

Modelling primordial magnetic fields in galaxy clusters

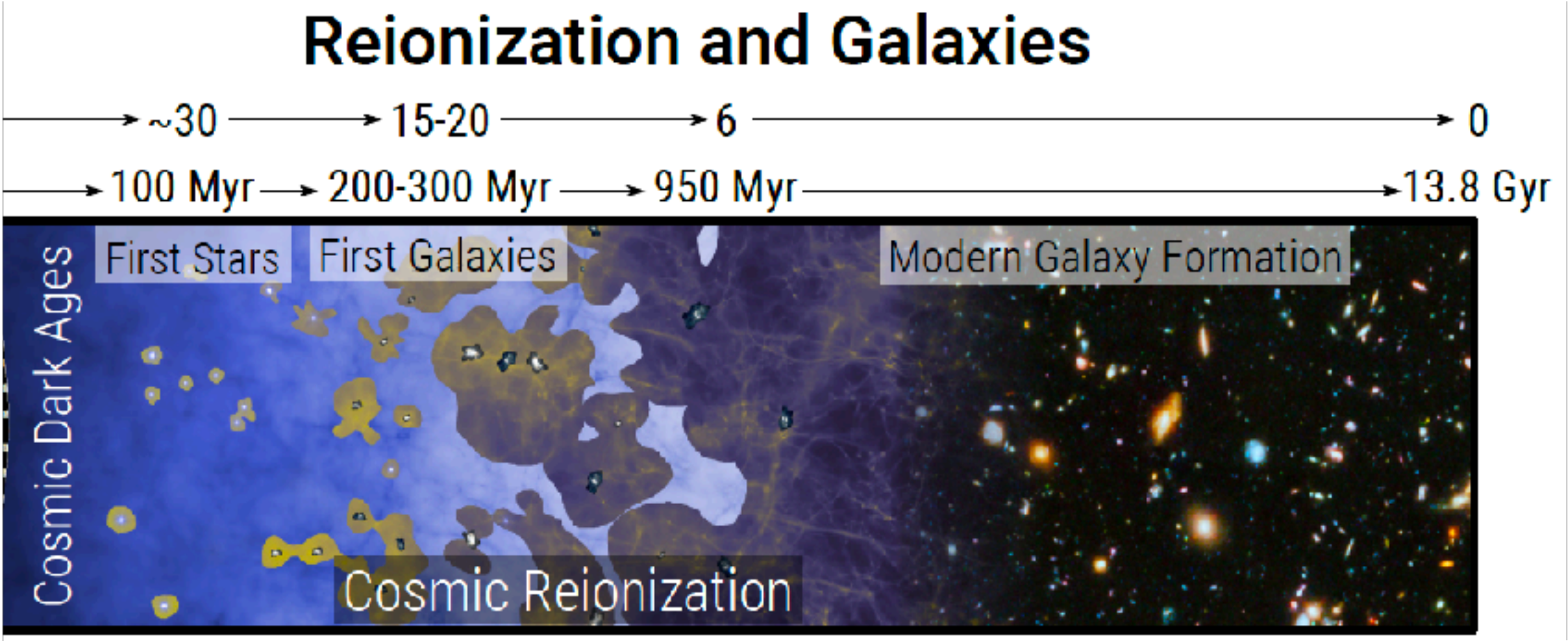
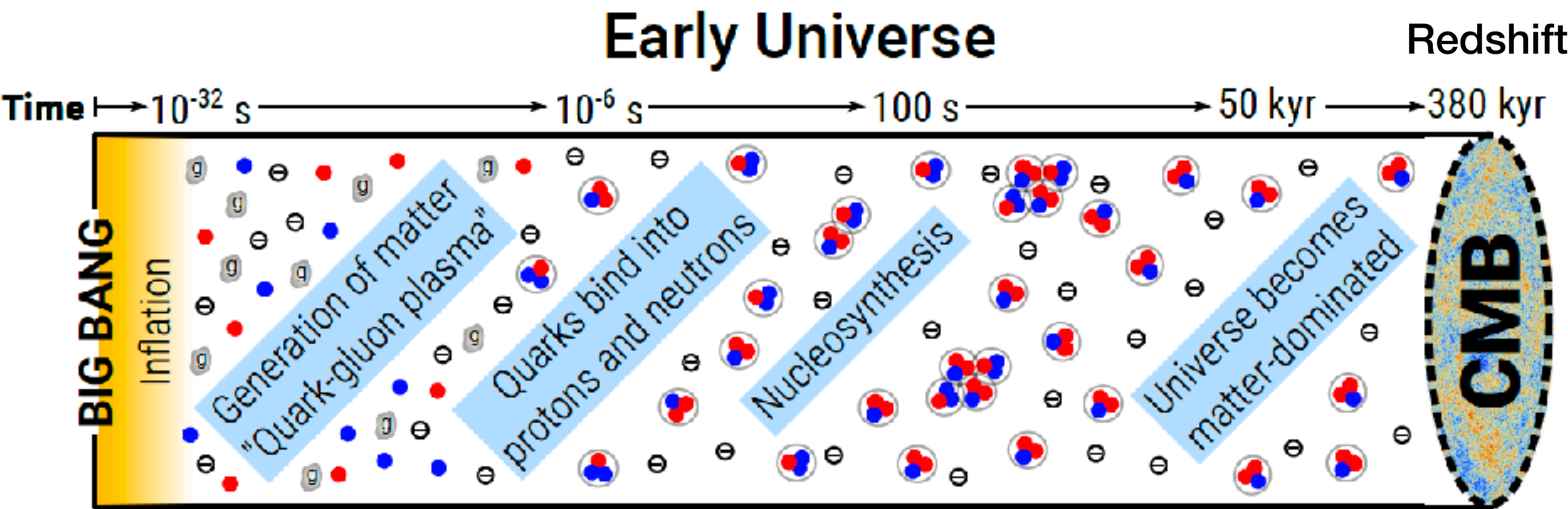
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Origin of magnetic fields



Credit: Wise et al. 2019

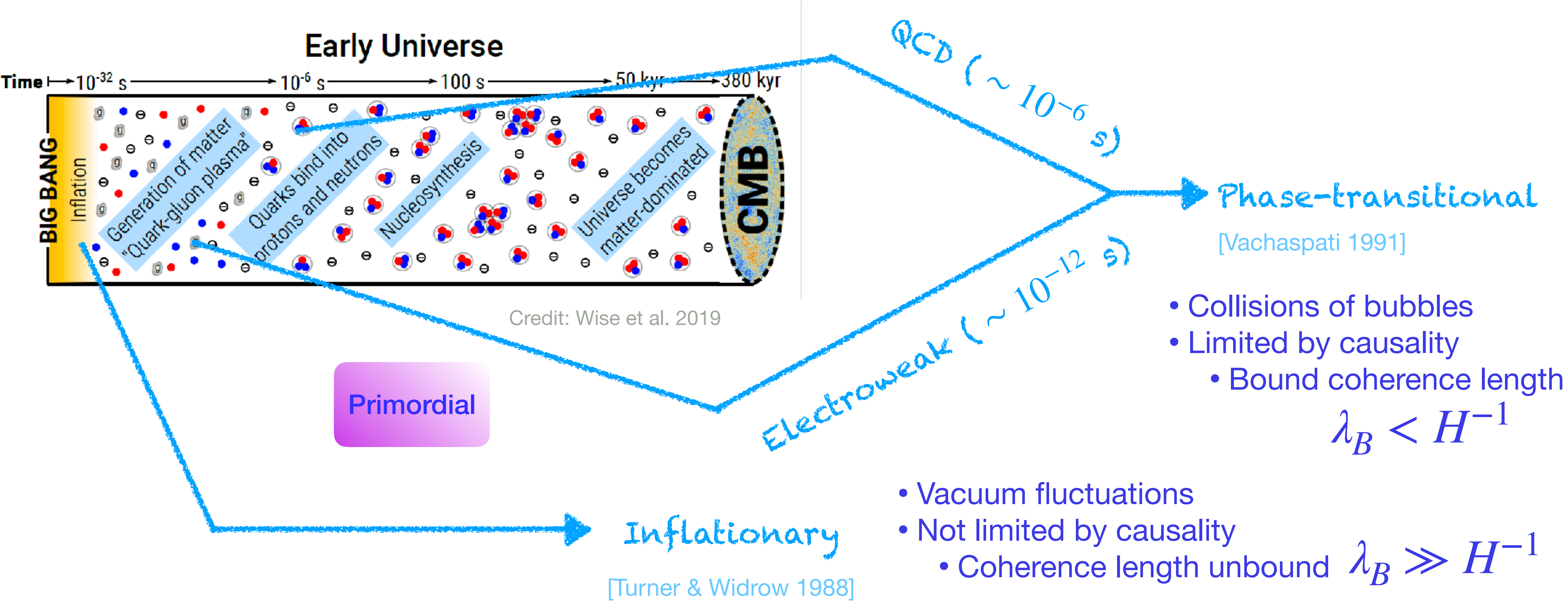
Primordial

Top-down scenario

Astrophysical

Bottom-up scenario

Origin of magnetic fields

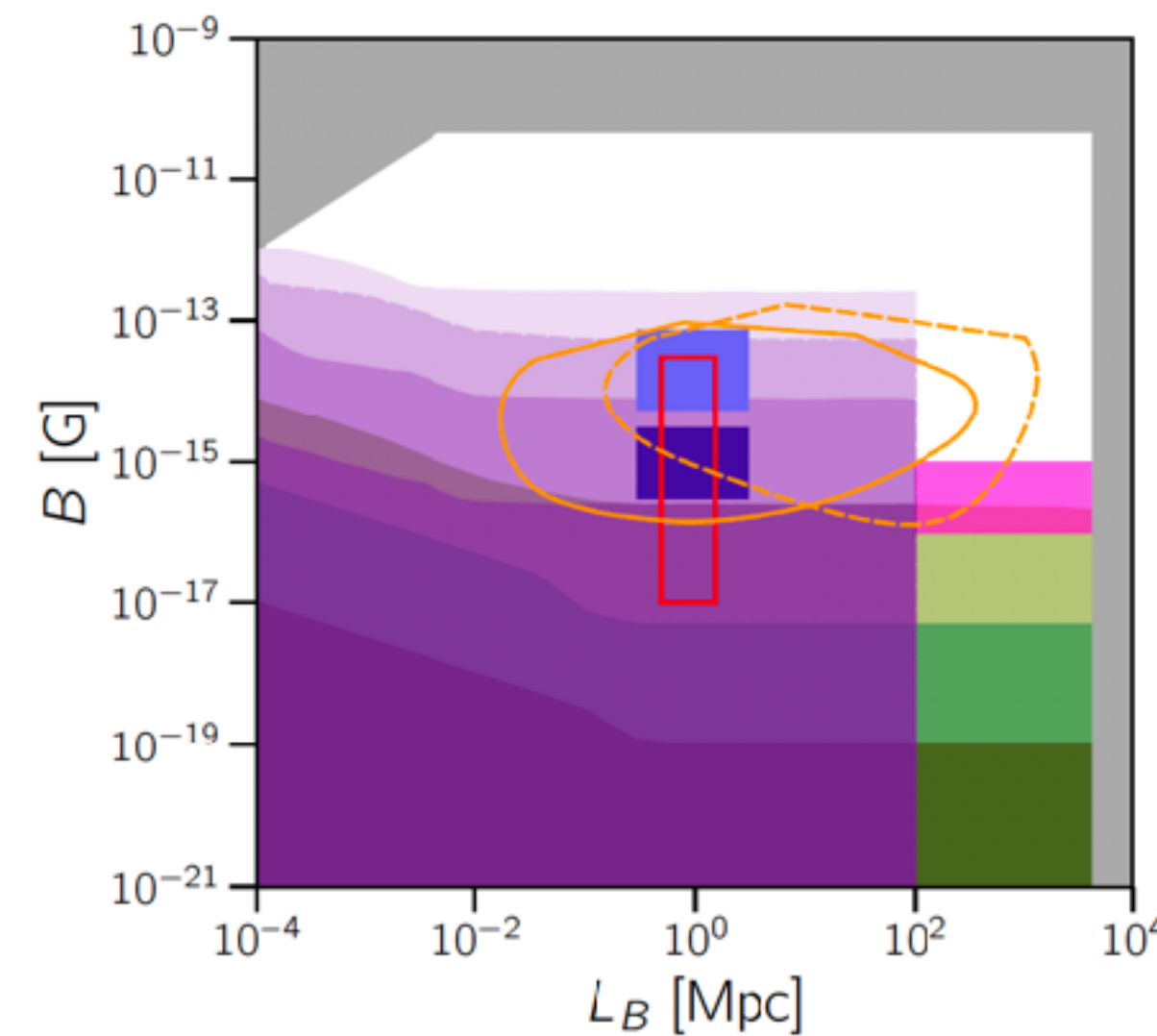
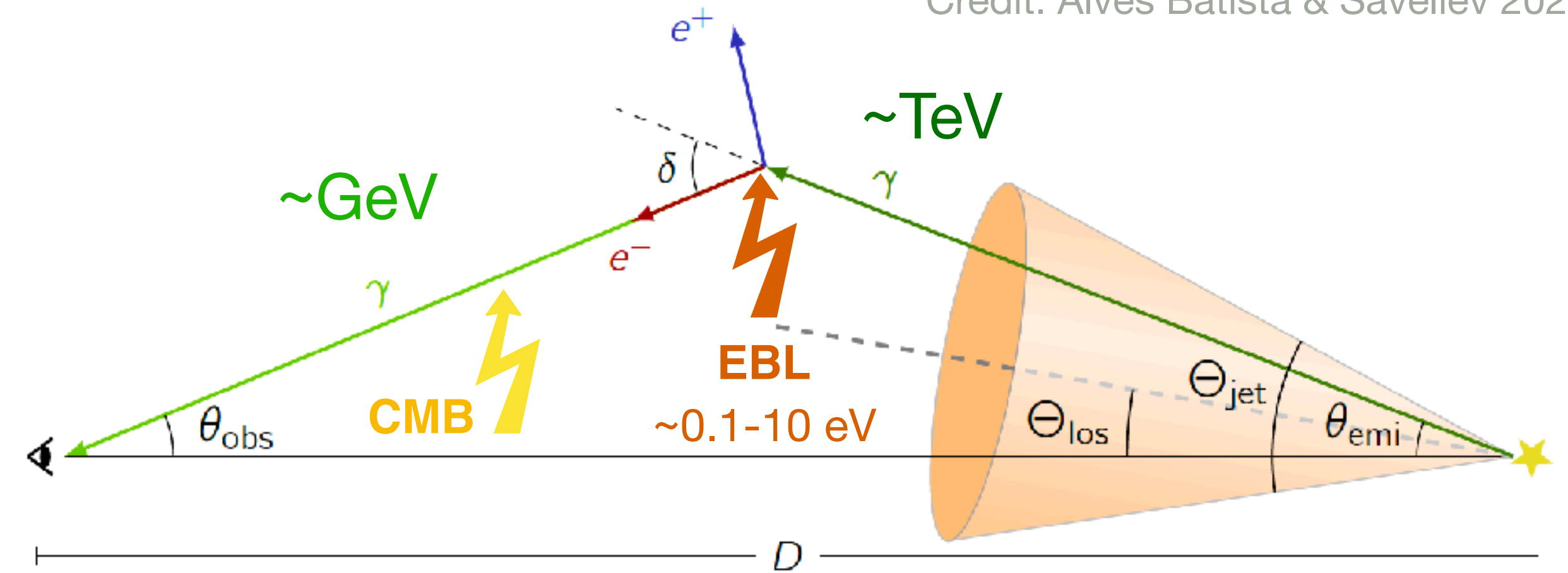


Origin of magnetic fields

Credit: Alves Batista & Saveliev 2021

- EM cascades from blazars:
 - TeV Blazars should be observed as GeV halos
 - If a MF is present, e^+e^- get deflected (Lorentz force) and no GeV halo is seen

[Neronov & Vovk 2010]



Credit: Alves Batista & Saveliev 2021

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Essey <i>et al.</i> 2010 | Fermi-LAT 2018 (10 yr) |
| Alves Batista & Saveliev 2020 (D11) | Fermi-LAT 2018 (10 ⁴ yr) |
| Alves Batista & Saveliev 2020 (S16l) | Fermi-LAT 2018 (10 ⁷ yr, cons.) |
| Neronov & Vovk 2010 | Fermi-LAT 2018 (10 ⁷ yr) |
| Dermer <i>et al.</i> 2011 | VERITAS 2017 |
| Finke <i>et al.</i> 2015 | H.E.S.S. 2014 |
| Tiede <i>et al.</i> 2020 | |

Cosmic voids virtually unaffected by LSS!



