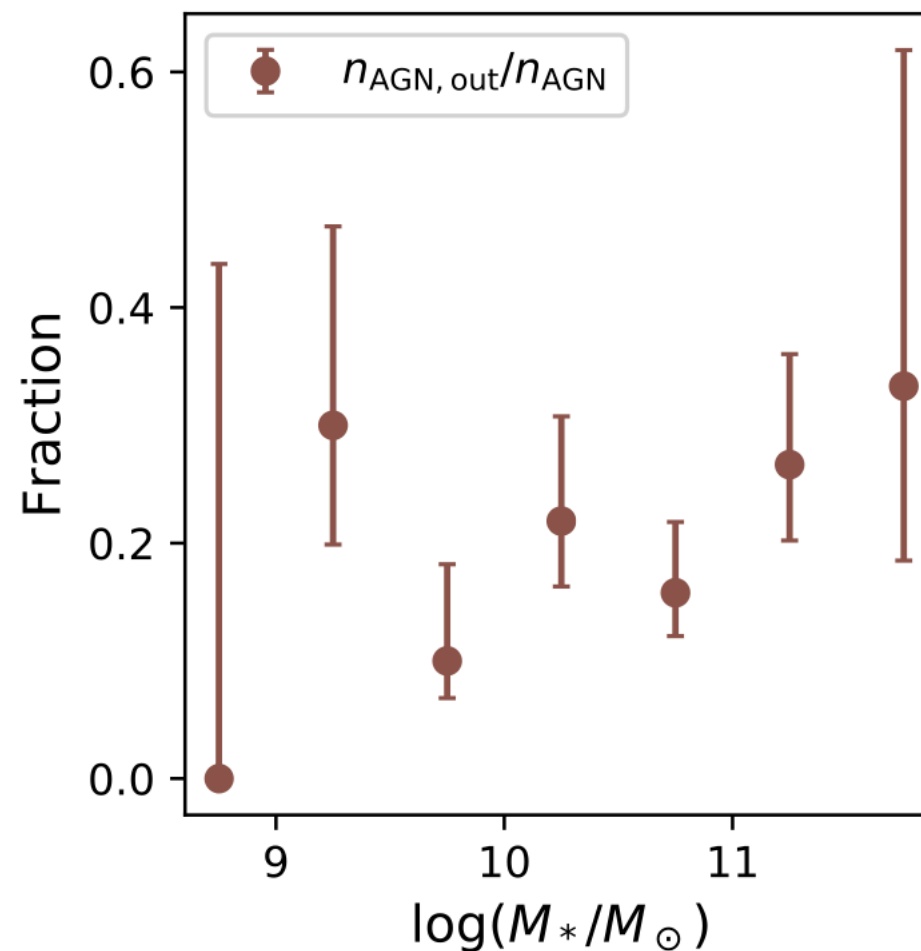
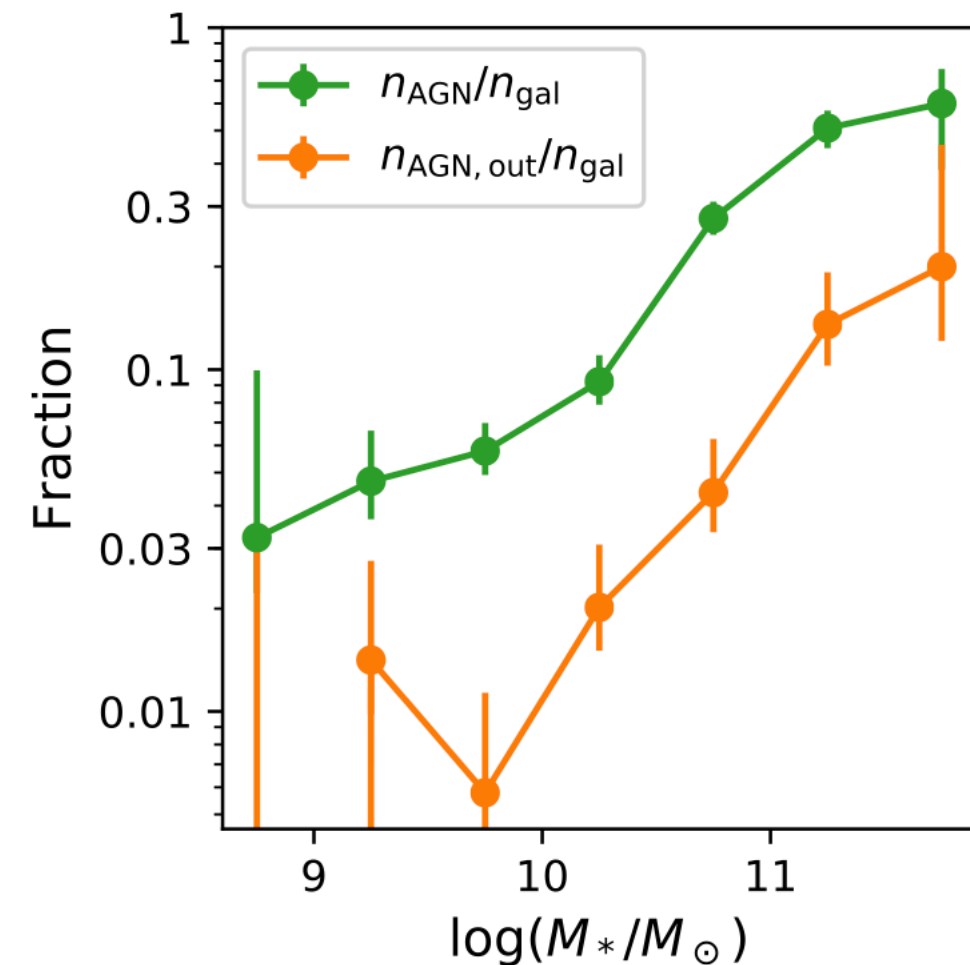


