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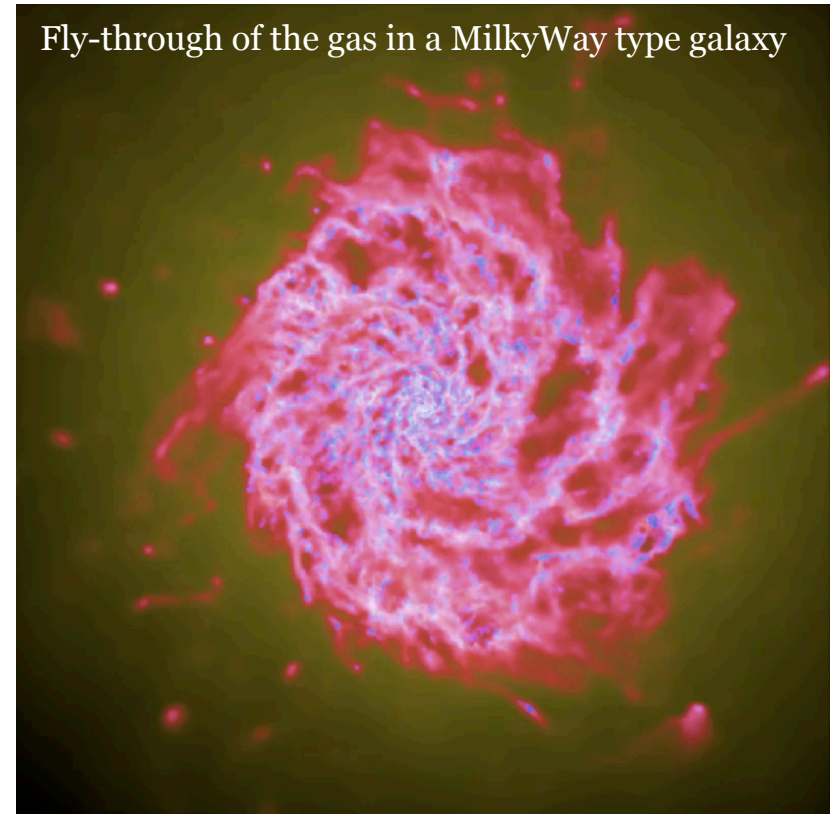
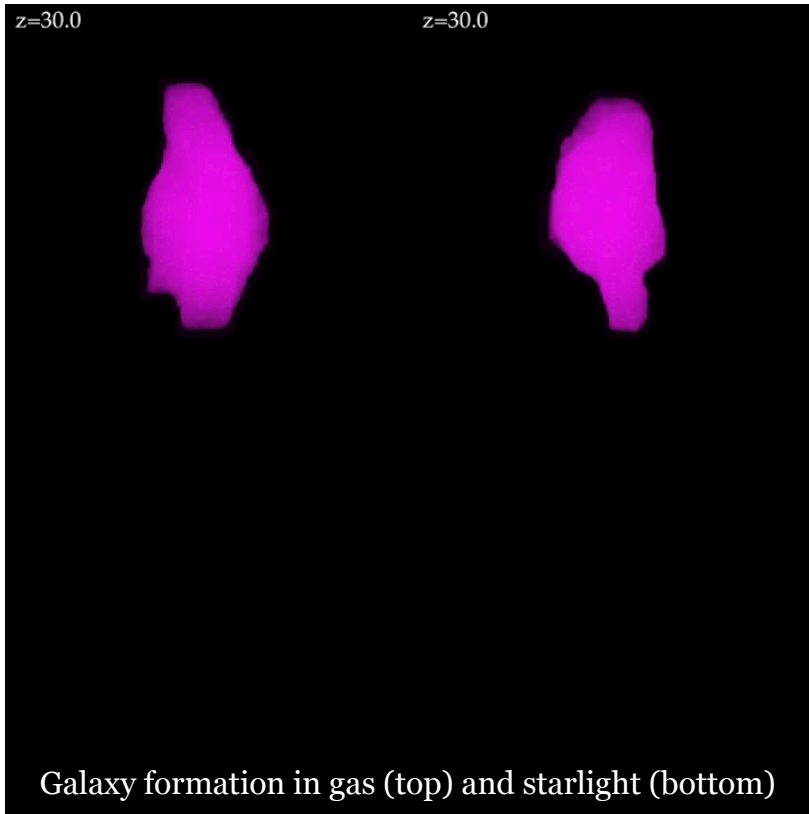
# The Galactic ISM in the SKA Era: Focus on the GASKAP Survey

