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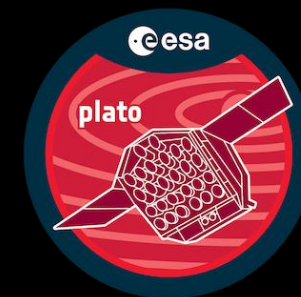
# Clusters in the PLATO field

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Bologna, 28/03/2024



- Stellar variability in Clusters
- Description of PLATO
- Stellar variability: Giants and  $\gamma$ -Doradus
- Open Clusters and Moving Groups
- Globular Clusters
- Conclusions

# Stellar variability in Clusters

## Advantages:

- Determination and calibration of stellar parameters (e.g. M, R, age) with high precision
- Models testing (e.g. convective cores, mass loss, rotation)
- Gyrochronology (see [Messina et al., 2022](#); [Lanza, 2022](#))
- Planets detection (e.g. transits; see [Nascimbeni et al., 2022](#))

## State of the art:

- Kepler:
  - 2 well populated Open Clusters (NGC 6791, NGC 6819)
  - Few young Open Clusters (e.g. NGC 6866)
- K2:
  - 80 days observations (not enough for stellar structure studies)

# PLATO

(PLAnetary Transits and Oscillations of stars)

- **Launch:** late 2026
- **Nominal mission duration:** 4 years
- **Science objectives:**
  - Constrain planet formation models
  - Constrain interior composition of terrestrial and gas planets
  - Characterise terrestrial planets in orbits up to the habitable zone around Sun-like stars
  - Determine stellar properties with asteroseismology



Mission	PSF (arcsec)
CoRoT (seismo)	914
TESS	84
<i>Kepler</i>	21
<b>PLATO</b>	<b>37</b>
HAYDN	1.3

# PLATO:

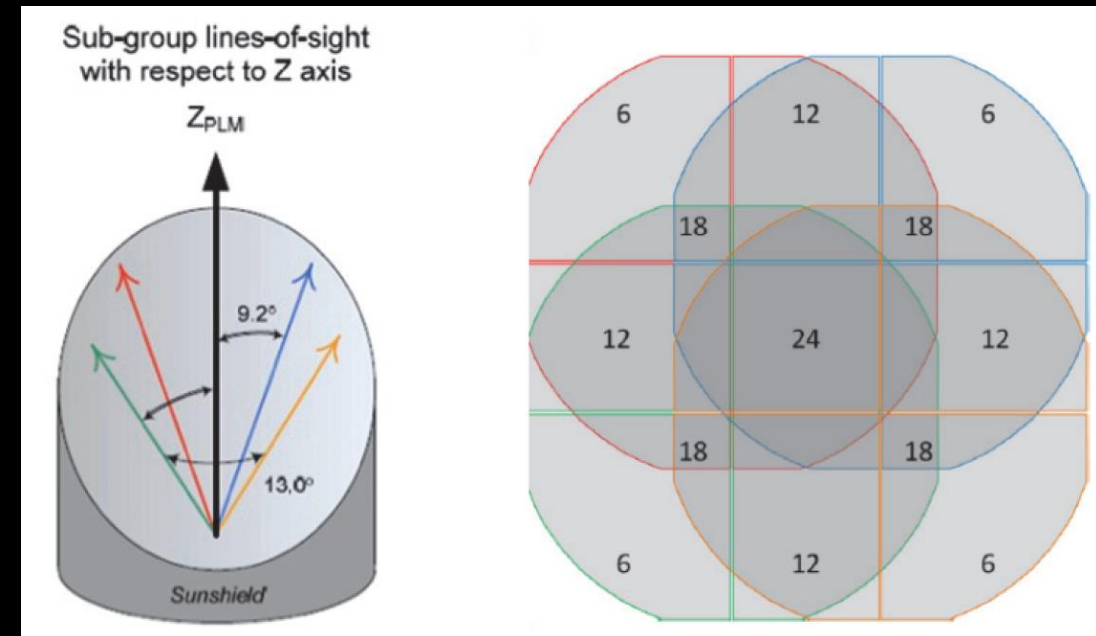
## The Payload Module

### 2 “fast” cameras:

- $8 > V > 4$
- cadence: 2.5s

### 24 “normal” cameras:

- $V > 8$
- cadence : 25 s
- divided into 4 groups of 6 cameras with the same FoV: the lines of sight of the 4 groups are misaligned by  $9.2^\circ$  from the PLM Z-axis, in order to cover a greater region of sky.

