

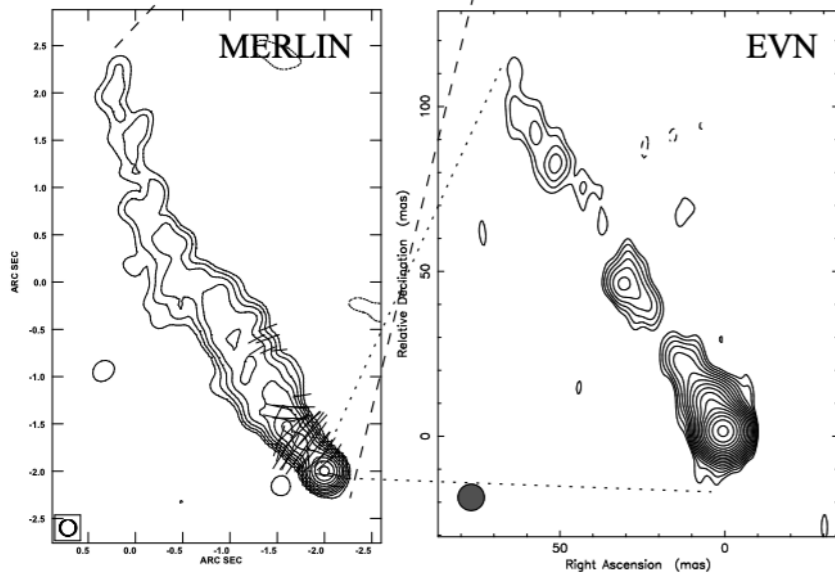
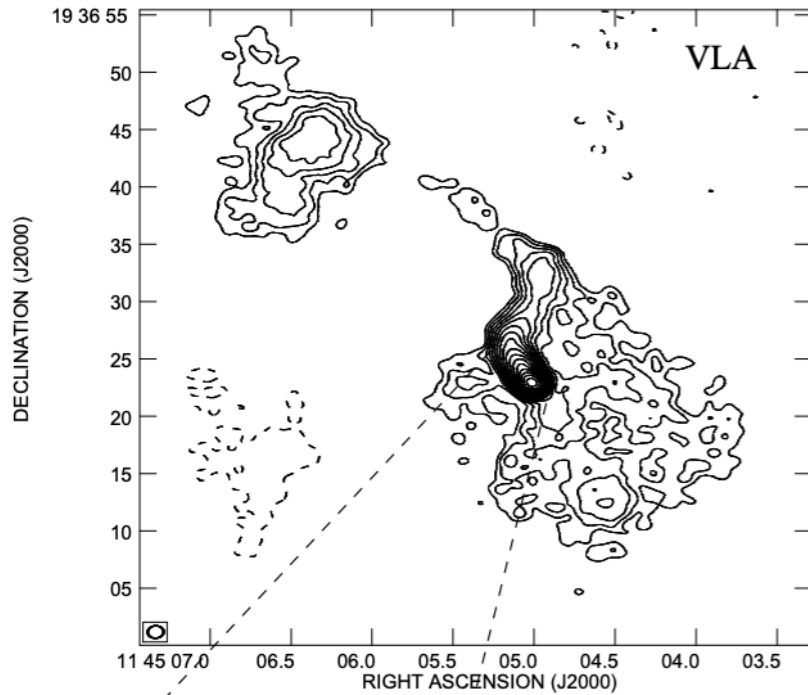
The TeV-detected radio galaxy 3C 264: a science case in the perspective of CTA

Giulia Migliori (IRA)

B. Boccardi (MPIFR), P. Grandi (OAS), E. Torresi (OAS), F. Mertens (Kapteyn),
V. Karamanavis, A. Angioni, C. Vignali (DIFA)

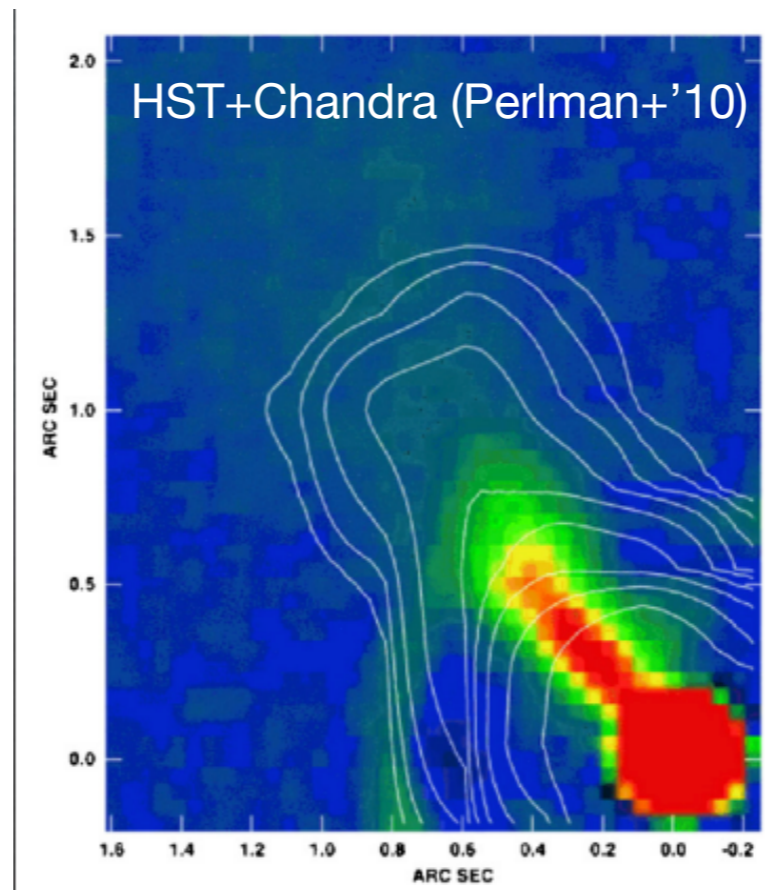
Boccardi et al., A&A 2019:[arXiv:1905.06634](https://arxiv.org/abs/1905.06634)

3C 264

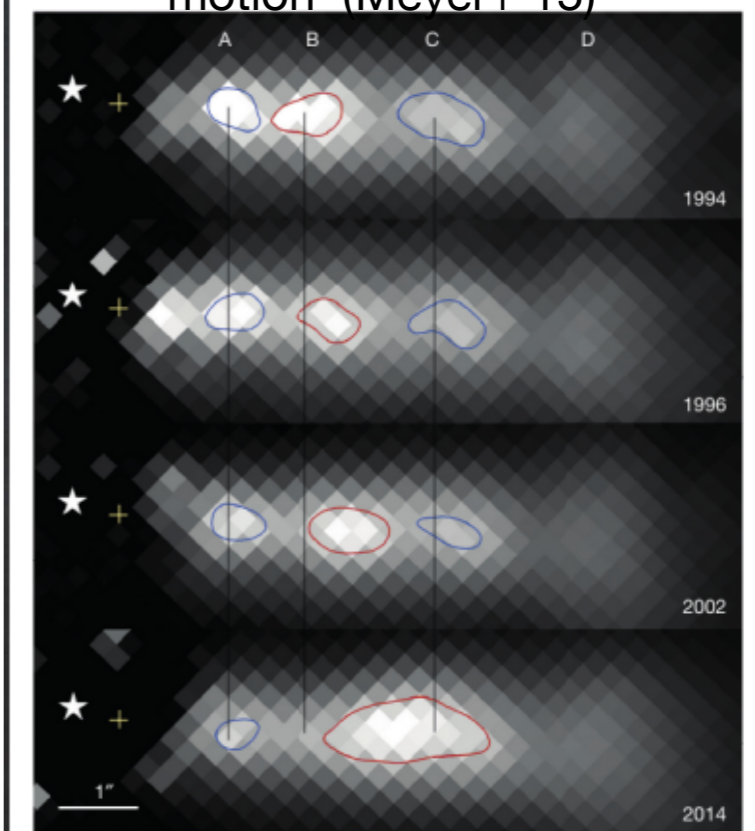


(Lara+'04)