- outflow detected in 17% of AGN
- 7 times more often than in mass-matched inactive

STATISTICAL APPROACH: MOSDEF SURVEY



outflows are fast 400-3500 km/s with extension=0.3-11 kpc



AGN outflows independent of stellar mass

STATISTICAL AND 3D APPROACH: KMOS 3D SURVEY

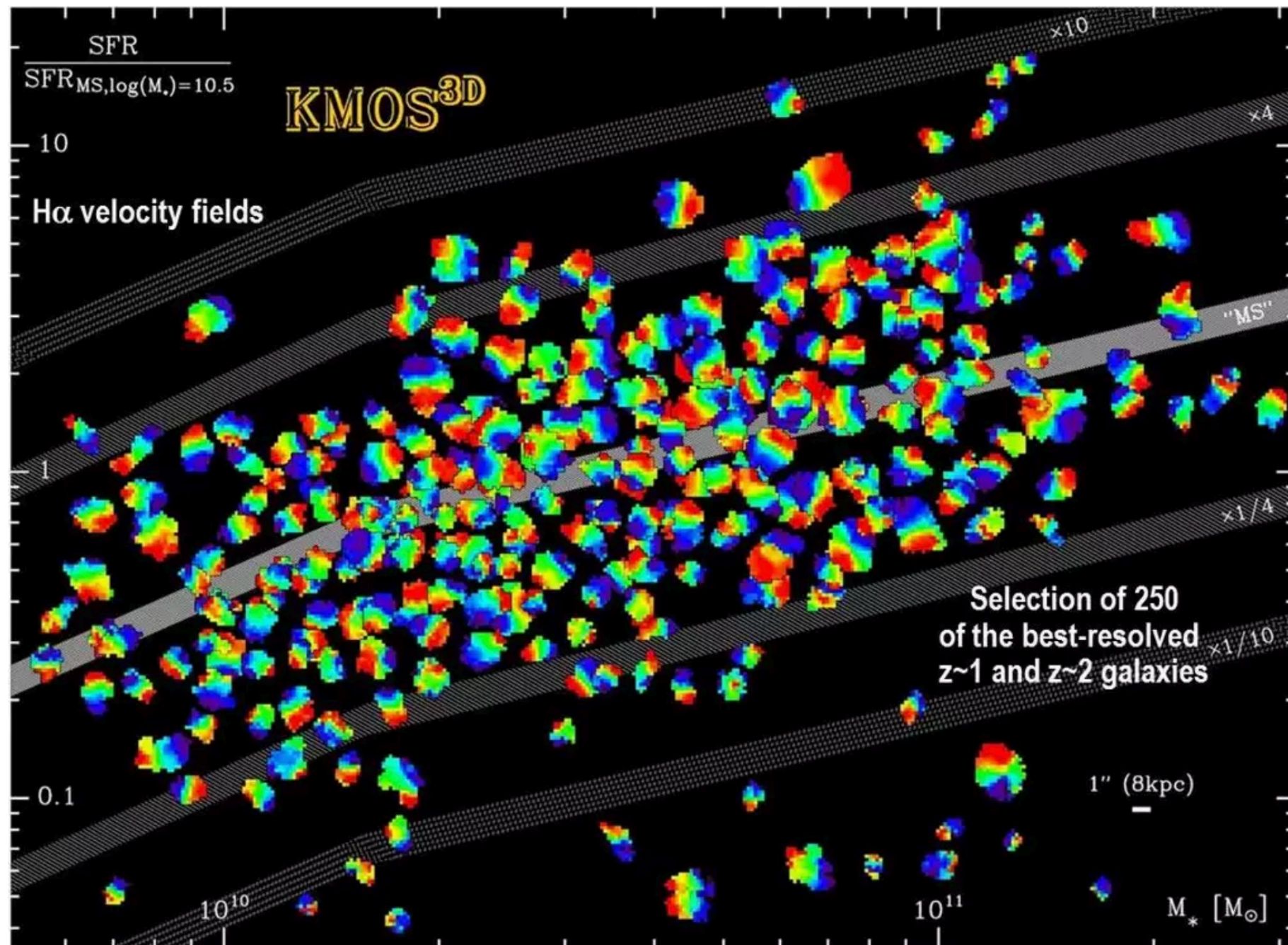
599 normal galaxies at redshift 0.6-2.7

Wisnioski+2019

VLT/KMOS IFU in seeing limited mode

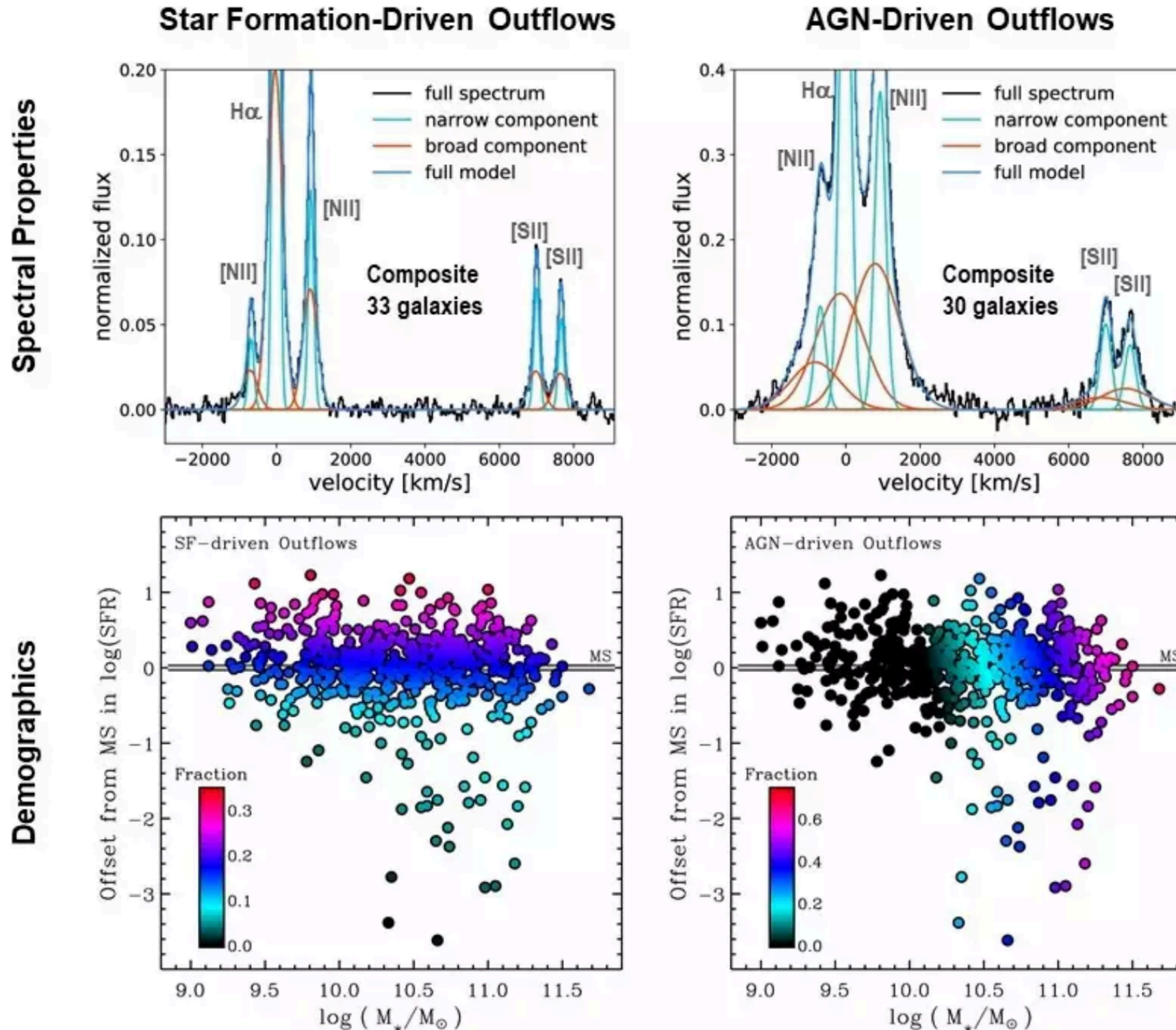
H α , [N II], and [S II] line emission. $M^* = 10^{9-11} M_{\text{sun}}$