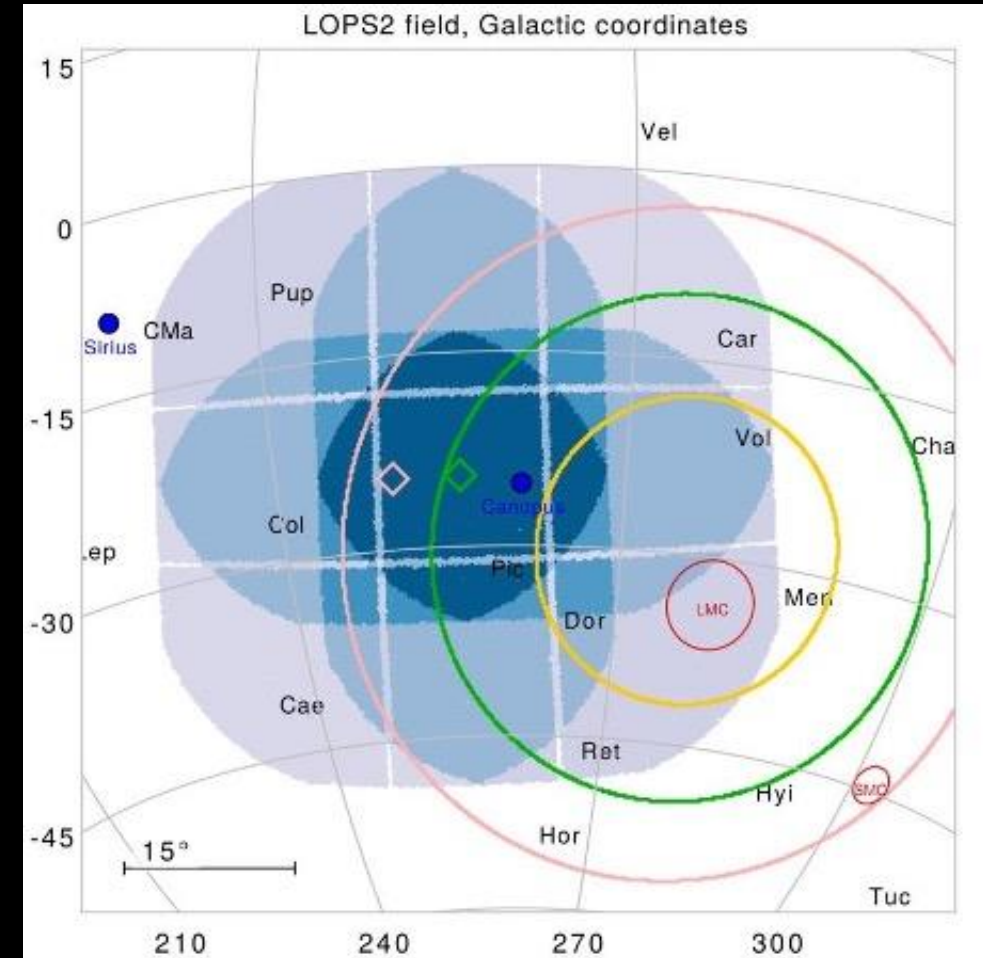


Credits: [PLATO Definition Study Report, 2017](#)

# PLATO LOPS2

(Long-duration Observation Phase field South 2)

- First field to be pointed by PLATO
- Monitored for at least two years
- Centred in:  
 $(\alpha, \delta) = (95.310417, -47.88694)$   
 $(l, b) = (255.9375, -24.62432)$