- FRI/LERG radio galaxy ($D_L=94$ Mpc) in Abell 1367 cluster;
- Head-tail kpc structure with extended radio, optical, X-ray jet (Lara+'97, Perlman+'10, Meyer+'15);
- Gamma-ray detected by Fermi ($\Gamma=1.94\pm0.10$, $F_{1-100\text{GeV}}=(2.85\pm0.40)\times10^{-10}$ phot s $^{-1}$ cm $^{-2}$);
- VHE candidate (Angioni+'17) \Rightarrow MAGIC proposal (PI:Angioni)

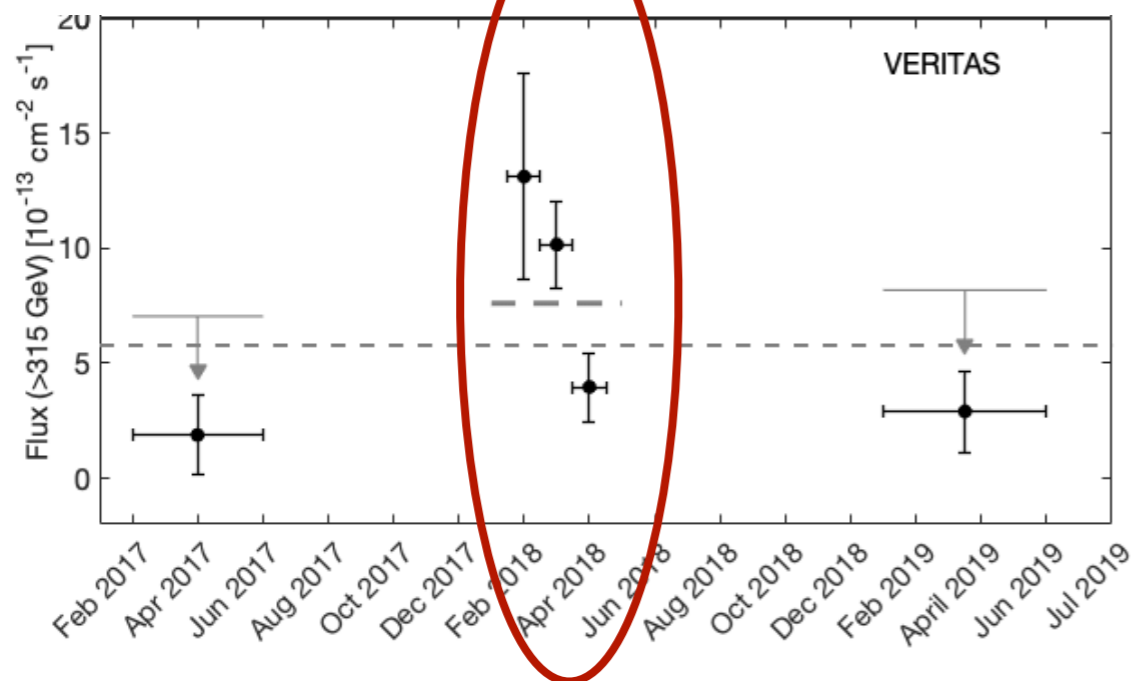
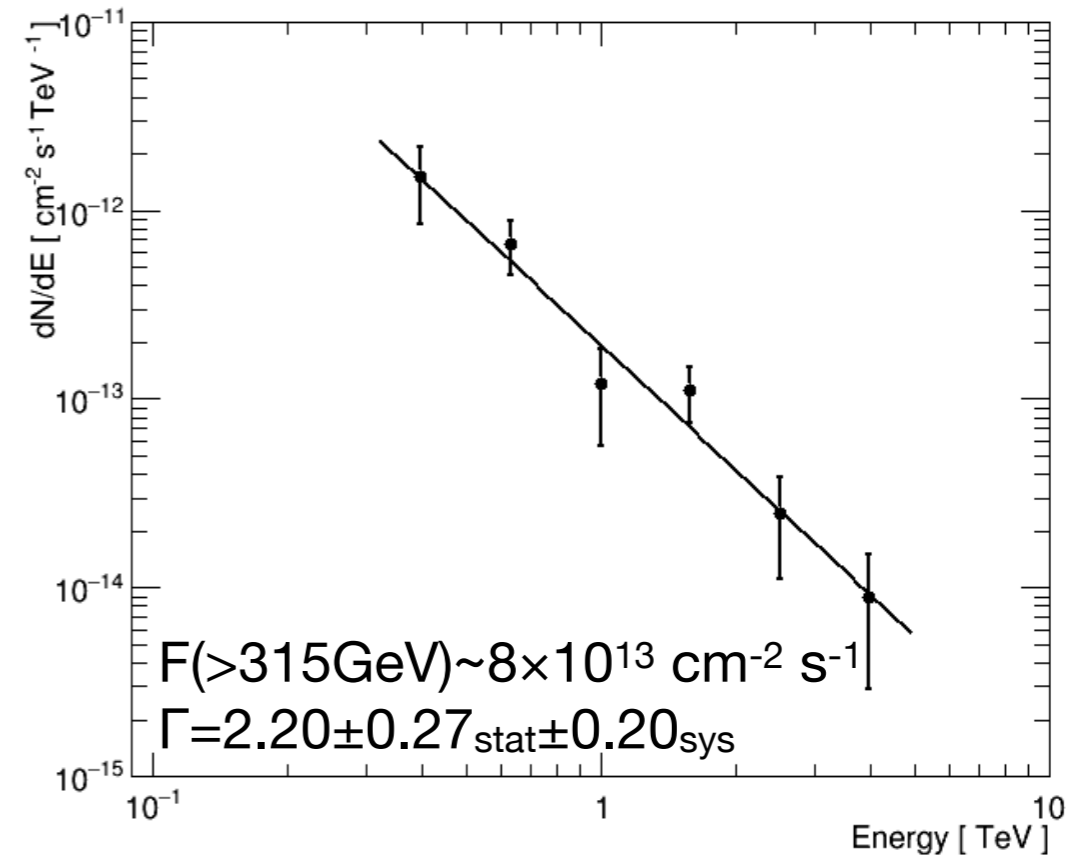
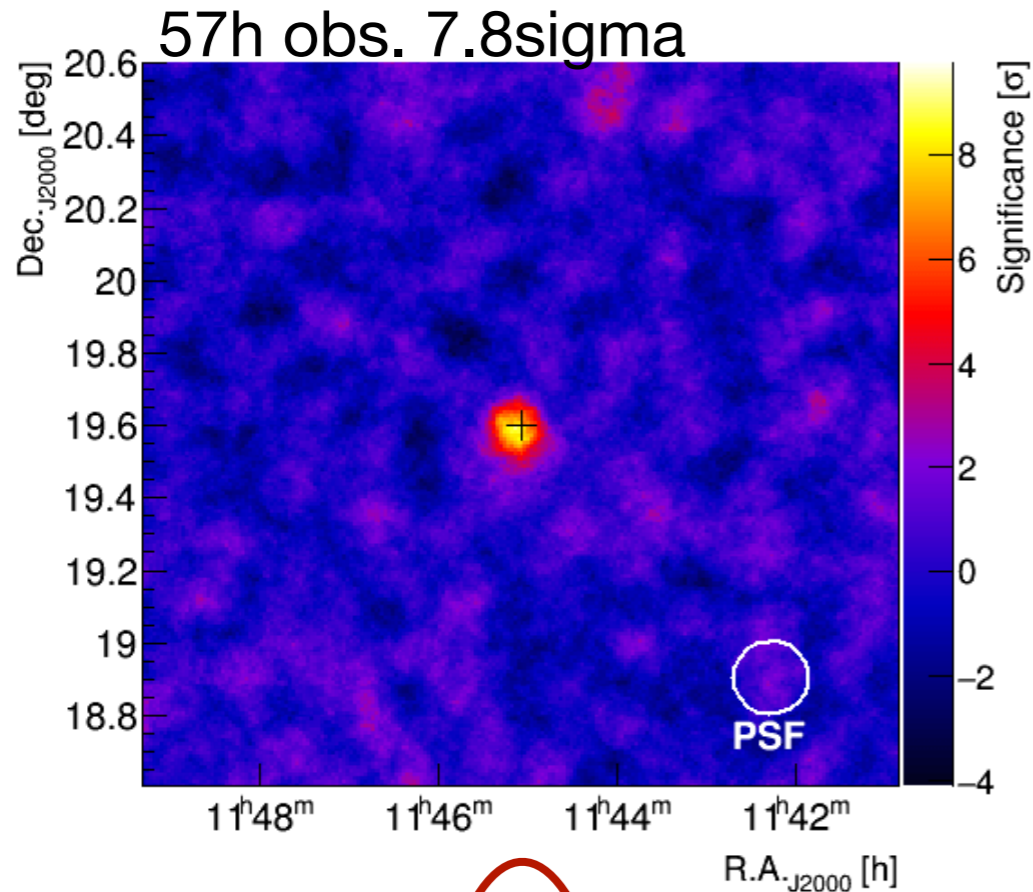


