



A STUDY OF PRIMORDIAL VERY MASSIVE STAR EVOLUTION

an artist's impression of CR7: a distant galaxy that may contain primordial stars. credit: ESO/M. Kornmesser

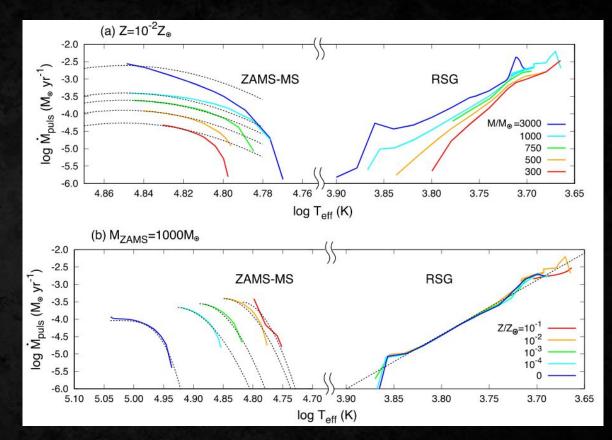
GUGLIELMO VOLPATO IFPU FOCUS WEEK: ENIGMATIC FIRST STARS AND WHERE TO FIND THEM 15/05/2023

MASS LOSS: A KEY INGREDIENT IN MASSIVE STAR EVOLUTION

LINE DRIVEN WINDS
DUST DRIVEN WINDS
PULSATION DRIVEN WINDS

MASS-LOSS RATE FROM NAKAUCHI ET AL. 2020

TWO DISTINCT REGIMES CORRESPONDING ΤΟ ε AND κ MECHANISM

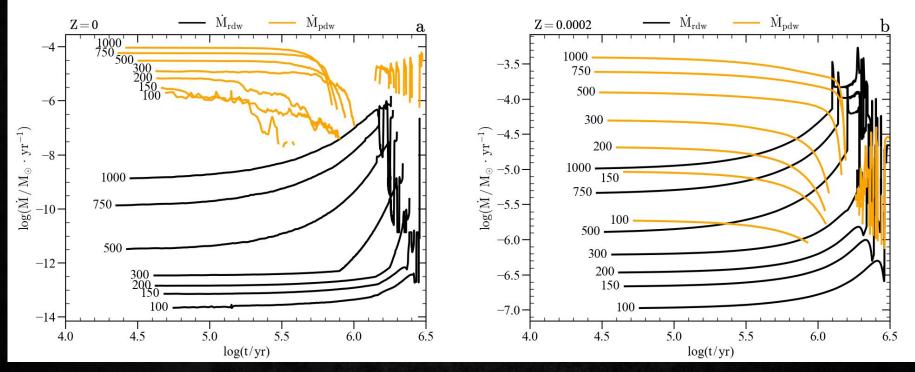


adapted from Fig. 5 of Nakauchi et al. (2020)

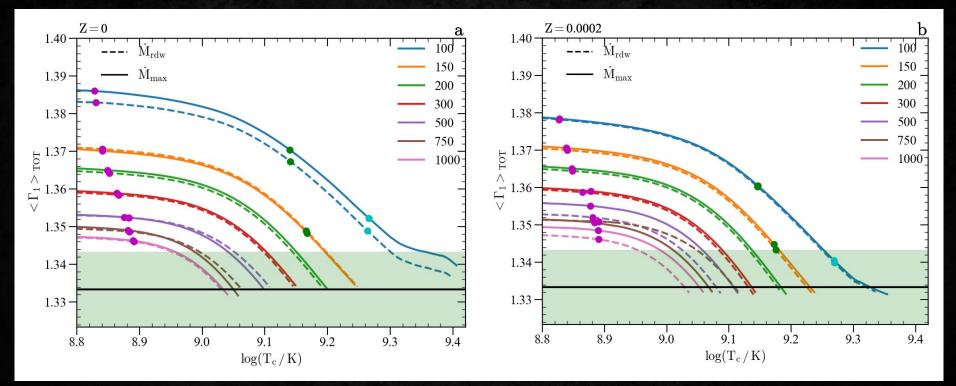
STELLAR EVOLUTION MODELS

★ Z_i = 10⁻¹¹ (0.0); 0.0002 ★ M_i/M_☉ = 100, 150, 200, 300, 500, 750, 1000 ★ mass-loss type: radiation-driven (rdw); pulsation-driven (pdw)

