

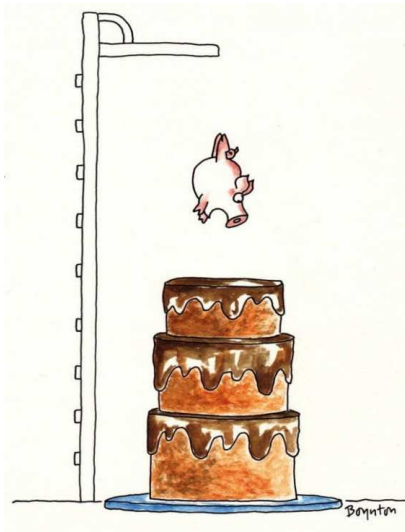
Marco Molinaro



Astrophysical Resources & Open Science

From Science Gateways to Papers – 26 May 2022, Palermo





VO & IVOA

VO \longleftrightarrow FAIR principles & Open Science

FAIR enabling standards

Metadata granularity

... closings ...

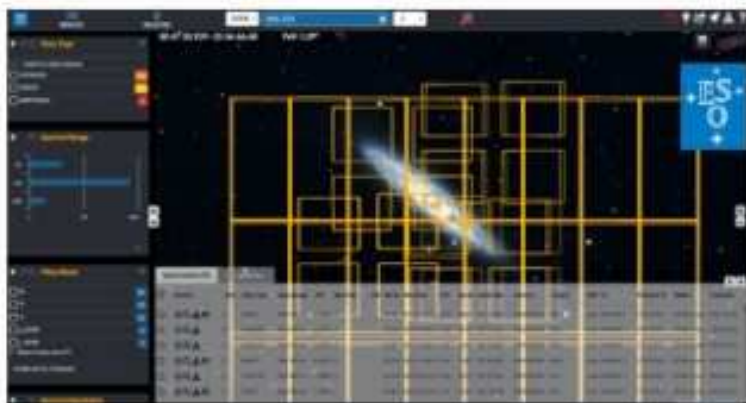


The Virtual Observatory (VO) is the vision that astronomical datasets and other resources should work as a seamless whole.

Many projects and data centres worldwide are working towards this goal.



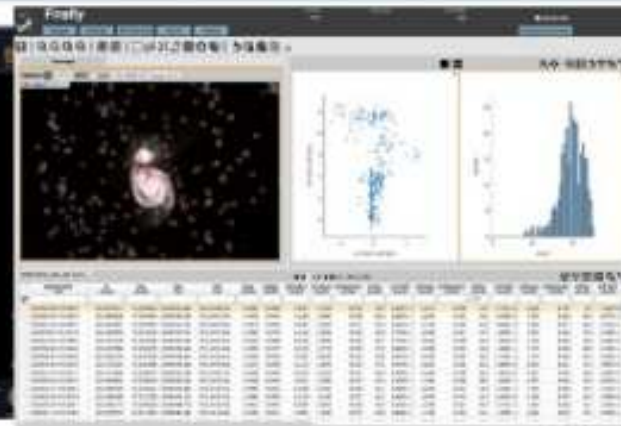
VO embedded in astronomy services



ESO Science Portal



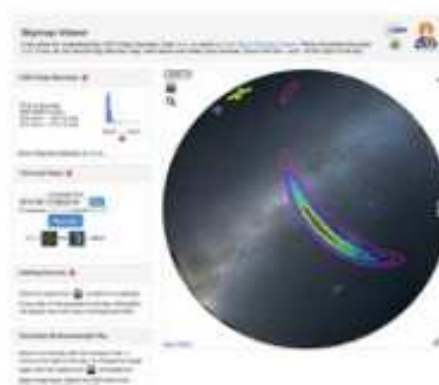
WWT



Firefly
Caltech-IPAC



ESA Sky



Grav. waves 2021 IVOA Virtual Interop Meeting



CDS reference data service

SVO Filter Profile service

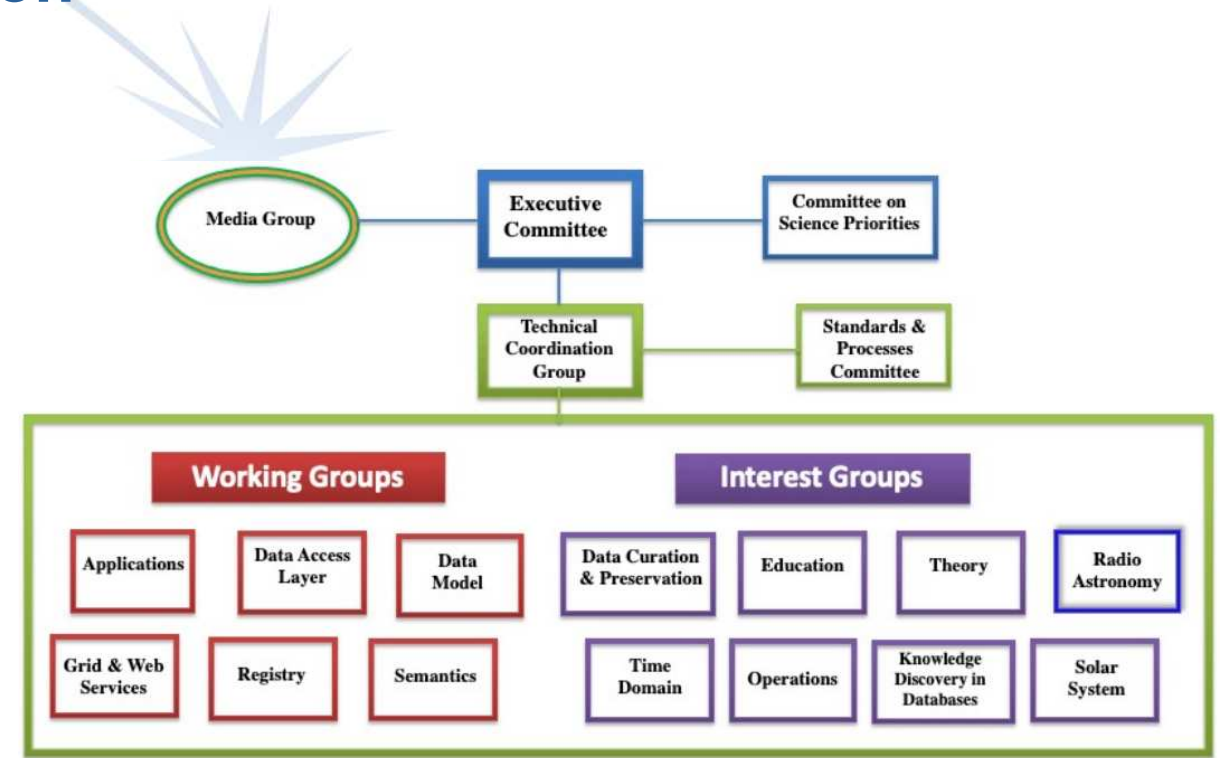
INTERNATIONAL VIRTUAL OBSERVATORY ALLIANCE