Best resolution achieved 0.5" seeing = 4 kpc at $z \sim 2$



STATISTICAL AND 3D APPROACH: KMOS 3D SURVEY

- SF-driven winds correlates mainly with SF properties.
- AGN-driven outflows ($\sim 1000\text{--}2000 \text{ km s}^{-1}$) are commonly detected above $\log(M^*/M_{\text{sun}}) \sim 10.7$
- The incidence, strength, and velocity of AGN-driven winds strongly correlates with stellar mass



Forster Schreiber+2019

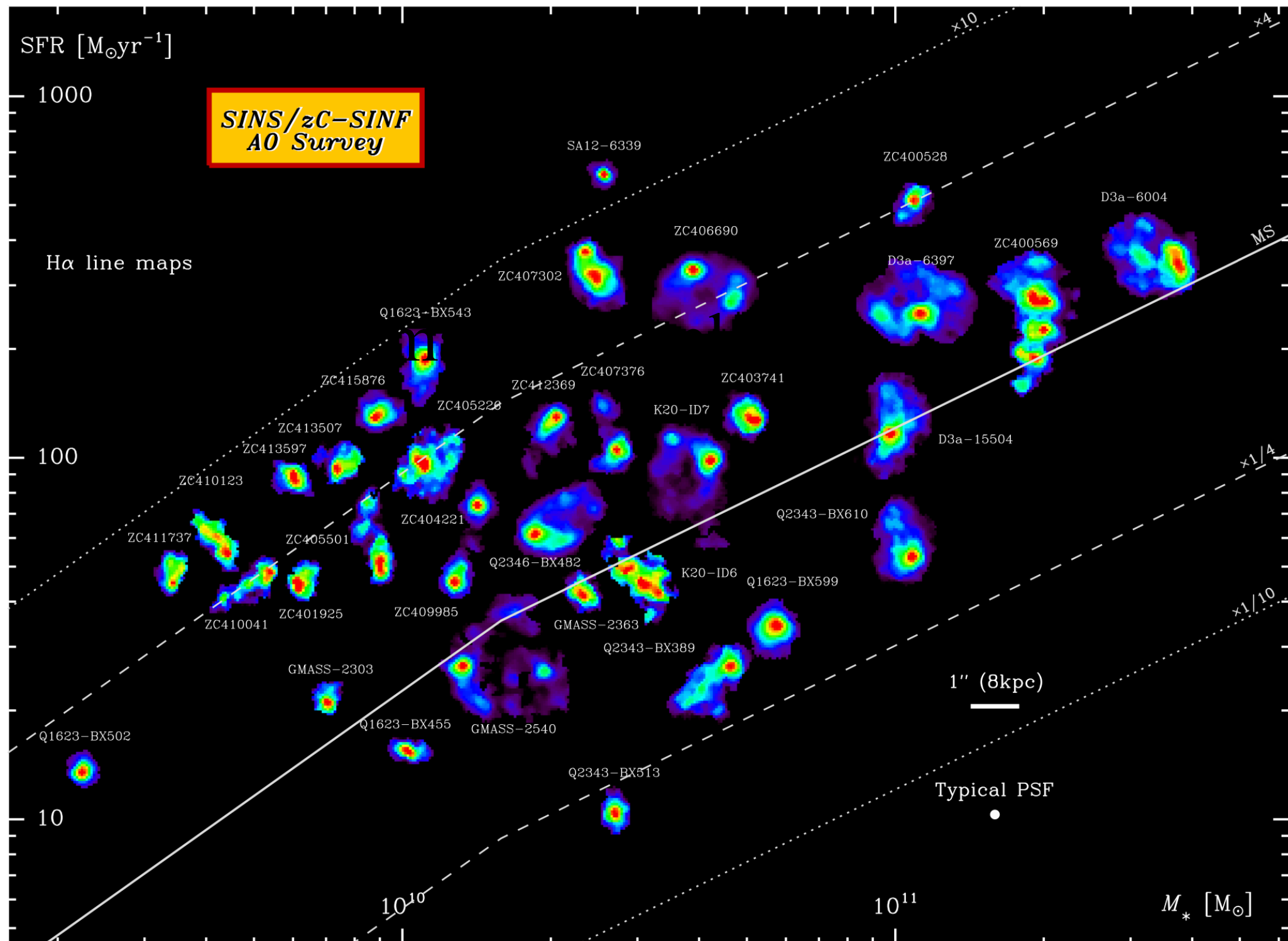
3D AO APPROACH FOR GALAXIES: SINS/zC SINFONI

