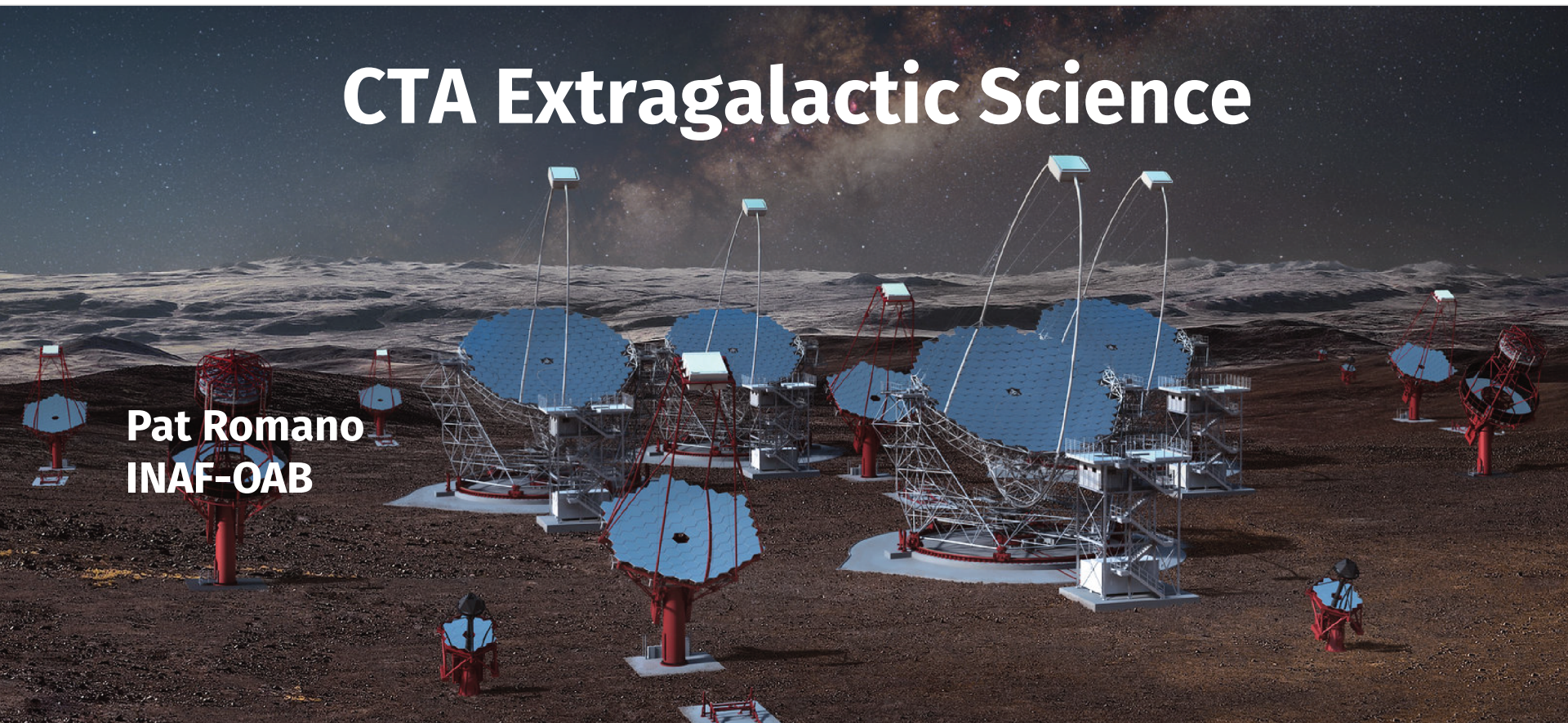




cherenkov
telescope
array

CTA Extragalactic Science

Pat Romano
INAF-OAB



- CTA Key Science Projects
- Extragalactic Working Group Task Forces:
 - goals, results, contact points
- OAS involvement & Publishing with CTA

