CHARACTERIZATION OF 3C RADIO-GALAXIES ENVIRONMENT

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SCIENTIFIC BACKGROUND

- Radio Galaxies (RGs) preferentially inhabit galaxy-rich large-scale environments (e.g., Tasse et al. 2008)
- Ideal laboratories to investigate formation and evolution of cosmological structures (e.g., Ineson et al. 2013, 2015)
- Previous work by Massaro et al., 2020 at z < 0.15 showed that independently of their radio (FR I vs FR II) classification RGs tend to inhabit galaxy-rich large-scale environments with similar richness
- Same results are obtained for optical (HEG vs LEG) classification, even though less statistically significant

SAMPLE OF 3C GALAXIES

- 69 radio-galaxies with 0.05 < z < 0.3
- 22 LEG
- 31 HEG
- 16 BLO

- 33 radio-galaxies with 0.02 < z < 0.1
- 12 FR I
- 21 FR II

Radio Galaxy Optical Classes



■LEG ■HEG ■BLO

RADIO-GALAXY DISTRIBUTION WITH REDSHIFT

- Kolmogorov-Smirnov tests
 P_(HEG vs. BLO) ~ 0.32
 P_(HEG vs. LEG) ~ 0.96
 P_(HEG+BLO vs. LEG) ~ 0.86
- Median Values $N_{LEG} = 0.19 \pm 0.02$ $N_{HEG} = 0.18 \pm 0.02$ $N_{BLO} = 0.15 \pm 0.02$





PAN-STARRS SURVEY

- Photometric survey
- Five filters (g, r, i, z and y)

Apparent magnitude limit in g ~ 23.3 (Chambers et al., 2016)



EXTRACTION REGION

r = 500 kpc

 Background regions at 5 Mpc distance from the source



METHOD – RED SEQUENCE



COLOR MAGNITUDE DIAGRAM FOR OPTICAL CLASSES



3C Source

SDSS Spectroscopic Companions

Red Sequence Sources



COUNTING RED SEQUENCE SOURCES



Same absolute magnitude limit for every source



FINAL RESULTS – OPTICAL CLASSES



Median LEG 33 \pm 12

Median HEG+BLO = 18 ± 7

Kolmogorov-Smirnov P ~ 0.21

COLOR MAGNITUDE DIAGRAM FOR LOW REDSHIFT FR I AND FR II

Stellar contamination and low signal to noise ratio Selection of extended sources



COLOR MAGNITUDE DIAGRAM FOR LOW REDSHIFT FR I AND FR II



The extended sources (in blue) are just a small fraction of the objects in the CMD.

Stellar contamination is avoided and errors associated to measurements decreased.

FINAL RESULTS – MORPHOLOGICAL CLASSES (0.002 < Z < 0.1)



Median FR II = 32 ± 7

Median FR I = 19 ± 13

Kolmogorov-Smirnov P ~ 0.8

CONCLUSIONS

- Radio-galaxies inhabit different environments
- The optical classes are not statistically different
- No LEGs in poor environments
- The morphological classes FR-I and FR-II are also not statistically different

There is no connection between environment and nuclear activity!