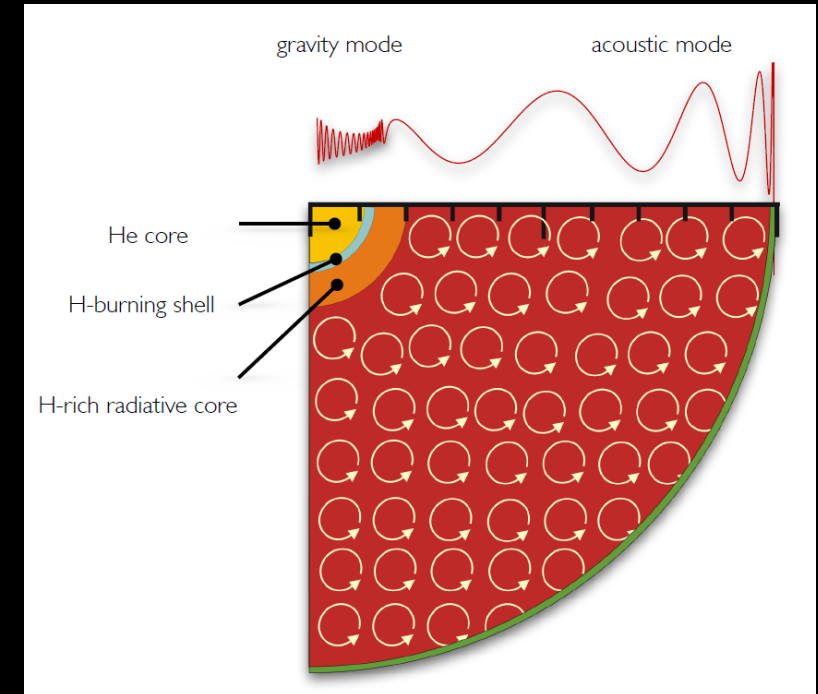
Credits: Nascimbeni et al., in prep.

# Stellar variability:

## Giant stars

### Asteroseismology of Giant Stars:

- Solar-like oscillations
- $\Pi \sim \text{hours}$
- Mixed modes:
  - g-like behaviour near the centre:  
core-contraction  $\rightarrow$  higher frequencies  
modes equally spaced in period
  - p-like behaviour in the envelope:  
envelope expansion  $\rightarrow$  lower frequencies  
modes equally spaced in frequency



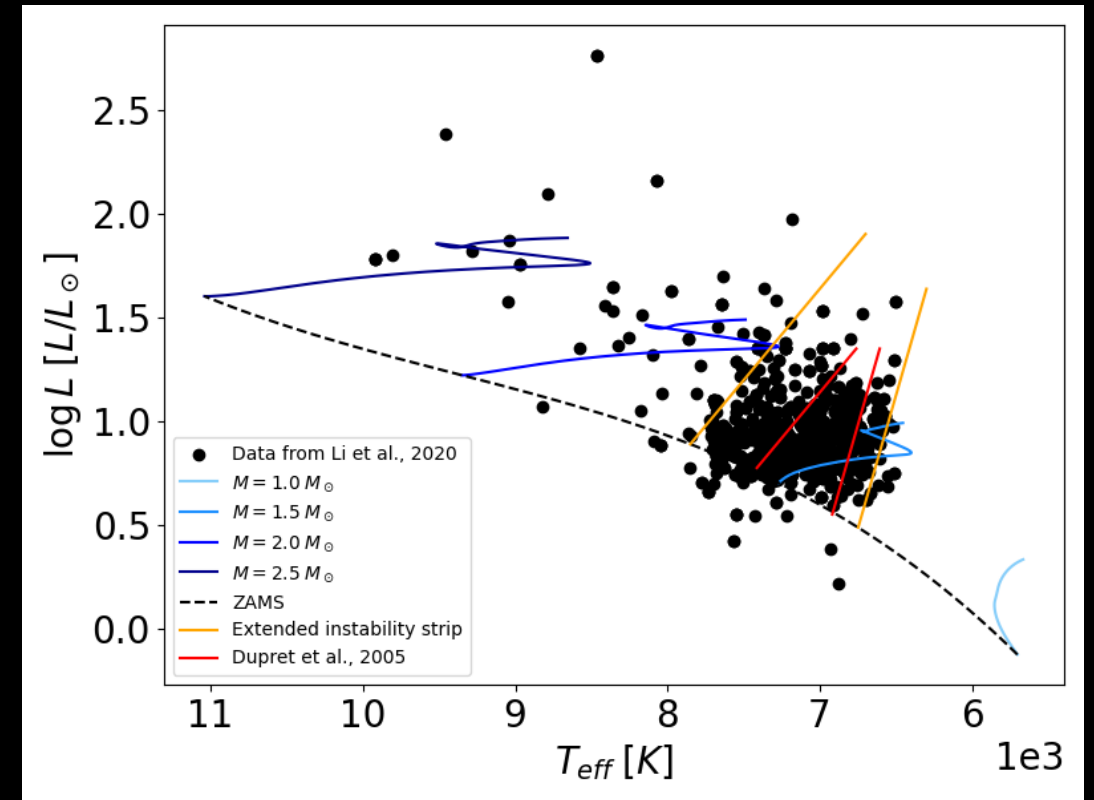
Credits: Miglio et al., 2021

# Stellar variability:

## $\gamma$ -Doradus stars

### Asteroseismology of $\gamma$ -Doradus stars:

- A- to F-type MS stars
- $M \sim 1.4 - 2.0 M_{\odot}$
- $\Pi \sim 0.3 - 3 \text{ days}$
- gravity modes with high radial order ( $100 \geq n \geq 20$ ) and low degree ( $l \leq 4$ )