- Lower bounds on the strength of IGMFs:
 - $\sim 10^{-18} - 10^{-16}$ G on \sim Mpc scales

Primordial magnetic fields

Effects on:

- CMB temperature and polarization anisotropies

[Durrer et al.1998]

- Matter power-spectrum affecting the evolution of stars & galaxies

[Wasserman et al.1998]

- Recombination (possible solution to Hubble tension)

[Jedamzik & Pogosian 2020]

- Primordial Big Bang Nucleosynthesis

[Jedamzik et al.1998]

- Reionization of the Universe

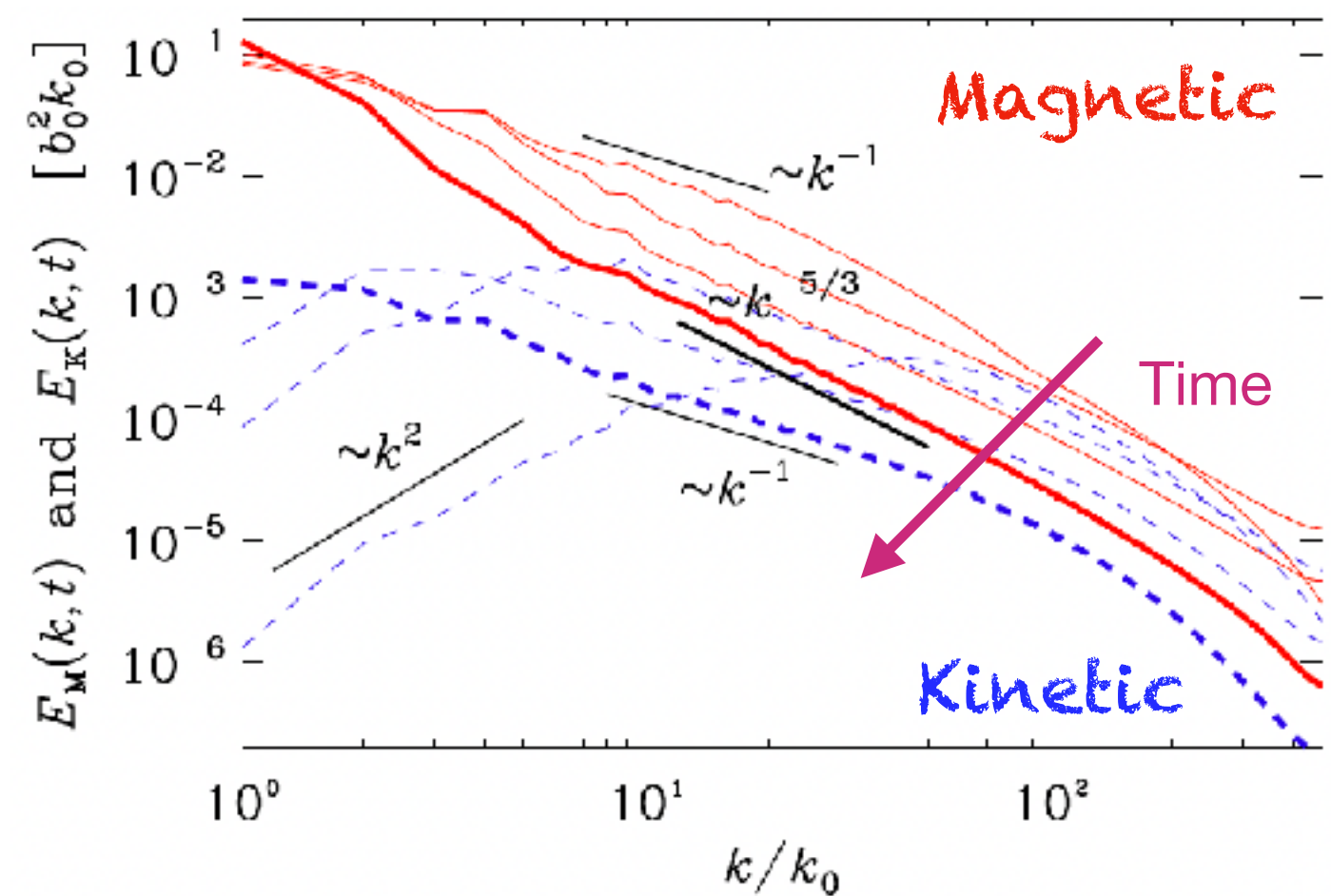
[Grasso & Rubinstein 1996]

Types of primordial MFs

Inflationary

- Large coherence length scale [Sharma et al. 2017]
 - $\sim 10^{-4} - 0.1$ Mpc, $\sim 10^{-13} - 10^{-10}$ G
- Power spectrum (PS): power-law
- No inverse cascade (non-helical and helical) *

*depends if there is an homogeneous (imposed) MF
(See Brandenburg et al. 2020)



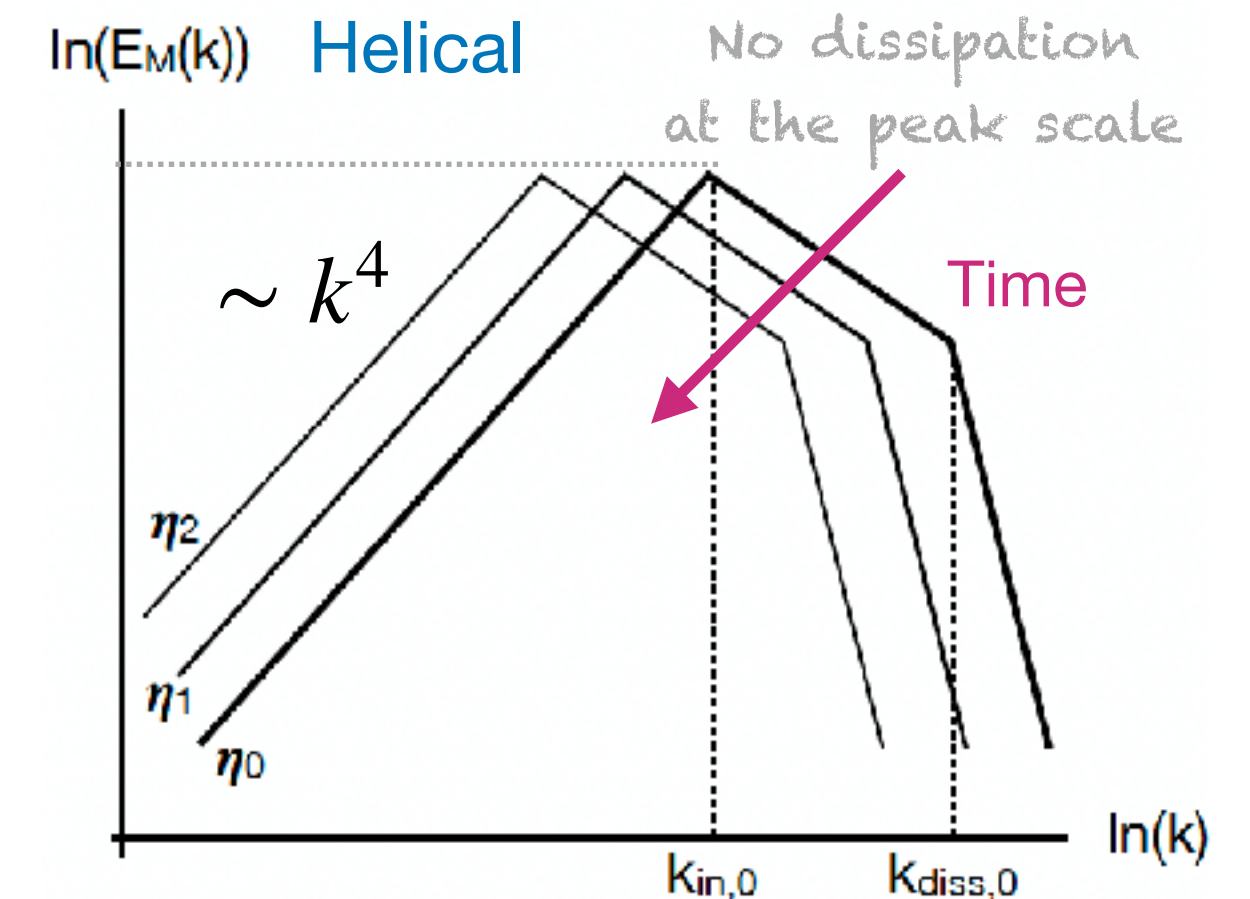
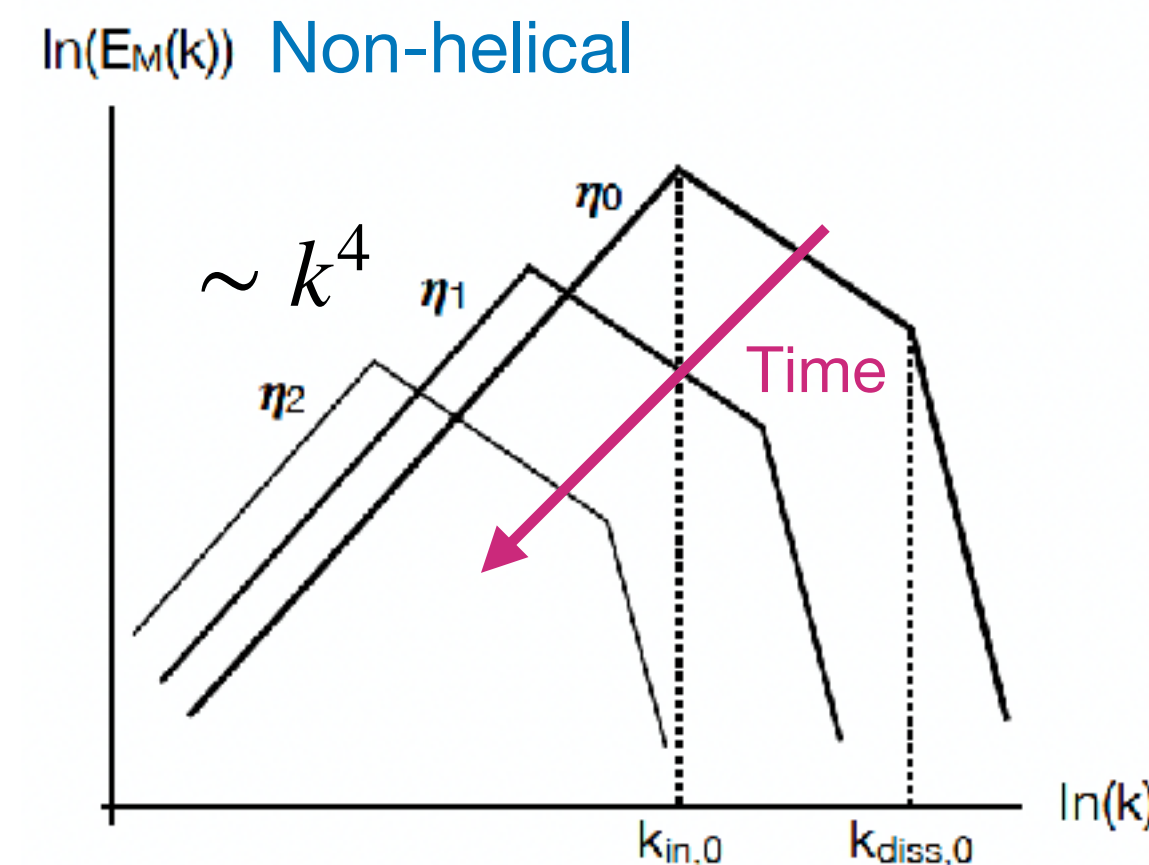
Credit: Kahniashvili et al. 2016

Phase-transitional

- Coherence length predicted to be small
 - EW: 0.1 pc - 10 kpc, $\sim 10^{-18} - 10^{-11}$ G
 - QCD (optimistic scenario): ~ 10 kpc, $\sim 10^{-13}$ G