CTA Key Science Projects

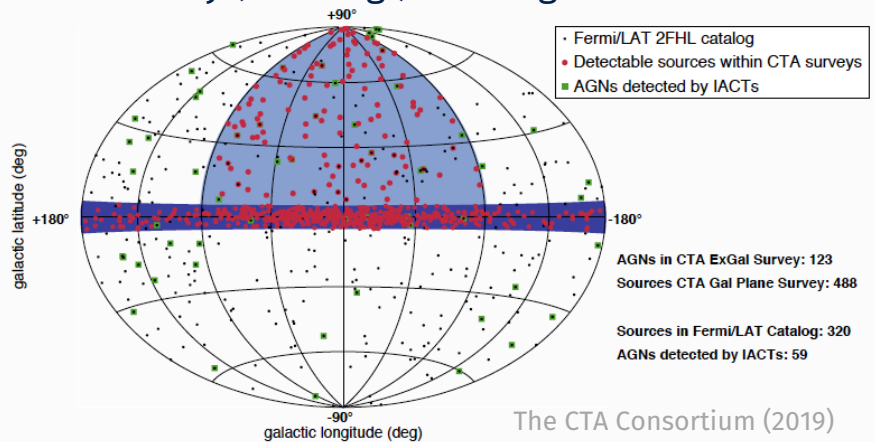
- Focused on **major legacy projects:** surveys & population studies (providing legacy data-sets), large classes of sources, and a few iconic objects
- Large **potential for guest observer proposals** – building on results from the KSP surveys



EGAL Survey

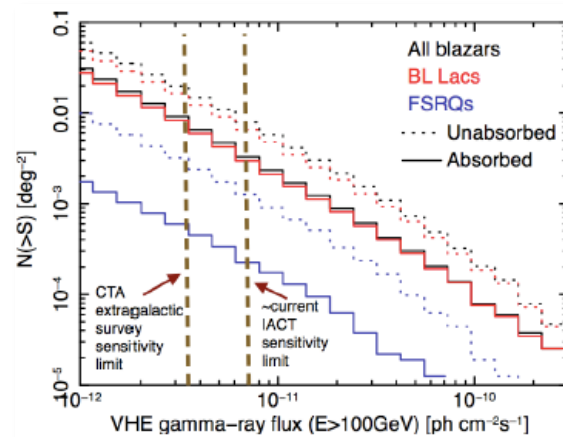


1/4 of the sky ($\sim 10^4$ deg²) Limiting flux ~ 5 mCrab



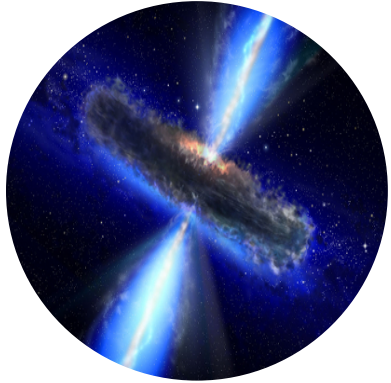
The CTA Consortium (2019)

About $O(100)$ sources in 10,000 deg²



Padovani e Giommi (2015)

Several highly interesting regions such as the **Virgo & Coma clusters**, the **Fermi Bubbles** (North) and **Cen A** (South) will be covered by the proposed survey.



Credits: ESA/NASA

AGNs are known to emit **variable radiation** across the entire electromagnetic spectrum up to multi-TeV energies, with fluctuations **on time-scales** from **several years** down to **a few minutes**.

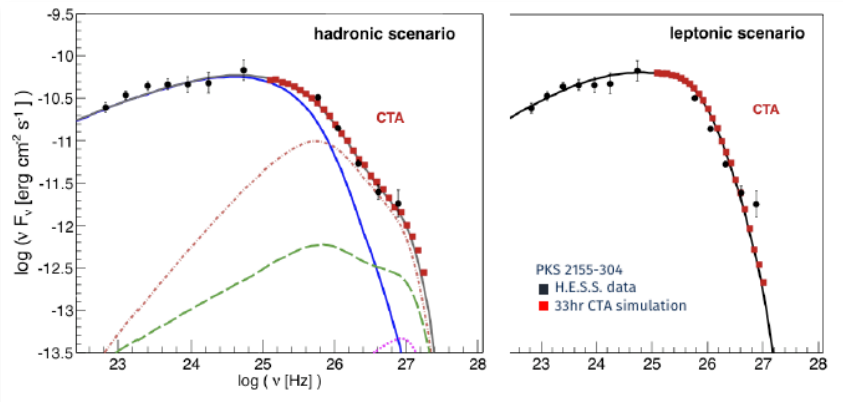
VHE observations of active galaxies harbouring super-massive black holes and ejecting relativistic outflows represent a unique tool to probe the **physics of extreme environments**, to obtain precise measurement of the **extragalactic background light (EBL)** and to constrain the strength of the **intergalactic magnetic field (IGMF)**.