Optical jet: app. superluminal motion (Meyer+'15)



3C 264: VHE

VERITAS detection in 2018 (Archer+'18):



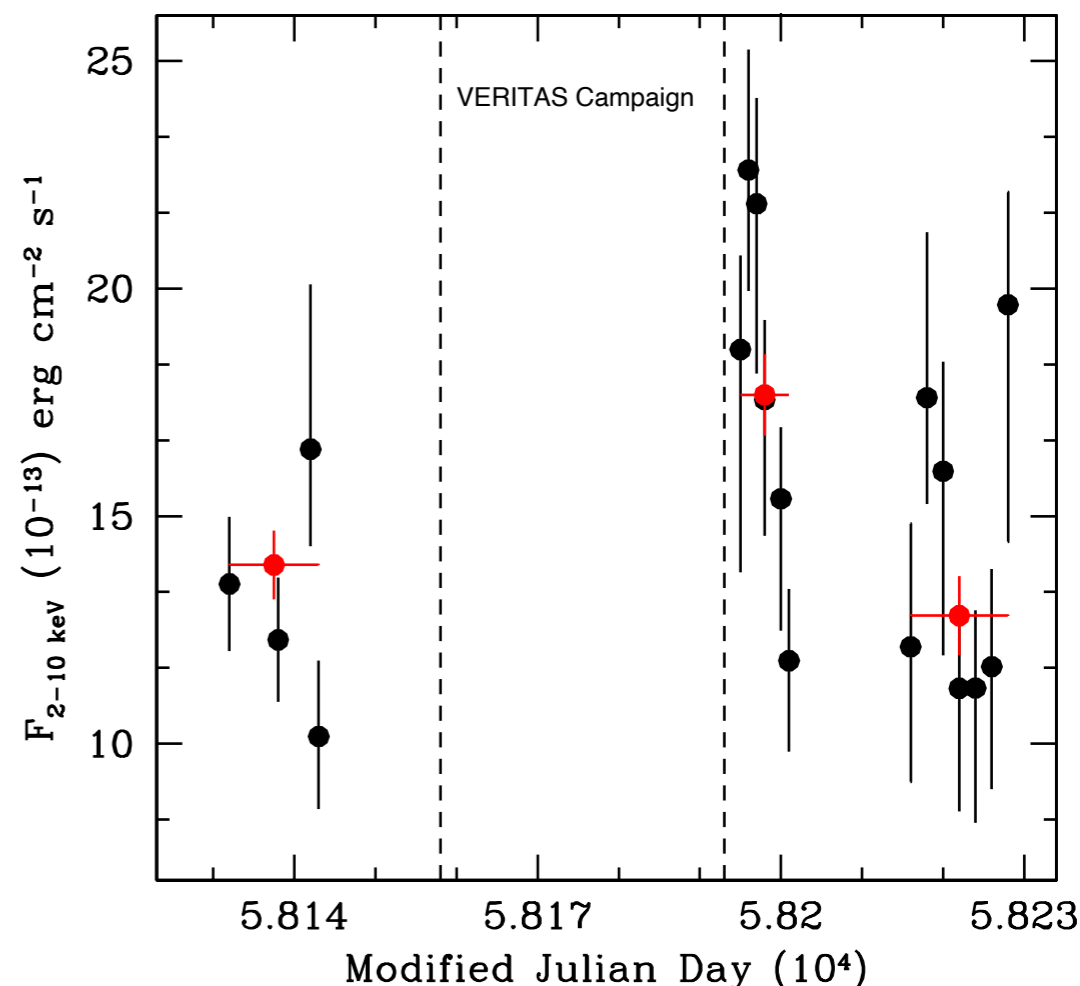
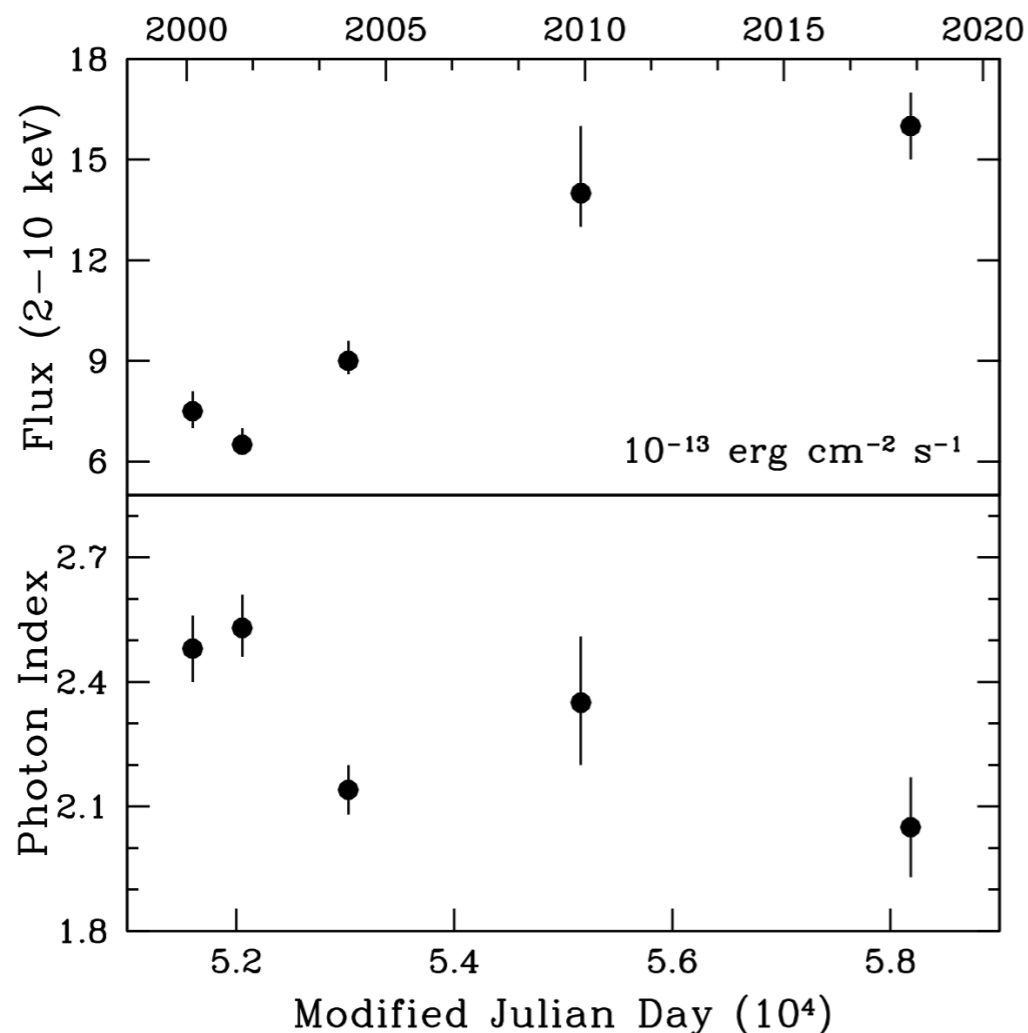
- Monthly variable VHE flux rather than strong flare;
- Fermi-LAT: hints of enhanced MeV-GeV emission