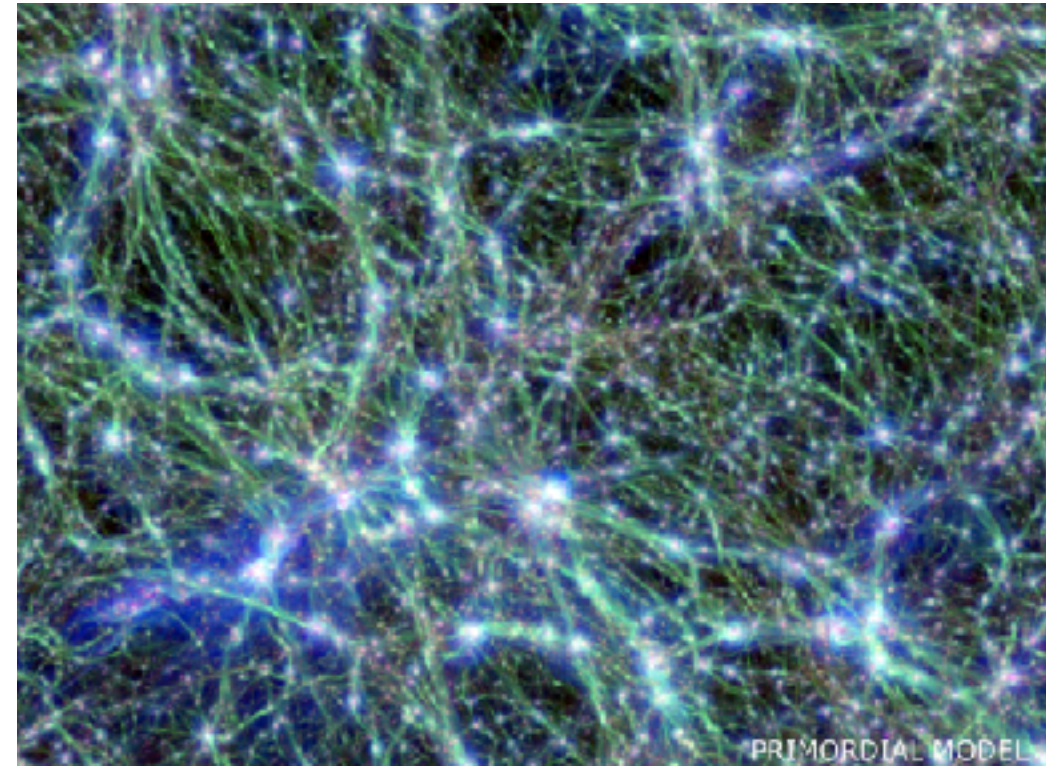
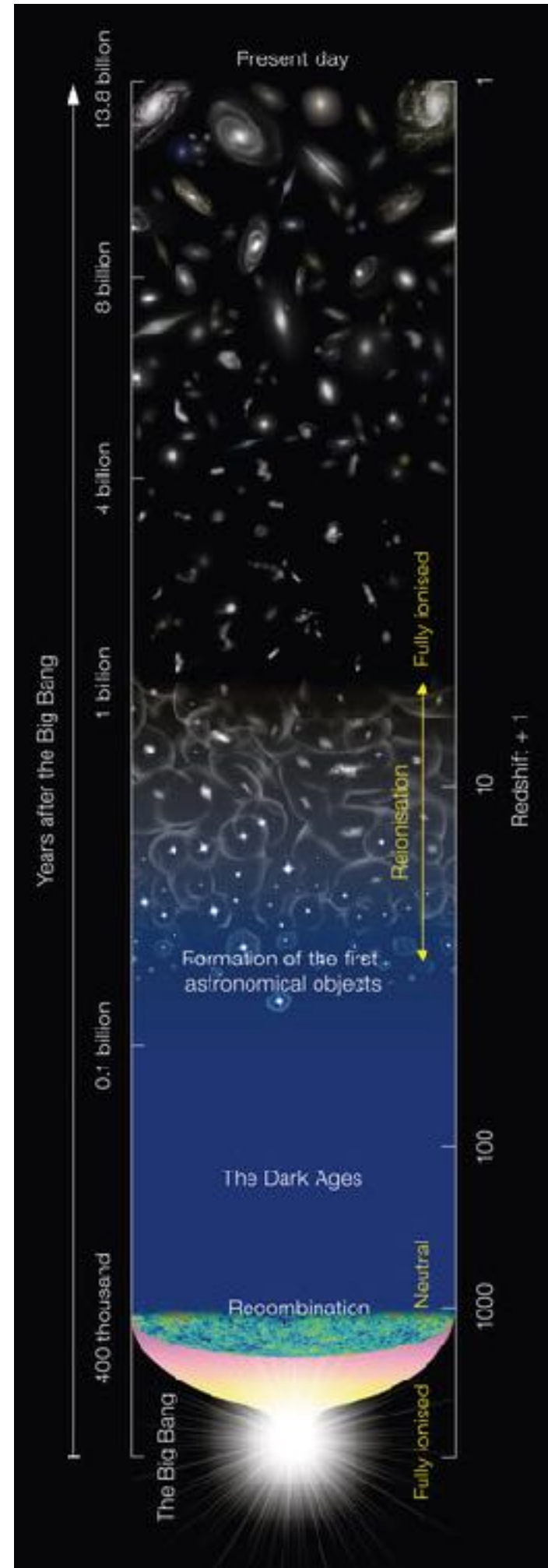
[Vachaspati 2021; Tevzadze et al. 2020]

- Power spectrum (PS): power-law or a sharply peaked
- Expected inverse cascade (non-helical and helical)

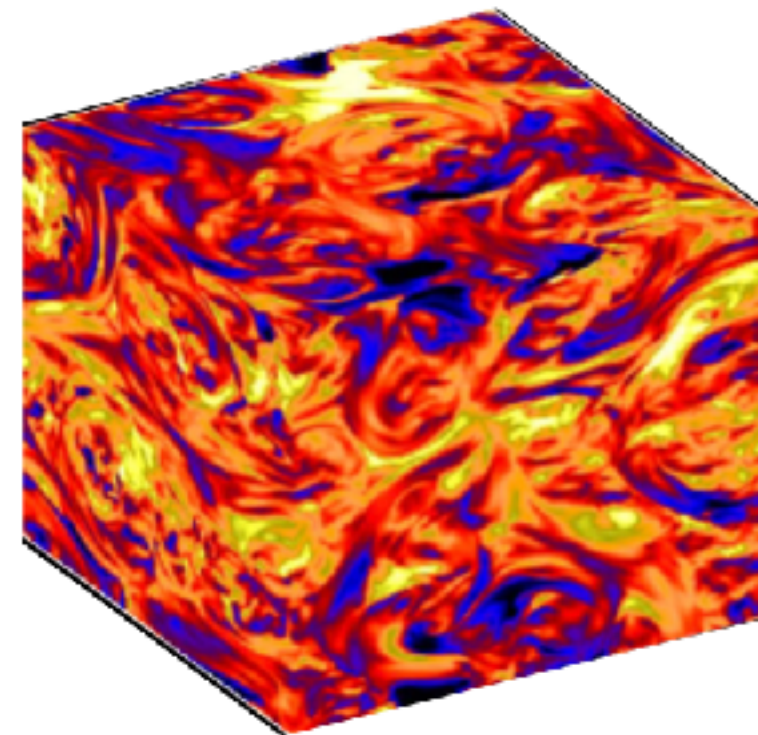


Credit: Vachaspati 2021

Primordial MFs through structure formation



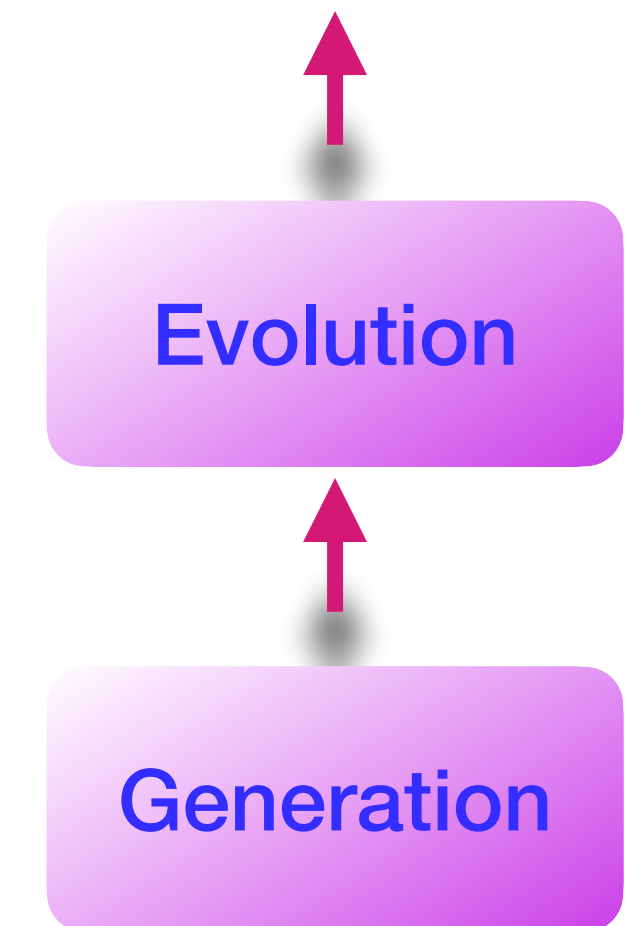
[Vazza et al. 2018]



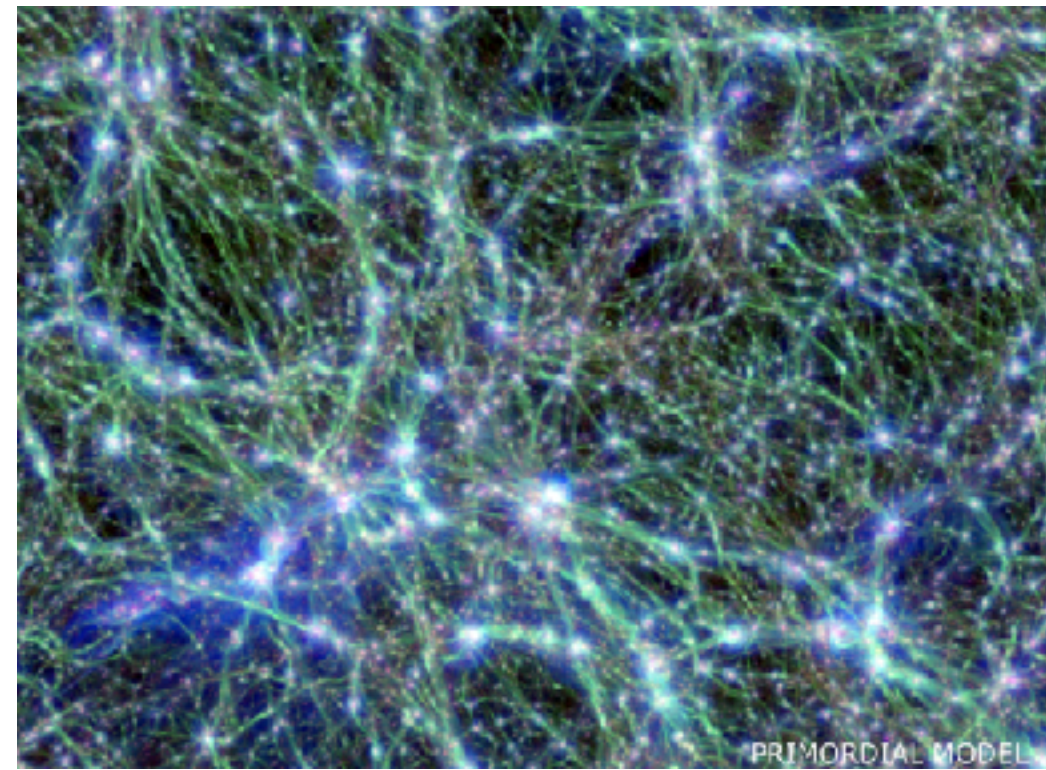
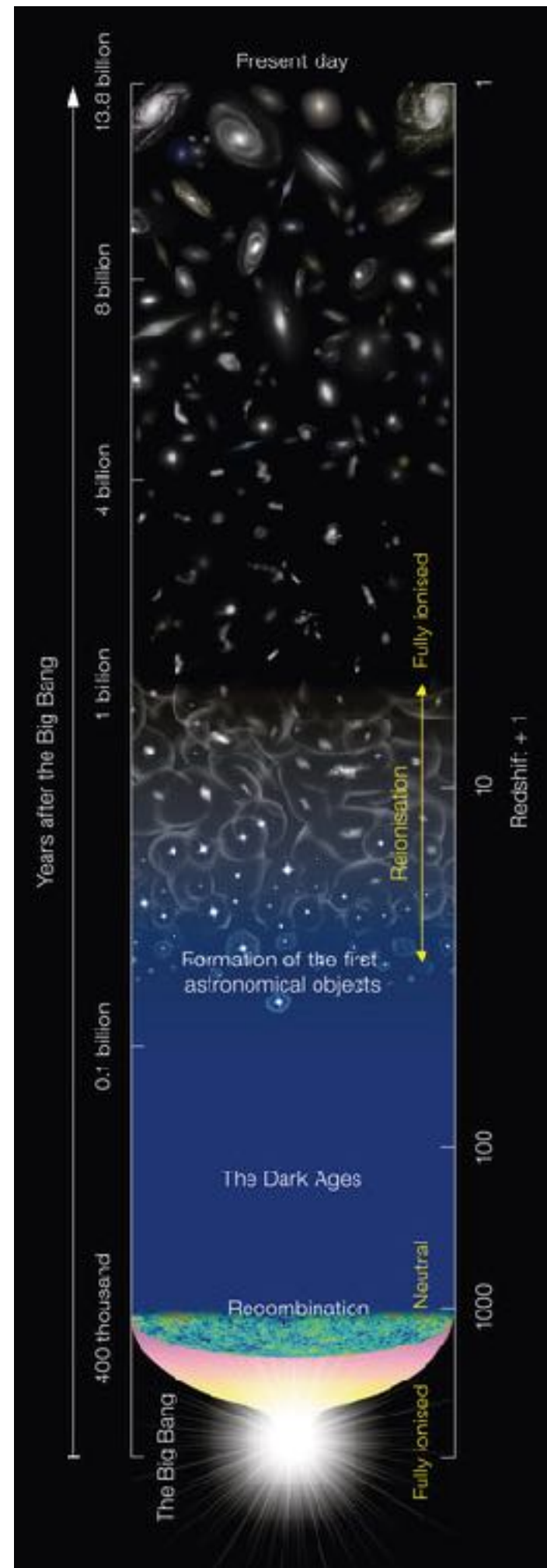
[Brandenburg et al. 2017]

- Matter dominated epoch:
 - Cosmological MHD numerical simulations

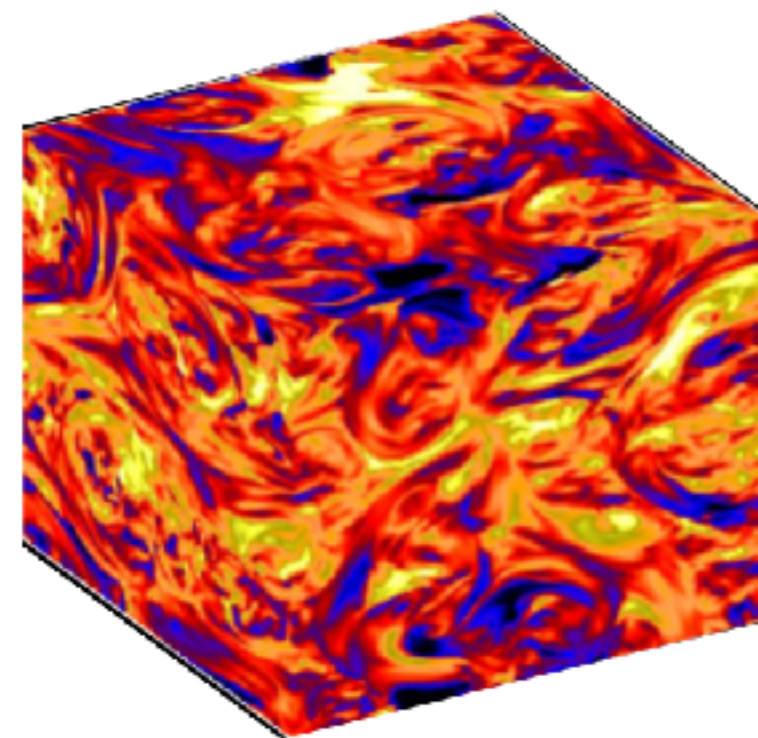
- Radiation dominated epoch:
 - MHD numerical simulations



Primordial MFs through structure formation



[Vazza et al. 2018]