Jo Dawson (Macquarie University | CSIRO Space & Astronomy) + the GASKAP team

# Galaxies are Complicated



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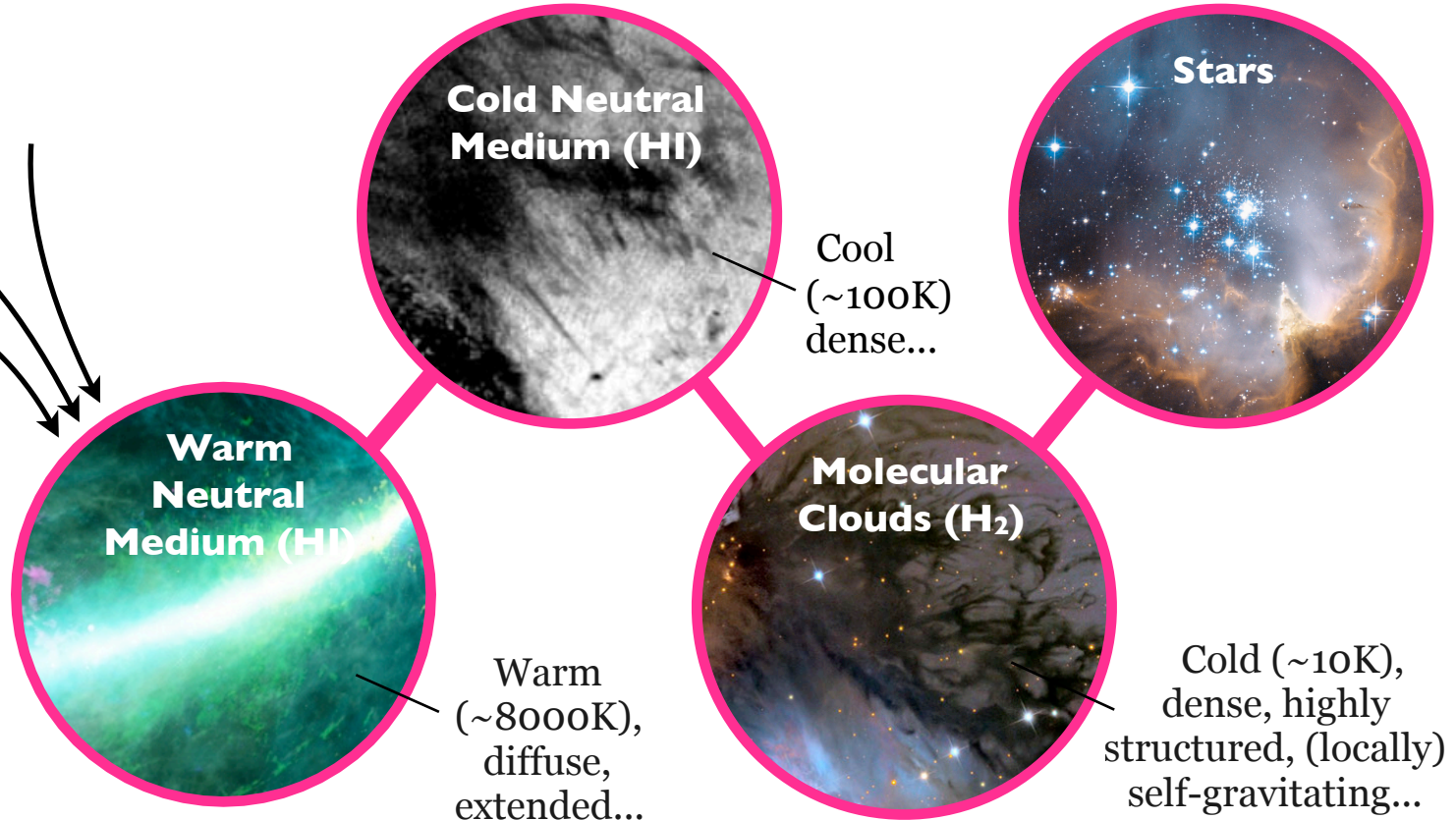




# Gas to Stars: Devil is in the Details



Accretion onto  
galaxy disks

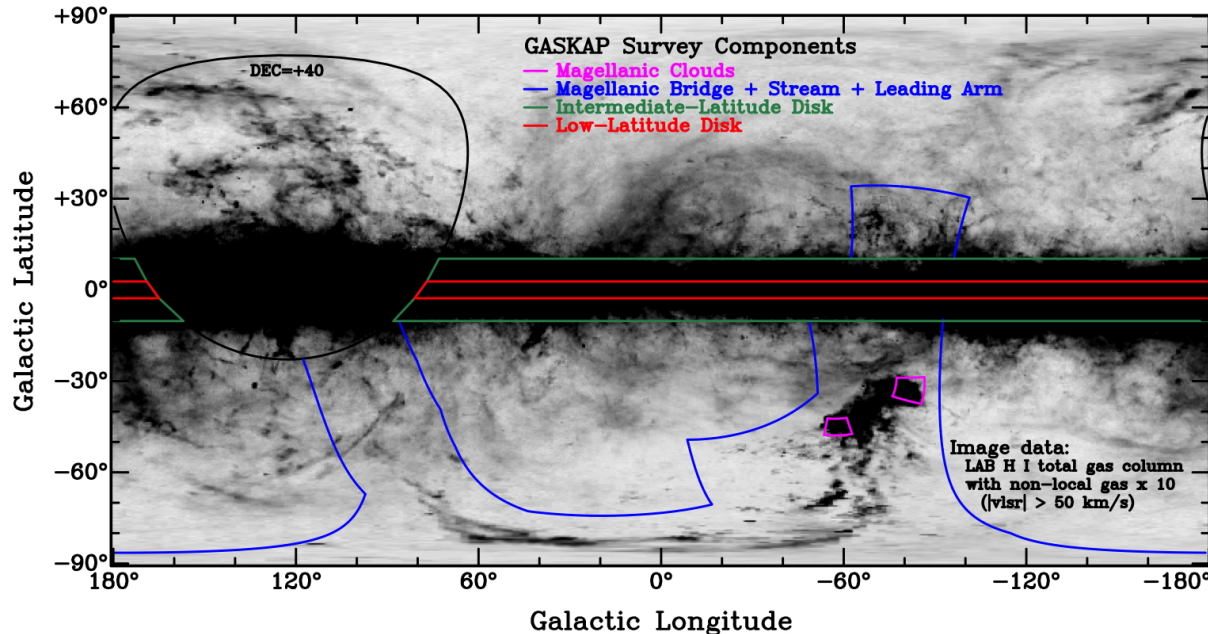


# The Galactic ASKAP Survey



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**AIM:** To study the evolution of the Milky Way and Magellanic Clouds through their interstellar gas and star formation.



## Survey of the Galactic Plane and Magellanic System

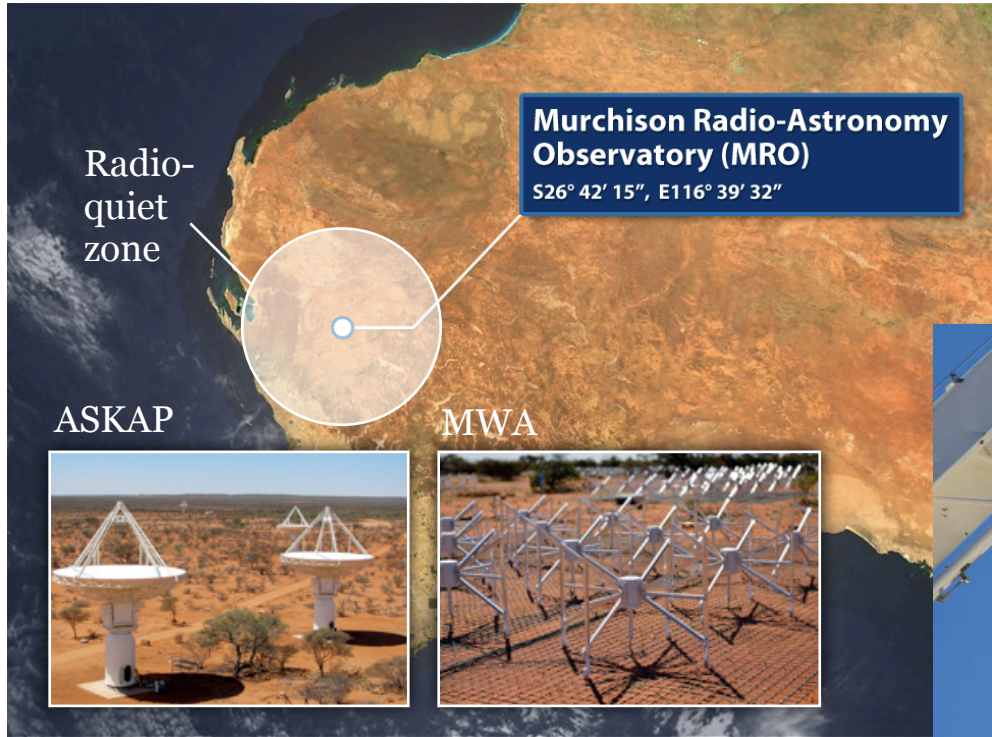
- HI 21-cm emission & absorption
- OH 18-cm masers and diffuse absorption