The Virtual Observatory (VO) is the vision that astronomical datasets and other resources should work as a seamless whole. Many projects and data centres worldwide are working towards this goal. The International Virtual Observatory Alliance (IVOA) is an organisation that debates and agrees the technical standards that are needed to make the VO possible. It also acts as a focus for VO aspirations, a framework for discussing and sharing VO ideas and technology, and body for promoting and publicising the VO.



IVOA – members & organisation



FAIR & IVOA Architecture

FIND

through the *Registry of Resources*,

ACCESS

them consuming *Data Access Layer*
protocol based services,
available via VO enabled *Applications*, that

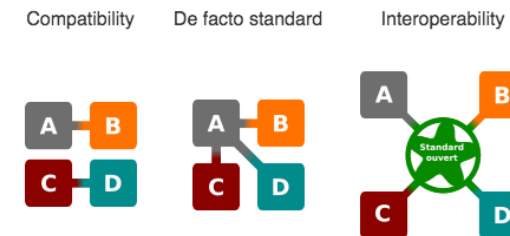
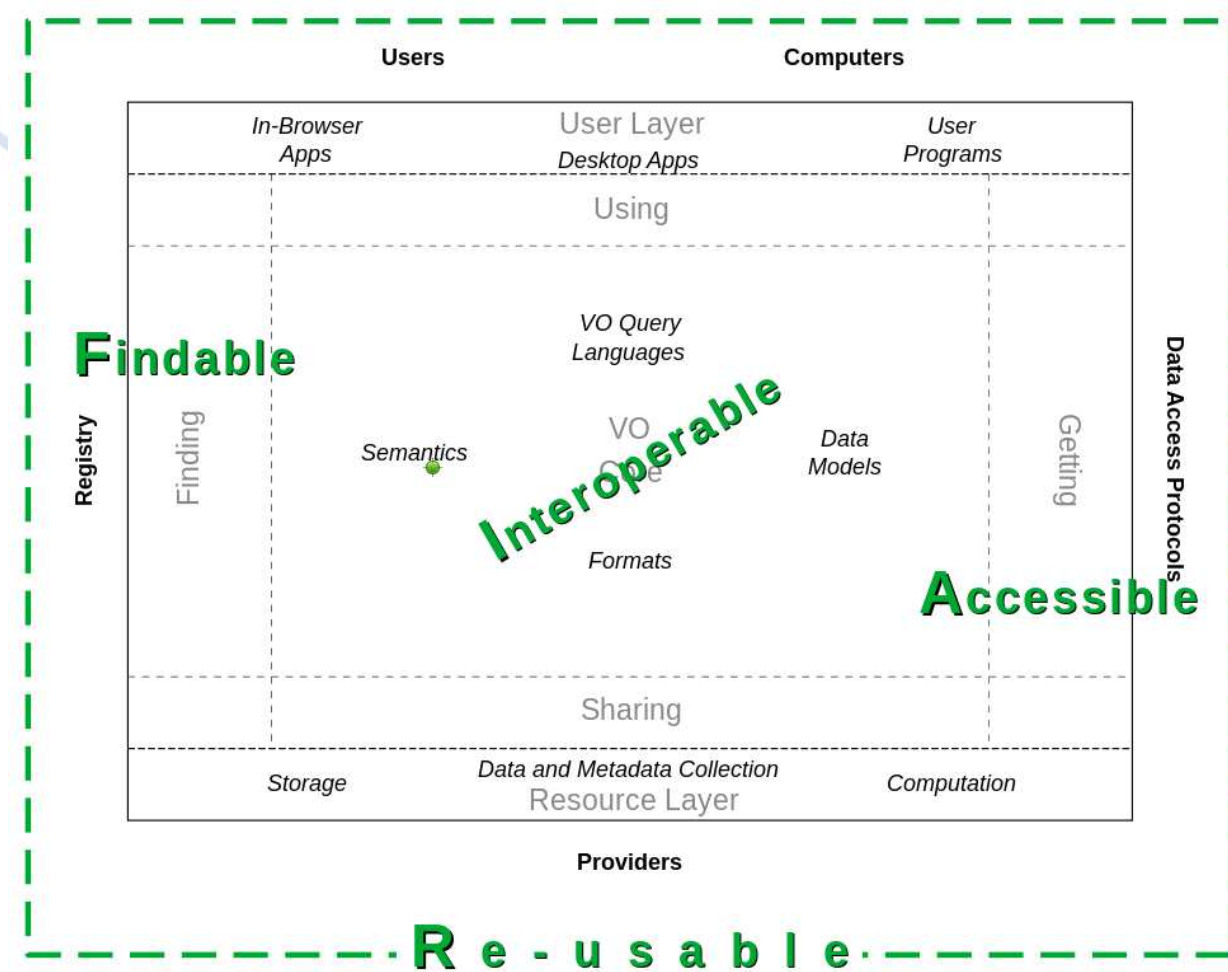
INTEROPERATE

leveraging upon standardised:

Semantics, Data Models, Formats and Languages,
and (*Grid &*) *Web Services* technical standards.