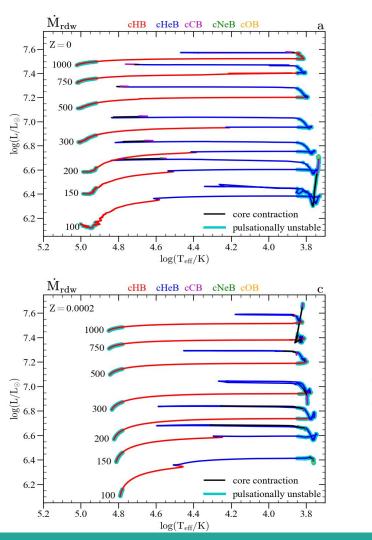
RADIATION-DRIVEN VS PULSATION-DRIVEN

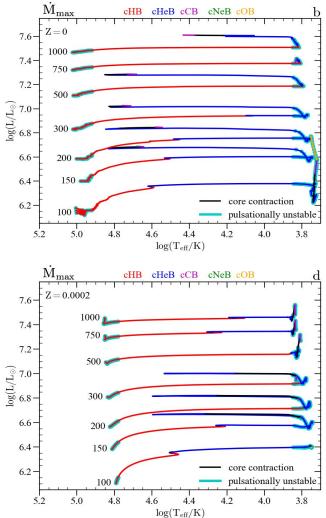


END OF STELLAR EVOLUTION CALCULATIONS



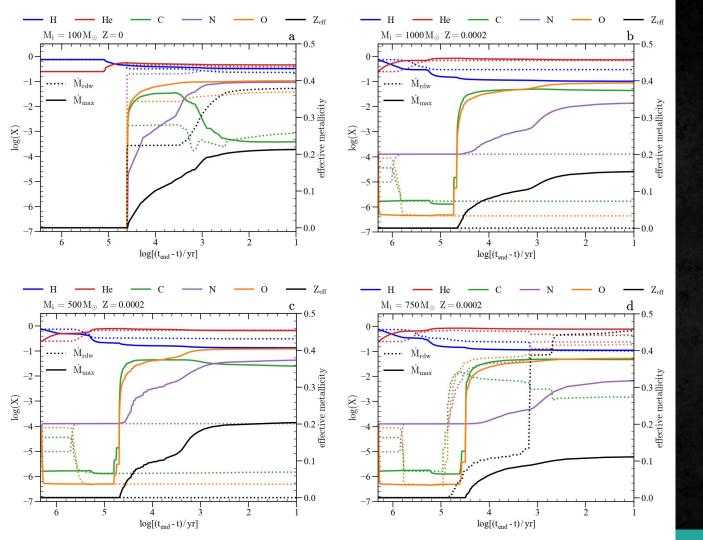
EVOLUTION IN THE HR DIAGRAM





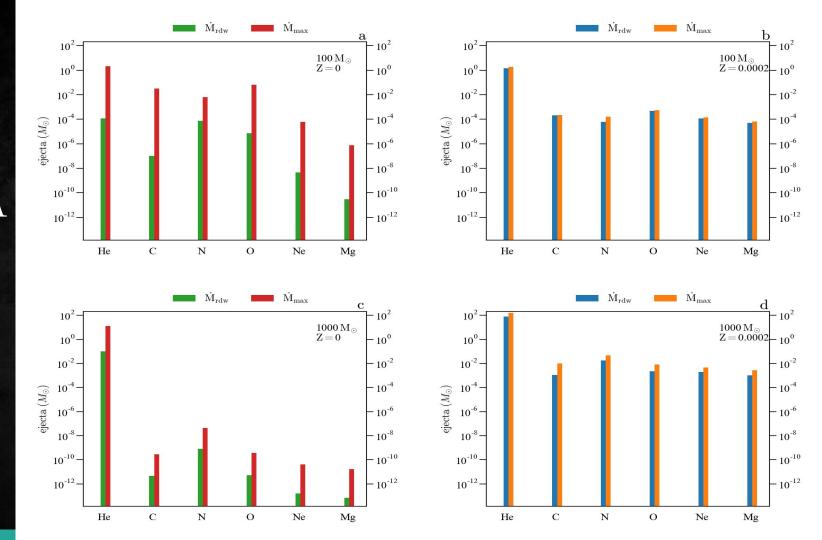
INTERNAL STRUCTURE OF THE MODELS: THE KIPPENHAHN DIAGRAM Volpato et al. (2023)

 $\dot{\mathrm{M}}_{rdw}~\mathrm{M}_{i}=100\,\mathrm{M}_{\odot}~\mathrm{Z}=0$ \dot{M}_{rdw} $M_i = 750 \, M_{\odot}$ Z = 0.0002 \dot{M}_{rdw} $M_i = 1000 \, M_{\odot}$ Z = 0.0002 \mathbf{a} C 100 1000 700 80 600 -800-500 $M\left(M_{\odot}\right)$ 60 600 (°W) 400 -W W $M\left(M_{\odot}\right)$ 40 300-400 -200-20-200-100 - $\log[(t_{end} - t)/yr]$ $\log[(t_{end} - t)/yr]$ $\log[(t_{end} - t)/yr]$ \dot{M}_{max} $M_i = 100 \, M_{\odot}$ Z = 0 \dot{M}_{max} $M_i = 750 \, M_{\odot}$ Z = 0.0002d $\dot{\rm M}_{\rm max}~{\rm M}_{\rm i} = 1000\,{\rm M}_{\odot}~{\rm Z} = 0.0002$ b 1000 100 700 600 800 80 500 60 600 $M\left(M_{\odot}\right)$ (°W) 400 -W W $M\left(M_{\odot}\right)$ 300 400 40 KZZZKZKZ THE TOTAL TITA TO ANTI 200 -20-200 100 $\log[(t_{end} - t)/yr]$ $\log[(t_{end} - t)/yr]$ $\log[(t_{end} - t)/yr]$