More than an order of magnitude more sensitive than previous surveys

# The ASKAP Telescope



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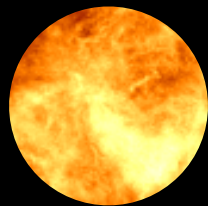


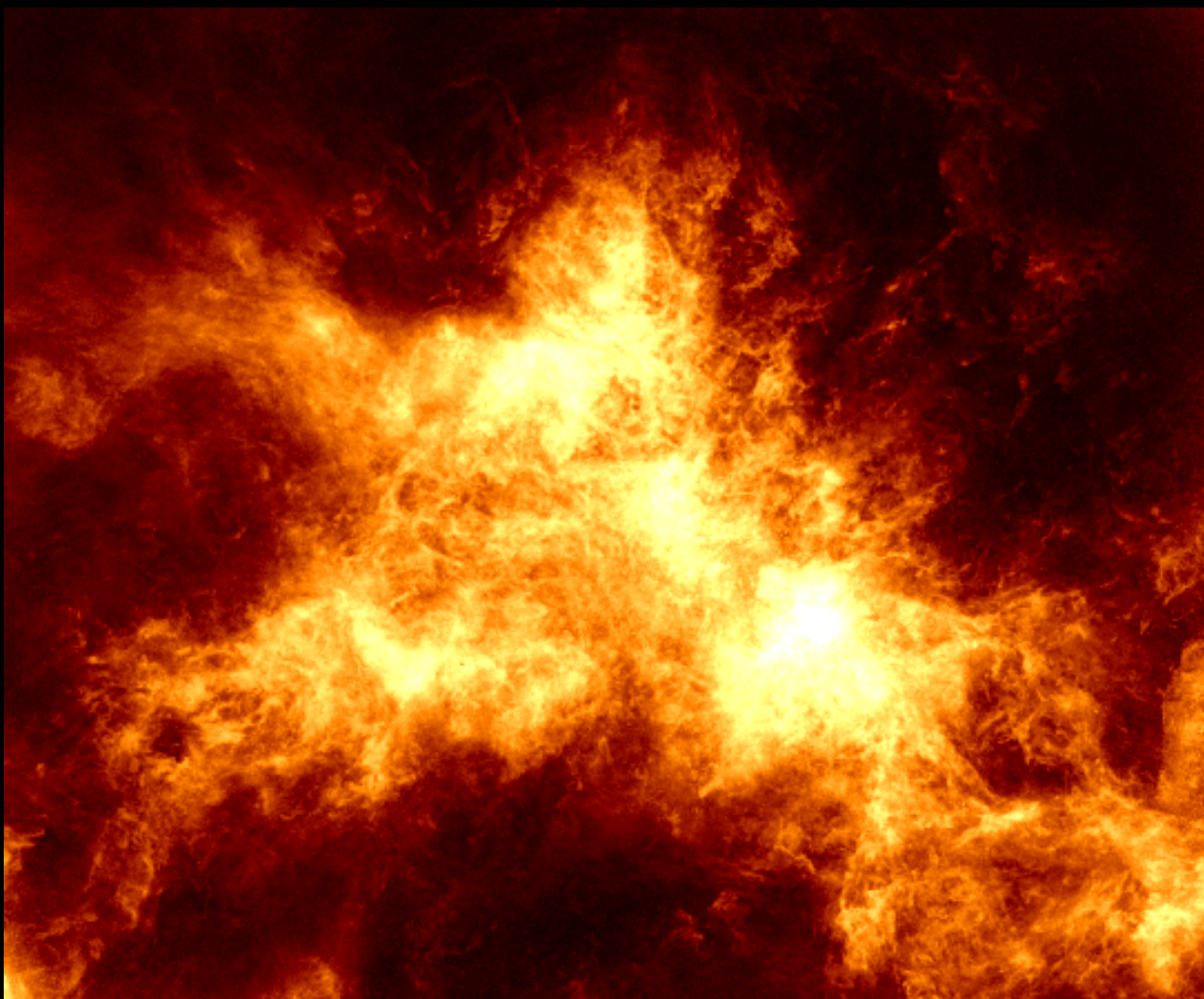
- 36 12m antennas; baselines 22m - 6km
- Phased Array Feeds (PAFs)
- ~700-1800 MHz (288 MHz instantaneous bandwidth)
- Resolution up to ~10 arcsec





Conventional  
interferometer:  
FoV  $\sim 1 \text{ deg}^2$





ASKAP:  
FoV  $\sim 25$   
deg<sup>2</sup>

30" resolution

Data taken in  
only 20 hours!

