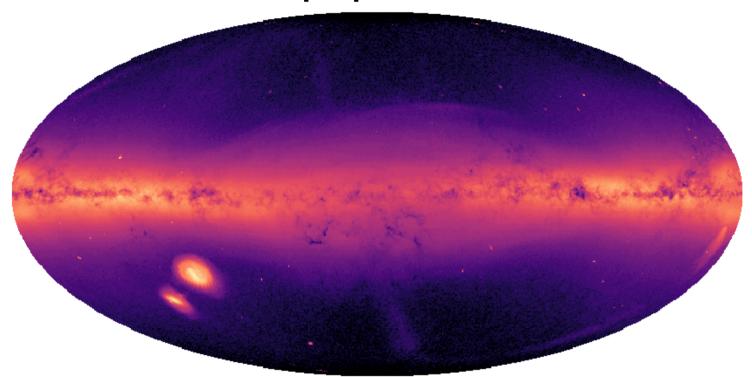
The Milky Way Assembly tale from its disc & substructures' properties



Chervin F. P. Laporte University of Barcelona





Institut de Ciències del Cosmos UNIVERSITAT DE BARCELONA



VIA LACTEA GA: 852839



European Research Council Established by the European Commission

VIA LACTEA Team





European Research Council Established by the European Commission



João Amarante



Emily Bregou



Matthew Orkney

VIA LACTEA Team





European Research Council Established by the European Commission



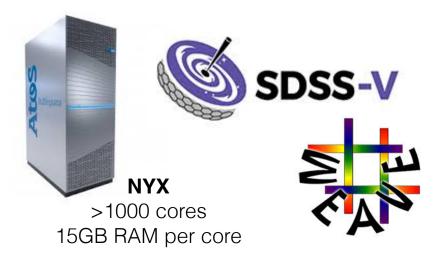
João Amarante



Emily Bregou



Matthew Orkney





VIA LACTEA Team





European Research Council Established by the European Commission



João Amarante

Talk

stellar halo structure & formation



Emily Bregou



Matthew Orkney

Poster

GSE & metal poor stars in the Galaxy

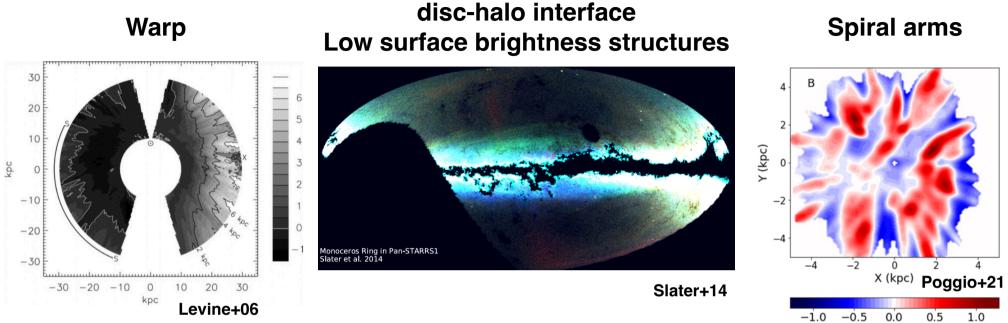
What can 99% of the baryons possibly tell us about the assembly history of the Milky Way?

100 kpc

100 kpc

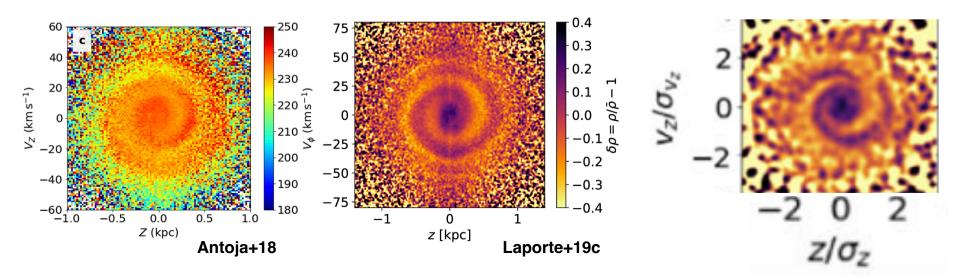
Bullock & Johnston (2005)

Springel et al. (2008)

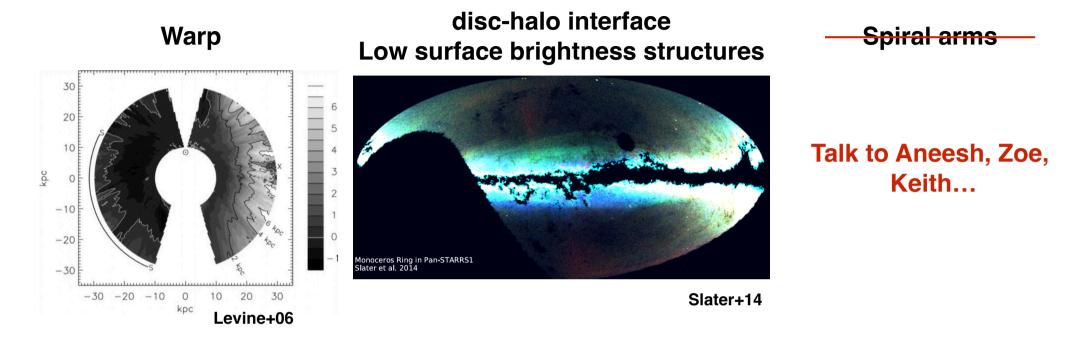


Overdensity

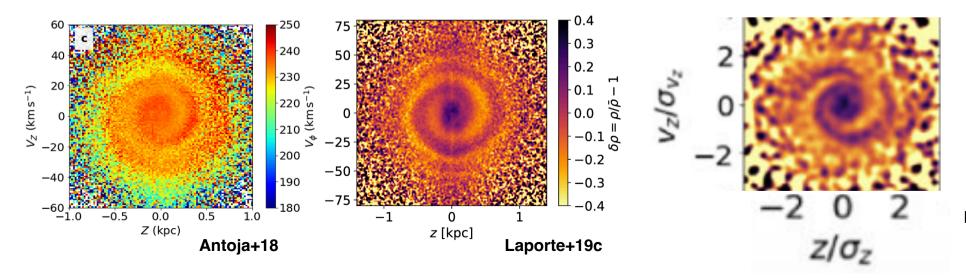
Phase-mixing across the disc



Hunt+22



Phase-mixing across the disc



Hunt+22

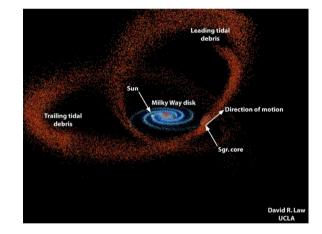
Accretion history of the Milky Way

 Magellanic Clouds: 2 Gyrs ago, LMC~2.5e11Msun (Penarrubia+16)