AGNs will be useful to investigate fundamental physical phenomena such as the **Lorentz invariance violation (LIV)** and signatures of the existence of **axion-like particles (ALP)**.

AGN KSP involves 3 observing programs:

Long term monitoring, high quality spectra (z,type), flare search/follow-up

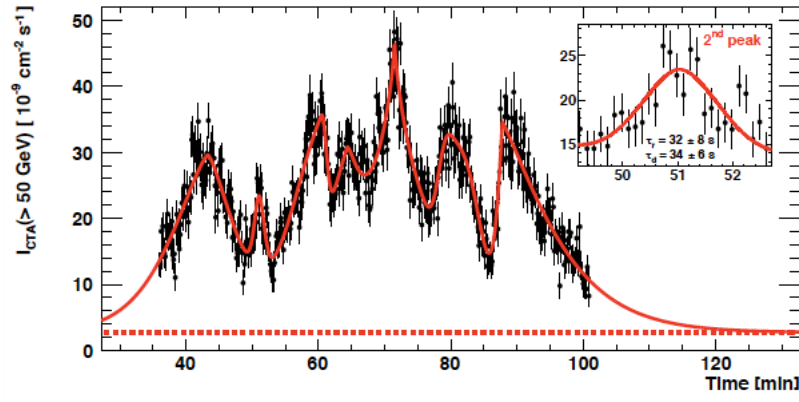
Testing emission scenarios



Zech A., et al., (2017) & The CTA Consortium (2019)

A set of **high-quality spectra** from different blazar types and different redshifts is needed to **unambiguously distinguish intrinsic spectral features**, such as shown here, **from external absorption**.

Testing variability

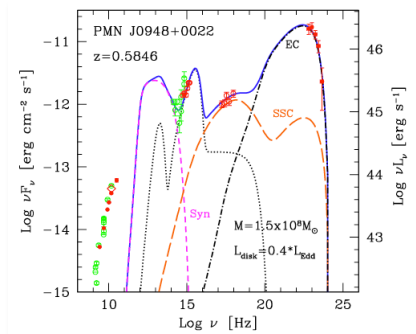


The CTA Consortium (2019)

Sampling blazar fluxes put strong constraints on the bulk Doppler factor, as well as on particle acceleration and cooling processes.

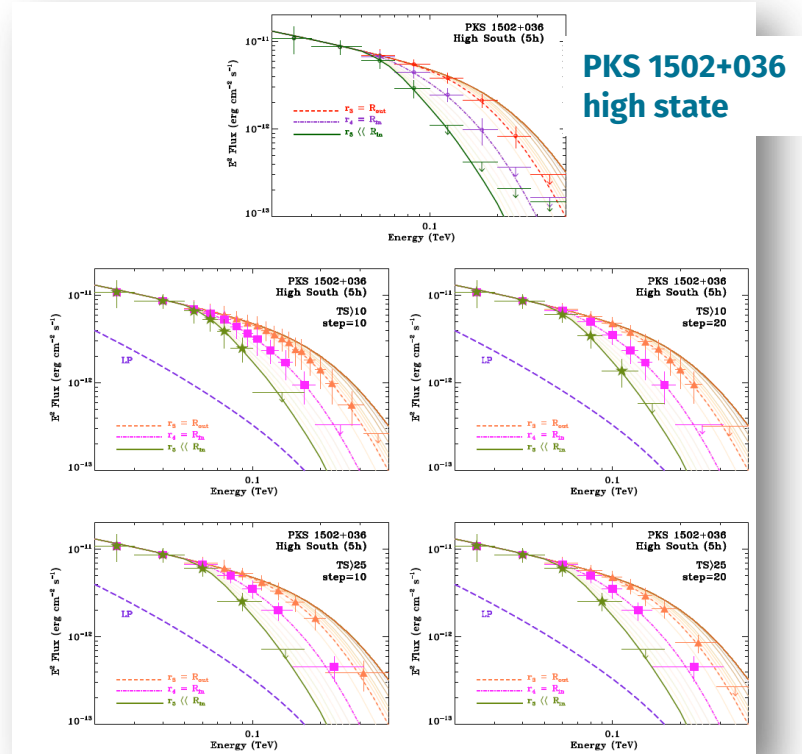
AGNs in the corner: γ -NLS1s

Blazar-like SED
with variable γ -ray
emission.