ASKAP Early  
Science  
observations of  
the Small  
Magellanic  
Cloud

(+Single dish  
data from  
Parkes)

# Cold Outflows from the SMC

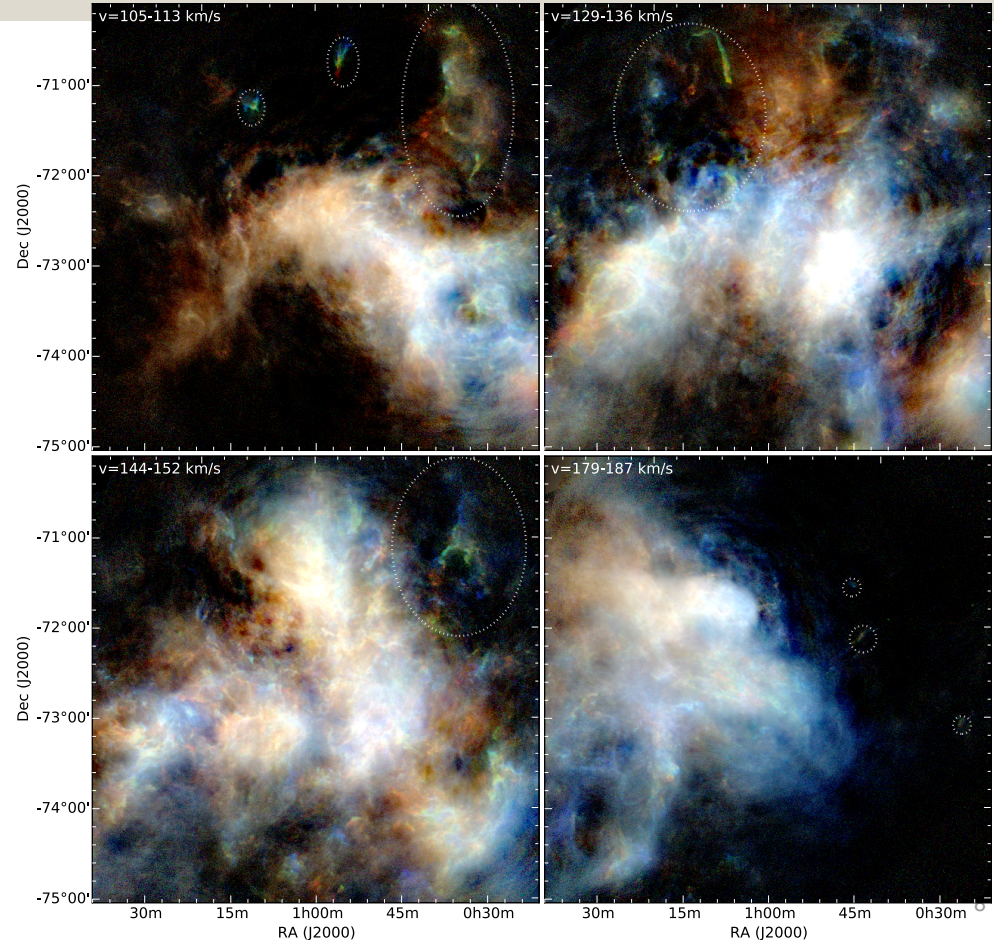


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## Cold ( $< 400$ K) HI extending $\sim 2$ kpc from the disk:

- Filamentary, HVCs and extended diffuse emission
- Likely outflow from peak of star formation  $\sim 25$ -60 Myr ago
- Total mass flux:  $dM/dt \sim 0.3$ -1.8  $M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$ 
  - 3-12 x current SFR!
  - Gas depletion timescale 0.9-3 Gyr
- Most will likely be stripped by interactions with MW & LMC, feeding the Magellanic Stream

McClure-Griffiths et al. (2018)



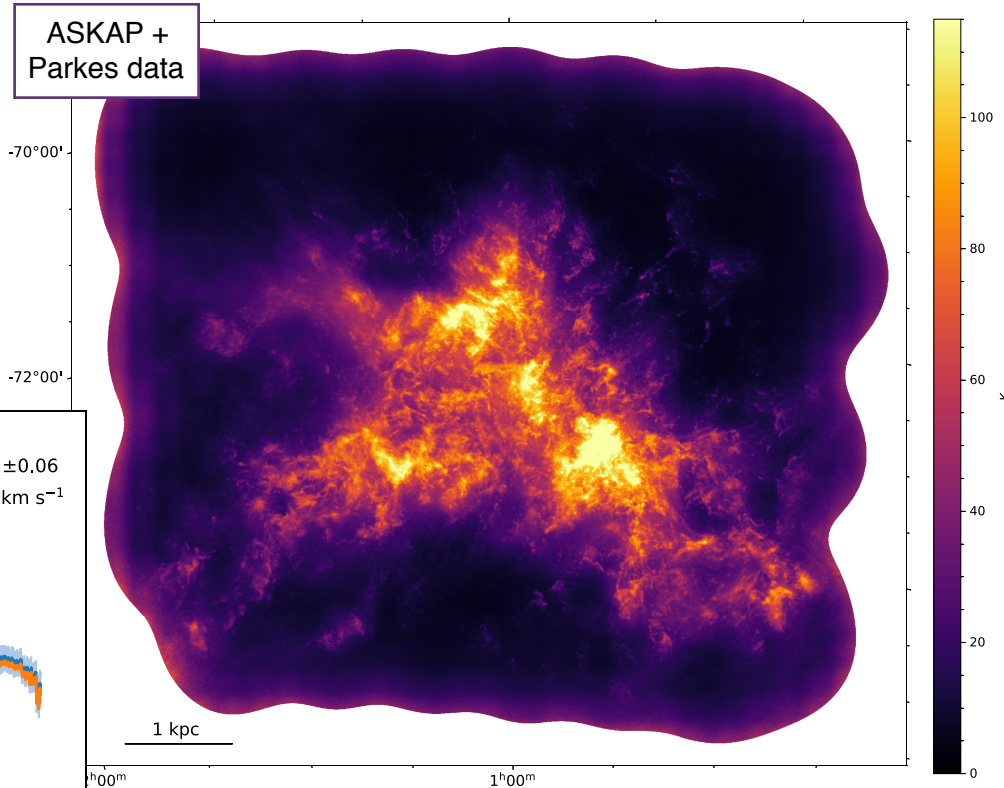
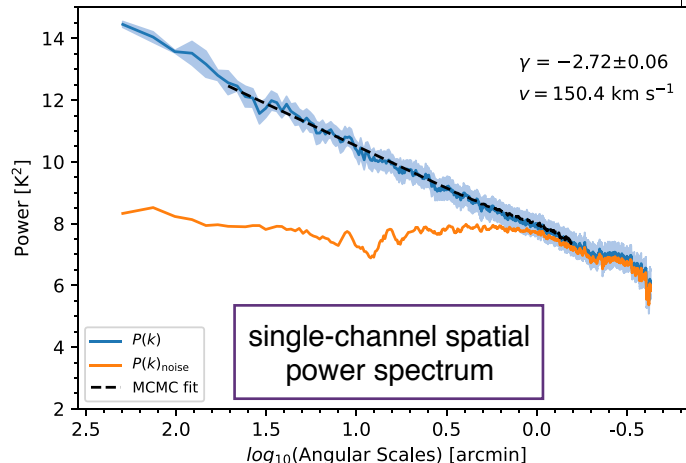