VLT/SINFONI IFU program

35 MS galaxies with AO-Assisted (the result of 12 yr!)

$z=1-3$ resolve at 1.5 kpc

Forster Schreiber+2018



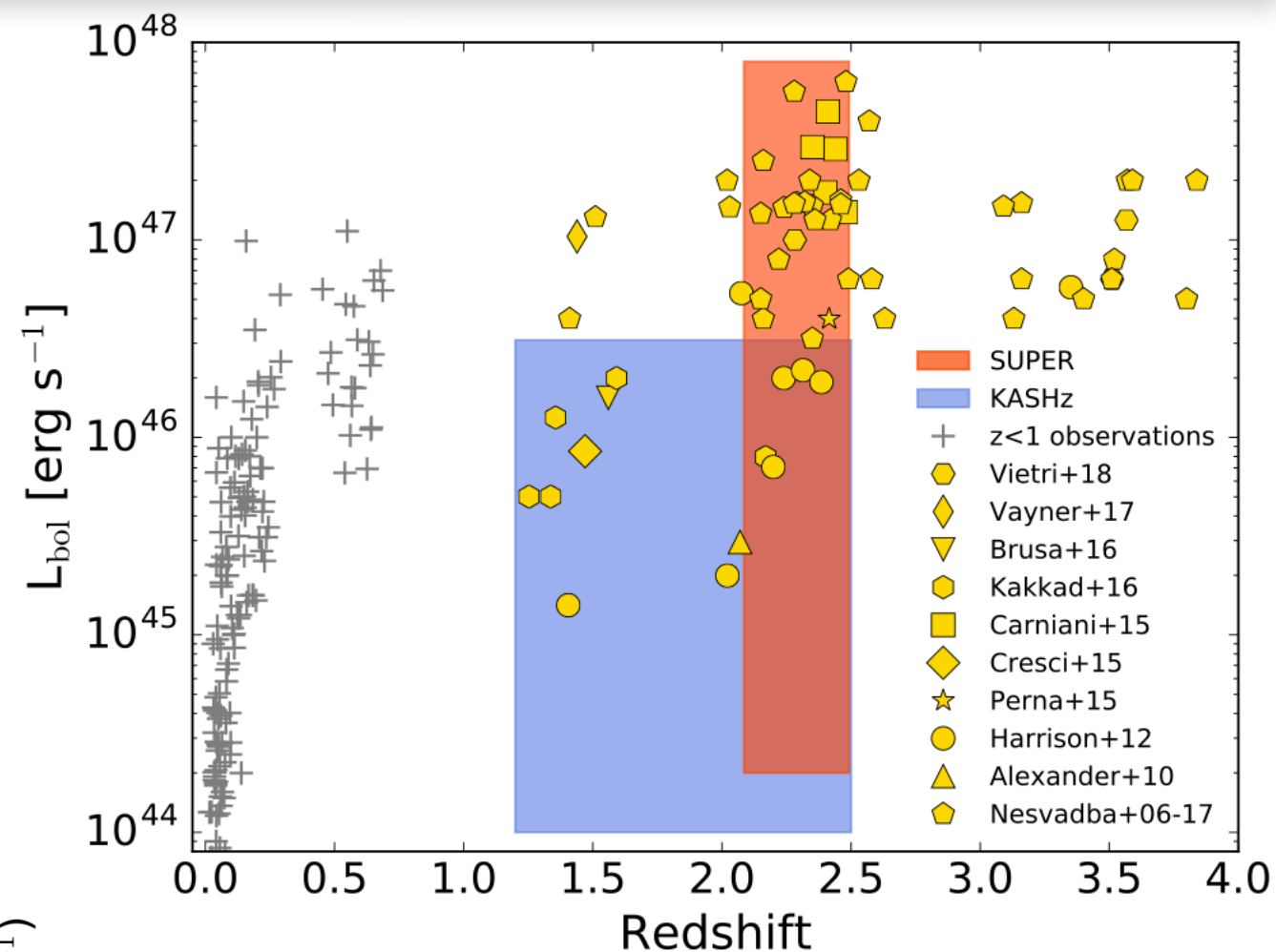
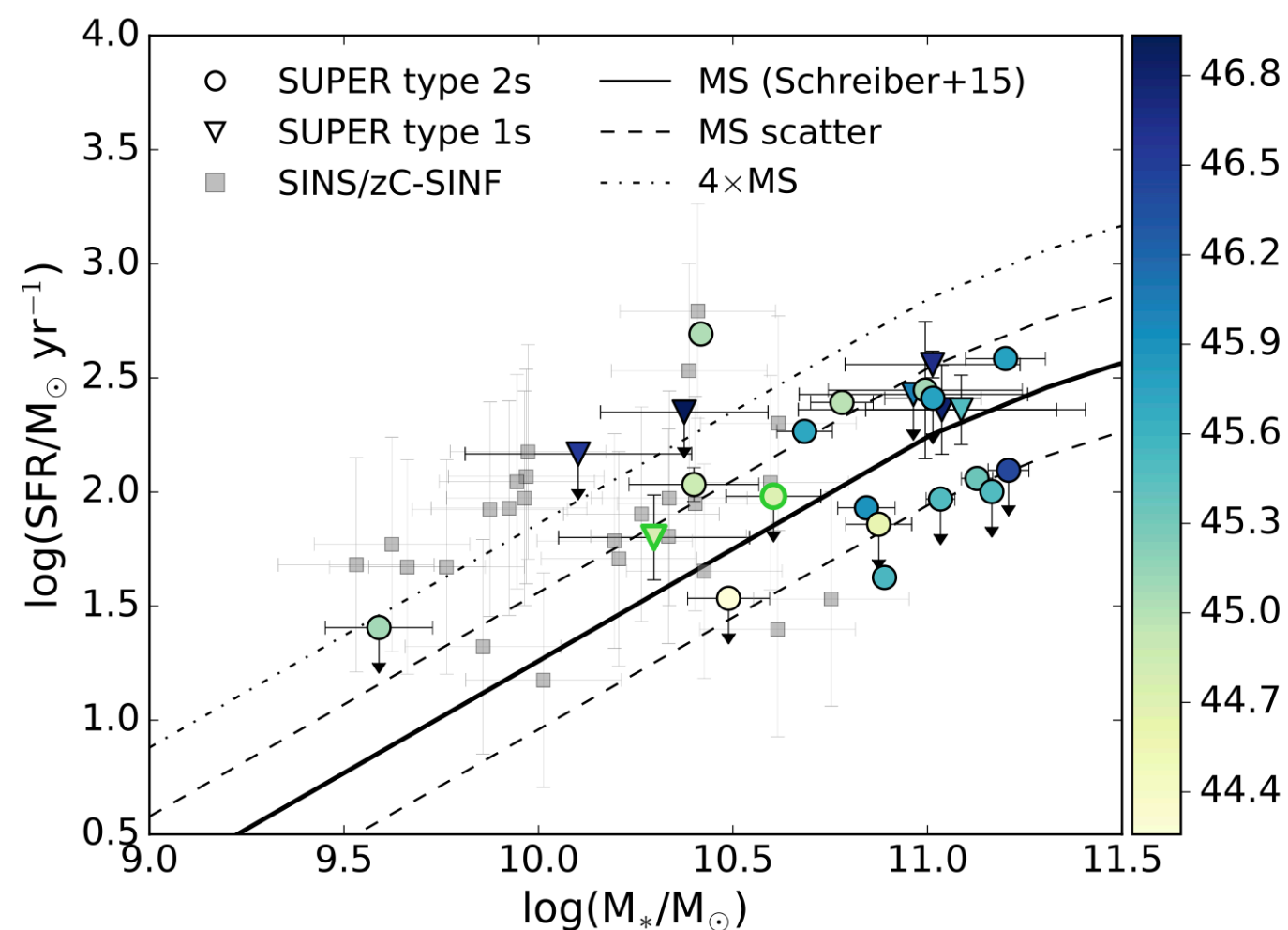
3D AO APPROACH FOR AGN:



SURVEY

PI: V. Mainieri

- 280 hours @ VLT/SINFONI (IFS) with AO
- PSF FWHM $\approx 0.2''$ - $0.3'' \approx 1$ kpc spatial resolution
- Blind survey, ~ 40 AGN at $z=2.12$ - 2.49
- Ionized outflows \rightarrow [OIII] λ 5007 (H band)
- Star formation \rightarrow H α (K band)



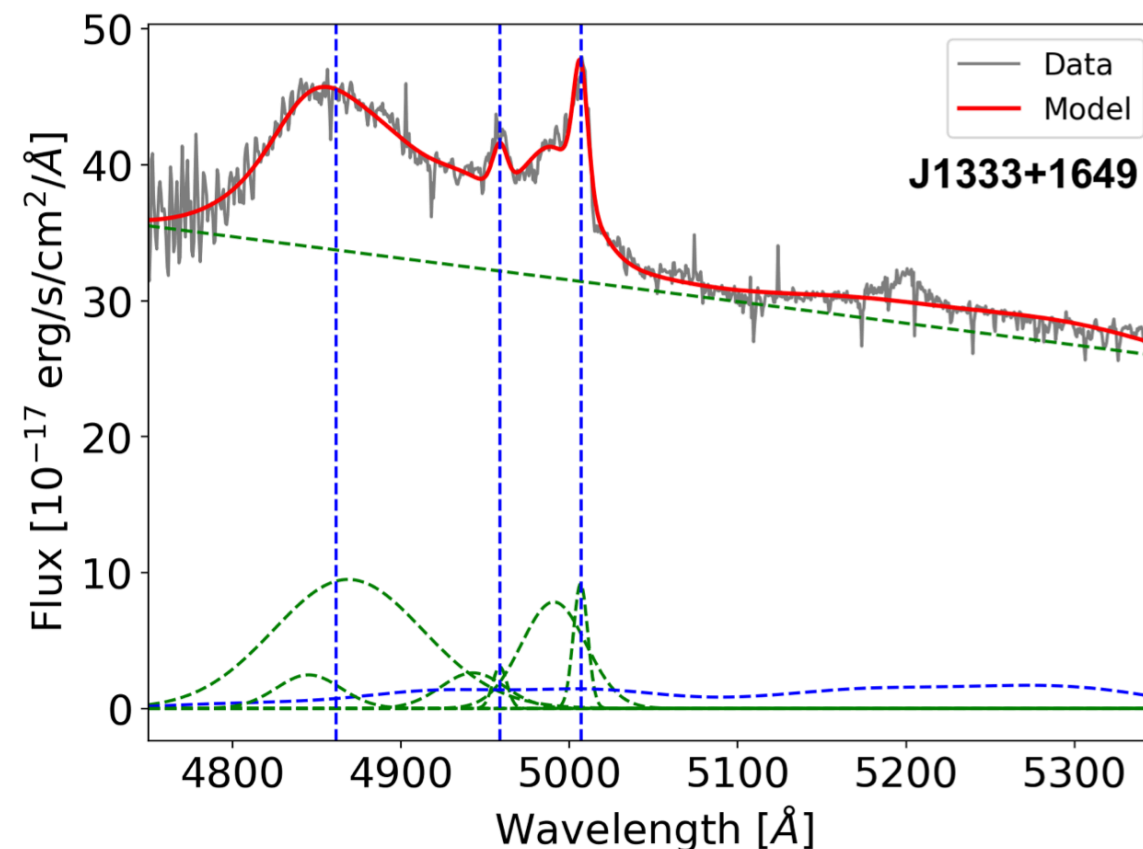
Circosta+18

3D AO APPROACH FOR AGN:

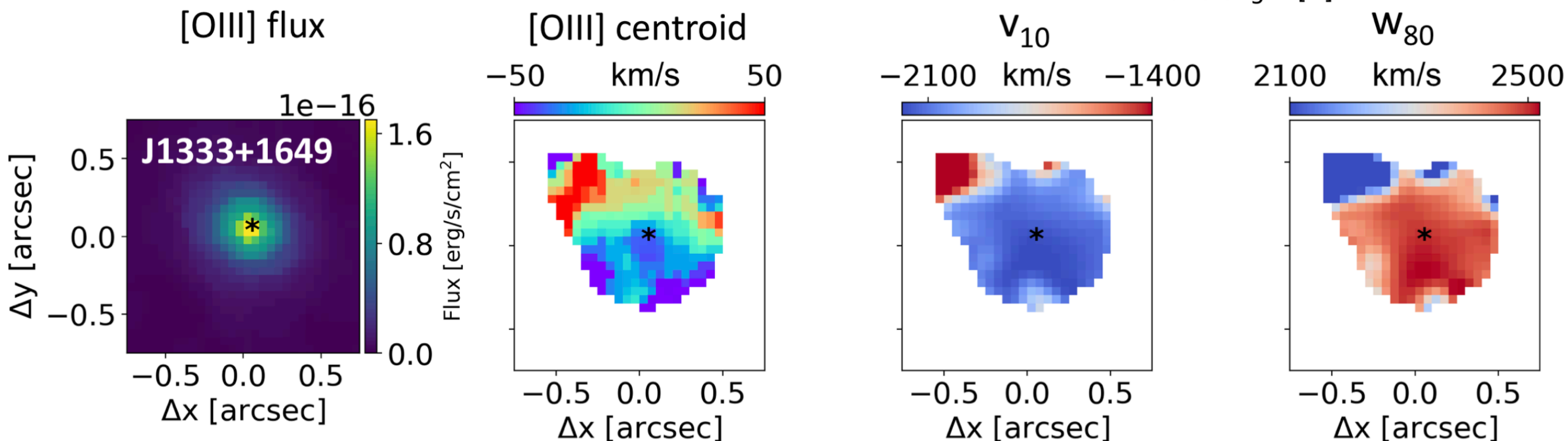


SURVEY

- ~100% of the Type 1 and Type 2 AGN show ionized outflows (Kakkad+2020, Tozzi+2024)
- [OIII] emission spatially resolved for ~35% of the Type 1 sample and the outflows show an extension up to ~6 kpc; 85% of Type 2 extended 2-4 kpc
- $H\alpha$ \rightarrow no clear evidence of outflows impacting SF