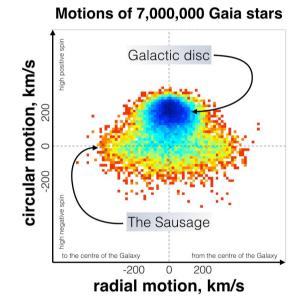
Accretion history of the Milky Way

- Magellanic Clouds: 2 Gyrs ago, LMC~2.5e11Msun (Penarrubia+16)
- Sagittarius: 6-8 Gyr ago, progenitor mass >6e10Msun (Gibbons+17, Laporte+18b), remnant mass 5e8Msun (Vasiliev+20).



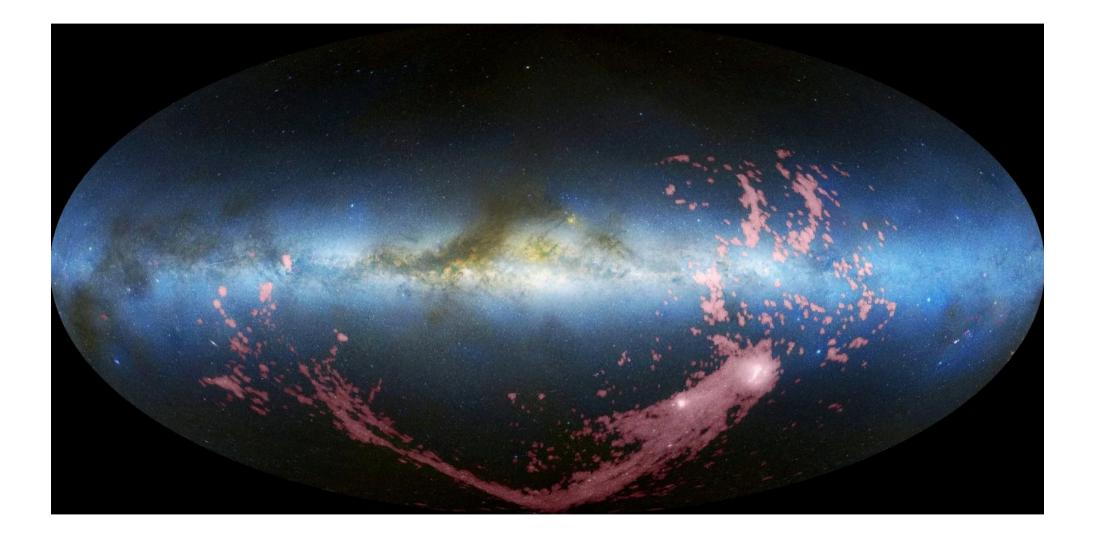
Accretion history of the Milky Way

- Magellanic Clouds: 2 Gyrs ago, LMC~2.5e11Msun (Penarrubia+16)
- Sagittarius: 6-8 Gyr ago, progenitor mass >6e10Msun (Gibbons+17, Laporte+18b), remnant mass 5e8Msun (Vasiliev+20).
- Gaia-Sausage-Enceladus ~10 Gyrs ago, LMC-mass (Belokurov+18, Helmi+18).

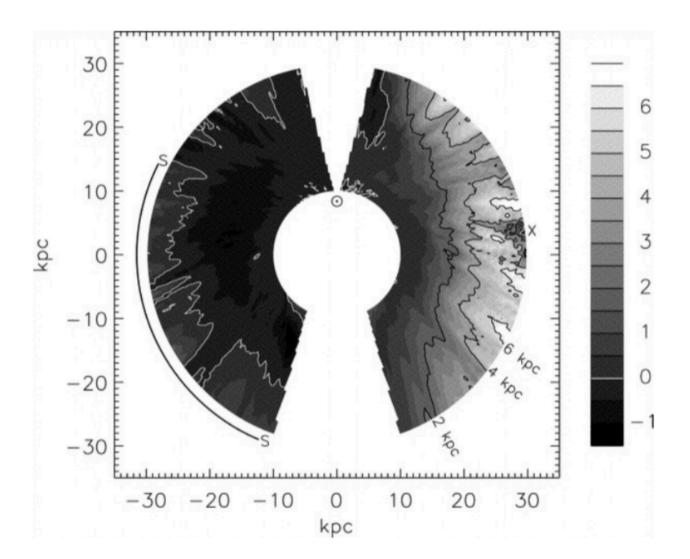


see also Chiba & Beers 2000, Brook+03, Meza+05 for earlier signs...