Low amplitude γ -ray variability

3C 264 jet: X-rays

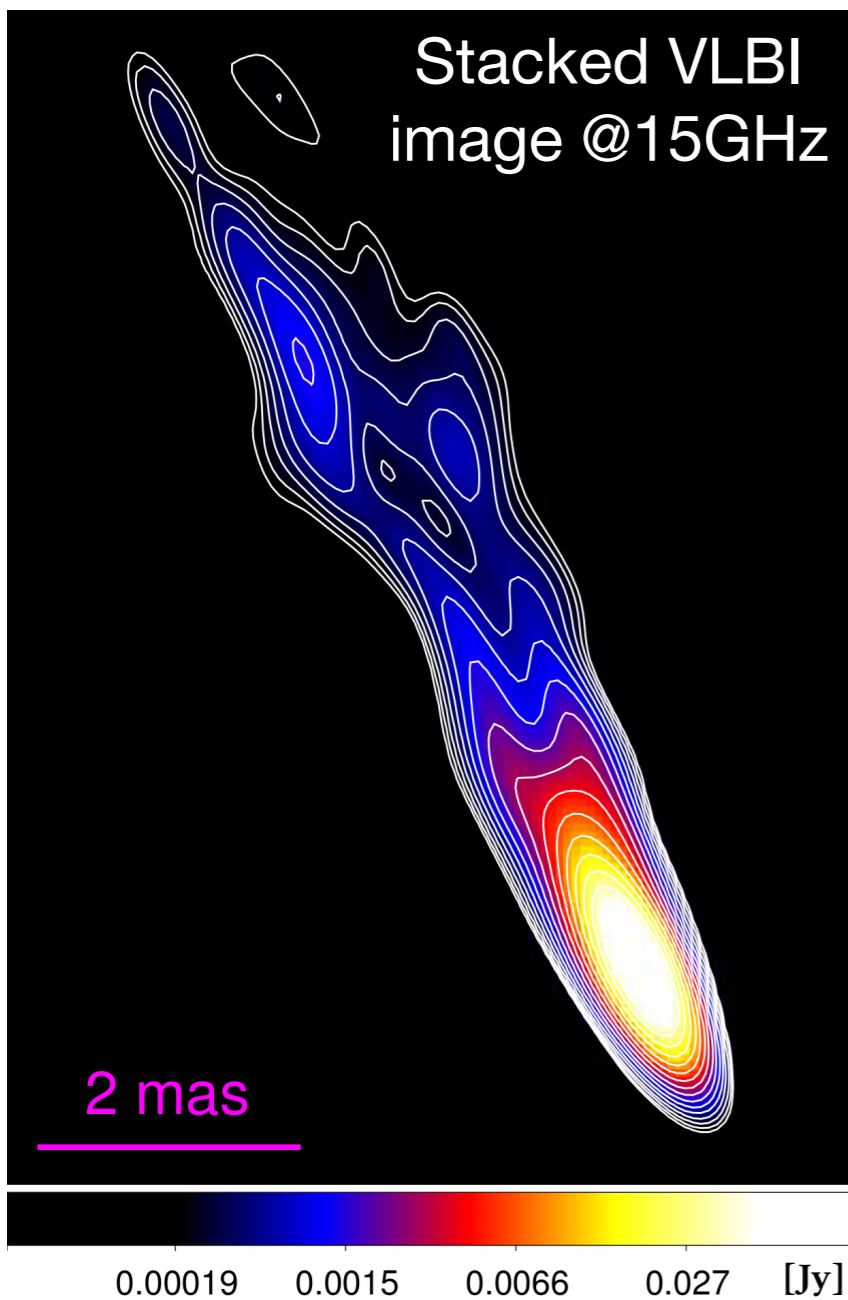
Year-to-month scale monitoring:



- Non-thermal core emission ($\Gamma_{\text{X-rays}}=1.8-2.5$, $L_{2-10\text{keV}}=(8-30)\times 10^{41} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$);
- Long term variability: $\times 3$ flux increase from 2000 to 2018 + harder when brighter trend?
- Short term variability (< 3 days): high(er) state immediately after the VHE detection.

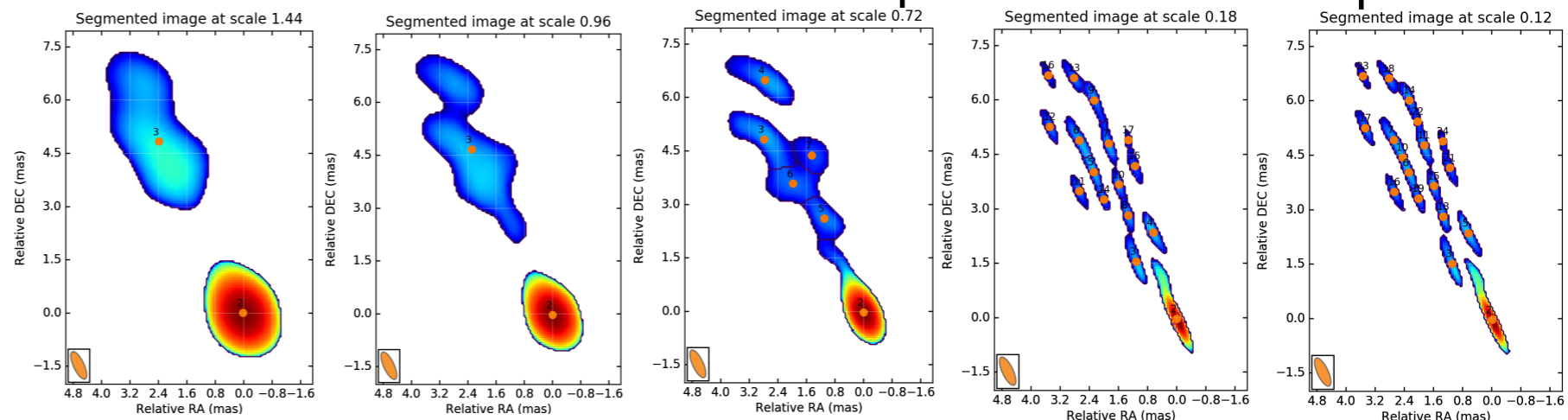
3C 264 jet: inner structure

MOJAVE VLBA 15 GHz (Sept 2016 - Oct 2018)

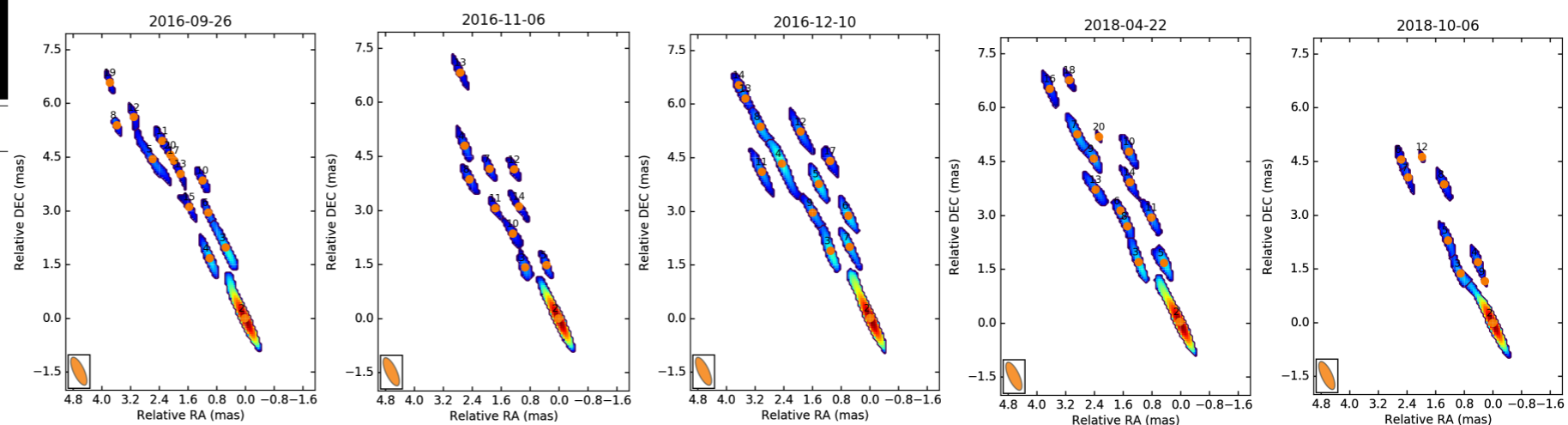


- Moderately variable radio core (+20% in 2018);
- Limb brightened structure at parsec scales + one knot;
- Analysis of the inner jet features via WISE code:

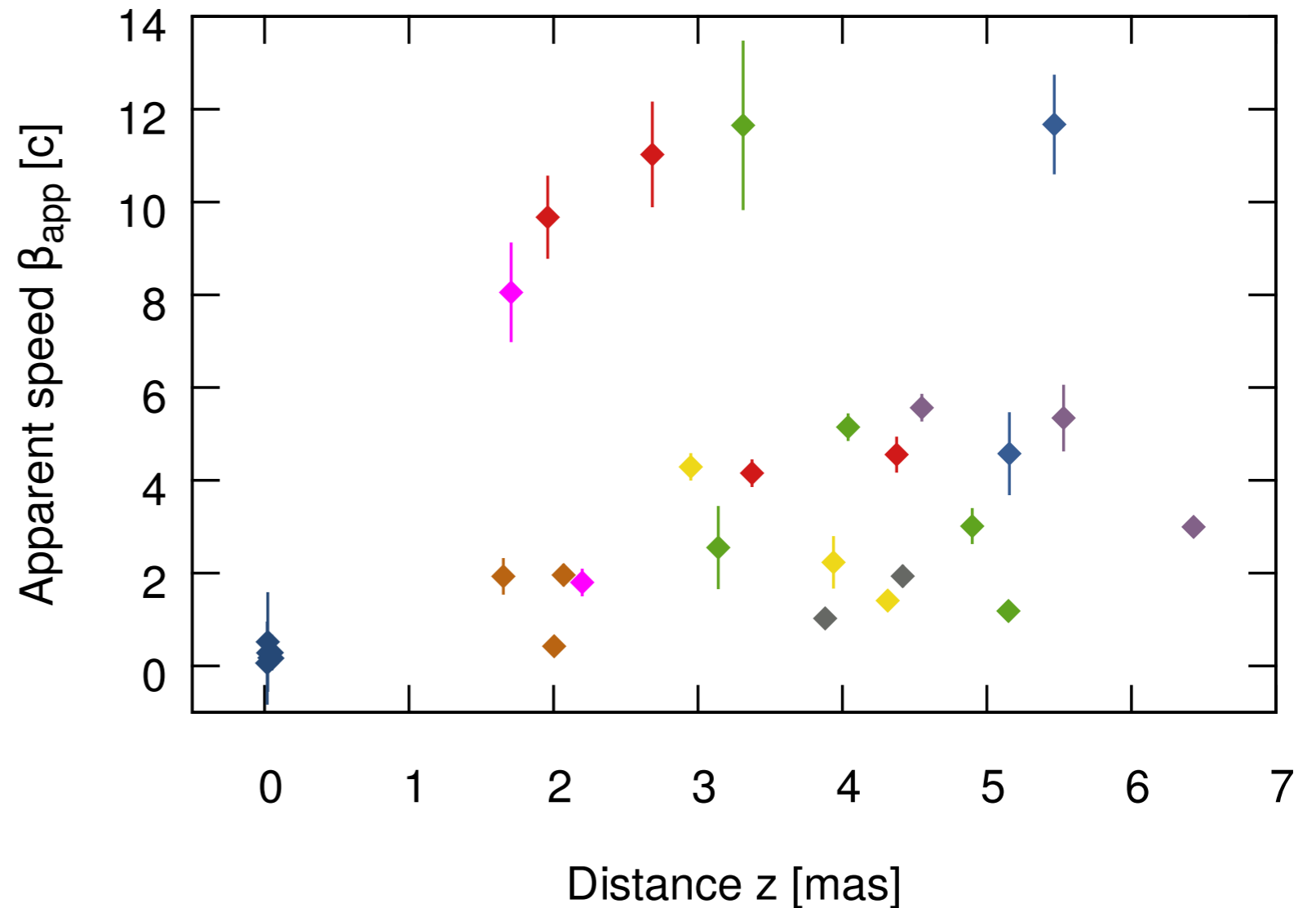
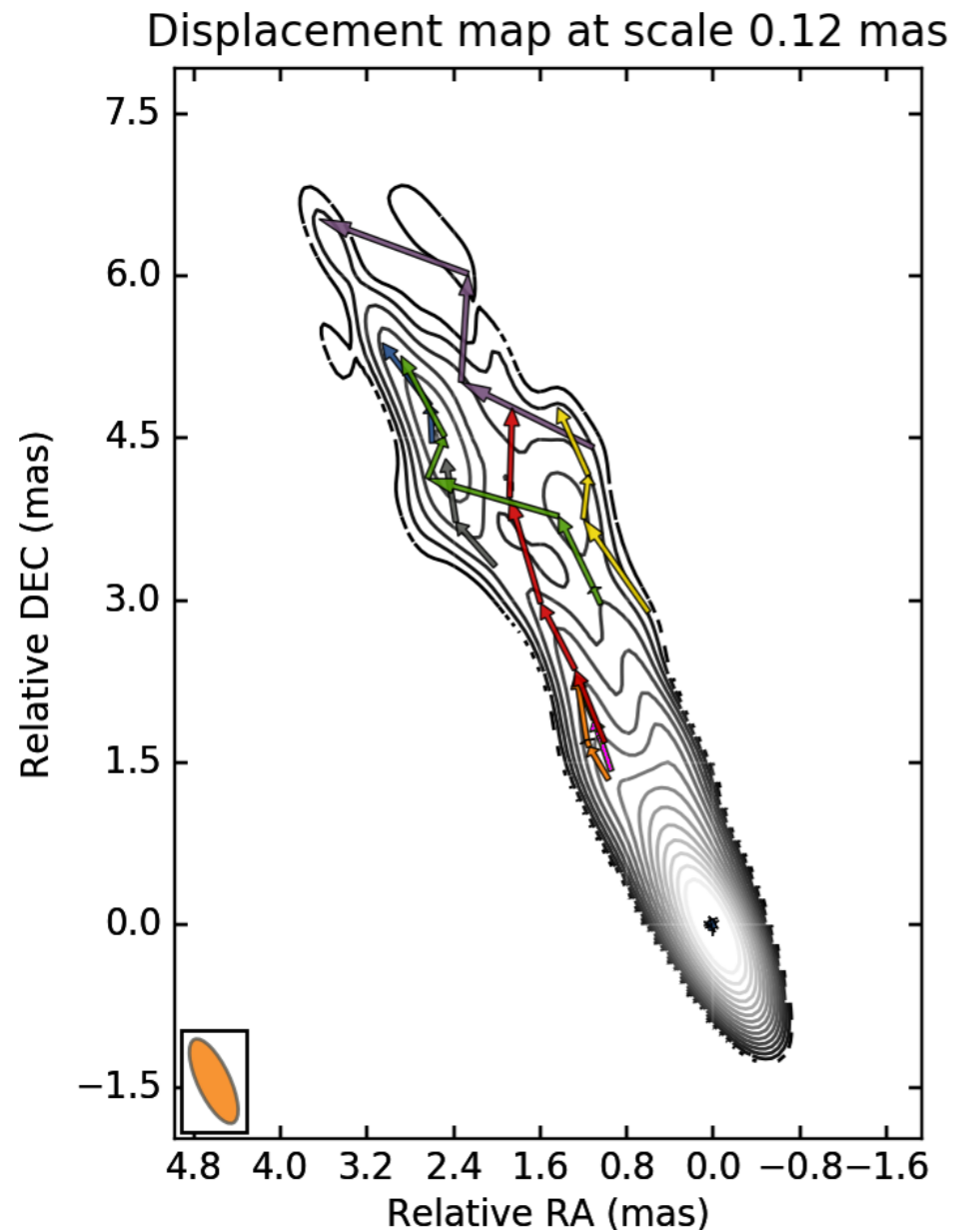
1. multiscale wavelet decomposition for each epoch



