# DustPedia & MeerKAT: Focus on the HI gas in the star formation process

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Third National Workshop on the SKA project - The Italian Route to the SKAO Revolution, 4-8 October 2021

# **Outline of my talk**

- The role of the Local Universe
- DustPedia project
- > ISM Scaling Relations: Global and Spatially Resolved
- NGC 1365: DustPedia & MeerKAT
- Conclusions & Future

#### The ISM in the Local Universe: Link between the Milky Way and high-redshift galaxies



### [C II] line, Quasars z > 6Decarli+18, ALMA



#### 0.4 CO(5-4), XID2028 Quasar z = 1.6(Jy/be 0.2 Brusa+18 0.1 ALMA

-0.1

PJ159-02





PJ065-19

PJ167-13

J1048-01



See also e.g., Carniani+17, Tacconi+10 & PHIBSS and many others ...



A legacy database of 875 galaxies observed by Herschel  $D_{25}$ > 1', z < 0.01, multi- $\lambda$  coverage from UV to submm (up to 42 bands/galaxy)

DustPedia - A Definitive Study of Cosmic Dust in the Local Universe

# DustPedia

This project has received funding from the European Union's Seventh Framework Programme for research, technologial develops met and demonstration under grant agreement and (MS)

Davies et al. (2017)

These are all 644 plassies within 140 million light-years of us (that have anglar sizes over  $//a^{a}$  a degrow that were observed by the Heroted Space Observatory's NPME canner. These images show work the how these galaxies appear at a wavelength of 250 µm (2000 times longer than what our eyes see), al device. At this wavelength, we observe the thermal glow of the cosmic dust that flats between stars, and  $^{100}$  regressions tarformation. It plates within oduct we only see the even more distart galaxies behind

#### DustPedia Database:

http://dustpedia.astro.noa.gr/

Clark et al. (2018)

# DustPedia

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Italy



France





- Nearby galaxies: Intricate system of correlations between global properties, scaling relations
- Scaling relations: internal physics of galaxies, formation and evolutionary histories, different galaxy populations
- The number of works on the ISM scaling relations has grown (e.g., Boselli+14; Cortese+16; Catinella+18; Saintonge+18; Lisenfeld+19; De Looze+20; Ginolfi+20; Hunt+20)
- These works provide constraints for models of galaxy evolution (e.g., Lagos+11a,b; Crain+17; Marinacci+17; Diemer+19; Steven+19, De Lucia+20) and new references for high-z galaxies

### The **Global ISM scaling relations**

### Sample and data:

- 436 late-type (T = 1 10, Sa Irregular) DustPedia galaxies (Davies+17)
- Dust mass (THEMIS dust mass model, Jones+17) [IR data from Herschel]
- CO and HI (gas mass) data (Casasola+20) [mm/ cm data from IRAM, JVLA, ...]
- Gas-phase metallicity data (De Vis+19) through multiple strong-line calibrations, 12+log(O/H) = 8.0 – 9.5 (N2 calibration, Pettini & Pagel 04)

DustPedia <u>sample</u> + DustPedia <u>data</u> + DustPedia <u>ancillary data</u>: "ideal" project to characterize the global <u>ISM scaling relations</u> in the <u>Local Universe</u>

Dust and gas components ( $CO \rightarrow H_2$ , HI, HI+H<sub>2</sub>)

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Dust and molecular gas are correlated

Consistent with star formation process

The correlation does not improve with a  $X_{CO}$ depending on metallicity (e.g., Sandstrom+13; Hunt+15; Amorin+16)

#### Casasola et al. (2020)

#### Dust and gas components (CO $\rightarrow$ H<sub>2</sub>, HI, HI+H<sub>2</sub>)

Both dust and gas masses are referred to the optical disk  $(r_{25})$ 



Dust and atomic gas (21cm-HI) are better correlated than dust and molecular gas

#### Casasola et al. (2020)

#### Dust and gas components (CO $\rightarrow$ H<sub>2</sub>, HI, HI+H<sub>2</sub>)

Both dust and gas masses are referred to the optical disk  $(r_{25})$  \_



Dust and total gas is the best correlation

Scaling relations tested with a large and homogenous sample and under different physical assumptions.

Casasola et al. (2020)

## What happens at small scales?

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# What happens at small scales galaxy-by-galaxy?