The LMC

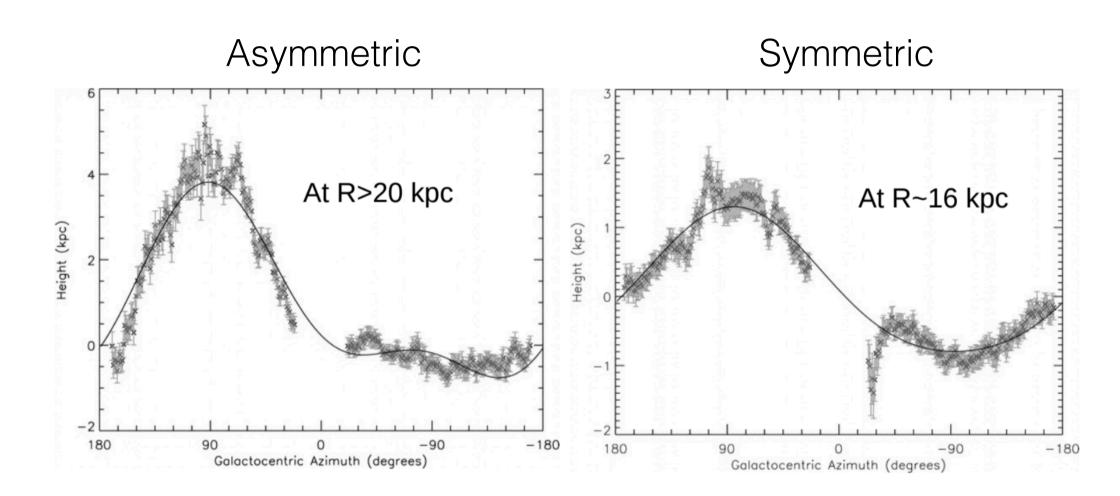


HI vertical Structure

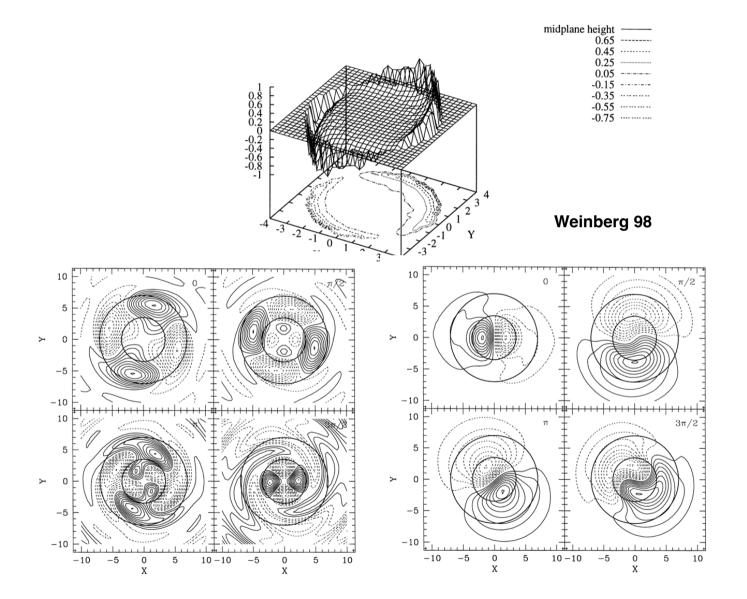


Levine et al. (2006)

Warp asymmetry

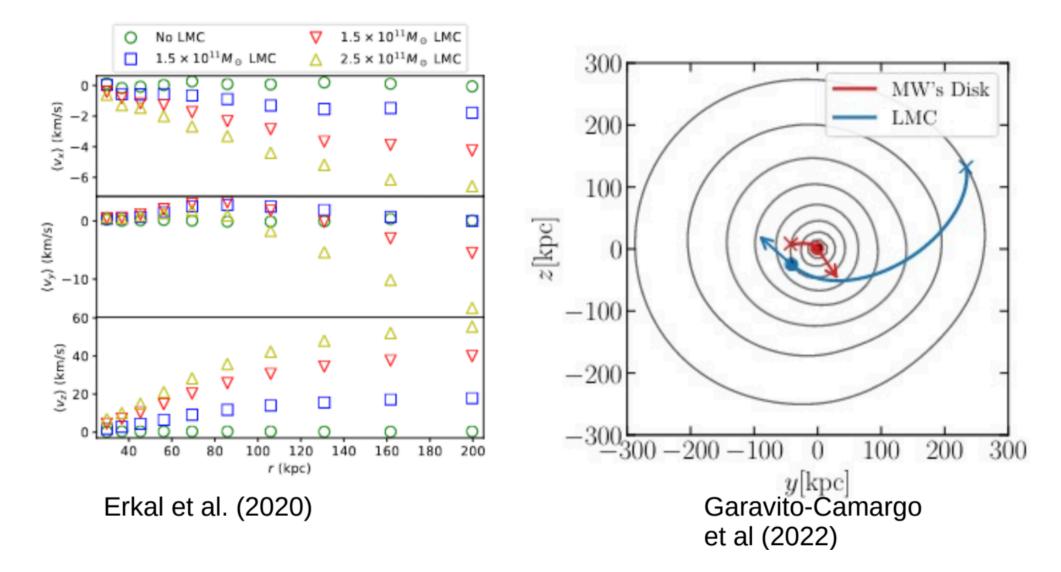


LMC-induced disequilibrium Dark matter halo wakes and warps

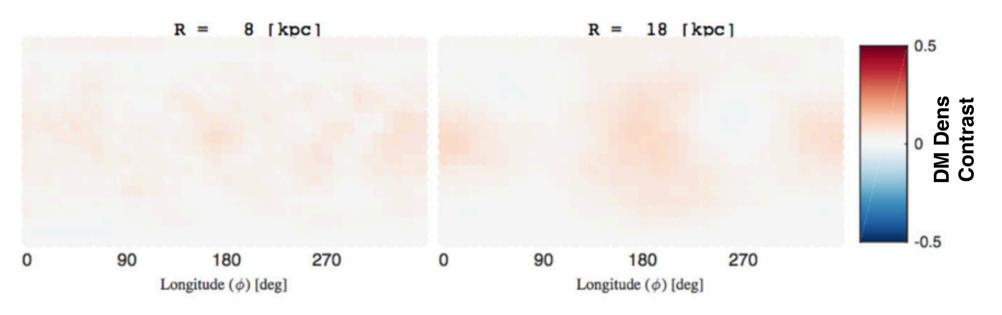


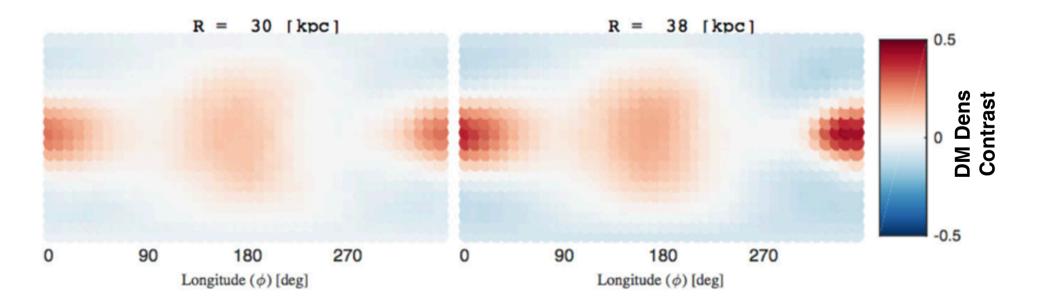
See also Gomez+16, Laporte+18a, Garavito-Camargo+19, Vasiliev+23