Abdo et al., 2009, ApJ, **699**, 976

- Strong γ -ray flares, on time-scale of the order of a few hours/days
- The high-state activity can last for several weeks/months, repeated on a multi-year baseline.



Romano et al., 2020, MNRAS, **494**, 411

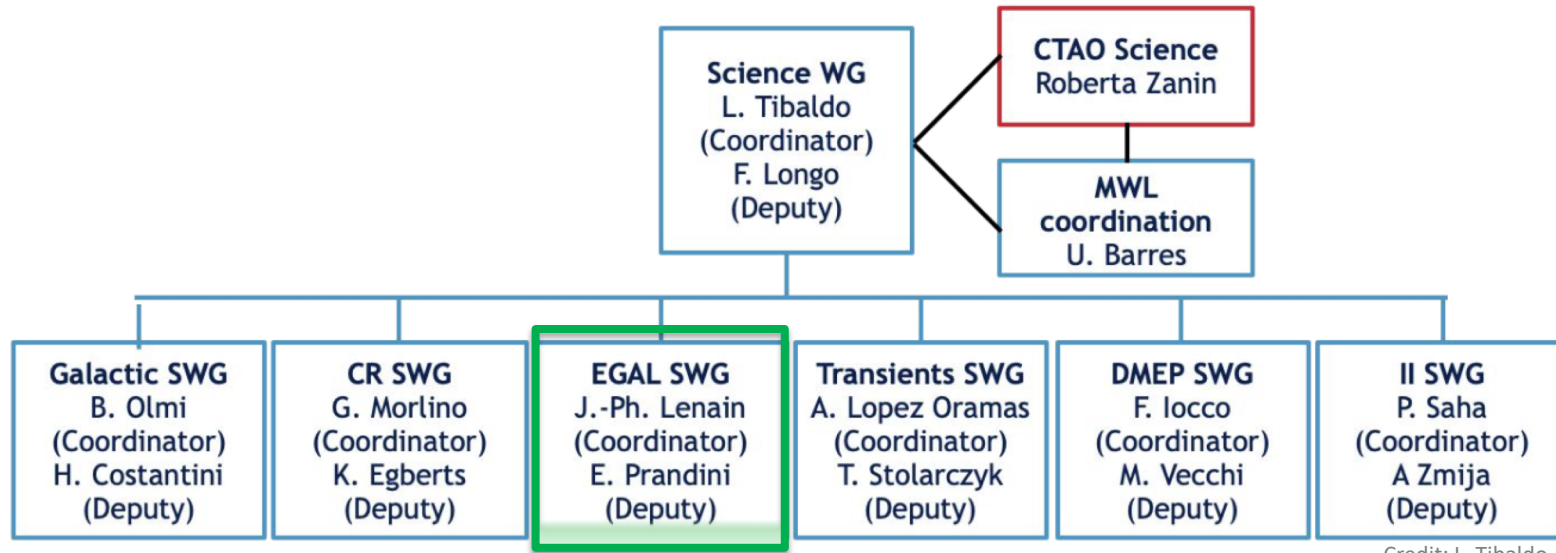


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array

EGAL WG Task Forces

What we really do these days

CTA EGAL Working Group Task Forces



Credit: L. Tibaldo

Jean-Philippe Lenain jlenain@in2p3.fr

Elisa Prandini elisa.prandini@unipd.it

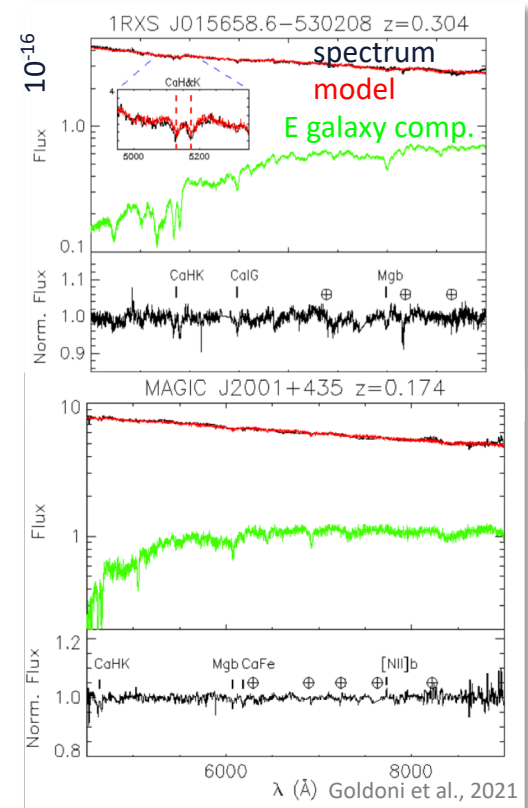
- **Goal:** measure redshifts for a sample of blazars expected to have a higher probability of being detected by CTA (non Consortium publication)
 - > 90 % γ -ray FSRQs have spectroscopic z ,
 - Only ~44 % γ -ray BL Lacs have spectroscopic z (nearly featureless, continuum-dominated optical spectra)
- **Impact:**
 - EBL: lack of bright VHE blazars with redshift > 0.2-0.3
 - AGN Population studies
- **Methods:** selection of 3FHL blazars with no z detectable in 30h by CTA (165)
 - Extended host?
