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Probing the Unified Model for AGN through maser studies

An amasing file

Audizione Schede INAF - RSN1 - AGNMASER - 24 Maggio 2021

Outline

Context

- The Unified Model for AGN (past and present)
- The H₂O and OH (mega)masers contribution

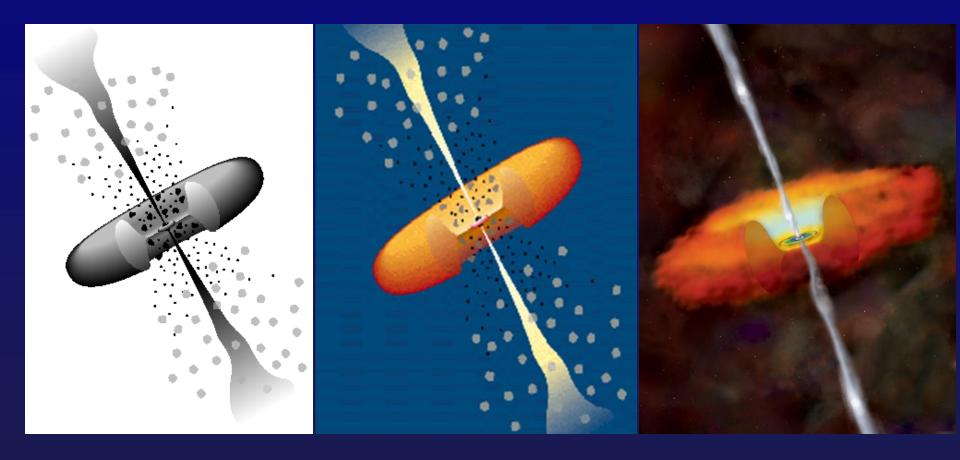
Team and products

- Team composition
- Data and publication history
- Milestones and highlights
- Programme plan and Recent studies

AGNMASER and INAF

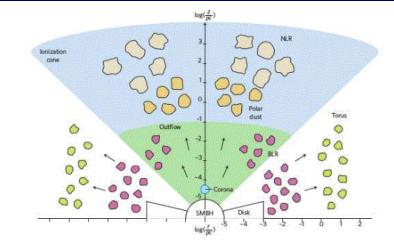
- Infrastructures and related INAF files
- **INAF** leadership
- **Critical issues**

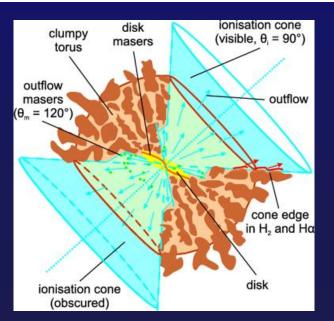
The Unified Model for AGN – past



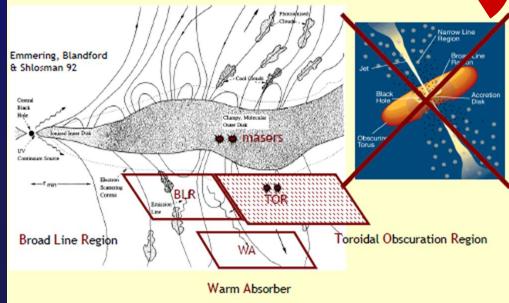
The Unified Model for AGN – present (?)

Ramos Almeida & Ricci (2017)

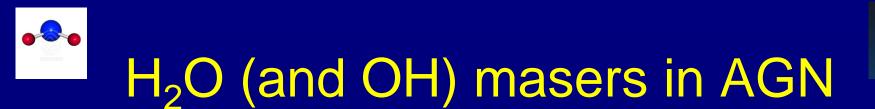




Tristram+ (2017)



(e.g., Nenkova et al. 2008; Elitzur et al. 2006,2012)



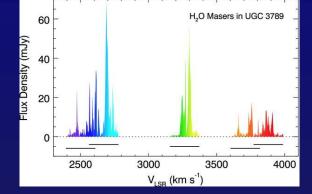


Disk geometry and BH masses

(e.g. NGC 4258, UGC3789, ...)

Jet-masers

Evolution of the jet (e.g. Mrk348, NGC1052, ...)