The LMC pulls the MW down



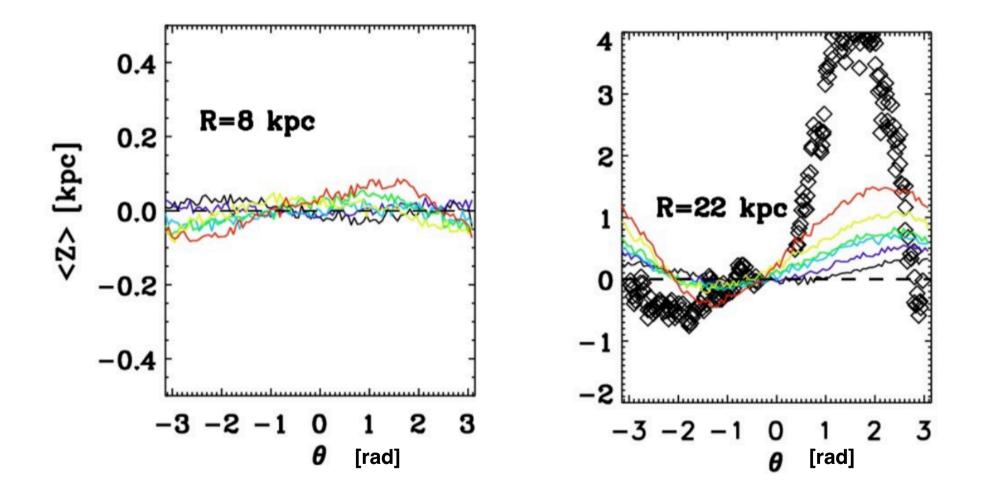
MW DM halo LMC-induced density dipole





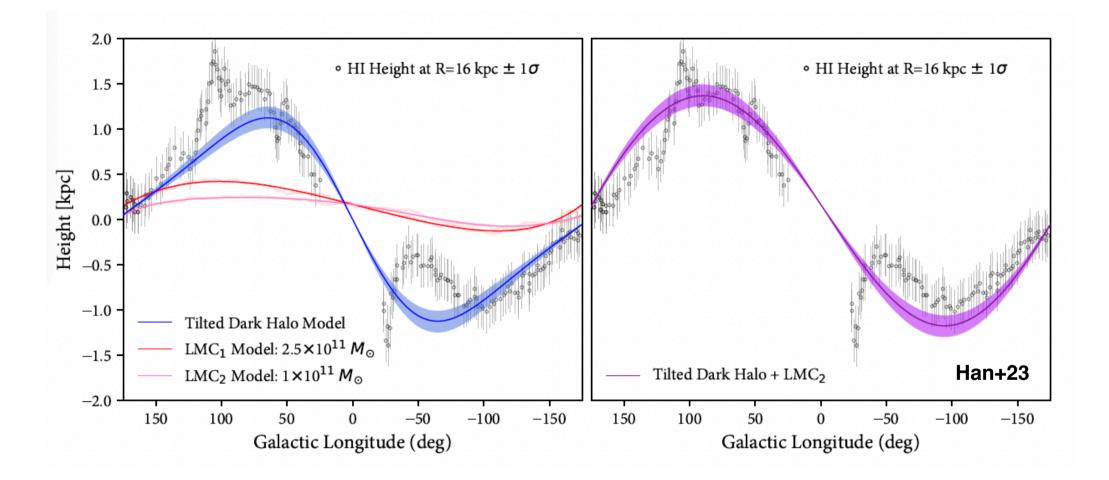
Laporte+18a

live N-body simulations of LMC on first infall orbit



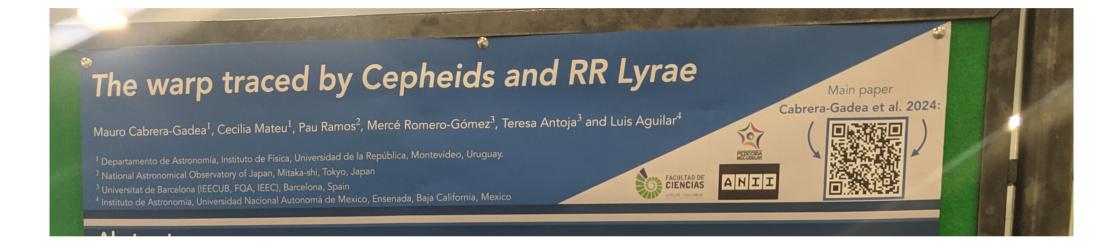
*See Han+23 for interpretation of flare/warp at radii =<16kpc

Warp at 16kpc (symmetric), evidence for a tilted DM halo?



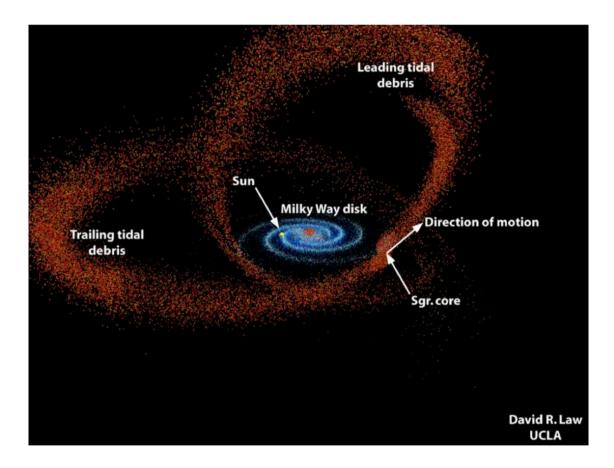
Or unreliable kinematically inferred distances (Reid et al. 2016)? Or something else