Kakkad, Mainieri, Vietri+20

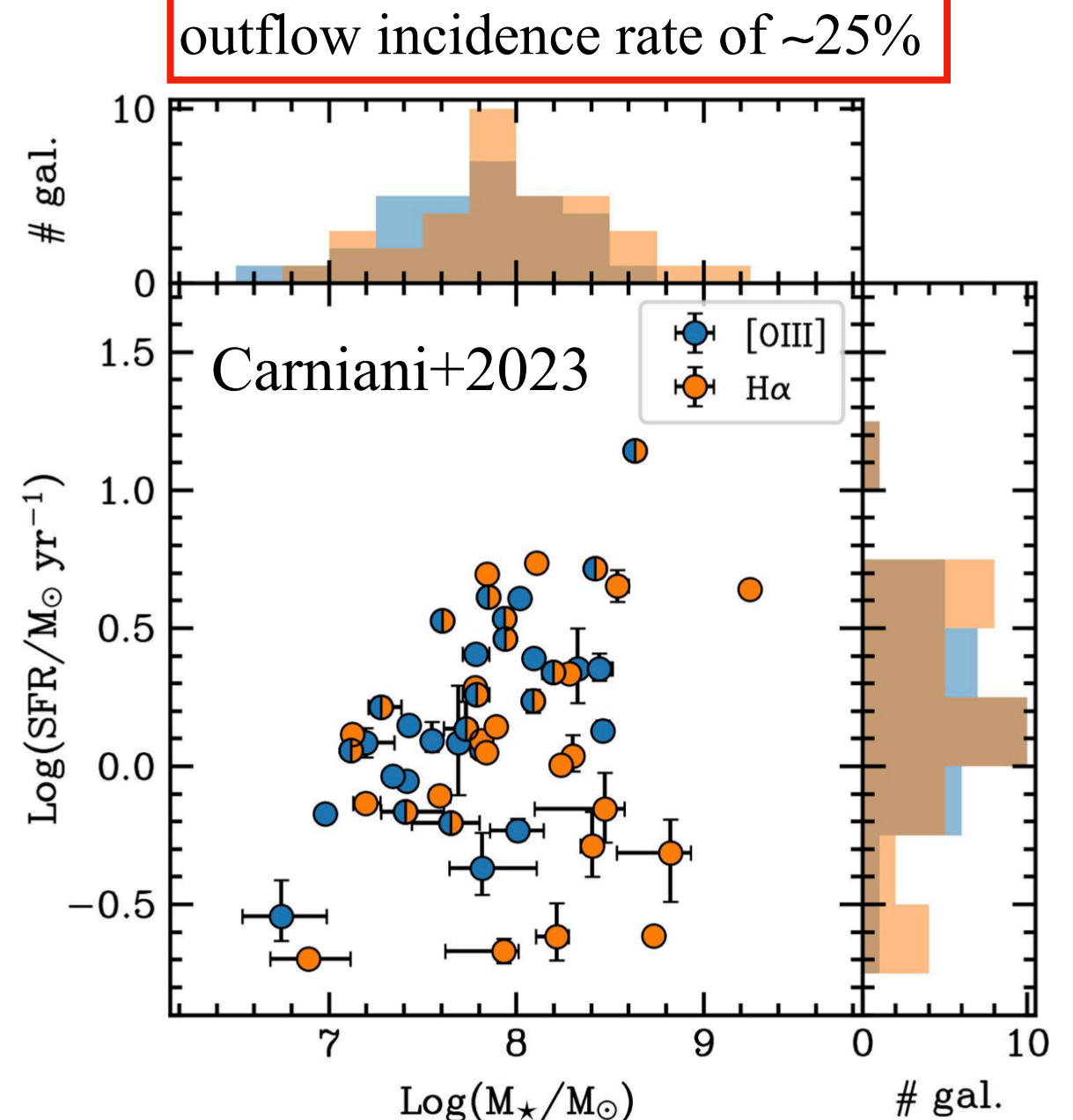
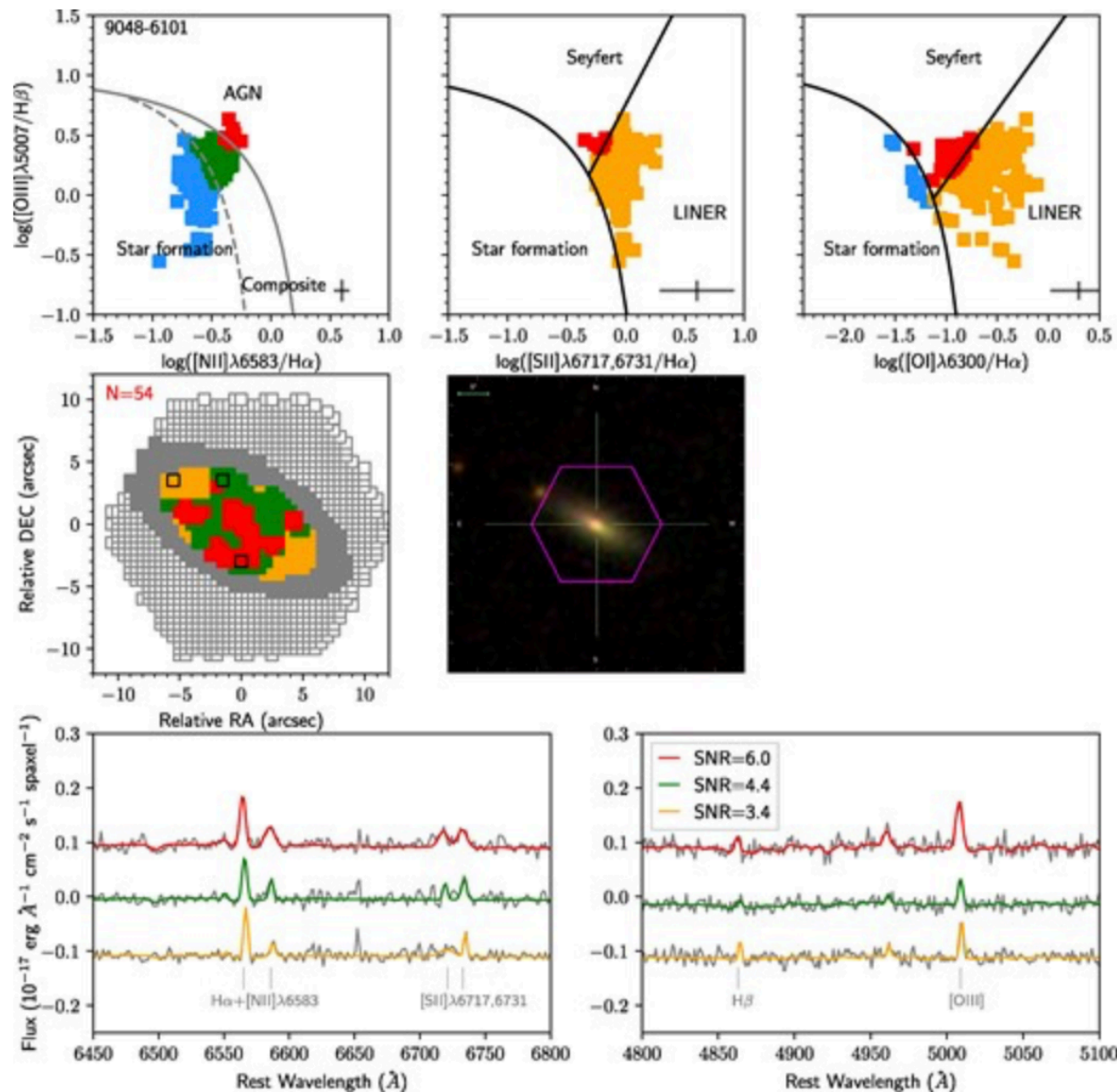