[Brandenburg et al. 2017]

- Evolution through structure formation
 - ENZO code (cosmological MHD)

[Bryan et al. 2014]



- Initial magnetic field conditions:
 - Uniform seed
 - Non-uniform seed:
 - PENCIL code (MHD)

[PENCIL collab. 2021]

Inflationary

Phase-transitional

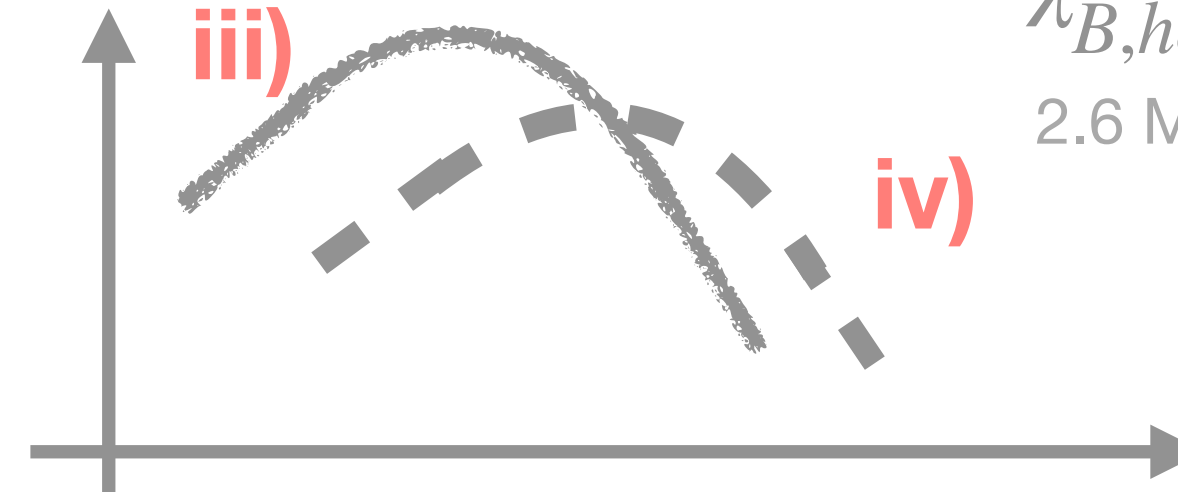
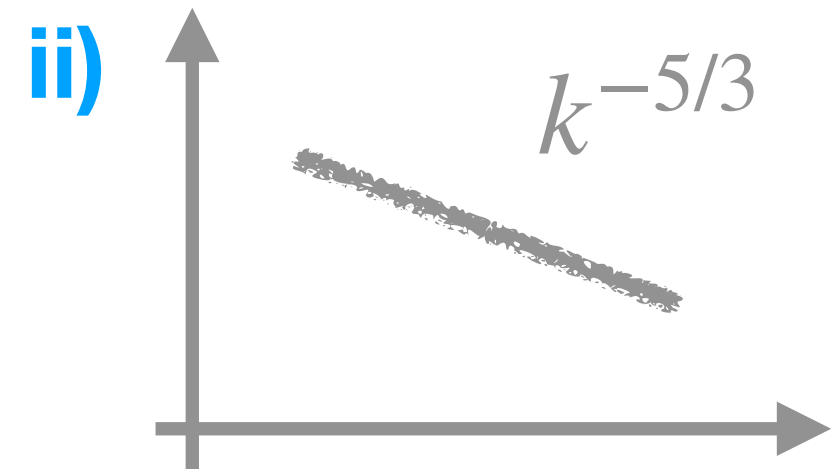
Primordial MFs in the cosmic web

- Initial conditions:



same mean magnetic energy density

i) $E_B = \delta(k=0)$



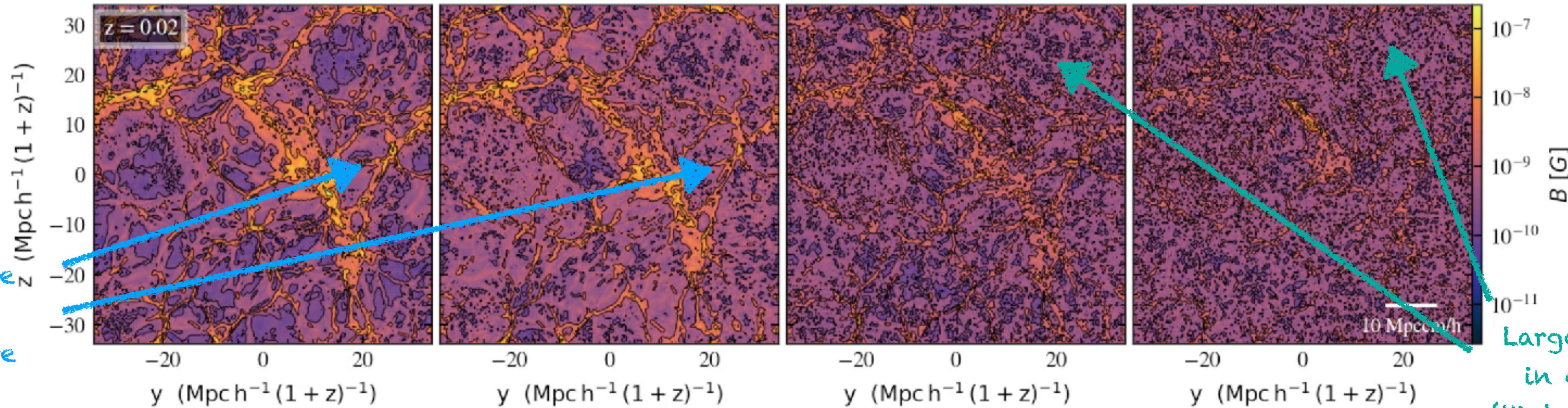
$\lambda_{B,helical} > \lambda_{B,non-helical}$
 2.6 Mpc/h 1.3 Mpc/h

Expected from inverse cascade

- $z = 0$:



Amplification due to adiabatic compression more efficient!



Larger mean values in cosmic voids! (Higher temperatures)

[Mtchedlidze, Domínguez-Fernández et al. 2021]

Primordial MFs in the cosmic web

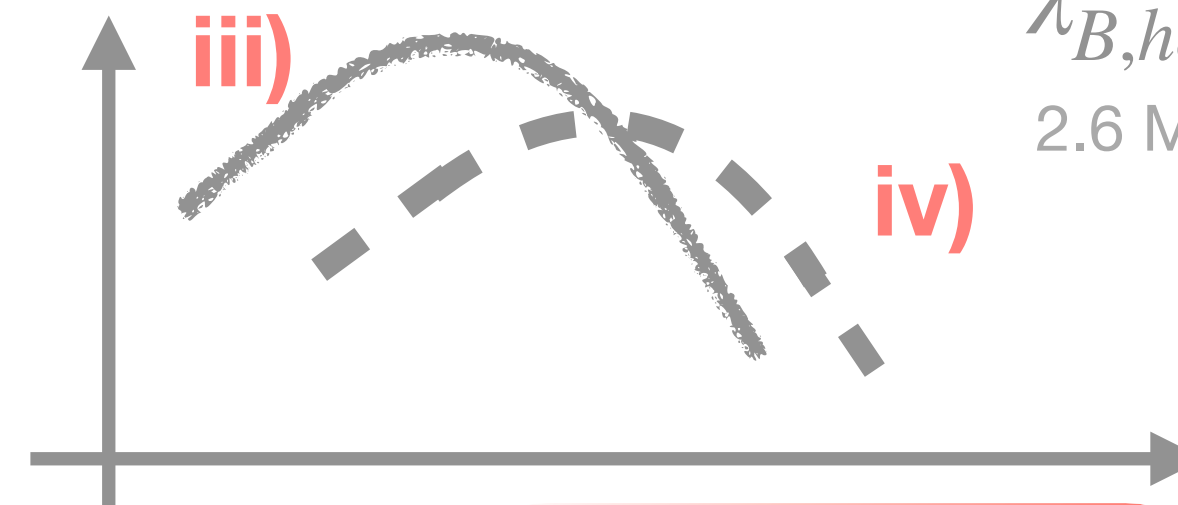
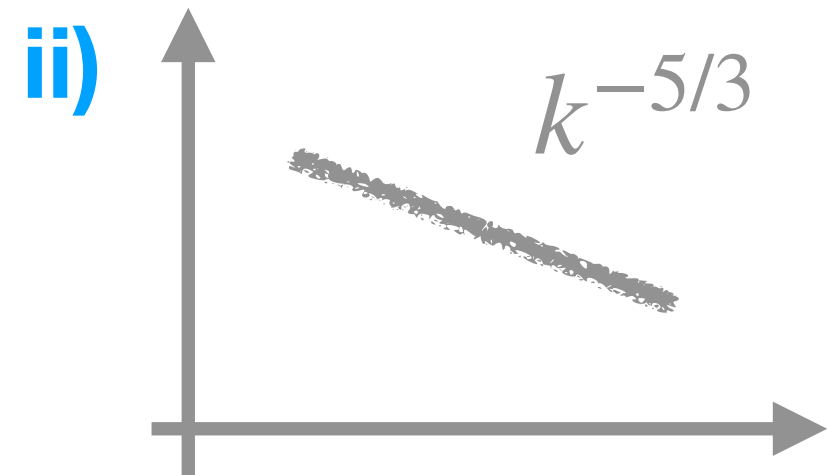
- Initial conditions:

Inflationary

Phase-transitional

S. Mtschedlidge's talk!

i) $E_B = \delta(k=0)$



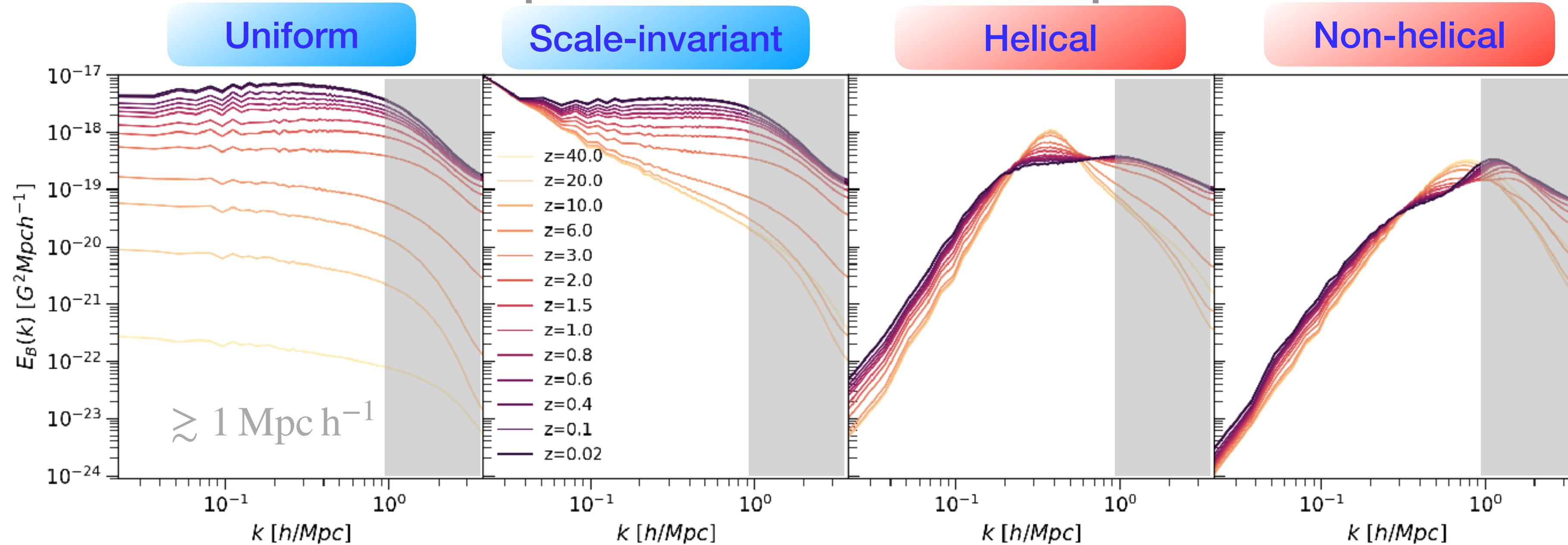
$$\lambda_{B, helical} > \lambda_{B, non-helical}$$

2.6 Mpc/h 1.3 Mpc/h

Expected from inverse cascade

- $z = 0$:

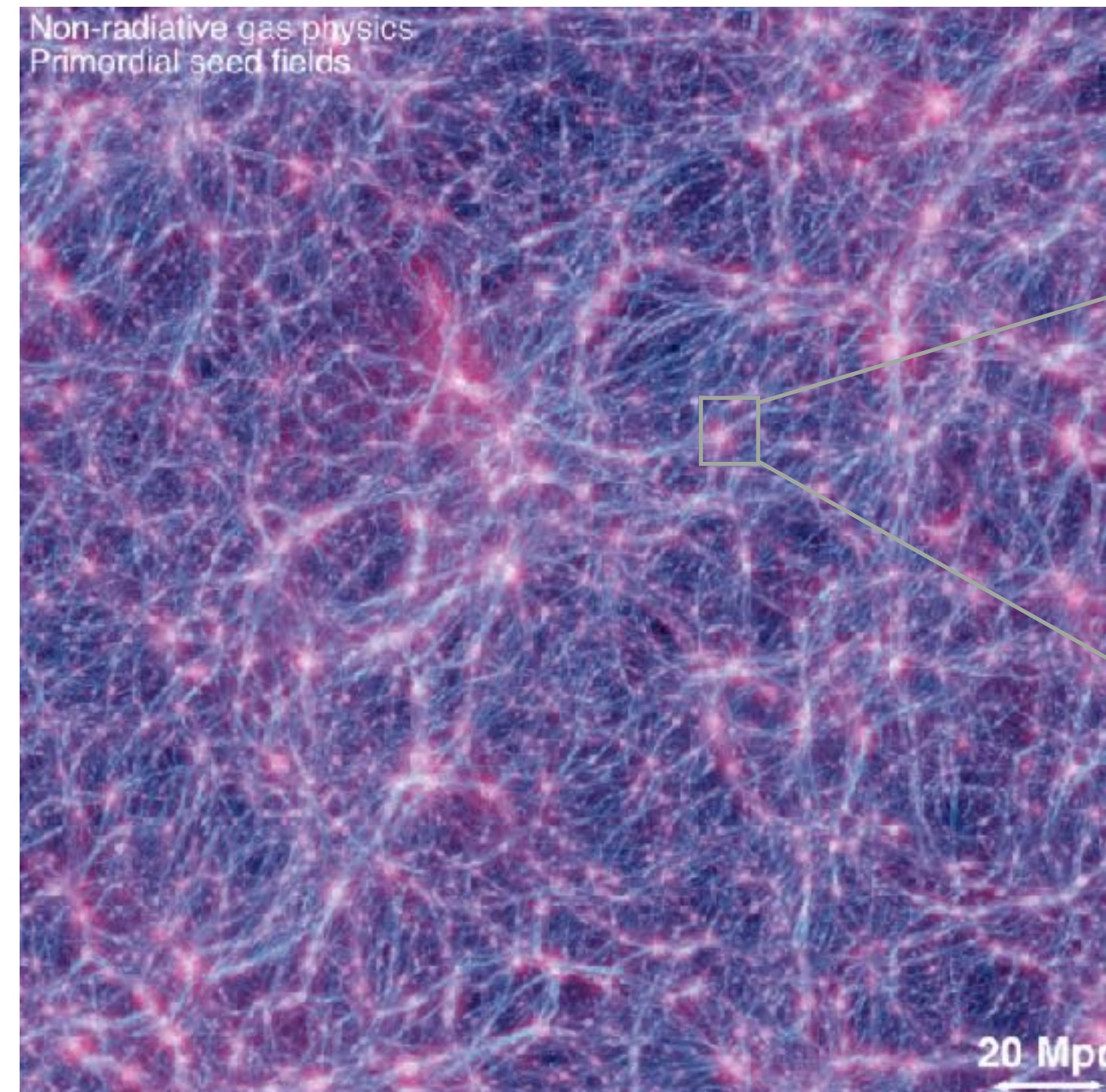
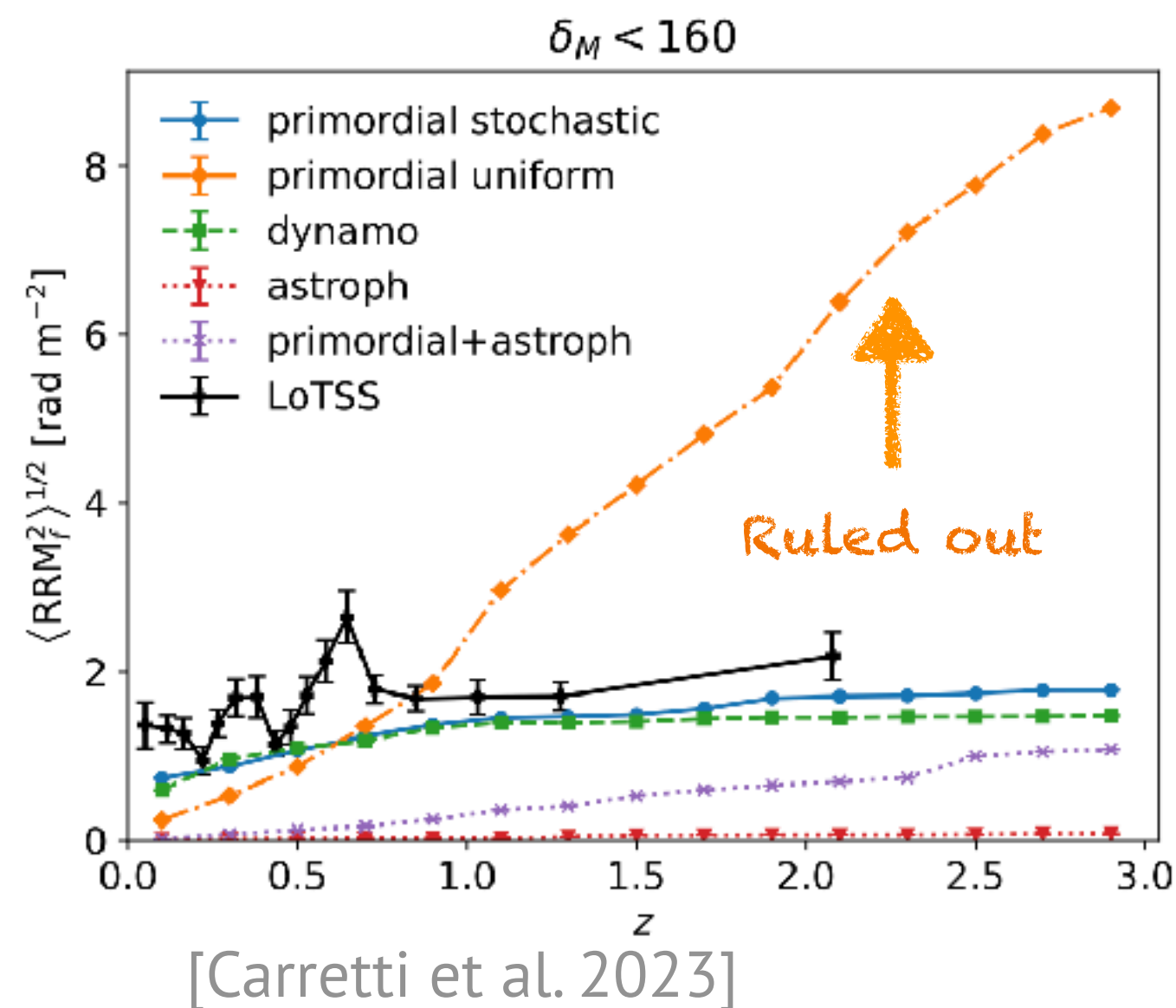
Larger λ_B



Smaller λ_B

Primordial MFs in the cosmic web

Cosmic filaments



[Vazza et al. 2017]

Galaxy clusters

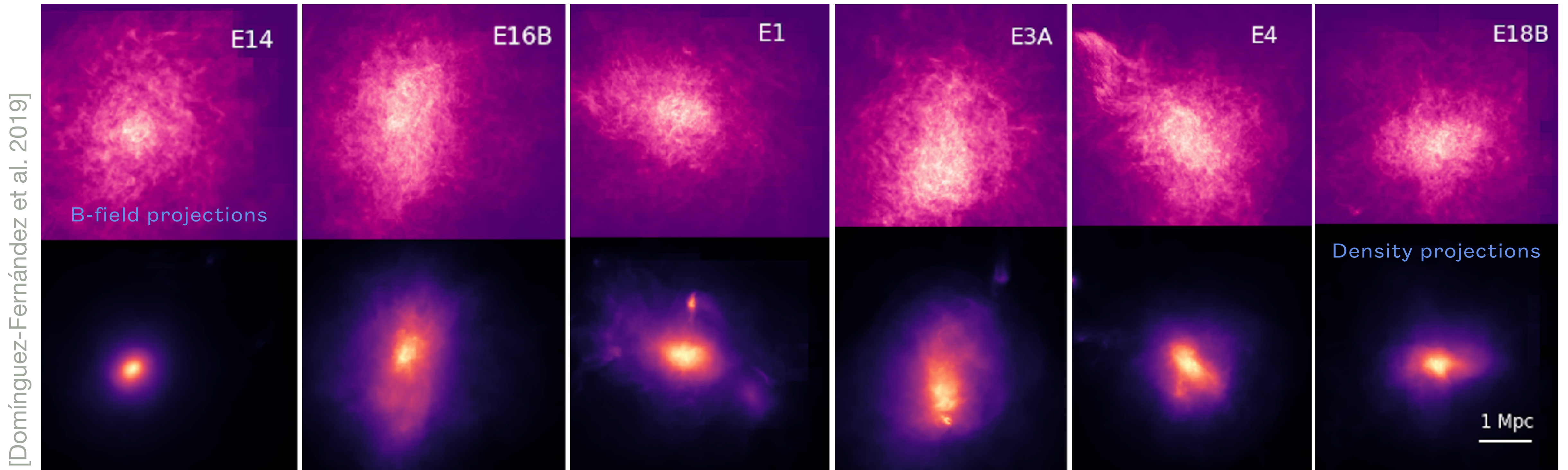


[Dominguez-Fernández et al. 2019]

- RM studies rule out primordial uniform MF models

- If there is a primordial magnetogenesis, it should also explain MFs in clusters
- Is the seed field information really lost?

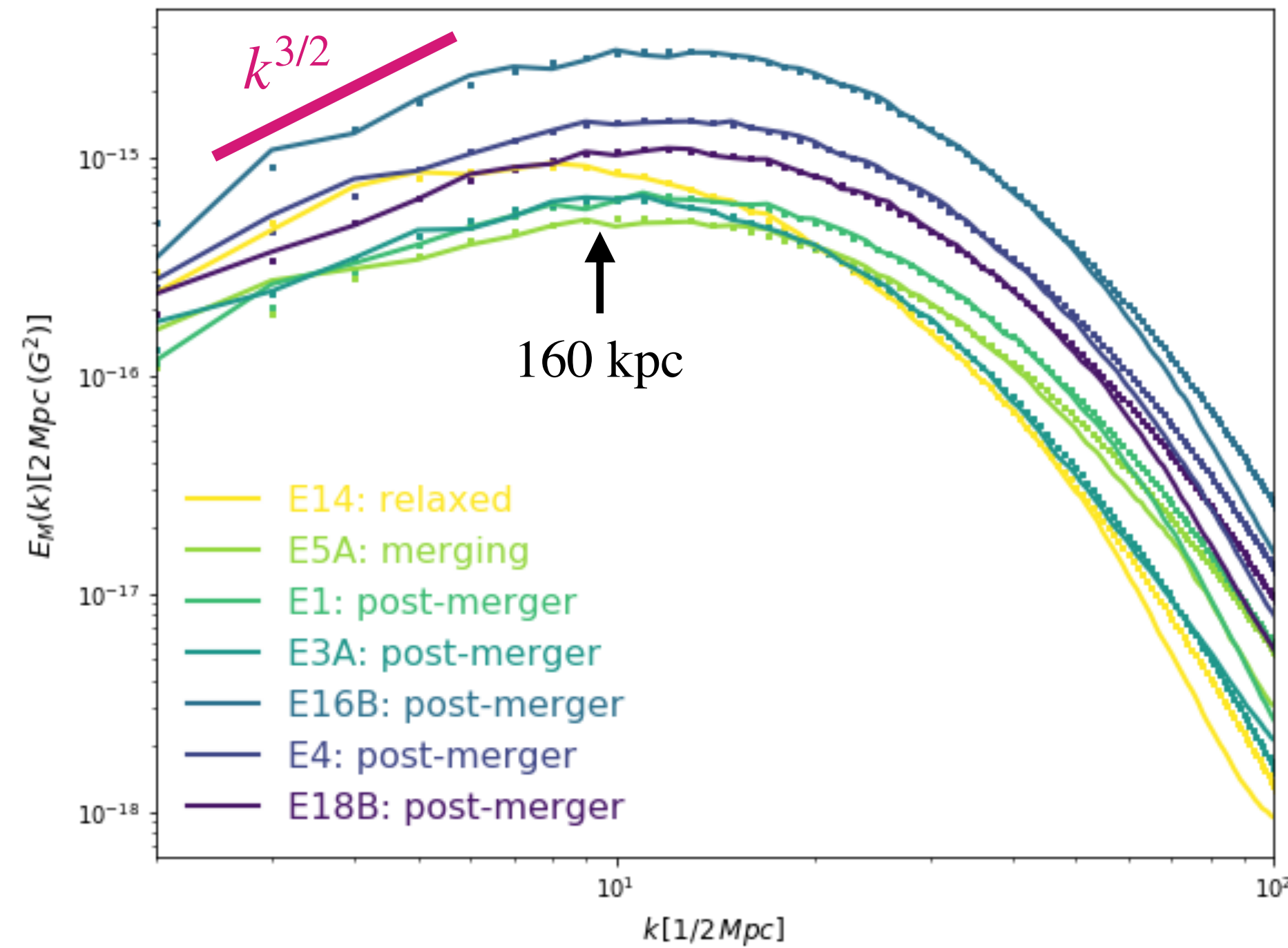
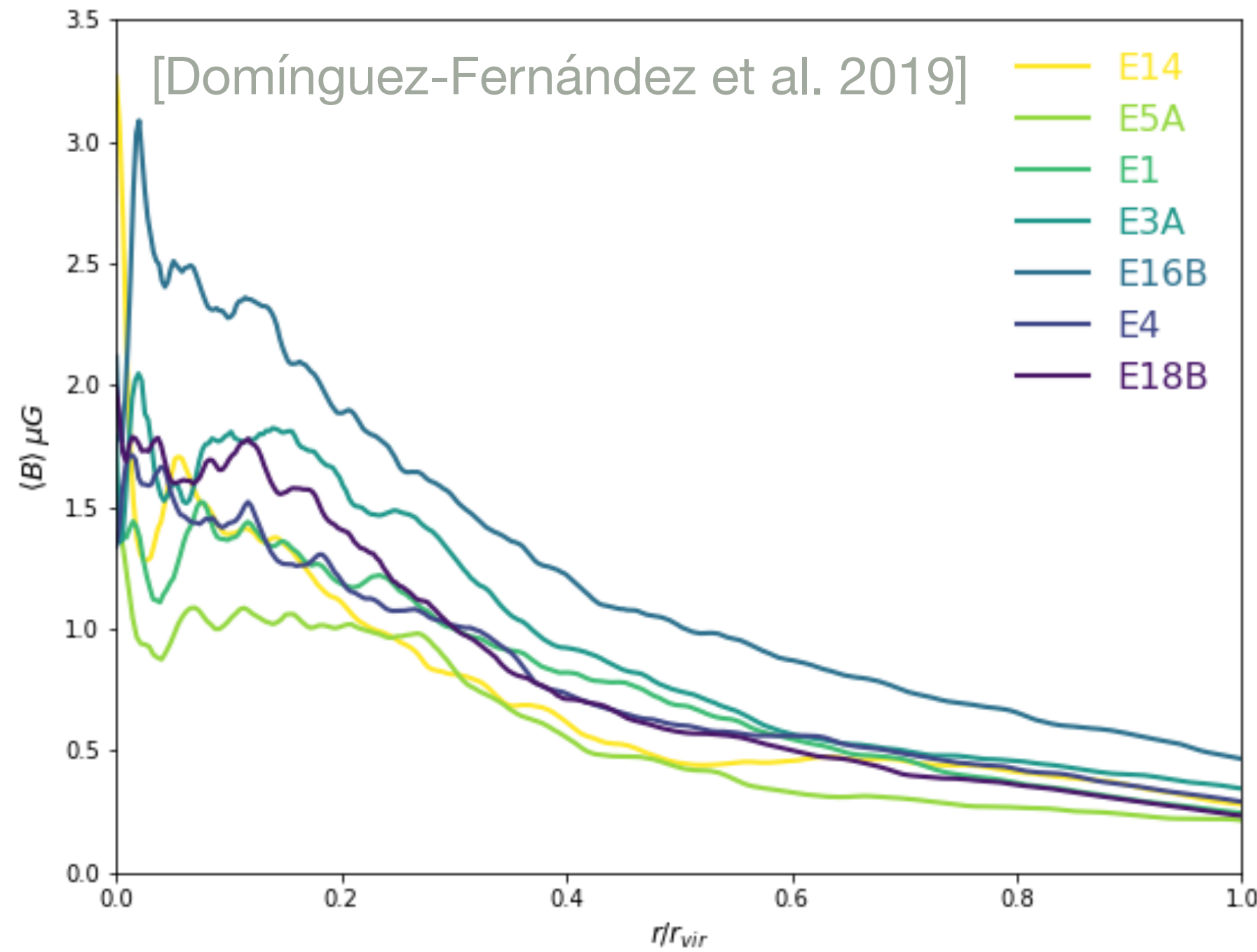
Primordial uniform seed



- Initial conditions: [Vazza et al. 2017]
 - $z = 50$, 0.1 nG (comoving)
 - Total volume: $(260 \text{ Mpc})^3$ (comoving) volume.