Enable RE-USE

taking advantage of the above open standards.
(imagine a 3rd dimension on top of this diagram,
supported by Provenance metadata)



Historical overview



FITS: Flexible Image Transport System
Discussed late '70, first formalisation 1981, version 4.0 2018
Focus on long term preservation and back-compatibility



ADASS: Astronomical Data Analysis Software & System
ADASS I, 1991 / ADASS XXXII, 2022
Community on data software and systems in astrophysics



IVOA: International Virtual Observatory Alliance
Formed 2002

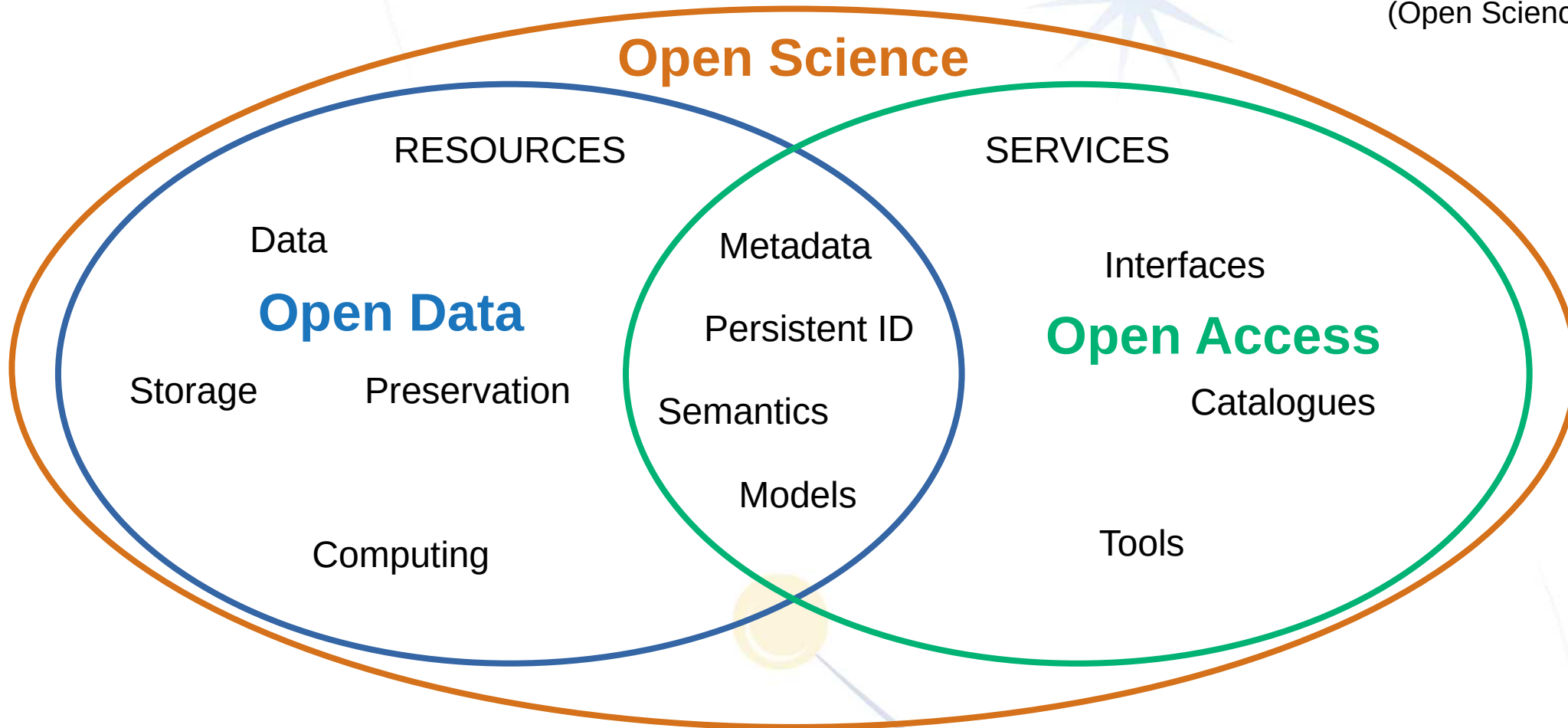


Technical
Community
Semantics