# Hierarchical Structure in the ISM



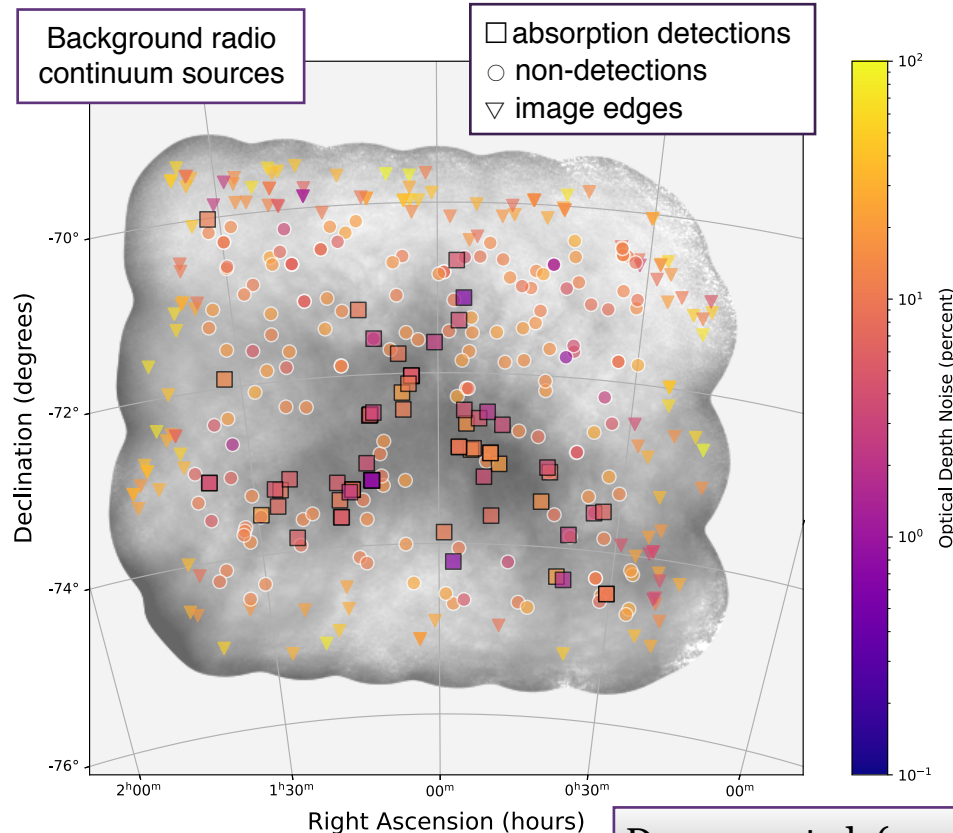
## SMC HI spatial power spectrum:

- ASKAP = more complete uv coverage and smaller scales than ever before
- Single power-law down to 10pc  $\rightarrow$  highly uniform turbulent properties
  - No evidence of driving from stellar feedback; dominant energy injection on larger scales?



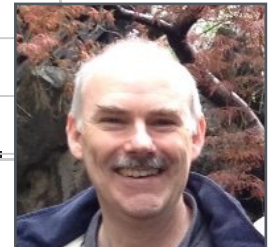
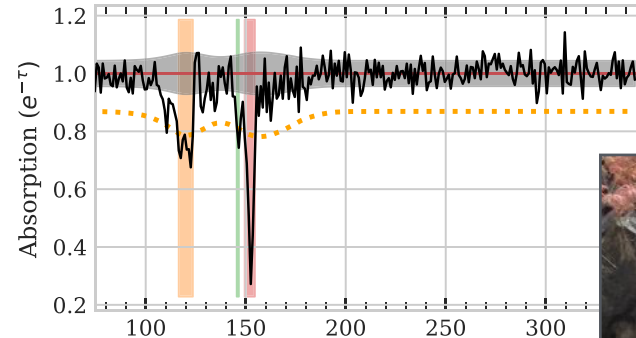
Pingel et al. (2021, submitted)

# Cold Atomic Gas in the SMC



## Measure cold HI with emission/ absorption pairs:

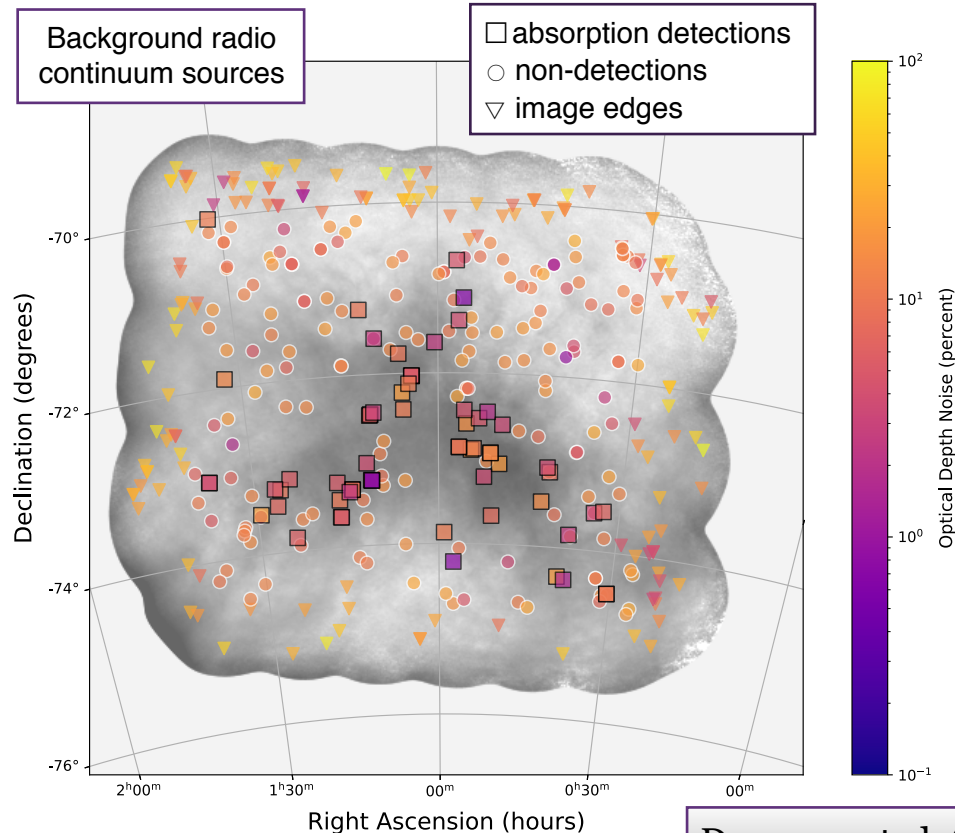
- Used to be slow: ATCA = 12 hours per source, 320 hours → 55 sources, 37 detections (Jameson et al. 2018).
- Now it's fast: ASKAP = 20 hours → 229 sources, 65 detections.