- Refinement region: $(25 \text{ Mpc})^3$
- 7 AMR levels, 4 kpc resolution
- No cooling or feedback

Primordial uniform seed



ID	$M_{100} (M_{\odot})$	$R_{100} (\text{Mpc})$
E14	$1.00 \cdot 10^{15}$	2.60
E5A	$0.66 \cdot 10^{15}$	2.18
E1	$1.12 \cdot 10^{15}$	2.67
E3A	$1.38 \cdot 10^{15}$	2.82
E16B	$1.90 \cdot 10^{15}$	3.14
E4	$1.36 \cdot 10^{15}$	2.80
E18B	$1.37 \cdot 10^{15}$	2.80

- Primordial seed AND small-scale dynamo amplification can reach $\sim \mu\text{G}$ values.
- Amplification of the order of 10^4 in the innermost regions.
- Similar power-spectrum independent of the dynamical state (and evolution).

Initial magnetic conditions

Inflationary

*

Uniform

i) $E_B(k) = \delta(k=0)$ [Mukhoyama 2016]

Scale-invariant

ii) Generation $\propto k^{-1}$
 → End of recombination $\propto k^{-5/3}$
 Turbulent decay

Saffman

iii) $\propto k^2$ Expected from causal PMF generation +

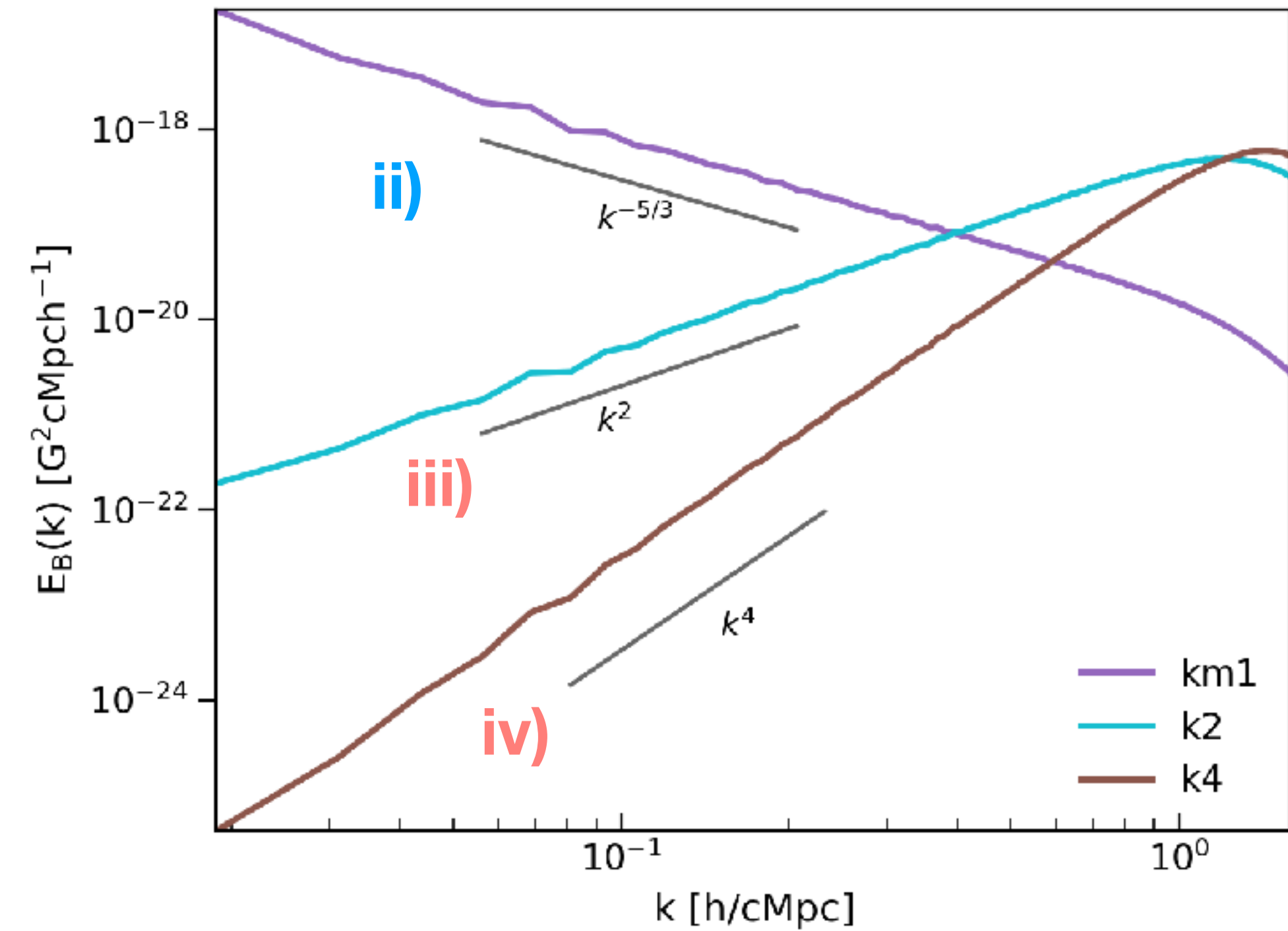
Phase-transitional

*

Batchelor

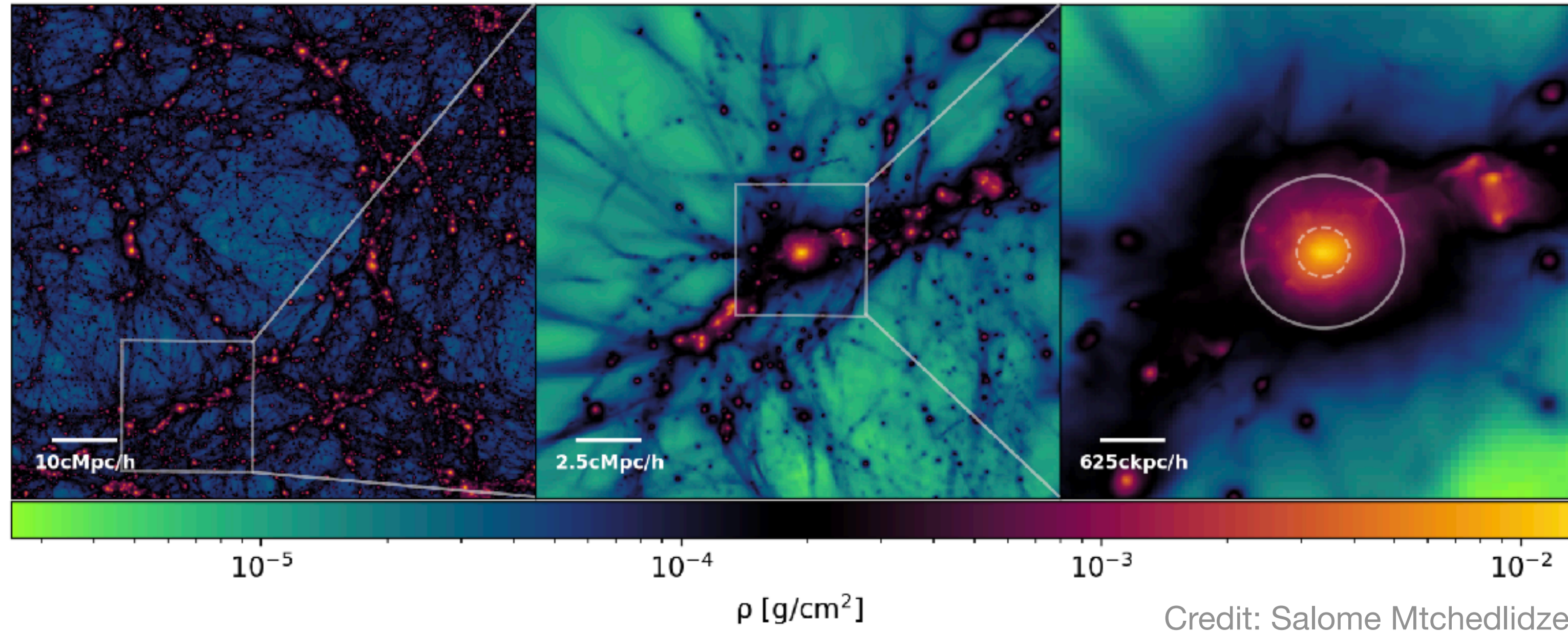
iv) $\propto k^4$ Decaying turbulence

* alike!



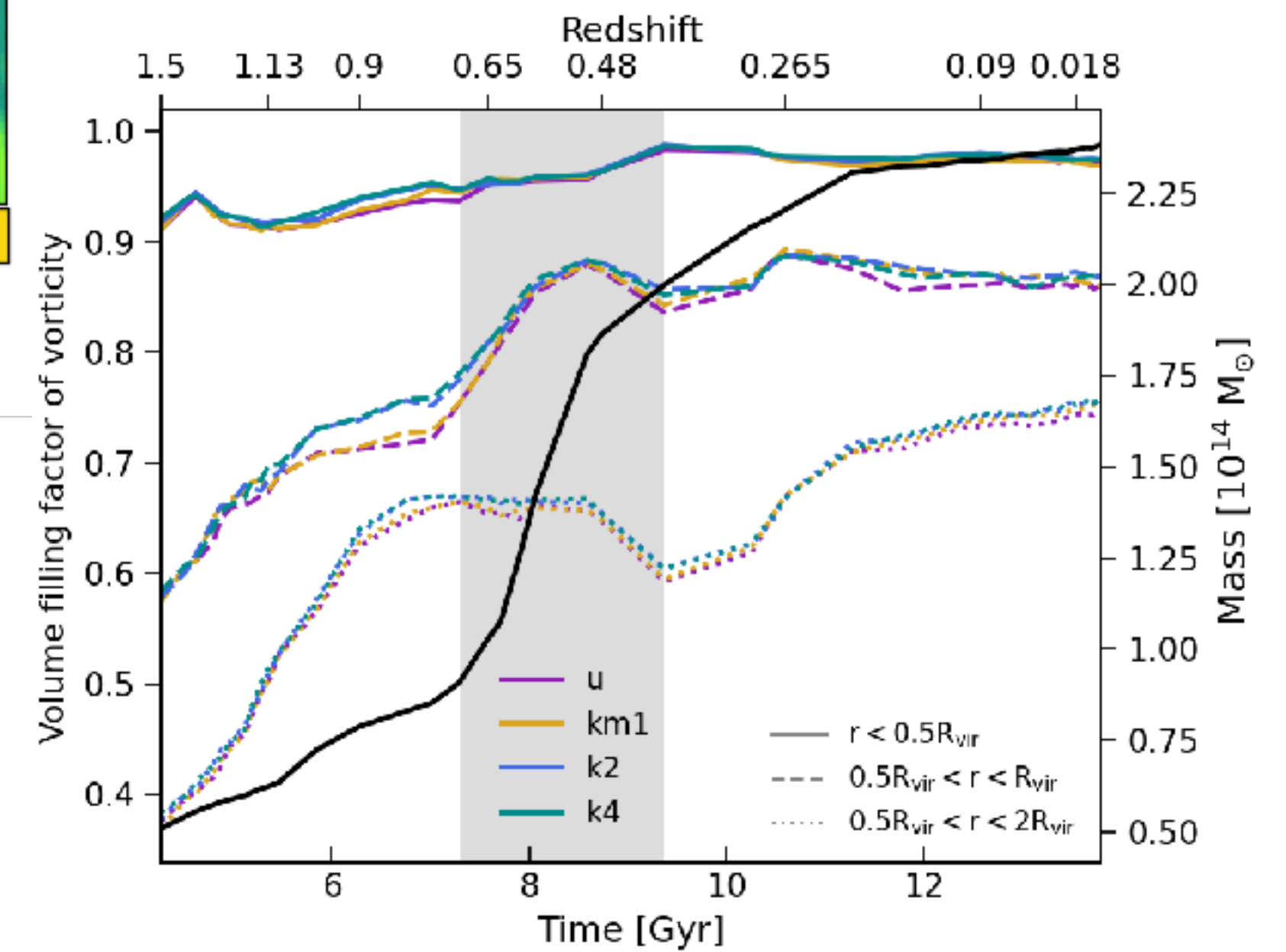
[Mtchedlidze, Domínguez-Fernández et al. accepted]

Primordial non-uniform seeds



- Initial conditions:
 - $z = 50$, 1 nG (comoving)
 - $(80 \text{ Mpc})^3$ (comoving) volume.
 - Refinement region: $(20 \text{ Mpc})^3$
 - 6 AMR levels, 2.44 kpc resolution

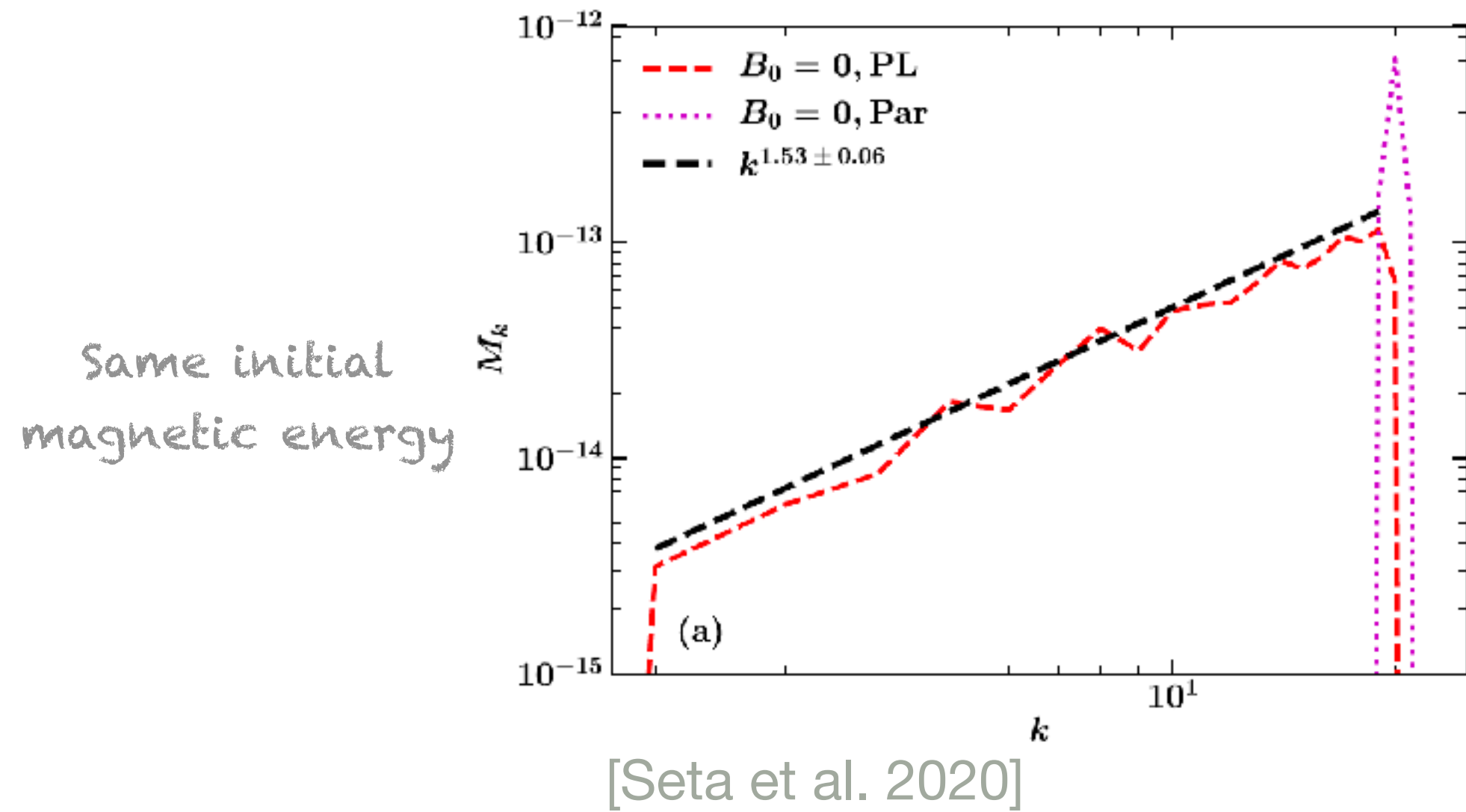
- Relaxed cluster:
 - $R_{vir} = 1.5 h^{-1} \text{ Mpc}$
 - $M(r \leq R_{vir}) = 2.34 \cdot 10^{14} M_{\odot}$