AGN IN DWARF GALAXIES

- Low mass galaxies $<10^{10} M_{\text{sun}}$ studied in local universe
- At high redshift lack of sensitivity of ground-based facilities in the NIR to detect faint broad component
- SDSS MaNGA: 10% of the galaxies in quenched dwarf galaxy sample appear to host genuine AGN, based on BPT diagnostics with outflowing gas (e.g. Penny+18, keck/gemini Liu+2020)

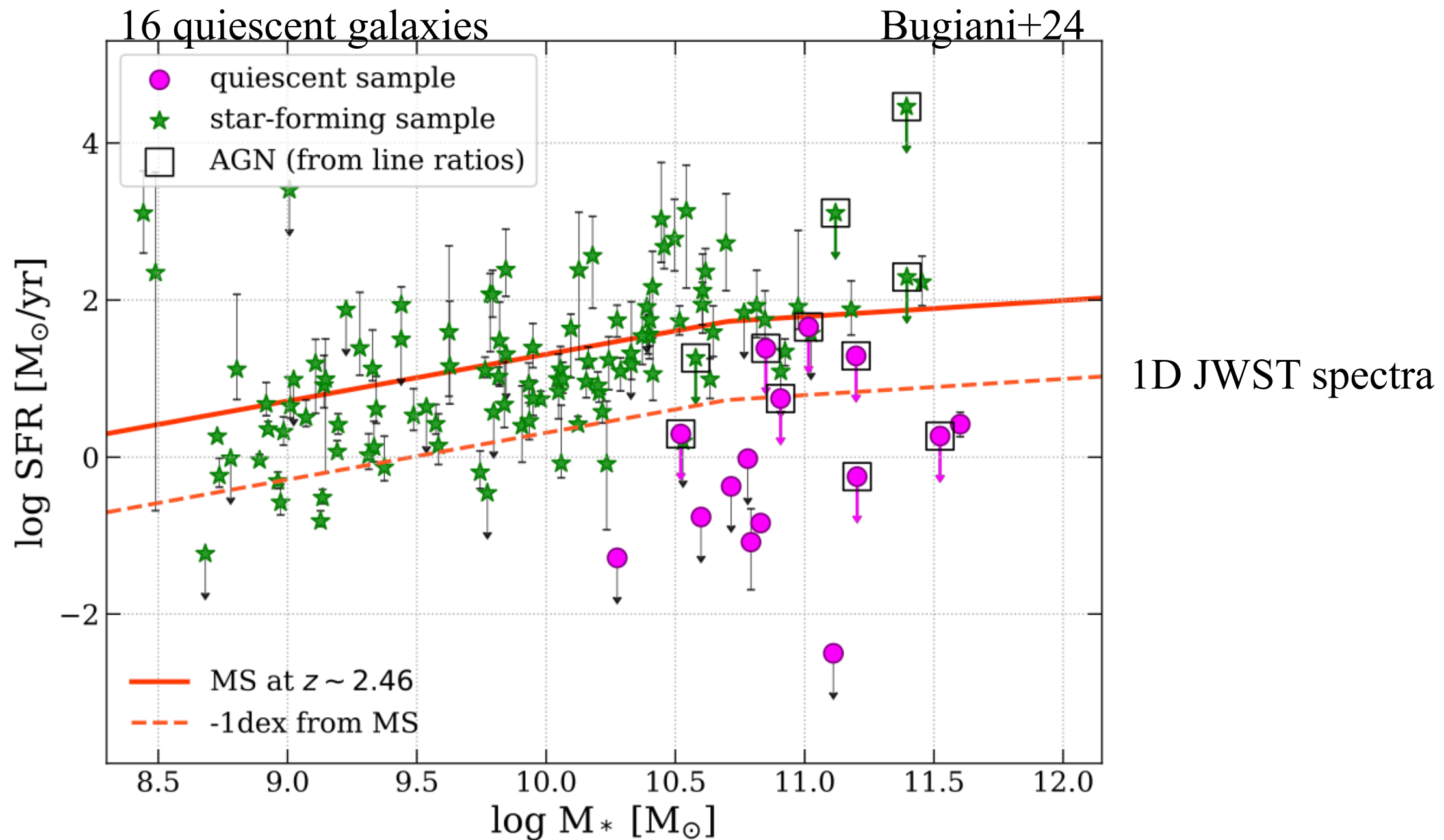
MaNGA: 17 IFUs in the Optical R~2000
z~0.03

JADES 52 galaxies z=3.5-8.5 LogM*~7-9
S/N>5 [OIII] or H α with JWST/NIRSpec MSA



AGN IN PASSIVE GALAXIES

Blue Jay survey (PI Belli)
147 galaxies at cosmic noon with JWST/NIRSpec MOS
 $1.7 < z < 3.5$ $\text{Log}M^* \sim 9-11.5$



lack of X-ray detections; BPT classification; weak AGN luminosities

3D SHARP VIEW AT COSMIC NOON

Sample of galaxies without any preselection $1.5 < z < 3.6$ $M^*=10^8-11 M_{\text{sun}}$

[OII] up to $z=3.6$ and H α up to $z=2.6$ \rightarrow trace instantaneous star formation (<10 Myr)
[OIII] covering the entire selected redshift range \rightarrow tracing the NLR gas and ionized outflows

- The line flux limit \rightarrow H α - or [OII]-based SFRs on the MS for dwarf galaxies; below the MS at $M^*=10^{10} M_{\text{sun}}$
SNR $> \sim 3$ (Leung+2019) Texp=9hr on each galaxy \rightarrow ~ 12 galaxies in VESPER FOV (12 IFU!)
Survey of ~ 400 galaxies along SFR vs Mass plane \rightarrow 300 hours

VESPER can probe scales down to ~ 0.3 kpc at $z \sim 2$