More on warps

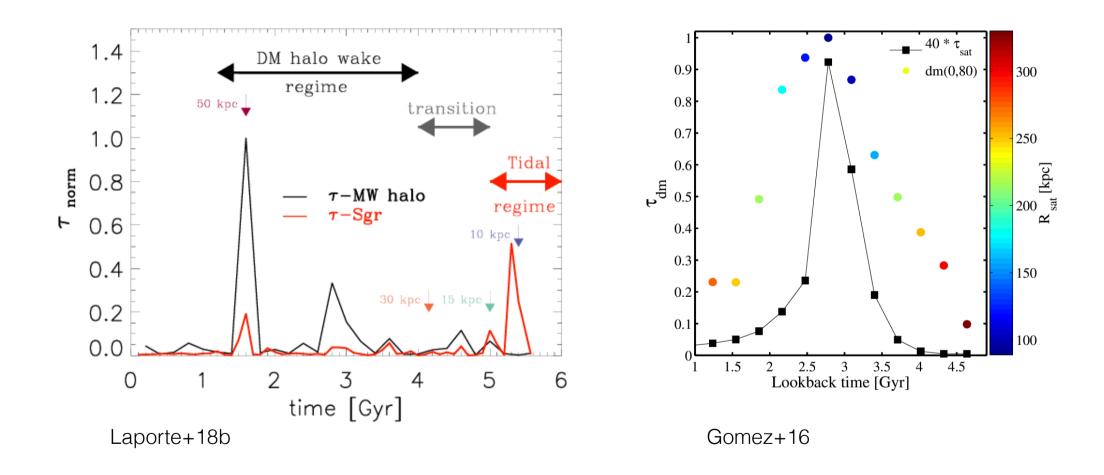


Talk to Mauro, Cecilia, Teresa

Dynamics of a Sgr-like galaxy and its impact on disc evolution

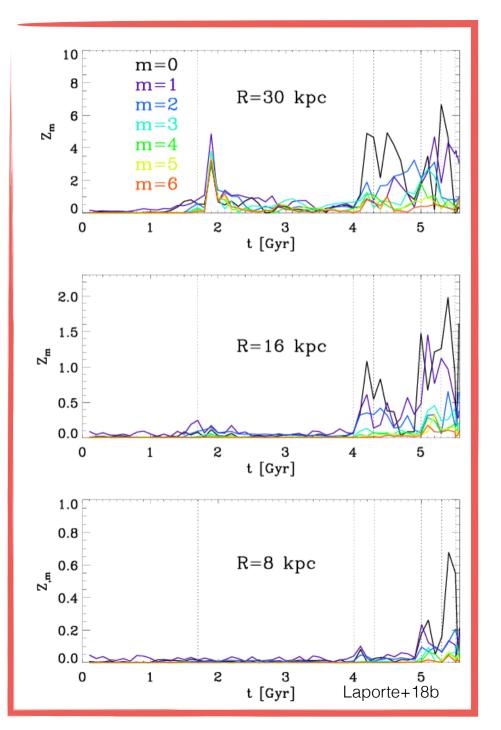


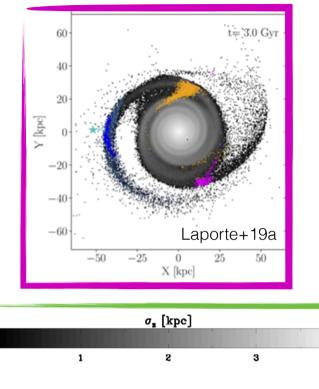
Torques from DM halo deformation & main body (optional*)