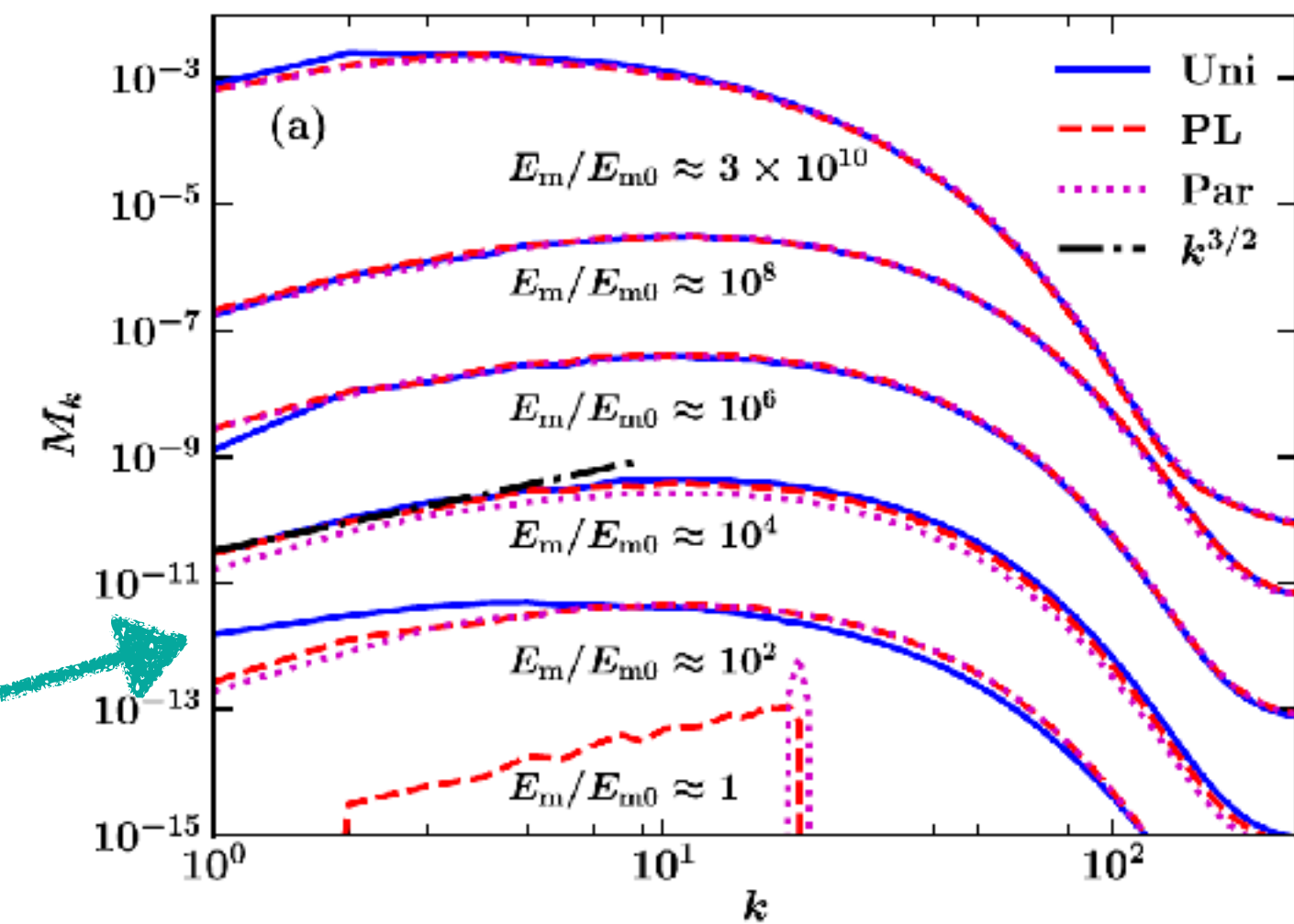
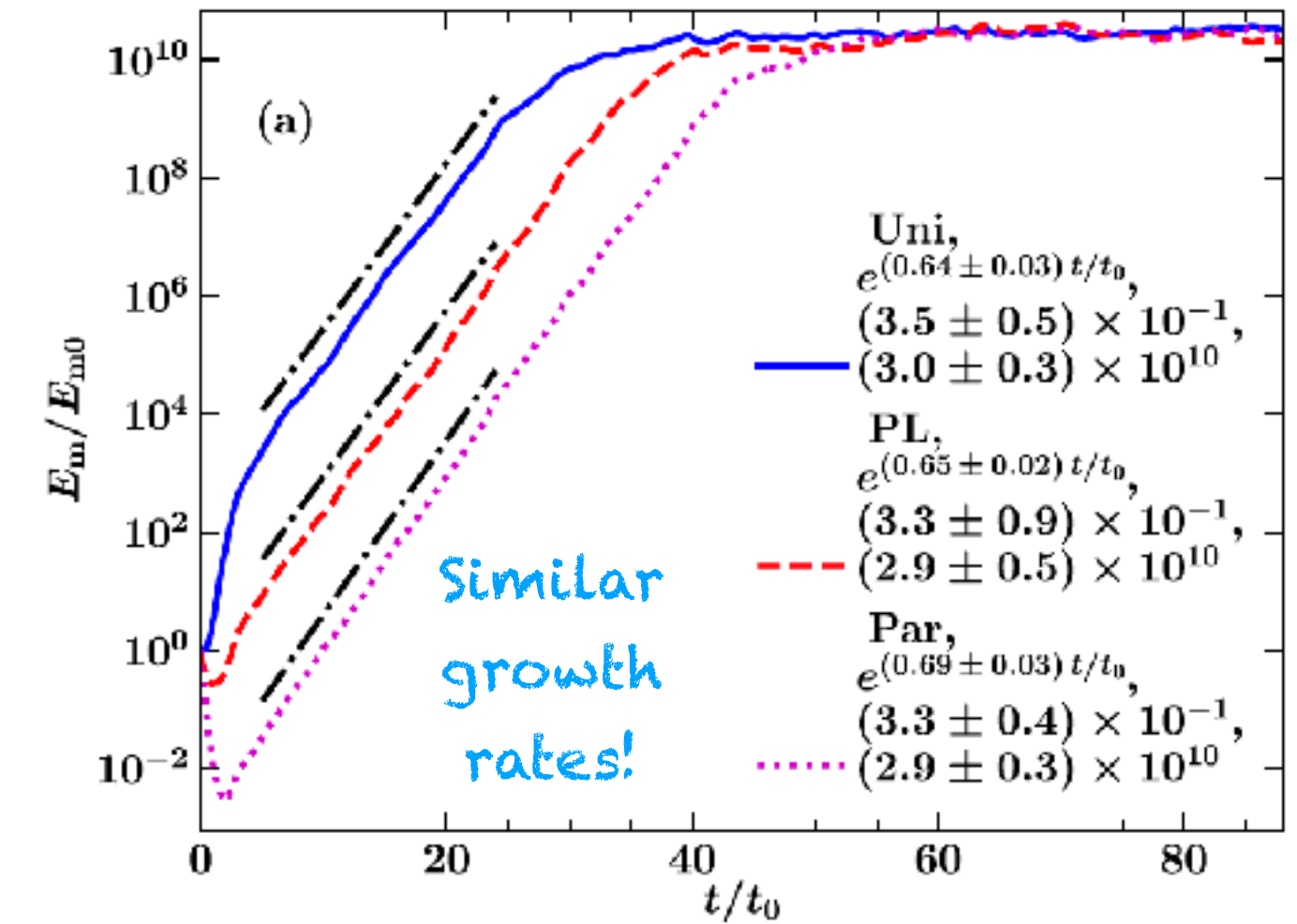
[Mtchedlidze, Domínguez-Fernández et al. accepted]

Expectations from MHD only simulations

- The strength & structure of the seed field does not affect the growth rate & saturation level of the magnetic energy



Additional tangling of the mean field (Transient phase)



Primordial non-uniform seeds

Initially large-scale correlated fields

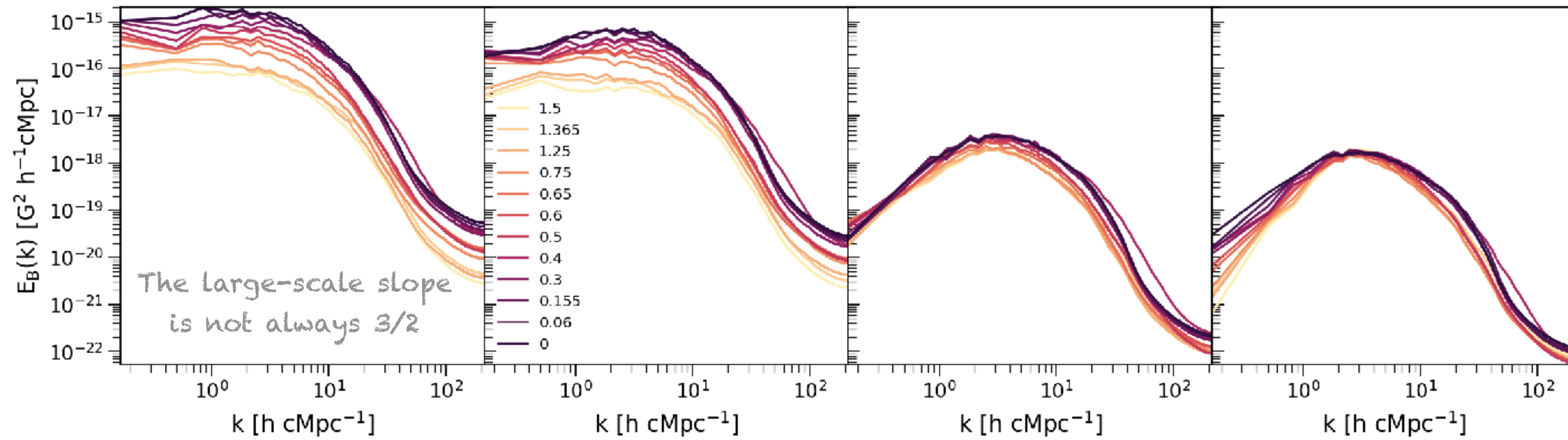
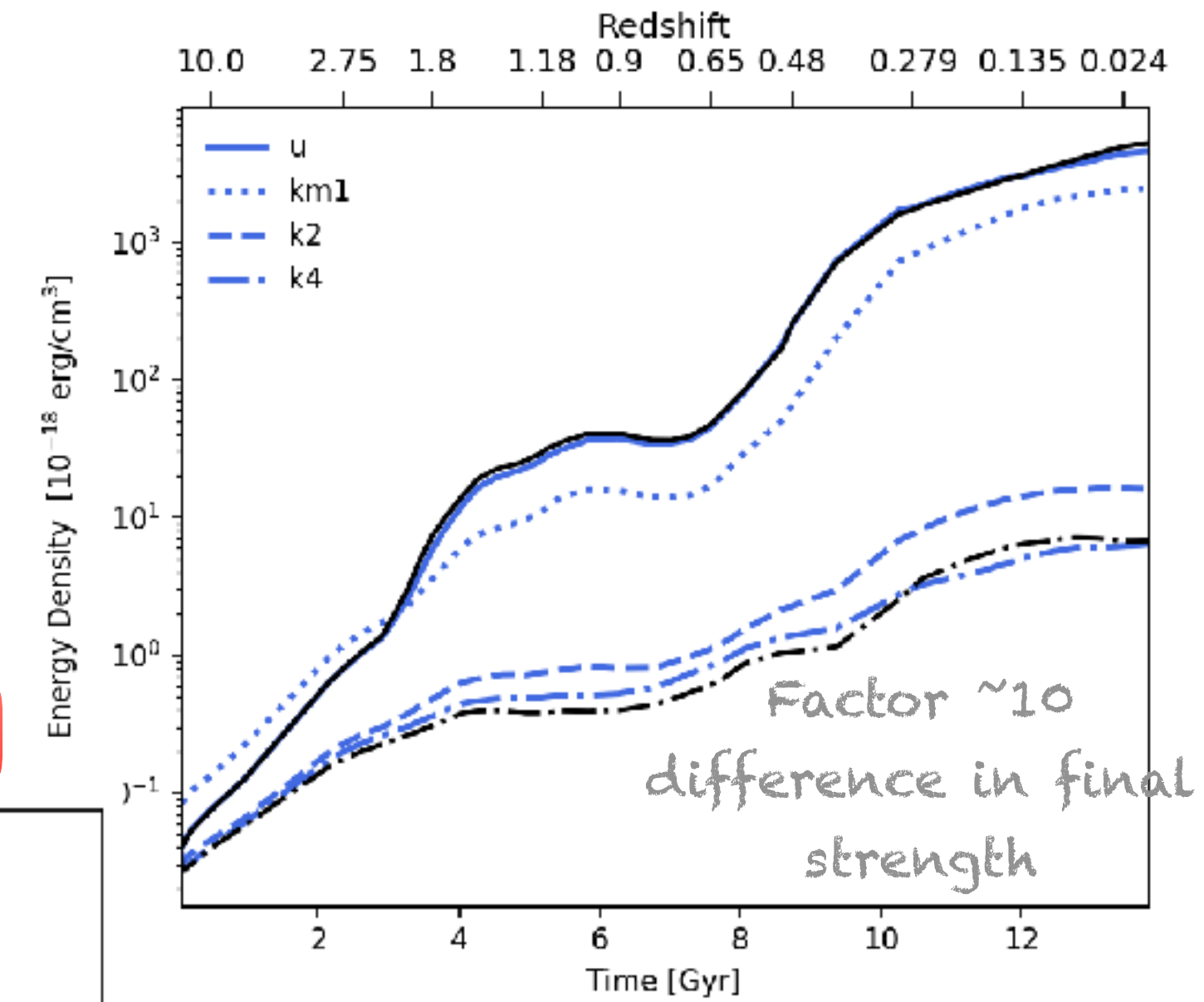
Initially small-scale correlated fields