# Open Clusters and Moving Groups

## IN THE PLATO LOPS2:

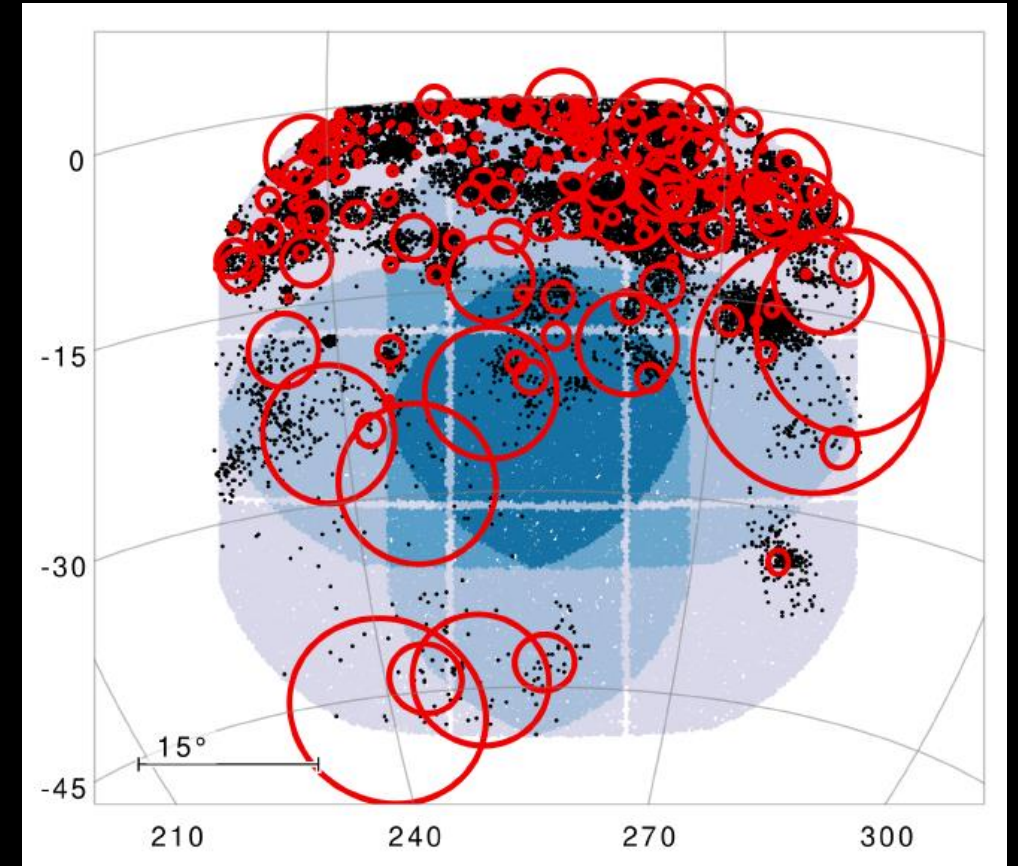
- Data from [Hunt & Reffert, 2023](#)
  - 366 Open Clusters (OCs)
  - 10 Moving Groups
- (private communication of Valerio Nascimbeni)

## Giant stars:

- 943 giants
- 686 brighter than  $G=15$
- Hopefully will be observed spectroscopically by 4MOST