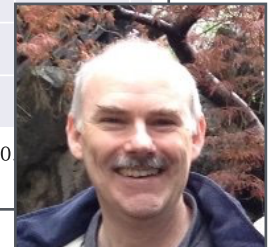
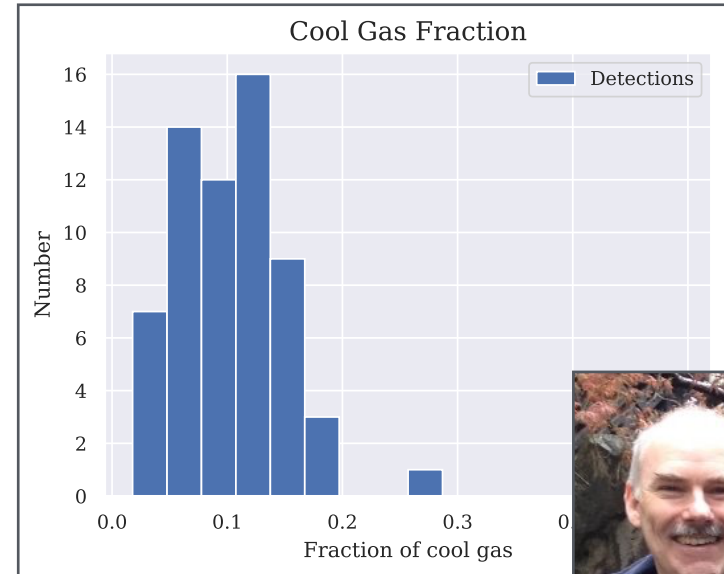
Dempsey et al. (2021, submitted)

Right Ascension (hours)

# Cold Atomic Gas in the SMC



Unbiased view provides best estimate of global SMC cool gas fraction to-date (~11%)



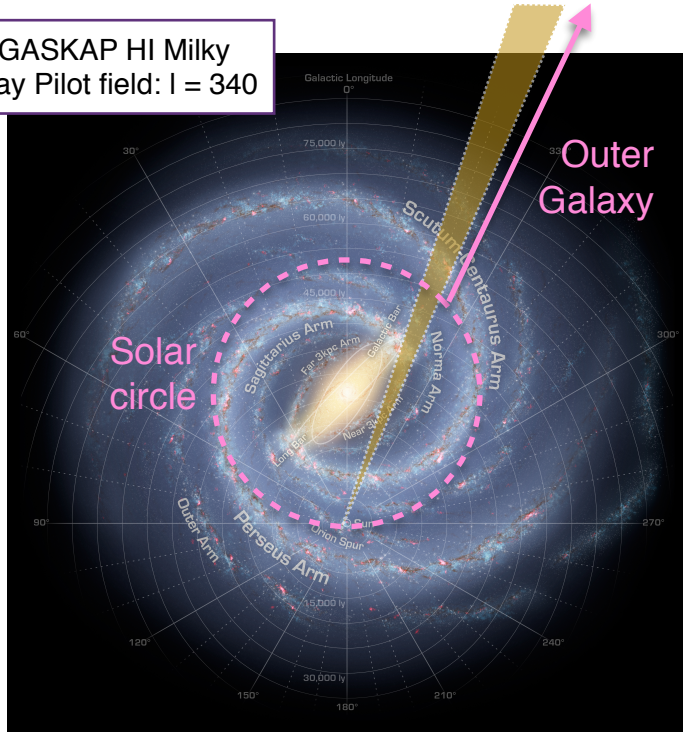
Dempsey et al. (2021, submitted)



# Cold HI in the Outer Milky Way



GASKAP HI Milky  
Way Pilot field:  $l = 340$



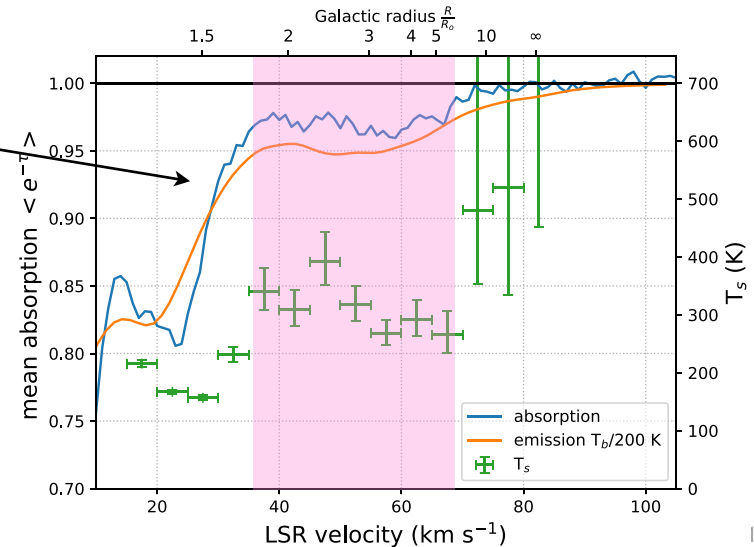
Dickey et al. (2021, submitted)

## Comparing integrated HI absorption and emission in the outer Galaxy:

- Cool gas fraction constant with Galactic radius, between  $R \sim 15-40$  kpc.
- Cool clouds ( $< 50$ K) present  $25 < R < 40$  kpc