Uniform

Scale-invariant

Saffman

Batchelor



Primordial non-uniform seeds

- In a relaxed cluster with:

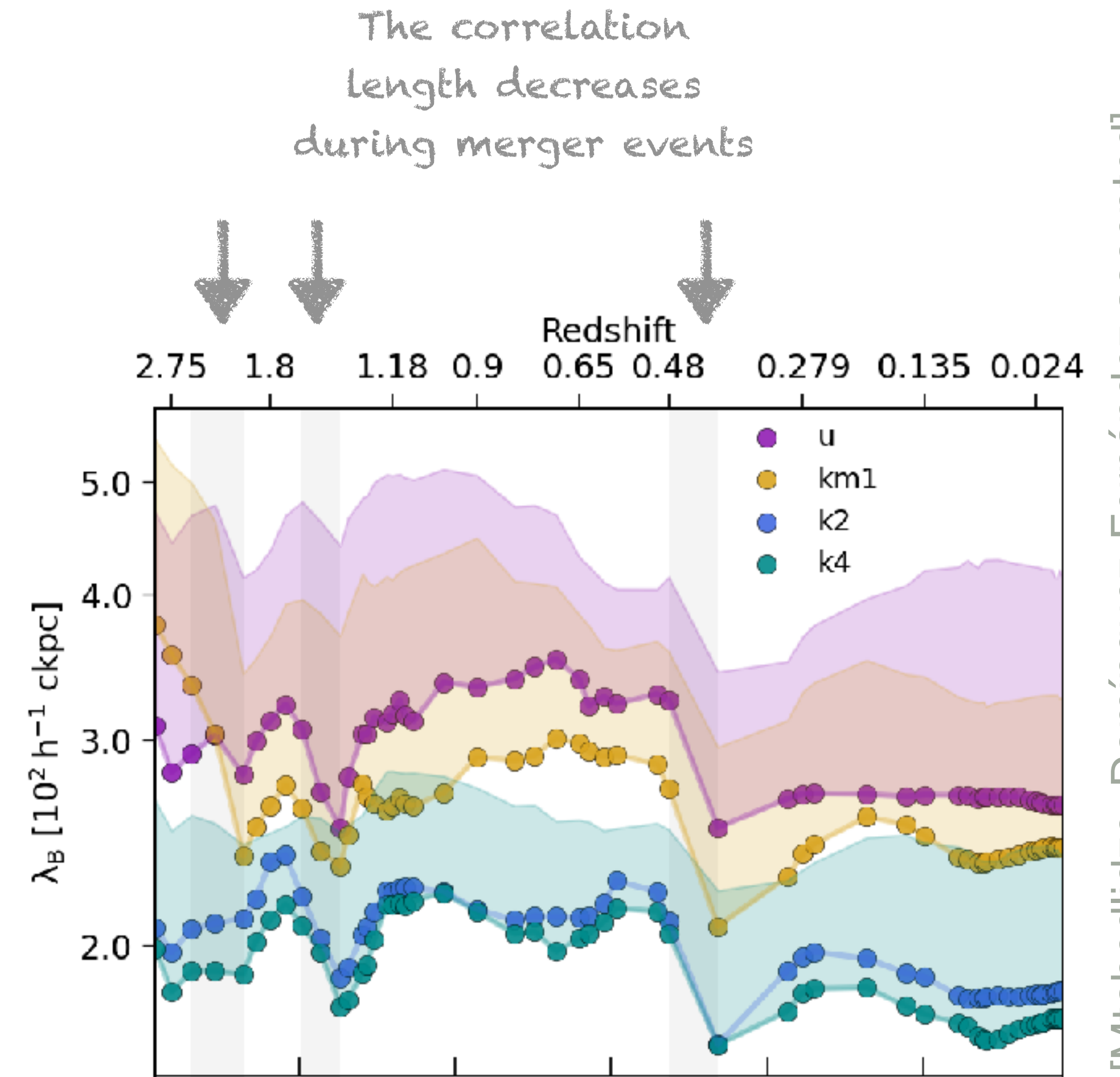
- $R_{vir} = 1.5 h^{-1} \text{Mpc}$
- $M(r \leq R_{vir}) = 2.34 \cdot 10^{14} M_{\odot}$

Inflationary

- Tangling of the large-scale field (larger magnetic amplification)
- Reaching $\sim \mu\text{G}$ values and ~ 300 kpc correlation length

Phase-transitional

- Reaching $\sim 0.1 \mu\text{G}$ values at the center and ~ 200 kpc correlation length



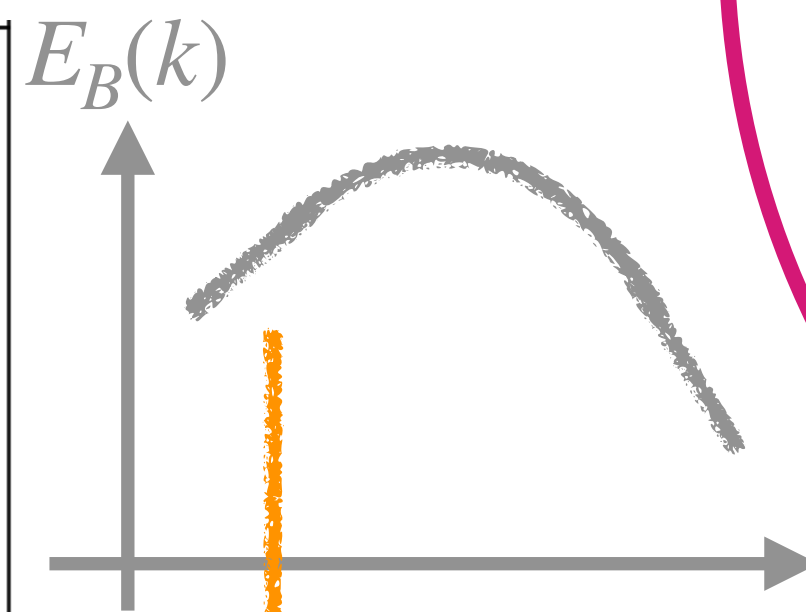
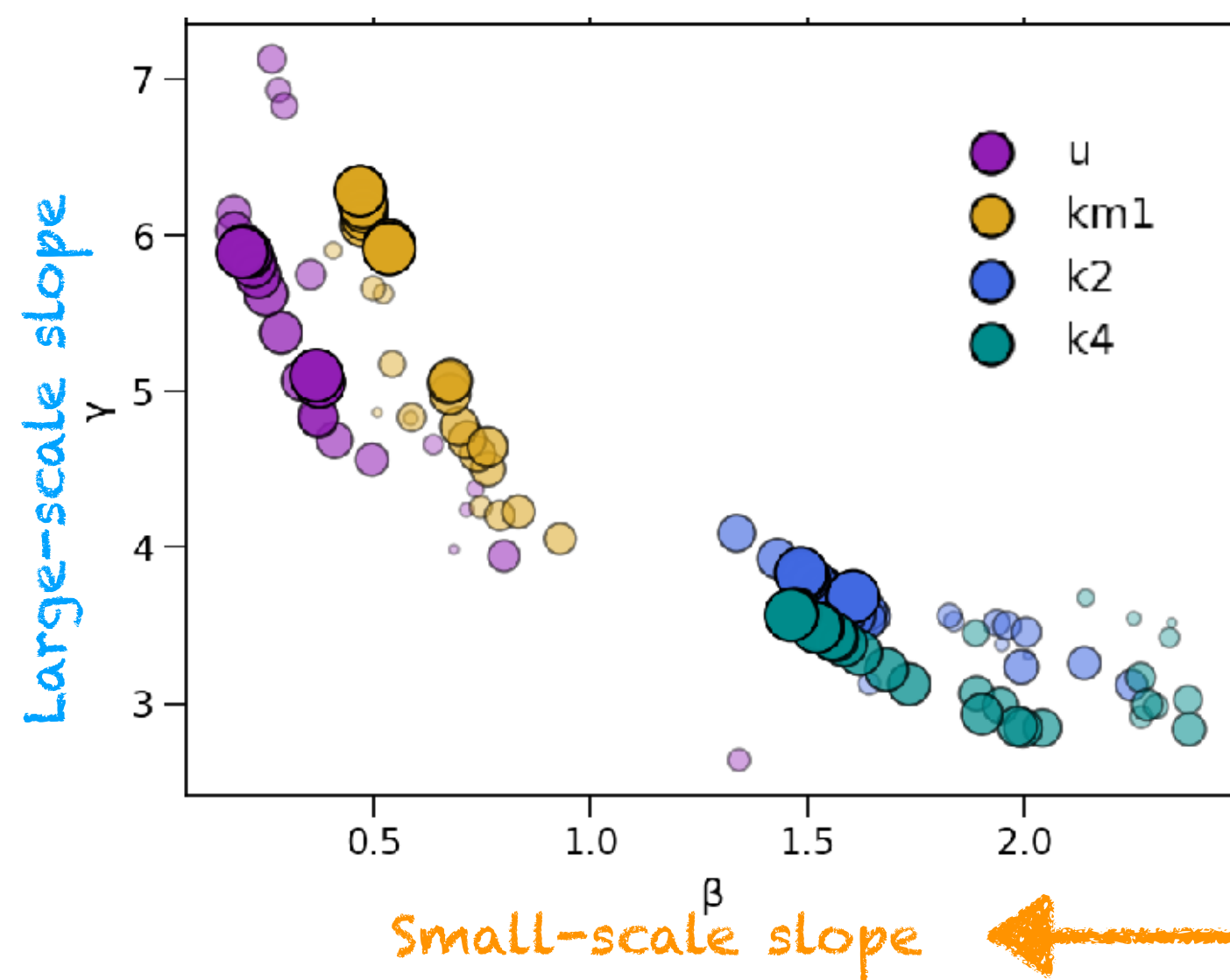
[Mitedlidze, Domínguez-Fernández accepted]

Fair comparison to small-scale dynamo theory?

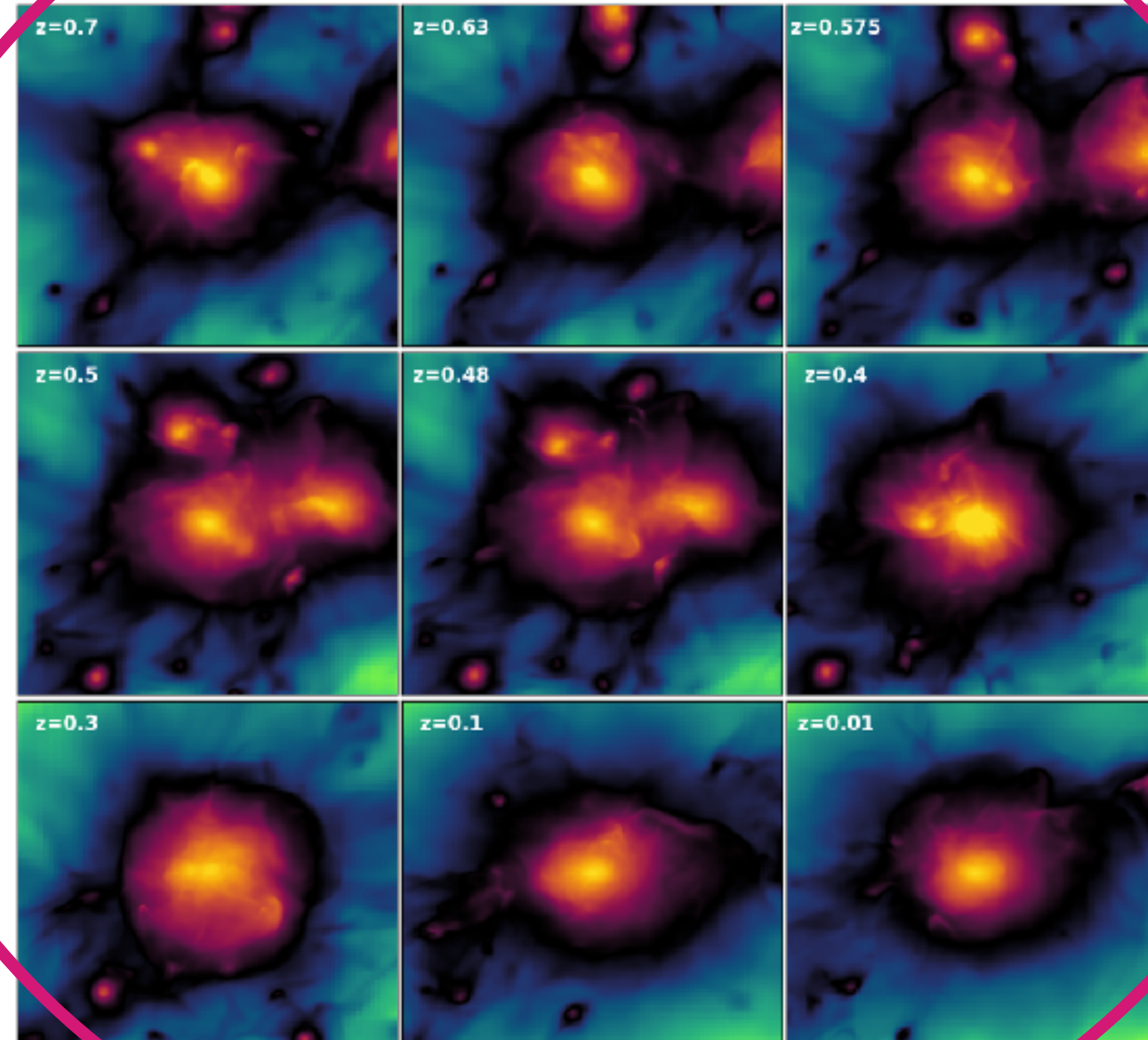
MAGNETIC AMPLIFICATION DOES NOT ONLY
DEPEND ON TURBULENCE IN GALAXY
CLUSTERS

MERGER HISTORY INFLUENCES THE
MAGNETIC AMPLIFICATION

HINT ON MAGNETIC SPECTRAL DIFFERENCES



Can we say the
memory of the
seed is entirely
lost?



Not one-to-one
relation

VELOCITY FIELD

• Not δ -correlated in time

MERGERS/ACCRETION
EVENTS

• Large-scale component
present

Summary

Primordial MFs can explain the observed magnetization in galaxy clusters (simulations)

- Mergers affect the small-scale dynamo amplification.
- Cosmological MHD simulations do not exhibit a small-scale dynamo that can be compared one-to-one to the Kazantsev theory.
- Is the seed field memory really lost?

1. Inflationary

I. $\sim \mu\text{G}$ VALUES, LARGER λ_B , MORE MAGNETIC POWER AT $\gtrsim 0.5 h^{-1}\text{cMpc}$



Favored to explain some observations and mega haloes?

2. Phase-transitional

I. $\sim 0.1\mu\text{G}$ VALUES, SMALLER λ_B *

Future studies (also with helicity) needed!