## $\gamma$ -Doradus stars:

- 5249  $\gamma$ -Dors
- 1980 brighter than  $G=15$

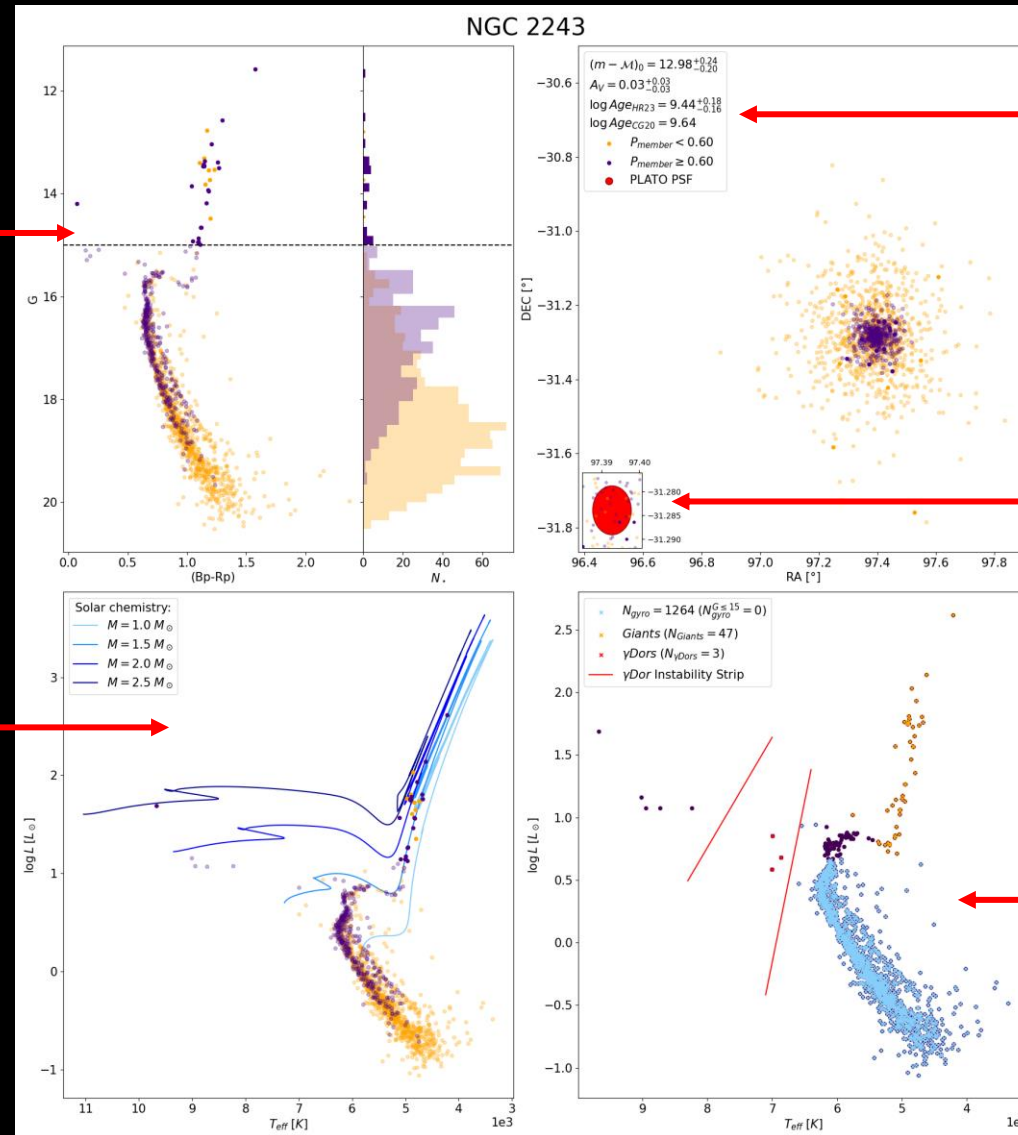


Credits: Nascimbeni et al., in prep.

# Open Clusters classification

CMD with magnitude cut at  $G=15$  and luminosity distributions above (solid points) and below (shaded points) the magnitude threshold

HRD computed with [Mucciarelli et al., 2021](#) (Bp-Rp)-Teff relation and containing evolutionary tracks of solar chemical composition



Cluster parameters: age is taken both from HR23 and CG20

Inset in the RA-DEC plane showing the PLATO PSF in the median position of the cluster

HRD with selected giants (orange),  $\gamma$ -Dors (red) and stars of interest for gyrochronology (light-blue)