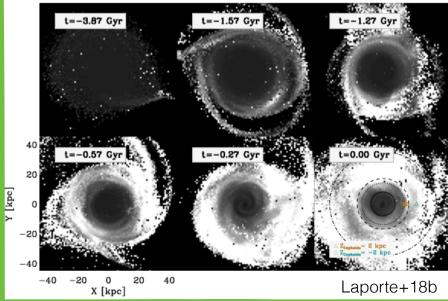


Sgr induces: bending, ripping, flaring, breathing in the disc

0





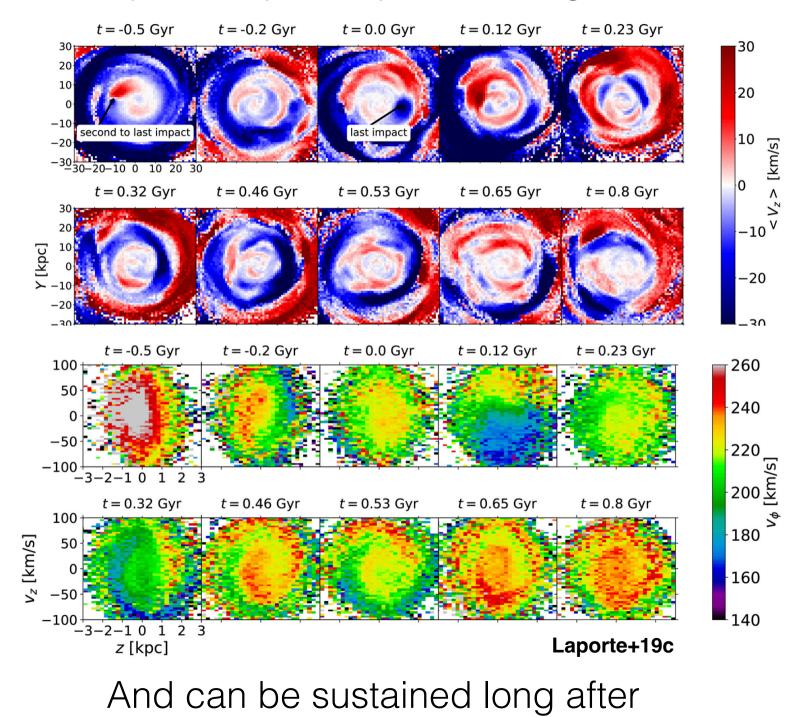


Sgr can seed phase-space spirals through wake or direct hit

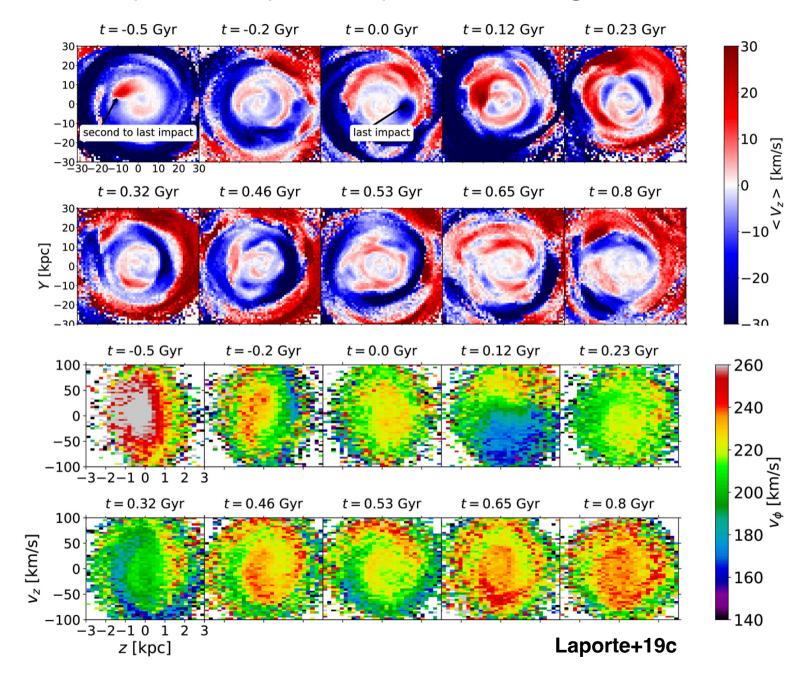
last pericentric passage of Sgr in its last phase of disruption. In Fig. 8, we show a time series of the mean vertical velocity of the disc. We note that as Sgr hits the disc, it excites vertical density waves throughout the whole disc, which are maintained on Gyr time-scales. One can discern by eye the local impacts of Sgr during each pericentric passages that give local velocity kicks of a few 10s of $\mathrm{km}\,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$ but also set new generations of bending waves for which the disc is globally perturbed as seen in the snapshot $\sim 100 \,\text{Myr}$ after the last pericentric passage. The latter phenomenon is unique to self-gravitating discs and missed in toy models of phase-mixing (Minchev et al. 2009; Antoja et al. 2018; Binney & Schönrich 2018). Moreover, throughout its interaction Sgr sets off previous generations of bending waves that also gave rise to phase-space spirals. Laporte+19c