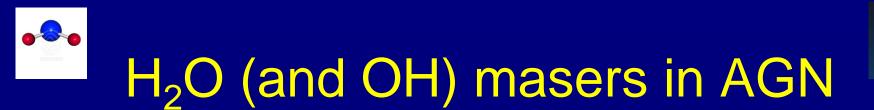


Outflow-masers

Geometry of the outflow (e.g. Circinus)

OH masers

Rotating dusty torus (e.g. Mrk231)





Disk geometry and BH masses (e.g. NGC 4258, UGC3789, ...)

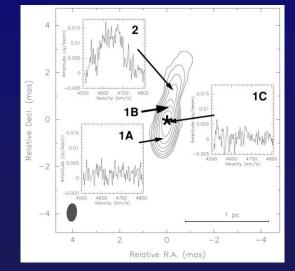


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Outflow-masers •

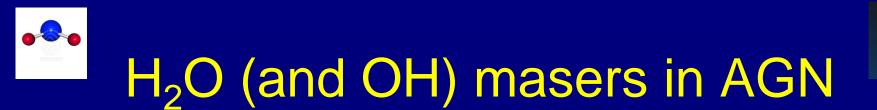
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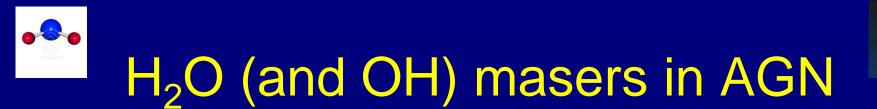
Outflow-masers •

Geometry of the outflow

(e.g. Circinus)

OH masers

Rotating dusty torus (e.g. Mrk231) clumpy disk masers ionisation cone (visible, $\theta_i = 90^\circ$) outflow masers $(\theta_m = 120^\circ)$ outflow outflow $(\theta_m = 120^\circ)$ cone edge in H₂ and Ha



Disk geometry and BH masses (e.g. NGC 4258, UGC3789, ...)





Evolution of the jet (e.g. Mrk348, NGC1052, ...)

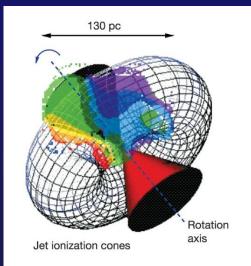
Outflow-masers

Geometry of the outflow

(e.g. Circinus)

OH masers

Rotating dusty torus (e.g. Mrk231)



Team composition

OA Brera: V. Braito (TI) A. Caccianiga (TI) R. Della Ceca (TI) P. Severgnini (TI)

OA Cagliari:

P. Castangia (TI) E. Ladu (Student) A. Melis (TI; Tech.) G. Surcis (TI) A. Tarchi (TI)



OAS Bologna: L. Bassani (Associate) A. Malizia(TI)

→ IAPS Roma: Francesca Panessa (TI)

FTE involved within INAF (2021-2023): ~5 Note: the Programme runs since 2001

Team composition

Uni. Kiev: E. Bannikova (new)



Overall FTE involved in the Programme (2021-2023): ~10 *Note: the Programme runs since 2001*

Data and publication history

Past (from 2001):

- hundreds of hours obtained at the largest radio telescopes (e.g., Effelsberg, GBT, VLA, VLBI, etc ...)
- data acquired also with high-energy instruments (XMM, Swift, INTEGRAL ...)

-> about 40 refereed papers*, (some 'technological' publications, like the SRT spectroscopic backends commissioning papers)

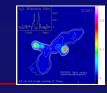
Recent data:

- VLBA projects BT142 and BT145 (total: 50 hours)
- EVN projects ET038, ET045 (+eMERLIN) (total: 70 hours)
- SRT project 24-18 and DDT#8-21 (total: 80 hours)

<u>Note</u>: as a possible reference, a Master thesis is presently based on 7 hours of spectral VLBI data (see 'Critical issues')

Milestones and Highlights

Programme starts. PI introduces AGN maser topic in INAF (work started at MPIfR)



<u>Discovery</u> of first and, so far, only H2O maser in a FRII Review talk at IAU Symp242 Collaboration with NRAO and F. Panessa

P. Castangia joins the

Co-I of <u>Nature paper</u>:

programme.

maser at z=2.64

<u>SRT</u> <u>Inauguration</u> A. Melis joins the Programme

Collaboration with Bologna and Brera

IAU Sym336

G. Surcis joins the Programme as TI in OAC INAF Audit

<u>Papers on</u> <u>promising</u> <u>selection criteria</u> to increase maser detection rates

Now

Programme plan

Single-dish searches for megamasers in promising AGN samples (AGN masers are rare!)