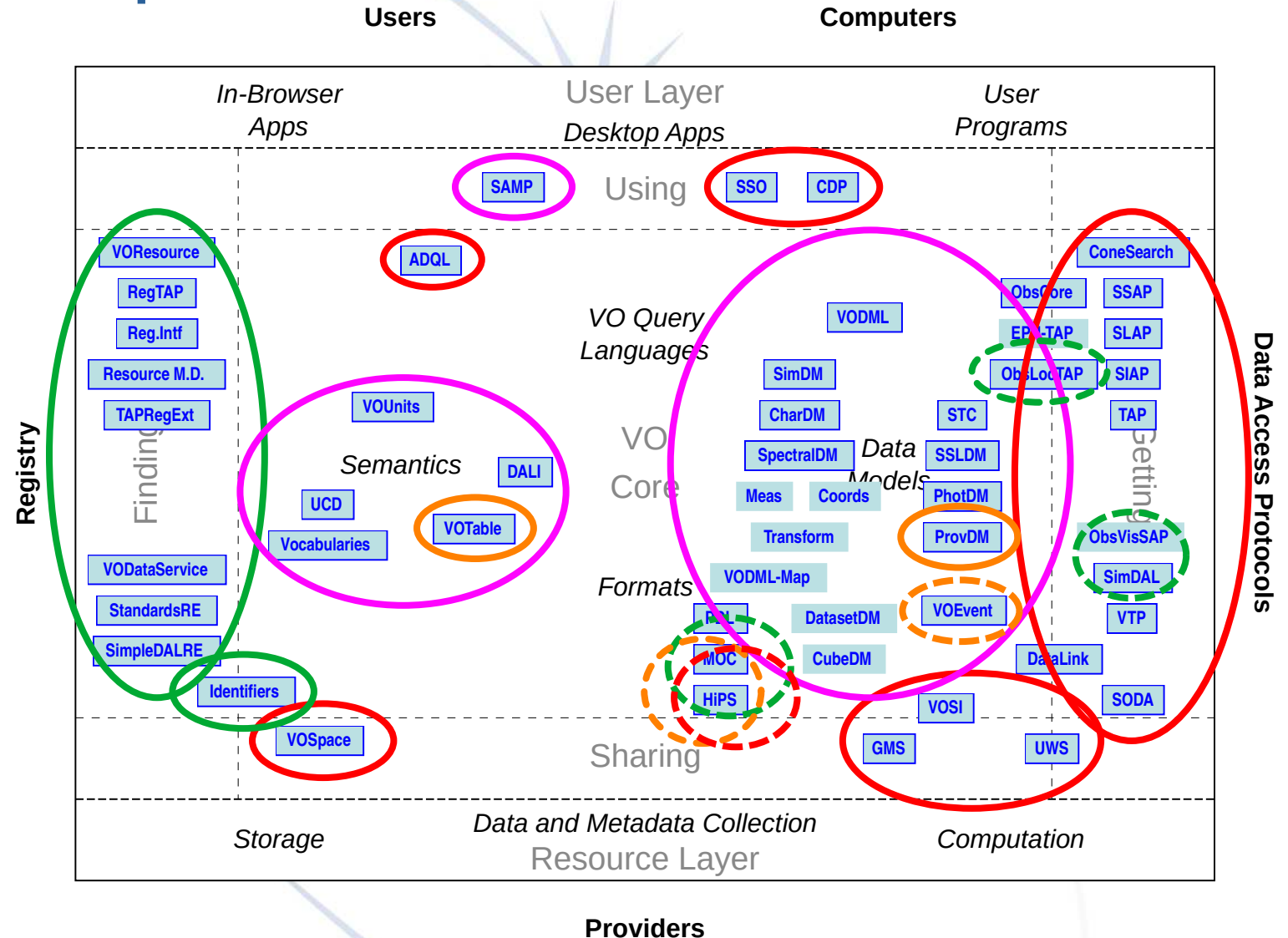
Open Science involves transitioning from a system in which it is **difficult** to access and locate the results of scientific research to one that **openly** distributes results to all kinds of end users [...]

(Open Science Conference, EU 2016)



Enabling FAIR principles

FINDABLE
ACCESSIBLE
INTEROPERABLE
RE-USABLE

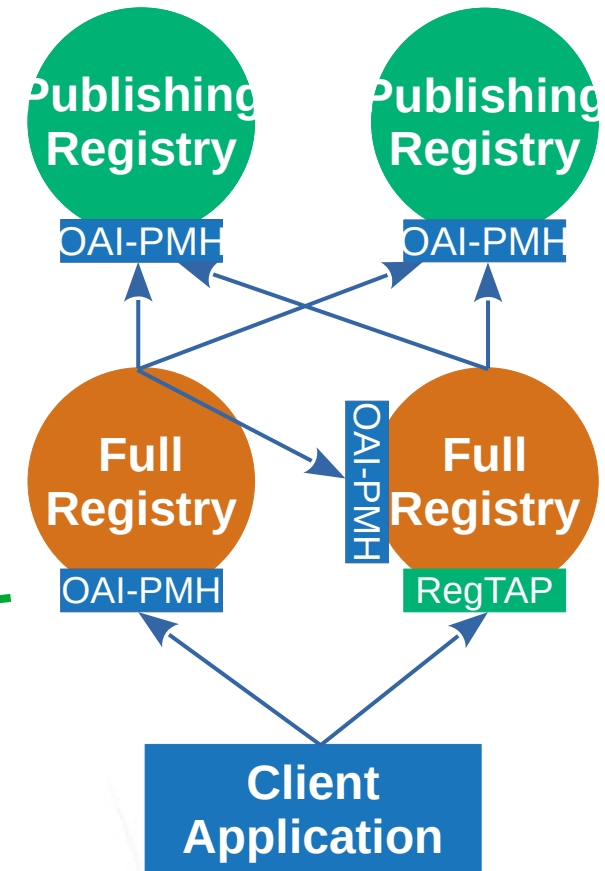


F1. (Meta)data are assigned a globally unique and **persistent** identifier

F2. Data are described with rich metadata (defined by R1 below)

F3. Metadata clearly and explicitly include the identifier of the data they describe