See Rob Grand's talk on Friday

Sgr can seed phase-space spirals through wake or direct hit

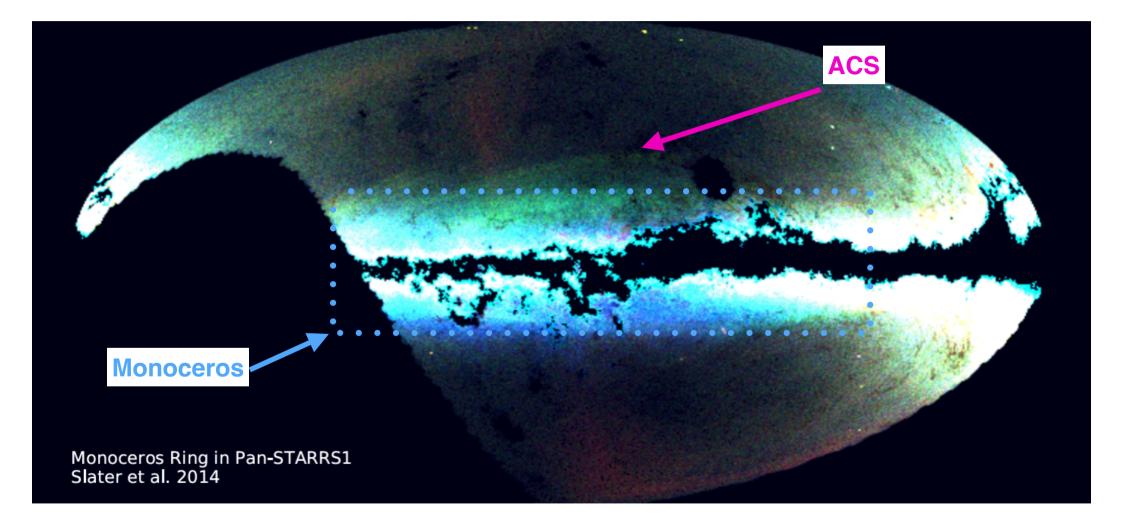


Sgr can seed phase-space spirals through wake or direct hit

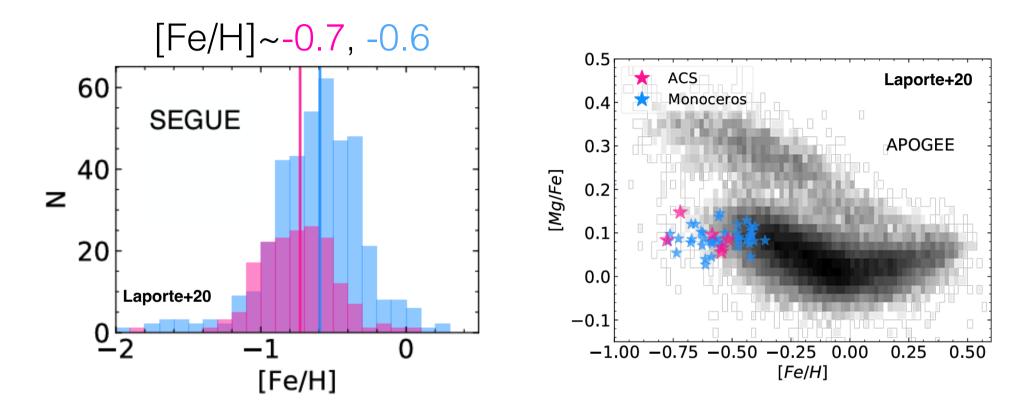


See also Bland-Hawthorn+21, Hunt+21, Hunt+22, Grand+23

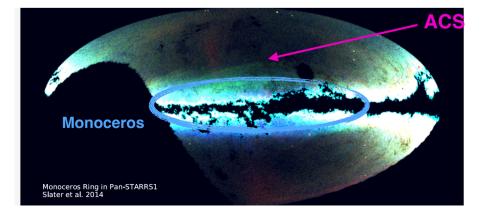
The Galactic outer disc



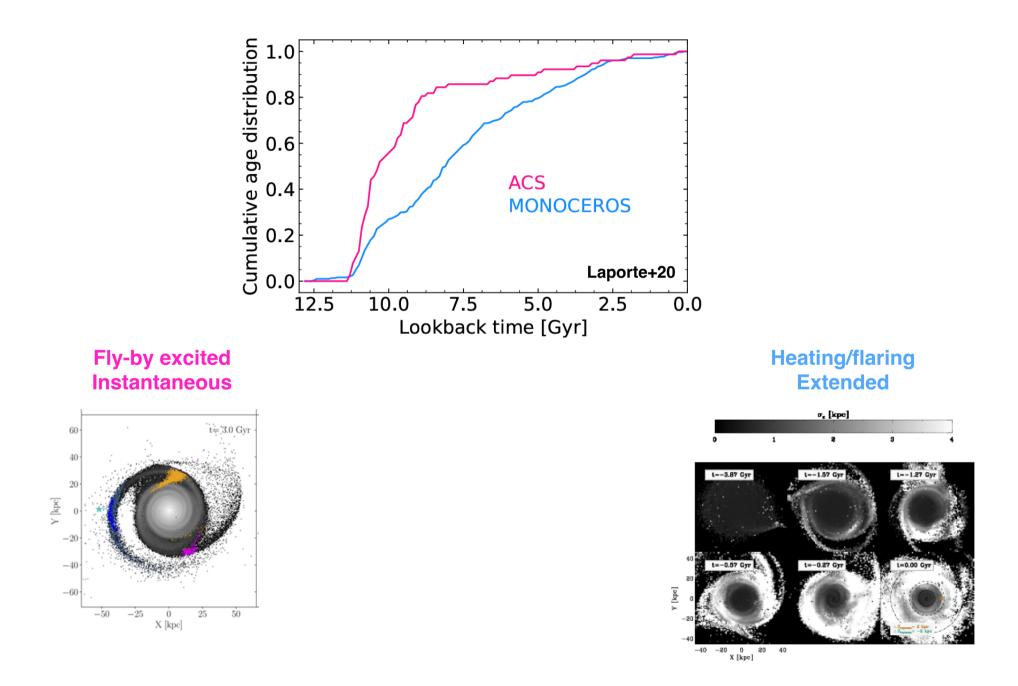
Confirming the disc origin of these stars in kinematics & chemistry



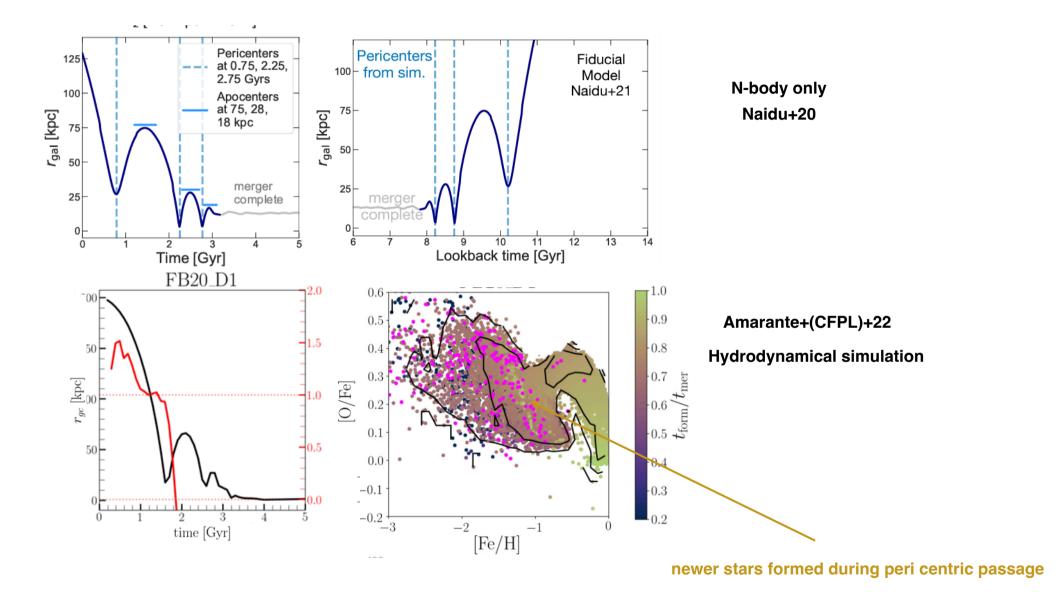
If Monoceros & ACS were dwarf debris They'd blow up the stellar halo by a factor 6



Formation histories of ACS & Monoceros

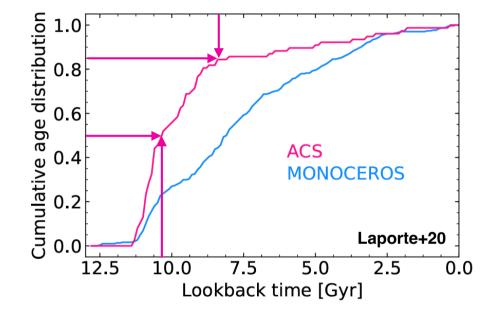


When did the GSE merge?



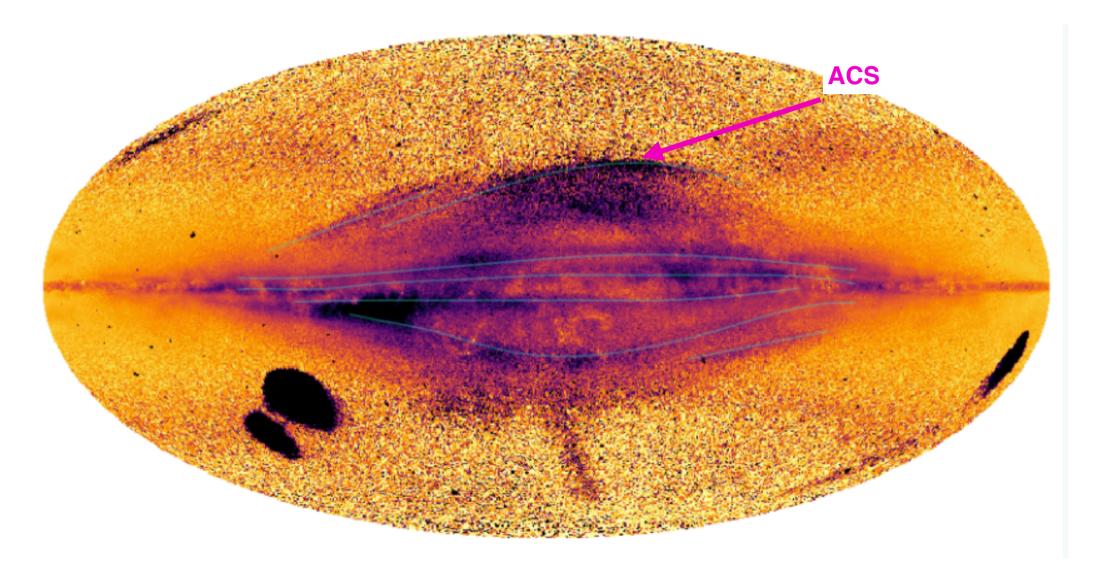
predicted SF in GSE host at ~ 8-9Gyr look back time associated Possibly found by Horta+24?