# Globular clusters

## 2 GCs in the PLATO LOPS2:

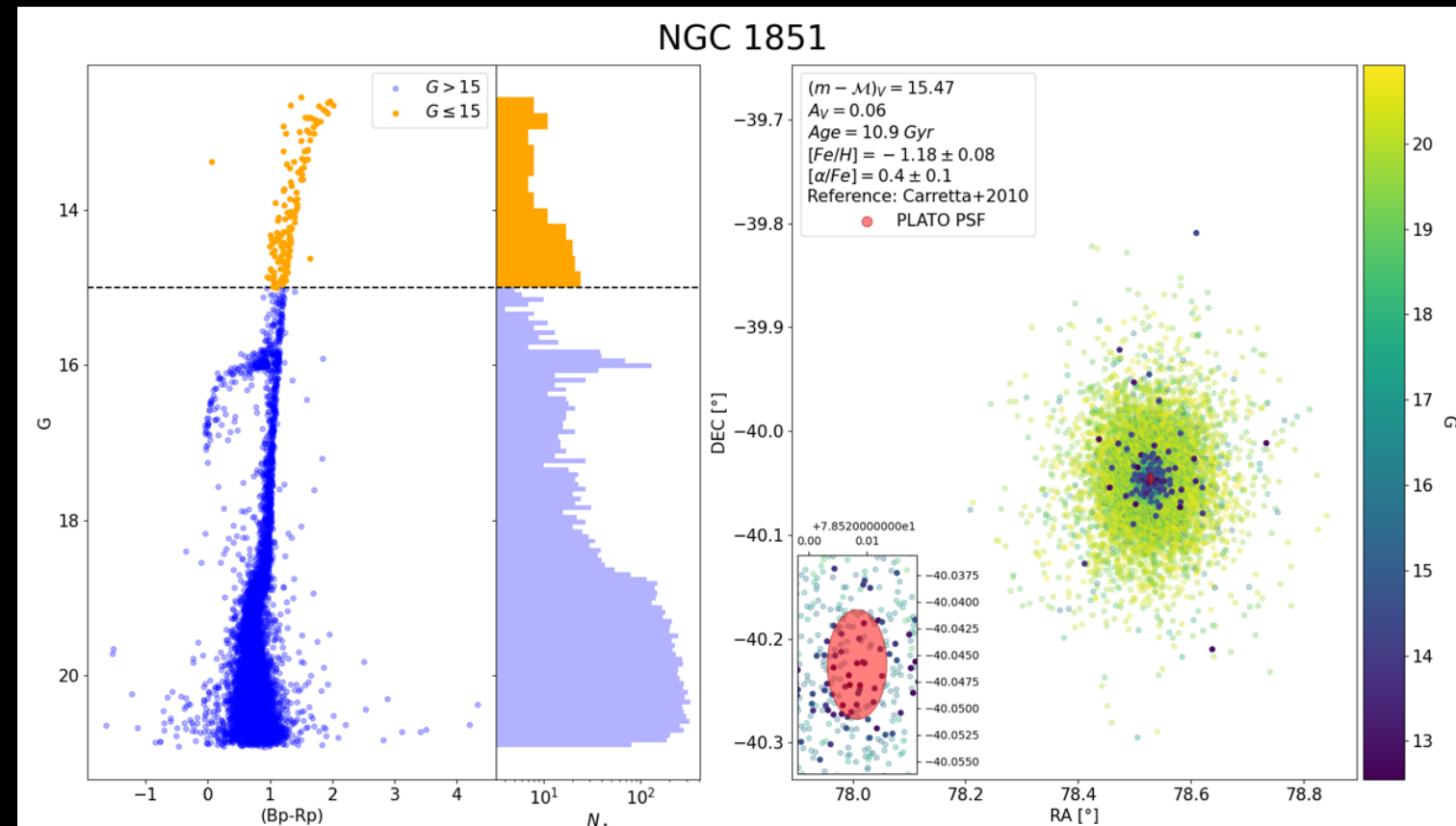
- NGC 1851
- NGC 2298

## Giants with $G \leq 15$ :

- NGC 1851: 149
- NGC 2298: 34

## Contamination:

- Counted stars within the PLATO PSF centered on each giant
- Counted stars brighter than  $G_{\text{giant}} + 3$  within the PLATO PSF



- We studied nearly 400 stellar associations (OCs, MGs, GCs) in the PLATO LOPS2
- We selected in those clusters giant stars and  $\gamma$ -Dors
- Next step: suggest those stars as targets for the PLATO Science Calibration and Verification catalog
- Evaluate PLATO expected performance on those targets