F4. (Meta)data are registered ~~or~~ [&] indexed in a searchable resource

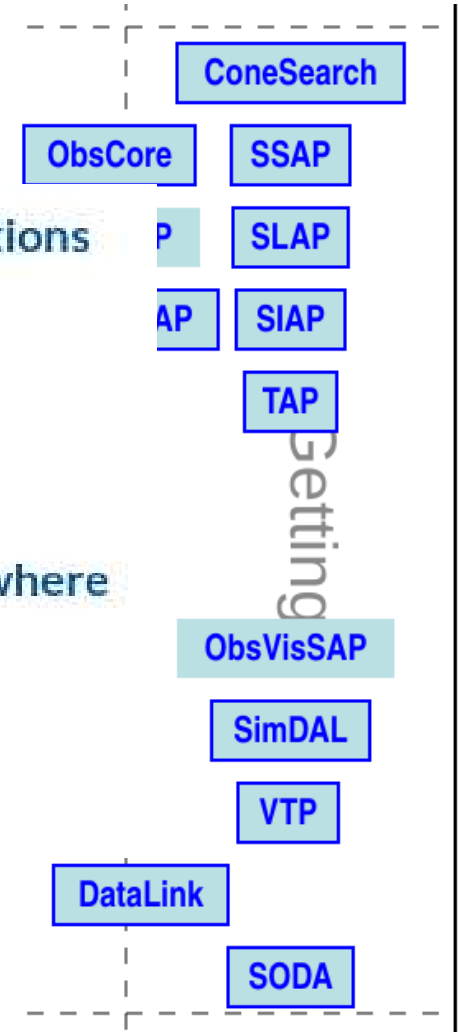


A1. (Meta)data are retrievable by their identifier using a standardised communications protocol

A1.1 The protocol is open, free, and universally implementable

A1.2 The protocol allows for an authentication and authorisation procedure, where necessary

A2. Metadata are accessible, even when the data are no longer available



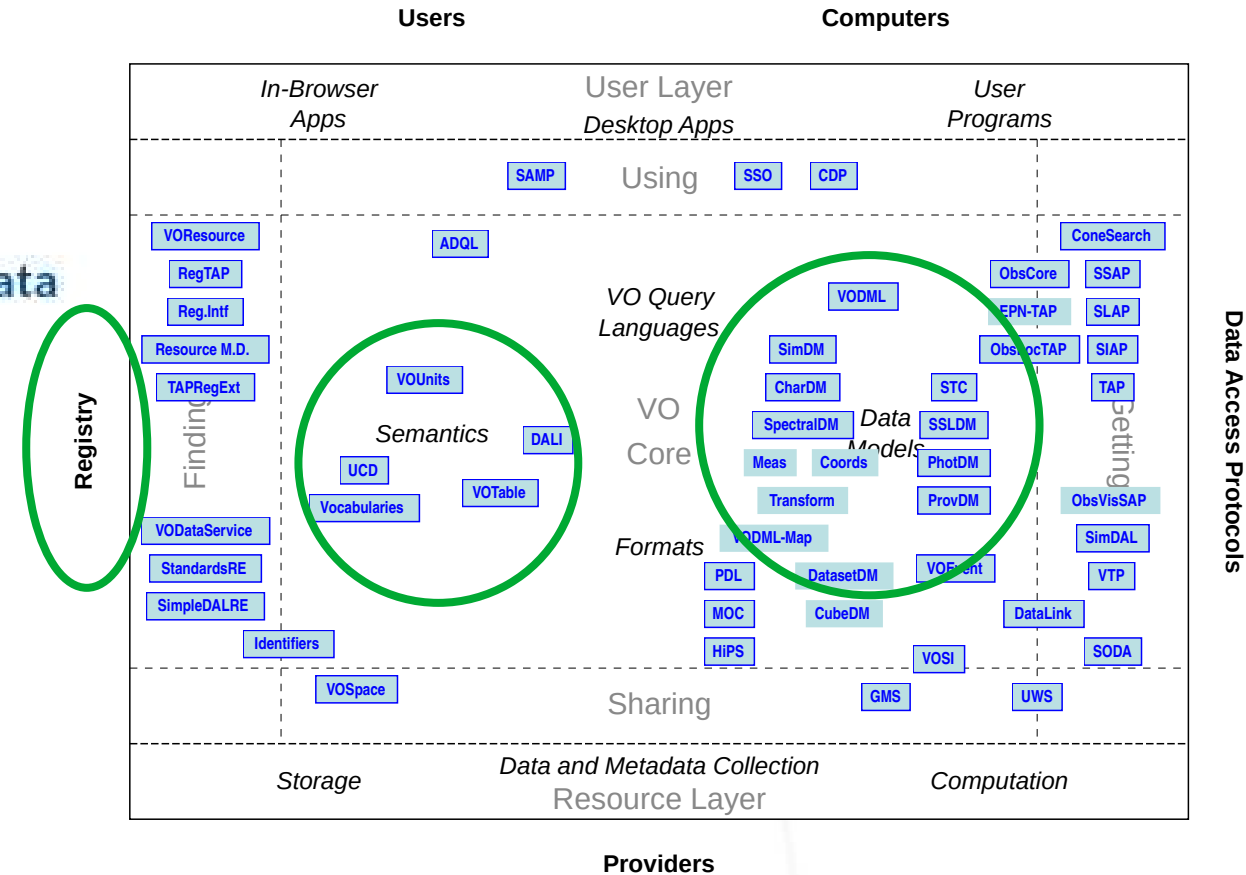
11. (Meta)data use a formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable language for knowledge representation.