 - Yes: Deep opt/NIR spectroscopy (NTT, Keck, SALT; S/N~100, R~1000-2000)
 - No: Deep opt/NIR imaging

Results of Paper I

- 11/19 redshifts+1 tentative ($0.112 < z < 0.482$; $z_{\text{med}}=0.23$)
- 2(3) spectroscopic lower limits ($z > 0.868$; $z > 0.449$)
- Optical low state Keck observations of MAGIC J2001+435

Paper II (Kasai): SALT spectroscopy (25 src)

Paper III (Fallah Ramazani): imaging (25 src)



Contacts and recent References:

Paolo Goldoni goldoni@apc.univ-paris7.fr

Goldoni et al., [2021, A&A, 650, A106](#) *Optical spectroscopy of blazars for the Cherenkov Telescope Array*

DOI

[10.5281/zenodo.4721386](https://zenodo.org/record/4721386)

<https://zenodo.org/record/4721386> - .Yp5UmhNBxUR

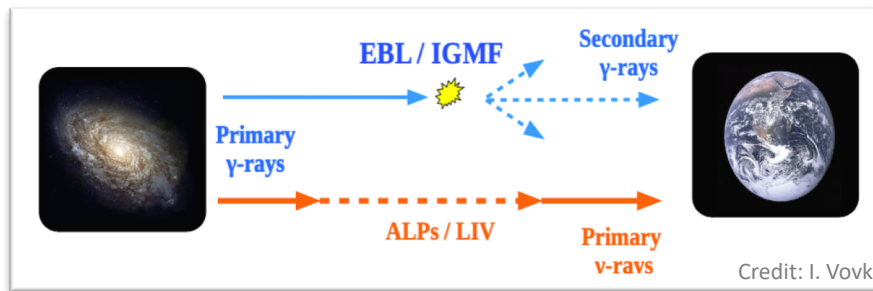
Review of redshift values of bright AGNs with hard spectra in 4LAC catalog

Kasai et al., [PoS\(ICRC2021\)881](#) *Southern African Large Telescope Spectroscopy of BL Lacs for the CTA project*

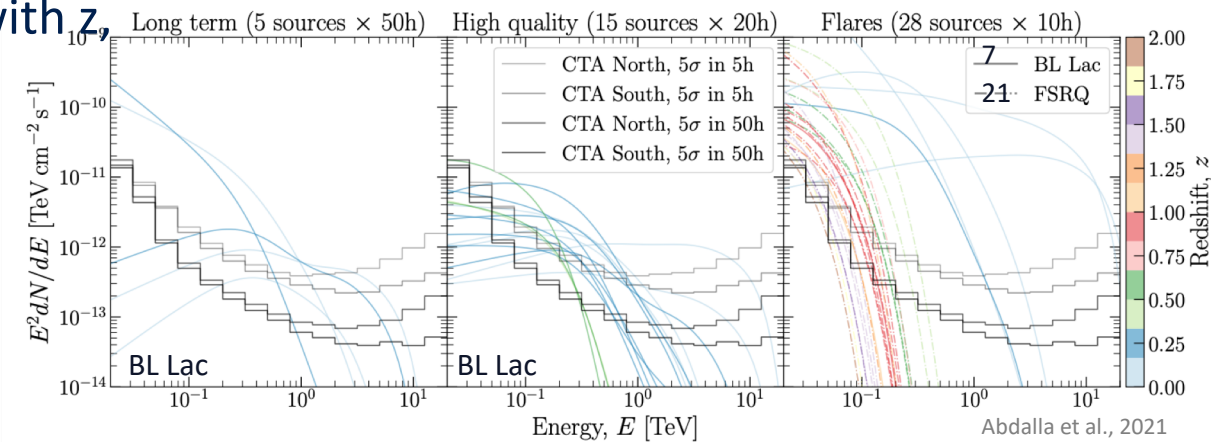
CTA EGAL WG TF: Gamma Propagation - 1



- **Goal:** CTA sensitivity for probing cosmology and fundamental physics with γ rays (**Consortium pub.**)