Averaged emission and absorption spectra across whole field

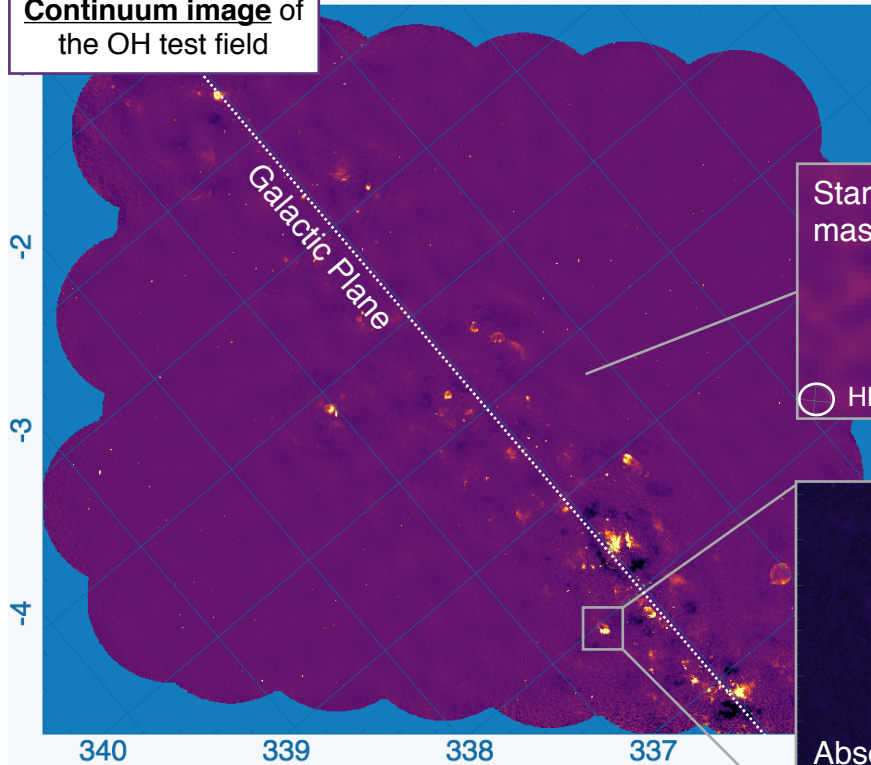
$T_s$  defined from ratio of emission/absorption  $\rightarrow$  measure of cool gas fraction



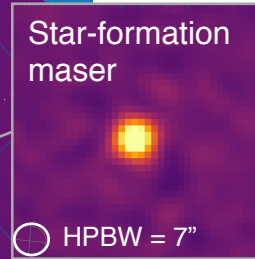
# First OH Test Field



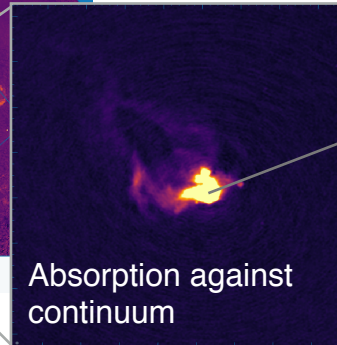
Continuum image of  
the OH test field



Star-formation  
maser

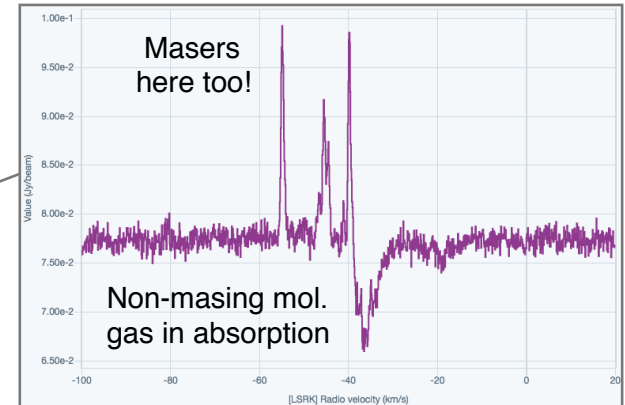


Absorption against  
continuum

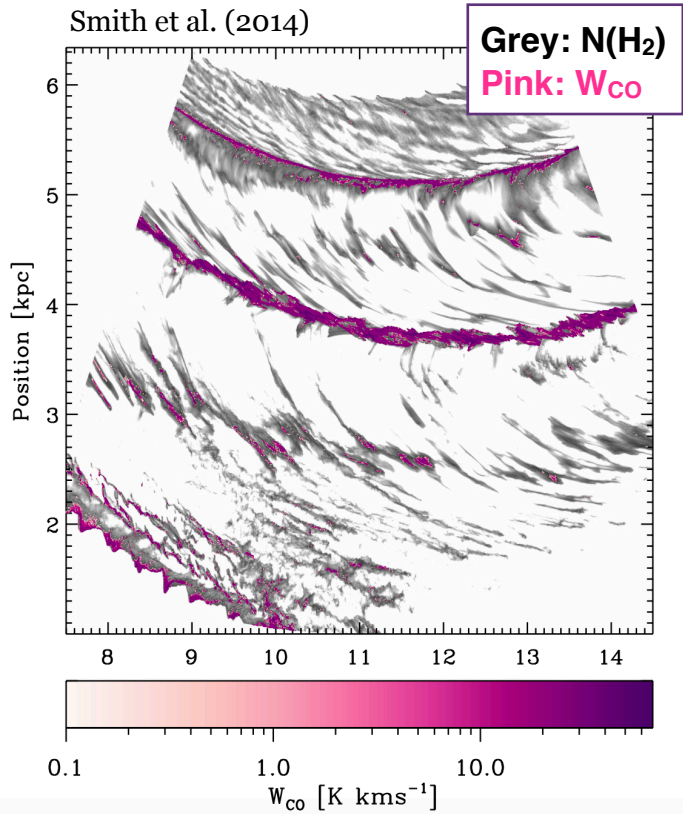


## First science-quality OH test data Sep 2021!

- Masers (star formation, evolved stars, SNRs) + OH absorption (mol. clouds)
- Pushing limits of the system:  $0.1 \text{ kms}^{-1}$  channels,  $<10''$  spatial resolution.
- Single footprint = 4 TB datacube 🤖
  - Presents some challenges...