12. (Meta)data use vocabularies that follow FAIR principles

13. (Meta)data include qualified references to other (meta)data

There should be a reason why the
VO community
gets together twice a year in

IVOA Interoperability Meetings

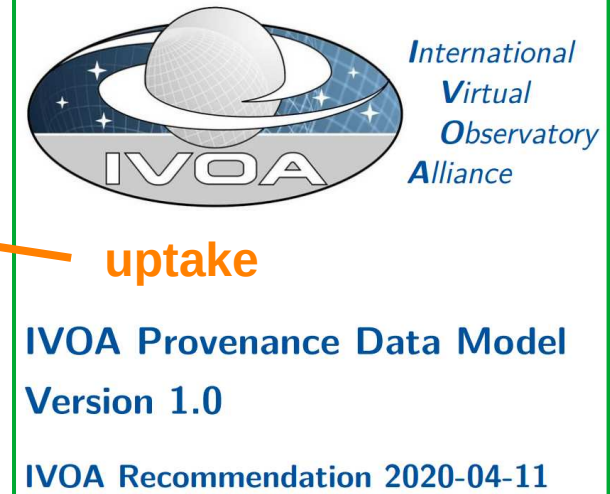


R1. (Meta)data are richly described with a plurality of accurate and relevant attributes

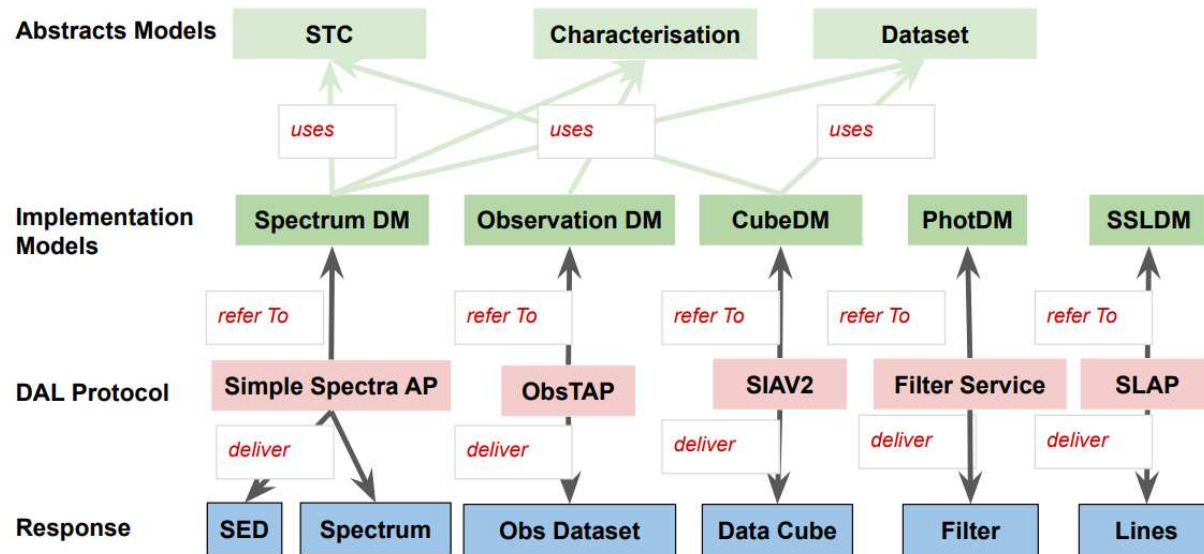
R1.1. (Meta)data are released with a clear and accessible data usage license

R1.2. (Meta)data are associated with detailed provenance

R1.3. (Meta)data meet domain-relevant community standards



Documentation: Binding DAL protocols with models



Responses are all VOTables

VOTable fields and params are defined by the DAL protocol

They match the model by construction

Laurent Michel, Jesus Salgado -- Locktown - 2020

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Resource level

- Identification, curation, content, coverage
- interfaces & capabilities

Dataset annotation

- spatial, spectral, temporal, messenger, observables...
- Access, data linking (W3C~like)

Tableset annotation

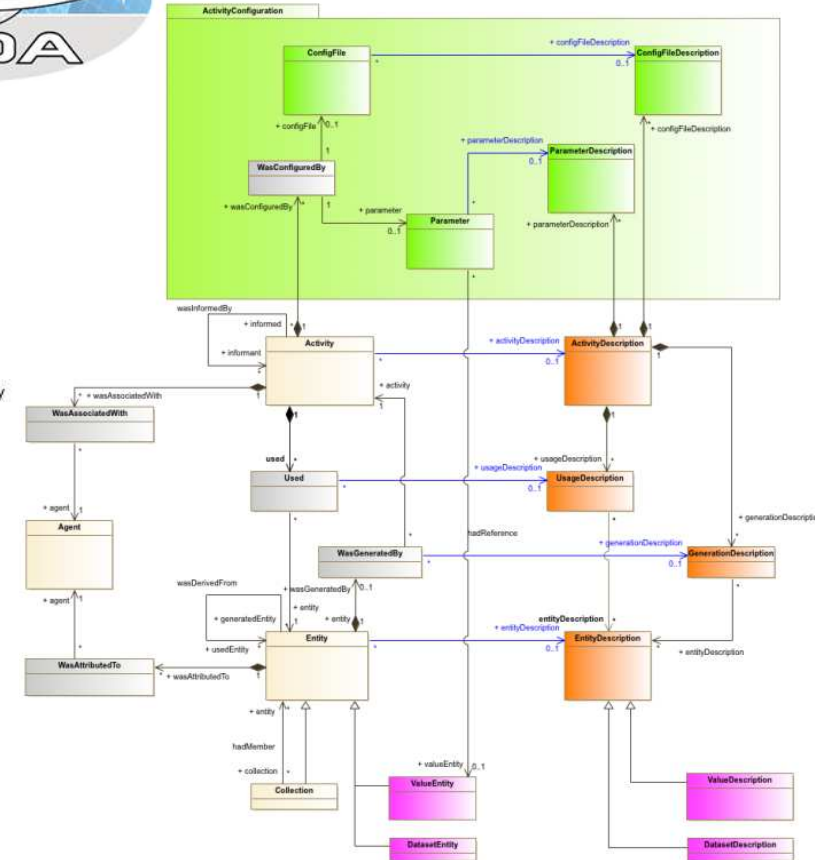
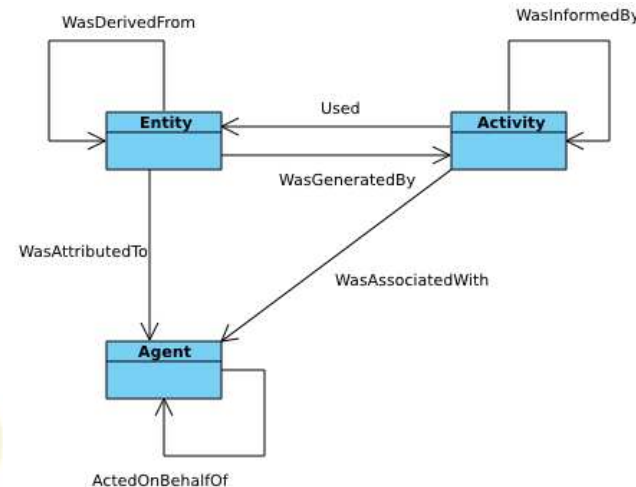
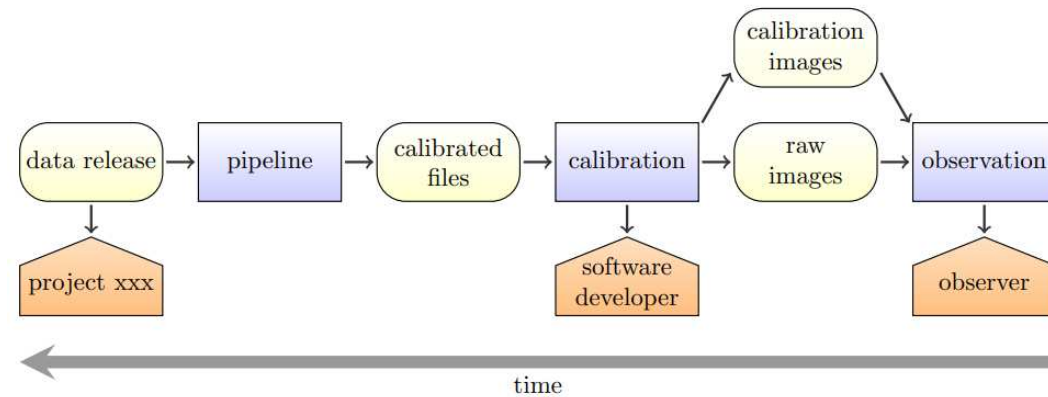
- Similar, at column/field level