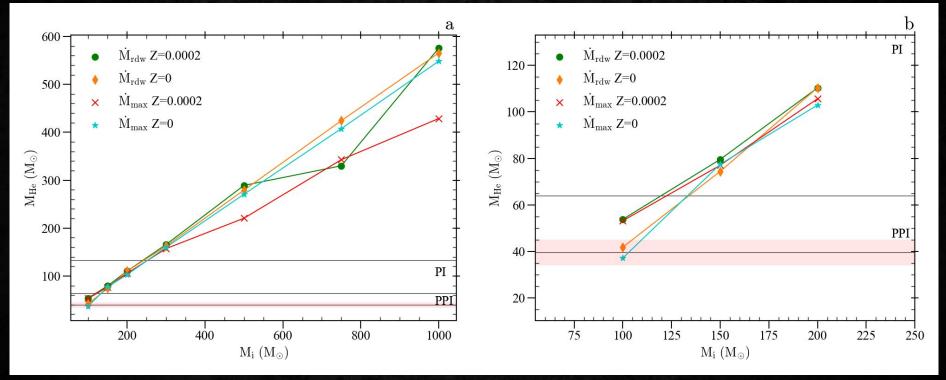
SURFACE ABUNDANCE EVOLUTION

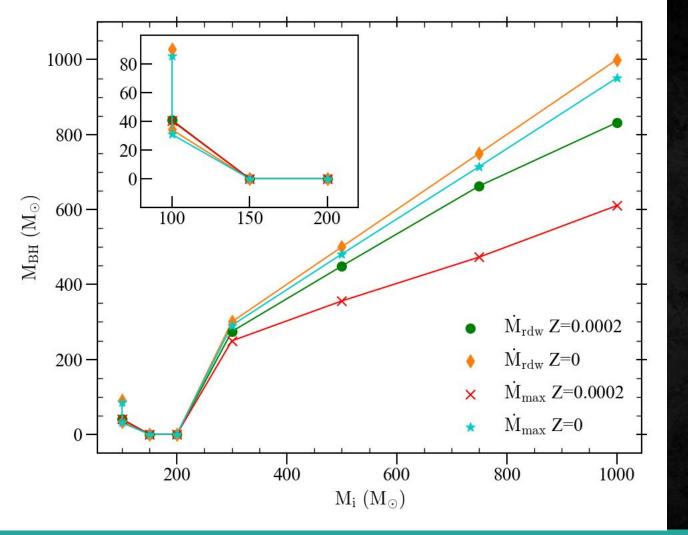
EJECTA MASS



Volpato et al. (2<u>023)</u>

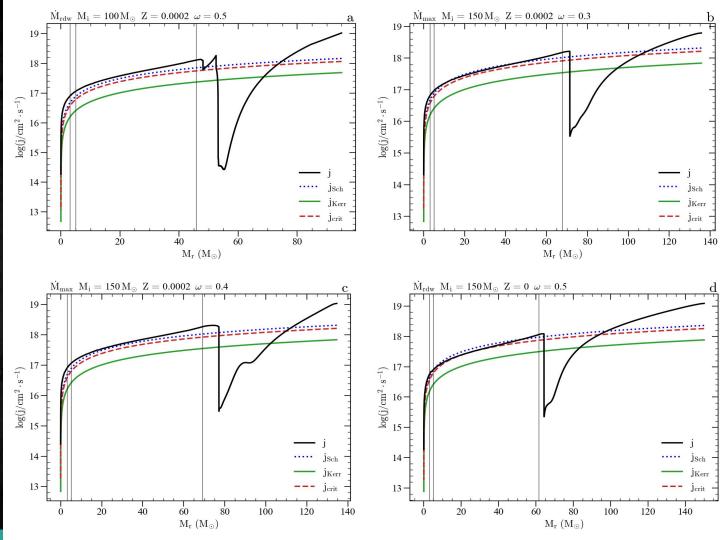
M_{He} AND FINAL FATE OF THE MODELS





EXPECTED MASS OF THE REMNANTS

FUTURE WORK: <u>ROTATING</u> PRIMORDIAL VERY MASSIVE STARS



Volpato et al. (to be submitted)

CONCLUSIONS & DISCUSSION LINKS

- ✤ NEW MODELS WITH INCLUSION OF PULSTION-DRIVEN WINDS
- ✤ PDW → HIGHER MASS EJECTA, ISM CHEMICAL ENRICHMENT
- ★ M₁ / M_☉ ≥ 300 → DUP; 150-200 M_☉ → PISN: PRIMORDIAL BHMG; 100 M_☉ → PPISN/fCCSN: ANOTHER POSSIBLE PATHWAY FOR BH IN MASS RANGE 40/65 - 120 M_☉
- ♦ ADDING ROTATION → POSSIBLE PRIMORDIAL GRB PROGENITORS
- ♦ JWST → PROBING PROPERTIES OF POP III STARS?
- ★ ET, CE, LISA, DECIGO: GW FROM BH MERGERS WITH ~ 10^2 - 10^4 M_☉ UP TO Z ~ $20 \rightarrow$ CONSTRAINING PROPERTIES OF POP III STARS?