At face value low-alpha disc was already forming at z~2

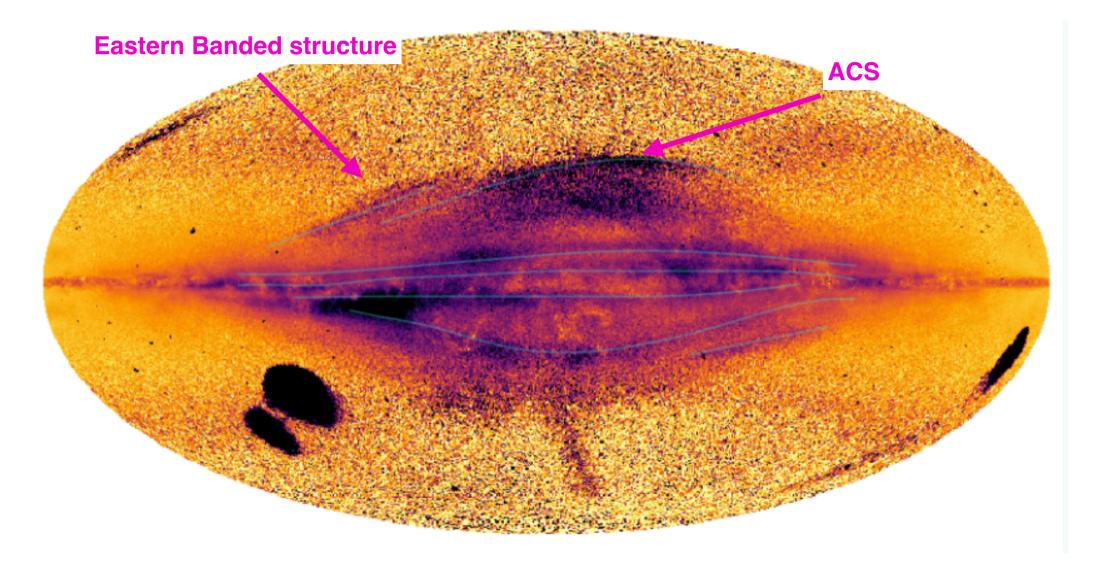


At face value low-alpha disc was already forming at z~2

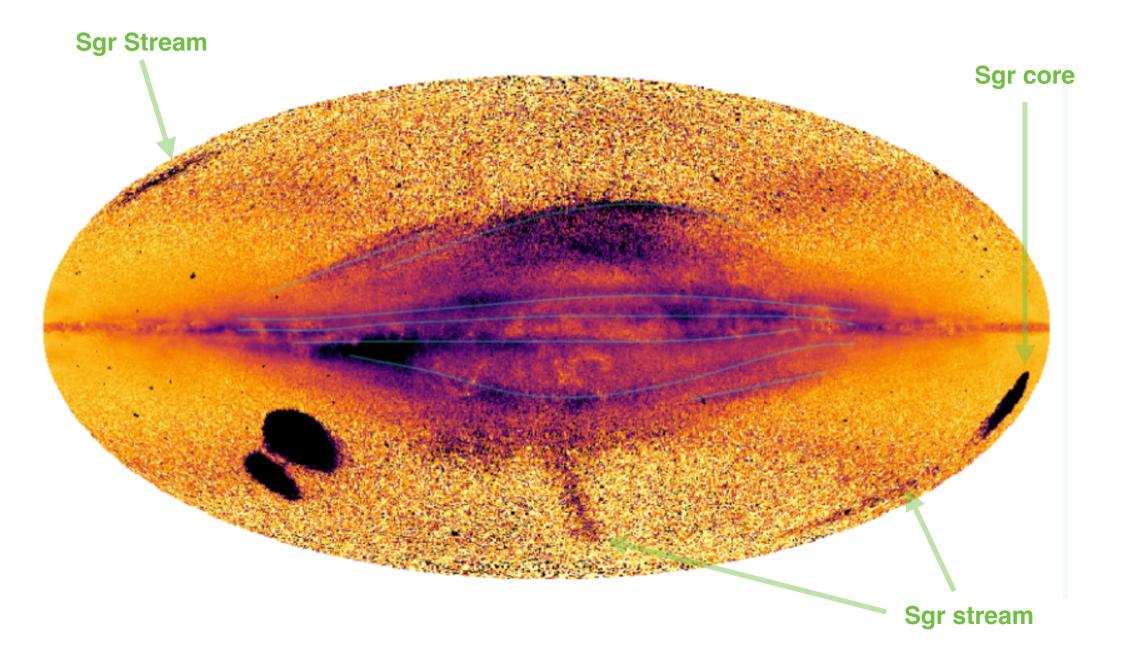
Unveiling the Milky Way's mid-plane structure



Unveiling the Milky Way's mid-plane structure



Unveiling the Milky Way's mid-plane structure



Conclusions and some open issues

- LMC affects the halo and the disc: the *antisymmetric* shape/structure of the HI warp at R>20kpc is a manifestation of the LMC pulling the MW disc down (Laporte+18a).
- A Sgr-like dwarf galaxy **seed a diverse number of large/small scale perturbations** *across the entire disc* through the action of the DM halo response, main body which can be sustained by disc's self-gravity long after the perturbation (Laporte+18b, Laporte+19c, Hunt+22).
- Despite a similar metallicity distribution as Monoceros, ACS has a very different cumulative age distributions, gives glimpse into early phases of low-alpha disc formation (Laporte+20) but also clues the dynamical mechanism(s) at play in its formation process.
- At face value, suggests that low-alpha disc was already forming at z~2, suggesting that GSE possibly played no role in the formation of the low-alpha sequence (see also Beraldo e Silva+21, Gent+24).
- However, if ages were uncertain by 20%, this could all be reconciled with Sgr induced excitation, but this should affect both high/low-alpha stars alike and does not get rid of the existence of co-eval low-alpha stars with ages consistent with tform z~2.

What can 99% of the star in the Milky Way tell us about its assembly tale?

That what makes up the remaining 1% may be more important than you initially thought.

100 kpc

100 kpc

Bullock & Johnston (2005)

Springel et al. (2008)