- **Methods:** 3FHL AGN with z , detected in 1d by Fermi/LAT: 48 sources, z in $[0.05, 2]$

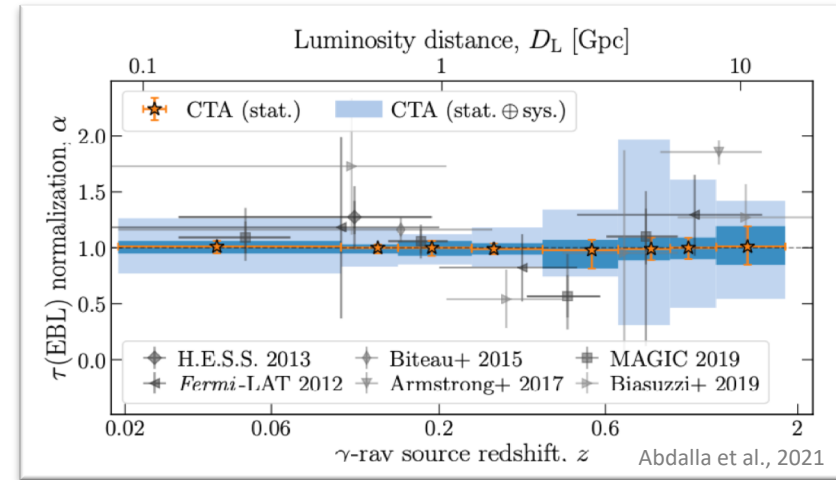


Results on EBL

CTA will

- probe EBL over 0.1-100 μm
- may probe star formation up to $z \sim 1.5 - 2$

- Provides tools to conduct the analyses
- Includes the treatment of **systematic uncertainties** using bracketing IRFs



Projected CTA constraints on the EBL scale factor

Contacts and recent References:

J. Biteau (biteau@in2p3.fr)

H. Martinez-Huerta (humberto.martinezhuerta@udem.edu)

M. Meyer (mmanuel.e.meyer@fau.de)

S. Pita (pita@apc.in2p3.fr)

I. Vovk (vovk@icrr.u-tokyo.ac.jp)

CTA Consortium Paper: Abdalla et al, [2021, JCAP, 02,02, 048](#), *Sensitivity of the Cherenkov Telescope Array for probing cosmology and fundamental physics with gamma-ray propagation*

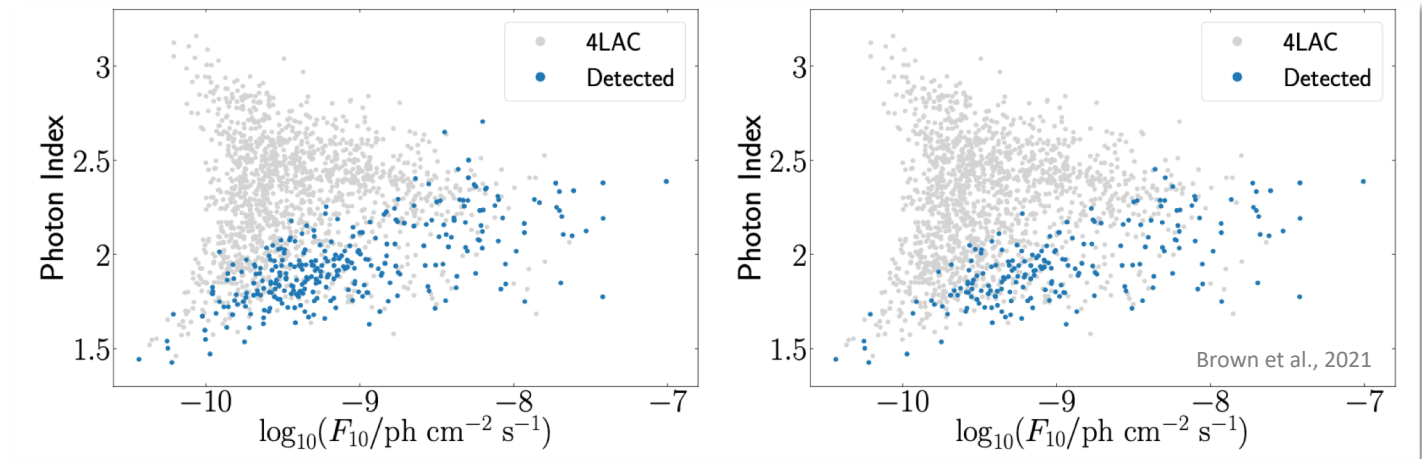
Vovk et al. [PoS\(ICRC2021\)894](#) *CTA sensitivity for probing cosmology and fundamental physics with gamma rays*