Provenance

- All based upon
 - conceptual models
 - metadata models
 - controlled lists
 - vocabularies/ontologies
- Plus an extra abstraction layer
 - Data Modelling Language
 - [UML profile]



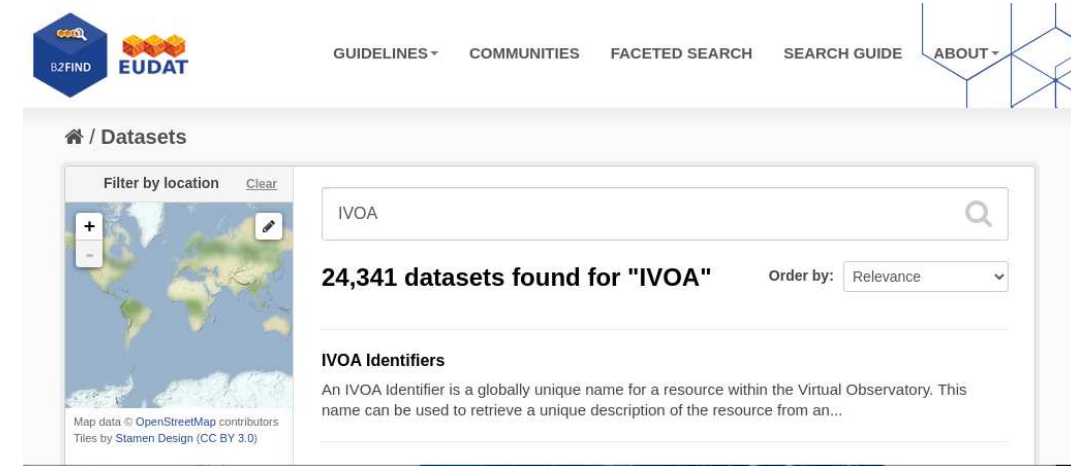
- Annotate activities and processes leading to a resource
- Can be used to enable re-use
- Finer granularity leads to complexity in representation
- Difficult to keep all information in one place



- Keeps alive (mainly with CEVO) VO flavoured interoperability
 - VO integration in EOSC
 - IVOA Registry of Resources in EUDAT (OpenAIRE?)
 - **Semantic Interoperability** TF
 - Update of the IVOA standards from ESFRI requirements
 - Including Radio IG efforts
 - ESAP joint effort
 - Execution Planner standardisation effort
- Continue(d) VO School dissemination

Zanichelli Tue. 24/5

Bertocco Tue. 24/5



The screenshot shows the EUDAT IVOA Registry search results page. At the top, there are logos for B2FIND and EUDAT, and navigation links for GUIDELINES, COMMUNITIES, FACETED SEARCH, SEARCH GUIDE, and ABOUT. The main heading is "/ Datasets". Below this, there is a search bar with the text "IVOA" and a magnifying glass icon. To the left of the search bar is a map with a "Filter by location" label and a "Clear" link. The search results show "24,341 datasets found for 'IVOA'" and an "Order by:" dropdown menu set to "Relevance". Below the search results, there is a section titled "IVOA Identifiers" with a description: "An IVOA Identifier is a globally unique name for a resource within the Virtual Observatory. This name can be used to retrieve a unique description of the resource from an...".



Sciaccia Tue. 24/5

- NEANIAS
 - **Technical Interoperability**
 - Integration of data & services in EOSC
 - Cloud solution
- VLKB
 - Heterogeneous data collection
 - Project customised solutions
 - Bring them to interoperability

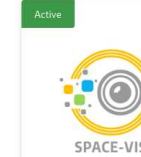


SPACE-ML CAESAR service

CAESAR (Compact And Extended Sources Automated Recognition) service provides a straightforward solution to segment astrophysical FITS maps, allowing for the extraction and characterization of both compact (e.g. stars, galaxies) and extended sources (e.g. galactic filaments, supernovae remnants).