2. wavelet decomposition through the epochs (same scale)

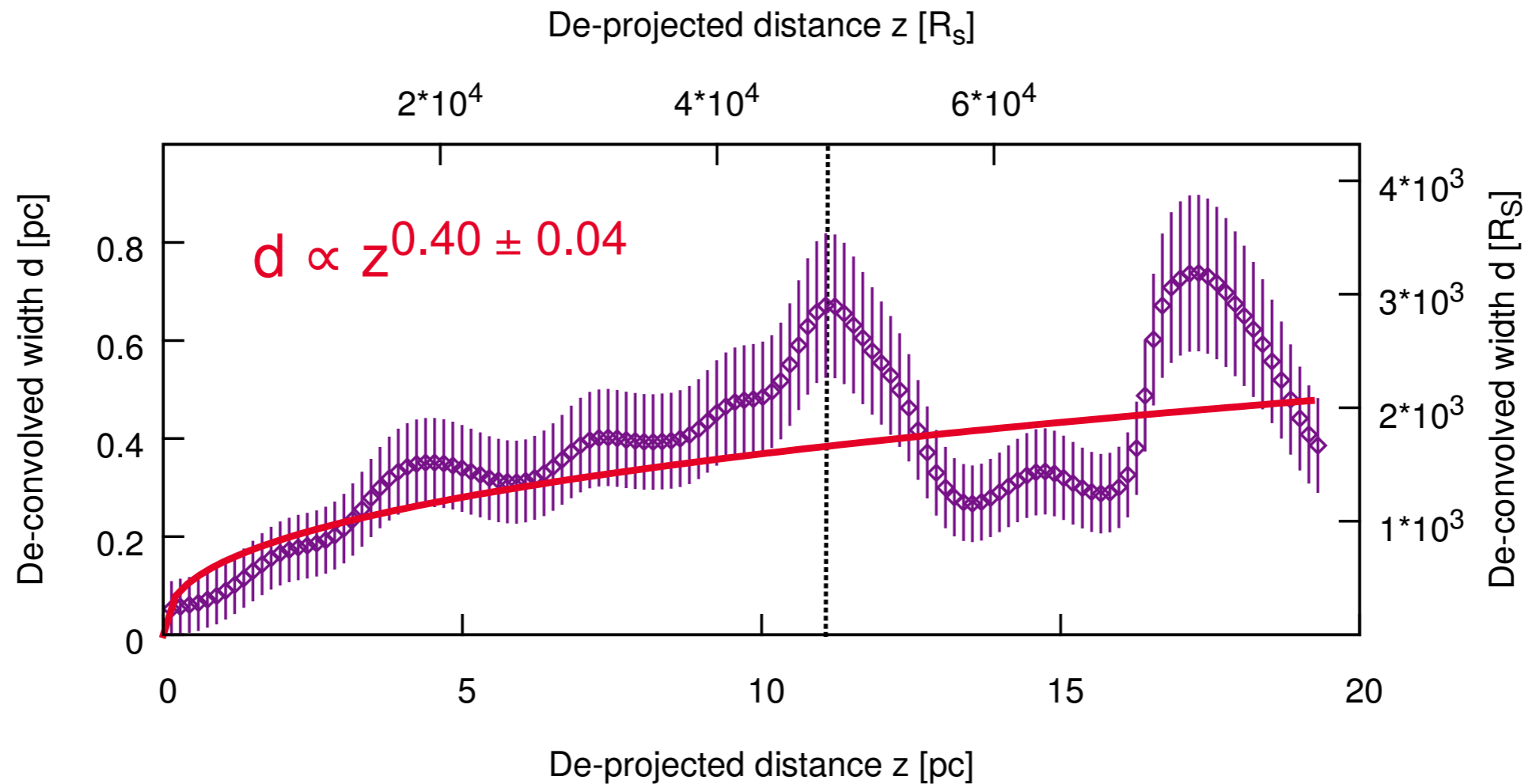


3C 264 jet: kinematics



- Apparent bulk flow speed increases up to $11c$:
 - constraints on the jet viewing angle ($\theta_{max} \approx 10^\circ$) and bulk motions ($\Gamma_{bulk} \sim 5-15$)
- Acceleration zone extends to 11 pc ($\sim 5 \times 10^4 R_S$).

3C 264 jet: collimation

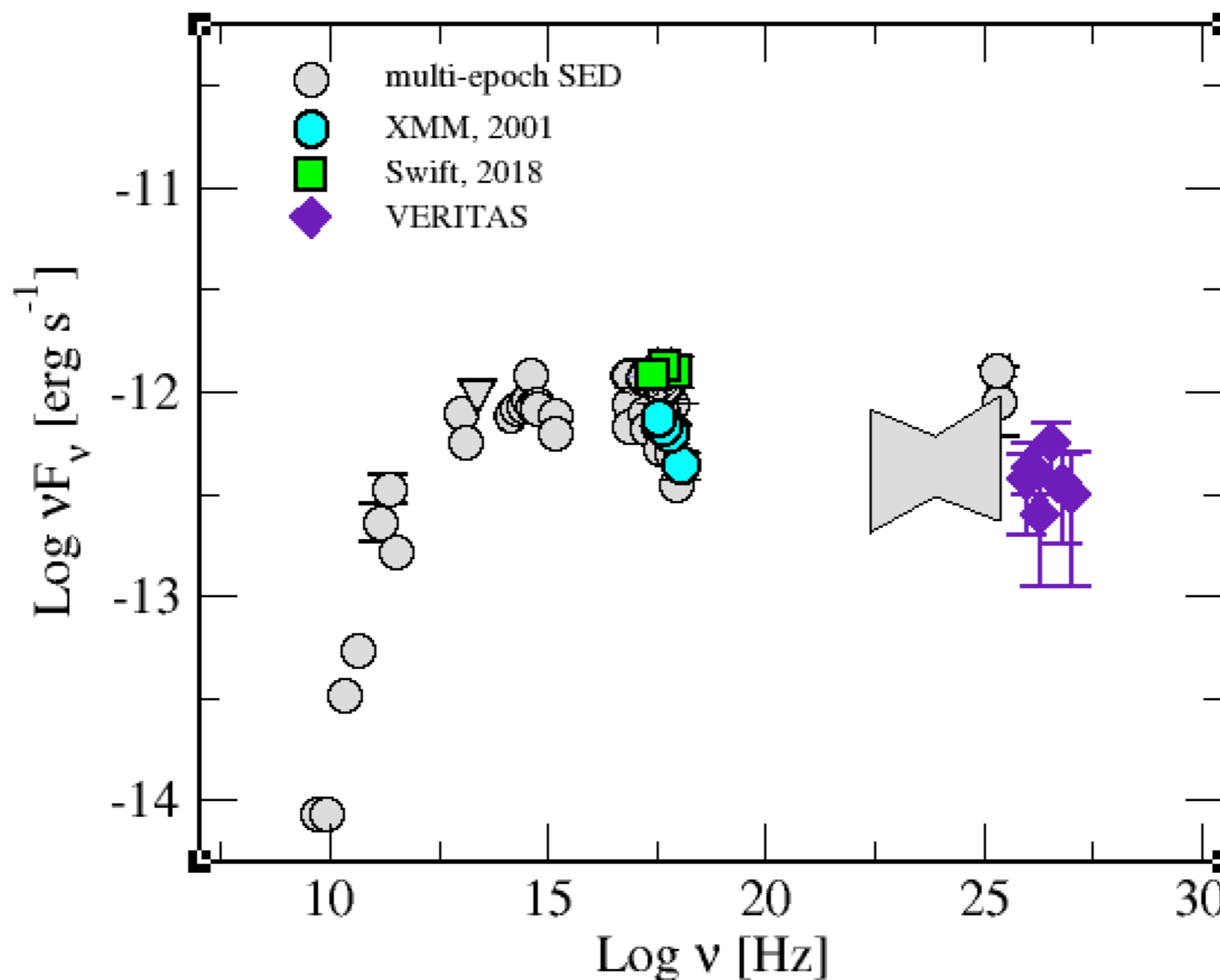


- The jet has a nearly parabolic shape on pc-scales;
- The recollimation starts at ~ 11 pc distance;