- **Goal:** quantify CTA's ability to conduct source population studies of γ -ray bright AGN
(**Consortium publication – initial draft stage**)
 - How many/what kind/what redshift of source will CTA detect?
 - How long will it take?
 - Luminosity function reconstruction of BL Lacs (Egal Survey)
- **Methods:** selection of 4LAC sources with known z (validated by redshift TF!): 1551 sources
 - SED extrapolation from *Fermi* to VHE (with best of PL or LP)
 - EBL absorption (Dominguez+2011)

CTA EGAL WG TF: AGN Population - 2



Results



Flux vs Photon index in omega and alpha configurations, respectively

- grey: simulated ($\sim 10^3$)
- blue: detected ($\sim 10^2$)

Contacts and recent References:

Tarek Hassan tarek.hassan@ciemat.es

- Hassan et al., [PoS\(ICRC2017\)632](#), *Extragalactic source population studies at very high energies in the Cherenkov Telescope Array era*
- Nievas Rosillo, Hassan, [PoS\(ICRC2021\)722](#) *A data-driven evaluation of Fermi-LAT extrapolation schemes to the VHE regime*
- Brown et al., [PoS\(ICRC2021\)887](#) *Active Galactic Nuclei population studies with the Cherenkov Telescope Array*

- **Goal:** investigate CTA's potential to discriminate between different particle acceleration and emission scenarios
(**Consortium publication – proposal stage**)
- **Methods:** selected different source types (HSP, ISP, FSRQ) to be used as input for the theoretical simulations
 - Use time dependent theoretical SED to produce light curves in the CTA energy range
 - Optimisation of observational strategies for AGNs

Contacts

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J. Becerra-Gonzalez jbecerra@iac.es

- Goals:
 - Reach out external scientific communities
 - Validation of science requirements
- Characteristics:
 - Open, blind, and realistic
- Timescale:
 - ask Roberta!

Miti da sfatare:

- ❖ Si pubblica solo se parte di CTA
- ❖ Il processo di referaggio interno e' lunghissimo
- ❖ Se ne parlo mi rubano l'idea
- ❖ Se faccio il lavoro devo mettere tutti

- Galanti et al., 2020, MNRAS, 491, 5268, *Fundamental physics with blazar spectra: a critical appraisal*
- Galanti et al., 2020, MNRAS, 495, 3463, *Probing the absorption of γ -rays by IR radiation from the dusty torus in FSRQs with the Cherenkov Telescope Array*
- Romano et al., 2020, MNRAS, 494, 411, *γ - γ absorption in the broad-line region radiation fields of narrow-line Seyfert 1 galaxies with the Cherenkov Telescope Array*
- Tavecchio et al., 2019, MNRAS, 483, 1802, *Putting the hadron beam scenario for extreme blazars to the test with the Cherenkov Telescope Array*
- Lamastra et al., 2019, Astropart. Phys., 112, 16, *Unveiling the origin of the γ -ray emission in NGC 1068 with the Cherenkov Telescope Array*
- Romano et al., 2018, MNRAS, 481, 5046, *Prospects for γ -ray observations of narrow-line Seyfert 1 galaxies with the Cherenkov Telescope Array*
- Angioni et al., 2017, Astropart. Phys., 92, 42, *Radio Galaxies with the Cherenkov Telescope Array*



cherenkov
telescope
array

A vibrant, multi-colored cosmic background image showing a dense field of stars in various colors (blue, red, orange, yellow) and a complex, filamentary structure of interstellar dust and gas, possibly a nebula or a star-forming region, in shades of orange and red.

Thanks!

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