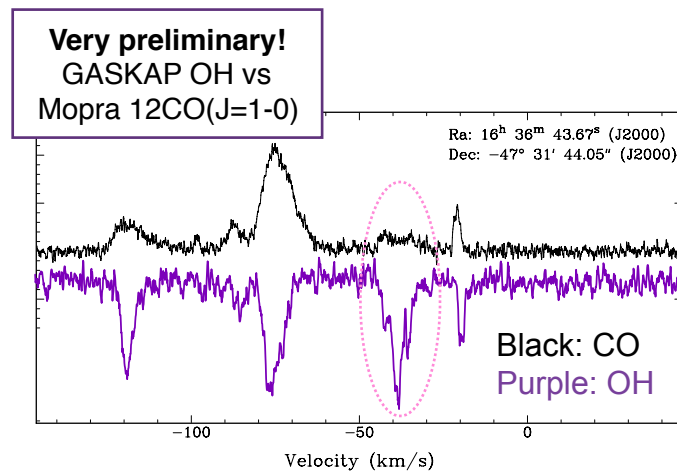
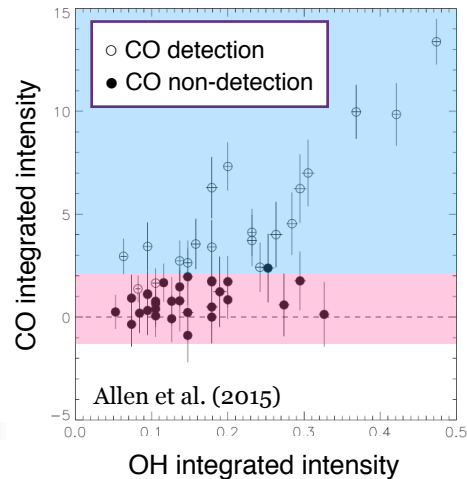


# OH: Tracing Diffuse (CO-dark) H<sub>2</sub>



**OH is detectable in diffuse molecular regions where CO is dissociated.**

- How much of the Milky Way's H<sub>2</sub> is invisible in CO? 10-50%? More? (Grenier et al. 2005, Langer et al. 2013, Busch et al. 2021).
- Can we characterise this ISM phase throughout the MW?



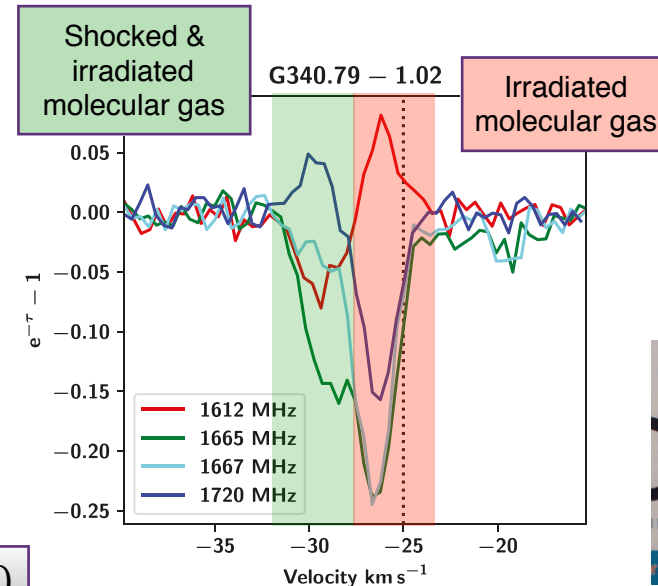
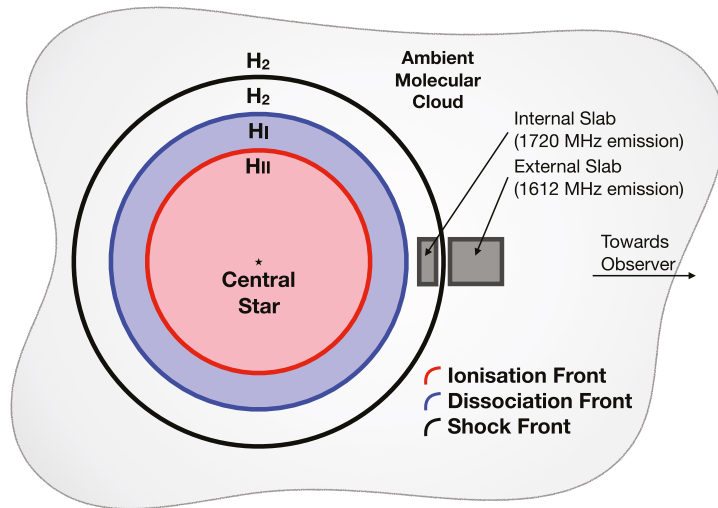


# OH: Modelling for Gas Physics



## OH lines encode information about physics and environment of molecular ISM

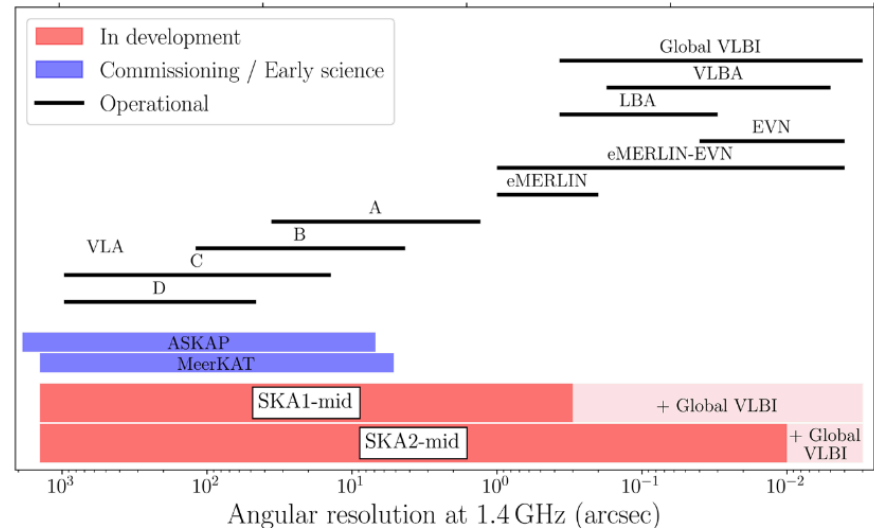
- Non-LTE modelling of OH line ratios gives: kinetic temperature, density, local IR radiation field...
- Can peculiar OH line profiles probe HII region feedback? We think so!



# Looking Forward to SKA1-Mid



- 10 x the collecting area of ASKAP.
- Up to  $\sim 0.4$  arcsec resolution.
- SKA-Mid will be a Milky Way gas survey machine!
- Match to resolutions of ALMA, Spitzer, etc



## **(G)ASKAP is producing great images of HI & OH in the Milky Way and Magellanic System & improving our understanding of their evolution through their ISM:**

- Pilot HI data from the SMC:
  - Feedback-driven outflows and gas depletion.
  - Hierarchical, self-similar gas structure down to 10pc.
  - Refined measurements of the cold gas fraction.
- Pilot HI data from the Milky Way:
  - Cold gas extending up to  $R \sim 40$  kpc
- First OH data is looking excellent!
  - Watch this space for first discoveries