collimation & acceleration take place over the same scales

3C 264 jet: SED

- Radio jet parameters between BL Lacs and FR I radio galaxies & double hump SED;
- No evidences of accretion features in the optical/UV band;
- Low amplitude gamma-ray & X-ray flux (and spectral?) variability.



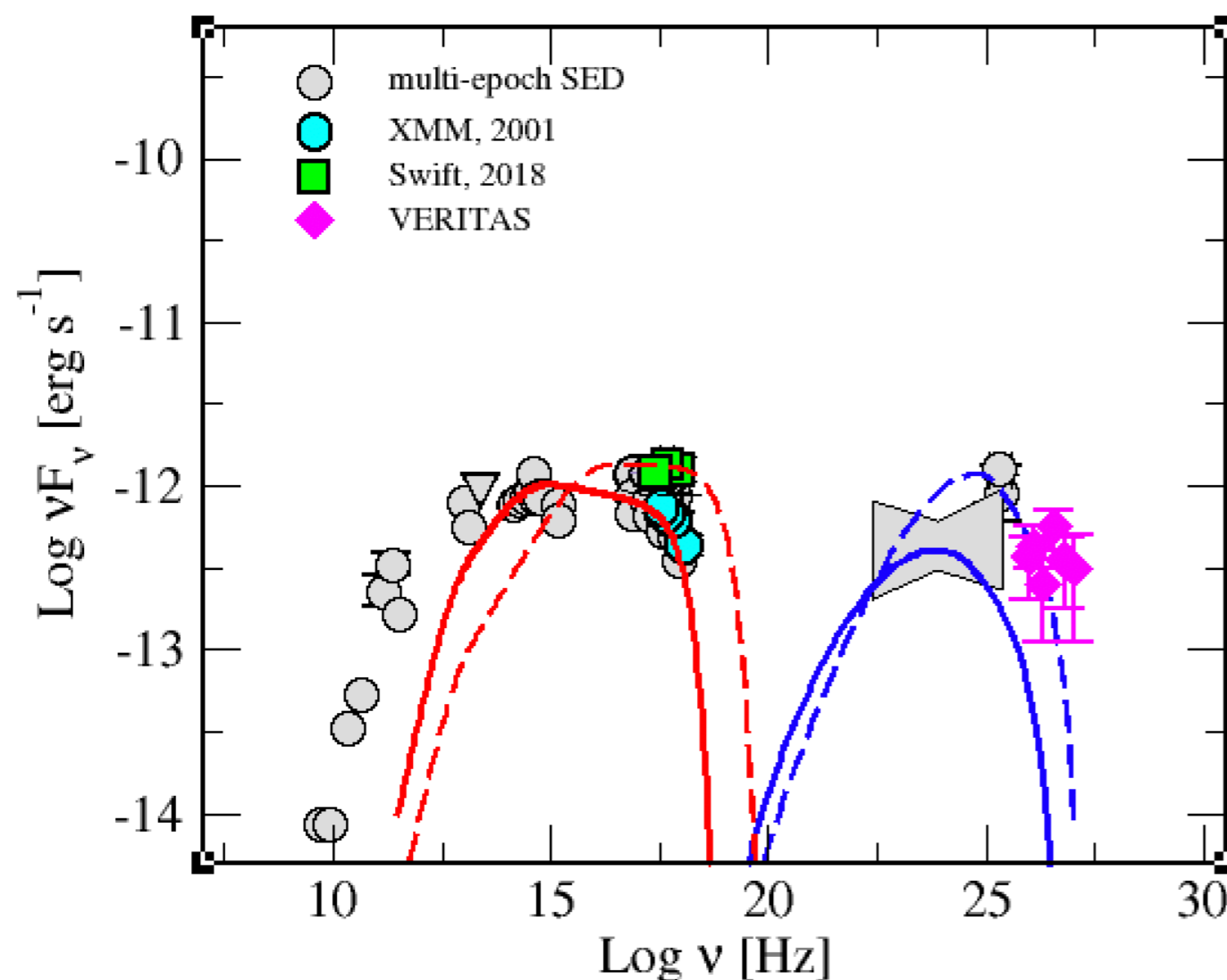
3C 264 jet: SED

Working hypothesis:

3C 264 switches between a low/soft state (LSS) vs high/hard state (HHS)

+

LSS is the “average” emission produced in a mildly relativistic region at the base of the acceleration zone (radio core)