Creation Date: Jun 25, 2021

Last Update: Jun 30, 2021

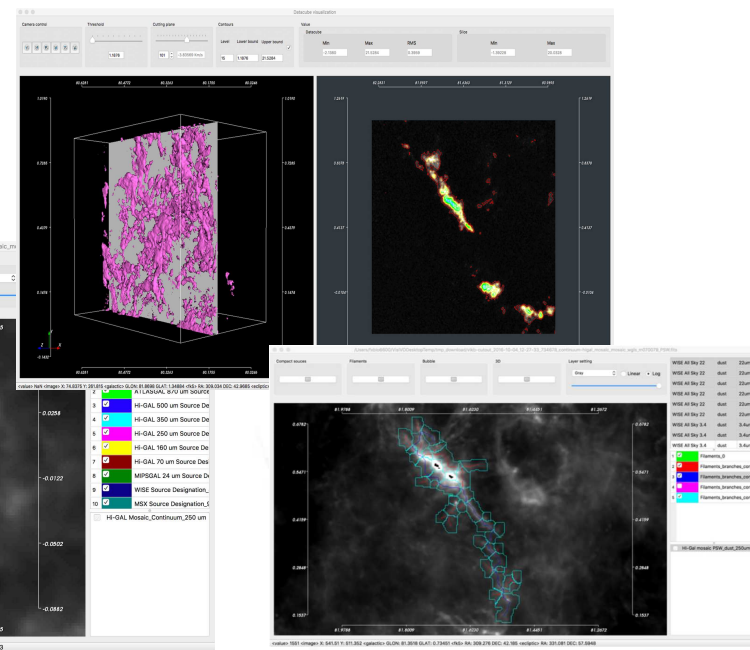
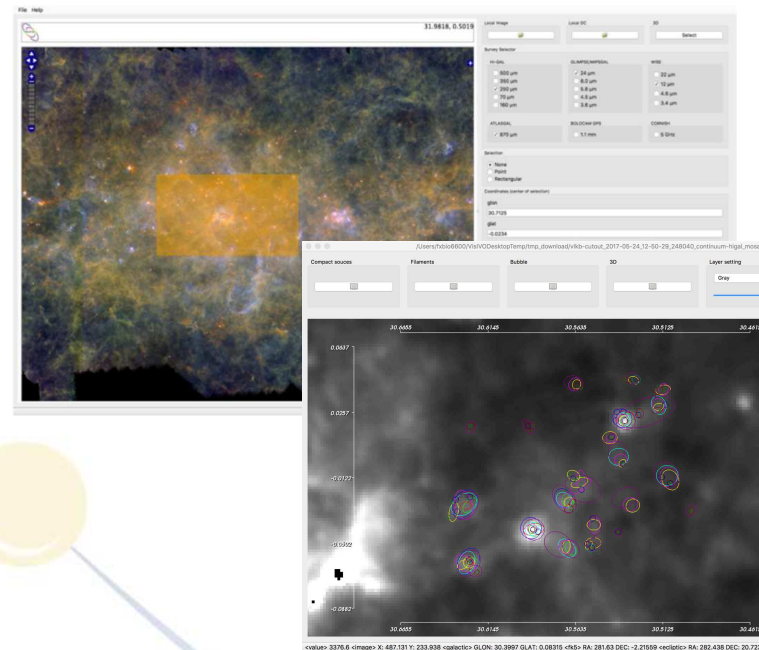


SPACE-VIS ViaLactea Service

The ViaLactea service provides an advanced operational solution for data management and visualization of astrophysics FAIR data surveys of the Galactic Plane to study the star formation process of the Milky Way. The ViaLactea Visual Analytic (VLA) tool combines different types of visualization to perform the analysis exploring the correlation between different data, for example 2D intensity images with 3D molecular spectral cubes. All underlying data are managed in the ViaLactea Knowledge Base (VLKB). The VLKB includes 2D and 3D (velocity cubes) surveys, numerical model outputs, point-like and diffuse object catalogues and allows for retrieval of all the available datasets as well as cutouts on the positional and/or velocity axis and some merging capabilities on adjacent datasets.

Creation Date: May 24, 2021

Last Update: Jun 30, 2021



Vitello Tue. 24/5





... more work, more projects, different *astrodomains* ...



- EPN-2024-RI / VESPA
- SOLARNET
- ASPIS prototype (CAESAR)
- ...
- IVOA CSP restarted community engagement
- ...



Lessons Learned II

“Metadata is what holds the VO together”

Dave Morris (ROE/UEDIN)

ESCAPE Cross-WP meeting, 24 May 2022

▪ Let machines do the work for us!

- nice idea, but not feasible now; even not (yet) google dataset search - all for SEO?
- in reality most data are not exposed at all but 'hidden' in community specific repositories
- those that are exposed use varying metadata schemas, even those who use 'standards' do this differently
- making data FAIR is a good way – but it just started and it must be *done* by someone

▪ B2FIND

- an entry point to search for research data
 - we can't (and don't intend to) replace existing search portals
- given the flexible metadata ingestion, B2FIND is not only a metadata aggregator but also a metadata curator
 - make b2f specific mappings reusable by others!
- consulting/advice is extremely important – communication is key!

If you want to go fast go alone,
If you want to go far go together.

(African proverb)

February 24th 2022

Fair's Fair Webinar

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Claudia Mertens (DKRZ)

Metadata exchange issues (webinar)

“Practical advice and lessons learned from the B2FIND perspective”

Thanks!