Single-dish monitoring of new (and known) maser sources

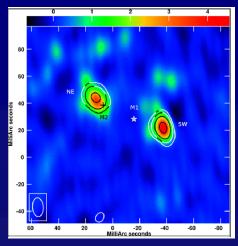
Interferometric (VLBI) follow-ups of new (and known) maser sources

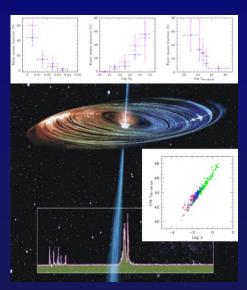
Investigation and modelling of innermost components of AGN -> <u>better understanding of the Unification Model</u>

Correlation studies of maser occurence and AGN charachetristics **Solution** -> better knowledge of maser phenomenon & <u>creation of promising samples</u>

Recent studies of the Team

Sample taken by Severgnini+ (2012) with the highest maser detection rate: 50% A new jet-maser in the nucleus of the Seyfert 2 galaxy IRAS15480-0344. (Castangia+ 2019 and EVN Newsletter 54 – Sept. 2019)



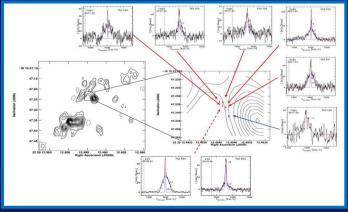


Hard X-ray selection has proven, on a firm statistical basis, to be extremely efficient in the detection of water masers.

(Panessa+ 2020 and POM INTEGRAL – Dec. 2020)

VLBA and EVN observations obtained, for the first time, the location of the H_2O masers w.r.t. the continuum emission, shedding light on the nature of the nuclear gigamaser in TXS 2226-184

(Surcis, Tarchi, & Castangia 2020 and EVN Newsletter 57 – Sept. 2020)



Infrastructures and related INAF files

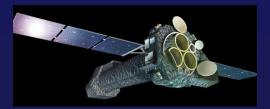
Single-dish telescopes: Effelsberg, GBT, SRT, Tidbinbilla, FAST





Interferometers: VLBI (EVN, VLBA), eMERLIN, SKA (and MeerKAT), ngVLA

High-energy facilities: XMM, eROSITA, INTEGRAL, Chandra



Other related INAF files: TORQUA (PI: Panessa)

INAF Leadership

In 2001, the PI introduces the extragalactic maser topic in INAF. After 20 years:

7 <u>students</u> (PhD, and or Master thesis) supervised on maser topics -> 3 are now staff members in INAF working on masers

Tens of <u>publications</u> published on masers, sometimes with national and international related <u>press releases</u> and <u>Media and outreach interest</u>

<u>Unique team in INAF (now including members of 4 Institutes) systematically involved in</u> extragal. maser science (including active members of the SKA-SWG)

International partnership estabilished with prestigious research Institutes (e.g., MPIfR, NRAO)

INAF main organizer of the first IAU Symposium on masers in Europe (in Sardinia; 2017)

-> growing visibility of INAF in the programme topic

Critical issues

Team expertises are sufficiently broad and well-complemented: observational campaigns and data/correlations analysis are confidently within reach of the team

Data are massive:
VLBI <u>data reduction requires man-power</u> (possibly trained, viz. Postdocs)

- The team knowledge necessary for simulations and modelling is not yet optimal: <u>New collaborations are ongoing (see Team composition)</u>

- State-of-the-art instrumentation, and extremely sensitive and extended telescope arrays are necessary:

Future strategical choices for new generation telescopes are indeed critical for maser science. **Team feedback with INAF support is fundamental** (see e.g., 'SKA Memo 20-01' and 'VLBI20-30 ... The future of the EVN')

To Giorgio and Nichi