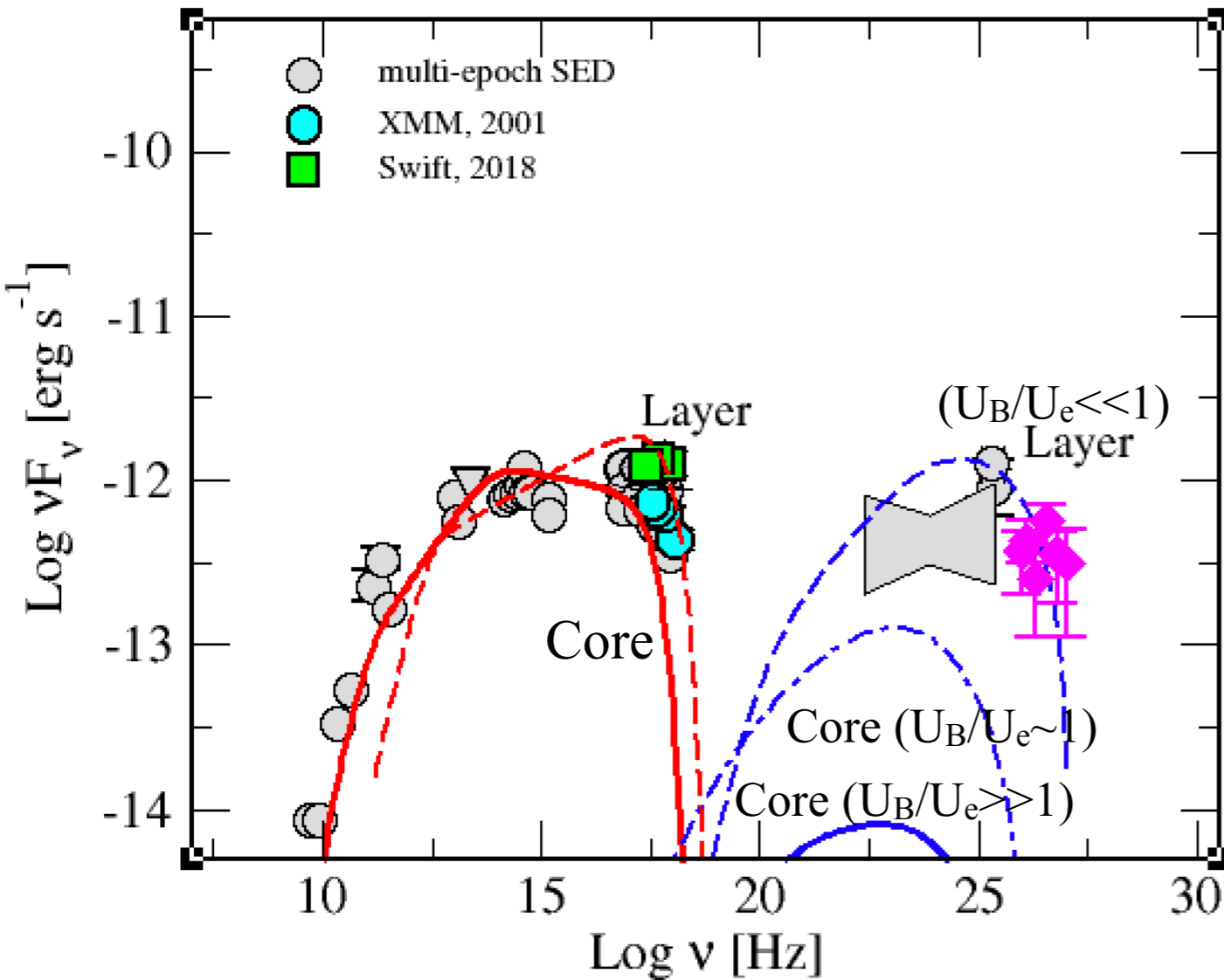


- **One zone model:** LSS and HHS produced by one blob located in the radio core



Need $U_e \gg U_B$ in contrast with theoretical predictions of the jet being magnetised in the launching region (same for TeV BL Lacs e.g. Tavecchio+'10)

3C 264 jet: SED

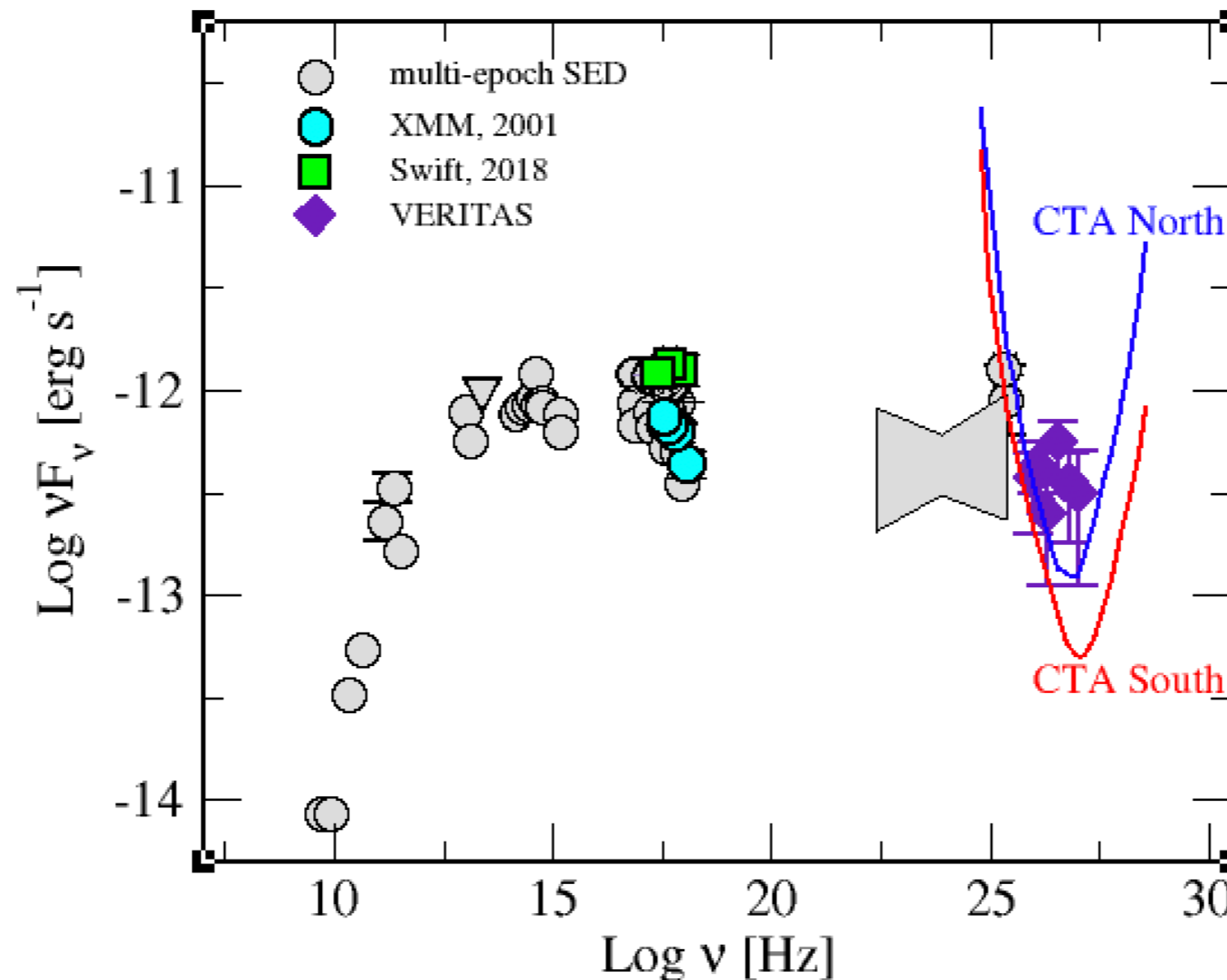


Multi-zone model:

- ☑ SLS in a Poynting flux dominated region of the core and HHS produced at the end of the acceleration region (particle dominated) by a blob with $\Gamma_{\text{bulk}} \sim 5-15$;
- ☑ The observed variability due to changes of the Doppler factor/viewing angle (as proposed for CTA 102, Raiteri+'17)

Conclusions & future

- VLBI observations probe the acceleration and collimation zones of the jets and provide key constraints to the particle acceleration & radiative models for the HE/VHE emission;



- CTA will improve the characterisation of the VHE emission (spectrum & variability) in radio galaxies;
- Need for coordinate mw-campaigns (radio, optical & X-rays).

Model Parameters	SLS		HHS		
	Core Model 1	Core Model 2&3	Core Model 1	Layer Model 2	Spine Model 3
Γ_{bulk}	2.0	2.0	2.0	5.0	8.0
θ	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	5.0
B (G)	0.055	0.12	0.062	0.0075	0.0035
B_{eq} (G)	0.09	0.04	0.15	0.03	0.023
R (cm)	6.5×10^{16}	3×10^{17}	2.3×10^{16}	1.15×10^{17}	7×10^{16}
γ_{min}	2×10^3	2×10^2	2×10^3	3×10^3	3×10^3
γ_{max}	1×10^6	4×10^5	3×10^6	2×10^6	2×10^6
γ_{break}	2×10^4	4×10^3	8.5×10^4	3.5×10^3	5×10^3
p_1	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1
p_2	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.7	2.66
$U_{\text{B}}/U_{\text{e}}$	0.13	37.0	0.021	0.002	0.0003
Powers					
L_{rad} (erg s ⁻¹)	2.4×10^{41}	3.1×10^{41}	5.1×10^{41}	6.0×10^{41}	1.3×10^{41}
L_{B} (erg s ⁻¹)	1.7×10^{41}	1.7×10^{43}	2.6×10^{40}	6.8×10^{40}	1.4×10^{40}
L_{e} (erg s ⁻¹)	5.3×10^{41}	2.3×10^{41}	6.3×10^{41}	1.5×10^{43}	2.1×10^{43}
L_{p} (erg s ⁻¹)	1.6×10^{41}	6.3×10^{41}	1.4×10^{41}	3.9×10^{42}	5.0×10^{42}
L_{kin} (erg s ⁻¹)	7.0×10^{41}	8.6×10^{41}	7.7×10^{41}	1.9×10^{43}	2.6×10^{43}