# We are studying spatially-resolved scaling relations for different late-type DustPedia galaxies

## We are using:

18 large, late-type, face-on DustPedia galaxies (Casasola+17), resolved in Herschel/dust

≻CO & HI maps (IRAM, ALMA, JVLA, …)

> Stellar and SFR maps (DustPedia)

➢ Scaling relations @ resolutions of 0.3 – 3.4 kpc







Dust

NGC 4736, (R)SA(r)ab(T = 2) @ 0.9 kpc Resolution imposed by dust map (36" @ the galaxy distance)



In some galaxies dust and HI are well correlated at small scales In some galaxies HI can break down scaling relations

See also Saikia+20

#### NGC 6946, SAB(rs)cd (T = 6) ( $\bigcirc$ 1 kpc $\implies$ Resolution imposed by dust map (36" @ the galaxy distance) ...................... <u>\_\_\_\_\_</u> 4 NGC 6946 @ 1 kpc og( $\Sigma_{H2}$ ) [ $M_{\odot} \ pc^{-2}$ ] ○X<sub>co</sub> = const. (Bolatto+13) $y=(0.61\pm0.02)x+(-2.25\pm0.03)$ 3 սհաստեսություն <u>0</u> 0 Ř = 0.94, σ= 0.10 $y = (1.26 \pm 0.03)x + (-1.61 \pm 0.06)$ **R** = 0.94, *σ*= 0.19 Σ́ ust log(∑<sub>dust</sub>) 0 -2 -1 Z (Amorin+16) v=(1.00±0.03)x+(-0.88±0.06) -2 **0.92.** *σ*= **0.18** -3 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.5 0.0 1.0 3.5 0.5 1.0 0.5 O $\log(\Sigma_{star}) [M_{\odot} pc^{-2}]$ $\log(\Sigma_{star}) [M_{\odot} pc^{-2}]$ 3 0 FLITTITTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT $\Rightarrow X_{co} = const. (Bolatto+13)$ Ň $y=(0.80\pm0.02)x+(-0.31\pm0.04)$ y=(1.12±0.03)x+(-4.45±0.03) -1 2 **R** = 0.94, *σ*= 0.13 **Fotal gas R** = 0.95, *σ*= 0.17 og( $\Sigma_{tot gas}$ ) [M $_{\odot}$ SFR [M₀ yr -2 log(∑<sub>SFR</sub>) -3 0 $\diamond X_{co} - Z$ (Amorin+16) $y=(0.72\pm0.02)x+(-0.04\pm0.04)$ -4 **R** = 0.92, *σ*= 0.13 ..... -1<sub>0.</sub> 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.5 0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.5 $\log(\Sigma_{star}) [M_{\odot} pc^{-2}]$ $\log(\Sigma_{star}) [M_{\odot} pc^{-2}]$ Casasola, Bianchi+ in prep. Star Star

# NGC 6946, SAB(rs)cd (T = 6) @ 1 kpc ==> Resolution imposed by dust map (36" @ the galaxy distance)



NGC 6946, SAB(rs)cd (T = 6) @ 1 kpc ==> Resolution imposed by dust map (36" @ the galaxy distance)

- Often scaling relations hold from 0.3 kpc: they are not universal
- Galaxy-by-galaxy variations are due mainly to local (sub-kpc) processes (e.g., turbulence, stellar feedback, protostellar outflows) driving the SF (multi-scale and multi-physics process)
- Global processes/properties (e.g., strong bars, interactions/mergers, gas inflows/outflows, AGN) can influence galaxies in an indirect way, via the physical processes affecting SF
- At sub-kpc/kpc scales also HI can play a role! ... also at high-redshift (see, e.g., Morselli+21): HI is crucial at all redshifts and all scales!!!!

# Focus on NGC 1365

## NGC 1365

VLT: B (blue), V (green), R (red)

SB(s)b Dist. = 17.7 Mpc  $D_{25}$  = 12 arcmin Seyfert 1.8



A DustPedia galaxy with 31 available band images: FUV-submm

## NGC 1365



Old stars Young stars Cold dust Hot dust

• • • •

## NGC 1365

CO(2-1) @ 1.4" (120 pc) - ALMA PHANGS



## NGC 1365: HI emission with MeerKAT

## MeerKAT commissioning obs:

- 1. Dec. 2019, 60 antennas, 7 hrs (correlator 32k mode)
- 2. Sep. 2020, 60 antennas, 9 hrs (correlator 32k zoom mode)

Combining 1 + 2: 6 km/s velocity resolution

## NGC 1365: HI emission with MeerKAT



## NGC 1365: HI velocity field with MeerKAT

Regular circular rotation

Deviations outside the bar, consistent with a strong bar potential



Work in progress

Casasola+ II, in prep.

## NGC 1365: HI spectrum with MeerKAT



Casasola+ II, in prep.

# Conclusions

Nearby galaxies: link between MW and high-z Universe: Galaxy Evolution

- ISM Scaling Relations in DustPedia (see also JINGLE, MAGMA, PHANGS, ..., and next talk by Leslie)
- HI gas is crucial everywhere: at small/global scales, in local/high-z galaxies
- We need new HI observations: new constraints for models

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The re-emerged importance of HI is timing with current/incoming facilities: MeerKAT, MeerKAT+, ..., in the route to SKA

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The re-emerged importance of HI is timing with current/incoming facilities: MeerKAT, MeerKAT+, ..., in the route to SKA

Difficult challenge: Collaboration, synergy, community-building, ...

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